Daily Post. The

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY. PITTSBURGH: FRIDAY MORNING

Afternoon. Telegraph, See Firs For Afterno Page. UNION TICKET. FOR PRISED NEW JUIGE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS TOR ABSOCIATE JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLETS H. W. WILLIAMS. FOR SHERIPF : JOHUA BHODES, POR STATE SENATE : THOS. P. PENNEY THOS. WILLIAME THOS. J. BIGHAM L. H. CARLA LE A. H. OROSS, F. B. HAMILTON. TOB PROTHONOTABT ROBERT FINNEY. JAMES BLACKMORE. JOEN A. PARKINSON. POR CORONNE: WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

BOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR ROBERT H. DAVIS. THENOMINATIONS OF THE UNION

The articles which appeared in the Pittsburgh Gazette on Tuesday morning | edged Democrats were not selected .and also on Thursday morning, must | There are among the nominees but two, convince the most sceptical that its or at most three, who have acted as conpresent conductors are entirely reckless ed as such for some vears. of the wishes of the people.

All over the country the Union sentiment has ruled. In Ohio, in Iowa, in we are willing to forego all considera-New York and elsewhere, desirous that tions for its support, as we believe that nothing should divide the people, have country is above all party or personal set party politics aside, and gone in heart considerations. and hand to sustain this war.

The people of this county, without regard to their politics previous to the have seen there. fifteenth of April, have in every ible occasion, expressed their desire tion, and which we to day place at the ness should be permitted to divide them and earnest support which the charin the slightest degree while our Gov- acter of the candidates deserves, and perils. The Democrats held their convention and adjourned, making no nomiizen.

From the first breaking out of this nations, but simply declaring that all men should sustain their government until war we have felt the necessity-nay, the this great rebellion was crushed out and absolute duty which devolved upon evthe power and authority of the govern- ery citizen of holding in abeyance the ment should be re-asserted and re-estabdistinctive and merely partizan differences of opinion which have heretofore lished in the whole land.

placed in opposition (and wisely, no The Republicans, the dominant party in the county, appreciated the necessity doubt,) men of one nation and people. of an undivided North, and so modified We have desired all, so far as our in- every day carrying out. He is making their calls for their conventions, that it fluence might go, to forget politics, and preparations for victory-not for defeat was in their power, and the people rea- | work for the country. sonably expected it of them, to nomi-

nate a Union ticket. The Gazette itself and patriotically responded to their parts of the country. The munitions of one of the most tremendons wars over before the conventions, succumbing to country's call. All, save a few politi-war are every where being prepared waged on earth. The intenser the conerwhelming popular wish, advo-

SPEECH OF MR. STOKES. Democrats, determined that the patriot-|SPEECH OF MAJOR WILL A. ic movement now going on for the Union A great Union Convention of the peo should be triumphantly sustained (even ple of Westmoreland county, without disf the Republicans, in party convention, tinction of party, was held at Mt. Pleas had refused to sustain it) and that no ant on Saturday, the 14th of September division should take place among them After organization, the President, Rev Samuel Shadrich, introduced to the meetupon issues that cannot again arise until the great rebellion is successfully dis- ing Msj Will A. Stokes, who has just invoked to repel their attacks and pun posed of, and that they would not be proved his devotion to his country by ac- ish their crimes. Justice never sleeps cepting a Major's appointment in the but unceasingly pursues those who outs dragooned into the abetting of covert d sloyalty by any of the old party cries, army, and surrendering the comforts of a rage her commands presenting every-called a Union Convention-a Convention and delicitude for the perils and where and always to the eyes and minds called a Union Convention-a Conven most delightful home for the perils and

hardships of the battle field. tion of the people. The position of things was now changd; Major Stokes is always eloquent, even the Republicans had declared them.

when he is speaking upon dry subjects, selves for party and the Democrats alone but on this occasion the greatness of the stood with the shackles of party aban- theme inspired him with extraordinary doned and thrown aside; a portion of fire, and he poured out "thoughts that the Republicans also refusing to be led breathed and words that hum" like those by the Gazette and its office seeking com. patriots of old, whose tongues were elopeers into a position which they did not quent for freedom when the revolutionary and could not acknowledge as correct. patriotism inspired their hearts. The Republican nominations left the publish Major Stokes' speech to-day, and Democrats in the majority of those who commend it to the perusal of every reader. were pure Union men above all party, It is elequent, argumentative and truly the resolve to rule or ruin, originated and as the Convention was composed patriotic.

half of those who formerly belonged to WASHINGTON CITY.

each party, it would have been fair to There are some persons who think have apportioned to the Democrats at there will be no fighting at Washington least half the nominees upon the ticket. City. They give as a reason that the But the Convention was a Union Conenemy will not advance upon our invention of the people and decided upon trenchments, and that from all appeara lesser number. Of this no Democrat inces. Gen. McClellan does not intend

to advance upon theirs. Both these complains, but they do complain, and have a right to complain, that for the propositions are mere guess work. We share apportioned to them, acknowl lo not believe that the rebel leaders desire at once to attack the almost inipregnable defences of the National Captol, but still they may be compelledato sistent Democrats and been acknowledg. do it by the condition of their army and the impatience of their people at long

delay of the promised victory. As mil-But this was a Union Convention, and itary men, they must also fear divisions at several points. In Western Virginia, Lee will find that the army of the West has swollen to such proportions that he There are many upon the ticket will have enough to do to take care of whom we should have preferred not to himself, and will be utterly unable to

lend any aid to Manassas, Expeditions It is our purpose to give to the ticket from Fortress Monroe, too, may at any possible manner and on every pos- nominated by the Union Conven- time astonish the Virginians, and render it necessary to withdraw a part of that no remnants of old party bitter- head of our columns, that firm, fair their main army from the vicinity of Washington, and similar diversions may be created by our fleet along the coast, ernment was threatened with unwonted which the exigencies of the times war as has already been done at Hatteras rant and demand from every good cit-Inlet. The rebel leaders must see all these things, and may get desperate, and make an attack upon Washington in order to keep their army together. But beleaguered as Washington is,

is scarcely possible that the hazard of battle can be long delayed. Gen. McClellan has said, "No mor Bull Run affairs," and in these words he has indicated the policy which he is The government needs more soldiers, The masses of the people have nobly and recruiting officers are busy in all low hopes. We are in the midst of

ians like the Gazette, are willing to unite with diligence. Blankets and other

but those whose treason has changed a benificent mother into an avenging petuity of our Government. ruler, and who hate the name justly Give the Executive a fair chance, by mitting minor considerations of detail of murderers robbers and traiters, a hor-

rid spectacle, awful inflexible, armed slept in supposed security, has coiled its with the lightning of the Divine wrath slimy folds around the body of the and sure soon to strike with resistless State, and is ready to crush it in its nower. It is this-this abject fear of punish

vitals its poisonous fangs. Talk of coercion!' Government is ment-this trembling of the arraigned culprit, which is now the impelling mocoercion-lawful force to restrain viotive of the chiefs of the rebel ion and lators of law. The duty of obedience which prolongs-for the hope of favoradmits the right to command. Right able negotiation-a contest known to be is in its inherent nature self-vindicating, hopeless. Disappointed ambition pride The limit of its power is to be found of position, self-assumed superiority, in the pending necessity, and no exercise of authority is unlawful which is the demands, denunciations and threats

not wantonly beyond the exigency which demands its use. All presumof 1860, intensified by inherent virulence of political poison, into the trea tions, in time of war, are in favor of auson of 1861 and culminating in the forthority, for the essential requisite at mation of a pretended nation-alas, too,

in the fire and blood of military con Save in a single state, the majority of the people are still loyal-deluded but honest-and ready, at the righ moment to demand the freedom of which reme law, binding alike on the Governusurpers have temporally deprived them ment and the people. Masses of men are never fools in their I recur to the question-are you deliberate conclusions. God has given right? Answer frankly and fairly .---them a mysterious and instinctive wis Answer so as to save the country, or its dom. But for this, self Government present peril will speedily become would be impossible-but for this, desfinal catastrophe. It is for all of us to potism alone would be legitimate-but resolve and act-Democrats-Republi for this, the Constitution under which we live would be lies and snares, for cans-the true men of all parties-every citizen worthy of the title-every man, they all proclaim fellowing the Declarirrespective of present name or former action of Independence, that Governties, who, annimated by patriotic heart ments derive their just powers from the look with clear eye on the tempest which consent of the Governed-denial of which in the case of Kansas was the rages around us, and inspired by the courage of right and truth, is resolved first fatal error of Mr. Buchapan. who yielding thus to arrogant dictation of on the ascertainment and violication of univeral political justice, softened by Slave Oligarchs and violating at once

his pledged honor as a gentleman and the sympathy of brotherhood, bu strengthened by determination to teach his swory, du'y as President opened the way for the unnumbered woes under traitors that the way of the transgreswinch the nation now groans In the first sor is hard. On two conflicting and irreconcilable flush of power of the Administration grounds the Southern leaders put their which I had assisted to elect, I publi cause before the world. First, they alcly denounced this baseness. West lege that the government of the United moreland led the way in assertion of

States is a mere confederation of indepolitical intregrity, inrespective of party pendent and sovereign States, each havics. Let the dead bury the dead, but ing the right to withdraw whenever it let no imbecility, tincidity and corrupmay see fit to do so-that assumed intion pass unreproved out of that false sympathy which would deprive the South, justifies the recision of the conworld of two wholesome warnings of tract of the Constitution, and they refer

historic reprobation. to the question of slavery in the Terri-But irrespective of remote causes. tories, the execution of the fugitive et us look at the facts before us, and slave law and the election of Mr. Linlet us look them fearlessly in the face. coln as the main justification of their Let'us not be deceived by our wishes, course. above all let us not by deluded by hol-The second ground is the reserved

right of revolution-the exigency for

) the secession heresy. Westmorelanders

Then as to the fugitive slave law- | afterwards." Such are the comen Honored, Fellow Citizens, by your in our county, Jackson was first nomi- it is their own work for their own ad-assaults which it is your duty to repel invitation of to-day, I am still more nated for the Presidency; it is fit theres vantage. I agree that hostile legisla-honored by being the advocate of our fore that the Star of the West would tion in some States give just cause for to combat. It is atrocious that men at nountry yet loved and venerated by all shine in all ber brillancy to illuminate complaint-not because it offered any home, in security, should be permitted the path in which those tread who now real obstruction to the execution of the to be effective allies of those who are ar-subceed him in declaring for the per- law, but because it violated the spirit rayed against our brothers on the field of concord; I agree further that the of battle. Their hands are stained with barbarous enactments of some of the the blood which may be shed by prolong-

yielding your hearty support, do not slave States directed against the safety the conflict. They give that moral aid madly commit politicial suicide by per- and liberty of our tree citizens, although and comfort to the enemy which enthey might provoke, did not justify courages their treason by the avmostby to obstruct the gigantic offorts of a great people to free themselves from the grasp of a serpent which, while the Nation mations were spurned. So far as the hearted, black hearted monstars-these legaisltion of the free States was consti- vampires, who suck out the very life blood of the State. Thank God. there tutional no one had any right to com are but few such miserable wretches, none I trust in our county, But corrupt embrace, while striking to the plain, least of all the special champions of State Sovereignty. So far as i wherever they are, and wheever they are, treat them as deadly fees, where might be unconstitutional it was void, and the Supreme Court, largely comcrimes demand instant, effective venpesed of Southerners, was never reluc geance. Those who are dead to honor, tant to exercise its power in this reduty and patriotism are all alive to Then as to Mr. Lincoln's election

their own safety, and shvink with convulsive terror from the lash which they It is not denied that it was in all re. merit. Rely on it. if you enforce the spects according to the Constitution To seconde then on this ground, was virtually to declare that, the Constitulaws-ample as they are to punish all To second then ou this ground, was have supple as they are to purise all virtually to declare that the Constitu-tion is not binding in one part of the Northern men with Southern principles country because it is binding; and has foul-mouthed, blathering their valgar such time and the basis of all success is been observed in snother. The mere treason at your cross roads and street

absolute strength, and none but those fact of opposition to a candidate in- corners. This is no longer an open question who exercise it and are responsible for volves an obligation of honor to record. This is no longer an open its abuse can determine the degree of nize his election if he is successful. To The day for discussion has pass force requisite for the public security, take, at the same time, the chance of contest is, on our part, as just any was The safety of the Republic is the Sup- success and avoid the risk of defeat is ever any effort for self protection. The the base trick of the black leg who war is as holy as any ever waged since stocks the cards, and is wholly unworthy that directly commanded by God himof those who loudly yaunt a special self to punish the Causaniter for their chivalry and a personal honor too sen- orying sins. No feature of atroaty is sative for equal intercourse with plain wanting for warrant of resistance. The Constitution is ignored, the laws are men like you and me. To all this it is replied that we were war-ned beforehand that the election of Mr. ment-of aby government-is in peril, Lincoln would be deemed and taken as the very life of the Republic is in jeopsufficient cause for dissolving the Union | ardy, our forts and ships and troops have been attacked, the mails, the rev-That is to say an act wholly unjustifiable in itself is to be justified because it enue has been stopped, all authority was preceded by a threat; or, in other legislative, judicial and excentive is words, insolence is justification for defied, armies have been raised, the crime. This is argument fit only to influence slaves-argument repelled by our self-respect and which our selfrespect forbids us to answer.... .In very truth, my friends, the real reason of this revolt is to be found in

one of these things, but in the impending probability that the sceptre of em-pire was about to depart from the bands which had held it almost exclusively from the organization of the government-result due to the proved inability even spaniels do not court the scourge, of the Slave States to compete with the Free States in the pursuits of industry, and consequently in wealth, numbers, vasion by the North of the rights of the | intelligence-all that constitutes the ef

fective force of a people. All complaints centre in slavery, and yet slavery was totally unaffected in the Cotton States which first flew from the glorious galaxy. The pretence, therefore, was false-and so the hierarchy of evil is competed--complaints, threats, insults, falsehood. crime.

insults, falsehood, crime. I do not blame the Southern, people resort to which they allege is to be for this. I sympathize with them. sully the emblazoned pages in which found in the same cause on which they We are fighting their battle as much the world reads of your patriots and as our own. They have been the in- reverances their nocent victime of grievous wrong. The will cherish these holy memories and The first is said to be sanctioned by leaders dared not ask for the expression emulate these herces of peace and war.

gard.

Capital is menaced, pirates capture our commerce; a: price is set on the liveds of our people, tortures and death, with-out regard to age or sex, have been inflicted on innocent travelers falsely accused or groundlessly suspected of abolition sentiments-terror reigns wherever our enemies hold away. Such is the conduct which has some times found defenders even in Pennsyl vania-dogs baser than spanlels; to though they may submit to it. How their Southern allies must despise these reptiles crawling on their bellies. Fellow-citizens, you will be mindful

of the glorious record of your fathers written in the French war, the Revolutionary war, the war of 1812 and the Mexican war; you will not forget that Pennsylvania was first among the States that formed and ratified the Constitue tion of the Union, and has always been its inflexible defender against all opponents and every attack. You will not

cated the nomination of a Union ticket in the proposition that in such a crisis winter equipments for soldiers are being by the Republican Conventions. But in as this it is well for all parties to sup. sought in every quarter. The governthese Conventions the influence of of- port one ticket, pledged to the govern- ment has recently made a purchase of fice seekers and office holders was strong | ment and the war. enough to defeat the well-known wish-

es of the people, and when, in the words asserts that in every democratic or winter supply of fuel for the city. All of the Gazette, it became known that 'a doubtful county the Democrats have these preparations bespeak that the straight out Republican ticket" had been refused to co-operate with the Republican is not to be a hasty one; that placed in the field, the people, indignant cans. Even in Berks the Democrats the government no longer underrates the judgment of its own tribunal. at being thus misused and misrepresented by one of those singular, popular movements which politicians cannot where the Union feeling is not predom. prepare to meet every movement on our tence of the sword we encourage subsecontrol, resolved that they would have inant among them. The game is not a a Union Convention and make nomina-

tions to suit themselves, regardless of treme partizanship and natural love for to win it. any political dictation whatever. The offices and office seekers and official paprimary meetings to elect delegates to tronage would pretend.

We shall speak of the ticket itself the Union Convention were largely attended by the very best citizens of the again. As we have said, there are some county. The preliminary movements names upon it whom we would rather Republic, well armed, well drilled, well were made calmly and earnestly and all have seen off, but in any view it is far better worthy of every true man's supseemed to feel how important they were. About this movement as well as about port than any partizan ticket whatever. The nomination of Mr. Rhodes for all other Union movements in various parts of the country, the Gazette was Sheriff. which seems intensely to disas silent as the grave until the result of please the Gazette, is a nomination which the popular meetings on Saturday had meets with universal approval from all shown its editors that the people had Union men. Although a Republican, assumed to manage their own affairs, he has never been a politician nor an and the editors of that paper began to office see ker. Even in this instance

perceive, like Demetrius of old, "their | the office sought him. As a Union man he presents a glorious record in comparcalling was in danger." So on Tuesday morning, the day of ison with the party candidate of the Republicans, Mr. Woods. While the the meeting of the Union Convention. latter has been enjoying a fit salary in the Gazette comes out with an editorial the Court House, Mr. Rhodes has been howl, of the most malicious character. devoting his time and his money to the and filled the position for four years with In the face of the facts as known to the extent of thousands, in aiding the govwhole county, they charge that the ernment to procure men and equip Union movement was directed and conthem for the army. The people know trolled by wire-pulling Democrats, and

this, and will approve it, too. that the "farce of a Union ticket was But we did not intend to speak about played out." It charges those honest Republicans who participated in the movement with being "fishy camp must close.

5 followers" of the Gazette and its party. THE NATIONAL LOAN. It holds up the threat of "an ugly record 1.2

for future handling" to those Republicduty of every citizen to aid the governans who have boldly said "we will forego ment to the utmost extent of his power. party for the sake of country at the and we hope to see Pennsylvania do her Watson the following card, which exproportion of furnishing the means, as present time."

But the Gazette's thunders have long she has the men, to overthrow the insince ceased to be terrible, and the fork. surrection which is now destroying the prosperity of the country and drenching ed lightnings which in N. B. Craig's 12.4 time lespt, scathing, from his bitter, it in blood. Lest every one who can, H. come forward now, for the crisis is one polished, honest pen, have degenerated which involves both the supremacy of into mere currish growls from Errett &

law and the security of public and pri. At the time that the Republican Convate liberty, as well as the maintenance ventions were held, the Gazette favored of popular institutions. The popular loan now asked for by

a Union ticket. The Democrats, both in their Convention and in their Committee, had declined to nominate a tickat and like the Democrats everywhere, are given, will furnish the means to put decided to forego party for the Union .-ġ. down this rebellion. As an investment The Republican leaders and their call.

and the Gazette endorsed, were in favor of no partizan nominations.

The Republicans met. Their vote in the county is about twice that of the De. mocracy and by the report of their committees to apportion officers, an offer was made to give about one-third of the offices to the Democracy. It failed to be adopted by the Convention. The Republicans thus declared that as a party,

they preferred party to any other consideratim. But the vote upon this report, 67 to 76, showed that a large number of the ten-nearly half, were for a Union | ty to the amount of ten millions of dol-

The people -- Republicans as well as ted States Marshal in New York.

folly? all the wood on the railroad between We deny the fact which the Gazette the Capitol and the Relay House, for a

> We do not, therefore, agree with those who think there will be no fighting at Washington, but when the day of conflict comes, the heavy columns of the

prepared in every necessity, will swing grandly into battle, and the cry will folly or the wiles of enmity. No if you start from the army of the Potomac and are right and strong, strike boldly the resound throughout the nation, "No more Bull Run affairs." "The rebellion is vanquished-the Union safe." DR. A. M. SPEER.

We are pleased to learn that our townsman, Dr. A. M. Speer, has been ordered to report himself immediately at Camp

Curtin, near Harrisburg, preparatory to his being assigned to one of the regiments, shortly to leave for the seat of war.

Having been appointed during the administration of Gen. Pierce, Physician to the U.S. Marine Hospital, near this city pleted a term of service of three months in Col. Campbell's regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. The Doctor is peculiarlength of the candidates to day. and it well qualified by training and practice to discharge any duties that may devolve

upon him in the line of his profession. In a crisis like the present it is the either on the tented or the battle-field. DECLINES.

We have received from Mr. Robert

plains itself: Ріттявияси, Sept. 19, 1861. Mr. Editor Post .- Sir - You will please withdraw my card from your paper, as I decline running as a Union and Work-ing Mens' Candidate for Sheriff, and P. W. Sport R. WATSON. oblige yours,

LIEUT, E. J. KEBGTAN, of Greensburg. has been appointed Signal officer, and is thereby attached to Gen. McClellan's staff. EDITOR OF THE MORNING POST-MV name was before the Union Convention the government, for which Treasury notes, bearing 7 3-10 per cent. interest, wishes. I was not a candidate for any foffice. A. W. Localis. BOWLING GREEN TO BE OCCUPIED BY LINCOLN TROOPS -It is reported on what these notes are safe and sure. They these notes are safe and sure. They appears to be good authority that General will be received as money in all commer Rousseau's brigade at Camp Jc. Holt, will will be received as money in all commer-cial transactions, the banks will take them on deposit, the merchant and the manufacturer will be glad to get them for their goods, and to the farmers they will form a cturrency which is as safe for them to hold as gold or silver. The subscriptions can be made to this loan, to Joshua Hanma, Esq., at Hanna

those who ery, peace, peace, when there argue for the policy of secession. is no peace False teachers of fatal I too am for peace, but-all the Constitution-the second is in avowhope of milder means being gone-for ed defisnce of that instrument. poace by treaty written by the sword in letters of blood, and proclaimed in thunders of our victorious cannon.-Rightly to rebuke rebellion we must except its own test, and defeat it by have united upon a Union ticket, and the bravery and determination of the It has appealed to arms, and if we evade we know of no county in the State enemy, who do not underrate us, but or avoid the final and irrepealable senpart, and that before the battle comes quent attack. To make peace with one-sided one, as the *eazette*, in its ex- the Federal forces will be fully prepared armed traitors is to offer a premium to. armed treason and to give impunity to.

to sanction, to share the greatest of human crimes. It would be no peace, for there would neither be concord to unite nor strength to control, nor justice to ounish. It would be monstrous to sacfice safety, life, liberty-all that is lear and sacred-to the delusions of decisive blow which shall kill the monster forever. If you are wrong and weak, withdraw your flects, disband your armies and proclaim your error

and impotency. Surely it is neither wise or valiant to yield to demands backed by force. If now you surrender to dictation,' for what has the National treasure been expended, for what has your brother's blood been shed?

You know, my friends, that I was last winter the zealous advocate of concession and compromise, for I thought conciliation, if possible, on any terms, at once the truest policy and the highest credit to himself and to the satisfaction of duty. But when the cr sis came, when the government, and having recently com- all hope of concord was gone, when an open organization defied the rower of the Government, when every offer was spurned and a direct attack made on our flag, when the symbol of the Republic ceased to protoct our people and became the warrant of violence toward

> lent assumptions and repression of these hustile acts. You well know that those who were last to abandon hope of peace.

were first to declare for the integrity of the Union at all hazards and at every cost. I mean to speak plainly. I opposed Mr. Lincoln's election, fairly, sincerely and from politicial principles which I then held and still hold. But he was elected and he is my President as much as if I voted for him, for he is the President under the terms of the Constitution which I have often sworn to support. I was a citizen of the Republic-title broader, higher, more glorious than any party name, insacred than any political relation. In truth the Democratic creed, announcing

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Fellow-citizens, I deny the right of --without consulation with the masses. secession-I deny that the Constitution of the United States reserves the right They did not submit their Secession toils and dangers, reward of wiedon to each State to withdraw from the Union at any time, on its own mere motion. On the contrary I hold that the Federal Government, though of turn one Government and establish States. Its construction was a labor of limited powers, is a le gitimate government for the purpose of its creation and indefinite loyalty; in short these this great national family. perfect in all its parts, Executive, Leg-islative and Judicial-self-sustaining,

independent-making, construing and executing its own laws by virtue-of its own inherent force. Reason revolts from the idea of nolitical suicide-of a contract to bind-nobody-of an agreement for disagreement-of a union for disunion. But the question now presented by ural spirit of combativeness has been the attitude of the seceding States, i

invoked to sanction the pestilent heresy one not subject to the test of the technical lawyer, or the results of abstract philosophical speculation. We stand, in a momentous time, in we shall find yes, even the very streets man soul a Divinely inspired spirit of the presence of appaling facts. Are of Charleston when the ensign of the Rest concord stronger than arms—ospable of charleston when the ensign of the Rest of charleston arms arms of the street of we equal to the time and its dutiescan we comprehend these facts and their stars, and recalls with mingled pain and government more powerful than desconsequence? If we are not-if we cannot-the death knell of the Repub-ican not-the death knell of the Repub-lic is already rung-the great experi-ment has failed-the demonstration is reverence for the past, hope for the factor the future-the sacred legacy of ment has failed-the demonstration is

complete that man is incapable of selfgovernment-despotism has forever triumphed over literty. Denying the doctrine of secession

admit the right of revolution. It is a right reserved by every people in every rovernment-without it tyranny would e eternal. Its exercise is in the sole udgment of those who assert it. Its vindication is in the result of war. But resort is only to be had to this ex-treme remedy, as Mr. Jefferson well ged and purified by fire and blood, and branches of the tree of liberty. coming generations shall rise up and call us blessed because neither doubt, said, when tyranny becomes overwhelming, not for light and transient causes. them—then I felt that justice and mercy, united in demanding the most energe-tic measures for rebuke of these inso. Inter the present only when all other means of re-tic measures for rebuke of these inso. tolerable and hopeless wrongs. Its of freemen.

declaration of war is in the thunder But, my friends, the soldiers in the tones of the people united by the exter-nal pressure of a crushing oppression field must be sustained by their fellowcitizens in civil life, or their efforts and nerved to resistance by the exwill be useless-their strength paratremity of a common suffering. Did any of these conditions exist when the present rebellion broke out? Not one. We were all living under a government the best which the world ities. An open enemy in the field, has ever seen-well illustrating that with the recognized arms of warfare maxim that the best government is that

the secret opponent who, insinuates an opposition which he is afraid to avow, which governs least. As to slavery in the Territories they whose weapons are hostile criticisms of bad it, by legislation and judicial dewolving obligations more solemn and sacred than any political relation. In be simply a domestic question for the affected jealousy of engroachments on truth the Democratic creed, announcing for its cardinal maxim, the supremacy of the Constitution, Democrats best demonstrate their party fidelity by fidel-ity to the elect of the Constitution; nor is this paramonnt duty diminished be-cause we are defeated in election, any more than it is strengthened when we are encessful. Kellow Democrate allow afe for them to hold as gold or silver. The subscriptions can be made to this be be diam, to Joshua Hanna, Eaq., at Hanna, "Wood and Effth streets, Pittsburgh.
The subscriptions of an example of the single and the spectral for the spectra for the spectral for the spectral for the spectral for

of their judgment or wishes, but cut you will vindicate your birthright by the Federal tie without the consent of proving that you are worthy of it.

Product of patriotic offort, fruit of Ordinances to popular vote, but a few and valor, purchased by suffering and gentlemen in secret session in Convens blood, crown of the Revolutionary contion assumed, without warrant, to evers test is the Constitution of the United another, to release citizens from their love; let it be again and perpetaally allegiance, to compel them to a new renovated by the political affection of

self appointed usurpers undertook to! It formed the Union and is its sole exchange, transfer and convey many security. The Union-blessed mother millions of men who supposed them of all her children-b autiful source of selves free-with the same disregard. of the greatness and glory of the Repubtheir subjects, wishes, as if they were lic-shield of security-assurance of their subjects, wishes, as if they were prosperity—concentrated wisdom of the slaves in fact which they became prosperity—concentrated wisdom of by this act. It is true, that after has its immortal founders—proof of their its immortal founders—proof of their tilities began, a certain ardor of conflict. patriotism-lesson for all arose in the South, and this mere nats ages-the happy expedient by which freedom of domestic government is connected with power in foreign affairs. of secession. But in the hearts of the each ample, neither impaired -cousopeople, once their voices can be heard, ling evidence that there is in , the hu-we shall find yes, even the very streets man soul a Divinely inspired whirit of public once more unfoldsits stripes and of political combinations for creeting a pleasure, all its holy memories of glory potism-commended to our affections ture. Then the hour of reckoning will our ancestors, which we are bound in have arrived; then will the tyrants be faith and honor, to transmit unimpair. hurled igominously from their places; the right and reason resume their sway; then will our brethern re-enter the great care that its rays, streaming across then will our pretuern recentor the great of the varys, becauting auross. National family, then the wicked shall oceans and continents, may beam the ra-cease from troubling, and the weary be at rest; the reign of the Constitution will political firmament, warming, vivifying be re-inaugurated and leaving to our and fructifying the seed of freedom, children, unimpaired, the rich heritage every where, so that all people may

Not for ourselves alone but for the whole world-not for the present only of the fitness of man for freedom .--Dissolve the Union and Democratic libcrty is dead; discord rules until despotism succeeds. God presave our loved country from either evil; from will be useless—their strength part lyzed. This can only be done by sup-porting the Government—by loyalty in words and acts, to the country, as the defined but too feeble for strength tive defines, or from the cold silence tive defines, or from the cold silence of subjection to irresponsible lymniny. Heaven to our keeping has intrusted the sacred fire of freedom. Let us be true to our trust that our children may enjoy the heritage of liberty, that the nations may rejoice in the life and light of Republican truth.

I have thus, my triends, frankly presented my views. It is unusual for officers of the army to deliver public

in his hands, is not so dangerous as

杨恩来