The Daily Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING::::::::::::OCT. 21.

For Afternoon Telegraph and Local News See First Page.

THE PANIC OVER.

The New York papers inform us that Wall street has recovered from the shock produced by Mr. Seward's circular to the Governor of that State. For several days the bankers and brokers of the metropolis did not rest very easily, but their pulse at the latest advices did temperately keep time.

Indeed, our profound Secretary of State has always been remarkable for mystification, and hence the difficulty with the New York brokers. As a Senator he could lead one off by his fascinating rhetoric until he was lost in a labyrinth of specious generalities or abstruse abstractions. He could, when necessary, emerge from his fastnesses into the open field. Upon the stump there was no double dealing with him: he walked up to the line of the "irrepressible conflict" and always took care to be behind none of his colleagues in the expression of extreme opinions. He was easily excelled by some in extravagance of language or fury of manner, but none ever approached him in the subtlety of his positions. As Secretary of State, Mr. Seward's performances remind us of some of his Senatorial efforts. In his circular, in relation to our lake and seaboard defences, he is so profoundly diplomatic as to even mystify the New York sharpers. How then can common people comprehend his meaning? This "paltering in a double sense" between a couple of long-headed and crafty diplomatists who are all the while renewing to one another "the assurances of their profound consideration"—wishing each other at Jericho all the while—is right enough, but for us plain people we desire something direct and simple, so that we can at once understand and appreciate it.

Mr. Seward assures the Governors of the frontier States that there is less danger of foreign aggression now than at any period since the rebellion began; and, in order to satisfy us of this, he earnestly urges the necessity of fortifying our coast for fear of an attack. Have the agents of the rebel States abroad, succeeded in inducing foreign powers to espouse their cause? Is this the meaning of the combination of France, England and Spain to compel Mexico to pay her debts by sending fleets to our southern coast, and thence to our Northern seaboard? If matters have taken this shape, and the government is aware of the danger, we might as well know it now as when the storm begins. In fact, the sooner the people understand the extent of their trouble, the sooner they will be prepared to meet it. This assurance of there being no danger, while immense preparations for defense are recommended, is sufficient to alarm the people, and looks as if there was something to be told which is, at present, too terrible to hear.

☞The profundity or stupidity of the *Gazette's* article, of Saturday, in reply to the *Post*, is entirely too heavy for our limited comprehension. If the several editors of that luminous organ of abolitionism will put their heads together and reduce what they mean to common sense, we shall endeavor to pay their labors respectful attention. As it is, we confess our inability to discover what it's Saturday article means or what it is all about.

☞The Philadelphia *Ledger* says that every Northern man wishes to see McClellan advance without delay against the rebels, but as yet he cannot do it for want of men. If he were willing to expose his soldiers to unreasonable hazard by advancing with an inadequate force, the case would be different, but until he has such a number as will fully justify him, he must wait. What greater inducement can be offered for enlistments than this? Here is the best General in America at the head of an imposing force, requiring only a comparatively small number of additional men to enable him to drive back the rebel hordes and scatter their armies never to be reunited. The battle that is shortly to be fought will be remembered centuries hence as a decisive epoch in the history of the world, and there will be no prouder boast than to have been present when McClellan struck down the great army of the rebels. That army is now decimated by sickness, distracted by reports of expeditions directed at the weak points of their own neighborhoods, and weakened by dissensions and heart burnings between the men of different States. Now is the time to strengthen the General's hands, that he may strike it. The man who organized a "demoralized mob" into a brave and resolute army, who taught them confidence, first in him and then in themselves, under him, is the man to take them to Richmond in good time, and further. Then let him have the requisite force at the earliest possible moment.

☞The campaign in Western Virginia is said to be closed for the present. Report says that Wise and Floyd both are in disgrace at Richmond, and are quarreling with each other. The failure of their expeditions into Western Virginia, which were heralded by the Richmond papers with such a flourish of trumpets when they started out, is the cause of the difficulty, each trying to bring the blame upon the other. The *Enquirer* snubs Floyd very savagely. Wise, it is said, is to be court-martialled. Even the redoubtable Roger A. Pryor returns perfectly satisfied with his military experience and announces himself a candidate for Congress. These things and the loud murmurings of the rebel press against their military operations, are significant of a disheartening state of affairs.

For the Post.

Lincoln and Fremont.

The Constitution and Emancipation.

The kicking and floundering of some of the ultra Republicans over the importance attached to the qualifications of Fremont's proclamation by the President, is rather refreshing to witness. The conductors who desire to run the machine are clearly as opposed to conducting this war for constitutional ends alone, as the desperate and leading rebels are; hence the proper rebuke administered by the excellent and authoritive letter of the President of the United States to *General Fremont* is too good to be overlooked, and deserves to be held up to them as a dead hit at their infamous conduct. They would be glad to create a division in this time of our calamity, and care far more to further their fanatical emancipation schemes, than bring back the country to its former condition. Equally with the disunionists, do they desire the distraction of the harmony and balance of four federal system and they will never, as it would appear, rest easy until they have composed the disruption of the Union, for which they are, and have been, cooperating for a long course of years. If it is true patriotism to sustain the President in his determination to administer the Government on Constitutional grounds, then it is not proper or right to adhere to the conduct of Fremont and his coworkers in the destruction of the government. We will abide by the President, and therefore condemn the anti-constitutional measures of the man and his followers, who seek to make him their candidate for the Presidency over the Constitution by catering to the basest passions of the human heart, from false sympathy for the dusky children of misfortune. Fremont acquiesces rather reluctantly, and if he does not, he and those who may act with him, must be attended to, and the strong arm of the government which has for some time been sending men less deserving than they to places of confinement. President Lincoln has shown the proper spirit in this matter, and that he is determined to stand only on Constitutional ground, their can be no disputing; and he is fully aware that he can maintain no other, because in that event the people will not sanction or sustain his administration—they support that simply because it is for the public good, and the organized power and will of the government when it takes one step over its proper prerogatives, and enters on an unexplored field of emancipation or anything of that character it ceases to merit or receive the co-operation of the great body of the American democracy.—There is no use in trying to seperate loyal people or the true sentiments of devoted friends of the government by making them *"chain breakers"* as the agitator terms it. We have nothing whatever in this war to do with slaves; we have to do with slave matters, and to bring them to account for the wrongs done our common country, is what we desire to get at by this war. Our object is to crush the army under the traitor Davis and all who think with him. This over we will talk to the British emancipators.

CATO.

☞The Philadelphia *North American* thinks this the time for Pennsylvania to look out for herself. It says: "We hope our citizens generally realize the importance of taking advantage of the revival of business to re-establish our industrial and commercial interests upon a prosperous basis, and to increase the growth of Philadelphia. The times are now peculiarly favorable for a great and enduring expansion of manufactures and if we fail to appreciate this we shall have none to blame but ourselves. With a thoroughly protective tariff, an administration committed to a continuance of it, enormous and unprecedented expenditures for all the material of war, a large and steadily increasing growth of domestic exports, and the soundness of our finances demonstrated to all the world in the most striking manner, we have every facility which a people need ask to enable them to go on with their industrial development, and it especially behooves us here in Philadelphia and throughout Pennsylvania, who have so long and so ardently sought for such opportunities, to embrace them eagerly now that they are offered.

A Speech from General Anderson.

At Washington, the sword voted to General Robert Anderson by the City Councils of Philadelphia was presented to him by a committee of that body. Theodore Cuyler made the presentation speech, and General Anderson responded as follows:

"Returning from a mission unfulfilled, sent back by my physician, I receive this sword with feelings of the deepest respect and regard. But it gives a melancholy cast to my thoughts that I receive it at a time when I am ordered by my physicians to return from what I had hoped would prove a field of usefulness, to where I hope, by the blessing of God, my health may be restored. Philadelphia is the Queen city of that state which was the first to honor me by resolutions approving my course in Charleston Harbor. The city of Philadelphia was the first to honor me in, as I have been told, the largeest assemblage ever held there, to pass resolutions praising me for what I have done. Coming to my home, I had no means of knowing whether my course had been approved by my fellow countrymen. I had no one with me with whom to advise. The persons with whom I was associated were all new to me. I did not know whether I could consult safely with them. I was left to seek counsel only from that source from which, as a Christian, I have always sought advice. I cannot attempt to express the feelings with which I receive this testimonial. In the thankfulness of my heart I pray to God that, if ever I have occasion to use it, it shall be used on the side of justice, truth and religion. The war in which our country is engaged is, I believe in my heart, (laying his hand upon his breast) a holy and yet a just war. Though the hour be dark, I have no doubt, no fears of the final result. I believe that we have, in the greatness to which we have attained within a few years, forgotten our duty to God and our government. We are under one of the best governments the world ever saw. We did not feel its power. We were placed by God high above the nations of the earth, and we gave credit to ourselves rather than to Him for the position we had assumed. I thank you, sir, for the handsome manner in which you have addressed me on this occasion. I beg you to receive and to convey to the city you represent my sincere and hearty thanks for the beautiful testimonial presented to me."

THE railroad fare for a regiment of troops of one thousand from Cincinnati to Washington City, costs the government $18,960.

The Story of a Mormon Woman.

EFFECTS OF POLYGAMY.—M. Remy in his "Journey to Great Salt Lake City," just published in London, tells this story of life in Utah:

On our reaching the borders of the Jordan, not far from the city walls, we perceived two women sitting on a heap of Indian corn stalks, who appeared to be plunged in the bitterest grief. They were a mother and a daughter. The mother, the widow of a near relative of Joseph the prophet, had been married a second time to a priest whom we had once met on a distant mission. She was an English woman, and independently of an education little usual among the class to which she belonged, she was endowed with all those qualities which make her countrywomen so respectable. Her daughter, Mary, the only child of her first marriage, was a young person from sixteen to seventeen years of age, as intelligent as she was pretty; it was impossible to grow tired of observing in her face that graceful blending of beauty and innocence which inspires in every man of feeling a respectful admiration. After pressing these women to tell us the cause of their suffering, they made the following statement:

In the spring previous the missionary returned home, after having been preaching to the savages for the space of three years. He was received with open arms, as he had every right to expect. However, it did not appear to him that the sacrifice of his long absence was sufficiently compensated by the affection of a woman who could not bear him children, and he requested and obtained from the presidency a revelation authorizing him to marry a second wife. So far no one had reason to complain, since all this was in conformity with the manners of the place, and according to law. But the missionary took it into his head to ask the hand of his step-daughter, Mary. The poor child refused, at first very timidly and gently, in hope that her stepfather would not insist upon it. But he tormented his wife to use her authority over her child, to make her consent to this marriage; but as her mother-heart utterly rejected this office, she did nothing, and the consequence was dissensions in the family. The supreme authority of Brigham was invoked; but the pontiff, whose good feeling on this occasion is worthy of praise, refused to do anything more than give his advice.

Neither menaces, nor caresses, nor counsel, had any effect upon the girl, whose noble instincts revolted at the idea of her becoming her mother's rival, and who, moreover, was passionately in love with a man who had solemnly promised to marry her, and her alone. The missionary found at last that there was no making head against so determined a will, and, out of spite, went and selected a woman from amongst the waiting women attached to the harem of H. C. Kimball. But a new storm was on the point of bursting. The second wife was no sooner installed in the conjugal dwelling, than she found out that she was merely a make-shift. Calling to her aid every artifice which hatred could suggest, she succeeded in captivating her husband's heart, and the latter had so far forgotten himself as, on the very morning of the day on which we met these weeping women, to maltreat them so grossly as to compel them to abandon the roof they had assisted in building and ornamenting with the fruit of their industry. They made no one responsible for their misfortunes; they inveighed neither against heaven, nor their religion, nor the new wife, nor the missionary. They prayed God to forgive this man his blind violence, and to read in their hearts the good feelings which animated them.

THE MORMONS.

What the "Saints" in Utah are Doing.

Late files of the Desert News—Brigham Young's home organ—contains a variety of interesting items.

The crops throughout the territory this year have been exceedingly abundant, and the granaries are overflowing.

A large number of Scandinavian Mormons (whose arrival at New York was noticed in the Evening Post some weeks since,) had reached Salt Lake City safely. Their baggage train consisted of seventy wagons.

The culture of the sugar-cane in the territory is pursued with success. The News says:

"The number of sugar-mills in this city and vicinity has been greatly increased since last season, and all of them, with one or two exceptions, are now in full operation and doing good business, but unless they are kept in operation night and day they cannot work up all the cane that has been grown before the frosty season will commence.

"The molasses made thus far has been of a good quality, so far as our knowledge extends. We have seen several excellent specimens on sale, mangfactured in this county, and some in Utah and Davis counties. Each manufacturer is evidently doing as well as he knows how, and seemingly believes that he excels all others in producing a good article."

An exploring party had returned from Unita Valley with unfavorable reports.

"The fertile vales, extensive meadows and wide pasture ranges so often reported to exist in that region were not to be found; and the country, according to the statements of those sent thither to select a location for a settlement, is entirely unsuitable for farming purposes, and the amount of land at all suitable for cultivation is extremely limited.

"The explorers, having, on their arrival there, found things so very different from what had been anticipated after searching up and down the streams flowing eastward from the Wasatch range to the Colorado without finding an oasis, sent back two of their number with a report of what discoveries they had made up to that time; which report was read from the stand at the Bowery on Sunday week. The rest of the party continued their explorations for several days longer, but without discovering the land of the walnut and the vine.'

Judging from the tone of a long discourse by "President" Wells, reported in the columns of the News, there must be traitors in the Mormon camp; for Mr. Wells berates appostates after this fashion:

"After men begin to express their doubts and fears around, one to another, they go astray fast; their unholy sentiments begin to be established in their darkened minds like cardinal or fundamental principles. They think they begin to see that they were in error in embracing that gospel which they profess; and the first thing they know they are landed in the whirlpool of apostacy. They suddenly find out that they never did believe in "Mormonism," and that if they did believe it they were in error, for they now find out that it is all a humbug, and thus they go on to destruction. If such persons could control their minds in the commencing stage of apostacy and be humble, seek wisdom, light and knowledge from the Lord, they could be saved; then they could be preserved, and not go in the way which many, who were our brethren, have gone, who have sunk themselves in darkness and misery, and finally into hell If they would remember when they begin to see things which they dislike, and feel inclined to find fault; if they would then remember their prayers and seek unto the Lord, ask him to keep their minds enlighened, to give them freely of his Spirit to guide them continually they would be safe. But people in this condition invariably neglect their prayers; they begin to see faults in their brethren, to find fault with the authorities.

"Let any man pursue that course, and he will find out when it is too late to walk in the paths of righteousness, when the Lord has left him to himself, so that he cannot return if he would. Let me caution you, brethren and sisters, to nip this sprig and sign of apostacy in the bud."

Rebel Supplies Giving out.

The Richmond Examiner, of October 7, says:

In the rapid exhaustion of all sorts of supplies in the South, we must look for an alternative of relief, either in the raising of the blockade, or in the prompt and enterprising aid of Southern capital in the production and manufacture of various articles of prime necessity. We have plenty of corn and flour, rice and tobacco, and cotton, but very little of anything else. As winter approaches, many of our supplies are being fast exhausted. Our markets are nearly bare of candles, cotton, starch, soap, oil, bacon, refined sugars, salt, iron, shoes, clothing, and other necessary supplies. The demand for bacon, an article of prime necessity, is largely in excess of the supply, with exceedingly small stocks in the hands of the dealers.

HULLIHEN'S
HULLIHEN'S
HULLIHEN'S
PARISIAN TOOTH PASTE,
PARISIAN TOOTH PASTE
PARISIAN TOOTH PASTE,

Prepared from the original recipe of Dr Frentiling, of Wiesbaden, and recommended by Dr. J. F. Hulihen, of this city, as being the only true and genuine article of this Paste now before the public. Sold by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist
and dealer in choice Family Medicines,
oc2[illegible]md2p cor. Smithfield and Fourth sts

☞WE CALL ATTENTION TO THE ADVERTISEMENT of Dr. Brown in another column of this paper. He continues to be consulted at No. 50, Smithfield street. Charges reasonable. oc14 3td

To Consumptives.

The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescriptions to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings county,
oc14daw New York

☞U. S. ARMY—WANTED IMMEDIATELY or the SIXTH REGIMENT U. S. CAVALRY, REGULAR SERVICE—A few more able-bodied men, between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-five. Pay ranges from $14 to $23 per month, according to the rank of the soldier. Each man will be furnished with a good horse and equipments, ample clothing and subsistence. Quarters, fuel and medical attendance free of charge. The pay of each soldier commences as soon as he is enlisted.

By an Act lately passed the term of enlistment is changed from five to THREE YEARS, and every soldier who serves that time is entitled to $100 BOUNTY and 160 ACRES OF LAND from the Government. Attention is drawn to the fact that the Government has wisely commenced to promote soldiers from the ranks. Advancement is therefore open to all.

For further particulars apply at the Recruiting Office, NATIONAL HOTEL.

HENRY B. HAYS,
Captain, Sixth Regiment U. S. Cavalry,
se6 Recruiting Officer.

☞HEADQUARTERS MULLIGAN GUARDS, No. 100 Grant street, opposite Cathedral. The Company is fast filling up, those wishing to join must call soon.

M. K. NOLAN,
oc4 JOHN STEWART.

HEADQUARTERS 3d BATTALION 18TH REGIMENT U.S. INFANTRY,
Pittsburgh, September 23, 1861.

☞TO THE YOUNG MEN OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.—I am ordered to recruit the 3d Battalion of the 18th Regiment United States Infantry in Pennsylvania, and now appeal to you to show your patriotism by entering the service of your country in this fine Rifle Regiment, to consist of 2,452 men.

The pay is from $13 to $34 per month, with abundant food, clothing, and all necessaries. Every soldier of the regular army is entitled, besides pension if disabled, and bounty of One Hundred Dollars when honorably discharged, to a comfortable support if sick or disabled, in the "Soldier's Home" established by the government.

Immediate provision made for uniforms, arms, equipments, rations and transportation for all who enlist. One-third of the company officers will be taken from the ranks. No better opportunity is offered to spirited young men for good treatment and fair chances for promotion. For full information apply to Lieut. ROBERT SUTHERLAND, at the Rendezvous, No. 64 Fourth street.

WILL. A. STOKES,
se23 Major 18th Reg't U. S. Infantry.

☞FOR FEMALES GENERALLY.—The Brandreth Pills cannot be too highly spoken of. They remove all obstructions, give energy and strength; cure the distressing headache unfortunately so prevalent with the sex; depression of spirits, dullness of sight, nervous affections, blotches, pimples, sallowness of the skin, are all removed, and a juvenile bloom and general sprightliness indicate the power and healthfulness of BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Ladies, at delicate periods, will find them unrivaled; they are the best medicines for mothers and children, and cure worms and costiveness.

Let it be remembered that BRANDRETH'S PILLS are easy in their operation, and yet unite mildness with efficiency, and require no alteration of diet during their use.

Mrs. Morgan, corner of 15th street and Union Square, New York, was dying apparently of CONSUMPTION. She was given up to die by her physicians and all her friends, but after using BRANDRETH'S PILLS for a few weeks the cough left her, and she began to regain her strength, and is now able to attend to her duties, and feels sure of soon attaining robust health.

Mrs. Wilson, of No. 32 Beach street, New York, has cured Dyspepsia, Small Pox, Measles, Dropsy and Typhus Fever, and all Headaches and Bilious Diseases, with BRANDRETH'S PILLS, will be pleased to answer any questions.

Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, Pa,
And by all respectable dealers in medicines,
oc8lmdaw

☞THE GREAT TEST OF ALL CHEMICAL preparations is analysis, and CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, which imparts the most superb blacks and browns, has passed the ordeal. See Dr. Chilton's certificate declaring it free from deleterious ingredients. Bear in mind the fact that no other hair dye has been officially tested and pronounced pure and safe. Manufactured by A. CRISTADORO, 5 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

oc7dawlm GEO. H. KEYSER, Agent.

☞PITTSBURGH, SEPTEMBER 17th 1861.—In accordance with the annexed order, the undersigned has opened a Recruiting Office, to fill the Eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Corps to the maximum standard. All the allowances, pensions, &c., are guaranteed to the recruit.

ORDER.

HEAD QUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Washington, September 14, 1861.

SPECIAL ORDERS, NO. 56.

9. Major John W. Duncan, Pennsylvania Reserve, is detailed on the recruiting service for his Regiment, and will report to the Adjutant General of the Army for instructions. One non-commissioned officer will be detailed to assist him.

By command of Maj.-Gen. McCLELLAN.
S. WILLIAMS, Asst. Adjt.-Gen.

Apply to JOHN W. DUNCAN,
Major 8th Regiment, Recruiting Officer.

Recruiting Offices, Kennett House, Diamond and Alderman Owston's office, 4th street, opposite Mayor's office. se18

☞FOR THE WAR—THE BRIGADE OF Colonel W. R. LAMON, the late law partner and friend of the President, is not quite full, and men will be received either as companies, parts of companies or as individuals, and have the choice of the branch of service which they prefer, either as Artillery, Infantry or Cavalry.

A portion of the Brigade is now in active service. This is a chance rarely met with, as the Brigade will be a favorite one. From the date of enlistment men will be subsisted, paid and clothed. Apply at the stable of R. H. PATTERSON,
at the Red White and Blue, Smithfield st,
oc15-1m opposite the Postoffice.

MANHOOD.
HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

☞Just Published in a Sealed Envelope Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the *Green Book, &c.*

"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by DR. CH. J. C. KLINE,
se6-3mdaw 127 Bowery, N. Y., Post Office Box, 4586

☞R. FAIRMAN, UNDERTAKER, sole agent for Coke's Metallic Burial Cases, at R. R. BURGER'S CABINET WAREROOMS, No 45 SMITHFIELD STREET Residence, 218 Lacock street, Allegheny City. Orders may be left AT CHARLEY'S LIVERY STABLE, Allegheny City.
se21-6md 2p

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOLLEY'S CHINA MAGIC VARNISH—
HOLLEY'S CHINA MAGIC VARNISH
HOLLEY'S CHINA MAGIC VORNISH
HOLLEY'S CHINA MAGIC VARNISH
HOLLEY'S CHINA MAGIC VARNISH
For furniture of all descriptions
For furniture of all descriptions
For furniture of all descriptions
For furniture of all descriptions
For furniture of all descriptions
For furniture of all descriptions

The advantage and superiority this varnish has over others consists in its removing all kinds of stains, spots, &c., and restoring it to its natural color.

For Sale by JOS FLEMING
For Sale by JOS FLEMING
For Sale by JOS FLEMING
For Sale by JOS FLEMING
Corner of Diamond and Market street
Corner of Diamond and Market street
Corner of Diamond and Market street
oc21 Corner of Diamond and Market street

BROCKEDON'S BI-CARBONATE OF SODA PILLS—Designed especially for the cure of SOUR STOMACH and HEADACHE, arising therefrom—they are prepared by Professor Brockedon, of London, from the pure Bi-Carbonate of Soda, and their great success since their introduction here, by the subscriber, proves them to be, for the above complaints, without an equal. Sold by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
and dealer in Choice Family Medicines,
oc21 cor. Smithfield and 4th sts.

CHEESE—
45 boxes Prime W R Cheese
Just received and for sale by
JAMES A. FETZER,
oc21 corner of Market and First sts.

SWEET POTATOES—
8 bbls Marietta Sweet Potatoes—just received and for sale by
JAMES A. FETZER,
oc21 corner of Market and First streets.

POTATOES—
100 sacks Neshannock Potatoes
25 barrels do do
Just received and for sale by
JAMES A. FETZER,
oc21 corner of Market and First streets.

NEW RAILROAD CAR BUFFER.

THERE IS MONEY IN IT.

☞Energetic men can realize HANDSOMELY from the SALE OF RIGHTS of the above invention, by applying to the inventor.

A. H. ROWAND,
Allegheny City, Pennsylvania.
oc18 2dm cwsw

LOOK AT OUR PRICES OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND GUMS:
Ladies Heeled Morocco Boots for only $1,00;
do do Calf do do do
do do Kip do do 87
do Gum Shoes, Cheap.
Men's Kip Boots only $2,00;
do Fine do 3,00
do do Calf Brogans 1,25
Boys, Youths and Children's Kip and Calf Boots at low prices;
Also Misses' and Children's, fine Boots and Shoes and Shanghi's. Call at the Cheap Cash Store of
JOSEPH H. BORLAND,
98 Market street, 2nd door from Fifth.

BOYS BOOTS CHEAP,
BOYS BOOTS CHEAP,
BOYS BOOTS CHEAP,
YOUTHS' BOOTS CHEAP,
YOUTHS' BOOTS CHEAP,
YOUTHS' BOOTS CHEAP,
AT NO. 15 FIFTH STREET.
oc19 D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

PARROT AT AUCTION—
THIS EVENING, at early gas light, at the Auction House of W. G. M'CARTNEY, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, a South American Parrot and cage. oc19*

SOLDIERS, ATTENTION—
300 "Patent Water Filters," the best thing ever invented for soldiers and travelers. Sold wholesale and retail by
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
oc19 17 Fifth street.

CARD PHOTOGRAPH PICTURES and Photograph Frames, all the notabilities of the times, pretty groups and figures, received and for sale by EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
oc19 17 Fifth street.

LINEN COLLARS AND SETTS—
75 dozen received and sold wholesale and retail by EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
oc19 17 Fifth street.

THE NEW BALMORAL HOOP SKIRT, in red and black, the newest thing out, received and for sale by
EATON, MACRUM & CO.
oc19 17 Fifth street.

COAL, NUT COAL, SLACK AND COKE.—DICKSON, STEWART & CO,

509 LIBERTY STREET,

Having superior facilities for supplying the best quality of Coal, Nut Coal, Slack and Coke, are prepared to deliver the same, in any quantity to suit purchasers, at reasonable rates. Our Coal is brought in fresh daily by railroad, and is dry and free from slack. Particular attention given to supplying family Coal. oc19-3md

EAGLE OIL WORKS.

WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,

REFINERS AND DEALERS IN Pure Carbon Oil, quality guaranteed, Pittsburgh.

Also, Benzole and Car Grease constantly on hand. Orders left at Chess, Smyth & Co.'s, on Water and First sts., will be promptly filled. oc19-6m

DR. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,
Is a friend in need. Every family should have
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
oc19-3m:eod corner Second and Wood sts.

10 SHIRT COLLARS FOR 25 CENTS.—
Approved style of
Gents' Patent Enameled Collars for 1861.
10 Shirt Collars of any style for 25 cents.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street.
an12

DR. HOLLICK'S
COMPLETE WORKS,
PRICE ONE DOLLAR EACH. For sale by
HENRY MINER,
oc17 next door to the Post Office.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 18 h, 1861.

☞AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, November 18th, 1861, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th at 11 a. m.
oc19-1m H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

CITIZENS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, Oct. 18th.

☞AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, 18th day of November, proximo, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 10½ o'clock a. m.
oc19-1m GEORGE T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 17th, 1861.

☞AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, November 18th, between the hours of 10 a. m., and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 11 o'clock a. m.
oS18td-1tw JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK,
October 17th, 1861.

☞AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on the 18th of NOVEMBER, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 2 o'clock p. m. J. W. COOK, Cashier.

The annual meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 10 o'clock a. m. oc15-td

THE IRON CITY BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
Pittsburgh, October 17th, 1861.

☞AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18th, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, at 11 o'clock a. m.
oc15-1m JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

MECHANICS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, October 16th, 1861.

☞AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, the 18th proximo, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M.

A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nove r 5th at 10 o'clock A. M
oc17-1m GEO. D. M'GREW, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE PENN'A INSURANCE CO., OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, October 11th, 1861.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS Company are hereby notified that the annual election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office, No. 63 Fourth street, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and one o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 4th day of November, 1861.
oc12-dtno4 I. GRIER SPROUL, Secretary.

LINEN SETS
for 50c., worth $1,25;
ZOUAVE SETS for $1 worth $2,00;
Embroidered Sets for $1,25 worth $2,50;
A large lot of Corsets slightly damaged selling very cheap.
Real French Embroidered and Mechanic Corsets.
Embroidered and Hem Stitch Handkerchiefs, Swiss and Jaconet Edgings, and Insertings, Infants Cape and Waists.
Infants Robes, Embroidered Skirts, Jaconet Flouncing.
Dimity Bands and Magic Ruffling, Woolen Hoods, Nublas,
Shetland Shawls, Woolen Yarns, Zephyr Worsted,
Shetland Wool, Dress Trimmings, Velvet Ribbons, Gilt Braids,
Gloves, Hosiery, Gents' Shirts. Neck Ties:
NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
CHARLES GIPNER,
78 MARKET STREET.

LARGE HALL TO LET—Situate on corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, fourth story; Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON,
oc15 Market street.

RENT $12,50 PER MONTH.—A three story brick dwelling house of hall and six rooms, dining room and kitchen, situate on Third street, two doors from Market street.
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
oc15 51 Market street.

WILL BE OPEN ON TUESDAY, a nice lot of CLOAKS of the latest styles, which will be sold cheap.

DRESS GOODS of the newest patterns.

A lot of COUNTRY BLANKETS of extra size and quality, will be sold cheap for cash at No. 96 MARKET STREET. [oc15] H. J. LYNCH.

SUNDRY CONSIGNMENTS.—
100 bags Pea Nuts;
75 bushels Corn Meal;
300 " Shelled Corn;
60 " Spring Barley;
2 barrels Prime Beans;
7 " Dry Peaches, halves;
50 Iron-bound Oil Barrels;
50 ¾ " "
In store and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
se24 cor. Market and First sts.

SUNDRY CONSIGNMENTS—
50 bags Middlings;
100 bags Prime Albert Potatoes;
100 bags Neshannock do;
100 barrels Russett Apples;
15 barrels Marietta Sweet Potatoes;
15 bushels Shell Barks,
5 barrels Cranberries—just received and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER,
oc16 corner Market and First streets.

LLOYD'S
MAP OF MISSOURI,
Three feet square. Price 25 cents. Lloyd's Map of Virginia and Maryland, four feet square. Price 5 cents. Together with all the late and reliable Maps published. For sale at the Wholesale and Retail Book, Periodical and Union store of
HENRY MINER,
oc17 No's. 71 and 73 Fifth street.

OFFICIAL MAP OF MISSOURI.
THREE FEET SQUARE.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS,
DRAWN AND ENGRAVED
FROM ACTUAL SURVEYS
FOR THE LAND OFFICE OF MISSOURI.
COLORED IN COUNTIES NICELY.

This Map is engraved equal to and in the same style as Lloyd's Map of Southern States.

It shows every County and County Seat, Village, Post Office, Railroad and Railroad Stations. Every River and every Creek, every Wagon Road, and Lead, Copper and Iron Mine in the State; every Swamp is also shown, and every Bridge; all drawn from actual Surveys made for the use of the Land Office in that State.

Price only 25 cents per copy. Sent by mail any where, free of postage on receipt of money.

☞Agents wanted in every county.

HENRY MINER,
(Successor to Hunt & Miner,)
oc5 NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE.

CIRCULARS,
CIRCULARS,
CIRCULARS,
CIRCULARS,
CIRCULARS,
CIRCULARS,
CIRCULARS,

SHAWLS,
SHAWLS,
SHAWLS,
SHAWLS,
SHAWLS,
SHAWLS,

BALMORAL SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

W. & D. HUGUS.,
oc15

Medical.

"They go right to the Spot."
INSTANT RELIEF! STOP YOUR COUGH
PURIFY YOUR BREATH
STRENGTHEN YOUR VOICE!
SPALDING'S
Throat Confections.
ARE
GOOD FOR CLERGYMEN,
GOOD FOR LECTURERS,
GOOD FOR PUBLIC SPEAKERS,
GOOD FOR SINGERS,
GOOD FOR CONSUMPTIVES,
GENTLEMEN CARRY
SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.
LADIES ARE DELIGHTED WITH
SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.
CHILDREN CRY FOR
SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.
They relieve a Cough instantly,
They clear the Throat,
They give strength and volume to the voice,
They impart a delicious aroma to the breath,
They are delightful to the taste,
They are made of simple herbs and cannot harm any one.

I advise every one who has a Cough or a Husky or a Bad Breath, or any difficulty of the Throat, to get a package of my Throat Confections, they will relieve you instantly, and you will agree with me that "they go right to the spot." You will find them very useful and pleasant while traveling or attending public meetings for stilling your Cough or allaying your thirst. If you try one package I am safe in saying that you will ever afterwards consider them indispensible. You will find them at the Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

My signature is on each package. All others are counterfeit.

A Package will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of Thirty Cents.

Address
HENRY C. SPALDING,
je13 No. 48 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Sick Headache
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache

BY THE USE OF THESE CEPHALIC PILLS the periodic attacks of *Nervous* or *Sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the Bowels—removing *Costiveness.*

For *Literary Men, Students*, Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system or from a deranged state of the *stomach.*

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety and without making any change of diet, and the *absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

Beware of Counterfeits.

The genuine have five signatures of Henry Spalding on each box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A box will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of

PRICE, 25 CENT