The Daily Post.

JAMES P. BARR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CITY MATTERS.

The Democratic County Convention.

The delegates to the Democratic County Convention met in the Supreme Court room at ten o'clock on Wednesday morning.

The body was called to order at quarter past ten by James Salisbury, Esq., chairman of the Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

Jacob H. Whitesell, A. J. Davis and E. P. Kearns were chosen temporary Secretaries.

The list of districts was called over and, after some discussion as to the admission of two sets of delegates from double districts, the following delegates presented their credentials and were admitted to seats in the Convention:

PITTSBURGH.

Second Ward—Chas. Barnett, Jas. Irvin.
Third Ward—Jno. Quinn, E. P. Kearns.
Fourth Ward—John Minis, Wm. Gielsenkemp.
Fifth Ward, 1st *Precinct*—Cornelius O'Donnell, Wm. Scott.
Sixth Ward—Jas. Duncan, Jos. Reiter.
Seventh Ward—Jno. N. McGlowry.
Ninth Ward—Hugh Kane.

ALLEGHENY.

First Ward—Jas. Patton, Geo. W. Case.
Second Ward—Jno R. Large, Jno. H. Blackford.
Third Ward—Eugene McGeary, Jacob Snider.
Fourth Ward—Wm. Linn, L. Wilmarth.

BOROUGHS.

Elizabeth—Robt. C. Walker, John F. Richards.
West Pittsburgh—H. D. Whipple, Jos. Rogers.
Manchester—A. J. Stewart, Wm. Hall.
Sewick ey—Dr. W. Black, W. A. Ellis.
Birmingham—Jas. Salisbury, John Murray.
East Birmingham—A. J. Repp, Jno. Gaisrraith.
Duquesne—Jesse Sutton, A. McF. Johnston.
Leavenworth—Henry McCullough, S. H. Keller.
Sharpsburg—Jacob Kyle, Wm. Smith.
McKeesport—J. F. Ryan, Wm. Mains.
Turtletown—Jas. B. Fulton, Geo. Duphon.
Temperanceville—Hugh McAfee, S. P. Ross.

TOWNSHIPS.

Pitt—Henry Beaumont, Manus McCluskey.
Collins—Thos. Donnelly, A. J. Davis.
Elizabeth—Jos. Patterson, Wm. Powers.
Mifflin—H. B. Cochran, L. B. Patterson.
Robinson—Mathew I. Harbison, Wm. Burroughs.
Moon—Edward McGinnis, P. H. Stevenson.
Baldwin—Hugh Lafferty.
Ross—S. G. McAuley, John Cowan.
McCandless—Henry Good, John Sandel.
North Fayette—John Turner, Sam'l Sturgeon.
Wilkins—Moore Thompson, Dan'l Wearte.
Versailles—John Sill, Richard Harrison.
Jefferson—Michael Snee, Wm. Beam.
Finley—Robt. McAyeal, W. V. Hays.
Pine—Jas. A. Gibson, Richard Burton.
West Deer—Chas. Bryson, Alex. McGill.
Indiana—Henry Fey, Edward McCorkle
Lower St Clair—Andrew Stine, John Shuck.
Sewickley—Robt. Stevenson, Jacob H. Whitesell.
McClure—R. H. Kerr, Thos. Farley.
Hampton—Thos. S. Hart, Robert McDonald.
Union—Thomas Boyd, Wm. Carnahan.

R. H. Kerr nominated Thos. Farley for permanent Chairman; Jno Quinn nominated Thos. Donnelly, a vote was then taken, resulting as follows: Donnelly, 34; Farley, 30.

Mr. Donnelly was escorted to the chair by Mr. Farley, and introduced by him to the Convention.

Mr. Donnelly thanked the body for the honor conferred upon him, more particularly as it is a period of importance in our country's history, distracted as it is by civil war. He did not wish to foreshadow the course of the convention, but thought if the Democratic principles had been carried out this trouble would not have come upon us. But ultra men in the North and ultra men in the South have the power in their respective sections, with the result before us. Though our doctrines were too mild for the abolitionists of the North and the secessionists of the South, and our teachings have failed to preserve peace, we have yet a duty before us—the defence of our country. Our young men are on the battle field and our old men have assembled here to counsel together; he would not say what they should do; there were older and better qualified men here who would point out the proper course to pursue.

On motion of R. H. Kerr, four Vice Presidents and four Secretaries were chosen to complete the organization, as follows:

Vice Presidents—Thos. Farley, Henry McCullough, James Salisbury, John F. Richards.

Secretaries—Jacob H. Whitesell, A. J. Davis, E. P. Kearns, Jno. H. Blackford.

On motion of R. H. Kerr, the Chairman appointed a committee of nine to draft resolutions, expressive of the sense of the convention, composed of the following gentlemen: R. H. Kerr, Jno. R. Large, Jas. A. Gibson, Jno. Quinn, Thos. Farley, Jno. Sill, S. H. Keller, J. B. Fulton and S. P. Ross.

The committee retired to prepare their resolutions and Mr. Large announced that Aaron Floyd, Esq., who was present, had invited the convention to dine at Fricker's restaurant.

Soon after twelve o'clock the Committee on Resolutions returned and Mr. Kerr said he was instructed to make a unanimous report. He held in his hand a book seventy-four years old, containing the letter of George Washington in submitting to Congress the Constitution of the United States, which he read as introductory to the report of the committee. Its language was prophetic and he hoped the teachings it conveyed might be acted upon and that unanimity and harmony might characterize the proceedings of the body.

Mr. Kerr now read the report of the committee, as follows:

Resolved, That we, the Democracy, in convention assembled, representing the wish and desire of the people, do most solemnly declare that the Union of the States and the Constitution of the American Government—made and entered into by the most enlightened statesmen and purest of patriots ever embodied for a similar purpose—"Must and shall be preserved," and unhallowed disunion and rebellion crushed out by a united people, who honor the Star Spangled Banner, and all those who would tarnish its fame will be branded as traitors and remain a eternal blot on the memory of those who take up arms against the country; and we therefore say to the constituted authorities not to spare money in the preservation of the Union, and protecting the Constitution from ruthless despoilers.

Resolved, That the Democracy of the North were never known to favor or encourage disolution. But this cannot be said in truth for our opponents, who proclaimed "let the Union slide." We pledge our lives to defend the whole country, as the Union of the States is the bright inheritance of a free people, for it requires no argument to sustain what God in His wisdom ordained as a home for all nations of people, and the flag of our country will never be disgraced when such adopted citizens take the field as the brilliant Sixty-Ninth, of New York.

Resolved, That while we remain as we are, uncramped and unfettered as a nation, without restraint by the narrow limits of secession, for, by separation each State would dwindle and decay, compared to the perfection and glory in which they now bloom and flourish under the genial sunshine of our happy Union and matchless Constitution, created by the noble deeds of the patriots of Seventy-Six; and we would rejoice to see the present unnatural war terminated on honorable terms, so that no injury be done or injustice sustained to the laws of the country—this being accomplished, nothing more should be exacted by a magnanimous people, who can overlook the errors of the past by a bright future. The power and might is in our hands, and we should use it as the fond parent doeth with his first born—then contentment, harmony and union will be as of yore, and all can rejoice in the adoration of our government.

Resolved, That we, a portion of the people, for the last fifteen years, have advocated and urged the location of the Western Foundry and Armory in our county. Nature points to this place as the most suitable for such a national work—transportation by rail and river the most convenient, coal in abundance, mechanics skillful, laborers industrious, everything which invites to economy, for its construction and location. Should the Government consult economy and the best of materials, this county should be favored, for no where in the vast West offers such inducements.

Resolved, That the Democracy regard the Constitution as the highest law of the land, and we cannot acknowledge "higher law" than the deep obligations we owe to the Union of the States and the perpetuity of the Constitution. We will never sanction, by any act of ours, the deep disgrace that would follow the dismembering of the States, and, like the veteran Jackson, we pledge our lives to the protection of the "Star Spangled Banner." Withered be the arm that would tarnish its fame.

Resolved, That the four members of the Legislature from our county who violated the instructions of the people, by voting for the repeal of the Tonnage Tax, and by that act plundering the State Treasury of a large sum of money, are deserving of the severest censure of the voters of this county, and the Governor, for signing the bill, should be held up to the execrations of the people of the State, which he has disgraced by his vacillating and speculating conduct, and, therefore, we consider him, and all who voted for the wholesale robbery, unworthy of confidence from an honest constituency.

Resolved, That inasmuch as we are all united in defence of one flag, one Union and one Constitution, we can see no good reason for party nominations at this time.

Mr. Wearts moved the adoption of the resolutions and the letter just read as a preamble.

Mr. Wilmarth moved to amend by adopting the letter as a preamble and the last resolution only.

Mr. Gibson proposed the adoption of a substitute for the report of the committee, as follows:

WHEREAS, Our country is involved in a civil, sectional war, which threatens the destruction of our republican institutions; and whereas, it is the duty of every citizen of the Republic, no matter in what section of it he may reside, or what his party predilections may heretofore have been, to insist in the language of the heroic Jackson, that "this Union must and shall be preserved;" and whereas, in order to render this union sentiment as effective and unanimous as possible among our people, we deem it proper for the present to forget party in the contemplation of country, therefore, be it

Resolved, That this Convention, representing the Democracy of our county, partaking of and approving the patriotic impulse which now animates all classes of our people, do, for the present, forego party nominations for Judicial, Legislative and county officers, in the hope of being able to unite with our fellow citizens upon a single ticket, which shall be pledged to nothing but the maintenance of the Union, the Constitution and the laws.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Convention be authorized to appoint a County Committee of Correspondence, consisting of twenty-one members, and that said committee be empowered to place before the people, at the ensuing election, such a ticket as will most effectively represent the foregoing preamble and resolution; but should our political opponents insist upon a seperate organization, said committee shall be empowered to use their discretion in presenting to the people such a ticket as will be most acceptable to those who, in the present alarming period of our national existence, look upon country as being paramount to party, and the preservation of the Union as being more laudable than the success of any particular political organization.

Mr. Linn made a speech in opposition to Mr. Gibson's resolutions, strongly deprecating anything like a fusion with our opponents; he was in favor of making no nominations and permitting any patriotic citizen who wished to run independently. If a fusion were attempted it would create bad feeling and perhaps three tickets. We must keep the party united, stand up to the administration in this crisis and strike down this rebellion as with one arm, permitting nothing to divest us from this object.

Mr. Gibson replied in favor of his resolutions and explained that they were not in favor of fusion. His desire was that all should unite upon a ticket composed of patriotic citizens, subjecting them to no test but that of fealty to the Union and devotion to the best interests of our common country. He read the resolutions a second time.

A motion to lay the substitute upon the was now carried by a vote of 41 ayes to 28 nays.

Mr. Wilmarth now insisted upon his amendment to the original report, which drew another speech from Mr. Kerr, in favor of the Committee's report, after which Mr. Wilmarth withdrew his amendment.

Mr. Large now moved the acceptance of the report, which was unanimously carried.

Mr. Large now moved that the resolutions be read and voted upon, separately.

R. C. Walker moved as a substitute the adoption of the entire report, which was carried and the resolutions adopted.

Mr. Kerr moved the appointment by the chair of one from each district of the county, with the chairman of the convention as chairman, to constitute a County Committee of Correspondence.

Mr. Salisbury moved that the number be twenty-one, viz: six from Pittsburgh; four from Allegheny; five from South of the Monongahela; three from North of the Allegheny and three from between the rivers, the chairman of the convention to be chairman of the Committee.

On motion of Dr. Black the substitute, except the last clause, was laid on the table.

Mr. Large insisted upon Mr. Kerr's motion, with the proviso that seven members constitute a quorum for business. This would give the country districts an equal chance with the cities. The motion was finally adopted.

Mr. Eugene McGeary presented the following, which was read by Mr. Davis, one of the Secretaries:

Resolved, That we deeply deplore the want of a newspaper in this county to advocate the principles laid down by Jefferson and carried out by every Democratic administration. While every county around us and throughout the State, have their unflinching advocates of Democracy, we are left at the mercy of our enemies and an unscrupulous press.

On motion of Mr. Wearts the resolution was laid on the table by an overwhelming vote.

The Convention then adjourned.

ALLEGED SECESSIONIST.—On Tuesday evening John McKinstry, formerly a bar keeper at Wheeling, was arrested at the St. Charles Hotel, charged with uttering treasonable sentiments while in company with some young ladies of the city with whom he was acquainted. The information was made by W. H Devore, undertaker, to whom the conversation was related. McKinstry's baggage was searched and a secession flag, a secession song and some Richmond papers found in it. He admitted that his sympathies were with the South, but was not in favor of secession and had not voted the secession ticket in Wheeling. Mayor Wilson committed him for a hearing to day.

A GENEROUS ACT.—Among the many acts of liberality which our citizens are hourly performing for the benefit of the volunteers, now preparing for the seat of war, we record that of Mr. Michael Daly, of No. 20, Fifth street, who yesterday sent to Col. Black, six dozen pairs of fine woolen socks, for the use of needy soldiers in his regiment, which is now almost ready to move. Such acts of genuine liberality as these, are eminently worthy of publicity, and entitle the giver to the thanks of all good citizens, as well as the immediate recipient, which in this case we are authorized most respectfully to tender.

A NEW COMPANY.—William S. Kirkwood, of Indiana township, Allegheny county, is the Captain, and Alderman Rogers, of the Sixth Ward, the first Lieutenant, of a fine new company, called the Harmer Guards, in honor of the late Harmer Denny, which has been accepted by Col. Black, and is now nearly full. The company has an armory at No. 80 Wood street, where about ten good men are still wanted to come up to the requirement of 101 men. Any of our young men who desire to go to the war with a good company, and kind, gentlemanly, competent officers, could not do better than join the Harmer Guards.

THE RESULT OF CAREFUL OBSERVATION.—Since graduating at Iron City College, in 1857, I have traveled extensively throughout the United States, and visited nearly all the commercial schools in the country; but among none of these have I found the thoroughness and efficiency which characterizes the Iron City College; and I am now satisfied that, beyond a doubt, this is the best institution of the kind in the Union. Every young man would find it greatly to his advantage to pursue a course of study under the able instructors of this school.

GEO. K. TOZER.

Athens, Pa., July 5, 1861.

ANOTHER PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT READY.—A full regiment of volunteers for the war has been raised in Clearfield county, and their services have been tendered to the President. The chief officers are: W. C. Foley, Colonel; David Johnson, Lieutenant Colonel; C. W. Watson, Major. The regiment is ready to march at once. It was raised and tendered to the Governor as a three months' regiment early in the campaign, but not accepted. The organization was preserved and now the regiment offers for three years.

THE FIRST OF AUGUST.—Our colored citizens have made ample preparations for celebrating the First of August, the anniversary of the West Indian emancipation. The celebration takes place at Iron City Park. Dinner will be served at one o'clock, and several addresses will be delivered during the day. The "Social Band," with a couple of "contrabands," will attend in a body. A flag presentation to the Fort Pitt Cadets will take place at two o'clock. Cars will run to the ground at short intervals.

United States District Court.
Before Hon. Wilson McCandless.

WEDNESDAY, July 31, 1861.

At the opening of Court this morning Mr. Carnahan addressed the jury for the government in the case of U. S. vs James M. Bannon, and the Court charged the jury, who returned in a short time with a verdict of not guilty. The prisoner was discharged by proclamation.

A jury was then empanneled to try the case of U. S. vs George R. Slick, tavern keeper about three miles from Johnstown, for passing counterfeit coin.

District Attorney Carnahan appeared for the prosecution and Messrs. Swartzwelder, Kopelen and Noon for defendant. District Attorney Carnahan opened for the prosecution, the prisoner having first been arraigned, and the following testimony was given:

Charles Wendall got a half dollar from Slick about the 15th or 20th of May last. He did not like the "ring" of it, and Slick said if it was not good he could return it. Witness gave the piece to Mr. Carnahan. It was exhibited to the jury in evidence.

On cross examination witness said he had never asked Slick to redeem the half dollar. When he got it a man named "Hershey" was present, whom he afterwards recognized in Court in the person of Newcomer, the detective.

Albert Petriken, clerk at Walters & Wohn's store, in Johnstown, testified that on the 6th of April Slick purchased goods amounting to $4; he paid the bill in coin, of which five quarters and two halves were discovered by witness to be counterfeit by testing on coin scales. He returned them and Slick gave him other money excepting a balance of $1, in payment of which Slick soon after handed witness a $2 bill on the State Bank of Ohio. [Witness being asked if the note was counterfeit defendant's counsel objected on the ground that the possession of counterfeit bills was under the laws of the United States. The Court overruled the objection and the testimony was admitted.] He refused to take the bill, pronouncing it counterfeit. Slick had before offered counterfeit money at the store, which was refused.

Ferdinand Noctrower got a counterfeit half dollar from Slick on the 16th of May, which he returned (as Slick told him in case it was not good) on the 19th and then gave it back, getting another for it. Slick said he was not much of a judge of money, but knew where he got the piece. He was arrested next day. Slick said he got the bad half dollar from a pedlar.

John Madson got two bad half dollars from Slick, which he returned, Slick remarking that if they were not good he had been deceived.

Daniel Harshberger got paper and silver money from Slick last February; the bill was a counterfeit $5 bill, which he gave back to Slick.

John Herron, constable, of this city, testified to visiting Slick's house on the 18th of May last, where he ate supper and got in change two quarters and two dimes; one of the latter was counterfeit [coin offered in evidence.]

On cross-examination witness said he went on purpose to see if Slick would pass counterfeit money on him. Newcomer told him about Slick; he left Newcomer at Shoemaker's, in Johnstown. Slick was not at home when he got to his house, but came in about two hours after in company with Newcomer. He was sent to Johnstown by officer Hague then acting as Deputy Marshal; no arrangement for pay was made other than his witness fees. He did not meet a stranger on the road to Slick's, buy a watch from him and pay him in counterfeit money. Did not know John A. Hammer.

Alex Murdock, U. S. Marshal, testified that Robert Hague had been deputized by him with special reference to these Johnstown cases.

Court adjourned until Thursday morning at ten o'clock.

READERS of the *Post* will see by the advertisement of C. Hanson Love, that he is selling off his summer stock awful cheap, having marked down his ten cent prints to 6¼, and his 12½ cent prints to 8; 12½ ducals to 6¼ cents; 25 and 37½ poil de chavres 12½ cents; $6 lace mantles to $3; $8 lace mantles $4; 25 cent chintzes to 12½; 12½ cent chintze for 8 cents, and a full stock of domestic goods at low prices, all cheap for cash.

A GERMAN REGIMENT.—Our German fellow-citizens are agitating the project of forming a German regiment to serve during the war, from among the returned volunteers and others. Some of the best of our three months men are Germans, and that class of our citizens has many competent officers, who have seen service at home. If the idea is carried out, the regiment will be a fine one that will "never say fail."

NUISANCE.—Isaac Morrison made information before the Mayor, charging H. L. Jackson with maintaining a nuisance by keeping a quantity of oil stored in a cellar on Water street, creating an insupportable stench, and endangering the lives and property of the residents of the neighborhood. Mr. Jackson entered bail for his appearance.

RECRUITING.—Lieutenant Shopley R. Holmes, of Company B, Thirteenth Regiment, P. V., is recruiting, in Birmingham, an infantry company to serve during the war. Lieut. J. H. Coleman, late of Co. F, 13th Penn's Regiment, will raise a company for Col. Rowley's regiment. Those who wish to join can see Lieut. Coleman at No. 78 Wood street.

MAIL MESSENGERS APPOINTED.—For Columbia, Henry Fisher is designated by the department, in the place of Christopher L. P. Boice; For Street Run, Hope Church and Buchanan, from Pittsburgh, Pa., August Ammon, appointed in place of Samuel Miller, from date of his commencement.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—This Association will meet at Lewisburg, Union county, on the 6th, 7th and 8th of August. The location of the place is beautiful, near the centre of the State, on the Susquehanna river, and upon the Northern Central Railroad. Excursion tickets will be issued on all the leading railroads.

CAPT. O'BRIEN, of the Kramer Guards, accepted in Colonel Black's regiment, has detailed Wm. G. Fawcett and Wm. Richards to raise ten men for his company in Beaver county. The company is a good one, and only lacks a few men to fill up the complement.

NOT CONTRABAND.—The bullets found at Duquesne Depot on Tuesday evening were not destined South as stated, having been shipped to Major Symington, at the Allegheny arsenal. Some had been hauled away on Tuesday.

COPPER NEWS.—The Iron City at Cleveland, brought down from Lake Superior one hundred and eighty tons of copper from the Cliff, National and, Phoenix mines, consigned to Hussey & McBride, Cleveland.

ORDERED TO HARPER'S FERRY.—The two Pennsylvania regiments under command of Cols. Simmons and Biddle, now encamped about thirty miles beyond Cumberland, have been ordered to repair to Harper's Ferry immediately.

THE money for the Thirteenth regiment arrived yesterday, and as soon as the Paymaster comes the regiment will be paid off. They have as yet received no pay, and the emissary of Uncle Sam is anxiously looked for.

A DETACHMENT of the Third cavalry, Col. Emory, has gone into camp at Linden Grove. The men are of the best material for soldiers and once mounted, will soon be in a condition to render effective service.

Two prisoners awaiting sentence for larceny, escaped from the Blair county jail on Saturday last. The Sheriff offers a reward of $25 for their re-capture.

Bank Note Quotations.

Corrected for the *Post* by Feld & Lare, of the *National Bank Note Reporter*.

(The *Reporter* is published monthly, at One Dollar a year, in advance. Office, Dispatch Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.)

☞ Rates uncertain at present ☜

PITTSBURGH, July 31, 1861.

	Discount.
New England States	par
New York State	par
New York City	par
New Jersey, (East)	par
" (West)	¼
Pennsylvania, (Eastern.)	par
" Pittsburgh	par
" Interior, Western	1
Delaware	par
District of Columbia	10
Maryland, Baltimore	par
" Interior	2
Virginia, Wheeling and Branches	10@12
" Eastern	25
North Carolina	no sale
South Carolina	"
Georgia	"
Alabama	"
Louisiana	"
Kentucky	"
Tennessee	par
Ohio	no sale
Indiana Free	par
" Bank of the State	5
Illinois	par
Wisconsin	no sale
Iowa	"
Michigan	5
Missouri	3
Canada	12
	3

Exchange: selling rates on New York, 1½; on Philadelphia, 1½ per cent. over Bankable funds.

Coin selling at 1½ over Bankable funds

THE TWELFTH REGIMENT AT HOME.—The Twelfth regiment, Col. Campbell, came over the Pennsylvania Railroad on Tuesday night and reached Camp Wilkins at 3 o'clock in the morning. Here they encamped until morning, giving them a fine opportunity to renovate after the fatigue of their journey and get their uniforms in as passable a condition as possible. They left Camp Wilkins at nine o'clock and marched down to the city in fine order. The men all looked well and their arms were in splendid condition.—The streets were lined with spectators as they passed. The regiment marched to City Hall, where they stacked arms and were dismissed. The companies in the regiment were: Washington Greys, Lawrence Guards, A and B Union Guards, Monongahela Guards, Duquesne Greys, U. S. Zouave Cadets and Jackson Independent Blues. The other two companies arrived last week. The Twelfth is decidedly the finest looking regiment we have yet seen returning from the war. A large majority of the men will re-enlist and return for the war.

ARREST OF A FORGER.—On the 11th inst., a young man named John Stenger, about twenty-five years of age, presented at the Iron City Bank, a draft on an Eastern Bank for $8,000, purporting to be drawn by some scholastic institution near Indiana borough, which was cashed by the bank. It was subsequently ascertained that the draft had been originally drawn for $300 and altered to call for $3,000. Officer Hague was employed to capture Stenger, if possible, and yesterday afternoon he returned after an absence of several days, with the forger in custody, having captured him in the vicinity of Milwaukee, Wis. Alderman Owston committed Stenger for trial. The money was found in his possession, in gold and paper, he having exchanged the paper for gold in Cleveland. Officer Hague has been on the track of this man for two weeks and displayed much sagacity and commendable energy in the pursuit. The arrest is an important one and will add to the high reputation of officer Hague.

THE MCCLELLAN REGIMENT.—Colonel Jacob Zeigler, of Butler county, Pa., a well known military tactician, has accepted the command of the McClellan regiment, named in honor of the gallant Gen. McClellan. This regiment having been accepted by the Secretary of War for three years, has mustering orders to be ready to march in two weeks, and is rapidly filling up. The men will be clothed within ten days. The uniform consists of cadet gray cloth jacket and pants, and blue blouse undress. A gray cap will be worn. For marching the soldiers will wear gaiter leggings to protect them from briars, &c. A vacancy exists in the regiment for one more good company. The following is a list of field and staff officers:

Colonel—Jacob Zeigler.
Lieutenant Colonel—S. G. Johnson.
Major—J. C. Johnson.
Adjutant—B. C. Brooker.
Quartermaster—W. Sharkey.
Surgeon—H. B. Linton.
Assistant Surgeon—Philip Leidy, Jr.
Quartermaster Sergeant—J. H. McBride.

CHARGE OF LARCENY.—Mayor Wilson yesterday held to bail a woman named Jenny Myers for hearing on a charge of larceny, preferred by Wm. McConahy, who alleges that on the 15th, at the house of Wm. Jackson, Fifth Ward, while paying for some liquor at the bar, Jenny seized $15, which he held in his hand and retaining it. He also made information against Jackson for trover and conversion in retaining a watch and knife left with him in pledge for meals, &c. Jackson was discharged on giving up the watch and knife.

☞ MINISTERS DEAD.—The *United Presbyterian* notices the death of the Rev. James Hagerty, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Wm. Smith, Independence, Pa. He had been, for a short time, pastor of Hanover congregation in the Presbytery of Frankfort. The same paper also notices the death of the Rev. J. H. Fife, at the residence of his father-in-law, Thomas Dorrington, Allegheny city.—He had been pastor of the united charge of Mount Pleasant and Laurel Hill, in the Presbytery of Westmoreland.

TRUE BILL.—The Grand Jury in the United States District Court yesterday returned a true bill for passing counterfeit money against Rishenberger, of Johnstown, the counts for making bogus coin having been ignored.

FIRE.—The carpenter shop of Ebenezer McKnight, Franklin street, Sixth Ward, caught fire at an early hour yesterday morning and was badly damaged.—The loss is trifling, the building being quite small.

OIL BARRELS.—One thousand barrels were yesterday sold by Messrs. Guthrie & Sill, for carrying crude oil to England. Of course, for this purpose, the best barrels in the market were selected.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

EIGHTH CENSUS
OF THE
United States of America,
1860.
In Advance of the Official Publication.

THIS small volume contains the results of the "Eighth Census of the United States," so far as it has reference to population, and is issued in advance of the official census, for the convenience of the many inquirers who, under the present unhappy position of our country, are desirous of ascertaining with exactness the population of its several political and civil divisions.

Price, 25 cents. For sale by

W. S. HAVEN, Wood Street.

This pamphlet shows the regular advance from the time when the United States numbered 3,929,827 souls, to the present time when it numbers not less than 27,429,861 souls.

JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER.
JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FURNITURE & CHAIRS,
No. 426 Penn street, above 9th Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Have on hand a large assortment of Fancy and Plain Furniture, to which they invite attention. Having manufactories, and purchasing only of their own style to any manufactured extra in quality and at reasonable prices. 1yd

SAPONIFIER!
Important to Families!
Save Time, Trouble, and Expense.
THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET FOR MAKING
SOFT SOAP!
One pound equal to Six pounds
POTASH!!
For Sale at Wholesale, by
Penn'a. Salt Manufact'g. Co.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
And by all Druggists & Grocers in the United States.

J. M. LITTLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NO. 84 SAINT CLAIR STREET,
(Dr. Irish's New Building)
de21-ly PITTSBURGH.

W. H. M'GEE.....G. M. DOSCH.
W. H. M'GEE & CO.,
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JAMES W. CRAFT, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, and Mercantile Broker, Office and Storage, No. 82 North Levee, Saint Louis. N. B.—I will give immediate and personal attention to all business entrusted to my care, for which charges will be reasonable. References: L. E. Forsythe, St. Louis; Paul Laning, St. Louis; J. Brashears & Co., Cincinnati; Messrs. Trux & J. Craig, Philadelphia; M'Arthur, Byrne & Gibbons, New York; W. G. M'Dowell, T. Ewing, Kansas; Northup & Co., Kansas; J. W. Burbridge & Co., New Orleans; W. W. Weston, Memphis; Pennock & Hart, Pittsburgh; G. W. Case, Pittsburgh; P. B. Ball, R. D. Adams, Chicago, W. F. Coolbaugh, Burlington, Iowa; W. H. Postlewait, Burlington, Iowa; Capts. Connell, Bowman, and river men generally. mh18-3m

PRIVATE DISEASES—DR. BROWN'S MEDICAL and SURGICAL Office, No. 50 Sfield street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Dr. BROWN is an old citizen of Pittsburgh, and has been in Practice for the last twenty-five years. His business has been confined mostly to Private and Surgical Diseases.

CITIZENS AND STRANGERS in need of a medical friend, should not fail to find out the sure place of relief. The Doctor is a regular graduate, and his experience in the treatment of a certain class of diseases is a sure guarantee to the sufferers of obtaining permanent relief, by the use of his remedies and following his advice.

DR. BROWN'S REMEDIES never fail to cure the worst form of Venereal Diseases, Impurities and Scrofulous Affections. Also, all diseases arising from a hereditary taint, which manifests itself in the form of ulcers, psoriasis, and a great many forms of skin diseases, the origin of which the patient is entirely ignorant. To persons so afflicted, Dr. Brown offers hopes of a sure and speedy recovery.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS

Dr. Brown's remedies for this alarming trouble brought on often by that solitary habit of sensual gratification, which the young and weak-minded often give way to, (to their own destruction,) are the only reliable remedies known in this country—they are safe, and make a speedy restoration of health.

RHEUMATISM.

Dr. Brown's remedies never fail to cure this painful disease in a few days—he will warrant a cure. He also treats Piles, Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Stricture, Urethal Discharges, Female Weakness, Monthly Suppressions, Diseases of the Joints, Flank and Kidneys, Irritation of the Bladder, together with all diseases of an impure origin.

A letter describing the symptoms, containing a fee, directed to DR. BROWN, No. 50 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa., will be immediately answered.—Medicine sent to any address, safely packed and secure from observation.

Office and Private Rooms, No. 50 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no25-dawly

A VALUABLE FARM OF 160 acres for sale, situate in Beaver county, one mile from Rochester. Good improvements.—Price $8,000. For sale by S. CUTHBERT & SON, jly31 61 Market street.

CARTRIDGES always on hand for U. S. muskets and rifles also for Sharp's rifles, 33, 60 and 90 bores. For sale by BOWN & TETLEY. jy6

6 DOZ. ENGLISH GRADUATED MEASURES; 5 gross French Infant Powder, just received and for sale by GEO. A. KELLY, 1718 Allegheny city.

OIL.—20 barrels first quality Carbon Oil; 20 " Linseed oil; this day received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

FIRST EDITION.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR.

MOVEMENTS OF THE MILITARY.

WASHINGTON CITY ITEMS.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—As to the rebels moving on Washington by way of our intrenchments across the river either at Arlington Heights or Alexandria, the idea is now considered preposterous, as they would, in such case, be more effectually routed from our defences than were our troops before theirs in the late battle at Bull's Run. No one believes that Beauregard, Lee, or any other Confederate commander would commit so gross a blunder. The present position of our lines across the river indicates that a forward rather than a retrogade movement is contemplated by the commander of the army of the Potomac.

All officers of volunteer regiments will, according to a recent order, be subject to an examination by a Military Board, to be appointed by the War Department, with the concurrence of Lieutenant General Scott, as to their fitness for the positions assigned them; and officers found incompetent, will be vacated. Besides, the Government, it is understood, has signified its readiness to accord to him the very best material in men and munitions, and its cordial co-operation in everything that will render his forces efficient.

Fred. W. Lander has been appointed Brigadier General by the President. He will have command of the Rhode Island regiments and part of the Massachusetts regiments. This appointment, which will be approved by the people, was made at the earnest recommendation of Gen. McClellan, Gov. Sprague and Senator Carlisle.—Gen. Lander was previously offered the command of the Rhode Island troops by Governor Sprague. Ex-Gov. Stevens, of Washington Territory, has accepted the appointment of Colonel of the 29th New York Regiment of Highlanders.

About six Government clerks resigned to-day, owing to the passage of the Virginia ordinance providing that any citizen of that Commonwealth holding office under the Government of the United States after to-morrow, shall be forever banished from the State and is declared an alien and enemy; and further, that any citizen who may hereafter undertake to represent the State in the Congress of the United States, in addition to the penalties above described, shall be deemed guilty of treason and his property confiscated to the use of the State. Other resignations will probably take place to-morrow, owing to this ordinance.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, July 30.—Mr. Thulson, Superintendent of the Burlington and Mississippi Railroad, received a letter this evening from the station agent at Chaseque, stating that the rebels of Missouri were within twelve miles of that place, burning houses and killing people, and asking for assistance. Frequent reports have been received here from the Missouri line of similar outrages by rebels dodging across within the last two weeks. Four regiments are encamped here but are without arms or ammunition.

SECOND EDITION.

THE VERY LATEST.

Political Contentions in Nebraska.

Missouri Convention.

REPORTED BATTLE IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—HOUSE.—Mr. Blair, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill providing for the monthly payment of troops; passed.

Mr. Vallandigham, of Ohio, offered the following resolution, which was objected to by Messrs. Lovejoy and Washburne:

WHEREAS, James E. Harvey, Minister to Portugal, did in the month of March and April last, convey confidential and important information from time to time to rebel authorities of South Carolina, in regard to movements of the government of the United States, for the suppression of rebellion in said State. And whereas, the said James E. Harvey has subsequently declared in public communication, that all of the dispatches by him sent to the rebels in South Carolina were first shown to the members of the administration. Therefore

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to ascertain what members of the administration were thus concerned in aiding and abetting treasonable communication with rebels, and if not incompatible with public interest to forthwith remove said persons from authority under him, and to recall James E. Harvey.

On motion of Mr. Lovejoy, of Ill., it was

Resolved, That the thanks of this House are due and are hereby presented to the Eighth regiment of Massachusetts volunteers for their alacrity and patriotism in responding to the call of the President.

Mr. Julien offered a resolution which was adopted, declaring that retention in office here or throughout the country of men who are well known to entertain secession sentiments, merits the reprobation of all loyal citizens, and hereby receives the reprobation of this House.

Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to enquire into the expediency of providing by law that officers and soldiers of volunteers be paid subject to the same rules as soldiers and officers of like rank in the regular service.

Mr. Pendleton asked leave to introduce a preamble, concluding with a joint resolution declaring that hostilities against the so called Confederate States should be prosecuted only so far as may be necessary to enforce obedience to the Constitution and laws, and should not be conducted so as to reduce the States to the condition of inferiors or interfere with their rights of property or destroy their equality.

This was decided out of order under the rule.

Mr. Colfax gave notice of a bill to be offered at the opening of the next session, granting to the soldiers of the present war bounty land warrants on government lands, subject to entry at $2.50 per acre, and granting homesteads to actual settlers on the alternate sections of land reserved from railroad grants and subject to entry at $2.50 per acre.

SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Chandler, of Mich., the bill to increase the Consular representatives of the United States during the rebellion, was taken up and passed.

The report of the Committee of Conference on the bill to provide for war clad ships was taken up, as unfinished business from yesterday. The report of the committee was rejected.

Mr. Thompson, of N. J., moved to postpone the bill indefinitely. Lost.

Mr. Hale moved that the Senate agree to all the amendments of the House, save the one which includes vessels not completed within the provisions of the bill. Agreed to.

A new Committee of Conference was appointed on that amendment.

The bill to suppress insurrection was taken up.

Mr. Hale moved to postpone its consideration till to-morrow. Agreed to.

A communication was received from the President in answer to a resolution transmitting a report of all the instructions given to all our foreign ministers with reference to the rebellion. Laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

The Senate then adjourned.

BROWNSVILLE, N. T., July 25.—Some political contentions have occurred in Southern Nebraska. The secessionists have been in constant communication with the Indians of that section, and the Ottoes acknowledged to having been entreated to aid the Southern Confederacy. A majority of the warriors were at the time in favor