The Daily Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

SATURDAY MORNING.....OCT. 26.

For Afternoon and Midnight Telegraph and Local News See First and Third Pages.

Sale of Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Rail Road.

On Thursday this Road was sold, at Cleveland, under an order of the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Ohio. The sale was made by John Ferguson and Thos. E. Walker, Trustees and Master Commissioners, to J. F. D. Lanier, Esq., for $2,000,000, that being the highest of the four bids which were made for the property.

Mr. Lanier made the bid for the Purchasing Committee (Lanier, Thomson, Hanna, Tilden and Meyer) heretofore appointed by the parties in interest.—The Court confirmed the sale the same day, and the purchase money was at the same time paid over to the Receiver to await the order of distribution by the Court.

We learn that the purchasers will take actual possession of the Road on the 1st of November, and then proceed to the formation of a new company as fast as practicable, under an act of Assembly of this State. The style of the new corporation will be the "Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company," the only change from the old one being to designate the track as a way, instead of a road.

GEN. FREMONT.

Although the public service required the sacrifice, we rather sympathize with the "woolly horse" pathfinder than otherwise. He had a delightful time of it in his position in St. Louis and his removal will go hard with him for some time to come.

When the rebellion first broke out, the arithmeticians in the service figured our expenses at "a million a day," but Fremont spent more than that every day since he took charge in Missouri.—The fact is, "he was carrying on for himself," although he operated with Uncle Sam's resources. Leaving office after having so magnificent a time of it, will be rather inconvenient to the proprietor of Mariposa; but like other unfortunates who have luxuriated in snug places, but who are now tasting the "sweets and uses of adversity," he must content himself with the recollection of what a splendid time he had while in command of the Western division. Fremont should not have waited to be turned out; when he found the Blairs after him so furiously, backed by the Cabinet at Washington, he should have gracefully bid good evening and retired down stairs, and not waited to be shoved into the street. It is thought that two weeks ago the President had made up his mind upon the propriety of Fremont's removal.

Loyalty in Eastern Virginia.

Information received from a variety of reliable sources in Eastern Virginia go to show great discontent among the people and in the camps. The management of the so called Southern Government does not meet the approbation of the masses. While it subjects them to all sorts of sacrifices and privations, it bestows no advantages in return. It is now confidently believed that, but for the presence of the Southern army, Eastern Virginia would be willing to return to the Union. The troops who arrived in Loudon county the other day, belonging to Gen. Banks' division, were well treated by the inhabitants.

Should General McClellan succeed in the coming battle, there is no doubt but that the rebel government will evacuate for a more Southern locality, and that the Old Dominion will, like the other border States, seek protection from the general government against rebel aggression.

The First Battle.

It is now generally conceded, says the New York *World*, that the first great battle in the advance will probably take place at Centreville. The rebel army is massed between that point and Bull Run in force. From the cautious manner of McClellan's advance they see that it will not do to give up Centreville heights without a struggle, as they may be used to shell the batteries on the old battle ground. From the present rate of advance, it may be a week before Gen. McClellan reaches that point. There may, however, be a dash in another direction as a diversion, but it now looks as though there will be a series of battles—at Centreville, Bull Run, and Manassas. With equal bravery and even less men our immense advantage in rifled cannon and arms ought to give us the victory.

A Short Campaign.

The telegraph tells us that Col. Wilson has resigned the command of the 22d Massachusetts regiment, and Capt. Saxton, of the regular army, has been appointed his successor. Nobody will regret this change, since it gives the services of a valuable officer to the country, instead of the "word of promise" only of Col. Wilson. But we must remonstrate against the whole proceeding by which this U. S. Senator has made use of his official and party influence to raise men, whom it was constantly alleged he was to lead to the field, and whom he now leaves at the very outskirts of the camp. It is neither more nor less than a sheer imposition. The public has been bubbled into a sort of artificial enthusiasm about Col. Wilson's regiment—one of our cotemporaries, we remember, during the process of recruiting declared him "the most popular man in the State;" a splendid charger was procured for him by subscription; regimental colors were formally presented to the troops, under his auspices; and yet, so soon, the whole, so far as he is concerned, turns out as usual, to have been "words—words."

Conviction of Smith, the Jeff. Davis Pirate.

The telegraph announces the conviction of Smith, one of the pirates of the Jeff. Davis, at Philadelphia. The crime of piracy is punishable by death. The following points were submitted by Smith's counsel, Mr. Harrison, in his opening for the defence:

First, If the Confederate States of America is a Government, either *de facto* or *de jure*, it had a right to issue letters of marque and reprisals; and if issued before the commission of the alleged offence, that the defendant, acting under the authority of such letters, would be a privateer, and not a pirate, and, as such, is entitled to be acquitted.

Second, That if at the time of the alleged offence the Southern Confederacy, by actual occupation, as well as acts of Government, had so far acquired the mastery or control of the particular territory within its limits as to enable it to exercise authority over and to demand and exact allegiance from its residents, that then a resident of such Confederacy owes allegiance to the Government under which he lives, or, at least, that by rendering allegiance to such Government, whether on sea or land, he did not thereby become a traitor to the Government of the United States.

Third, That, if at the time of the alleged offence, and the issuing of the letters of marque and reprisals upon which the defendant acted, the Courts of the United States were so suspended or closed in the Southern Confederacy as to be no longer able to administer justice and to enforce the law in such Confederacy, that the defendant thereby became so far absolved from his allegiance to the United States as to enable him to take up arms for and to enter the service of the Southern Confederacy, either on land or sea, without becoming a traitor to the Government of the United States.

Fourth, That, if at the time of the alleged offence and his entering into the service of the Southern Confederacy, the defendant was so situated as to be unable to obtain either civil or military protection from the United States, whilst at the same time he was compelled to render either military or naval service to the Southern Confederacy, or to leave the country; and, in this event, to have his property sequestrated or confiscated by the laws of the said Confederacy, that such a state of things, if they existed, would amount, in law, to such duress as entitles the defendant here to an acquittal.

Fifth, That this Court has no jurisdiction of the case, because the prisoner, after his apprehension on the high seas, was first brought into another district, and ought to have been there tried.

Appointments in the Army.

Capt. John G. Foster, of Engineers, to be Brig. General, to report to Gen. Burnsides. Capt. Foster was at Fort Sumpter.

Lieut. Col. J. A. Hardie, to be an Aid-de Camp to Gen. McClellan.

Lieutenant Charles E. Hay, of the Third Regular Cavalry, to be an Aid de-Camp to General Hunter.

Walter S. Parker, to the Second Lieutenant of Fourth Infantry.

Carle A. Woodruff, to be Second Lieutenant of Second Artillery.

Edward D. Muhlenberg, to be First Lieutenant of Fourth Artillery.

The following are appointed Assistant Adjutant-Generals, with the rank of Captain: William H. Scheler, Frederick Kneffer, Carrol H. Potter, Jas. C. Montgomery, Nathan Reeve

The following are appointed Brigade Surgeons: Drs T. F. Azpell, R. C. C. Cost, T. Hamond, G. Grant, C. B. Chapman, J. G. Keenan, W. H. Mussey, C. W. Jones, Geo. Burr, W. M. Chamberlain, Robert Koskoten, S. L. Pancoast, Nathaniel R. Moseley, F. H. Gross, Thomas Reiley.

The following to be Assistant Army Surgeons: Wm. A. Bradley and Geo. P. Jaquetta.

From the St. Louis Republican.

Opening the Lexington Wound

ST. LOUIS, October 21.

MR EDITOR: The Democrat of to-day compliments Col. Mulligan's bravery at the expense of his judgment. Its excuse is the one already advanced by the Chicago Tribune for a similar discrimination, viz: that the Colonel "should have retreated from Lexington when he discovered that he was about to be assailed."

Now, sir, I am one of those who know something about the Colonel's reasons for making the stand he did, under the circumstances, and I believe that if those newspaper writers were only so well acquainted with both the reasons and the man, they would come to the conclusion that Mulligan has as clear and fertile an intellect, and a little more knowledge of a soldier's obligations, than the best of them. I can state positively, that the Colonel, before leaving Jefferson City under orders to march on Lexington, was fully aware of the advance of Price towards the latter place, and in such force as to render it impossible that the Major General would send him forward without following him up with a strong force. I can state positively, that the Colonel on leaving Jefferson City, considered he was sent merely as an avant courier to occupy Lexington and to attract the attention of the detached State troops in front, whilst the converging columns of the Federals should have time to gather on their flanks and rear in effective numbers. I can state positively, that he regarded his appointment to the command of the post, so soon after the disgrace and dismissal of two or three running and treaty-making Colonels on duty on the North Missouri, as the initiation of a series of contemplated movements, having in view the holding of that place, under every possible condition of circumstances. I can state positively, that those reasons all sufficiently strong to justify him looking to headquarters for the policy and developments which his orders seemed to foretel, and these alone, caused him to stay in Lexington, to further what he considered meant a military combination, or could have no possible meaning if it were not.

The fact is—and every military man will concede it—if Mulligan should have been sent, under the circumstances known at headquarters in this city, to Lexington, it should have been intended that he would stay there, or on the other hand, if it were not so contemplated, he should not have been sent at all.

For one, sir, I hold Mulligan had no right to expect a retreat from Lexington was an open resource to him, and I hold besides, that the more Mulligan is attempted to be written down on his Lexington business, for certain purposes, the more will the said Colonel escape such a sacrifice before an enlightened and therefore appreciative public, who expect Colonels to obey orders, fight bravely, and presume that they are not themselves in chief command, but mere agents of a capable and comprehensive Major-General.

ANTI-HUMBUG.

Who Gen. Halleck is.

The inquiry is in everybody's mouth, who is General Halleck, who rumor says is to succeed General McClellan in command of the army of the Potomac. The following account of him, which we find in an exchange paper, is the only information we can obtain.

General Henry Wager Halleck is one of the four Major Generals of the United States army. He was born in New York and entered the Military Academy as a West Point cadet in 1835. He stood third in the class, and was brevetted Second Lieutenant of Engineers in 1839. He was Acting Assistant Professor of Engineering at the Military Academy from June, 1839, to June 1840. In 1841 was the author of a military work on "Bitumen and its Uses," &c. Appointed First Lieutenant in January, 1845.

In 1846 he wrote a work entitled the "Elements of Military Art and Sciences." In 1847 was brevetted Captain for gallant conduct in affairs with the enemy on the 19th and 20th days of November, 1847, and for meritorious service in California. Was Secretary of State of the province of California in the military governments of Generals Kearney, Mason and Riley, from 1847 to the end of 1849.

He was Chief of the Staff to Commodore Shubrick in naval and military operations on the Pacific coast in 1847 and 1848, and was a member of the Convention in 1849 to form, and of the Committee to draft, the constitution of the State of California. In July, 1853, he was appointed Captain of Engineers, and resigned on August 1, 1854. He now appears as a Major General, his commission bearing date August 19, 1861.

What Has Been Done in Six Months.

Six months ago the great conspiracy of the Southern aristocracy bloomed out into open rebellion. Let us review the months which have passed since the day of Sumter, and see what we have done. Six months ago we had not 600 soldiers within reach of a defenceless capital. To-day we have probably two hundred thousand armed on the line of the Potomac, and another hundred thousand in the West. Six months ago we had not arms to put in to the hands of seventy-five thousand volunteers; to-day we have muskets, cannon, and every supply in abundance for four times the number. Six months ago we could neither feed nor move an army of five thousand men; to-day every department of our military organization is complete, and we can make war across the continent. Six months ago we had not a dozen ships at hand; to-day we number our navy by the hundred, and are guarding a coast line of more than two thousand miles. Six months ago the Government could scarcely borrow a few hundred thousand at twelve per cent.; to-day twelve millions of people lend it fifty millions at par. Six months ago the question was would the people support the Government; to-day the only question is whether the Government will support the people.

Americans in Paris—The Wife of Lieut. Gen. Scott.

[Correspondence of the London Star]

PARIS, Saturday, Sept. 28, 1861.

Among the Northerners now at Paris is the wife of Gen. Scott. She had a very narrow escape of being among the passengers in the Great Eastern when that steamer met with its latest and most serious accident. Her passage was actually taken, and she was on the eve of setting out when an American gentleman, whom Gen. Scott had requested to come all the way from New York to be her escort over the Atlantic, arrived at Paris, and having some matters to arrange here, which would cause a delay of two or three days, she was obliged to defer her voyage for a few days and has not since been able to leave Paris. Mrs. Scott is in a very delicate state of health, and quite a martyr to nervousness. She is not able to read the newspapers till some friend looks over them, assures her that there are no evil tidings from the North, and that nothing has happened to any member of her family, of which her husband is not the only one who has taken up arms in defence of the Federation. Close to the house in which Mrs. Scott is staying lives another American lady, of some celebrity in her country—Mrs. Ritchie, who is better known as Mrs. Anna Cora Mowatt. This lady, who is of Northern birth and education, retired from the stage on her second marriage with a wealthy Southern planter. She is still remarkably pretty as well as peculiarly fascinating in her manners, and although past middle age, does not look a day older than she did fourteen years ago; nor is the slightest token of advancing years to be seen in her hair, which still preserves the beautifully burnished look, and would be remarkably luxurious even for a young girl. There are also some near relations of Gen. Johnston among the Americans here, who, however, are not less anti-slavery than any of the Beecher family.

The Future Queen of England.

Those who have an interest in the conjugal fate of the Prince of Wales will be pleased to know that the Princess Anna of Denmark, one of the ladies spoken of as his destined bride, is just fifteen, very fair, with a most brilliant complexion, and lovely fair hair, clustering in thick curls about her neck and shoulders. Her Royal Highness has been most carefully brought up, and is possessed of a most splendid musical talent, cultivated to its utmost extent by the first masters in Europe. Altogether, she is considered one of the most accomplished princesses in Europe; and her portrait, in white muslin, with blue ribbons, and a single rosebud in her golden hair, long formed one of the greatest attractions of Giroux's exhibitions at the Boulevards. The Princess of Hesse Darmstadt is not so well known, but is described as being fair and comely, with chesnut hair, and is not only the beauty of the family, but is remarkable for great sweetness and amiability of disdosition, and is also slightly "blue." The Grand Ducal Palace, at which the Princess Alice is to reside, bears the reputation of a little paradise on earth, because of its undisturbed harmony.

SNUFF AND TOBACCO.—The consumption of snuff and tobaccco has increased so considerably of late years in France that the Government has found it necessary to increase the number of its manufactories. It is proposed to create an additional imperial establishment at Dijon. The choice of that town is explained by its proximity to the newly annexed province of Savoy, where tobacco is cultivated on a large scale.—There are, at present, ten imperial tobacco manufactories, directed by graduates of the Polytechnic School. They employ not less than eight thousand operatives during the entire year.

THE Philadelphians have got up a splendid sword for McClellan—pearls and diamonds on the hilt and a silver American eagle siezing a golden rattlesnake.

THANKSGIVING

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF PENNA.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:
In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pensylvania, ANDREW G. CURTIN, *Governor of said Commonwealth.*

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Every good gift is from above and comes down to us from the Almighty, to whom it is meet, right and the bounden duty of every people to render thanks for His mercies: Therefore I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do recommend to the people of this Commonwealth, that they set apart

THURSDAY, 28th OF NOVEMBER NEXT,

as a day of solemn Thanksgiving to God, for having prepared our corn and watered our furrows, and blessed the labor of the husbandman, and crowned the year with His goodness, in the increase of the ground, and the gathering in of the fruits thereof, so that our barns are filled with plenty; and for having looked favorably on this Commonwealth, and strengthened the bars of her gates and blessed the children within her, and made men to be of one mind, and preserved peace within her borders; Beseeching Him, also, on behalf of these United States, that our beloved country may have deliverance from those great and apparent dangers wherewith she is compassed, and that He will mercifully still the outrages of perverse, violent, unruly and rebellious people, and make them clean hearts, and renew a right spirit within them, and give them grace that they may see the error of their ways and bring forth fruits meet for repentance, and hereafter, in all godliness and honesty, walk in His holy commandments, and in the submission to the just and manifest authority of the republic, so that we, leading a quiet and peaceful life, may continually offer unto Him our sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg, this sixteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the commonwealth, the eighty sixth. A. G. CURTIN.

BY THE GOVERNOR:

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HULLIHEN'S
HULLIHEN'S
HULLIHEN'S
PARISIAN TOOTH PASTE.
PARISIAN TOOTH PASTE
PARISIAN TOOTH PASTE.

Prepared from the original recipe by Dr. Brentlinger, of Wheeling, and recommended by Dr. J. F. Hullihee, of this city, as being the only true and genuine article of this Paste now before the public. Sold by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist
and dealer in choice Family Medicines,
oc-21 6md-2p cor. Smithfield and Fourth sts.

BROCKEDON'S BI-CARBONATE OF SODA PILLS—Designed especially for the cure of SOUR STOMACH and HEADACHE, arising therefrom—they are prepared by Professor Brocksion, of London from the pure Bi-Carbonate of Soda, and their great success since their introduction here, by the subscriber, proves them to be, for the above complaints, without an equal. Sold by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
and dealer in Choice Family Medicines.
oc21 cor. Smithfield and 4th sts.

R. FAIRMAN, UNDERTAKER, sole agent for Fiske's Metallic Burial Cases, at R. R. BULGER'S CABINET WAREROOMS, No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET. Residence, 213 Lacock street, Allegheny City. Orders may be left AT CHARLES' LIVERY STABLE, Allegheny City.
se21-6md-2p

To Consumptives.

The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescriptions to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings county,
oc1:daw New York

FOR FEMALES GENERALLY.—The Brandreth Pills cannot be too highly spoken of. They remove all obstructions, give energy and strength; cure the distressing headache unfortunately so prevalent with the sex; depression of spirits, dullness of sight, nervous affections, blotches, pimples, sallowness of the skin, are all removed, and a juvenile bloom and general sprightliness indicate the power and healthfulness of BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Ladies, at delicate periods, will find them invaluable; they are the best medicines for mothers and children, and cure worms and restlessness.

Let it be remembered that BRANDRETH'S PILLS are easy in their operation, and yet unite mildness with efficiency, and require no alteration of diet during their use.

Mrs. Morgan, corner of 15th street and Union Square, New York, was dying apparently of CONSUMPTION. She was given up to die by her physicians and all her friends, but after using BRANDRETH'S Pills for a few weeks the cough left her, and she began to regain her strength, and is now able to attend to her duties, and feels sure of soon attaining robust health.

Mrs. Wilson, of No. 32 Beach street, New York, has cured Dyspepsia, Small Pox, Measles, Dropsy and Typhus Fever, and all Headaches and Bilious Diseases, with BRANDRETH'S Pills, will be pleased to answer any questions.

Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, Pa,
And by all respectable dealers in medicines,
oc8:1mdaw

THE GREAT TEST OF ALL CHEMICAL preparations is analysis, and CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, which imparts the most superb blacks and browns, has passed the ordeal. See Dr. Chilton's certificate declaring it free from deleterious ingredients. Bear in mind the fact that no other hair dye has been officially tested and pronounced pure and safe. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.
oc7:dawlm GEO. W. KEYSER, Agent

MANHOOD.
HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope
Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the *Green Book, &c.*

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by DR. CH. J. C. KLINE,
se6-3mdaw 127 Bowery, N. Y., Post Office Box, 4586

U. S. ARMY—WANTED IMMEDIATELY for the SIXTH REGIMENT U. S. CAVALRY, REGULAR SERVICE.—A few more able-bodied men, between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-five. Pay ranges from $14 to $23 per month, according to the rank of the soldier. Each man will be furnished with a good horse and equipments, ample clothing and subsistence. Quarters, fuel and medical attendance free of charge. The pay of each soldier commences as soon as he is enlisted.

By an Act lately passed the term of enlistment is changed from five to THREE YEARS, and every soldier who serves that time is entitled to

$100 BOUNTY and 160 ACRES OF LAND

from the Government. Attention is drawn to the fact that the Government has wisely commenced to promote soldiers from the ranks. Advancement is therefore open to all.

For further particulars apply at the Recruiting Office, NATIONAL HOTEL.

HENRY B. HAYS,
Captain, Sixth Regiment U. S. Cavalry,
se6 Recruiting Officer.

HEADQUARTERS 3D BATTALION 18TH REGIMENT U. S. INFANTRY,
PITTSBURGH, September 23, 1861.

TO THE YOUNG MEN OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.—I am ordered to recruit the 3d Battalion of the 18th Regiment United States Infantry in Pennsylvania, and now appeal to you to show your patriotism by entering the service of your country in this fine Rifle Regiment, to consist of 2,452 men.

The pay is from $13 to $34 per month, with abundant food, clothing, and all necessaries. Every soldier of the regular army is entitled, besides pension if disabled, and bounty of One Hundred Dollars when honorably discharged, to a comfortable support if sick or disabled, in the "Soldier's Homes" established by the government.

Immediate provision made for uniforms, arms, equipments, rations and transportation for all who enlist. One-third of the company officers will be taken from the ranks. No better opportunity is offered to spirited young men for good treatment and fair chances for promotion. For full information apply to Lieut. ROBERT SUTHERLAND, at the Rendezvous, No. 64 Fourth street.

WILL. A. STOKES,
se23 Major 18th Reg't U. S. Infantry

FOR THE WAR—THE BRIGADE OF Colonel W. H. LAMON, the late law partner and friend of the President, is not quite full, and men will be received either as companies, parts of companies or as individuals, and have the choice of the branch of service which they prefer, either as Artillery, Infantry or Cavalry.

A portion of the Brigade is now in active service. This is a chance rarely met with, as the Brigade will be a favorite one. From the date of enlistment men will be subsisted, paid and clothed. Apply at the stable of R. H. PATTERSON,
at the Red White and Blue, Smithfield st.,
oc15-1m opposite the Postoffice

PITTSBURGH, SEPTEMBER 17th 1861.—In accordance with the annexed order, the undersigned has opened a Recruiting Office, to fill the Eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps to the maximum standard. All the allowances, pensions, &c., are guaranteed to the recruit

ORDER.

HEAD QUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Washington, September 14, 1861.

SPECIAL ORDERS, NO. 56.

9. Major John W. Duncan, Pennsylvania Reserve, is detailed on the recruiting service for his Regiment, and will report to the Adjutant General of the Army for instructions. One non-commissioned officer will be detailed to assist him.

By command of Maj.-Gen. McCLELLAN.
S. WILLIAMS, Asst. Adjt.-Gen.

Apply to JOHN W. DUNCAN,
Major 8th Regiment, Recruiting Officer.

Recruiting Offices, Kennett House, Diamond and Alderman Gwston's office, 4th street, opposite Mayor's office. se18

HEADQUARTERS MULLIGAN GUARDS, No. 100 Grant street, opposite Cathedral. The Company is fast filling up, those wishing to join must call soon. M. K. NOLAN,
JOHN STEWART.

MECHANICS BANK,
Pittsburgh, October 14th, 1861.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, the 18th proximo, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 2 P. M.

A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th at 10 o'clock A. M.
oc17-1m GEO. D. M'GREW, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 18th, 1861.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, November 18th, 1861, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th at 11 a. m.
oc19-1m B. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

CITIZENS BANK,
Pittsburgh, Oct. 18th.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, 18th day of November, proximo, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 10½ o'clock a. m. GEORGE T. VAN DOREN,
oc19-1m Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK,
October 17th, 1861.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on the 18th of NOVEMBER, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 2 o'clock p. m. J. W. COOK, Cashier.

The annual meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 10 o'clock a. m. oc18-td

THE IRON CITY BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, October 17th, 1861.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18th, between the hours 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, at 11 o'clock a. m.
oc18-1m JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE PENN'S INSURANCE CO., OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, October 11th, 1861.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS Company are hereby notified that the annual election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office, No 63 Fourth street between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and one o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 4th day of November, 1861.
oc12-dtno4 I. GRIER SPROUL, Secretary.

MECHANICS AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK,
PITTSBURGH, October 12th, 1861.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Bank will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 12 o'clock M.

The annual election for Directors will be held on Monday, November 18, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. [oc14] W. H. DENNY, Cashier.

A FEW MORE GOOD MEN WANTED TO fill Company A, LOCHIEL CAVALRY, now in Camp Cameron, at Harrisburg, to leave with Lieut. SULLIVAN, on WEDNESDAY, October 23d, and go immediately into camp. Apply to GEORGE MORRIS, Agent,
oc22-2t at Red Lion Hotel, St. Clair street.

BLACK AND WHITE
WOOL SHAWLS
Just opened at
W. & D. HUGUS'.

RED AND BLACK PRINTS
Just received at
W. & D. HUGUS'.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,
All of the newest patterns at
W. & D. HUGUS'.

FANCY STRIPED
FRENCH SHAWLS,
In dark and light colors, at
W. & D. HUGUS'.
oc22

T. J. GRAFF.....PAUL HUGUS.....WM. GRAFF

Western Stove Works,
245 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

GRAFF & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to their large stock of well selected
Cook, Parlor & Heating Stoves,
ALSO—IMPROVED
KITCHEN RANGES, GRATE FRONTS,
HOLLOW-WARE, &c., among which will be found the BEST COAL COOK STOVES IN THE STATE. The
Diamond, Advance, Air-Tight, Eclipse, and
IRON CITY,
Were awarded the FIRST PREMIUM at the State Fair for the BEST COAL COOK STOVES. Also FIRST PREMIUM awarded to the
TRUE AMERICAN, GLOBE & REPUBLIC,
For the BEST WOOD COOK STOVES NOW IN USE. The KENTUCKIAN and KANSAS Premium Stoves are unsurpassed. We call attention of DEALERS and BUILDERS to the largest stock of
GRATE FRONTS & FENDERS
IN THE STATE.
N. B.—We line the DIAMOND and ECLIPSE Coal Cook Stoves with Soap-Stone Linings, which stand the fire better than iron. ap18:ss

EMBROIDERED SETTS,
Linen Setts,
Lace Setts,
Embroidered Collars,
Lace Collars,
Mourning Collars,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs
Hem Stich do
Mourning do
Jaconet Edgings,
Jaconet Inserting,
Jaconet Flouncing,
Infant's Capes and Waists,
Infant's Embroidered Robes,
Ladies' Embroidered Skirts,
Dress Trimmings
Dress Buttons,
Velvet Buttons,
Crotchet Fringe,
Guipure Lace,
Hoop Skirts and Corsets,
Woolen Hoods,
Fancy Knit Shawls,
Woolen Yarns, &c.,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
CHARLES GIPNER,
78 MARKET STREET.
oc22

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY TAX PAYERS SHOULD BEAR IN mind that the City and Business Tax, and Water Rents, remaining unpaid on the first day of November next, will then be placed in the hands of collectors, on which five per cent. will be added for collection.

Also, the fourth instalment of the Paving is due, and if not paid by the first of December next will then be placed in the hands of the City Solicitor for collection.

The State Mercantile Tax is likewise due and must be paid without further delay to save costs.
oc26-td J. M. OKELY, Treasurer.....J. WEAVER, Jr., Secy.

1861.
SOLAR OIL WORKS COMPANY,
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
NO. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET,
[near the bridge, Pittsburgh.]

HAVING LOCATED IN THE midst of the Oil Regions, and possessing superior advantages, we respectfully tender our services to Oil dealers and consumers. We manufacture, and keep constantly for sale, the most desirable LUBRICATING AND BURNING OILS, from our own works.

"Solar Burning Oil No. 1," is a pure white illuminator, odorless and perfectly freed from all volatile and explosive matter. "Solar Burning Oil No. 2," is a light amber color, equally pure and inexplosive.

"Solar Machine Oil No. 1," is distilled and deodorized, and is the finest quality of machine oil now in use—equal to the best Sperm or Lard Oils. "Solar Machine Oil No. 2" is superior to any of the No. 1 natural Lubricating Oils hitherto sold in this market; free from water, acids and grit.

We introduce these oils with our trade marks to the markets of the United States and foreign countries with perfect confidence, as we feel assured that their excellence will bring them into general use. Our Oils will give satisfaction. They are manufactured by scientific chemists, under the most approved process; will always be of a uniform quality, put up in handsome package, and shipped in the best condition. Orders solicited. Advances made on consignments. Special attention given to filling orders for Crude Oil, in large or small lots—Lamps and wicks, of all descriptions, supplied, wholesale to the trade, at manufacturer's prices.
oc26-1m.

IRON CITY COLLEGE,
CORNER OF PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

PENMANSHIP, BOOK-KEEPING, ARITHMETIC, ALGEBRA, GEOMETRY, TRIGONOMETRY, SURVEYING AND ENGINEERING, taught separately or in classes.

Students enter at any time. oc26:3 m

LOOK AT OUR PRICES OF
BOOTS, SHOES AND GUMS:

Ladies Heeled Morrocco Boots, for only	$1,00;
do do Calf do do	do
do do Kip do do	87
do Gum Shoes, Cheap.	
Men's Kip Boots only	$2,00;
do Fine do	3,00
do Calf Brogans	1,25

Boys, Youths and Children's Kip and Calf Boot at low prices;

Also Misses' and Children's fine Boots, and Shoes and Shanghi's. Call at the Cheap Cash Store of

JOSEPH H. BORLAND,
98 Market street, 2nd door from Fifth.

DR. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,
Is a friend in need. Every family should have it.
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
oc25:3mecod corner Second and Wood sts.

GENTS
CALF AND KIP BOOTS.
BOYS CALF AND KIP BOOTS
YOUTHS CALF AND KIP BOOTS.
CHEAP! CHEAP!!
AT NO. 15 FIFTH STREET.
oc26 D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

COAL, NUT COAL, SLACK AND COKE.—DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
509 LIBERTY STREET,
Having superior facilities for supplying the best quality of Coal, Nut Coal, Slack and Coke, are prepared to deliver the same, in any quantity to suit purchasers, at reasonable rates. Our Coal is brought in fresh daily by railroad, and is dry as free from slack. Particular attention given to supplying family Coal. oc26-3md

EAGLE OIL WORKS.
WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,
REFINERS AND DEALERS IN Pure Carbon Oil, quality guaranteed, Pittsburgh.

Also, Benzole and Car Grease constantly on hand. Orders left at Ghess, Smyth & Co.'s, on Water and First sts., will be promptly filled. oc25-6m

ALLEGHENY CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE—Two good lots of ground 48 feet front on Federal street, by 97 feet deep; on Benton alley, with a large brick dwelling of seven rooms. A two story frame dwelling house of three rooms, and a double frame house of 6 rooms on the alley, suitable for two families, will be sold on accommodating terms by S. CUTHBERT & SON,
oc26 No. 51 Market street.

TWO BUILDING LOTS ON GROVE street, each 24 feet front by 94 feet deep to an alley. Price for both lots $600. For sale by S. CUTHBERT & SON,
oc26 No. 51 Market street.

BEAUTIFUL
NEW DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS, &c.,
DOMESTIC AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT
NOW OPENING.

As our buyer is now in New York we will be receiving
New Goods Daily.
C. HANSON LOVE.
74 Market Street.
oc25-1kw

1,500 LBS EPSOM SALTS,
1,000 LBS. CREAM TARTAR,
50 KEG BI CARB SODA,
150 LBS. COCHINEAL,
10 BOXES OSWEGO CORN STARCH
Just received and for sale by
GEO. A. KELLY, Druggist,
oc25 Federal street, Allegheny city.

MINER'S UNION
STATIONARY PACKET,
Contains:
24 Sheets Paper,
24 Envelopes,
6 Steel Pens,
1 Penholder,
1 Lead Pencil.
PRICE, 25 CENTS.
Price to Agents $1.50 per dozen.
Send your orders to
HENRY MINER,
successor to Hunt & Miner,
oc25 71 and 73 Fifth st. next door to Post Office.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
—AT THE—
FOURTH STREET CARPET STORE.
W. D. & H. M'CALLUM HAVE this day opened part of a very large and varied assortment of CARPETING, to which they invite the attention of buyers, as they will be offered on the most favorable terms.
Also, a newly imported lot of beautiful Druggets, all widths, at the lowest rates.
W. D. & H. M'CALLUM,
oc25 87 Fourth street, near Wood.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $5,00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1,00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 15 cents.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 26, 1861.

IVANHOE.

Ivanhoe.....Mr Stewart
Isaac.....Mr. Henderson
Rebecca.....Miss K. Newton

To be followed by

ROBERT EMMETT.

Robert.....Mr. Stewart

To conclude with the new pantomime of

A NIGHT'S ADVENTURE.

Clown.....Mr. Maffit.

NEW RAILROAD CAR BUFFER.

THERE IS MONEY IN IT. Energetic men can realize HANDSOMELY from the SALE OF RIGHTS of the above invention; by applying to the inventor.
A. H. HOWARD,
Allegheny City, Pennsylvania.
oct18dm-nws

LOSE NO TIME.

READ:

FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS PAST I have been gradually growing deafer and deafer. I have tried numerous physicians and remedies without any effect, the noise in my head increasing to a very distressing extent. From seeing the testimonial of a clergyman, well known to me, I was induced to put myself under Dr. VON MOSCHISIEKER'S treatment several months ago. My case was a very obstinate one, and after four months treatment became somewhat discouraged, but yet persevering, I am now thankful to state that the noises in my head, so distress