The Daily Post.

SATURDAY MORNING.....MAY 25

A POWERFUL GOVERNMENT.

Since the 12th of April the Federal Government has accomplished most wonderful things. At Washington there are at least 46,000 well drilled and well appointed troops; Fortress Monroe is filled with troops and is now impregnable; a large body of troops and an ample battary protects the approaches to the Mississippi; at Cincinnati; at Pitttburgh; at Harrisburg; at York; at Chambersburg; at Philadelphia; at New York and various other points large bodies of men are drilling and preparing for the war. St. Louis and Baltimore, two most important points are secured to the United States. In every city in the North, arms, equipments and munitions of war are in a state of preparation. The Southern Blockade is nearly effective and every day renders it more so. The government is unanimously sustained by 20,000,000 of people. There is not a single discordant voice all are unanimously in favor of the Stars and Stripes.

These great and effective preparations: this unanimity of opinion; the energy, capacity and activity, which the General government has manifested has caused a feeling of security and confidence to pervade the public mind, that in the great contest which is now initiated there is a power and an authority in the Federal Government, which is fully sustained by the people and which will crush out this rebellion utterly and entirely.

A war is a sad thing. A civil war is a terrible calamity. But anarchy and the downfall of a government is worse,far worse. The government must be sustained and it will be. Twenty millions of people and all their wealth will back the cause of the constitution, the laws, and the constituted authorities of the country to the last.

THE WAR COMMENCED.

The Troops of the Federal Government have commenced the investment of Virginia. The active movements of the War have been initiated and the power of the government is to be re-established in the rebellious States. The details of these movements are given very fully this morning, under our telegraphic head. Alexandria and that portion of Virginia nearest Washington has been taken without a battle, by an energetic and brilliant movement of our troops. As yet we hear of no attempts at resistance on the part of the rebel troops. The points occupied are most important ones. The United States has now the power to move troops upon Richmond simultaneously from Washington City and from Fortress Monroe. Events from this time forth, will come upon us thick and fast.

One sad thing which the whole nation will deeply mourn, has attended this military movement. The young, gallant,brave Col Ellsworth, of Chicago, has met a soldier's death. A brilliant officer has been the first victim who has fallen upon rebel soil. The immediate author of his death has met with a speedy and terrible vengeance for his murderous act. But in the hearts of his fellow soldiers his short career, will not be forgotten, and before this war is over many Virginians will shudder at the Zouave war cry "Remember Ellsworth's Death."

THE PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS.

There are now in Pennsylvania at least 40,000 men most anxious to enter the service of the government as soldiers in this war. They have offered their services, given up their customary avocations, are organized into companies and regiments, have been drilling and practicing the arts of war for weeks, and are composed of men,than whom there is no better material for soldiers on the face of the earth. Their earnest appeal, backed by that of all their fellow citizens of the State, is, that the government will accept their services.

In the great preparations which are going on for this war, which promises, in our opinion, to be one of long continued and bloody conflicts, these men will be needed. As the occupation of the rebellious territory progresses more men will be required to reinforce those already in the field. The patriotic ardor of these brave sons of Pennsylvania should be acknowledged and encouraged by the government. An effort is now being made by committees of influential citizens to induce the commander-in-chief to accept the services of a number of additional regiments from Pennsylvania.—We earnestly hope these efforts may prove successful. The ardor of such men as Pennsylvania now offers should not be dampened by a refusal to accept their services at the earliest possible moment.

Meantime we would say to these men, preserve your organization, perfect yourselves in drill and discipline, and be ready when the call for your services does come to do yeoman service in the fight.

TROOPS TO MOVE FROM CAMP SCOTT.

A special despatch from Jas. A. Ekin, Q. M. 12th Regiment, to the *Chronicle*, states that the left wing of the 12th regiment—companies B, D, F, H, and K, received orders from Washington to move at a moment's warning with cooked rations, and forty rounds of amunition.

These companies are B, Duquesne Greys, 1st company, Capt. Kennedy. D, Union Guards, Capt. Tomlinson. F, Lawrence Guards, 2d company, Capt. O'Brien. H, Lawrence Guards, 2d company, Capt. Leasure. K, City Guards, (Pittsburgh,) Capt. Denny. So our Pittsburgh boys are about to move upon the war path at last. They will give a good account of themselves—no fear of that.

Shinplaster.

The South is flooded with shinplasters, of denominations ranging from twenty-five cents to one dollar. They have been issued by town and city corporations, and many private individuals have gone largely into manufacturing these worthless misrepresentations of money. They pass very well in the ordinary course of trade by general consent, but when brought into contact with specie they depreciate from ten to twenty-five per cent.

A BODY of Virginia troops has been ordered from Harper's Ferry to Grafton, a point on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad west of Cumberland. Grafton is the junction of the Wheeling and Parkersburg branches, and is about one hundred miles distant from each place.—This looks like a movement upon Western Virginia.

APPLICATION FOR PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENTS.

A Committee appointed by the Committee of Public Safety, left here last night for Washington City at the instance of many of our citizens, and at the request of many of the companies now organized but not accepted, to use all the influence in their power to get the President and Secretary of War to accept for the United States service at least five regiments from Western Pennsylvania in addition to those already accepted. This Committee consists of Geo. W. Cass, Mayor Wilson, James H. Sewall and James P. Barr.

They will spare no effort to accomplish the object of their mission, and we earnestly hope they may meet with success. If they do not, all that our volunteers can do is to wait the turn of events and be ready at all times to serve their country when their country calls. If this attempt is not successful, it will not be advisable to take up the time of the War Department with importunities.

Several other important duties which need not now be made public have been entrusted to this Committee.

Our Blockade.

The London "Times" thinks our blockade of the Southern ports a trifle which will not interfere with British Commerce. It says:

"The merchant ships which will trade between Europe and the Confederated States have only to hoist an English or a French flag, and the great war steamers of the United States navy must in obedience to the law their own government has in other cases enforced, allow them to pass. Their holds may be full of warlike materials,they may be crammed with the Armstrong guns now being bought up at Liverpool, but if the tri-color is flying at the mizen, the Minnesota cannot fire a shot to bring one of these vessels to at sea without peril of a war with France."

The "Times" has the reputation of being a very knowing journal, but British merchants will think long before they act upon its suggestion in this case. The leading journal seems to imagine that our cruisers are to afflict only our own commerce with the southern ports. It will shortly learn that British ships have been stopped off Charleston and other ports, and that the "Armstrong guns now being bought at Liverpool" have not the remotest chance of reaching their destination in the rebel camp.

And the "Times" will learn further, to its great disgust, that the British Government will not hesitate to acknowledge the perfect propriety of our blockade, and tell all British complainers that this is one of the disagreeables of life to which even Britons must submit quietly.

Privateering Abolished Throughout the World.

More than a month ago our government gave notice to the Powers of Europe who took part in the Congress of Paris in 1856, that they were willing to accept the code they adopted, which declared privateering to be piracy. This notice had probably not reached England at the time of Lord John Russell's declaration that his government would regard the Southern Confederacy as belligerents not pirates.—When he gets this notice, England will be bound by her own record, as well as by this treaty, to treat the privateers of the Confederate States as pirates.

The following are the terms of this treaty:

1. Privateering is, and remains abolished.
2. The neutral flag covers enemy's goods, with the exception of contraband of war.
3. Neutral goods, with the exception of contraband of war, are not liable to capture under the enemy's flag.
4. Blockades in order to be binding must be effective—that is to say, maintained by a force sufficient really to prevent access to the coast of the enemy.

The governments of the undersigned Plenipotentiaries engage to bring the present declaration to the knowledge of the States which have not taken part in the Congress of Paris, and to invite them to accede to it.

Convinced that the maxims which they proclaim cannot but be received with gratitude by the whole world, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries doubt not that the efforts of their governments to obtain the general adoption thereof will be crowned with full success.

The present declaration is not and shall not be binding except between those Powers who have acceded or shall accede to it.

Done at Paris, the 16th of April, 1856.

(Here follow the signatures of the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, France, Austria, Prussia, Russia, Sardinia and Turkey.)

This treaty has been since adopted by almost every other Power in the world.

New Screw Gun Boats to be Built.

The Navy Department will, in the course of this week, invite proposals for building the steam machinery of a number of screw gunboats—the machinery of each to consist of two back action horizontal engines, with surface condensers and of two vertical water tube boilers—the cylinder to be thirty inches in diameter and the stroke of the piston eighteen inches; the two boilers to contain ninety-one square feet of grade surface, and two thousand seven hundred square feet of heating surface. No proposals will be considered except from the proprietors of engine building establishments. Parties desiring to propose for the above machinery will apply to the Chief of the Bureau of Construction, Equipment and Repair, who will furnish them with a complete specification of the same, and cross sections of the vessel, together with the provisions and conditions of the contract they will be required to execute.

Terrorism.

As an evidence of the terrorism exercised upon the votes at the Virginia election on Thursday, the following placard is posted at the different polling places throughout the State:

TREASON IN VIRGINIA.

The Code of Virginia defines treason to be: "In levying war against the State, adhering to its enemies or giving them aid and comfort."

Such treason, if proved by two witnesses, is punishable by death.

MAY 15, 1861.

ON the 19th and 20th of the present month fourteen different lots of contraband goods were seized in Cincinnati, consigned to parties in the Southern States. They have all been labelled for confiscation.

FRANKFORT, May 23.—In the Senate, Mr. Rall offered a resolution which lies over one day, that in order to advise the next Legislature of the popular will, Secession, or No Secession, be voted upon by the Kentuckians on the first Monday of August. The Legislature will adjourn to-morrow.

NEW ORLEANS, May 23.—The bark Gen. Taylor, hence for Bordoaux, with cotton and staves, was burned to the water's edge at the bar this moreing. Her cargo is a total loss.

IT is now a pretty well settled fact that the capital of the rebel government will be removed to Richmond. The vote was taken in the Southern Congress on the 16th inst, and the proposition adopted.

THERE are fifteen regiments now in camp at Washington city. The Fifth Pennsylvania has been transferred into open air cantonments.

ON Thursday, the Governor at Alexandria, voted for secession, 133 against 2.

AT Fortress Monroe there are now fully five thousand troops.

FAITH IN THE UNION.

BY HENRY W. LONGFELLOW.

Sail on, O Union, strong and great!
Humanity, with all its fears,
With all the hopes of future years,
Is hanging breathless on thy fate!
We know what master laid thy keel,
What workmen wrought thy ribs of steel,
Who made each mast and sail and rope
What anvils rang, what hammers beat,
In what a forge and what a heat
Were shaped the anchors of thy hope!
Fear not each sudden sound and shock,
'Tis of the wave and not the rock—
'Tis but the flapping of the sail,
And not a rent made by the gale.
In spite of rock and tempest's roar,
In spite of false lights on the shore,
Sail on, nor fear to breast the sea!
Our hearts, our hopes, are all with thee.
Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers our tears,
Our faith, triumphant o'er our fears,
Are all with thee—are all with thee!

From the Sunday Morning Chronicle

THE EMPEROR AND THE BISHOP.

BY MRS. ANNA H. DORSEY.

It was nearly sunrise; but still the door of the Council Chamber of the Emperor, Theodosius, remained closed. Full of anxiety to know the result of the deliberations of the council, the courtiers,the officials of the palace, and many of the dignitaries of the court, had remained waiting and watching through the night for the first intelligence that should issue from those sealed doors. At length, just as the first golden beams of the Sun darted through the windows, lighting up the pale and eager faces that were assembled in the spacious ante-room,Claudius, the Lord Chamberlain, hastily entered,and making his way through the crowd, tapped with his wand of ebony and gold lightly upon the door.

"What wouldst thou,my lord Claudius?" inquired the old and noble senator who opened it.

"I would say to my lord, the Emperor, that the palace, and every avenue leading to it,are thronged with citizens of all classes, who are anxious to express indignant horror at the revolt at Antioch, and beg permission to avenge the insult, which its inhabitants, in their madness, have offered to himself and the Empress Flacilla."

Claudius spoke quite loud enough to be heard by the Emperor, who instantly arose from the table, and quaffed a goblet of wine, and throwing the imperial mantle around him, came forth to give audience to the people. As soon as it was known that he would receive them, a living tide poured into the palace, and proceeded to the grand audience chamber, whither he had gone. Here standing erect, on a magnificent throne of ivory and gold, which litterally flashed with jewels, and over which hung a lofty canopy, draped with rich silks, heavily embroidered with gold, and fringed with the pearls from the matchless looms of Persia, the Emperor Theodosius awaited the homage of his subjects. The splendor which surrounded him, nay! even the flashing of the priceless gems which gleamed like eyes of fire in the folds of the imperial robes, were invested with but a secondary interest in their regard; for, not only was their Emperor gifted by nature with a majestic aspect, and features of unusual symmetry and manly beauty, but his noble and impulsive character, his generosity and clemency had endeared him to all classes of the people in no ordinary way. And now, as they gazed admiringly on him, they might almost have forgotten the recent outrages at Antioch, had it not been for a stern expression in the countenance of the Emperor,a troubled gloomy look in his eyes, and even the flaming of a crimson glow upon his broad forehead. As they noticed these signs, they felt that mercy was dethroned in the heart of Theodosius for the rebellious city. Their expressions of loyalty, and proffers of service were spoken in low, earnest tones. The grave senator, the proud tribune, the haughty noble, the rich citizen, the bronzed soldier of the empire, the savage lictors, and sturdy artizan were all there; but, soon another group approachad the throne which attracted every eye, and held mute every lip! This was the group of old Patricians, who had heretofore held aloof from the court, whose pride could not endure a new regime, and who regarded Theodosius as a plebian, because he was a christian. Grave and stately, with all the prestige of their rank apparent in every gesture, they made their way to the throne, and through one of their number offered their services in arms and gold, and even their lives, to avenge the outrages which the rebel city had dared to be guilty of. Every heart was fired with new enthusiasm by the sight.

"Sire" exclaimed an old Patrician, "The Roman eagles are disgraced, and nothing but the ruin of Antioch can obliterate the stigma. Let it be blotted out from the land."

"Destroy its inhabitants, sire, put every one of them to death, and let more faithful subjects redeem its fame,"said a grave senator.

"Let the city and its inhabitants perish together, my Emperor; burn its dwellings, and drive the ploughshare over its territory," shouted one of the Emperor's veteran generals. "there will be a counter revolt unless the vengeance of the people, who feel individually outraged by this insult to the Empress and your Majesty, is satisfied, As to the soldiers—per Janus—discipline scarcely restrains them."

"I could almost thank Antioch!" at last said the Emperor, speaking in loud clear tones, for unveiling to me the loyal hearts of my people, and I this day glory in the knowledge that they are faithful to the integrity and glory of the empire in the persons of the Empress and myself.—Fear not. Outraged and insulted by Antioch, whose citizens murdered my messengers, and overthrew the statues of the Empress and myself, because, for the general good, I levied a tax on her opulent citizens I swear she shall not escape my most bitter vengeance. She shall be laid low, and there shall be no memorial left standing of her pride and riches. Her ruins shall declare her epitaph to the generations."

A wild, spontaneous shout burst from every throat, like a clarion note of triumph when the Emperor pronounced this sentence of wrath on Antioch. So prolonged, so deep-toned were the reverberations from this tumultuous acclamation, that the very ribs of marble in the vaulted ceiling seemed to quake. Ere it had died away an avenue had been opened, no one knew how, it seemed to have been accomplished so silently between the living masses who encamped the throne. In the wild excitement of the moment no one had observed some half a score of the imperial guards, pressing the crowd gently, but firmly back on each side, until a a space was cleared between the throne and the door, in the midst of which stood an object, which in an instant silenced every tongue, and towards which Theodosius gazed more in sorrow than in anger. It was an old man, bowed with years and sorrows. Beneath a purple miter, and over his purple rocket, his long white locks, bleached by seventy winters, flowed in strong contrast. He leaned trembling on his pastoral staff, while from his downcast eyes torrents of tears fell over the folds of his purple robes.

"Flavian, Archbishop of Antioch," said the Emperor in a respectful tone, "Why art thou here?"

"I am here, oh! Emperor, to plead for Antioch."

"Have they dared," asked Theodosius with darkening brow, in their presumption, to send one to plead for them, whose sacred office and white hairs they knew would protect him? If so, return, unharmed and without anger for thyself; but return, Flavian and tell them that there is no mercy for them."

"THEY sent me not, oh! Emperor;" replied the aged prelate, lifting his streaming eyes towards Theodosius, "but they are the flock of my Bishopric, and could I bear to see them, the erring and repentant children of Jesus Christ, hunted down and destroyed like the wild beasts without one effort to save them? Will not one victim suffice? I am old, my days are but few, I am scarcely worthy of being offered, but let me die! oh, Tdeodosius, a victim of peace between thy outraged majesty and thy sorrowful and repentent subjects."

"It is in vain, Flavian. God forbid that we shold stain the imperial purple with the blood of His annointed one. I have lavished dignities and honors, without number,on Antioch. I raised her to rank and opulence until she became the Queen of Cities. I granted, under the imperial seal, all that her citizens required to secure this property. But instead of gratitude, mark the infamous course they have pursued. They first grew insolent, and then seditious, and when I demanded a mite from them of that opulence which was my gift they revolted. They insulted, tore down and trampled under foot the statues of the Empress Flacilla and my own. They abused and maltreated my officers. Some they put to death, others they beat and mutilated, and cast beyond the walls of the city. Let them perish like dogs," exclaimed the Emperor, while his face grew livid with rage.

"I seek not! oh Emperor," again spoke the prelate, who stood trembling and weeping between the outraged sovereign and his own guilty flock, "I seek not to paliate the crime of that guilty city. I acknowledge, that according to human laws, it deserves thy wrath; but remember that VENGEANCE is only the gratification of a base passion while forgiveness is noble, is virtuous, is god-like." It is true that your statues have been overturned and demolished, but you have an opportunity of erecting still more noble ones in their place. Pardon the guilty, they will not raise for you statues of marble and brass, but they will consecrate to you in their hearts still more precious monuments—the recollections of your virtues. You will have as many statues as there are men on earth, and these will endure until the end of time; for not only we, but our successors and our posterity will hear of so magnanimous an act, and will themselves admire it as if they had been the objects of your clemency. Think how glorious it will be for you that posterity should know that a great city was devoted to vengeance and punishment, when all were trembling with terror, when the chiefs the prefects, the judges were seized with fear, and dared not raise their voices for the miserable criminals, an old man vested with the priest-hood of God, stepped forward, and by his sole presence and simple language, disarmed your anger, and that a favor which had been denied to the great men of the Empire, was granted to the supplication of a Bishop, through respect of the sacred laws of God. And, indeed, Prince, my fellow-citizens have done me no small honor in accepting me for this mission, for they have concluded, and this judgment is creditable to you, that you would prefer the humblest minister of religion to all the power of the throne. But it is not merely on their part that I came. I stand before you in the name of the Sovereign Majesty of Heaven, to remind you of these words of the Gospel: 'If you forgive men their offences, God will forgive you yours.' Remember! oh, Theodosius, that day when we shall all have to give a strict account of our actions, and if you have committed faults, you have now an opportunity of blotting them out, and by granting a pardon to others, obtain forgiveness for yourself. Other envoys bring with them gold and silver, and such like offerings; but I approach you with the book of the Holy Law in my hands, which I present to you instead of these gifts, and I conjure you to imitate your Sovereign Master,who although daily offended by us,does not tire of accumulating favors on our heads."

Those who stood near the Emperor and watched his countenance during this address, observed shades of deep emotion passing over it—they knew that the persuasive and evangelical eloquence of the saintly prelate of Antioch had profoundly touched the violent, but noble soul of Theodosius.

"Is it to be wondered at," he at length said, waving his hand, and scanning with rapid but softened eye, the eager faces around him, "if we men pardon those who have offended us, when the Creator of the world, who had come down from Heaven, was made a slave for u sand when crucified by those on whom He had heaped His favors, prayed for his persecutors, saying: 'Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do.' Father thou hast saved Antioch. It is now near the time of Easter. Hasten thither, and communicate to the people during the festival of the resurrection, the joyful news of their pardon."

Then gathering the imperial robes about his more imperial form, he descended the steps of the throne, and kneeling at the feet of the saintly bishop, Theodosius implored his blessing, and retired amidst the admiring plaudits of the people.

*See the narrative of the event by St. John Chrysostom.

BŒRHAVES

HOLLAND BITTERS.

PREPARED FROM THE

Choicest and most grateful Tonics and Carminatives in the Vegetable Kingdom. Universally approved as a Family Remedy for

INDIGESTION, SOUR STOMACH, COLIC, HEART-BURN.

HEADACHE, & ALL DYSPEPTIC COMPLAINTS.

The Weak and Nervous should try it.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION! But one size of the genuine, half pint bottles.) Price One Dollar. Dose, a teaspoonful.

BENJAMIN PAGE, Jr. & Co.
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

Sold by Druggists generally. Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

New Advertisements.

ALFRED B. M'CALMONT.....JAMES K. KERR.

M'CALMONT & KERR,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

FRANKLIN, VENANGO COUNTY,

my23:1yd Pennsylvania.

REMOVAL.—GEORGE W. CASS & CO HAVE REMOVED THEIR COUNTING ROOM from No. 27 Wood street to No. 405 Liberty street, adjoining the Canal Basin.

They offer to the Trade a full stock of NAILS and SPIKES of superior quality. ap4:3m

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, May 7th 1861.

THE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY has this day declared a dividend of FOUR 50-100 DOLLARS upon each share of its capital stock, out of the earned, profits of the last six months; TWO DOLLARS per share out of which to be applied as a credit to stock accounts, and TWO 50-100 DOLLARS per share, to be paid to stockholders on or after the 13th inst.

J. M. GORDON,
my22:wd Secretary.

Dissolution.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between WILLIAM HUNE and R. R. NAL, Mills, was dissolved by mutual consent on APRIL 9th, 1861.

WILLIAM HUNE.
ap23:1md

New Advertisements.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON
TREASURER.....A. E. LARE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION—Private Boxes, $5,00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1,00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 15 cents.

Last night of the engagement

ADA ISAACS MENKEN,

THIS SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 24th, 1861,

SATAN IN PARIS.

Dance.....Miss Menken.

RICHARD III.

Rope Ascension.....YOUNG BLONDIN.
Dance.....Mad'lle Marie Olive

To conclude with

THE FRENCH SPY.

Mohammed.....Mr. Lewis.
Spy.....Miss Menken.

Last night of the season.

UNION WALL PAPER—A paper for the times, for sale by
my25 W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

BEAUTIFUL GOLD PAPER for sale by
my25 W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

CHEAP WALL PAPERS for sale by
my25 W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

GREAT SALE OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

at less than auction prices, to-day. Please call and see the Cheap Cash Store of

JOS. H. BORLAND,
my25 98 Market street, second door from Fifth.

OFFICE OF THE
PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. CO.,
Pittsburgh, May 24th, 1861.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY, residing in Pittsburgh and vicinity, are requested to call at the office of the company, No. 23 5th street, and sign the agreement in relation to the reorganization. It is very desirable that the agreement should be signed by the 15th of June.

G. W. CASS.
my24:tj

ATTENTION SQUADS.—WANTED FROM fifty to sixty able-bodied young men, from ten to fourteen years of age to enroll themselves for three months, or during the war in the Continental Cadets Revolutionary War of 1861. They will receive at the expiration of service an honorable discharge, and in compensation for duty performed, TEN CENTS. For further information enquire at Headquarters, Duquesne Way. my25

POTATOES—54 barrels Neshannocks and Pink Eyes, in good shipping order, received and for sale by
JAMES A. FETZER
my25 corner Market and First sts.

THE LORETTO SPRINGS,

CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,

OPENS 10th OF JUNE, 1861.

THIS NEW AND DELIGHTFUL RESORT for those seeking either health or pleasure, is situated one mile from the village of Loretto, and four miles from Cresson station, on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad—from which to Loretto, there is a well constructed Plank-Road.

The Springs are about 2,000 feet above tide-water, and the air is always bracing and invigorating, the thermometer seldom ranging above 75° in Summer. The head waters of the Susquehanna and Clearfield abound in trout, and the mountain ranges are filled with game, affording the sport to those who are fond of such amusements.

The buildings are admirably constructed with respect to room and ventilation, and the whole fitted up with every appliance that can contribute to the comfort of the guests. The rooms are supplied with running spring water, in marble basins, and hot, and cold Baths on each floor. Bath House for ladies and gentlemen, with water supplied from the lake, having Swimming-Cataract and Shower Baths, Bowling-Alley, Billiard-Tables, &c., &c.

The table will be supplied with all the delicacies and luxuries that the market affords. The Bar will be stocked with the best Wines, Guests may rely upon getting the purest Wines and Liquors that can be obtained.

From the Proprietor's long experience in First Class Hotels, he hopes to give entire satisfaction to his guests, and no pains or expense will be spared to meet their wishes and comforts.

The waters of these Springs have been analyzed by several eminent Chemists, and found to contain in large proportions, all those valued Mineral properties for which the Springs of this spur of the Allegheny have long been celebrated.

Excursion Tickets to Loretto Springs for visitors, will be issued by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and also Baltimore, in connection with the Northern Central Railroad via Harrisburg.

A Daily Mail leaves Loretto for all parts of the Union. On the arrival of Visitors at Cresson, coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

JOHN CARROLL,
Late of the Eutaw House, Baltimore,
my25:2m-eod Proprietor.

WM. TREACY,

HOUSE, SIGN & ORNAMENTAL

PAINTER AND GLAZIER,

Fourth St., Between Wood & Smithfield,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All work promptly attended to. my25:1yd

EAR CORN—100 bushels prime Ear Corn in store, and for sale by
JAS. A. FETZER,
my25 Corner Market and First sts.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between JAMES M. ROSS and WILLIAM COLEMAN, under the firm of Ross & Coleman has been dissolved.

WILLIAM COLEMAN.
my25-1md

LADIES

English Lasting Gaiters 75 c.
Ladies English Lasting Gaiters 75c.
Ladies English Lasting Heel Gaiters $1,00, at

NO. 15 FIFTH STREET.

my25 D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

GOOD GAITERS

FOR 75c. A PAIR.

We have about

300 PAIR LADIES

BLACK AND COLORED GAITERS

Left over from last year, which we wish to close out

FORMER PRICE $1,75,

We will sell for 75 cents,

This being not much more than HALF THE ORIGINAL COST.

Ladies call and see them,

WE WARRANT THEM GOOD.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

31 Fifth Street.

my25

WANTED—A FEW MORE YOUNG MEN 5 feet 10 inches high, to fill up the HIGHLAND GREEN GUARDS, who are accepted in Col. Korponay's regiment, of Philadelphia, and will move forward at once to the seat of war. Apply at the Headquarters, 80 Wood street. (my25) R. GREENER, Captain.

See The Label

ON THE TOP OF EACH BOTTLE OF

HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Has the Signatures of the Proprietors,

W. E. HAGAN & CO.

Every article which has a large and increasing sale like this is likely to be counterfeited. It is, as its name indicates, entirely "INIMITABLE" as far as its power to restore the Hair on bald heads, and to give it the color of youth, (no matter how grey it may be,) is concerned

USE NO OTHER RESTORATIVE

BUT HEIMSTREET'S.

It is the *original*, the *only reliable*, and *the cheapest*.—See the following testimony:

JACKSON, Miss., May 29, 1861.

W. R. MERWIN, 61 Market street, St. Louis, Mo., Advertising Agent for Heimstreet's Hair Restorative.

Dear Sir—The Medicines you introduced into our city last winter, are all having a large sale, and giving in every case satisfaction. Mr. James Henderson (one of our first citizens) says, that "he has used all of the Hair Dyes and Restoratives of the day, but has never used an article equal to Heimstreet's Inimitable Hair Restorative. That it has surpasses any preparation that he has ever tried for restoring the color of the bald and grey to its original luxuriance and beauty."

You can write the Proprietors, W. E. Hagan & Co., Troy, N. Y., that they have the cheapest and best Hair Restorative in our market, and that it gives satisfaction in every case. Respectfully yours,

F. S. SIZER, Wholesale Druggist.

IT IS UNEQUALLED FOR PRODUCING

A LUXURIANT HEAD OF HAIR,

Sold everywhere—Price 50c and $1 per bottle.

W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

New Advertisements.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE Co. OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICERS—JAMES A. HUTCHISON, President, HENRY M. ATWOOD, Secretary. CAPT. JAS. WOODBURN, Gen'l Agent.

OFFICE NO. 98 WATER STREET.

It Insures all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

ASSETS, MAY 10th, 1861.

Stock Due Bills payable on demand and secured by two approved names	$ 78,750 00
Bills Receivable	23,457 34
Bills Discounted	36,236 78
Mortgages	12,000 00
115 Shares Mechanics Bank stock cost $ 6,165 00	
100 Shares Citizens' Bank stock cost 5,175 00	
40 Shares Exchange Bank stock cost 2,050 00	
50 Shares Bank of Pittsburgh 2,750 00	
	16,140 00
Balance of Book Accounts	65,997 75
Office Furniture	400 00
Cash	40,155 30
	$222,834 17

DIRECTORS:

Wm. E. Holmes,	Wm. A. Caldwell,	Robt. Dalzell,
Wilson Miller	Wm. Rea,	Jno M'Devitt
Jos. Kirkpatrick,	Jas. A. Hutchinson,	Geo. A. Berry
Wm. Means,	John Atwell,	B. B. Robison.
R. Wallace,	Jas. Woodburn,	Ric'd Hays

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TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CO., PA.
PITTSBURGH, May 23d, 1861.

BY THE 21ST SECTION OF AN ACT OF ASSEMBLY, relating to Allegheny county, passed May 1st, 1861, it is required that the Treasurer of said county shall attend personally or by deputy, at least one day in each ward, borough, township or election district in said county, for the purpose of receiving STATE, COUNTY, MILITARY and COUNTY POOR TAXES, from any person paying the whole amount of taxes assessed against him in the proper district, less a deduction of 5 per cent. allowed by said act of Assembly.

Said act of Assembly further provides as follows, viz:

SEC. 27. If any person shall at the time and place appointed as above, or at the Treasurer's office before such time pay the full amount of his taxes as above, less the deduction, he shall be entitled to a deduction of five per centum thereon, and said taxes may be paid to the Treasurer at his office, subject to the deduction of five per centum aforesaid, at any time within three months after the time fixed as above for the payment thereof in the proper district.

SEC. 28. If any of said taxes shall remain unpaid in any of said districts for a period of four months after the day fixed as aforesaid for the payment in the proper district, the Treasurer shall issue his warrant accompanied by a schedule of all unpaid taxes in each district, and the name of the person respectively by whom the same are due, directed to any citizen of the county, authorizing and requiring him to demand and receive from the persons named in the schedule the sums therein charged against them respectively, together with five per centum in addition thereto, which shall be in full recompensation to such person for the collection thereof, but neither the Treasurer nor the collector appointed by him as above shall at any time after the issue of said warrants be required to receive from any person less than the whole amount of taxes assessed against him or his property in any one ward, borough or township as increased or diminished by the deductions or additions herein before provided for. The collectors appointed by the Treasurer shall be responsible to the Treasurer for the faithful performance of the duties and for the amounts collected by them, and shall have all the powers conferred on collectors of taxes by the 21st section of the act of fifteenth April, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

In pursuance of said act, I, GOODMANY COULTER, Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that I will attend for the purpose of receiving taxes in the several wards, boroughs, townships, and precincts of said county, at the place of holding general elections therein respectively, on the following days, from 10 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m., to wit:

South Fayette, Snowden, Baldwin, Peebles (1st precinct) Reserve townships; East Birmingham and M'Keesport, Taronum, Manchester boroughs; 1st ward, Allegheny, 1st ward, Pittsburgh, 4th ward, (2d precinct,) Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, June 24th.

North Fayette, Upper St. Clair, Versailles, East Deer, Shaler, Peebles, (2d district,) Mcfarre township; Birmingham, (1st precinct,) 2d Ward, Allegheny, 3d Ward, Pittsburgh, 6th Ward, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, June 25th.

Finley, Union, Jefferson, Pallon, Fawn, Ross, Ohio, Collins Township, Birmingham Borough, (2d precinct) 2d Ward, Allegheny, 3d Ward, Pittsburgh, (1st precinct) and 7th Ward, Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, June 26th.

Crescent, Charlters, Plum, West Deer McCandless, Neville Township; South Pittsburgh, West Elizabeth, Lawrenceville, 4th Ward, Allegheny, (1st precinct,) 2d Ward, Pittsburgh, (2d precinct,) 8th Ward, Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, June 27th.

Moon, Penn, Richland, Fink, Townships; Monongahela, Temperanceville, Elizabeth, Sewickley, Sharpsburg Boroughs, 4th Ward, Allegheny, (2d precinct,) 4th and 9th Wards, Pittsburgh, on FRIDAY, June 28th.

Robinson, Lower St. Clair, Elizabeth, Wilkins, Sewickley, Fitz, Indiana and Franklin Townships; West Pittsburgh and Duquesne Boroughs; 5th Ward, Pittsburgh, (1st precinct, June 29th, 1861.

GOODMAN Y. COULTER,
my24:tdaw County Treasurer.

Pittsburgh Theatre,

THE FAR FAMED

SANFORD'S OPERA TROUPE

THE LARGEST ASSOCIATION IN THE WORLD, under the direction of

SAMUEL S. SANFORD.....Proprietor and Manager.

On Monday evening, May 27th, 1861, and every evening during the week, the entire troupe, direct from Sanford's Opera House, Philadelphia, incorporated by Act of Legislature, will appear in this city.

The Company comprises the greatest number of talented artists ever assembled into one company. It is the best quartet in Minstrelsy.

QUARTET OF COMEDIANS!!
ORCHESTRA OF MUSICIANS!!
QUARTET OF DANCERS!!!

EACH MEMBER A MASTER OF ART.

The novelties are original, the Entertainment inimitable, the Management unapproachable, and for years his attractions have been culled and distributed throughout the Country as Features in all the Safe's travelling. Many have purchased exclusive rights for Acts, Scenes, &c., which we will not perform, thus giving credit to those who paid us for such features. Having many Acts never attempted, and Talented Performers whose main aim is Excelsior, nothing will be wanting to make us still the

LEADING COMPANY OF THE WORLD.

Admission.....25 cents.

Gentlemen accompanied with Ladies, (to Dress Circle,) 10 cents extra.

Private Boxes.....$2,00 and $4,00.
Colored Gallery.....25 cents.

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EATON, MACRUM & CO.,

No. 17 & 19 Fifth Street,

HAVE RECEIVED "UNION" NECK Ties, "Union" Watch Guards, "Union" Head Dresses, "Union" Buttons, "Union" Rosettes, "Union" Badges, &c. Red, White and Blue Ribbons, all width. Grey Flannel and Fancy Traveling Shirts. Military Companies supplied with all kinds of Furnishing Goods at prime Cost.

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GOOD BARGAIN IN DRY GOODS FOR Par Money, or its equivalent in Virginia, Missouri and Kentucky money. Call early.

C. HANSON LOVE,
my24 14 Market street.

POTATOES—200 bushels received and for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
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CHEESE—150 Boxes Cutting Cheese just received and for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
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LARD—10 kegs fresh Leaf lard for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
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250 Boxes Nectarine Stomach Bitters,
50 Boxes Choquot Champagne,
75 Baskets Charles Heidsieck,
20 Boxes Claret,
100 Barrels Otard, Dupuy & Co's Brandy,
Best Rye Whisky,
Cognac Brandy for medical purposes—in store and for sale by
WILLIAM BENNETT.
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Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between JOHN I. DAWES and JOHN F. CULLEY, of the firm of Dawes & Culley, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. J. F. CULLEY having purchased the interest of J. I. DAWES. The business will be carried on as heretofore by J. F. CULLEY, who will pay all claims against the late firm, and is authorized to collect all debts due the late firm of Dawes & Culley.

JOHN I. DAWES,
JOHN F. CULLEY.
my24:1wd

IRON CITY COLLEGE,

THIS IS THE MOST COMPLETE, thorough and extensive Commercial School in the United States. Upwards of 2,000 students from 21 states having been educated for business here in