The Daily Post.

JAMES P. BARR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms:—DAILY, Six Dollars per year, strictly in advance. WEEKLY, Single subscriptions, One Dollar per year.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

FRIDAY MORNING::::::::::::DEC. 27.

CITY MATTERS.

KILLED BY A TRAIN OF CARS.—About half past eleven o'clock on Tuesday night a man (then unknown) was knocked down by the tender of a locomotive attached to a train of Pittsburgh & Cleveland stock cars, which were being taken to the outer depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He was seen upon the track, on Liberty street, near the Rush House, as the train rounded the curve from the Penn street depot.—The engineer whistled down brakes and stopped the engine, but not in time to prevent the man from being struck by the tender and knocked down. The brake-block struck him on the neck and side of the head and pushed him along, about half the length of the engine, preventing the wheel from going over him. An inquest was held, and the jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts, but were unable to ascertain who deceased was. His body was removed to Devore's undertaker shop, where it was yesterday identified as that of Louis Zick, a German twenty two years old, engaged as a baker at Miersch's confectionery store, St. Clair street. He went to the Fifth Ward about ten o'clock to distribute some presents and, not returning on Christmas Day, search was made for him, resulting in the identification of the body, which was yesterday interred.

Christmas Day.

The manner in which the "Feast of the Nativity" was observed in this city will go far to dispel the belief that we are, as croakers say, in the midst of "hard times." Our storekeepers, anticipating slow sale for fancy goods, had been extremely cautious in purchasing their stocks, yet they all agree in saying that their sales were larger than they have been for years at this season. And this must be true, as the good old custom of giving presents to friends was generally followed and young and old where made happy to a great extent.

The day was clear, bright and not too cold, and from d[illegible] till dark the streets were full. We have never seen as many persons collected on Wood and Fifth streets; nor a crowd more easily gathered by excitement. Yet there was little disorder and less than the usual holiday proportion of drunken men.

The toy, book, fancy, jewelry and confectionery establishment, did, as we have intimated, an immense business and the restaurants and other like resorts were [illegible].

The Theatre was comfortably filled in the afternoon and densely crowded in every part at night. The [illegible] and musical pieces were enthusiastically received and the audience well pleased.—Other places of amusement were also liberally patronized, including the man with the "Wandering Minstrel" and all in this line of business were well satisfied with the day's receipts.

Those religiously disposed went to church in the morning (or the places of worship being open) devoting the rest of the day and evening to recreation.

Altogether the day was a merry one.—Many Christmas dinners were hugely enjoyed, and we hope our readers all fared well. We wish them one and all many returns of so happy a day.

Fire in Manchester—Shocking Casualty.

About eleven o'clock on Tuesday night an unfinished frame house on Chartiers street, Manchester, owned by a brakeman in the employ of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, named Lichtenthaller, took fire and was partly burned and partly pulled down to save the adjoining buildings. Mr. Robert C. Caughey, whose parents reside in the next house to the one burned, remained, with a few neighbors, to see that the fire was completely extinguished. While standing in the lot, the chimney, which had been seen to shake several times while the building was being torn down, suddenly fell towards Mr. C's house, catching him in the fall, crushing his head and causing his death soon afterwards. Mr. Caughey had long been a resident of Manchester, was about thirty years of age, unmarried, and universally esteemed for his fine social qualities, integrity and business capacity. He was employed as book-keeper at the banking house of Hanna, Hart & Co., in which his brother, Mr. C. P. Caughey, is a partner. Cut short in a career of usefulness his loss will be deeply regretted by a large circle of friends. An inquest was held on Wednesday, the jury finding a verdict in accordance with the facts, and the funeral took place yesterday.

COMMISSION OF LUNACY.—David Reed, Esq., appointed by the Court of Common Pleas a Commissioner to inquire into the sanity of John Diller, Esq., an old and wealthy resident of Peebles township, yesterday morning empannelled a jury *de limutus inquirendo* and proceeded to an investigation, Messrs. White and Slagle appearing for the complainant, (his wife), and John H. Hampton, Esq., for the defendant. It is alleged by the complainant that, although rational on ordinary matters, Mr. D. is afflicted with monomania in money matters, being violent when asked to spend the smallest trifle for his family, who were obliged to leave him, under articles of separation, some five years since. The defendant's counsel will endeavor to prove him of sound mind in all respects. The case will occupy two or three days, but as it would be manifestly improper to give the testimony to the public, we shall only give the result of the inquiry when concluded.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT.—On Tuesday afternoon a colored man named Jas. Clear was assailed, at the corner of Webster and Fulton streets, Sixth Ward, by David Coffee and William Johnston, also colored. The three were scuffling in sport, when Coffee became enraged, and seizing a boulder, threw it at Clear, striking him on the side of the head and felling him to the ground. Johnston then jumped upon him, and otherwise abused him, while in a prostrate position. Clear was insensible for about half an hour, and for a time was thought to be dead. His injuries, however, are not dangerous, and the arrests were made. Clear was recently a servant with Capt. H. Lowe, of the 102d Pennsylvania Regiment.

LAKE FORTIFICATIONS.—We hear that agents of the Government are about examining the vicinity of Erie with reference to Lake defences, and that the Governor of this State has gone to Washington, to request that all troops now raising and to be raised be allowed to remain in the State for home protection. Included in this request, we also learn, is the 111th regiment, Col. Schlaudecker, now encamped near Erie.

MILITARY IN THE CITY.—Lieut. John Cassell, of the Eleventh Pennsylvania Cavalry, was in the city on a flying visit yesterday and left last night for Fortress Monroe, where his regiment is stationed. Captain Hamlet Lowe of the 102d Pennsylvania regiment, Colonel Rowley, is at home on a furlough, being in bad health. Lieut. A. P. McKee, detailed as ordnance officer by General Patterson, recently arrived home from Baltimore, where he has been detained by official duties since the disbanding of the three months' regiments. He will again enter the service.

THE CRIVELLI CONCERT LAST EVENING.—Lafayette Hall was well filled last night by a fashionable and critical audience, two thirds of whom were, we venture to say, sadly disappointed, if they expected to hear vocalization of the first order. Mad. Crivelli should not put forth any pretensions as a prima donna, as she has a very weak voice and but little musical talent. Evidently the mantle of the mother (Mad. D'Angri) has not fallen upon her daughter. Her singing during the first part, while we remained, excited no enthusiasm and she was not once encored. The same is true of the male artistes; Sig. Garibaldi has a good voice, but its cultivation has been neglected and he is but a second or third rate singer; Sig. Ardavani is better, but he falls far behind Brignoli and many others. Mr. Wolowski's performance on the piano was creditable and the full tones of the Steinway grand (furnished by Messrs Kleber & Bro.) were the most pleasing part of the entertainment. The concert will not be repeated.

THE Conference of the Central Literary Union of Western Pennsylvania will be convened as a special meeting on this (Friday) evening, at Milton Hall, (High School buildings) at 8 o'clock, P. M.—Punctual attendance is earnestly requested.

By order,
HALL PATTERSON, Sec'y.

RAILROAD DISPATCHER KILLED.—A sad accident occurred at Huntingdon one day last week, resulting in the death of David M. Confer, dispatcher for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at that point. It appears that he was engaged in coupling a pair of cars, and, while standing between them, was caught between the bumpers, and injured to such an extent that, some two hours afterwards, he died. Mr. Confer was a sober, industrious and energetic business man, and, during the four or five years he resided in Huntingdon endeared himself to a large circle of friends and acquaintances. He leaves a wife and seven small children, the youngest only a week or two old, to mourn his unexpected death.

PETROLEUM BOMB.—The Buffalo *Express* has an account of the fire bomb shell invented by Mr. M. F. Trowbridge, of Meadville, and says that the government has ordered a trial of this shell to be made by the officers of the Michigan at Erie and, in case they pronounce a favorable verdict upon it, will order an extensive manufacture of them.

BELL FOR ST. PETER'S.—A bell, cast in New York for St. Peter's Episcopal church, (Rev. E. M. Van Deusen) has arrived in the city and is now in front of the church on Grant street. It weighs about 2,600 pounds and from its position can be heard over the greater part of the city.

THE Criminal Court was engaged in trying small cases yesterday. The most important was one against a man named [illegible] charged with [illegible] Birmingham. The case was not made out and the defendant was acquitted.

MR. GRAU, manager of the New York Academy of Music, arrived in the city [illegible] and busied himself during the day in making preparations for the grand operatic concert on next Thursday evening. An entertainment of rare excellence may be expected, as all the artistes are good in their respective departments and have attained just celebrity in the musical world.

"ALLADIN or the Wonderful Lamp," and the pantomime of the "Night Owl" attracted a fair audience to the Theatre last night. The same bill is announced for repetition this evening.

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2D EDITION.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Last Night's News up to Two O'clock.

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON CITY, December 26.—HOUSE.—The journal of Tuesday was read but no business transacted, there being evidently no quorum present. The House stands adjourned till Monday.

SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Hale, of New Hampshire, it was agreed that when the Senate adjourn to-day, it be till Monday next, and when it meets on that day, it adjourn to next Thursday.

Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, presented the petition of citizens of Iowa in favor of the introduction of the homœopathic system practiced in the army.

Mr. Sumner, of Mass., and Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois presented petitions for the emancipation of slaves, under the war power of the government.

Several petitions were presented for the location of a National Armory at Rock Island.

Mr. Hale offered a resolution that the President be requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to transmit copies of all dispatches which have passed between this government and that of Great Britain, relative to the seizure of Mason and Slidell. He said the dispatches could be communicated either in open or executive session, as may be deemed proper.

Mr. Sumner, of Mass., objected to the resolution.

Mr. Hale said he had understood from the public press, and from those who held more intimate acquaintance with the Administration than himself, that for three or four days past this Cabinet has had under consideration a proposition fraught with more evil to the country than anything that has yet marked its history, and that was the surrender of Mason and Slidell to Great Britain. By this we would yield all we had gained in the revolution, and be humiliated to the condition of a second rate power. No man would go farther than himself for peace, but he would not submit to national disgrace and dishonor to obtain such peace. He would favor the arbitration of another power, but if a demand had been made by Great Britain for the surrender of Mason and Slidell, war should be declared instanter. He would make all honorable concessions for peace, but a peace involving such a surrender would be infinitely worse than war. His friend from Indiana had remarked this morning that his State had now 60,000 men in the field and would double that number to maintain the national honor.—If this Senate should go home after such a surrender and have an election, it would [illegible] the country. He regarded the demand of England as a mere pretence for war. She was determined to humiliate us first and fight us afterwards. Let our cities and villages be pillaged and burned, but let our national honor be preserved. Francis the First said, after the battle of Pavia, that all was lost but honor. He would pray that this Administration might not sacrifice our national honor. Thousands would yet come to the field to defend it. If the surrender was made the Administration will be met with such a fire in the rear that it would be hurled from power. If we had war with England it would be for the same cause that sent one King to the block and another homeless over the world, and one that would appeal to men wherever the English language was spoken. He believed too, that if Napoleon had one desire more than another it was to wipe out the stain on the French arms at Waterloo.—All over Canada there were thousands of Irishmen who would rush to arms to sustain such a course. Our principle was our great strength and if war must come he would say let it come, and that as God at [illegible] we were the instruments. He [illegible] to work out his own cause.

Mr. Sumner, of Mass., said the Senator has made a speech—a war speech it might be termed. For himself, he would rather consider this grave and important question when presented in a practical form.—The Senator has treated the whole matter on a hypothesis. He had said that Great Britain had made an arrogant demand of this government. How did the Senator know this? Or the Senator or the Country? He, Mr. Sumner, did not know it. The Senator had said he would favor an arbitration. How did he know but what the administration had considered that? The Senator was too swift in his conclusions. His own behalf was that the difficulty would be honorably and amicably adjusted. It was in safe hands and it would be better for the Senate to reserve themselves for facts and not to act upon a hypothetical case.

The resolution of Mr. Hale was then laid over under the rule.

Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, gave notice that he should introduce a bill confiscating every species of property of all persons who had any connection with the Southern rebellion, in either civil and military or naval capacity.

Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, introduced a bill for establishing provisional governments in all the seceded States.

Referred.

Mr. Howe, of Wisconsin, introduced a bill amending the fugitive slave act.

The Senate then adjourned till Monday.

Arrival of the Baltic.

NEW YORK, December 26.—The steamship Baltic arrived to-day from Fort Pickens, where she landed the 75th New York regiment.

She left Fort Pickens on the 19th and Key West on the 22d.

The United States frigate Niagara was at Fort Pickens.

The gun boat Wissahicken left on the 17th for Ship Island.

The steamer Richmond left Key West on the 21st for New York to repair her machinery.

Matters at Fort Pickens were unchanged.

Deserters from the rebel forces represent that great distress and discontent prevails among the troops.

The United States gun boat Iroquois has the pirate Sumter blockaded in the port of Cienfuegos.

The United States gun boat Flambeau was off the port of Nassau, N. P. where the privateer Isabel was in harbor.

Arrival of the Europa.

BOSTON, Dec. 26.—The steamship Europa stopped at Fort Warren yesterday, and it is rumored, with some appearance of truth, that Mason and Slidell were put on board. The authorities at the fort refuse to say anything about the matter.

LATER.—The report is now believed to be incorrect. It arose from the Europa stopping to discharge her pilot.

Arrival of the Arago.

NEW YORK, Dec 26.—The steamship Arago from Havre and Southampton arrived at half past 5 o'clock this evening. She brought full files of papers but no mails. Her advices have been anticipated by the Niagara at Halifax.

General Scott is among the Arago's passengers.

Heavy Cannonading.

STONINGTON, Conn., Dec. 26.—A heavy cannonading has been heard all day in the direction of Gainer's Bay.

A messenger from Fisher's Island reports a mysterious light last night in the vicinity.

State of Pennsylvania Coast Defences

HARRISBURG, Dec. 26.—Gov. Curtin returned from New York yesterday and will leave for Washington to-morrow for the purpose of consulting with the national government upon the military affairs of the State generally, but more particularly upon the best means of defending Pennsylvania from a foreign enemy.

The Governor some time since wrote to J. G. Totten, Chief of the Engineer's Department at Washington, requesting early information respecting the present state of the defence of the river Delaware and the harbor of Erie.

The reply is most satisfactory and in substance is as follows:

Fort Delaware is amounting to 135 large guns, besides 20 flanking 24-pounder howitzers.

Fort Mifflin is also ready for its entire Armament, consisting of 47 large guns. Besides these preparations an application is now before Congress for a grant of money to commence a new fort opposite to Fort Delaware, and the means of increasing the defensive capacity of Fort Mifflin, as well as completing the barracks accommodations of Fort Delaware. With respect to Lake Erie, Congress is also asked to grant a large sum of money for the purpose of providing defences at such points on the Northern frontier as may require them. This is a gratifying state of affairs and will tend greatly to calm the fears of the timid. If war comes, Pennsylvania, at least will be armed and ready for the conflict.

The report of the commissioners, Messrs. Part and Baltzhoover, of Pittsburgh, appointed some time since to visit the Pennsylvania troops, then in Kentucky, has been received and the result proves that the duties imposed upon them have been well and ably performed. The most important as well as the most gratifying result of this commission is that the officers and men have signed allotment rolls which amount in the aggregate to $22,000 per month. Under the late act of Congress, this sum will be remitted to the respective families of the signers, by the Paymaster General. Gov. Curtin has written a letter to the commissioners thanking them in behalf of the loyal people of Pennsylvania and compliment them for the faithful and able manner in which they performed their duties.

Australasian Arrived.

HALIFAX, December 26.—The steamer Australasian arrived to-day from England, with 1,265 troops, a field battery, &c.

The steamship Niagara has arrived with Liverpool dates to the 15th inst.

The ship Coronet, from Deal for New York, had put back.

The ship J[illegible] Jay, from Hong Kong for New York, had put into Singapore, [illegible].

The ship Vanguard, from Liverpool for New York, put back on the 14th, with loss of [illegible].

GREAT BRITAIN.—It is intimated that about 12,000 troops will be sent to Canada, two batteries of artillery were expected [illegible] on the 18th on the Adriatic and Parana. Necessary horse artillery will be dispatched for Canada in the spring.

The Paris correspondence of the London [illegible] says that M. Thouvenel's dispatch to M. Mercier is known to have [illegible] [illegible]. They have been [illegible] any [illegible] and say [illegible] has been set at naught, and France cannot make the case of the Trent [illegible].

The London Times publishes a letter from Thurlow Weed defending the American government and Mr. Seward in particular from the alleged hostile intentions towards England. The Times says that England asks nothing from America, but that she shall abstain from an insult outrage [illegible] that it is committed that she shall make the ample reparation. It not the [illegible] will not come in the desired [illegible] of protracted negotiations.

The London *Herald* takes strong grounds against the argument of the London *Times* in favor of arbitration. It says negotiation [illegible] listened to while Mason and Slidell are detained prisoners.

The Sheffield Foreign Affairs Committee had petitioned government to visit its high displeasure on Capt. Moir and Commander Williams for having in the Trent affair violated the Queen's proclamation, and thereby show to America that England's neutrality is strict and impartial.

FRANCE.—The Paris *Press* says that General Scott's mission appears to have been arranged so as to allow him time to [illegible] before the ultimatum of England is remitted and perhaps to modify the nature of this step on the part of England.

The *Pays*, on the contrary, asserts that the English ultimatum is to be of an absolute character.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, December 26.—Information was received to-day from General McCall's division to the effect that early this morning our pickets extending toward Drainsville, were driven in at the latter place. The rebel forces, it is believed have been largely reinforced since the late engagement. Hence increased watchfulness on the part of our troops has become necessary.

The Secretary of War has directed that no more horses be bought until all now belonging to the government are in active service. Quartermaster Meigs having been especially charged to carry this order into effect. The attention of all Quartermasters of the regular and volunteer army is called to the subject.

No More Cavalry—Government Horses Destroyed by Fire.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 26.—The War Department has issued an order that no additional cavalry regiments will be organized. Those that have not yet been mustered into service will necessarily be transferred to some other arm of the military service.

To-night a fire broke out in the government stables near the observatory. They contained over 600 horses, 15 and 20 of which perished. Of a train of 102 horses belonging to a Massachusetts regiment, only 11 were, it is said, saved. Some of the animals were so shockingly burnt that it was judged humane to shoot them in order to release them from their suffering.

It is supposed that the conflagration resulted from carelessness. So rapidly were the flames communicated to the various racks which were filled with hay that the horses in the stalls were nearly all at the same time suffocated. The scene was most sickening and offensive. The remainder of the horses not immediately near the fire were either set loose or broke their fastenings and madly ran in different directions. They were pursued by squads of Cavalry with a view to their capture.

A large quantity of harness and a house occupied as a dwelling by teamsters were also destroyed. This large loss affords an additional argument for steam fire engines which has long been contemplated.

The President has nominated to the Senate Chas. A. Foster, of North Carolina, to be U. S. Marshal for that district.

Col. Mulligan in Trenton.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 26.—The brave Col. Mulligan, whose heroism is in every body's mouth, arrived in this city last night with his family. He was visited by our State, military and civil functionaries.

Rebel Schooner Captured.

NEW YORK, Dec 26.—The rebel schooner Fashion was captured by the United States sloop of war Ethan Allen on the 25th of November, and sent into Key West.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 26.—Gen Halleck has issued the following order:

In virtue of the authority conferred by the President of the United States, martial law, heretofore issued in this city, will be enforced. In virtue of my authority, martial law is hereby declared and will be enforced in and about all the railroads in this State. It is not intended by this declaration to interfere with the jurisdiction in a civil court which is loyal to the government of the United States, and which will aid the military authorities in enforcing order and punishment of crimes. Commanders of troops and posts will be held responsible that their commands are ready to move at a moment's warning. Excuse for delay, and want of preparations will not hereafter be admitted.

Cincinnati Market Report

CINCINNATI, December 26—*Evening*—Flour very dull at $3 90@4, for Superfine and Extra is not saleable at over $4@4 10. Wheat declined 3c. per bush and closed dull at 80@85c for red and 84@88 for white. Oats dull and more offering at 28½@29c. Rye is in good demand at 43. Corn steady at 23. Whisky has declined ½c, closing at 13. Hogs dull at $3@3 15; some extra heavy sold at $3 20; receipts 800. Mess Pork is in moderate request at $9@9 25, with sales of 700 barrels.—Lard unchanged, with a fair demand, and sales of 1,500 tierces and barrels at 6¾@7, chiefly at 6⅞@7 and 3½@3¼ for Sides. There is nothing doing in bulk Meats and they may be quoted at 2¼ loose—Coffee firm at 19½@20½. Molasses advanced to 44@46, and Sugar firm at 1'@10¾. Exchange steady at ¼ premium.

New York Market Report.

NEW YORK, December 26.—*Evening*—Cotton dull at 36c. Flour heavy; 11,000 bbls sold at $5 75@5 85 for Ohio. Wheat quiet; buyers demand a reduction. Corn heavy; 41,000 bush. sold. Lard heavy at 8@8⅞. Whisky steady.

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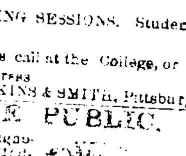

[illegible] the ignorant and falsely modest [illegible] [illegible] or married. Because [illegible] the fact of his doing [illegible] and falsely modest are [illegible] fully shocked, and think it a great sin very immoral and for contamination and corruption among their wives, promising, sons [illegible]. Their family physician should be cautious to keep them in ignorance that they could [illegible] the same as Dr. BRANSTRUP, (except publishing) lest a lucrative practice might be lost to them among stupid families modest and presumptuous families born and raised in ignorance, springing up as mushrooms, and who compare society, intelligence, sense, &c., to dollars and cents, mysteriously, meanly or any gotten. It is to publicity, however, that numerous parents, guardians, are thankful that their sons, daughters and wards, previously feeble, sickly [illegible] condition and [illegible] have been restored to health and vigor by Dr. BRANSTRUP, besides many before and after marriage through him have been saved much suffering, anxiety, mortification, &c. Having the advantage of over thirty years experience and observation, consequently, he has superior skill in the treatment of special diseases, and who is daily consulted by the profession, as well recommended by respectable citizens, publishers, proprietors of hotels, &c. Spermatorrhea, or so called nocturnal emissions.—This dreadful malady can be completely cured by the very last discovery that has never yet failed. In female diseases he has had superior experience on account of his old age, seventy years, all irregularity is completely cured. As for consumption or pulmonary diseases my syrups, which are composed from iceland moss and other ingredients by a skillful physician five years at the business, it has had more success than all the pretensions that have as yet been discovered, as the certificates will show. They are all genuine and can be found according to a pamphlet that each person will get at the examination, all free of charge.—Office 85 Smithfield street, near Diamond street. Private communications from all parts of the Union strictly attended to. Direct to

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Gallatin, Clark, Brownsville.
Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
Minerva, Gordon, Wheeling.
Arago, Golding, St. Louis.
J. W. Hailman, McCarthy Louisville.
Ohio No. 2, Bragg, Cincinnati.
Arcanaut, Porter, do
Undine, Cox Gallipolis.
Lizzie Martin, Brown Zanesville.
Com. Perry, Brown, Louisville.
Melnotte, McGown, St Louis.

DEPARTED.

Franklin, Bennet Brownsville.
Gallatin, Clark, do
Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
John T. M'Combs, M'Combs, Wheeling.
Hastings, Robinson, Louisville
Science, Reno, Gallipolis.

The River—Last evening at twilight there were 6 feet 6 inches in channel and about at a stand. The weather during the day was mild.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the A No. 1 steamer "Key West," Captain Evans, leaves for Cincinnati and Louisville. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers.

The fine passenger steamer Florence, Capt. Brickell's, new steamer is announced for Cincinnati, Cairo and St. Louis. We take pleasure in recommending this boat.

The fine packet "Empire City," Captain B. Way, is up for Cincinnati and Louisville. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers.

The fine packet John T. McCombs, Capt. McCombs, leaves this day, at 12 m., for Wheeling and intermediate ports. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers.

The splendid passenger steamer Marengo, Capt. McCallum, leaves for Saint Louis on Saturday, positively. For speed, accommodations and attentive officers, this boat has no superior. Our young friend McCallum has charge of the office.

The mammoth side wheel steamer Westmoreland, Capt. Evans, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville.

Our advertising columns announce that the fine side wheel steamer Arago, Captain Golding, is announced for St. Louis. All right.

The fine passenger steamer Hastings, Capt. Robinson, being unavoidably detained will leave this day, positively, for Cincinnati and Louisville. Our attentive friend, Whitney will be found in the office. We are certain things will be done right.

For Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 10 A. M.

THE FINE SIDE WHEEL Steamer "ARAGO," Thomas H. Golding commander, leaves as above. For freight or passage apply on board, or to JOHN FLACK, or
de27 J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

For Cincinnati, Louisville Evansville and St. Louis.

REGULAR PACKET.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER steamer FLORENCE, D. Z. Brickell commander, leaves as announced. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
de27 J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO.

For Cincinnati & Louisville.

THIS DAY, DECEMBER 27, 10 A. M.

THE FINE STEAMER KEY WEST, W. S. Evans commanding, leaves as above. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
de27 JOHN FLACK, J. B. LIVINGSTON, or D. H. LEWIS, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

THIS DAY, DECEMBER 27, 10 A. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER HASTINGS, R. Robinson commanding, leaves as above. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
[de27] W.M. HASLETT. Agent.

Regular Tuesday Packet For Marietta and Zanesville.

THE fine passenger steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Captain Monroe Ayers commander, leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday, at 4 o'clock p. m., and Zanesville every Friday at 8 a. m.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
J. B. LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents Pittsburgh.

For Marietta, Gallipolis, Parkersburg and Portsmouth.

EVERY TUESDAY, 10 A. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER steamer, J. B. FORD, W. H. Kerr, commander, leaves as announced above
For freight or passage apply on board.
JOHN FLACK, Agent.

For Beaver, Steubenville and Wheeling.

THE PACKET STEAMER, J. T. M'COMBS, J. T. M'Combs, Commander, leaves for the above ports Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
de14 J. COLLINS & CO., Water street.

For Cincinnati and Louisville

LEAVES ON THIS DAY.

THE splendid passenger steamer MARENGO, A. G. M'Call, commander.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
de25 J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO. Agents.

For Marietta, Gallipolis, Parkersburg and Portsmouth.

REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET.

THE FINE PASSENGER steamer ROCKET, Captain John Wolf, will leave for the above and intermediate ports every Saturday at 10 a. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
no16 JOHN B. LIVINGSTON & CO. Agents.

Gallipolis.

EVERY TUESDAY, 4 P. M.

THE STEAMER SCIENCE, Captain Wm. Reno, leaves for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg and Gallipolis, making weekly trips, leaving Pittsburgh every WEDNESDAY at 4 o'clock, and returning leaves Gallipolis every FRIDAY at 8 o'clock.
no16 D. H. LEWIS, Agent.

For Marietta, Parkersburg and Gallipolis.

REGULAR SATURDAY PACKET.

THE FINE SIDE WHEEL steamer UNDINE, M. A. Cox, commander, leaves Pittsburgh every Saturday at 4 p. m., returning leaves Gallipolis every Tuesday at 10 a. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
no19 J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO. Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27, 10 A. M.

THE A NO. 1 PASSENGER Steamer EMPIRE CITY, B. Way commander, leaves as above. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to [da21] JNO. FLACK, Agent.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27.

THE FINE STEAMER WESTMORELAND, E. Evans, commander, leaves as above.
For freight or passage apply on board. de24

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.

WILLIAM HAZLETT

Has opened an office at

NO. 94 WATER STREET,

Where he will transact a general Steamboat Agency business, and would solicit a share of patronage from steamboat men. no30-5m

WM. M. FABER & CO.

STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS,
IRON FOUNDERS,
General Machinists and Boiler Makers,

Near the Penn's R. R. Passenger Depot.
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF Steam Engines, ranging from three to one hundred and fifty horse power, and suited for Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Blast Furnaces, Factories, etc.

Give particular attention to the construction of Engines and Machinery for grist mills, and for uprights, muley and circular saw mills.

Have also on hand, finished and ready for shipment at short notice, Engines and Boilers of every description.

Also, furnish Boilers and Sheet Iron separately, Wrought Iron Shafting, Hangers and Pullies in every variety, and continue the manufacture of Woolen Machinery and Machine Cards.

Our prices are low, our machinery manufactured of the best quality of materials, and warranted in all cases to give satisfaction.

Orders from all parts of the country solicited and promptly filled. fe21:d&w

PROCLAMATION—City of Pittsburgh, ss.

In accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for the incorporation of the City of Pittsburgh, and of the various supplements to said Act I GEORGE WILSON, Mayor of said city do issue this, my proclamation, that on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JANUARY, A. D., 1862, being the seventh day of the month, the freemen of each Ward of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at the several places of holding elections in their respective wards and precincts, and elect, by ballot, under the provisions of an Act of Assembly, passed the 16th day of May, A. D., 1857,

One person to serve as Mayor of said city.
One person to serve as Controller of said city.
One person to serve as Treasurer of said city.
Each of whom shall hold their office for two years.

On the same day in conformity to the above cited authorities, and also to the ordinances of Councils districting said city, the citizens of the

First Ward will elect, by ballot one person to be a member of the Select Council of said city for two years, one person to be a member of Select Council of said city for one year, and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Second Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Third Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and four persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fourth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fifth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and five persons to be members of the Common Council.

Sixth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and five persons to be members of the Common Council.

Seventh Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Eighth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Ninth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Each of whom shall be qualified to serve as a member of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth.

At the election to be held as aforesaid, on Tuesday, the 7th day of November, A. D., 1862

The electors of the First Ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Second will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of so much of the Third Ward as lies north of and west of Grant street, being precinct No 1 of said ward, will vote at the house of Francis Jamison on the corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets.

The electors of so much of the Third Ward as lies south and east of Grant street, being precinct No. 2 of said ward, will vote at the house of O. S. Kennedy at the corner of Wylie and Tunnel streets.

The electors of the Fourth Ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of so much of the Fifth Ward as lies north and east of Adams street, being precinct No. 1 of said ward, will vote at the Public School House on Liberty street, in said precinct.

The electors of so much of the Fifth Ward as lies south and West of Adams street, being precinct No. 2 of said ward, will vote at the Public School House on the corner of Pike and Walnut streets, in said precinct

The electors of the Sixth Ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward

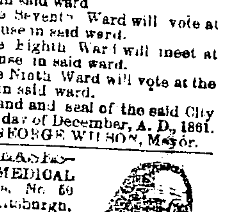
The electors of the Seventh Ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Eighth Ward will meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Ninth Ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

Given under my hand and seal of the said City of Pittsburgh, the 23d day of December, A. D., 1861.
de23 GEORGE WILSON, Mayor.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—DR. BROWN'S MEDICAL and SURGICAL Office, No. 50 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.



DR. BROWN is an old citizen of Pittsburgh, and has been in Practice for the last twenty-five years. His business has been confined mostly to Private and Surgical Diseases.

CITIZENS AND STRANGERS in need of a medical friend, should not fail to find out the sure place of relief. The Doctor is a regular graduate, and his experience in the treatment of a certain class of diseases is a sure guarantee to the sufferers of obtaining permanent relief by the use of his remedies and following his advice.

DR. BROWN'S REMEDIES never fail to cure the worst form of Venereal Diseases, Impurities and Scrofulous Affections. Also all diseases arising from a hereditary taint, which manifests itself in the form of a tetter, psoriasis, and a great many forms of skin diseases, the origin of which the patient is entirely ignorant. To persons so afflicted, Dr. Brown offers hopes of a sure and speedy recovery.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS

[illegible] for this alarming trouble brought on often by that solitary habit of sensual gratification, which the young and weakminded often give way to, (to their own destruction), are the only reliable remedies known in this country—they are safe, and make a speedy restoration of health.

RHEUMATISM.

Dr. Brown's remedies never fail to cure this painful disease in a few days—he will warrant a cure. He also treats Piles, Gleet, Gonnorrhea, Stricture, Urethal Discharges, Female Weakness, Monthly Suppressions, Diseases of the Joints, Fistula in Ano, Nervous Affections, Pains in the Back and Kidneys, Irritation of the Bladder, together with all diseases of an impure origin.

A letter describing the symptoms, containing a fee, directed to DR. BROWN, No. 50 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa., will be immediately answered.—Medicines sent to any address, safely packed and secure from observation.

Office and Private Rooms, No. 50 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [illegible]

THE FOLLOWING ARE VOLUNTARY statements from persons of respectability and truth, in this vicinity, who have been greatly benefitted by his remedies; some of whom would evidently have been in their graves ere now, if their diseases had not been arrested by Dr. Schenck's medicines:

Case of Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia of Ten Years Standing.

I have been suffering for ten years past from Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia. I heard of Dr. Schenck's coming out to Martin Koch's, and I thought I would go and see him, as my disease had increased in violence within the past two years, and I had been under treatment of several doctors, from whom I received no benefit. In the early part of June of this year I went to see Dr. Schenck, and was examined by him with his "RESPIROMETER." I have been taking his *Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic* and *Mandrake Pills* since then, and I must say that I am greatly benefitted by their use; indeed, I might almost say that I am well.

ANNA M. SMITH,
Lowell, Poland tp., Mahoning co., Ohio.
October 31, 1861.

I have been much benefitted by the use of Dr. Schenck's medicines.

Oct. 31, 1861. RUFUS PARKER,
Poland, Ohio.

Case of Mrs. McConnell.

I had been affected with Disease of the Lungs for four or five years, when I heard of Dr. Schenck coming to Martin Koch's. Previous to this time I had given up all hope of ever getting well, but Mr. Koch, whom I knew to have been cured by Dr. Schenck, urged my husband until he prevailed upon me to go and see the Doctor, who found both my lungs affected, the bronchial tubes were both diseased; when I breathed, they would rattle so that it could be heard distinctly.—I have now taken his medicines for some time, and find myself wonderfully improved, although not entirely recovered; I now find myself able to attend to most of my household duties, and have no doubt of my ultimate recovery. From the benefit I have received from Dr. Schenck's treatment, I would advise all persons similarly affected to apply to him when he makes his next visit.

JANE McCONNELL,
Poland Township, Mahoning Co., Ohio.
Oct. 31, 1861.

Certificate of Jane Grist.

I have been troubled for about two years with a pain in my breast. Late in the Spring of this year I heard of Dr. Schenck coming out to Martin Koch's, and I determined to call and see him, and get examined with his **Respirometer.** I did so, and also took all three of his medicines, according to directions, and I have been greatly benefitted. I hope, from the benefit already experienced, that it will not be long until I am entirely well.

JANE GRIST.
Poland Township, Mahoning Co., Ohio.
Oct. 31, 1861.

Cure of Mrs. Warner.

For about five years I had been affected with pain in the right side of my breast, and in hopes of getting relief, I had taken many different kinds of medicines, but found no benefit from them whatever. I then heard of Dr. Schenck, and the great cures he was performing with his treatment, and concluded to send to his Agent in Pittsburgh, Dr. Keyser for some of his medicine. Previous to taking it, I was so prostrated as to be unable to undress myself, or even to lay in bed; I was obliged to sit up in a chair in order to obtain any rest at all. After having taken Dr. Schenck's medicines, I heard that the Doctor was coming to Martin Koch's, and I determined to see him. I was already so much improved by the use of his medicine, as to be able to go over to Mr Koch's, which is a distance of a mile from my house. The Doctor pronounced my disease to be **Bronchial Consumption and Liver Complaint,** with an adhesion of the Pleura to the ribs. I would moreover add, that I coughed almost continually, and spit up large quantities of matter daily. I took the **Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic** and **Mandrake Pills**, according to the Doctor's directions, and am happy to say that I am nearly well. ANNA WARNER,
Unity Township, Columbiana Co., Ohio.
Oct. 29, 1861. de2-d&w

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY COUNTY,
Pittsburgh, December 12th, 1861.

THE ASSESSORS ARE REQUIRED to assess all coal lands, as follows:

1. In all cases where the surface and the coal are owned by the same person or persons, the assessment must be upon the value of the land including the Coal.

2. In all cases where the surface and the Cola are owned by different persons, the surface must be assessed to the owner or owners of said surface and the Coal must be assessed to the owner or owners of the coal, separately. By order of

JONATHAN BRAUFF,
GEORGE HAMILTON,
DAVID COLLINS,
County Commissioners
de13tdaw.