The Pittsburgh Post.

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The Daily Post.

JAMES P. BARB,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—Daily, Five Dollars per year, strictly in advance. Weekly, Single subscriptions Two Dollars per year; in Clubs of five, One Dollar.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Arbitration Committee of the Board of Trade

For March and April.

WM. McCREERY, V. P. B. CAMPBELL,
ISAIAH DICKEY, R. PRESTON,
S. S. McELROY, WM. MEANS.

TO LETS for SALE at this office.

Military Items.

In Sewickly borough a rifle company of seventy men has been organized, with W. C. Shields as First Lieutenant, J J. Nevin as Second and Robert Erwin as Third. They have not yet chosen a Captain, but the company is reported as ready for active service.

The Duquesne Central Guards have completed their organization by electing James Park, Esq., President, Messrs. W. B. Hunter and Jacob Glosser, Secretaries. Military officers, W. F. Johnston, Esq., Captain; Wm. Little, 1st Lieut; John M. Roberts, Esq., 2d do; J. W. Barker, 3d do, and J. H. Sarfer, Orderly Sergeant; Second Sergeant, Charles Gipner; Third, Thomas Brown; Fourth, William Schuchman; Fifth, C. H. Love; Sixth, William Church. First Corporal, J. H. Smith; Second, J. W. Arrot; Third, J. Robb; Fourth, J. Bush; Fifth, M. Bushnell; Sixth, John Forsyth. The above company has now about one hundred and sixty members, and is composed almost entirely of business men. Their armory, for the present, is in the room adjoining the Common Council chamber.

The Seventh Ward Home Guard have elected the following officers: Captain, James I. Bennett; First Lieutenant, E. S. Ward; Second, H. P. Ford; Orderly Sergeant, B. U. Martin. They now have over seventy names on their roll, and expect to increase it to over one hundred. They have secured a fine large hall on the corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and Pride street, where they will meet for drill every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening. Mr. Seigler, of the Alleghany Arsenal, has kindly volunteered his services as Drill Sergeant, and from his thorough knowledge of military tactics, we have no doubt this company will prove second to none.

The Eighth Ward Home Guard turned out last night with over two hundred men in the ranks.

The Keystone Rifles, Beaver county, have tendered their services to Col. Jarrett. Their officers are as follows: Captain, Horace Beeson; 1st Lieutenant, Jason R. Hanna; 2d Lieutenant, W. Mackey.

The roll of the Montgomery Guards, Capt. Brennan, a splendid Irish company, is now full.

Captain Mackerall, of the Danny Guards, acknowledges the receipt of $13.50 from the citizens of the Ninth Ward for his company.

Col. Jarrett states that only six companies for the present requisition can be accepted from Allegheny county. Consequently there is much rivalry among the officers of the thirty companies now organized here to be of those six, as the remainder will probably be disbanded. At least five-sixth must be disappointed in getting into the service.

A company from Brownsville arrived in the city yesterday.

Capt. Herron, of the Lawrenceville Union Guards, which company came in to incorporate themselves with that of Dr. G. S. Hays, informs us that the agreement made in regard to officers was not carried out and that his men withdrew, preferring to keep up their own organization. The company will hold a meeting at Robinson's Hall this evening.

FAREWELL TO THE CHAPLAINS.—A large meeting, consisting of members of the various Presbyterian Churches, assembled at the Second (Rev. Paxton's) Presbyterian Church on Tuesday morning to bid adieu to Rev. A. M. Stewart, who follows Rev. A. J. Marks to Camp Scott at York. The occasion was a most interesting one, a number of clergymen present making short addresses and prayers. A letter was read from Rev. Marks at Camp Scott, in which he mentioned the necessity of furnishing invalid soldiers with certain spatizing delicacies, much needed in convalescence. At a business meeting held after the first adjournment, Mrs. McClung, Mrs. Denny, Mrs. Gibson, Mrs. Rhoads and Miss Thaw were appointed a committee to provide jellies, fruits, cream crackers, &c., for the volunteers. The rooms at Lafayette Hall will be open for the reception of contributions from all ladies, and the committee will hold a meeting on Thursday morning at eleven o'clock. The members will forward the articles to the chaplains for their supervision and distribution. Dr. Paxton also moved the appointment of a committee of three laymen to attend to procuring a large tent for the use of the chaplains, and to hold religious services at the camp. Messrs. McCord, Charles Arbuthnot and Wm. Thaw were appointed, Both the above will be standing committees, and communications addressed to them by the chaplains, upon any appropriate business, will be promptly attended to.

Rev. J. G. Brown desired to correct a wrong impression that might have been madeon ministers and members of denominations outside of the Presbyterian family by the conduct of the movement to send Chaplains to the volunteer soldiers. The ministers of the several Presbyterian churches had held a meeting and determined to send Chaplains from their number. Bros. Marks and Stewart had come forward for the service, and for their support arrangements would be made by the Presbyterian congregations, each of which designed appropriating one hundred dollars a month for this purpose. They had done this in no narrow denominational spirit, and would be glad to have the assistance of Methodists, Baptists and Episcopalians in the good work. Dr. Howard concurred with Rev. Brown and remarked that Presbyterians did not want to monopolize the task of sending chaplains; they had merely taken the initiative, and hoped all other denominations of Christians would follow. If the Episcopalian, the Baptist, the Methodist or the Catholic Churches wished to follow their example, he would be happy to see it, but if they did not desire to act independently, then he would welcome their co-operation with the Presbyterians.

[For the Morning Post.]

A True Officer.

Permit me to give a few extracts from a letter which I have received from my son, who is a private in the Duquesne Greys. It is dated York, Pa., April 26, 1861.

"We arrived about nine o'clock, only to find all the quarters in Camp Scott full. The officers of the staff wanted to have us sleep without any covering, but Capt. Kennedy told them he would not take his men into camp until he got a comfortable place for them. We then marched off the grounds, and we are now quartered in the Baptist Church, in this town. We are very comfortable and have no reason to complain."

Again:

"Our Captain was offered the position of Adjutant, but refused it. He said he had come out as Captain of the Greys, and he intended to stay with them."

This conduct, highly meritorious on the part of Captain Kennedy, shows that he appreciates the responsibility of his position; that he knows that the first and foremost duty of an officer is to care for the comfort and health of his men, and not to expose them unnecessarily, and that he cares less about display and more about the discharge of duty.

Since I have read the above extracts, I have felt less concern about my son, for I am persuaded he will not suffer from unnecessary exposure, as is often the case in actual service, from the want of proper attention on the part of officers.

Captain Kennedy has set an example on this occasion which would be well even for general officers to imitate. J. E. B.

ERRATA.—In noticing the Second Ward Home Guards yesterday, the compositor made an omission. Wm. Woods is Second and M. G. Cushing Brevet Second Lieutenant of company A.

THE MINNIE RIFLE.—The first rifle in vogue in France was the so-called pillar rifle of Thouvenin, but the invention of M. Minnie is one which has practically revolutionized the fire-arms of the present day. The improvements made by M. Minnie are confined almost wholly to the form of the projectile, and have very little reference to that of the gun out of which it is fired. The ball is of an oblong conical form, something like an acorn without its cups; but instead of being solid, this cone is hollowed out at the base into a cup-like form. The advantages of this form of projectile are that it offers less resistance to the air than a round ball would, and that having its centre of gravity in its foremost part, it has no tendency to turn over in its flight; but its chief merit in a military point of view, is that with it the rifle can be loaded as easily as the ordinary smooth-bored gun, the forcing of the ball into the grooves of the barrel being effected by the explosion of the gunpowder, and not by the ramrod. The form of the rifle proper to these conical missiles differs very little from those used with the old spherical bullet, except that a three grooved rifle has superceded the old two grooved gun, and it is still an unsettled question whether four grooves would not be better than three. With this weapon the soldier can make far better practice at five hundred, or even one thousand yards, than he could with the old musket at one hundred or two hundred yards.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT AT ENON VALLEY.—At eight o'clock on Tuesday morning Mr. F R. Dravo, jr., conductor of a freight train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, met with a terrible accident at Enon Valley, which has probably ere this occasioned his death. Mr. Dravo was in the act of jumping out of his train which was just in motion, when his hands slipped from the bumpers of the cars and he fell between them. Two wheels passed over his legs before the train could be stopped, cutting the right leg entirely from his body and terribly crushing the other. The young man bore his injuries with heroic firmness, not even fainting when the accident occurred, or when his wounds were dressed. Mr. Bradley, the Superintendent, with Dr. Dickson, took a special train immediately upon receiving the news of the accident and proceeded to Enon Valley together with a number of Mr. Dravo's relations. They found him suffering greatly and not in a condition to render a surgical operation, advisable Dr. Dickson was left in charge of the patient for the night, through which it was scarcely hoped that he could recover. The injured man is a son of Francis R. Dravo, grocer of this city.

THE DUQUESNE GREYS.—The "Old Guard" held a meeting at their armory, Wilkins Hall, last evening, for the purpose of keeping up the company organization. Mr W. C. Wall was called to the chair, and C. B. Shea appointed Secretary. It was stated by the chair that the object of the meeting was to call together all the old members remaining in the city, for the purpose of forming a home company and making themselves generally useful in imparting instructions to young men, and fitting them thoroughly in the manual exercises, either for the purposes of home defence, or having them in proper training to immediately take charge of other corps, or joining other volunteer companies for actual service. They will meet again this evening, at their armory, when it is desired that old members will attend, at half-past seven o'clock.

SUITABLE MATERIALS FOR ARMY CLOTHING.—The following is from a graduate of West Point—one who has been in service; and whose opinion is entitled to consideration:

As many mistakes have been made in the selection of materials for clothing our volunteers, a few suggestions from an army officer will not be amiss. The clothing prescribed for the soldiers of the regular army, after long experience, is undoubtedly the best for volunteers. The overcoat, uniform coat, sack coat or blouse, trowsers and blankets, should be of wool, without any mixing of cotton, and should conform, in cut and make, to those used in the regular army. The stockings should be of coarse wool—no cotton; flannel shirts of wool and cotton, the less cotton the better; drawers of cotton flannel. Clothing is usually issued twice a year, in quantities as follows:—To each soldier, one hat, one forage cap, one uniform coat, two sack coats, two pair drawers, three flannel shirts, four pair stockings in one year; two blankets, two leather stocks in five years; three pair of trowsers the first year, two pair the second year.

CAMP WILKINS.—The commandant at Camp Wilkins, Col. P. Jarrett, is now actively employed in making the necessary arrangements for opening the camp, for military instruction, as early as possible. Much is yet to be done and as 3,000 soldiers are to be accommodated, every thing cannot be prepared for a day or two longer. Meanwhile Col. J. is making himself acquainted with the officers of the companies and drilling the volunteers at their armories. Yesterday morning he drilled the "Irish Volunteers," a new company being organized by D.S. Murphy, at City Hall, in presence of twenty-four or thirty Captains of companies, there by invitation to see his system of drill, with which all were well pleased. Col. Jarrett promises to become very popular and we think an excellent commandant for the camp has been secured in him.

DRILL SERGEANTS.—At the present time, when every volunteer company or Home Guard needs a drill sergeant but few capable of giving full instructions are to be had, most of the old, competent soldiers having gone to the wars. Application having been made at the arsenal, Major Buhler replied that none of the garrison could be spared for such duty, the guard having been doubled and all the men busily employed, some day and night. Some provisions should be made that will enable us to secure drill sergeants for the Home Guard and as the excitement elsewhere is nearly as great as here they will not be easily obtained. Some action is, however, imperative.

JUDGE GRIER.—For two weeks past, Judge Grier, of the Supreme Court of the United States, has been holding Circuit Court in Philadelphia, with Judge Cadwalader. On Saturday, a case which had been commenced two weeks before, was concluded; Judge Grier in discharging the jurors, remarked: "Your labors commenced with the war; I wish to God the war was ended as your work has ended. The time has come when every man is bound to stand up for the Constitution and the Union, and settle the question whether we have a Government or not." The jurors and members burst out with loud applause.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.—Although Clearfield county has not yet sent a company, it has been ascertained that 350 of her men, who were down the river on rafts, instead of returning home, enlisted in companies formed along the river. Four hundred men are now enrolled in the county, and a regiment will be completed within a few days. Walter Barrett, Esq., son of Judge Barrett, is at Harrisburg for the purpose of tendering the services of the Regiment to the Governor. We hope the Clearfield boys will have a chance to show their valor.

GENEROUS.—Our fellow-citizen, W. O. Leslie, Esq., has sent the following note to the Mayor. His kind offer will probably be accepted:

Hon. Geo. Wilson—Dear Sir: The ground known as Linden Grove, adjoining Oakland, you are at liberty to tender to the committee for the use of the troops, and so long as they may need it, *free of charge*. The ground is high and dry, and a large portion is covered with forest trees, affording a fine chance in warm weather. About fifty acres are cleared, suitable for drilling purposes. Good spring water in abundance. Also, a large quantity of wood on the ground.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,
WM. O. LESLIE.

BODY RECOVERED.—Some time since a man named Thomas Dougherty was drowned in the Allegheny river by falling from the steamer Echo. The body was found floating in the water, near Deer Creek, on Monday afternoon. Coroner Bostwick was notified, and held an inquest.

FLAG PRESENTATION.—A beautiful flag has been presented to the Duquesne Borough Home Guard by the ladies of that place. The flag was presented by Mrs. Henry Stewart, in behalf of her patriotic sisters—Rev. McGaw making the presentation speech. Capt. Clouse received the colors, thanking the ladies for their generosity. The "Red, White and Blue," and the "Star Spangled Banner" were sung by Miss Maggie J. Stewart, and Miss Mary Fielbach, led by Mr. C. A. Burrows.

GREAT UNION MEETING AT WHEELING.—One of the largest and most enthusiastic meetings ever held in Wheeling took place on Saturday. A beautiful pole one hundred and twenty-eight feet in length, was raised, and a splendid flag hoisted, amid the booming of cannon. After a most impressive prayer by the Rev. Gideon Martin, John R. Hubbard made a very strong and patriotic speech, at the conclusion of which, the immense audience joined in the singing of "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," and gave three tremendous cheers for the "Red White and Blue."

STRANGE RUMOR.—It was believed at Enon Valley yesterday that John Brown, jr., with a band of negroes, 200 strong, was encamped in the neighborhood of the Big Beaver, with the design of marching into Virginia. Persons at Enon alleged that they had visited the camp and seen for themselves. The professed object of Brown and his band is stated to be the capture of Henry A. Wise.

MESSRS. B. C. & G. H. SAWYER, gentlemen well known for their enlarged liberality, have tendered to the Relief Committee one hundred boxes of their celebrated chemical erasive soap, to be distributed among the families of the volunteers for the war who may need it.

THE PINE TOWNSHIP "Minute Riflemen" received, last evening, sixty haversacks from the young ladies of Pittsburgh, through the hands of Mrs. H. Brady Wilkins, for which act they have the thanks of the officers and men, by order of the Company.

THOS. GIBSON, Jr.,
Captain Commanding.

NOTICE.

Office of the Committee on Transit of Contraband Goods.
St. Charles Hotel, corner Third and Wood streets.

The following are the resolutions passed by the Committee on Saturday, 27th inst., which shippers and others will please take notice:

Resolved, That all goods arriving at Pittsburgh, and destined for Southern States be stopped for the present stored and insured.

Resolved, That no package whatever shall be allowed to go forward to any Southern States till they have been opened and examined by the Committee.

Resolved, That one or more packers be employed to attend to the opening of boxes and other packages, and repacking the same.

The following is the present organization of the Committee:

E. D. GAZZAM,
Dr George M'Cook, 131 Grant street,
Henry Hays, 71 Market street,
J. R. M'Clintock, Peebles Township,
W. F. Vandenberg, 104 Fourth street.

The Committee meet daily at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the St. Charles Hotel. E. D. GAZZAM, Chairman.

DRS. STEBBINS & MUNSON have removed their office to No. 191 Penn street, near St. Clair street.

DENTISTRY.—Dr C. Sill, No. 246 Penn treet, attends to all branches of the Denta rofession

Second Ward Home Guards,

THE INFANTRY CORPS ARE HEREby notified that a meeting will be held at the University building, this (Wednesday) evening, at precisely 7½ o'clock, to act upon certain matters essential for a more perfect organization. All who intend joining this corps, are requested to be in attendance, and become enrolled immediately. By Order,
RICHARD BRESN,
Orderly Sergeant.
my1:1t

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS.—Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Shawls, Kerseys, Needle Work, Mourning and House Furnishing Goods. Also Domestic and Staple Goods, all selling very cheap for cash at C. HANSON LOVE'S, 74 Market st.
my1

JOSIAH MEYER. ANTHONY MEYER.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

No. 344 Penn Street, above the Canal,

Have on hand a large assortment of Fancy and Plain Furniture, in Walnut and Mahogany of their own manufacture, and warranted equal in quality and style to any manufactured in the city, and will sell at reasonable prices. feb28:f

DR. C. BAELZ,

WATERCURE AND HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
ALSO—AGENT OF
RAINBOW'S CELEBRATED TRUSS
FOR
RUPTURES.
Office, corner Penn and Wayne sts.

Recruits Wanted

TO ENROLL FOR SERVICE in defence of OUR COUNTRY!!!

in the "PLUMMER GUARDS." Head Quarters, 3d story, Custom House. ALEX. HAY, Captain.
JOHN J. CASEY, Secretary. ap26:1wd

REMOVAL.

THE PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANufacturing Company have removed their office to

No. 24 Wood Street,

Between First and Second streets, where all orders will be received, and business attended to.
mh18:tf GEO. CALHOUN, Agent.

Attention Men.

GENTS' STOUT & CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' CALF GAITERS,
GENTS' CALF OXFORDS,
CHEAP AT 15 FIFTH STREET.
ap20 P. S. DIFFENBACHER.

WM. J. TAYLOR & CO.,

WHOLESALJ FISH DEALER,

No. 122 and 124 North Wharves,

(Above Arch Street,) PHILADELPHIA.
oct8:1y

OIL BARRELS.

Keystone Steam Barrel Factory.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING SEcured the right for the State of Pennsylvania, in certain patents for making tight and slack barrels, have put up the necessary machinery for that purpose, in the above named establishment, and are now ready to furnish OIL BARRELS, made of the best materials, and CEMENTED in such a manner as, it is believed, will render them secure against leaking.

We respectfully call the attention of Refiners of Rock and Coal Oils, and producers of Crude Rock Oil, to our make of Barrels, believing that they will find it to their interest to procure an article so perfectly made and well secured by a cement, exclusively our own, against leakage. Orders may be sent to the Factory, on the Allegheny river, foot of Tayler street, 9th Ward, or to our office, No 37, Fifth street, up stairs.
ap30:d3 GUTHRIE & SILL.

SUNDRY PRODUCE—
5 Boxes Fresh Roll Butter.
31 Barrels Fresh Eggs
75 Bushel Baltimore Blue Potatoes.
60 " Fresh Ground Corn Meal.
10 Barrels Mess Pork.
2 " No. 1 Lard.
50 Bushel Choice Dried Peaches, (halves.)
27 Barrels Rye Flour.
200 Bushels Bright Dried Apples.
Just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
ap30 corner Market and First str

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,

No. 17 & 19 Fifth Street,

HAVE RECEIVED "UNION" NECK Ties, "Union" Watch Guards, "Union" Head Frames, "Union" Buttons, "Union" Rosettes, "Union" Badges, &c. Red, White and Blue Ribbons, all widths; Grey Flannel and Fancy Traveling Shirts. Military Companies supplied with all kinds of Furnishing Goods at Prime Cost. ap30

SPIRITOF 76.—Statues of Washington, Lafayette, Goddess of Liberty, &c., for sale by W. F. MARSHALL. ap30

THE LATEST NEWS. BY TELEGRAPH.

Very Latest.

Governor Curtin's Message to the Legislature.

FAMINE IN MISSISSIPPI

FORT PICKEN'S NOT TO BE ATTACKED.

THE BLOCKADE OF VIRGINIA.

TEXAN STEAMERS SEIZED.

Virginia Delegates to the Southern Congress.

500 KEGS OF POWDER SEIZED.

7th REGIMENT DISTRUSTED

IMPORTANT FROM MONTGOMERY

&c., &c., &c., &c.,

HARRISBURG, April 30.—Gov. Curtin sent a message to the Legislature. After preliminary remarks he says:

The unexampled promptness and enthusiasm with which Pennsylvania and the other loyal States have responded to the call of the President, and the entire unanimity with which our people demand that the integrity of the government shall be preserved, illustrate the duty of the several States and the general government with a distinctness that cannot be disregarded. The slaughter of Northern troops in the city of Baltimore, for the pretended offence of marching at the call of the federal government, peacefully over soil admittedly in the Union, and with the ultimate object of defending our national capitol against an armed invasion, together with the obstruction to your Pennsylvania troops when dispatched on some patriotic mission, impose new duties and responsibilities upon our State administration. At last advices the general government had military possession of the route to Washington through Annapolis, but the transit of troops had been greatly endangered and delayed and the safety of Washington itself imminently threatened.

This cannot be submitted to. Whether Maryland may profess to be loyal to the Union or otherwise, there can be permitted no hostile, no obstructed thoroughfare between the States that undoubtedly are loyal and their national seat of government. There is reason to hope that the route through Baltimore may be no longer closed against the peaceable passage of our people, and in the service of the Federal Government; but we must be fully assured of this, and have the uninterrupted enjoyment of a passage to the Capital by any and every route essential to the purposes of the Government. This must be obtained peaceably, if possible, but by force of arms, if not accorded.

On Saturday last, an additional requisition was made upon me for 25 regiments of infantry and one regiment of cavalry, and there have been already more companies tendered than will make up the entire complement.

He refers to the assault made on unarmed Pennsylvanians at Baltimore, and says: I have called you together not only to provide for a complete organization of the militia of the State, but also that you may give authority to me to pledge the faith of the Commonwealth to borrow such a sum of money as you may in your discretion, deem necessary for these extraordinary requisitions. He recommends the immediate organization, disciplining and arming of at least 15 Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, exclusive of those called into the service of the United States, and the passage of a stay law to prevent the sacrifice of property by forced sales.

HARRISBURG, April 30.—The Chief Justice of Vermont was in Richmond on Friday last, and had a full opportunity of judging the number of troops. He estimates that there were then there about 11,000, and that 15,000 men are in motion South of that point for the North.

A gentleman holding an official position in Washington, arrived here to-day after one weeks stay in Virginia. He communicates the important fact that the vote against secession in the secret session of the Convention was fully 50 and not 16 as reported. This information was derived from a prominent member of the Convention, who dare to publish it.

David Mitchell, a machinist, belonging to Perry county, Pa., has arrived from Richmond. He was forced to volunteer but escaped in the night from Richmond and had great difficulty in getting here.

He says that all men of Northern birth are watched with extreme vigilance.

The Legislature assembled at noon, when the Governor's Message was presented. Only 86 members answered to their names.

On motion of Senator Finney a resolution passed the Senate declaring that the objects of legislation during the special session shall be confined to the subjects in the Governor's Message, and in relation to banks and banking.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Senator Hunter Wm. C. Rives, Wm. S. Preston, and Judge, Cawden and Brackenbrough, have been appointed by the Virginia Convention as delegates to the Southern Congress.

The reported release of Gen Harney, by the Governor of Virginia, is verified. This, however is a matter of indifference in Administration circles. He has arrived in Washington.

The Virginia Convention has passed an ordinance establishing the navy of Virginia, and authorizing the banks to issue one and two dollar notes.

MONTGOMERY, April 30.—Congress met at noon. The President's message was read which announced the ratification of the permanent Constitution by all the Confederated States, and it only remains for an election to be held for the designation of officers, to administer. He says the declaration of war made against this Confederation by Abraham Lincoln, rendered measures necessary for the defence of the country. The President then reviews at length the relations heretofore existing between the States, and the events which have resulted in the present warfare. Referring to the result of the mission of the Commissioners to Washington, he says: The crooked paths of diplomacy can scarcely furnish an example so wanting in courtesy, candor and directness as was the course of the United States Government towards the Commissioners.

The President incidentally refers to the prudent caution observed by the fleet off Charleston during the bombardment of Sumter and pays high compliment to the Carolinians for their forbearance before, heroism during, and magnanimity after the bombardment. He says: Commissioners have been sent to England, France, Russia and Belgium, to ask our recognition as a member of the family of nations, and make treaties of amnity and commerce. He recommends the appointment of other diplomatic agents. He says the Confederacy through Stephens has concluded a Convention with Virginia by which Virginia has united her powers and fortunes with other Southern States. In conclusion he congratulated the Confederacy on the patriotic devotion exhibited by the people of the Confederacy.

He says, we desire peace at any sacrifice save that of honor and independence. All we ask is to be let alone, that none shall attempt our subjugation by arms. This we will and must resist to the direst extremity. The moment this pretention is abandoned, the sword will drop from our grasp and we shall be ready to enter into treaties of amity and commerce mutually beneficial. So long as this pretention is maintained, with firm reliance on that Divine Power which covers with its protection the just cause, we will continue to struggle for our inherent right to freedom, independence and self-government.

ANNAPOLIS, April 30.—6 o'clock, p. m.—The steamer Monticello and a gun boat arrived here from New York, and have gone down the bay, to participate in the blockade of the Virginia ports.

The steamer Wyoming has been converted into a gun boat, and will follow.

The steamer Maryland has brought down from Perrysville a large number of transport cars for the railroad, to be used between this point and Washington.

A detachment of 1200 men of the eighth York regiment, with two pieces of artillery, are entrenching themselves on an elevation about ten miles from Annapolis, completely commanding the road to Baltimore. The position is on the north side of the Seron river.

All the Northern mails are now to via Annapolis and Perrysville.

The Union sentiment is rapidly gaining in this part of Maryland.

Two additional New York Regiments are said to be in the bay on their way to this point.

By a private letter just received by the chaplain of the Annapolis Naval School, I hear that the Virginians are wild with the war excitement and are everywhere rushing so arms. The letter says there are 7000 South Carolina troops in Richmond and 1500 troops from Georgia at Norfolk, Va.

Last Sunday the summons to arms reached Lexington, in Rockland Co., Va., and before sundown five companies had started.

A pressing want of provisions already felt in Virginia and the paper currency of the State is almost worthless.

TRENTON, N. J., April 30.—The extra session of the State Legislature convened at noon. All the Senators were present. Seven members of the House were absent. The governor's message was received and read. He recommends a loan of $2,000,000 at 7 per cent. and a tax of $100,000. Also the repair of the State arms and purchase of 10,000 stand of arms, with field pieces and munitions. He also recommends the raising of four regiments for the State service to be held subject to the call of the general government. Also that provision be made for the defence of the Southern part of the State by fortified posts or an entrenched camp." The message is an able and eloquent document and was received with loud applause from the members and spectators. The Legislature is commencing business and the necessary bills will be passed without delay. All four of the New Jersey regiments are now here and receiving their arms and equipments. A large number of vessels are ready in the canal and troops will be sent off to-morrow.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—The junior editor of the Memphis *Avalanche*, just from Mobile, says it is not the intention of the Confederate forces to attack Fort Pickens at present, unless provoked by aggressive movements on the part of the garrison at Pensacola.

The correspondent of the Mobile *Advertiser* makes about the same statement.

A special dispatch to the *Journal* says that the County Court at Lafayette County, La., appropriated $80,000 to arm the County, conditioned upon the Legislature legalizing the act.

Col. Alvord, agent of the Overland mail route, has made arrangements to start a daily overland stage or more if necessary, from St. Joseph, the mails leaving St. Louis and taking the North Missouri and Hannibal, St. Joseph Railroad, to the latter point. This arrangement is predicated, however, upon the fact that Missouri dont secede.

NEW ORLEANS, April 27.—The bark Laura from Hayti on the 15th reports the capture of the bark William, charged with taking slaves from the Spanish part of the island to Cuba, under pretence of taking them to Guano Islands. Gedfard issued an address protesting against the transfer of Dominica Spaniards.

The Daniel Webster from New York on the 16th arrived at the bar yesterday morning. She received orders to return immediately for fear of seizure. The tugboat Tuscarora came alongside and took four passengers. The Webster left before the others had time to get aboard.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., April 30.—A company of 60 men over the age of 45 years, organized in this city to-day armed and equipped with all the necessaries of warfare for the defence of their firesides. They are entitled the Silver Greys or the Home Guards.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The *Evening Journal* learns from Mississippi that in many parts of the State famine prevails. People are suffering for want of enough to eat. Corn, which is chief article of food, being very scarce in towns and throughout the country. At one station there were 200 sacks, and that was the only corn in that locality. There is but little money. The *Journal* vouches for the respectability of its information.

ALEXANDRIA, April 30.—Four vessels two war steamers, and transports, with Northern troops passed up this morning.

Gov. Hicks, of Md., issued a proclamation recommending the State to occupy a neutral position.

Citizens are still compelled to leave Washington, for sympathizing with the South.

A large quantity of shell has been landed at Fort Washington by the government.

Two men, one from South Carolina and one from Washington, are confined prisoners in the capital, for being secessionists.

The New York Seventh Regiment declare that they will not invade the South. Consequently they are looked upon with suspicion by the administration.

The 71st New York Regiment, quartered at Inauguration Hall, revolted on account of bad quarters. They had to be removed to the Navy Yard.

A man named Boyd was shot on the Island at Washington by two men on account of expressing Southern sentiments. He was called from bed at midnight, and shot.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—The ship Ironsides, hence for Liverpool, with 24,000 bales of cotton and 8,000 barrels of flour, caught fire at the bar this evening. Tow boats are engaged in pumping water into her, in hopes of saving her.

The steamers of the Texas line were seized by order of the Governor.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Troops are still pouring in from the country, all northward bound. The Southern steamship line makes trips with Southern troops aboard to guard their movements.

BOSTON, April 30.—The brig St. Mary, with 500 kegs of powder, was seized by the Collector of this port to day.

BALTIMORE, April 30.—From information gathered from gentlemen whose position and influence put them in the way of knowing the feelings and views of a majority of the Legislature of Maryland, feel warranted in saying that that body will not even pass a bill to call a State Convention, but will content themselves with making a calm and dignified appeal to the country.

BLTIMORE, April 30.—A dispatch from Frederick says: A gentleman from Washington informs me that Gen. Scott showed him yesterday the copy of a proclamation to be issued immediately declaring partial martial law in the District of Columbia, and over the line of railroads established by the Government for National purposes, so far as to suspend the right of *habeas corpus*.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Some excitement has been produced in diplomatic circles, growing out of the proclamation of the President directing a blockade of the Southern ports.

It appears that a blockade, to be respected by foreign powers, must not only be effective, but that due notice must be given of such intention to their representatives.

With Brazil and all South American governments a notice of ninety days is required under treaty. But this has not been given by our government.

Our letters from Washington speak of the determination of the President and his Cabinet to bring the entire military force of the Union to bear upon the rebellion as fully taken. One correspondent says:

"I dined alone with a member of the Cabinet yesterday. The tendency of things is such as will lead to very grave results in a few days. The policy of the Administration is fixed, the whole power of the government, and all the money of the West and North, will be used to put down rebels and traitors.—*N. Y. Post, Monday.*

We have information from Harrisburg, today, which conveys the gratifying intelligence that the Pennsylvania troops now encamped in York, will march on Baltimore to-day. We also hear that the Government has instructed Gen. Patterson to move the troops from Chambersburg and Lancaster at the same time, and that Baltimore is to be approached from three separate points. If any resistance whatever is made to the peaceable passage of the troops Fort McHenry is to open its guns upon the city and lay it in ashes. This is startling news, but we are assured of its reliability, and the existing state of things seems to corroborate it fully. If resistance is offered (which is not likely) our brave Pennsylvania and Ohio soldiers will have the honor of striking the first blow against treason.—*Gazette.*

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.

PITTSBURGH, April 26, 1861.

Flour...Only a limited home demand; sales Spring and Winter Family at $5,65@$5,75; Extra White Wheat at $5,85@$6,00; Fancy $6,50.

Grain...Sales 300 bush Oats from store at 25@25½c

Hay...Sales 5 loads from scales at $9 per ton.

Sugar...Sales 18 hhds N. O. at 6¾@7¼c ⅌ lb.

Molasses...Sales 34 bbls. N. O., at 37 ⅌ gal.

Coffee...Sales 51 sacks Rio at 15c ⅌ lb.

Bacon...Sales 2,000 lbs, in lots, Shoulders at 8c.

Rye Flour...Sales 100 bbls. at $3,50.

Potatoes...Sales 250 bushels Neshannocks at 50c

Dried Fruit...Sales 20 bags prime halves at $2.25.

Apples...Sales 25 bbls. at $2,00.

Syrup...Sales 5 bbls Golden at 50c ⅌ gal.

Whisky...Sales of 10 bbls Rectified at 17@17½c ⅌ gal.

REAMERS
TWO, THREE OR FOUR INCHES WIDE,
AUGER STEMS,
FROM 20 TO 30 FEET LONG.
SAND PUMPS,
of superior make, and all tools used for BORING FOR OIL, can be had at W. W. YOUNG'S,
ap13 97 Wood street.

JAMES W. CRAFT, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, and Mercantile Broker, Office and Storage, No. 32 North Levee, Saint Louis. N. B.—I will give immediate and personal attention to all business entrusted to my care, for which charges will be reasonable. References: L. E. Forsythe, St. Louis; Paul Laning, St. Louis; O. Brashears & Co., Cincinnati; Messrs. Trux & J. Craig, Philadelphia; M'Arthur, Byrne & Gibbons, New York; W. G. M'Dowell, T. Ewing, Kansas; Northup & Co., Kansas; J. W. Burbridge & Co., New Orleans; W. W. Weston, Memphis; Pennock & Hart, Pittsburgh; G. W. Case, Pittsburgh; P. H. Bell, R D. Adams, Chicago, W. F. Coolbaugh, Burlington, Iowa W H. Postlewait, Burlington, Iowa; Capt. Connel Bowman, and river men generally. mh18:6m

LARD—500 lbs. prime country Lard, just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
ap27 corner Market and First streets.

WHEELING MONEY WANTED—1500 Tight and Slack Hoop Poles on wharf, for which I will take Wheeling money.
JAMES A. FETZER,
ap27 corner Market and First streets.

Dissolution.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between WILLIAM HUNE and E. H. PALMER, was dissolved by mutual consent on APRIL 9th, 1861.
ap27:1md WILLIAM HUNE.

NEW GOODS constantly arriving at C. HANSON LOVE'S.
ap11 74 Market st.

SUNDRIES.—
25 barrels choice Sweet Potatoes;
20 " Fresh Eggs;
30 " Green Apples;
100 bushels Neshannock Potatoes;
50 " Small White Beans;
100 " Pea Nuts;
50 " Onions;
5 " Onion Sets;
100 sacks R. W. Flour;
20 boxes W. R. Cheese;
In store and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
mb22 corner Market and First streets.

FOR RENT.—No. 71 Chatham street, $150; No. 87 First street; No. 11 Ross street; No. 89 Liberty street; an office room, second story, 51 Market street; a house on Margaretta alley, Allegheny city; a house on Mt. Washington, $150 per year.
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
ap4 51 Market street.

OIL! OIL!! OIL!!!

THE BEST MINERAL LUBRICATOR in the world, from the THOMPSON WELL, SMITH'S FERRY, for sale at No. 4 Hand street.
mh22:1m JAKE HILL.

THE SILVERY FISH!

The Silvery Fish!
The Silvery Fish!
atch Them!
atch Them!
Artificial Baits,
Hooks,
Superior Lines,
ane and Jointed Rods.
ap13 BOWE & TETLEY,
126 Wood street.

BOTTLED LONDON DOCK PORT—
Bottled Burgundy Port,
do Blackburn's Madeira,
do. Harmony Sherry,
for family use, for sale by WM. BENNETT,
ap5 120 Wood street.

RAISINS.—
150 Boxes Sayr's Raisins,
200 do Bunch do,
100 Half Boxes Bunch Raisins,
100 Qnar. do do,
100 do . do Valencia do,
For Sale by REYMER & BROTHERS,
mh 29 39 Wood street.

BLACK SILK RENFREWS of the latest and most approved style, just rec'd by express, pieces low.
C. HANSON LOVE,
mh30 74 Market street.

BLACK SILK RENFREWS, BEAUTIFUL Dress Silks, &c. Handsome Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Shawls, Needlework, White Goods, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, &c.
ap6 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market st.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.
100 Boxes Messina Oranges.
100 do Prime Lemons.
ust received and for sale by REYMER & BROS.,
mh 29 39 Wood street.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!
All kinds of Dry Goods Selling very Cheap for
ap 8, C. HANSON LOVE,
ap17 74 Market street.

Co-Partnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED ASSOCIATED R. J. ANDERSON with them in the business of man