# The Daily Post.

*OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.*

**PITTSBURGH:**

MONDAY MORNING.....DEC. 9.


**For Afternoon and Midnight Telegraph and Local News See First and Third Pages.**

☞ Post office stamps, of any denomination under THREE CENTS will not be received for subscriptions to the *Post*. The Postmaster here declining to exchange the larger denominations for smaller ones, they become useless to us.

## A WORD ABOUT THE MESSAGE.

Our city cotemporaries—those who appropriated the President's message, have, ever since its publication, been laboring to prove petty larceny respectable. The *Gazette* indeed does not seem much troubled, but like the generality of hardened and detected rascals, looks incorrigible and sulky; it neither acknowledges its crime, nor promises amendment in the future.

Unlike the *Gazette*, that pious and conscientious little paper, the *Dispatch*, which almost daily indulges in so much lamentation over the corruption of the age, thinks that abstracting a President's message rather a meritorious performance. It said in its issue of Saturday that "indeed we don't know nor expect to know what little bird brought it in at our window." The "little bird" here alluded to is, we presume, the poor devil who was paid for stealing it; and if that 'little bird' had handed over with the message, some gentleman's pocket book, our neighbor, we presume, would put it to one side and make no inquiry as to the species or plumage of his feathered messenger. The wit of the *Dispatch* about the little bird is no better than its morals; it is defective in both. This dodging, however, to get clear of a vile transaction, or lessen its enormity by lame attempts at wit, does not come well from one who is so felicitous in proclaiming his own virtues, and whose sense of fair-play was so delicate as to prevent him from supporting the late Union ticket in this county, because, upon his motion, it was not nominated *nem con*. Things will change, however, as is evident, not from this exhibition only, but as was before demonstrated in the change of the *Dispatch's* every day abuse of Simon Cameron into one of his principal and most obedient followers. This merely goes to prove that the would be virtuous Col. F. is not insensible to the attractions of the War Department, and to secure an aspiring and a valorous youth a snug place in the army, he is willing to take it whether conferred vive voce or not.

The *Chronicle*, too, seems not only pleased with the part it played in the dirty business alluded to, but complains that we did not give it an earlier opportunity to do so. Keeping the message, it says, from the public, from the time we received it until we published it, is unpardonable, and remarks that the "*hub*" of the matter lies just there. This means that if we had issued the message the night we received it, it would have been far more convenient for the *Chronicle* and others who desired to steal it. Had we issued it "in time," our cotemporaries would have been spared the trouble and inconvenience of skulking about in the cold to secure a copy. Besides the joke of the thing would have been quite exhilerating: paying for a message, setting it up, and issuing it in the evening and all to oblige our neighbors. We issued it at our regular time of issuing our paper. The agent of the Associated Press having refused to send it, the public could not reasonably expect the message until it arrived by mail. So, our enterprise, instead of keeping the message from them twelve hours, was the means of furnishing it to them more than that length of time in advance. But if keeping the message for our regular issue be an offense so full of "*hub*," will the *Chronicle* tell us why it has been, ever since the war commenced, issuing three and four editions, when all the news it had could be given in its first? Why keep news received at 10 o'clock out of its first edition, in order to make a second issue, and keep news which should be in the second in order to manufacture a third. This is the *hub* we would like to have explained, and in explaining it we shall be under additional obligations if our liberal cotemporary will state whether or not it is to make "a few more dimes."

## NO SERIOUS TROUBLE AFTER ALL.

A correspondent, referring to the difference between the President and Secretary Cameron on the emancipation question, says:

"There was much excitement in Washington last evening over the modification of the report of the Secretary of War. It was rumored that the Cabinet was broken up on the question, the President demanding the modification of the report and the Secretary refusing to do so. This was nearly all exaggeration, as no quarrel or semblance of one occurred. The modification was consented to without any serious trouble."

Of course it was. The wily Secretary of War desired no quarrel that would lead to "unpleasant consequences." In the first place, he had no right to run counter to the President's opinions upon governmental questions; and even if he had, Secretary Cameron is not the man to exercise it. But the President announced no settled line of policy in relation to the extinction of slavery in connection with the war; he will be governed by circumstances as they arise. The Secretary, on the contrary, wished to be in the ring, at an early day, upon the irrepressible conflict, by announcing himself in favor of the most radical and decided measures. This is all he intended. As to the possibility of his differing with his chief to the extent of endangering his position, there can be nothing in politics, diplomacy or the science of government more inconceivable or remote. Gentlemen of the nicest sensibilities will not abandon snug Cabinet appointments without receiving several hints to do so. How then could the old veteran of caucus, convention and intrigue be expected to retire upon a mere punctilio? In the nervous language of another, he now exclaims—"I am not that man!"

## Contracts

The Washington correspondent of the *Evening Post* intimates that certain contractors, occupying high places in the government, are beginning to grow nervous in anticipation of certain developments. It says:—"The evidence taken by the House Committee of Investigation on Contracts is soon to be published, or a batch of it at least. Some of the developments will not be pleasant to certain important gentlemen. The fact that some of the printed testimony has been abstracted by the reporters of one or two journals was this morning brought before the committee, and, upon the promise of the offenders being given not to offend again, they were discharged with a slight reprimand. The business of stealing evidence from committee rooms should be made disreputable by the action of Congress, if the journals themselves will not put an end to it."

☞ The Democrats in Washington, says a correspondent, generally profess to be much pleased with the President's message. In private the President expresses himself as being undecided upon the slavery question. He says:—"This is a great question, and one that I do not feel competent to settle. Let Congress consider it—not passionately—not with reference to any political issues—but seriously and prudently, and then give me its advice either in the form of a resolution or a bill." This is precisely what Congress will do, but the question will not be hastily settled.

☞ Any one, says an English paper, who has ever seen the Sardinian army, "must personally entertain a favorable recollection of it. The men are singularly queer and well conducted. Drunkenness is almost unknown. Punishment, too is rare, and the discipline, though strict, is considerate. Whatever may be the evils of the conscription, it has the merit of bringing an educated class of men into the ranks, and then raising the *morale* of the whole army."

☞ Gen Halleck has published a general order which gives general satisfaction in Missouri. Hereafter nothing shall be taken from an individual except what is necessary for the transport and subsistence of the troops, and except he is actually in arms against the government, and such property must in all cases be taken by intelligent and responsible officers specially detailed for that purpose, who will give the owner a receipt.

## The Negroes on the South Carolina Coast.

LETTER FROM GENERAL DRAYON TO GOVERNOR PICKENS.

CAMP LEE, Hardeeville, Nov. 1, 1861.

*To His Excellency Gov. F. W. Pickens, Columbia, S. C.:*

SIR—At the request of your Excellency, made to me yesterday, at these headquarters, I have the honor of presenting my views of the present attitude and behavior of the negroes in this portion of the State, intrusted to my immediate command.—So far from their being any insurrectionary feeling among them, I can assure your Excellency that I have neither seen nor heard of any act of pillaging, incendiarism or violence in any direction.

It is true that the negroes of a few plantations have shown a spirit of insubordination by refusing to move further up the country when ordered to do so by their owners; but this disobedience should be assigned rather to a feeling of dismay and utter helplessness at being left alone and unprotected by the precipitate abandonment by their masters of their plantations than from any organized plan of resistance to the authority they were accustomed to obey.

But I now feel much satisfaction in stating, for the information of your Excellency, that the negroes are fast recovering from their fright, and coming forth from their hiding places, and quietly and submissively resuming their agricultural labor without the guidance or presence in many instances of either master or overseer.

In conclusion, I would respectfully advise that all planters and overseers who are not mustered into service, and are owners or agents of property upon the mainland, should, without delay, return to their several neighborhoods, and thus by their presence prevent a recurrence of that excitement among their people, which has been due in great measure to their absence.

With much respect, your obedient servant,

THOS. F. DRAYTON, Brig-Gen. Com.
3d Military District, Department South Carolina.

## Ex-President Buchanan on the Slidell and Mason Arrest.

A Lancaster correspondent, who has lately visited Mr. Buchanan, at Wheatland, says: "Reference was casually made to the Slidell and Mason arrest. This drew out from him a prompt regret that the Administration should be embarrassed by a new difficulty, now when everything seemed to be going along so favorably towards the overthrow of the rebellion. He hesitated not to say, that the prisoners would of course be given up as soon as the facts came officially before the Government. The ground of this opinion was the same that has been taken by others, namely: that the British flag was the same in its responsibilities on the sea the world over as it is on the soil of England. The men under it were entitled to its protection. Long, diplomatic, administrative, and executive experience would give to his opinion much weight, but it is fair to presume that he would have reflected more before expressing it in conducting a diplomatic correspondence. At least, from the appearance of the man, one may have a right to that impression."

## Aid for Ireland.

From the New York Evening *Post* we learn:

☞ Captain Adams, of Kingston Massachusetts, veteran shipmaster retired from active service, has willing to contribute one hundred barrels of flour toward a cargo of provisions to be sent to the starving poor of Ireland. The generous captain will likewise gratuitously command the vessel on her passage to and from that unhappy country, provided no speeches are to be made on either side of the Atlantic. This is a benevolent proffer.

There are so many natives of Ireland in this country, they have served us so well in the present war, and their relations with their kindred at home are so intimate, that whatever affects Ireland is universally felt in America. It seems to be certain that another famine has fallen upon her people; not a third of the potato crop will be secured, or, if secured, remain untouched by the rot; and the clergy are beginning to call for assistance.

It is properly the duty of the British nation to provide against the disasters of this infliction; but the spontaneous generosity of the American people will not be restrained by this consideration. Already, the charitable are moving, and one old sea captain proposes another expedition like that of 1847.

## PARAGRAPH NEWS.

December, the present year, will have two new moons and five Sundays.

The President is represented as paying much attention to the opinions of Mr. Holt, of Kentucky.

Mr. Ely, member of Congress, now a prisoner in Richmond, addressed a letter to the Clerk of the House of Representatives that he will occupy his seat in the House this winter.

Serious apprehensions are felt that the rebel privateer Nashville, at Liverpool, which burned one of the finest New York packet ships, will intercept the steamer Arago with Gen. Scott.

A fireproof and waterproof dress, stuffed with sponges sewed together, has just been invented by a Frenchman named Perret. It will enable the wearer to enter a burning building and remain several minutes.

Gen. Fremont's body guard was mustered out of service November 25th. When they were drawn up before Gen. Sturgis he remonstrated against depriving him of the services of so splendid a body of men.

The steamer Nashville will return from Southampton, England, with a very valuable cargo of supplies and munitions for the rebels. A southern gentleman has boasted that he has had a heavy venture in her.

The Montreal Gazette says that the mission of the United States Consul General in Canada, the Hon. Mr. Dorlan, to obtain a mitigation of the passport system in favor of Canadians going to Europe, has been successful.

The Result of Gen. Dix's Expedition into Eastern Virginia shows that the rebels are badly in want of ammunition, thinks of iron, pieces of machinery, old bedsteads and other varieties being pitched at us instead of cannon balls.

A boy wounded in both legs, on the battle field of Fredericksburg, unable to walk, was found in the woods singing the "Star Spangled Banner," but for which very unusual cure surgeons say they would have discovered him. He was brought off, and his wounds properly dressed.

Cuban Recognition—The President has recognized Charles H. Tenbrock as consul of Saxony at New Orleans, Gustav Schwabe as consul of Bremen at New Orleans, and Gustav Zeh as consul of Hamburg at San Francisco.

Letters received at Cairo state that the post-office at Leonard's Mills, on the lower Potomac, was robbed by a detective on Saturday, who bagged his booty of letters to and from Richmond.

Marriage Postponed—The marriage of Lieut. the prince with the Princess Wittgenstein, has been postponed by the Roman authorities, on the ground that the Princess has a husband living.

Sad Bereavement—Within one month five children of Mr. Matthew Cunningham, of Jefferson township, Fayette county, Pa., died of diphtheria. This included the whole family of children.

Failures and Suspensions—The Boston Commercial Bulletin's list of business changes in the United States gives five failures and suspensions in Boston, one in New York, four in Philadelphia, two in Baltimore, and thirteen in other places—a total of twenty-four for the past week.

## Mr. Russell's Last Letter.

The London *Times* of Nov. 15 contains one of Mr. Russell's famous letters, from which we make the following, and extract a few lines of special interest at the present time:

### The Affair at Edward's Ferry.

The affair at Edward's Ferry, as to which the papers write in very strong exaggeration in the shape of reports from officers engaged, looks as the matter stands very little more than a reconnoitre. The idea seems to be that the detachment was made in consequence of orders from a higher military authority. There can be no doubt concerning the delicate state of the relations between Gen. Scott and Gen. McClellan, and there is a bitter and scandalous insinuation which would fain ascribe the image in a [illegible] for past services and [illegible] in a place of large and the [illegible] shell in our combined [illegible] from [illegible] to say that Gen. Scott [illegible] the [illegible] substitution of the [illegible] for the present Commander-in-chief of the armies of the Potomac.

### The Cabinet and Foreign Powers.

[illegible] the Cabinet, composed of [illegible] of foreign powers is regarded as a supposition [illegible] thoroughly determined [illegible] in earnest spirit in prosecuting the war, that [illegible] they have the means of money of the states which are opposed to the last to resist the movement of force. This, however, not the least, states that the President and his cabinet are not influenced to a peaceful arbitration; and, from what I hear, I do not think it is at this moment the intention of accepting or asking for the intervention of a great European power, to may be under consideration. The conditions of such a settlement would be difficult; but, meantime, success in the war for operations as well give the North a better basis and a more commanding attitude. All the world wishes such a result as may secure a continuance of friendly relations and prosperity to both sides. May it come—*speed, speed, speed!* [illegible] But, come as it may, or how it may, the arbitrament can never reunite the fragments of the shattered mirror in which the goddess of American liberty used to survey her charms. A standing army, the suspension of the *habeas corpus*, the arrest of editors, the slavery of the press, confiscations and proscriptions—these stand between, and break the stream, either.

## The Mexican Expedition.

The London *Times*, in a leader on the Mexican expedition, thus alludes to the feelings of the United States with reference to it:

"The states of the American Union cannot but view the presence of the troops of France, England and Spain on the continent of North America, with feelings of mortification and distrust. England, so long leagued with the Monroe doctrine, and Spain, whose forfeit possession in the new world America has so long looked on as about to become her own, have announced their intention of doing themselves justice by an armed intervention without seeking the approbation of the United States. It is true that the convention reserves to the United States the liberty of joining with the three European powers, and that a sort of apology is offered for this course by the suggestion that if the convention were not immediately concluded its object might fail through delay. Still, it can hardly be conceived that, torn by intestine disorders, and wasting in mutual destruction that strength which was consolidated in support of their foreign policy, the United States occupy a less important position than in the days of their union and of their strength. No ungenerous advantage has been or will be taken of this, but it is impossible not to feel that a great nation is seeking to choke a rival; and that, considering the shortness of the time which has elapsed, and the small amount of bloodshed when it has undergone, its efforts have been crowned with a very considerable amount of success."

## Patti and Paddy.

When our little countrywoman Patti was in London she met with great kindness and admiration. But one night—her benefit at the theatre—after she had been pelted with bouquets—some enthusiastic person in the gallery, not having a posy handy, threw a large glass bottle on the stage, and the fragments scattered dangerously about the little Prima Donna, though fortunately not hurting her. She opened her black eyes with astonishment, exclaiming—"How strange! Was there anything in it?" and soon after left the theatre. When she reached the stage door another scene presented itself, which showed that the events of the night had not yet reached their grand climax. A street cab—(not a private vehicle [illegible] on such occasions)—had been provided for her, and when she made her appearance she found that the horse had been removed and the mob had attached ropes to the shafts. With the aid of these they dragged the vehicle from the theatre to the hotel, several of the ringleaders mounting on the roof and others clinging to the back. The shouts of the populace followed them to their destination, and when they arrived there they begged, or rather insisted, that Madlle Patti would address a few words to them from the balcony. This she very graciously agreed to do, and [illegible] her [illegible] the balcony, notwithstanding the drenching rain, she thanked her Dublin friends cordially for their generous patronage, and showered upon them the bouquets she had previously received from the audience.


BEFORE HAVING YOUR PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN,

USE THE MAGNOLIA BALM.

This elegant preparation renders the skin soft and fresh, imparting to it a marble purity. For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

A full assortment of Rouge (liquid and dry) Pearl Powders, Chalk Balls, Hobbs' Genuine Meen Fun, &c, always on hand de9

☞ NOTICE TO PHYSICIANS AND THE PUBLIC—ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS—Testimonial—T. ALLCOCK & CO., No 294 Canal street, New York, November 29th, 1859.—Gentlemen:—I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back, occasioned by suddenly over exerting myself. Having heard your plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one and the result was all that I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week.

Yours respectfully, J. G. BRIGGS,
Proprietor of the Brandreth House, New York.

There is nothing equal in the way of a Plaster to the Porous Plaster of Mr. ALLCOCK. In Asthma, Cough, Kidney Affections, and local deep seated pains, they afford permanent relief, and for weak backs, pains in the side, stitches, and spasmodic pains generally, they are unsurpassed for the benefits they impart. Price 25 cents each. Principal office, 294 Canal street, New York.

Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, Pa.
And by all respectable dealers in medicines. de7 1mdaw

UNDERTAKER.

☞ R. FAIRMAN, UNDERTAKER, sole agent for Fisher's Metallic Burial Cases, at S. R. BRIGGS' CABINET WAREROOMS, No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET. Residence, 218 Jacksock street, Allegheny City. Orders may be sent AT CHARLES' LIVERY STABLE, Allegheny City. se21-6md-2p

DIVIDEND—The Trustees of the MASONIC FUND SOCIETY have declared an annual dividend of SIX PER CENT, payable in cash to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after December 16th, at the office of the Treasurer, No 105 Wood street.
de4-3t A. M. POLLOCK, Sec'y.

CORONER'S OFFICE.—I have opened an office at No 50 St. Clair street, where I can be found from 7½ o'clock A. M. until 7 o'clock P. M. Sundays excepted, and at other times at my residence, corner Rook Lane and Rebecca streets, First Ward, Allegheny City.
de4 JOHN MOFFITT, Coroner.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CO., PA.,
Pittsburgh, Dec. 5, 1861.

☞ PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF a resolution of the Legislature of the Commonwealth of April 10, 1858, notice is hereby given to all persons desirous of procuring copies of the Acts of the next Legislature, to subscribe at this office for the same.

A few copies of the Acts of the last Legislature remain for those subscribing, and others.
G. Y. COULTER,
dec6-1aw3w County Treas.

☞ CITY CONTROLLER—THE UNDERSIGNED announces himself a INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE for the office of CITY CONTROLLER at the ensuing municipal election.
de6 CHARLES W. LEWIS

OFFICE OF THE CITIZENS INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, November 5th, 1861.

☞ AN ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN DIRECTORS of this company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office on MONDAY, 18th inst., between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m. (de6-td) SAMUEL REA, Secretary.

☞ ANNUAL MEETING—THERE WILL BE a meeting of the Stockholders of the NONPAREIL OIL COMPANY, on TUESDAY, December 10th, at 3 o'clock p. m., at the office of Lapsley & Bigrace, Custom House. Punctual attendance is requested. de6-4t

250 BALMORAL SKIRTS.

ALL COLORS AND PRICES

JUST OPENED AT

W. & D. HUGUS'.

The largest and most beautiful stock of

CLOAKS,

CIRCULARS,

—AND—

SHAWLS,

All of the NEWEST STYLES at

W. & D. HUGUS',

CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS.
de7

FOURTH ARRIVAL.

FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS,

NOW OPENING.

SHAWLS & CLOAKS,

NEW STYLES DRESS GOODS.

Double Width Victoria Reps, 25 cents per yard worth 50 cents. Double Width, all wool, Plaides 87½ cents. Black and Colored French Merinoes 50 cents. Cassimeres, Satinets and Tweeds. Grey Flannels, plain & twilled. Fullerton's plaid and White Flannels.

White and colored Canton Flannels. Prints, Ginghams and Checks. Yard wide Unbleached Muslins 10 cents; Grey Military Blankets; Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Needle Work and Hosiery, of all kinds.

☞ We have a full stock at low prices for cash.

C. HANSON LOVE.

74 Market Street
de7-daw

EYE

OR

EAR,

DEAFNESS,

SIGHT—HEARING.

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,

OCULIST AND AURIST.

Will remain in the city for only a LIMITED TIME LONGER. Dr. M. has sufficiently proved by his practice and operations during the last ten months that his success in restoring the Deaf to Hearing and the Blind to Sight, entitle him to the confidence of those who need his services, and the claims of SUPERIORITY in his SPECIALITY.

☞ To secure his SERVICES, all applications must be made at once.

☞ Office, No. 155 THIRD ST., between Grant and Smithfield. no28

I HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED A full assortment of

PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS,
PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS,
PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS,
PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS,
PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS,
PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS.

It is probable there is not an adult individual in the world who has not had occasion to apply plasters for pain in the chest, side, limbs, bowels, temples or back, for a sense of faintness or sinking at the pit of the stomach, attending Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Aromatic Affections, Colds, Coughs, Consumption, Female Weakness, etc. For these complaints there is no Plaster equal to Park's Prickly Plaster. The genuine article for sale at

At JOSEPH FLEMING'S
At JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
At JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
At JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
corner of the Diamond and Market st.
de7

EMBROIDERIES AT COST—

Clearing out sale of

FRENCH EMBROIDERIES & LACE GOODS AT

EATON, MACRUM & CO.'S,
de7 No. 17 Fifth street.

GREEN APPLES—100 bbls choice Green Apples received and for sale by
de7 HENRY H. COLLINS.

LIME—200 bbls fresh Lime for sale by
def HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CO-PARTNERSHIP—WE HAVE associated with us in the GLASS manufacturing business, ROBERT WALLACE and W. F. McKEE, the style of the firm to remain as heretofore, S. McKEE & CO. The co-partnership to date from 2d inst.
S. McKEE,
de9 2w JAS. McKEE.

SUGAR—
100 barrels Baltimore B. Coffee Sugar.
50 barrels extra C. Coffee Sugar.—In store and for sale by KEYSER & BROS.,
de9 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

*A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. People are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, settles on the lungs.*

*Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced down years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and throat affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.*

*Public Speakers & Singers*

*will find them efficacious for clearing and strengthening the voice.*

*Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine at 25 cents per box.*

de9-6m d&w

Iron City College

CORNER OF PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS!

OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

☞ Students enter at any time, and receive private instruction in all branches of study.

☞ For particulars call at the College, or send for a catalogue. de2-daw

WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL

THE GREAT CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS MEDICINE having made it the study of years to concentrate the life of the Pine Tree into a Medicine for diseases of the Lungs and Throat, is now offering to the suffering humanity the result of his experience. This truly great and good medicine is prepared with much care, the tar being distilled expressly for it, it therefore free from all impurities of common tar.

It has cured more cases of Consumption than any other remedy on earth.

It will cure BRONCHITIS.
It will cure ASTHMA.
It will cure SORE THROAT AND BREAST.
It will cure COUGHS AND COLDS, and is an invaluable remedy for diseases of the KIDNEYS and URINARY COMPLAINTS.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits. ☜

If you have the Dyspepsia use WISHART'S DYSPEPSIA PILLS, and if they do not cure you come to the agent of whom you purchased them, and receive your money.

Please call at his store and get a descriptive circular. A box of Pills sent by mail, post-paid on receipt of One Dollar.

No. 10, South Second street, Phila.
R. Q. C. WISHART, Proprietor.
Sold by DR. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street.
no9 1yeod

SUPERIOR TO "JANE EYRE",

PRICE, 25 CENTS ONLY.

FOR BETTER, FOR WORSE.

A CHARMING LOVE STORY.

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Superior to "Jane Halifax," "Jane Eyre," or "East Lynne," and is also the most charming Love Story published for years.

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Complete and unabridged edition is published in one large octavo volume, with large and clear type, and on fine paper.

PRICE 25 CENTS A COPY ONLY.

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MANUFACTURER OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

FURNITURE.

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture,

Constantly on hand, which we will sell at the lowest prices for CASH. my16:lyis

AN ORDINANCE REPEALING AN Ordinance relative to City Warrants, passed June 27th, 1859, and section sixth of chapter twenty seven of Revised Code, ordained and enacted October 6th, 1859.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That an Ordinance relative to city officers and city warrants, passed June 27th, 1859, and section sixth of chapter twenty-seven of Revised Code, relative to city officers and city warrants, ordained and enacted October 6th, 1859, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 5th day of December, A. D., 1861.

JAMES McCAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: R. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

A. G. McCANDLESS,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de7 2t

186 BALMORAL SKIRTS

BY THE STEAMER CANADA,

received this day and for sale at wholesale and retail by

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
de7 17 Fifth street.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS—

BOOTS, SHOES AND GUMS,

A large variety just received,

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS,

AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE OF

JOSEPH H. BOBLAND,
de7 98 Market street, 2nd door from Fifth.

REFINED OIL—30 barrels No. 1 for sale by
de7 HENRY H. COLLINS

COLT'S REVOLVERS, 6 SHOT—A fresh supply just received and for sale by
de7 BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood street.

BOY'S AND MEN'S SKATES for sale by BOWN & TETLEY,
de7 136 Wood street

LADIES SKATES just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY,
de7 136 Wood street.

1,000 PAIR SKATES for sale low by BOWN & TETLEY,
de7 136 Wood street.

5 GROSS HULL'S OLD PALM SOAP, just received and for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY Druggist,
no20 No. 69 Federal st. Allegheny.

500 BUSHELS and 100 BARRELS

FRESH WHITE LIME.

from ELDORADO WORKS, Blair county, Pa., just received at the

WHITE LIME DEPOT, LIBERTY STREET,

opposite the Metal Yard of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and for sale at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

☞ A liberal reduction made to those who buy to sell again.

☞ We ask for a trial of our Lime, and if it is not better than the Louisville article we will drag it back, and pay the purchasers 5 cents per bushel or 15 cents per barrel, for the troubles they may have had with it.

ROBERT H. CANAN & CO.

☞ We also warrant it to be cheaper at our prices than Grey Lime is at the prices at which it is sold in this market. de-1w

1861. DECEMBER. 1861.

HORNE'S HOLIDAY SALE.

PRICES MARKED DOWN.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

EMBROIDERIES and FANCY GOODS.

HAVING MARKED DOWN OUR STOCK, we are now prepared to offer very strong inducements to persons who desire to purchase goods. The assortment of EMBROIDERIES we have on hand now is very choice. Most of it was bought in large lots at prices very much lower than the cost of importation, and we have determined to close it all out at prices to suit the times.

CAMBRIC AND SWISS SETS, from 50c. to $5 00.
" " " COLLARS, very low.
EMBROIDERED CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, From 25c to 35c.
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, for 6c,
VAL. LACE TRIMMED COLLARS, for 25c., worth 55c.
INFANTS' ROBES, at very low prices.
" CAPS AND WAISTS.
LADIES' CHEMISES—a few left—to close out at less than cost of importation.
LINEN COLLARS AND SETS, very cheap.
PORTEMONIEAS AND CABAS,
A fine assortment, expressly for holiday gifts.
EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS—a large lot just received from New York, at panic prices.
WOOLEN HOODS, SONTAGS,
NUBIAS, SLEEVES, SCARFS,
SKATING CAPS, &c., &c.

JOSEPH HORNE,

dec4 77 MARKET STREET.

T. J. GRAFF.....PAUL HUGUS.....WM. GRAFF

Western Stove Works,

245 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH

GRAFF & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to their large stock of well selected

Cook, Parlor & Heating Stoves,

ALSO—IMPROVED

KITCHEN RANGES, GRATE FRONTS,

HOLLOW-WARE, &c., among which will be found the ☞ COAL COOK STOVES IN THE STATE. The

Diamond, Advance, Air-Tight, Eclipse, and IRON CITY,

Were awarded the FIRST PREMIUM at the State Fair for the BEST COAL COOK STOVES. Also FIRST PREMIUM awarded to the

TRUE AMERICAN, GLOBE & REPUBLIC,

For the BEST WOOD COOK STOVES NOW IN USE. The KENTUCKIAN and KANSAS Premium Stoves are unsurpassed. We call attention of DEALERS and BUILDERS to the largest stock of

GRATE FRONTS & FENDERS

IN THE STATE.

N. B.—We line the DIAMOND and ECLIPSE Coal Cook Stoves with Soap-Stone Linings, which stand the fire better than iron. oct28:6

THE FOLLOWING ARE VOLUNTARY statements from persons of respectability and truth, in this vicinity, who have been greatly benefitted by his remedies; some of whom would evidently have been in their graves ere now, if their diseases had not been arrested by Dr. Schenck's medicines:

**Case of Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia of Ten Years Standing.**

I have been suffering for ten years past from Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia. I heard of Dr. Schenck's coming out to Martin Koch's, and I thought I would go and see him, as my disease had increased in violence within the past two years, and I had been under treatment of several doctors from whom I received no benefit. In the early part of June of this year I went to see Dr. Schenck, and was examined by him with his "RESPIROMETER." I have been taking his *Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic* and *Mandrake Pills* since then, and I must say that I am greatly benefited by their use; indeed, I might almost say that I am well.

ANNA M. SMITH.
*Lowell, Poland tp., Mahoning co., Ohio.*
*October 31, 1861.*

I have been much benefitted by the use of Dr. Schenck's medicines.

RUFUS PARKER,
*Oct. 31, 1861. Poland, Ohio.*

**Case of Mrs. McConnell.**

I had been affected with Disease of the Lungs for four or five years, when I heard of Dr. Schenck coming to Martin Koch's. Previous to this time I had given up all hope of ever getting well, but Mr. Koch, whom I knew to have been cured by Dr. Schenck, urged my husband until he prevailed upon me to go and see the Doctor, who found both my lungs affected, the bronchial tubes were both diseased; when I breathed, they would rattle so that it could be heard distinctly.—I have now taken his medicines for some time, and find myself wonderfully improved, although not entirely recovered; I now find myself able to attend to most of my household duties, and have no doubt of my ultimate recovery. From the benefit I have received from Dr. Schenck's treatment, I would advise all persons similarly affected to apply to him when he makes his next visit.

JANE McCONNELL,
*Poland Township, Mahoning Co., Ohio.*
*Oct. 31, 1861.*

**Certificate of Jane Grist.**

I have been troubled for about two years with a pain in my breast. Late in the Spring of this year I heard of Dr. Schenck coming out to Martin Koch's, and I determined to call and see him, and get examined with his **Respirometer.** I did so, and also took all three of his medicines, according to directions, and I have been greatly benefitted. I hope, from the benefit already experienced, that it will not be long until I am entirely well.

JANE GRIST.
*Poland Township, Mahoning Co., Ohio.*
*Oct. 31, 1861.*

**Cure of Mrs. Warner.**

For about five years I had been affected with pain in the right side of my breast, and in hopes of getting relief, I had taken many different kinds of medicines, but found no benefit from them whatever. I then heard of Dr. Schenck, and the great cures he was performing with his treatment, and concluded to send to his Agent in Pittsburgh, Dr. Keyser for some of his medicine. Previous to taking it, I was so prostrated as to be unable to undress myself, or even to lay in bed; I was obliged to sit up in a chair in order to obtain any rest at all. After having taken Dr. Schenck's medicines, I heard that the Doctor was coming to Martin Koch's, and I determined to see him. I was already so much improved by the use of his medicine, as to be able to go over to Mr. Koch's, which is a distance of a mile from my house. The Doctor pronounced my disease to be **Bronchial Consumption and Liver Complaint,** with an adhesion of the Pleura to the ribs. I would moreover add, that I coughed almost continually, and spit up large quantities of matter daily. I took the **Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic** and **Mandrake Pills,** according to the Doctor's directions, and am happy to say that I am nearly well. ANNA WARNER,
*Unity Township, Columbiana Co., Ohio.*
*Oct. 29, 1861.* de1-daw

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.

WILLIAM HAZLETT

Has opened an office at

NO. 94 WATER STREET,

Where he will transact a general Steamboat Agency business, and would solicit a share of patronage from steamboat men. no30-3m

H. PHILLIPS.....J. A. M'KEE

M'KEE & PHILIPS,

GENERAL COOPERAGE,

AT THEIR NEW FACTORY ON

Fayette Street,

Between Hand and Wayne streets,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

☞ We are prepared to furnish Coal Oil, Whiskey, Ale, Molasses and Pork BARRELS, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

OIL REFINERS.—6 casks superior paint for oil barrels, making them perfectly tight, for sale very cheap by
se14 HENRY H. COLLINS


## AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $5,00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1,00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 15 cents.

THIS EVENING.

Great success of the new pantomime entitled the

HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.

Clown.....Mr. Maffit

Previous to which the

ROBBERS.

Charles De Moor.....Wm. Henderson

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES

PENN STREET, NEAR ST. CLAIR

MONDAY EVENING,

The performance will commence with a laughable farce in which FANNY DENHAM and W. A. ROUSE will appear.

After which dancing by

M'LLE LOUISE.

Songs by IDA DUVAL.

Negro delineations by Messrs. DAVIP, HART, FITZGERALD and DOUGHERTY.

Acrobatic feats and balancing by KIRBYE & SON

The whole to conclude with

LE BAL MASQUE.

Slim Jim.....J. L. Davis.

SCALE OF PRICES—Private Boxes $1,50; Single Seats in Boxes 75 cents; Parquette 15 cents; Gallery 10 cents.

Doors open at 6¾. Curtain rises 7¾.


NATRONA OIL.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING this article, which for brilliancy in burning, freedom of offensive odor, and transparency of color, (which color we warrant not to be changed by age or exposure,) is unsurpassed by any illuminator in this or Eastern markets. As a profitable Oil to the consumer, we can specially recommend it. Also, our manufacture of

CAUSTIC SODA,

Used by all large Soap Makers and Oil Refineries which excels 10 per cent. in strength all the make of English Soda brought to this country. Our manufacture of

SAPONIFIER, OR CONCENTRATED LYE, SALT, &c.,

Are so well and favorably known, we trust the mention is sufficient.

All orders and inquiries will be promptly attended to by addressing

GEORGE COLHOUN, Agent.
Penna. Salt Manufacturing Company,
no18:lyd&wis 24 Wood street, Pittsburgh

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE ASSOCIATED with them under date February 6th, 1861, Mr. R. SIEDLE, of the late firm, REINEMAN & SIEDLE. The business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE, at our old stand, No. 42 FIFTH STREET.