The Daily Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING::::::::DEC. 10.

For Afternoon and Midnight Telegraph and Local News See First and Third Pages.

☞ Post office stamps, of any denomination over THREE CENTS will not be received for subscriptions to the *Post*. The Postmaster here declining to exchange the larger denominations for smaller ones, they become useless to us.

THE CRITTENDEN RESOLUTION.

On the 22d of July last, the House of Representatives, by an almost unanimous vote upon the motion of Hon. J. J. Crittenden, passed the following resolution:

Resolved, By the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, that the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, now in revolt against the constitutional government and in arms around the Capital; that in this national emergency Congress banishing all feelings of mere passion or resentment, will only recollect its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged upon our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor for the purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of the States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and preserve the Union with its dignities, equalities and the rights of the several States unimpaired, and as soon as these objects are accomplished, the war ought to cease.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, on Wednesday last, again offered this resolution with the following brief addition:

And Whereas, Since that time, no event has occurred to change the feelings of the government, therefore

Resolved, That the principles above expressed are solemnly reaffirmed by this House.

Upon motion of the notorious Thaddeus Stephens of this State, these were laid upon the table by a vote of 71 ayes, to 65 nays. If this be any indication of the ultimate action of the House upon the slavery question, the majority will doubtless advance to the accomplishment of the most ultra measures. How the border slave States now struggling with rebellion within their own boundaries, can maintain themselves, while Congress votes down such resolutions as the above, and while the Senate is engaged upon the consideration of a bill for emancipation, confiscation, &c., remains to be seen. The Louisville *Journal* and the *Democrat*, and Holt, Crittenden and their followers in Kentucky, and the thousands in the border States who have been acting with them, will, we apprehend, find it difficult to maintain themselves at home in the face of this radical and sudden change in the action of Congress.

Among those who voted to kill these resolutions was our representative, Gen. Moorhead. We did not expect this, because of our having understood from him the other day, that he was opposed to the extremists of his party upon the proper course to be pursued in the present crisis. Besides, he voted at the last session in favor of these resolutions. We are surprised at this step backward by Gen. Moorhead; when men like him, feeling the necessity of Pennsylvania being cautious and conservative, besides being kept in restraint by the pious admonition of religion, run into excesses in legislation, what can be hoped for from those who are classed among the ranks of the wicked, and who care nothing for public prosperity and virtue, so long as they are successful in securing government contracts.

After reflecting over this very extraordinary vote of our representative, we can excuse it only upon one single account, and that is the admiration he has always entertained for Gen. Cameron. A follower of his while belonging to the Democracy, he was sharp after him in his plunge into the mysteries of the Know Nothings; from that they both emerged, about the same time, full feathered Republicans, and now they have both landed upon the platform of radical Abolitionism. About the time that Cameron bamboozled Forney out of the Senatorship, Gen. Moorhead fooled the Republicans of this county out of a seat in Congress. The rise and progress of these distinguished men are quite similar, and we suspect from their recent declarations that their "decline and fall" will be equally striking.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

The line of road hence to Chicago, when purchased at Cleveland, on the 24th of October last, was designated by its new proprietors with the above title. The new corporation, which will be created this month, under a recent law of this commonwealth, to own this property, will be styled the "Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company."

The "Purchasing Committee," who now hold this road, were in session in this city several days last week, looking closely into its condition and management, and organizing the personale and fixing the policy for the future, so as to insure entire success from this time forward. J. F. D. Lanier, Esq., of the banking house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., New York, the chairman of the committee, has given recently much attention to the affairs of the road, looking to the reorganization, and, from his known experience and standing in business and financial matters, stimulated by a large pecuniary interest, stockholders have good reason to congratulate themselves on having the benefit of his valuable services. We learn that the committee adjourned with a higher estimate of the property than they had ever before had.

Since the sale G. W. Cass, Esq., has been acting as General Superintendent of the road, in addition to his other duties—which position he agreed temporarily to fill, until some proper person could be had. The committee have been fortunate in finding the man in John E. Jervis, Esq., whose name and fame have been identified with the public works of this country for many years, as a civil engineer and railway President. Mr. Jervis entered on his duties as General Superintendent yesterday, and his office will likely be in Chicago.

The office of Superintendent of the Western Division, just made vacant by the resignation of Mr. J. N. Du Barry, who goes upon the Northern Central Road, of this State, as General Superintendent, has been tendered to H. A. Gardner, Esq., now the engineer of the Hudson River Road, and recently Vice President of the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Road. Mr. G. brings with him much experience in his profession and a good name.

The office of General Manager (which assimilates to the office of President) has been created, and is filled by Mr. Cass, who is still the President of the old corporation, and will, we presume, be the President of the new one, as soon as created.

To Judge Hanna, of Fort Wayne, the Vice President of the old corporation, is assigned duties appertaining to such an office at the present time; and from his long experience, business tact and large interest in the road, we have no doubt will be the Vice President of the new corporation.

☞ The *Chronicle* makes no further attempt to justify the stealing of the President's message; its last effort being to prove that it does not cheat the public by its daily issuing of three and four editions, when one would be sufficient for any purpose. In endeavoring to explain why it keeps important dispatches for its second edition, which should appear in its first, it coolly observes that it "invariably publishes all the news it gets in its first edition *if* within the bounds of possibility." Now we all know that this is mere gammon; what in the name of goodness is to prevent it from publishing in its first edition matter received here at noon? Why, nothing but a sharp desire for "those dimes," to which it alluded, and which it gathers in from the sale of its second edition.

Our Army Correspondence.

CAMP TARVER, near Budd's Ferry,
LOWER POTOMAC, December 4th, 1861.

Editor Post:—Having promised to keep you posted in regard to our movements, changes, &c., I now endeavor to fulfil the aforesaid contract. Since I last wrote you, several resignations have taken place, and some three or four have been accepted, viz: Capt. Johnston, Co A; Capt. Ayers, Co I, Lieut. Black, Co E; (Friend Rich,) and Lieutenants Blything (Co F) and Indge (Co B). This arises from the fact that others who doubt their ability to pass embrace the first opportunity of throwing up their commissions ere their military ignorance is made public through the Board of Inquiry. This has made a fine opportunity for our young and deserving officers. The vacancies, with the exception of one or two, are already filled. Pittsburgh comes in for a share. Lieut. Oakley, who left Pittsburgh as orderly sergeant in the Emmet Guards, company B, and was afterwards appointed 1st Lieutenant in company A, has just received his appointment as captain of the latter company. No more need be spoken in his favor, as the above short career, shows in which estimation he is held by all. Every Regiment our former orderly sergeants now acting in the capacity of 2d Lieutenant, company D (Captain Prade's) and the boys speak in flattering terms of him—but company E cannot afford to lose so valuable an officer without a struggle, and we will remain unsatisfied until he occupies the same position in our company.

Yester-my we had a grand brigade review, and as usual the 1st regiment bore off the palm, both as to appearance and efficiency. The day was auspicious one, as we had a light fall of snow the night previous, followed by a warm and sunny day. The surface was quite well wet an inch or two in depth, and by the time we had finished our evolutions our outward appearance indicated that "Jordan is a hard road to travel."

The romantic period our soldiers' life passed while parading through the streets at home; now reality stares us in the face, but we will have to put on a more manly "polish" to brighten a Friend Rich, for they have their courage screwed up to the sticking point, and there will stick until every vestige of Secessionism is banished from our soil, and

"With the Stars and Stripes above us,
And the prayers of the people for us,
Every single soldier of us
Is prepared for any fate."

We have had several polite invitations to meet the enemy in battle array. The letter was found by some of our boys, enclosed in a bottle, which had been washed on shore. It is directed to this regiment, and the contents are exceedingly edifying. The following is a verbatim copy:

"November 12, 1861.

"Brigadier General Sickles:—The First Texas regiment presents its respects to your command, and would be most happy to meet you man to man and steel to steel, when a Southron's vengeance you would feel! (Signed)

"LONE STAR."

"P. S. Also the Fourth Texas regiment will give you some of the San Jacinto song.

(signed) "BULL RUN."

"2d P. S. And also the Fifth Texas regiment would be pleased to see another Bull Run affair and feels satisfied if Brigadier General Sickles will favor us with a call with his brigade, we will soon hear of his men halting in New York City.

(Signed) "MUSTANG, Cockpit Point."

Now, ain't that decidedly racy? It is obvious that Bull Run is a pleasant theme for them. You should have seen the indignation it at these missives created among the boys.

Corporal D. tells a very good thing that transpired the other night while he stood guard. It was quite dark. He heard some one approaching, and gave the usual challenge of "Who comes there?" The answer came back in rich negro accents: "Me; its Sam, mas'r." "Have you got the countersign?" asked Corporal D. "No, mas'r, got nuffin' but a ba-ket." It is useless to say that the Corporal let the unsophisticated colored individual pass—while the occurrence was related at the camp fire with the greatest gusto. This put me in mind of another good thing, told at the expense of our Italian at the time a member of Co. F. He was on guard and, hearing some one advancing, halted him, and in the same breath (not waiting for any response) told him to "advance and *giv he de commissary*." I think it was upon the same night that the comic tones of an Irishman came ringing along the lines: "Officer of the guard, nine-and-forty!" meaning that some one desired to enter camp at post forty nine. To us a laugh comes with these happenings. To you they may not bring even a smile. It is almost a luxury to me to be an unobserved spectator at our fire, around which the boys gather these cool evenings, and pass away time until roll call or tattoo.

On Thursday night last, we had a terrible storm. It poured down all night long—drowning out all sleepers in our lately excavated *mansions*. It was truly a comical sight to see the boys crawl out the next morning, more resembling drowned rats than anything else—casting a sorrowful look upon their ruined domiciles, where floating boots, unmentionables and tin pans, formed a "great naval expedition" riding at anchor after a severe storm. But things are once more put to rights and every thing now shows the air of comfort. The boys have dispelled all shadowy looks, and good humor prevails throughout.

The rebel batteries across the river are more demure in their demeanor and it is only occasionally that they open, and then only upon some small oyster boat or sloop, that has the presumption to attempt the run. The New Jersey Brigade has arrived and is encamped but a short distance up the river. They came by boat as far as Indian Head and thence on foot to their present encampment. The swell mob number to over three brigades—each brigade numbering some 5,000 men.

The sick in hospital are progressing finely—only one death since my last; Charles H. Bowman, of company D, of typhoid fever. He was interred with due honors.

In my capacity as correspondent, it is expected that I should mention rumors as well as facts, and one is in pretty free circulation—that one hundred wagons are on their way hither and that our whole division moves at no remote period. How much truth there is in the report, I do not know, but certain it is we cannot remain here all winter, as it is low, unhealthy and undesirable location, not possessing any quality fitting it for the winter quarters of so large an army of men.

Yours Truly, R. C. H.

FROM THE REBEL STATES.

The Union Organization in New Orleans.

From the New Orleans Crescent, Nov. 23.

Yesterday morning Lieut. Morel, of the Third District Police, upon information received, arrested a German named Frenzel, who lives on Charles street in the Second District, charging him with being an incendiary and a traitor to the State and Southern Confederacy. It appears that Frenzel, who is quite an intelligent man, had excited Lieut. Morel's suspicions, some time since, by remarks that he was reported to have made in favor of Lincoln and his dynasty; he was watched, *the result of which was that he was heard to boast that there is a powerful Union sentiment in this city—at least 5,000 strong—which, the moment that the Lincoln army made its appearance here or on our coast, would rise and help them to the rest of their ability.*

He further reported to have said that his society would help to cut all the rebels' throats; and that as no one knew or suspected its existence, it was all the more powerful.

The Flight at Fort Pickens.

From the Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, Nov. 26.

We are favored with the following private letter. The letter is from a highly intelligent and trustworthy gentleman, whose account will be found interesting:

PENSACOLA, Saturday, Nov. 23—8 A. M.

Both parties are silent this morning. I walked down to the beach this morning, and looked at Pickens. She seems considerably battered. A long dark place upon her sid, which the men say is shot marks, was plainly visible. Poor Fort McRee suffered yester-ley far more than we thought. Sixty men were killed by the falling of the cover of a vessel, and ten others wounded. They say 500 shot and shell fell into the Fort. The damage was done by the ships, which took position southwest of the Fort where the guns could not be very effective, and fired broadside after broadside upon her. A battery located on the back of her, added its repeating the attack, and it is said struck them 18 times. Only two ships are off the harbor this morning. I think neither party will renew the fight this morning. If they do, McRee will probably be silenced during the day, and the battery behind large enough to fire was strewed to the sand, both guns in the act of being pointed towards the direction of our batteries. We have never counted her as anything in the fight. If the fight opens again before the mail leaves, I will let you know. Good bye for the present. L. T. T.

From Leesburg, Va.

A correspondent of the *Inquirer*, writing from Leesburg, on the 20th, says:

Our lines are very quiet now. We enter an no apprehension of an attack from the enemy.

Did you hear of that Mississippi youth who refused to travel out of the late battle? It is but one instance in addition to another—a Virginian. We relied to the sickness of ex-President Tyler, master Jack Tyler Walker, who just recovered from an attack of illness, shouldered his musket, and joined the Eighth Virginia under Col. Hunton, and in the hottest of action, and not mind the fight in the slightest degree, drove out the Potomac. He is a fine young specimen of a man. Evans.

The Blockaders off the Texas Coast—An Exchange of Shots.

We copy the following from the Galveston News:

On the 4th inst., at 10 A. M., an American informed us that about 9 P. M. Friday, as the schooner Sam Houston, then lying from the wharf, was about to weigh anchor, a vessel was seen and fired a blank gun, the shot passed over and fell a few feet above the schooner on the left, and striking a few in the rigging, and the shot was immediately followed by an Enfield rifle, the ball passing a little to the left side of the schooner, when she immediately turned to get out of the way, raising the United States flag at the same time. Four other shots were fired, rather from the fort, all of which were heard by the captain of the schooner, and apparently hitting her; the third, fourth and fifth shots fell short, and probably did no damage, as none was seen to take effect.

New Quarters.

The *Inquirer* says: Our readers are already aware of the purchase by the Confederate government of the Tredegar Iron Works, property at Saltville, N. C., for a period of war. Information has been received that it is now ready for the reception of several hundred operatives, who will doubtless be sent there from Richmond at an early day.

Congressmen from Missouri.

The Confederate Congress has passed, and the President approved, a bill to enable the people of Missouri to elect members of Congress. This was necessary since Missouri but recently became a member of the Confederacy. The bill provides for the election of fifteen members of the House of Representatives.

The Kentucky Line.

We have information, says the *Dispatch*, to the effect that the apprehensions lately entertained by the people of South-western Virginia of an advance by the enemy have ceased to exist, and they now feel comparatively secure. It is stated on what is deemed good authority that the Federals have been driven from the neighborhood of Pound Gap and beyond Preestonburg, Ky.

Burn the Cotton.

A report having circulated in Charleston, that orders had been issued prohibiting the destruction of cotton or rice, in danger of falling into the hands of the enemy, the Courier contradicts it, and says: "The contrary is the order, and all the exposed points on our coast have received positive instructions to burn or destroy all property which cannot be conveniently taken away, and is likely to be seized by the enemy."

The Reported Occupation of Matthews County.

A gentleman, now in Richmond, says the *Dispatch*, received letters on Sunday, from Middlesex, adjoining Matthews county, Va., which make no allusion to the occupation of that county by the enemy, and we therefore presume there is no truth in the report.

Mr. Breckenridge Ill.

The Louisville *Journal* & *Courier*, of the 25th ult., says that John C. Breckenridge is quite ill from an attack of jaundice.

Cost of Being Mayor of New York.

The cost of being Mayor of New York city, says the *Express*, is becoming a little too "stiff" for poor men to stand—as the following estimate, within gun shot of accuracy, will show:

Gunther's bills $20,000, Opdyke's bills $20,000, Wood's bills $10,000. Opdyke is in part reimbursed, by the heavy custom-house taxation—but Gunther's and Wood's are dead losses. *Moral*, or rather *immoral*, poor men can never run for "Mayor" in New York.

Embalming the Dead.

As one of the incidental connections of the present war, it is stated that an office has been opened in Washington for embalming the dead. The system is that of the celebrated Surquet, of Paris—by an injection of a powerful antiseptic fluid, which soon hardens the tissues to a marble-like substance, and perfectly preserves the color and features, and keeps the body free from all offensive odor.

High Price for Oysters.

A letter from Denver City, Colorado Territory, to the Frederick (Md.) *Union*, contains this item:

We had fresh oysters from Baltimore last week, which sold readily at the *low price of sixteen dollars per gallon!* A large trade is carried on between this Territory and Utah, and the products of Brigham's dominion find ready purchasers in Denver. Salt Lake, by the Arkansas trail, is four hundred miles distant from this city.

Canadian Military Movements.

The Montreal *Advertiser* states, that the commander of the forces has proceeded west to take the necessary steps for placing that portion of the province in a state of defence. It has been received to call out the Provincial militia for drill during the winter, and steps have been taken to erect some fortifications at w ak points, for which purpose the sappers and miners at Halifax are ordered to Montreal. The government steamers will not winter at Quebec, but proceed to the lakes, so that they can be employed, in case of an emergency, before the opening of the river navigation. Arms and ammunition are being forwarded from Quebec to the inland magazines.

The erection of new batteries has been commenced near the old fort at Toronto. Two batteries will be erected, each to mount six heavy guns.

☞ Those who have been anxiously waiting for an onward movement from the Potomac, and have been disposed to grumble at the inactivity of our army, are now consoling themselves with the thought that Alexander was a patient strategist in war. The following paragraph is quoted from an article in the *Eclectic Magazine* for August, 1861, entitled "Soldiers and their Science:"

"But the lesson of military science handed down to us by Alexander, is pre-eminently that of patient yet enterprising strategy. Rapid in his marches, and impetuous in battle, he could wait and wait, until seven months of tedious and apparently hopeless labor had reduced the stronghold of Tyre, and gained for his army a secure base of operations; nor would he advance against the Persians, twice defeated, on the Granicus and the Issus, until he had established his authority along the whole coast, from the Black sea to Alexandria, and thus cut off the enemy from all communication with the malcontents in Greece."

☞ The Dublin *Freeman's Journal* says that the Most Rev. Archbishop of New York, was among the passengers on board the *Africa*, which arrived at Queenstown on Monday. His Grace will stay a short time in this country, in order to obtain a sufficient number of Catholic clergymen to afford a chaplain to each of the Union regiments requiring one. He will then proceed to Rome to obtain the necessary power to grant facilities to such chaplains, so that they can officiate in whatever diocese the regiments to which they may be attached may happen.

☞ The Massachusetts Senator Sumner, we see, is sharply censuring in the Senate Gen. Halleck's Military Administration in Missouri, because "he recently lets slavery alone," we suppose.

If the Massachusetts Senator would but raise a regiment, as has ex-collector Rhett in the South have done or enlist in one, as a soldier, he would have a better right to criticise a General in the field—Carpet Knights should keep silent in these times. Paul Revere campaigning ought to have finished off his Military ambition of all the Home Guard Senators.

☞ The board of aldermen of New Orleans, finished with Hostins' wonderful triumph at the Mississippi passes, have voted $40,000 for the construction of iron plated vessels and marine rams. They have prudently anticipated the natural question of "Where's the money to come from?" by making the appropriation conditional on the members of the city—starting out with a subscription of $100,000 for the same purpose.

☞ The London *Star* says of England, in sending an expedition to Mexico, wants to collect a debt or set up a dynasty.

BEFORE HAVING YOUR PHOTO TAKEN,

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM.

This elegant preparation renders the skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a marble purity. For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

A full assortment of Rouge (liquid and dry) Pearl Powders, Chalk Balls, Hobbs' genuine Mexican Fan &c., always on hand. dev

☞ NOTICE TO PHYSICIANS AND THE PUBLIC—ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS—Testimonial—T. ALLCOCK & CO., No. 294 Canal street, New York, November 24th, 1859—Gentlemen—I have suffered from a weak back for many years, occasioned by an injury over exerting myself. Having heard of your plasters much recommended for cases similar to mine, I applied one and the result was so that I could insure. A single plaster cured me in a week.

Yours respectfully, J. BRIGGS.

Prepared only by the Brandreth House, New York.

There is nothing equal to the use of a Plaster to the Porous Plaster of Mr. ALLCOCK. In Asthma, Coughs, Colds, Side Pleurisy and in the chest, weak backs, they afford immediate relief and strengthen. Sold by all respectable dealers in medicines. Terms cash. WM. H. CAMPBELL, Assignee. I James Blakely.

SUPERIOR TO 'JANE EYRE'

PRICE, 25 CENTS ONLY.

FOR BETTER, FOR WORSE.

A CHARMING LOVE STORY.

FROM "TEMPLE BAR."

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Superior to "John Halifax," "Jane Eyre," or "East Lynne," and is also the most charming Love Story published for years.

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Complete and unabridged edition is published in one large octavo volume, with large and clear type, and on fine paper.

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HENRY MINER,

Successor to Hunt & Miner.

de6 next door to Post office.

R. R. BULGER,

MANUFACTURER OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

FURNITURE.

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture,

Constantly on hand, which we will sell at the lowest prices for CASH. my1:dly:ns

AN ORDINANCE REPEALING AN Ordinance re'ative to City Warrants, passed June 27th, 1859, and section sixth of chapter twenty seven of Revised Code, ordained and enacted October 6th, 1859.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That an Ordinance relative to city officers and city warrants, passed June 27th 1859 and section sixth of chapter twenty-seven of Revised Code, relative to city offices and city warrants, ordained and enacted October 6th, 1859, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 5th day of December, A. D., 1861.

JAMES McCULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: R. MONROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

A. G. McCANDLESS,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de7 2t

186 BALMORAL SKIRTS

BY THE STEAMER CANADA.

received this day and for sale at wholesale and retail by

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
17 Fifth street.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS—

BOOTS, SHOES AND GUMS,

A large variety just received,

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS,

AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE OF

JOSEPH H. BORLAND,

de7 98 Market street, 2nd door from Fifth.

REFINED OIL—30 barrels No. 1 for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS de7

COLT'S REVOLVERS, 6 SHOT—A fresh supply just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood street. de7

BOY'S AND MEN'S SKATES for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood street. de7

LADIES' SKATES just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood street. de7

1,000 PAIR SKATES for sale low by BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood street. de7

500 BUSHELS and 100 BARRELS

FRESH WHITE LIME.

from ELDORADO WORKS, Blair county, Pa., just received at the

WHITE LIME DEPOT, LIBERTY STREET,

opposite the Metal Yard of the Pennsylvania Rail road Company, and for sale at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

☞ A liberal reduction made to those who buy to sell again.

☞ We ask for a trial of our Lime, and if it is not better than the Louisville article, we will pay it back, and pay the purchasers 5 cents per bushel or 15 cents per barrel, for the trouble they may have had with it.

ROBERT H. CANAN & CO.

☞ We also warrant it to be cheaper at our prices than Grey Lime is at the prices at which it is sold in this market. de:1w

1861. DECEMBER. 1861.

HORNE'S HOLIDAY SALE.

PRICES MARKED DOWN.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

EMBROIDERIES and FANCY GOODS.

HAVING MARKED DOWN OUR STOCK, we are now prepared to offer very strong inducements to persons who desire to purchase goods. The assortment of EMBROIDERIES we have on hand now is very choice. Most of it was bought in large lots at prices very much lower than the cost of importation, and we have determined to close it all out at prices to suit the times

CAMBRIC AND SWISS SETS, from 50c. to $5 00.
" " " COLLARS, very low.
EMBROIDERED CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, From 25c to 35c.
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, for 6c.
VAL. LACE TRIMMED COLLARS, for 25c., worth 55c.
INFANTS' ROBES, at very low prices.
" CAPS AND WAISTS.
LADIES' CHEMISE'—a few left—to close out at less than cost of importation.
LINEN COLLARS AND SETS, very cheap.
PORTEMONNAIS AND CABAS,
A fine assortment, expressly for holiday gifts.
EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS—a large lot just received from New York, at panic prices.
WOO. EN HOODS, SONTAGS,
NUBIAS, SLEEVES, SCARFS,
SKATING CAPS, &c., &c.

JOSEPH HORNE,

dec4 77 MARKET STREET.

T. J. GRAFF..... PAUL HUGUS..... WM. GRAFF

Western Stove Works,

245 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH

GRAFF & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to their large stock of well selected

Cook, Parlor & Heating Stoves,

ALSO—IMPROVED

KITCHEN RANGES, GRATE FRONTS,

HOLLOW-WARE, &c., among which will be found the BEST COAL COOK STOVES IN THE STATE. The

Diamond, Advance, Air-Tight, Eclipse, and IRON CITY,

Were awarded the FIRST PREMIUM at the State Fair for the BEST COAL COOK STOVES. Also FIRST PREMIUM awarded to the

TRUE AMERICAN, GLOBE & REPUBLIC,

For the BEST WOOD COOK STOVES NOW IN USE. The KENTUCKIAN and KANSAS Premium Stoves are unsurpassed. We call attention of DEALERS and BUILDERS to the largest stock of

GRATE FRONTS & FENDERS

IN THE STATE.

N. B.—We line the DIAMOND and ECLIPSE Coal Cook Stoves with Soap-Stone Linings, which stand the fire better than iron. oc28:s

THE FOLLOWING ARE VOLUNTARY statements from persons of respectability and truth, in this vicinity, who have been greatly benefitted by his remedies; some of whom would evidently have been in their graves ere now, if their diseases had not been arrested by Dr. Schenck's medicines:

Case of Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia of Ten Years Standing.

I have been suffering for ten years past from Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia. I heard of Dr. Schenck's coming out to Martin Koch's, and I thought I would go and see him, as my disease had increased in violence within the past two years, and I had been under treatment of several doctors from whom I received no benefit. In the early part of June of this year I went to see Dr. Schenck, and was examined by him with his "RESPIROMETER." I have been taking his *Pulmonic Syrup*, an *Iced Tonic* and *Mandrake Pills* since then, and I must say that I am greatly benefitted by their use; indeed, I might a most say that I am well.

ANNA M. SMITH.

Lowell, Poland tp., Mahoning co., Ohio.
October 31, 1861.

I have been much benefitted by the use of Dr. Schenck's medicines.

RUFUS PARKER,
Poland, Ohio.
Oct. 31, 1861.

Case of Mrs. McConnell.

I had been affected with Disease of the Lungs for four or five years, when I heard of Dr. Schenck coming out to Martin Koch's. Previous to this time I had given up all hope of ever getting well, but Mr. Koch, whom I knew to have been cured by Dr. Schenck, urged my husband until he prevailed upon me to go and see the Doctor, who found both my lungs affected, the bronchial tubes were both diseased; when I breathed, they would rattle so that it could be heard distinctly—I have now taken his medicines for some time, and find myself wonderfully improved, although not entirely recovered; I now find myself able to attend to most of my household duties, and have no doubt of my ultimate recovery. From the benefit I have received from Dr. Schenck's treatment, I would advise all persons similarly affected to apply to him when he makes his next visit.

JANE McCONNELL,
Poland Township, Mahoning Co., Ohio.
Oct. 31, 1861.

Certificate of Jane Grist.

I have been troubled for about two years with a pain in my breast. Late in the Spring of this year I heard of Dr. Schenck coming out to Martin Koch's, and I determined to call and see him, and get examined with his Respirometer. I did so, and also took all three of his medicines, according to directions, and I have been greatly benefitted. I hope, from the benefit already experienced, that it will not be long until I am entirely well. JANE GRIST.

Poland Township, Mahoning Co., Ohio.
Oct. 31, 1861.

Cure of Mrs. Warner.

For about five years I had been affected with pain in the right side of my breast, and in hopes of getting relief, I had taken many different kinds of medicines, but found no benefit from them whatever. I then heard of Dr. Schenck, and the great cures he was performing with his treatment, and concluded to send to his Agent in Pittsburgh, Dr. Keyser for some of his medicine. Previous to taking it, I was so prostrated as to be unable to undress myself, or even to lay in bed; I was obliged to sit up in a chair in order to obtain any rest at all. After having taken Dr. Schenck's medicines, I heard that the Doctor was coming to Martin Koch's, and I determined to see him. I was already so much improved by the use of his medicine, as to be able to go over to Mr Koch's, which is a distance of a mile from my house. The Doctor pronounced my disease to be Bronchial Consumption and Liver Complaint, with an adhesion of the Pleura to the ribs. I would moreover add, that I coughed almost continually, and spit up large quantities of matter daily. I took the Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, according to the Doctor's directions, and am happy to say that I am nearly well. ANNA WARNER,
Unity Township Columbiana Co., Ohio.
Oct. 29, 1861. de5:d&w

MEANS & COFFIN,

(Successors to M'Candless, Means & Co.)

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Corner Wood and Water Sts.,

fel3:ns PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. PHILIPS..... J. A. M'KEE

M'KEE & PHILIPS,

GENERAL COOPERAGE,

AT THEIR NEW FACTORY ON

Fayette Street,

Between Hand and Wayne streets,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

☞ We are prepared to furnish Coal Oil, Whiskey, Ale, Molasses and Pork BARRELS, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms

OIL REFINERS.—6 casks superior paint for oil barrels, making them perfectly tight, for sale very cheap by HENRY H. COLLINS se14

UNDERTAKER.

R. FARMAN, UNDERTAKER, sole agent for Fisher's Metallic Burial Cases, at K. R. BULGER'S FURNITURE WAREROOMS, No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET. Residence, 4½ Locust street, Allegheny city. Orders may be left at CHARLES' LIVERY STABLE, Allegheny City. se21:dmd 4p

DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of the MASONIC FUND SOCIETY have declared an annual dividend of SIX PER CENT, payable in cash to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after December 16th, at the office of the Treasurer, No. 105 Wood street.

de4:3t A. M. POLLOCK, Sec'y.

CORONER'S OFFICE.—I have opened and am office at No. 50 St. Clair street, where I may be found from 7½ o'clock A. M. until 7 o'clock P. M. Sundays excepted, and at other times at my residence, corner Bank Lane and Belleck streets, First Ward, Allegheny City.

de4 JOHN McCLUNG, Coroner.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CO., PA., Pittsburgh, Dec. 5, 1861.

☞ PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF a resolution of the Legislature of the Commonwealth of April 10, 1848, notice is hereby given to all persons desirous of procuring copies of the Acts of the next Legislature, to subscribe at this office for the same.

A few copies of the Acts of the last Legislature remain for those subscribing and others.

G. Y. COULTER,
County Treas.
dec6:law3t:eod

☞ CITY CONTROLLER—THE UNDERSIGNED announces himself a UNION CANDIDATE for the office of CITY CONTROLLER at the ensuing municipal election.

de6 CHARLES W. LEWIS

OFFICE OF THE CITIZENS INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, December 6th, 1861.

☞ AN ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN DIRECTORS of this company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, 16th inst., between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m. (dec6:td) SAMUEL REA, Secretary.

☞ TO THE CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH.—I announce myself to you as a candidate at the ensuing election, for the office of

CITY CONTROLLER.

If a long experience in varied and extensive business, a perfect familiarity with accounts, and the identification of a lifetime with all the interests of my native city, entitle me to your confidence and support, I will confidently hope for your suffrages.

no22:tf WILLIAM LITTLE

☞ ANNUAL MEETING—THERE WILL BE a meeting of the Stockholders of the NONPAREIL OIL COMPANY, on TUESDAY, the twelfth 10th, at 3 o'clock p. m., at the office of Captain R. J. GRACE, CUSTOM HOUSE. Punctual attendance is requested. de6:tf

250 BALMORAL SKIRTS,

ALL COLORS AND PRICES

JUST OPENED AT

W. & D. HUGUS'.

The largest and most beautiful stock of

CLOAKS,

CIRCULARS,

—AND—

SHAWLS.

All of the NEWEST STYLES at

W. & D. HUGUS',

CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS.

de7

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $5,00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1,00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 15 cents.

THIS EVENING.

Performance to commence with the six act beautiful drama entitled the

SIX DEGREES OF CRIME.

Julio Donnelly.....Mr. Henderson

To conclude with the new pantomime entitled the

HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.

Clown.....Mr. Maffit
Farmer Jack.....Mr. Lewis

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES

PENN STREET, NEAR ST. CLAIR

TUESDAY EVENING.

Will be presented

NIPPED IN THE BUD.

Galochard.....W. A. Rouse
Madam Galchoard.....Fanny Denham

After which Singing, Dancing, Eccentricities, Acrobatic feats, &c., by the whole company, including MLLE LOUISE, ILA DUVAL, J. L. DAVIS, JOHNNY BART, FITZGERALD, HOWARD, DOUGHERTY, PROF. KIRBYE and MASTER GEORGE.

SCALE OF PRICES—Private Boxes $1,50; Single Seats in Boxes 75 cents; Parquette 50 cents; Gallery 10 cents.

Doors open at 6½. Curtain rises 7½.

CANTERBURY HALL.

LATE ATHENEUM, LIBERTY STREET.

IMMENSE SUCCESS.
IMMENSE SUCCESS.
JIM FLAKE,
JIM FLAKE,
MISS MAGGIE BOWERS.
MISS MAGGIE BOWERS.
MISS. MARY NEWTON.
and the full company.

NATRONA OIL.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING this article, which for brilliancy in burning, freedom of offensive odor, and transparency of color, (which color we warrant not to be changed by age or exposure,) is unsurpassed by any illuminator in this or Eastern markets. As a profitable Oil to the consumer, we can specially recommend it. Also, our manufacture of

CAUSTIC SODA,

Used by all large Soap Makers and Oil Refineries which excels 10 per cent. in strength all the make of English Soda brought to this country. Our manufacture of

SAPONIFIER, OR CONCENTRATED LYE, SALT, &c.,

Are so well and favorably known, we trust the mention is sufficient.

All orders and inquiries will be promptly attended to by addressing

GEORGE COLHOUN, Agent.
Penna Salt Manufacturing Company,
no18:dwk w 24 Wood street, Pittsburgh

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE ASSOCIATED with them under date February 6th, 1861, Mr. R. SIEDLE, of the late firm, REINEMAN & SIEDLE. The business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE, at our old stand, No. 42 FIFTH STREET.

REINEMAN & MEYRAN.

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS

In every description of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Watch Material, Tools and Machinery, and

WHOLESALE AGENCY FOR THE

CELEBRATED AMERICAN WATCHES.

NO. 42 FIFTH STREET,

(one door from Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.

In calling the attention of the public and the trade to the above, we desire to add that we are prepared to offer a larger and better selected stock of goods in our line than ever was offered in this city. Possessing every facility for obtaining the most of our goods direct from the best manufactories, both in this country and in Europe, and having acquired a thorough knowledge of the business from nearly twenty years' experience, at our present old stand, and just added the large and new stock of the late firm of REINEMAN & SIEDLE, to our present large stock, we feel confident that an examination of our assortment would prove advantageous to buyers. We are also agents for the justly celebrated AMERICAN WATCHES, manufactured at Waltham, Mass., and are prepared to fill all orders promptly, at manufacturers prices. English and Swi