The Daily Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING::::::::::::::NOV. 8.

For Afternoon and Midnight Telegraph and Local News See First and Third Pages.

DICTATOR FREMONT.

When we reflect for a moment that the immense body-guard of Fremont in Missouri was an organization of his own creation, and that it was composed of a daring and reckless set of California adventurers, upon whom Fremont squandered millions in the way of contracts, we can readily appreciate the "guard's indignation at the reception of the news of their chief's dismissal. These fellows were bound to Fremont, because they received through him opportunities to plunder. They were no better than banditti, and their indignation now is but the spleen of baffled burglars. That these desperate men should talk of proclaiming their discarded General "Dictator of the West" is not at all surprising; but we apprehend that the threat will not be considered at all alarming. The army of the West are not the creatures of Fremont; they owe him nothing; but his body-guard is his, exclusively, appointed by him without consulting the government. These disappointed adventurers and the abolition politicians of the country, are the only ones at all distressed at Fremont's removal. He never was fitted for so important a command—he never gave the slightest evidence of being able for it, and the Administration made a blundering experiment when it appointed him. Instead of demonstrating military ability since he took command, he has shown none at all, and yet the abolition politicians are lamenting his removal a thousand times more than they did over the retirement of the old veteran Scott. To suppose that the people of the West are so blinded by this man as to harbor the remotest idea of joining him in a crusade against their government is, in our judgment, simply preposterous. There are none so reckless as that, except a few filibusters who are always on hand to engage in any desperate and lawless undertaking. We conclude, therefore, that the *Gazette* and the *Dispatch*, of this city, will not have to regret the uprising of the Western people to follow Fremont in any enterprise he may undertake against the legitimate authorities of the Union.

Our Relations with Europe.

The tenor of the late news from Europe is that while the rebel emissaries are unceasing in their efforts to influence public sentiment in France and England in favor of the South, and argue that the blokade should be broken by these nations in order to relieve the increasing distress in the manufacturing districts, yet there is a growing sentiment against such a course, and a better appreciation of the benefits to be derived from observing strict neutrality during the war. In England, the tone of the press is decidedly against any recognition of the Southern Confederacy, which, it is argued with truth, must necessarily involve a war with the North, and the consequent failure of obtaining a supply of cotton—if, indeed, such a course would not utterly destroy the sources of supply for years, by inducing a great social revolution in the condition of the slaves. The efficiency of the blockade is a source of much complaint; but the growing conviction seems to be in favor of observing the Queen's proclamation of neutrality, and letting us fight the matter out amongst ourselves.

In France the popular feeling is once more with the North, though the semi-official journals grumble ominously.—Louis Napoleon, however, is too keen an observer of the signs of the times to outrage the democratic tendencies of the French people, by provoking a quarrel with us for the sake of a party of conspirators against liberty and the rights of humanity.

Important Military Changes.

Since the retirement of the veteran Gen. Scott, it s understood some important military changes have been made. No alteration will take place in the programme of the campaign, which meets General Scott's unqualified approbation. Thirty-nine out of forty officers favored General McClellan taking command of the army without regard to precedence in rank. Gen. McClellan finds very little time for sleep. He is hard at work day and night. He is much annoyed by people at a distance writing him frivolous letters, evidently for the purpose of obtaining his autograph. He has no time to answer nonsensical letters. He is not in want of any further assistance on his staff, and applicants can save themselves much trouble by not writing for such positions.

From the Lower Potomac.

A gentleman who arrived in Washington on Tuesday, states that our troops are erecting formidable batteries at important points along the Maryland side. The rebels are watching our movements evidently with much anxiety. The rebel ferry-boat *George Page* is now rendered useless to them. She is completely blockaded in Quantico creek. A number of vessels are reported to be still at the mouth of the Potomac. The rebel batteries daily fire across the river, but do us no harm. Their communication with the Maryland shore, which has been of great advantage to them, is now entirely cut off. A schooner is reported to have passed Mathias Point last night. Large reinforcements of Federal troops have arrived in the vicinity of Port Tobacco. The health of the troops is most excellent. But very few are on the sick list.

CHARLES ANDERSON, brother of Gen. Robert Anderson, lately concluded to sell out and remove from Texas to Kentucky. He started from San Antonio, and proceeded toward Mexico. When twenty-seven miles out on his journey, he was overtaken by a detachment of rebel cavalry, sent for the purpose by Colonel H. E. McCulloch. Mr. Anderson is now a prisoner, but his family proceeded to Ohio.

LATEST FROM THE SOUTH.

From the Richmond *Enquirer* and Norfolk *Day Book* we select the following Southern items:

DAY OF FASTING.

The 15th of November has been designated by the Hon. Jeff. Davis as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer in the Confederate States.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

Over $50,000 worth of clothing has been received at Richmond, voluntarily contributed by citizens of the Confederate States for the benefit of the soldiers.

PRISONERS OF WAR.

On Saturday last there were 1,711 prisoners of war in Richmond. In the last 16 days the prisoners there had eaten up $2,600 worth of beef. Since the war commenced 2,685 prisoners have been brought to Richmond. The conduct of those taken near Leesburg is well spoken of by the *Enquirer*. On Monday last 250 prisoners were to leave Riemond for Columbia, S. C.

FIGHT NEAR SAVANNAH.

A dispatch dated Savannah, November 2d, says there was a fight below that city, originating in consequence of the federals attempting to burn a vessel aground on Warsaw Beach. The attempt failed and the federal frigate left.

THE STORM.

A dispatch from Charleston reports the late storm as exceedingly violent along the whole Southern coast.

The Norfolk *Day Book*, of Monday, says:

A very severe storm of wind and rain, accompanied with thunder and lightning, began on Friday night last and continued until Saturday at noon. The wind blowed most terrifically, sweeping down trees, fences, &c., in its course, and if they were within reach of it must have had a most serious effect on the fleet which lately sailed from Old Point. We learn that the various camps near the city suffered very severely. The flies were torn off and scattered, but at one time it was thought every tent would be blown down.

FROM ARKANSAS.

This state is rapidly filling the call for 5,000 volunteers. The difficulty among the Creeks is not yet settled. Advices from Ft. Smith report the smallpox raging there.

DEFENSE OF THE COAST OF TEXAS.

The Galveston *Civilian* says that General Hebert has from eight to ten companies offered him daily for the protection of that city and vicinity. They are, however, chiefly mounted men, whereas infantry are required. It is expected he will have ten thousand men by the 15th inst.

GENERAL WISE.

The Norfolk *Day Book* of Monday says:

Gen. Wise is still confined to his room, but he is convalescent, and receives a large number of visitors. The Wise Legion will be withdrawn from Western Virginia, and another sent to replace it, but its future destination is unknown. Breckinridge wants to take it with its fighting commander, to Kentucky, but Wise thinks the enemy have serious designs on North Carolina, and prefers to go there. Wherever he goes the enemy will meet a "Cœur de Lion."

RECRUITING IN KENTUCKY.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 4th inst. contains an extract from the Louisville *Courier* of the 29th ult. stating that recruiting for the Union cause is an entire failure in portions of the State alluded to. It says Owen, Bourbon and Clarke counties have failed to respond, and attempts to form regiments for the Lincoln service at Lexington, Harrodsburg, Nicholasville and Lebanon have been unsuccessful so far. Even in Louisville recruiting drags heavily.

PASSPORTS.

The Richmond *Enquirer* announces that it is extremely difficult to obtain a passport to leave the Southern Confederacy, or to pass through the lines on any pretense whatever. In some cases the privilege has been denied British subjects, and their only alternative was to declare themselves "alien enemies" in order to effect their purpose, and not in every instance was a passport then granted, the authorities being more guarded than heretofore about granting passports to persons who may desire to leave the State.

RUMORS AND SPECULATIONS.

The Richmond correspondent of the Charleston *Mercury*, of a recent date, says:

Among the *on dits* and floating rumors, I mention the following: Gen. Toombs is said to have said there will be no fight at Manassas until next spring; there is enough tobacco in England to last two years; ten thousand bales of cotton are at a certain point in Florida waiting for the Yankees.

THE PLANTERS.

The Vicksburg *Whig* exhorts the planters of the South to prepare for the coming year by raising pork, beef, mutton, etc., such things as will sell and enable planters to pay taxes. It says it can see no prospect that the blockade will be opened, and thinks there will be no peace until the South shall invade the North, which must be done next year.

The Memphis *Appeal* of the 19th complains bitterly that farmers in the neighborhood of Columbus, Ky., are not permitted by the military authorities to send their corn, wheat and other products to the Memphis markets. As a consequence wheat and flour were becoming extravagantly high. A meeting of merchants was to be held to take measures to correct the evil.

THE WAR IN ARIZONA.

The Mesilla *Times* of the 12th ult., says an extensive campaign is to be made against the Indians as soon as it is known what the movement of the Federal troops are to be. The *Times* says several companies will be kept in the field, and the war must be one of extermination.

The *Times* gives the details of the murder of the six men near Pino Alto, Arizona, by the Apaches. They had gone from the Hanbover mines in search of stock. Eleven other men had been sent out in search of the six missing persons and it is feared they too have been murdered.

The *Times* announces that the Federal troops had abandoned Fort Craig.

FORTIFICATIONS AT FORT COLUMBUS, KY.

A letter to the New Orleans *Crescent*, from Columbus, Ky., dated the 16th of October, says the fortifications there progress slowly, but the indications are that Columbus will yet be made a Gibraltar in point of strength. There are big guns and guns enough mounted there. The writer says he is forbidden to speak of the strength of the place, but he thinks that precaution useless, as the adroit spies of the enemy, together with their gun-boats observations, place them in possession of all the intelligence desired. The regiments there work on the defenses six hours each day.

FLAG OF TRUCE.

On the 1st inst., Mrs. L. Hutchinson, of Norfolk, Mrs. Magraw, of New Orleans, and several Confederates taken prisoners at Hatteras, but subsequently released on taking the oath not to bear arms against the Federal government, arrived at Norfolk from Fortress Monroe under a flag of truce.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Norfolk *Day Book* announces with a flourish that large numbers of counterfeit notes on the Bank of Camden, S. C., were found in the trunks of the Indianians taken at Chickamicomico. It says the original plates are in the hands of Northern people, and it has no doubt that Federals have printed great numbers of the notes, with the design of flooding the South with the worthless trash.

The Norfolk *Day Book* is printed on brown wrapping paper. It is the only paper printed in Norfolk, and says, as bad as the paper is, it has not enough of it to print more than one-fourth of its edition on. It has hopes however, of being able to get a supply of white paper in a few weeks.

The free market in New Orleans, for the supply of the needy families of soldiers and poor people generally, has proved a great success. At the last opening of the market supplies were furnished for from six to seven thousand impoverished citizens.

Gen. Bragg, having been informed that the prisoners in the Sata Rosa affair would be sent to New York, sent over the paymaster to pay off the men for their full terms.

The New Orleans *Crescent* says there is a large demand for gold in monetary circles there, which is sent over into Kentucky for the purchase of supplies for the South.

A bill providing that bankers and brokers shall not charge more than five per cent. for coin has been brought forward in the Tennessee Legislature.

The *Enquirer* has raised the flag of Davis and Stephens, whose re-election it favors.

There is a great scarcity of printing paper at Richmond, and the *Enquirer*, in consequnce has cut off all subscribers who are in arrears.

From the Louisville Democrat.

News from the Mountains--Zollicoffer Thrashes one of his Spies.

LONDON, Oct. 31st, 1861.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The Union forces are fortifying an eminence at London, commanding a view for miles in every direction. The rebels are yet at Barboursville, but they will return for another battle. The rumor is they are expecting reinforcements. Our force at London is about ——, and will be increased to some extent in a few days, according to rumor, which I think may be relied on. Rumor says a man named Smiffer, living on the road a few miles this side of London, always viewed a low character, is said to have been employed as a spy by Zolly. He reported correctly to him the strength of our camp, which was at that time only Garrard's 200 or 300 Home Guards. On their retreat, after their disastrous defeat, believing that Smiffer had given them false information, Z. tied him up and gave him about 100. I expect that this or something like it is correct. We had the pleasure of seeing and hearing, for a few minutes, that patriot and giant in intellect, Hon. Andy Johnson, on his way to London. SIGNET.

SOMERSET, Nov. 1, 1861.

There will be two regiments of soldiers pass through here to-day for Camp Hoskins, at the river. The river is five miles below Somerset, between Burksville and Somerset. The Union army, in the Cumberland Gap road, are after Zollicoffer with a sharp stick. L.

Another Horrible Tragedy--A Mysterious Murder of a Booklyn Man.

Another tragic affair, quite as startling in its character as the recent murder of Feliner in New Jersey, which still occupies the public attention, but, as yet, enshrouded in mystery as to the perpetrator or cause, was brought to light on Sunday morning last at Fishkill Landing, N. Y. The New York Times has the following account of it:

At about seven o'clock on Sunday evening last, the body of Philip Augustus Embury was found at Fishkill, a few rods from the railroad depot. An examination was made, when it was ascertained that he had been murdered, having received a fatal stab in the back with some long, sharp instrument, which passed nearly through the body, and must have caused instant death.

The deceased was a son of Daniel Embury, Esq., President of the Atlantic Bank, Brooklyn, N. Y. It is supposed that he took the 5 o'clock train from N. Y., on the Hudson River railroad, Saturday evening, and arrived at Fishkill at about 7½ o'clock. He has been in the habit of visiting frequently the family of a friend some distance back from the village, going up on Saturday and remaining there till Monday morning. The family have generally sent a carriage to the depot to receive him, but on this occasion they neglected to do so, under the supposition that the violent storm prevailing would prevent him from making the visit. Unfortunately, as it proved, he did not reach Fishkill, and it is supposed that, finding no carriage there, he started for his friend's house on foot, and had not proceeded far before he fell by the hands of an assassin.

The object of the murder is veiled in mystery. It was not for plunder, for the carpet bag which deceased carried was at his side, and his watch and money were found upon his person. The wound inflicted undoubtedly produced instantaneous death, for there were no evidences whatever of any struggle. The severe storm of Saturday night favored the designs of the assassin, and also accounts for the fact that the body was not discovered before Sunday morning. The deceased was twenty-five years of age, and was much esteemed by a large circle of friends in Brooklyn.

The Newburg News says:

Young Embury has for some time past been paying his addresses to a daughter of Mr. W. S. Verplank, whose residence is some two miles from the Landing, and he came up in an evening train from New York in order to make her a visit.

The deceased was a young man of fine personal appearance, and of high character. His mother was the well-known authoress. The young lady to whom he was betrothed was brought down on Sunday morning to see the body, and the scene is described as heart-rending in the extreme. Of course, a variety of surmises are afloat as to the motive for the murder, but as yet all is enveloped in mystery.

GENERALS SMITH AND LANDER.—General Smith has recovered from his recent illness, and is now in the field again. General Lander is still confined to his house from his wound, but is slowly recovering. It will be weeks, however, before he will be able to resume active service in the field.

THE PRESENT FOR COLONEL BAKER.—A magnificent horse, valued at six hundred dollars which was to have been presented to Colonel Baker on the very day on which he was killed, has been sold to the Duke de Chartres, of General McClellan's staff.

BLACK JOHNSON.

A GENUINE CHARACTER.

BY DR. S. COMPTON SMITH

I was engaged many years ago, in connection with an old friend, in stocking a sheep farm in Harrison county, Texas, and was on my way to the west, to purcnase a large flock of an old Mexican settler, with whom I had been in correspondence.

I journeyed along pleasantly enough till, on reaching a settlement on the upper Brazos, I was somewhat disturbed by the report of a hunting party of Kioways, who had followed the buffaloes into the range, through which my trail would lead me, my destination being the old "Spanish colony" on the Leon.

It was then that I was forcibly reminded of the stories I had heard of the prowess of a famous hunter, called Black Johnson, who had often "wiped out" scores of enemies, single-handed, and who was the most terrible man in all that region of terrible men. It occurred to me that then would be a capital time to fall in with Black Johnson, and have him for a travelling companion. But I had to push on alone.

I had passed the buffalo range in safety, and there was not an Indian, I supposed, within leagues of me, when one evening, being encamped on the narrow strip of timber skirting a small spring brook, my horse broke from his tether, and escaped from me into the open prairie. This made it necessary for me to leave my shelter in pursuit of him. I hadn't gone far when I heard a distant whoop, and scanning the wide plain, perceived five horsemen riding at a fast gallop towards me, and was startled at the discovery of their being Indians.

I lost no time in reaching the spot where I had left my rifle and pistols, and immediately proceeded to take such hasty measures for defense as I could.

Where I had made my bivouac, the stream formed a small curve, and ran deep between its banks. I instantly availed myself of this fortunate lay of the ground, and snatching up my weapons, took my position behind the bank, which reached above my breast, and awaited the approach of the savages.

It was not long before they were upon me. But ere they had discovered my position I had leveled my trusty rifle, and dropped the foremost Indian from his saddle. Seeing this, the other painted devils, letting fly a volley of arrows, dismounted from their beasts, and filling the little grove with mad yells, charged upon my hiding-place.

I had now nothing but my two single barreled pistols remaining, and no time to re'oad my rifle. But as the savages dashed toward me I gave them a shot from one of the pistols, and snatching up my rifle again, as if it contained a charge, leveled it upon them. This ruse checked them for an instant, and they sought the cover of the small growth, from which they directed their guns upon my shelter, waiting only for a sight of my head to fire.

Twice I drew three shots by the old artifice I had somewhere read of, of raising my hat upon the end of my rifle. But the cunning savages soon detected the cheat, and springing from tree to tree pressed closer and closer upon me. They were extremely wary in their movements, however, and were careful not to expose any portion of their painted carcasses to my aim. It was at this point of the fight that I withdrew my empty rifle, and was hastily charging it, while my remaining pistol was deposited at hand upon the top of the bank, when I heard a cautious and stealthy tread along the bottom of the brook in my rear.

So startled was I at this unexpected addition to my enemies, that in my agitation I let the powder fall from the palm of my hand to the ground. I knew the four Indians were still in front of me in the thicket, for they could not have reached the stream unperceived by me.

Nearer and quicker approached the steps behind me, and I now was about to leap upon the bank, and giving up all as lost, throw myself upon the fire of the savages in front. I had sprung upon a decayed log for that purpose, when a powerful grasp was laid upon my shoulder, and I was borne to the ground.

Before I could perceive my new assailant, a voice whispered in my ear, "Keep down, stranger, or them are varmints 'll make daylight shine through yer brain-pan! I reckon you and I'll be good for them red cusses."

And before I could recover from this sudden surprise, the new comer raised a long double-barreled rifle, and fired twice in quick succession, and I knew by the mingled yells of pain and rage that followed, that each shot had taken effect.

The next instant the stranger leaped past me up the bank, and was engaged in a hand to hand struggle with the two remaining savages.

He made short work of it, for before I could reach the spot he had them at his feet, and was in the act of stripping their paint-bedaubed scalps from their skulls. This done, he turned to the savages he had shot from beneath the bank and served them in the same way, and then made a finish of them with his knife.

"I reckon, stranger, that 'ere other scalp of right belongs to you," said he, as he pointed with his dripping blade to the body of the savage I had dispatched before his opportune arrival.

"Are there any more of the varmints about?" inquired my rescuer, as he deliberately proceeded to wipe out and recharge his rifle. "Here's one, two, three, four, five on 'em; is that all?"

"Yes," said I; "there were but five of them. And now, my friend, I must thank you, for your timely aid, without which I am sure I should not now be among the living."

"What would you thank me for, stranger? Why, it's my bis'ness to kill the red varmints! I've followed it all my life; and I reckon I'd rather do it than eat, any time. Cuss 'em! they wiped out my poor old father, and only sister; and I owes 'em a grudge that thar scalps can't satisfy. I seed the varmints making a dash for the bottom here, and I knowed they wan't arter no good. I reckoned they'd scented you out—for I'd diskivered yer trail two days ago—and I knowed a lone traveller'd be sure to draw the varmints out; and so I followed arter yer."

(CONCLUSION TO-MORROW.)

CURRENT NEWS.

THE sudden rise of the Potomac has floated down to Washington a number of bodies of soldiers drowned in the Ball's Bluff battle. On Sunday five bodies were recovered, and on Monday thirteen. They have been buried in a becoming manner.

FRIENDSHIP, Love and Piety ought to be handled with a sort of mysterious secrecy; they ought to be spoken of only in the rare moments of perfect confidence—to be mutually understood in silence—Many things are too delicate to be thought; many more to be spoken.

THE Earl of Aberdeen has converted a large portion of Argyle House into a school for 60 boys. The boys are to be clothed and fed by the Earl. The most destitute are to be admitted, the only qualification being that of poverty.

SEVERAL cases of small-pox have appeared on board the Potomac flagship Harriet Lane. Two were sent up in the Herbert, and the Powhattan has gone to the Arsenal wharf to receive others brought up on the Mt. Vernon.

ZOLLICOFFER is an ex-editor, but probably he had more *leaded matter* in his column on the night of the 21st than he expected.—*Louisville Journal.*

ABOUT thirty Parrot guns are turned out at the West Point foundry now per week. Four hundred and fifty men are employed in the manufacture of these guns, as also in forming projectiles.

ANOTHER EXPEDITION.—The next excitement on the tapis is the expedition which is now getting up under the auspices of Maj. Gen. Butler and Brigadier Gen. Burnside. It is to be composed mainly of New England men, and will strike in an unexpected quarter.

THE PONY Express ceased running on the 27th of October.

DIED.

On Wednesday, 5th inst., at 5¼ o'clock, A. M., KETURAH A., daughter of Capt. B. C. Reno, of Allegheny city, in the 20th year of her age.

The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock this (Friday) morning, from the residence of Capt. B. C. Reno, Isabella street, to proceed to St. Mary's Cemetery. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

NOTICE TO PHYSICIANS AND THE PUBLIC—ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS—Testimonial—T. ALLCOCK & CO., No. 294 Canal street, New York. November 29th, 1859.—Gentlemen:—I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back, occasioned by suddenly over exerting myself. Having heard your plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one and the result was all that I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week.

Yours respectfully, J. G. BRIGGS, Proprietor of the Brandreth House, New York.

There is nothing equal in the way of a Plaster, to the Porous Plaster of Mr. ALLCOCK. In Asthma, Cough, Kidney Affections, and local deep seated pains, they afford permanent relief, and for weak backs, pains in the side, stitches, and spasmodic pains generally, they are unsurpassed for the benefits they impart. Price 25 cents each. Principal office, 294 Canal street, New York.

Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, Pa. And by all respectable dealers in medicines. no7:1mdaw

To Consumptives.

The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescriptions to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings county, New York. oc1:daw

MANHOOD. HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope Price 6 cents. *A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical* Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the *Green Book, &c.*

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by DR. CH. J. C. KLINE, se6-3md&w 127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box. 4586

SYRINGES, Glass, Metal, and India Rubber, the largest assortment in the city, at the lowest prices may be found at SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, and dealer in Choice Family Medicines, no4 cor. Smithfield and 4th sts.

UPHAIM'S PILE ELECTUARY—A certain cure for Piles, either internal or external. Sold by SIMON JOHNSON, Druggist, and dealer in choice Family Medicines, no4 cor. Smithfield and 4th sts.

UNDERTAKER.

R. FAIRMAN, UNDERTAKER, sole agent for Fiske's Metallic Burial Cases, at R. R. BULGER'S CABINET WAREROOMS, No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET. Residence, 218 Lacock street, Allegheny City. Orders may be left AT CHARLES' LIVERY STABLE, Allegheny City. se21-6md-2p

HEADQUARTERS MULLIGAN GUARDS, No. 100 Grant street, opposite Cathedral. The Company is fast filling up, those wishing to join must call soon. M. K. NOLAN, JOHN STEWART. oc4

MECHANICS BANK, Pittsburgh, October 16th, 1861. AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, the 18th proximo, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M.

A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th at 10 o'clock A. M. oc17-1m GEO. D. M'GREW, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH, October 18th, 1861. AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, November 18th, 1861, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th at 11 a. m. oc19-1m H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

CITIZENS BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 18th. AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, 18th day of November, proximo, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 10½ o'clock a. m. GEORGE T. VAN DOREN, oc19-1m Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, October 17th, 1861. AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on the 18th of NOVEMBER, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. J. W. COOK, Cashier.

The annual meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 10 o'clock a. m. oc18-td

THE IRON CITY BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, October 17th, 1861. AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18th, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, at 11 o'clock a. m. oc18-1m JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

OFFICE EUREKA INSURANCE CO., Pittsburgh, November 1st, 1861. AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at its office, in Sagaley's Building, Water street, on TUESDAY, November 12th, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m. no1-td ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY, November 1st, 1861. AN ELECTION FOR THREE DIRECTORS to serve for the ensuing three years will be held at the Bank on MONDAY, the 11th inst., between 11 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. no2 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, November 1st, 1861. An Election for thirteen Directors of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Office, No. 92 Water street on TUESDAY, the 12th inst., between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. [no2td] F. M. GORDON, Secy.

CITIZENS' BANK, Pittsburgh, November 5th, 1861. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 15th inst. no6-tf GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, Pittsburgh, November 5, 1861. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 15th inst. no6-tf J. W. COOK, Cashier.

THE IRON CITY BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, November 5, 1861. THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK HAVE this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives after the 15th inst. no6-3t JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

MECHANICS' BANK, Pittsburgh, Nov. 5th, 1861. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 15th inst. no6 tf GEO. D. M'GREW, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, Nov. 5th, 1861. THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK HAVE this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months. Stockholders or their representatives will be paid on or after the 15th inst. no6-tf H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1861. AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this company, held this day, a dividend was declared of THREE DOLLARS per share, upon each share of the Capital Stock subscribed, payable forthwith. no5 1w ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.

November 5th, 1861. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF the WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pittsburgh, have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS per share, payable to Stockholders on or after the 10th inst. F. M. GORDON, Secretary. no6-td

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, November 5th, 1861. THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 15th inst. no6-3dltw JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PA., Pittsburgh, November 4th, 1861. TO ASSESSORS AND ASSISTANT ASSESSORS.—Blank Books for the Triennial Assessment for 1862, are now ready for delivery at the office of the County Commissioners.

The provisions of the law fixing the time for Assessors to make their returns will be enforced, and in all cases where the assessments is not completed and the books not filed in the proper office previous to the first day of February, 1862, the penalties fixed by the Act of Assembly will be exacted. no5-2td-1tw HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

ETNA STOVE WORKS.

A. BRADLEY,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

(corner Second, Pittsburgh,)

Manufacture and wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds of

Cook, Parlor, and Heating Stoves, Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c.

In our sample room may be found the "CELEBRATED GAS BURNING COOK STOVES," EUREKA AND TROPIC, the merits of which have been fully tested by thousands, and the Stoves pronounced unequaled by any in this market; together with a great many other desirable patterns.

We have also a very large assortment of PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES, embracing some of the BEST PATTERNS now offered to the public.

FANCY ENAMELED GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS, of the newest styles. Common Kitchen Bow and Jam Grates, all of which are offered at very low prices.

Special inducements offered to builders in want of GRATE FRONTS. no6:6m

NEW GOODS AT W. & D. HUGUS'.

NEW GOODS AT W. & D. HUGUS'.

NEW GOODS AT W. & D. HUGUS'.

OPENED THIS MORNING

A large assortment of BLACK AND WHITE, BROWN AND WHITE SQUARE AND LONG WOOLEN SHAWLS,

Also, a beautiful new style STRIPED SHAWLS.

W. & D. HUGUS.

no6 corner Fifth and Market streets.

NEW GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

Our stock of EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS, Flowers, Woolen Hoods &c.,

Having been increased this week by fresh accessions from the New York auctions and from the Importers bought for cash, we are now prepared to offer very choice and desirable goods at the very lowest price they can be bought for in this market. Ladies will find choice

Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs, at about half the usual price. Hoop Skirts and Corsets, all kinds, Woolen Ribbed Hose, Woolen Hoods, Scarfs, Nubias, Sleeves, Skirts, Sontags, beautiful styles, &c., Gloves, Gauntlets and Mitts, Merino Undershirts and Drawers, Wool and Silk Undershirts and Drawers, Shaker Flannels, Wrappers and Drawers, Grenadine and Berage Veils, &c.

Country Merchants, Milliners and Peddlers are especially invited to examine the goods in our Wholesale Department.

JOSEPH HORNE,

no2 77 MARKET STREET.

JAMES H. CHILDS & CO. HOPE COTTON MILLS, Allegheny City, Pa. MANUFACTURERS OF SEAMLESS BAGS, AND OF OSNABURGS, 32 Inches to 40 Inches Wide.

Orders may be left at H. CHILDS & CO'S, 133 Wood Street, Pittsburgh. oc31:lyd

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, Wholesale and Retail by R. E. SELLERS & CO., no23-ly-eod corner Second and Wood sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PA., Pittsburgh, November 7th, 1861. TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, the 14th inst., for the erection of a Bridge over Plum Creek, near Millertown, on the line between the townships of Plum and Penn. Span fifty feet. Stone work to be done by the perch of twenty-five feet. Wood work by the foot lineal.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the County Commissioners.

By direction of County Commissioners. no8-3td HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

FREMONT IS RECALLED—WAR will be prolonged, therefore go to BRANT'S GUN SHOP, NO. 4, FIFTH STREET, opposite the Hay Scales, and supply yourselves with fire arms. He has Guns on hand cheap. Repairing done and warranted. no8 1t

GENTS CALF, Double Sole Boots, Gents Kip Boots, Youths Calf and Kip Boots. CHEAP!!! CHEAP!!! CHEAP!!! AT NO. 15 FIFTH STREET. D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

FEATHERS—250 lbs. prime Goose Feathers, just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, no8 corner Market and First streets.

CRANBERRIES—12 barrels prime Cranberries received and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, no8 corner Market and First streets.

APPLES—200 bbls. choice varieties of Apples received and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, no8 corner Market and First streets.

VENISON—1 saddle weighing 80 lbs, very choice, just received by express. JAMES A. FETZER, no8 corner Market and First streets.

RENT—$10 per month for a two story dwelling of six rooms, situate on Sixth street between Smithfield and Grant streets. Immediate possession given. S. CUTHBERT & SON, no8 No. 51 Market street.

NO. 11, ROSS STREET—For rent a large house of ten rooms. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON, no8 No. 51 Market street.

PRICE $1,250 for a three story brick dwelling house situate on Pike street, Pittsburgh. S. CUTHBERT & SON, no8 51 Market street.

HOPS—6 bales Prime Hops for sale by (no8) HENRY H. COLLINS.

CHEESE—300 boxes, first quality, Cutting Cheese, for sale by no8 HENRY H. COLLINS.

BUTTER—13 kegs Butter received and for sale by (no8) HENRY H. COLLINS.

CARBON OIL—20 barrels No. 1 received and for sale by no8 HENRY H. COLLINS.

NOTICE POSITIVE.

OWING TO THE PRESENT STATE of the country, DR. F. A. VON MOSCHZISKER'S STAY IN PITTSBURGH has been prolonged beyond his original intention. He therefore begs to give

POSITIVE NOTICE

to those who wish to consult him either for DEAFNESS, Or any Malady of the EYE OR EAR, TO DO SO AT ONCE, AS OTHER ENGAGEMENTS and the repeated invitations to visit some of the neighboring cities in the State, will oblige him to absent himself some little while from the city.

EYE AND EAR. DR. VON MOSCHZISKER, OCULIST AND AURIST.

Gives his entire attention to the treatment of the DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR REQUIRING MEDICAL OR SURGICAL TREATMENT.

OFFICE, **155 THIRD STREET,** BETWEEN SMITHFIELD AND GRANT STS.

N. B.—Call at once to consult DR. VON M. no7

LECTURES. Rev. J. M'KENDREE REILEY, D. D., Formerly Pastor of Christ M. E. Church in this city will deliver a course of two lectures at CONCERT HALL, on TUESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS, the 12th and 14th inst.

Subject—"APOCALYPTIC FORESHADOWINGS OF AMERICAN HISTORY," or "THE TIMES BY PROPHECY."

The first showing apocalyptic indications of the uprising of our nationality, and the second, by the same light, mapping out the present Rebellion with its connection and results.

Most of the views presented in these lectures are original, and can not fail to interest at the present turmoil and important juncture of our national affairs.

Tickets for the course 50c.; single tickets 25c., to be had at the door, hotels, music and book stores.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture to commence at 7½. no7.5t

CHECKS—CHECKS OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY are offered for sale at the office of the WESTERN PENITENTIARY. no2-2m JOHN BIRMINGHAM, Warden.

ILLUSTRATED EDITION. ONLY 25 CENTS. 500 copies more of GREAT EXPECTATIONS. This splendid and cheap edition of DICKENS' LAST AND BEST WORK, have been received at HUNT'S NEW STORE, MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET. Remember this is the illustrated edition complete, for ONLY 25 CENTS. no4

DRESS TRIMMINGS, Velvet Ribbons, Velvet Buttons, Crotchet Fringes, Cloak Trimmings, Eugene Bodices slightly damaged for 37½c. Gilt Belts for 25c., worth 75. Linen Sets for 50c., worth $1,25. Mechanic and French Corsets, Hoop Shirts, Ladies and Gents Gloves and Hosiery, Ladies Silk and Merino Undergarments, Gents Merino Shirts and Drawers, Woolen Hoods, Nubias, Gaiters and Armlets, Fancy Knit Shawls, Woolen Yarns, Zephyrs, Shetland Wool, &c., CHEAP FOR CASH at CHARLES GIPNER'S, 78 MARKET STREET. no8

PETRONA OIL WORKS. LONG, MILLER & CO., Works at Sharpsburgh Station, Allegheny Valley Railroad. Office and Warehouse 23 Market Street, Pittsburgh. Manufactures of Illuminating and Lubricating Carbon Oils and Benzola. No. 1 REFINED OIL, WARRANTED NON-EXPLOSIVE, always on hand. oc24-ly