The Pittsburgh Post.

VOLUME XIX. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1861. NUMBER 189.

The Daily Post.

JAMES P. BARR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—Daily, Five Dollars per year, strictly in advance. Weekly, Single subscriptions Two Dollars per year; in Clubs of five, One Dollar.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Arbitration Committee of the Board of Trade

For March and April.

WM. McCREERY, V. P. B. CAMPBELL,
ISAIAH DICKEY, S. PRESTON,
S. S. McELROY, WM. MEANS.

TO LETS for SALE at this office.

Meeting of the Safety Committee.

At three o'clock on Friday afternoon the committee of public safety met at the Merchants' Exchange.

Dr. Gazzam, from the powder committee, reported that they had received a dispatch from the Secretary of War, desiring them to hold on to the powder. Dr. G. then telegraphed to W. G. Wells, Mayor of Wellsville: "You are right; continue to hold and guard the powder." Soon after he received a dispatch stating that the shippers had ordered the powder back to Pittsburgh, and asking if he should let it go. In connection with Dr. Geo. McCook, he replied: "No, don't move powder on orders of any persons except the Pittsburgh Committee of Safety or Secretary of War. Spare no expense to guard it where it is." This action was signified to Secretary Cameron by telegraph, and the desires of the War Department asked for. No reply had yet been received

A communication from several gentlemen desirous of organizing a cavalry company for home protection, was referred to the committee on home defence. It was subsequently reported back with the approval of the committee.

A communication from Capt. Campbell, of the steamer Sir William Wallace, stating that he had on board of his boat, which would leave on Saturday, some munitions of war, belonging to the government, which he did not wish to carry to their destination (St. Louis) without instructions from the committee, was read and referred to the powder committee.

Wm. H Smith, Esq., was, on motion of E D. Gazzam, added to the general Committee. Hon. A. W. Loomis, Hon. J. P. Penney, and Maj. Wm. Wade were also added to the committee.

The rules of order of Select Council, so far as applicable, adopted by the committee.

Hon. P. C. Shannon, chairman of the committee on home defence, presented the following report upon the resolution referred to them on Thursday:

1. It is recommended by the committee that each ward, borough and township in the county of Allegheny be requested to form a company of not less than fifty men, for home defence.

2. This organization, for the present, shall be merely a volunteer one not subject to any other authority than that of the committee of Public Safety.

3. It is proposed that this organaztion shall be the nucleus for future recruits for the public active service of the country.

4. As soon as fifty men shall be enrolled in any locality the fact shall be reported to this committee, with the names of the persons enrolled, to be copied into the register of the committee.

5. All captains, lieutenants, &c., shall be elected by the persons enrolled in each company.

6. All battalions shall be offered in the same way, to wit: by the vote by ballott.

7. Regiments shall be officered in the same mode.

8. As this is a voluntary organization all males, of whatever age, fit for such home service, from 18 years upwards, may be permitted to enroll their name.

9. All the companies thus formed shall be subject, before admittance into our service, to the inspection, if required by this committee.

10. All certificates for the present shall be issued and signed by a quorum of this committee.

Report accepted and adopted.

On motion of Mr. McAuley the following was adopted.

Resolved, That Messrs. Dilworth and Bidwell be requested to have the powder at Wellsville, returned to Pittsburgh and stored in their magazine.

The Executive committee, to whom was referred a resolution relative to Allegheny Arsenal, asked for further time, which was granted.

A communication from H. B. Vanvoorhees, of Oakland, offering his services to command a scouting party for the protection of our homes and country, of one hundred men, or more if necessary, with horses and Sharpes' rifles and other necessary equipments, the expenses to be paid by the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, was read and referred to the committee on home defence.

Mr. Parke offered the following, which was referred to the Finance committee:

Resolved, That each dry goods house, retail or wholesale grocery, and all branches of trade that furnish necessaries of life, and who are disposed to do so, send to either member of the Finance committee a communication as follows:

DEAR SIR—Your committee has credit at our house for goods to the amount of $——, for which, amount the drafts of your committee will be honored. The goods furnished by us to be used for the supply of the families of the volunteers who have left in defence of the laws and constitution of our country.

Hon. Wm. F. Johnston, from the executive committee, to whom several matters had been referred, made a verbal report, recommending that the Finance Committee appoint persons in each election district to collect a fund for the relief of soldiers' families. The public are requested to pay money to no one except the collectors appointed by the Finance committee. The fund so collected to be paid over to the Treasurer of the General Committee, who shall pay it out on orders from the relief committee (who are to investigate all applications made to them) properly countersigned by the chairman of the executive committee. The report was accepted and placed on file.

Dr. Gazzam moved the appointment of a committee of seven, for correspondence, which was lost.

Dr. Gallagher offered a resolution that the executive committee be instructed to request Secretary Cameron to place under the direction of the general committee two thousand stand of arms, to be distributed among the home guard, which was referred to the committee on home defence.

Mr. Howe then read an address, which he stated had been prepared by Mr. Bakewell, a member of the committee appointed for the purpose. It was received with the loudest demonstrations of approval and was unanimously adopted, and the thanks of the committee returned to the author. It was then resolved that the names of the committee be appended and the address published in all the city papers, and also in proper form for distribution, read from the pulpits of the various churches on Sunday and once in each of the public schools.

The address, a most able and eloquent one, was as follows. No true man in the North can read it without a thrill of enthusiasm and a new ebullition of patriotism:

To the citizens of Western Pennsylvania:

Friends and Fellow Citizens:—

An unexpected emergency has arisen. That Constitution framed by the wisdom of our forefathers—that liberty established by their labours—that independence sealed and sanctioned by their life blood, are menaced, not by the hostility of foreign enemies, but by the reckless ambition of domestic traitors and aspiring demagogues, who have long partaken of the blessings of our free government, and enjoyed their full proportion of its emoluments and privileges. These unhallowed passions have plunged our beloved country into the horrors of a civil war, and have in some measure exposed our homes, our families, and our firesides to the desecration and ruin of hostile incursion.

Under these alarming circumstances this Committee of Public Safety has been organized. Not to supercede the action of ordinary tribunals, not to interfere with the exercise of judicial power, but to aid the constituted authorities of our land in the preservation of the public peace—the organization of efficient means of defence—the protection and support of those whose natural defenders may be absent on the call of patriotic duty, and if need be, (which may God forbid) to report for judicial action all persons, who, false to every dictate of duty and patriotism, may *secretly* contribute that "aid and comfort" to the enemy which they will not dare publicly to acknowledge.

Diversified as may be our business avocations—our national predictions—our religious opinions—or our political sentiments, on this momentous occasion, we address you, not as farmers or manufacturers, as merchants or lawyers, not as Irishmen or Germans, as Englishmen or Welshmen, or their descendants—not as Catholics or Protestants—not as Democrats or Republicans, but as citizens—as Americans or Pennsylvanians, and as such we call upon you to unite as one man in the support of those glorious institutions under which our country has attained a growth and prosperity unequaled in the past history of the world.

Let your young men advance to meet the threatening invader—your older citizens organize for the defence of their domestic hearths. Let ample provision be made for the support of the families of those patriots who may leave home and its pleasures for the stern duties of the tented field. Let a spirit of mutual forbearance and charity prevail, being sight of all minor differences in the great object of our country's salvation, and above all, relying on the justice of our cause, let us unite in the determination to sustain the Union, the Constitution, and the Laws, and transmit to posterity the inestimable blessings of liberty received from our ancestors, in calm, yet earnest dependence upon the support and approval of Him who rules the nations with His rod, and without whose notice not a sparrow falls to the ground.

WILLIAM WILKINS, Chairman

Wm J Morrison,	Wm Caldwell,
James P Barr,	A J Sampson,
Wm F Johnston,	Dr Jas Kerr,
Dr George McCook	John I Dravo
John Marshall	Jas R Hunter
T J Bigham,	W M Hersh
Joseph Dilworth,	A S Bonsall,
Charles Barnes,	Nat Holmes,
David Pittcommons	Saml Riddle
C L Magee,	John Scott
Andrew Miller,	Frederic Schoyer
James Park, Jr,	D J Stewart
C H Paulson,	H A Weaver
Alexander Num's,	R H Bartles
N P Fetterman,	J K Murphy,
John D Scully,	Geo W Irwin
Dr George S Hays,	John M Irwin
Benjamin Conroy,	Wm C Barr
John Mackey,	Jas Flack
A G Lloyd,	Alex Moore
John J Mue-	Samuel Rodger-
W Bagaley,	Alfred Slade
T M Howe,	C J Ogle
C W Ricketson,	Lloyd Birmingham
Joseph Kaye,	John Wright,
J B Foor,	John McDonald,
J S Rowley,	William Marshall, jr.
James Herdman,	William Owens,
Andrew Scott,	J M Brush,
R H Keller,	Robt H Morrow,
David E Bayard,	J M Killen
J E McClintock,	C Moore,
James Kelly,	Col Leopold Salm,
James Salisbury,	Dr Wm M Mumford,
William Marsh,	Alexander Speer,
William Robinson, jr,	Henry Hays,
William Bishop,	Adams Getty,
Harry Wadsworth,	Edward Swoyer,
William H Morrow,	John Dunlap,
T J Gallagher	John C Dunn,
Thomas Scott,	John Stewart,
Russel Errett,	John E Parkes,
J H Foster,	Dr Thomas
Charles McKnight,	E P Jones
William Neels,	P L Shannon,
John H Bailey	E D Lowry,
Jno. R Riddell,	George I Hamilton,
James H Worrell,	Thomas M Marshall
William M Lyons,	J R L Nelson,
Thomas Bakewell,	Henry McCullough
W J Howard,	James A Hutchinson,
Solomon Schoyer jr,	Joshua Rhodes
J P Pears,	James Verner,
R Miller, jr,	John M Murdoch
H L Roxwell,	Thomas S Blair
George M Wilson,	Samuel McCleary,
James Bay,	John N McCleary,
J W Barker,	A H R Patterson,
R H Patterson,	Maxwell J. Macfarlane
W K Nimick,	George A Cass
George Shiras	Walter H Lowrie,
A Nicholson,	Dr Sam'l Dilworth
David F McKee,	David Irwin,
William Phillips,	Abel Burke,
William M Kelger,	Geo R Hartley
Dr Enos A Gibbons,	Wm M Lindsay,
Dr George I. McCook	Jno Atwell,
Robert McCahan,	M P Stewart,
Frederick Collier,	Robert Arthurs
Thomas B Hamilton,	Hugh M Glen,
Archibald A Hide	Hugh Kirkpatrick
Andrew Fulton,	Saml Cameron
William Simpson,	R Jones
Alexander Rhands,	Joseph Woodwell
George A Berry,	John Neebereid,
William Gary,	James B Murray
James Bennett,	James McAuley
J B Canfield	John Graham,
H L Hollman,	Wm Holmes,
William B Holmes	Daniel Negley,
D L Rimer	William Woods,
Wm A Lare,	George R Thurbern,
Robert Finney,	Edward Campbell, jr
Alexander L. Rinsey,	William H Smith,
N P Sawyer,	A W Loomis,
W S Lately,	William Wade.

At half past four o'clock the committee adjourned to go to the Pennsylvania Railroad depot to meet the Ohio and Indiana volunteers expected to pass through. The committee will meet again at the Board of Trade rooms at three o'clock this afternoon.

Attempt at Lynching.

The over-wrought feelings of the populace gave vent to themselves yesterday morning in an attempt to Lynch an Irishman named Murta, a coal-boatman, by suspending him from a lamp-post at the corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets. Murta was charged with having been one of a committee who some time since notified a young man named Hays, of this city, to leave New Orleans on a few hours' notice. He made his appearance at the armory of the Washington Infantry, on Thursday night, when he was attacked by Hays and knocked down, having his nose broken and his scalp cut. He would have been torn to pieces had it not been for the more prudent and order loving members of the company. He was seized again yesterday morning by an infuriated mob who were about to deal summarily with him, when he was rescued by the Mayor's police, assisted by members of the Washington Infantry. He took refuge in the tavern of M. Keenan, Smithfield street, stricken with terror and was hotly pursued by the mob but escaped from the rear in the custody of an officer who took him to the Mayor's office, where he was kept in safety. Murta denies any connection with the chasing of Hays from New Orleans, and alleges that he had enlisted in the Washington Infantry.

Every good citizen should deprecate lawless violence of this character, as when the bad passions of men are aroused innocent men are as likely to suffer as the guilty. We have a committee whose duty it is to investigate all such charges and those matters should be brought before them.

SUPPOSED TO HAVE BEEN STOLEN.—A pocket book was found in the back cellar of Messrs. Culp & Shepherd yesterday morning, which without doubt had been stolen. A number of papers were found in it, but no money, and was doubtless thrown in the cellar after being rifled. It is supposed to have belonged to a gentleman named Wm. J. Baughman, of East Liberty, as that name was found on some of the papers. There is quite a number of pick-pockets about the city at present.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—J. Edgar Thompson, Esq., the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was sent for on Wednesday to Washington, in order to make the necessary arrangements with the Government for possession of the road, so far as to give the latter the entire control of the road for the transportation of the troops and baggage from the West to Harrisburg, where they will rendezvous temporarily.

A Meeting on the Currency Reform.

A large number of our business men assembled at City Hall on Friday morning to take decisive action on the currency reform, which has been agitated in Pittsburgh since March 21st. Captain Campbell, the former Chairman, being absent on military duty, George R White, Esq., was chosen to preside, and Messrs. B. L Fahnestock and C. Hanson Love elected Secretaries.

Mr. Bates, dry goods merchant, offered the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, Pittsburgh and vicinity has long been a repository for all kinds of bank paper, without regard to its convertibility into specie funds, and which conversion has occasioned a loss of from one to ten per cent on the industry and products of the labor of the city, and whereas, a movement has been in operation since March 21st, 1861, to take all depreciated and other paper only at its *worth*—which movement has worked well, and gained strength daily—and as it is the opinion of this meeting that the time has now arrived to put the movement on a firm basis, therefore be it

Resolved, That so far as in our power lies, from this time *all business* transactions shall be on a par basis.

Resolved, That in view of carrying out the above preamble and resolution, a committee of business men, representing the different branches of business, be appointed by the meeting, to act as an Executive Committee of the Currency Reform Movement, whose duty it shall be to meet daily, after banking hours, and agree upon and publish the rates for the ensuing day at which currency can be converted into par funds, which rates, we hereby agree, shall be binding on one and all of us.

After some discussion the resolutions were on motion of H. J. Lynch, unanimously adopted.

Mr. Fahnestock read the names of several business men, and suggested the appointment of the Executive Committee. The number was considered too small, and Mr. Ward moved that the names read be adopted, and that they have power to enlarge the Committee so as to comprise a representative of each branch of manufacturing and all other business. The motion was adopted. This will include brokers and iron men, and the action of the Committee will reflect our whole industry.

Mr. Ward, of the firm of Geo. R. White & Co., moved that the Executive Committee be instructed to confer with the Board of Trade, and if possible procure their co-operation in the movement, and that the committee be further instructed to give, through the public press, at as early a day as possible, the best plan they can suggest to protect the community at large from the losses entailed by the fluctuations of foreign bank paper. The motion was adopted.

The resolution under consideration at the last meeting, providing that after the first of May all depreciated foreign currency should be refused by business men, was called up. Its passage was warmly discussed by both merchant and workingmen, who contended that if the money was made wholly uncurrent it would soon be driven out. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The chairman read a very patriotic preamble and resolutions, pledging the business men of Pittsburgh to support the National Government in its purpose to put down all treason and punish all traitors. The paper was adopted with much enthusiasm, and after three hearty cheers for the Union the meeting adjourned.

EAST TAKENTUM, April 19th, 1861.

J. P. Barr, Esq.—I noticed an article in yesterday's *Evening Gazette*, and also in this morning's issue of that paper, stating that I had been compelled to leave this place on account of uttering treasonable sentiments. The statement is totally false, as there has never been a word said to me about leaving on any account. I have never entertained such sentiments, as those referred to, and consequently never uttered them.

I have my own ideas about the causes that brought on the present state of affairs, but since hostilities have been commenced by the South, I believe that every man in whose breast beats the heart of a true American, should aid with all his strength the Government in its present crisis.

Yours, &c., SAM'L SKIMMER.

ST. ANN'S ACADEMY.—Since the 3d of April, Miss Kate Cosgrave, in religion Sister Mary Regina, made her perpetual profession of the Vows of Religion in the presence of R. Rev. Bishop Domenec. On the evening of the same day, Miss Bridget O'Donnell, in religion Sister Mary Mulendez, Miss Bridget Farren, in religion Sister Mary Aloysius, Miss Annie Lewis, in religion Sister Mary Matilda, received the holy habit of the Order of Mercy (the former as Choir, and the two latter as Lay Sisters), from the hands of the Bishop, who was assisted by several priests of the diocese. On the following morning the Bishop administered the holy Sacrament of Confirmation to twelve young ladies of the Academy, one of whom is a convert.

A STRANGE CIRCUMSTANCE.—We have just heard related by a gentleman from the north eastern part of the county, a rather strange circumstance, which we believe to be altogether unparalleled. A few nights ago a fine large horse, belonging to Mr. Robert M. Patterson, residing near Patterson's Mills, whilst standing in the stall of the stable, had some how got his tongue through a crack in the partition of the stall, and in his violent exertions to extricate it, actually *pulled it entirely out by the roots!* It is supposed that whilst his tongue was fastened, the horse in the adjoining stall had bit at it, and thus caused the frantic exertions which resulted so seriously. It is scarcely possible that the poor animal can survive.—*Washington Examiner.*

MERCY HOSPITAL.—The following additional Easter contributions to the Mercy Hospital are reported:

St. Peter's, Allegheny	$20 00
St. Mary's, Lawrenceville	15 00
St. James and Sub. Blairsville	20 00
St. Mary's, Freeport	15 00
St. Matthew's, Tyrone	8 00
Pine Creek Congregation	5 00
St. Peter's, Butler	15 11
St. Joseph's, Donegal	11 10
St. Mary's, Clearfield	10 80
St. Patrick's, Clinton Bottom	7 50
Additional from St. Paul's	5 00

BODY FOUND.—The body of an infant was found floating in the river at Pipetown yesterday. A post mortem examination was made, and it was discovered that the child had lived about two weeks and died of liver disease. It had been placed in a box and thrown in the river to save burial expenses.

TROOPS ORDERED WEST.—The excitement in our city was increased last evening by the announcement that the troops were ordered back from the East. What can be the cause we are not aware, but we can safely say that McClelland, Weaver & Co. have the most elegant assortment of Silver Plated Ware to sell this day we ever saw, which will be sold this day at 2 and 7½ o'clock.

SWORD PRESENTATION.—A sword will be presented to Lieut. Charles F. Porter of the Fireman's Legion this morning at 11 o'clock, at the Vigilant Engine House, by the members of that company, to which Mr. Porter belongs. Mr. Porter is a true and tried soldier. He served in Mexico with the Sappers and Miners, and no man possesses more of the calm courage, perseverance and endurance which characterizes the true soldier.

THE meeting called at the Merchants' Exchange last evening for the purpose of making provision for families of volunteers was anticipated by the action of the Safety Committee in the afternoon and those present agreed to abandon independent action and co operate with that body.

LAST NIGHT OF MR. COULDOCK.—Mr. Couldock's engagement at the Theatre closes to-night. The bill offered is the "Willow Copse," Mr. Couldock as Luke Fielding and the "Birthday of Freedom," Hanchett as Gen. Warren and Dr. Foster as Gen Washington. Let there be a full house.

DRS. STEBBINS & MUNSON have removed their office to No. 191 Penn street, near St Clair street.

The War Spirit.

The blood of the people is still at fever heat and the utmost activity of preparation for the coming contest is everywhere apparent. Our people think and talk of little but the present troubles and there seems to be but one voice—a universal determination to sustain the Government at all hazards.

At Gen. Negley's head quarters, Girard House, the greatest activity still prevails, and he is literally besieged by persons calling upon him on business connected with the forwarding of troops, the organization of companies and the other business of the department.

The two regiments called for are, we believe, full, and by Monday or Tuesday they will all have been sent Eastward, and probably followed by Gen. Negley himself.

Recruiting still goes on spiritedly, and new companies are constantly being formed. The Duquesne Greys have a hundred and fifty men and contemplate forming a second corps, to be called Company B. The Infantry have over two hundred enrolled and will also organize a second company, Capt. Wm. Trovillo is also organizing a second company, which is now about fifty strong. The Firemen's Legion now numbers one hundred and the Shield-Guards fifty seven. The "Home Guards" are rapidly filling up in both cities and the adjoining boroughs. There will be enough to form at least two regiments. A fine company has been organized in Lawrenceville, called the "Lawrenceville Union Guards," Capt Richard Ewalt has been chosen commander, with John Herron as First Lieutenant, and Thomas Little as Second Lieutenant. Another company of "Union Guards" has been organized at the Allegheny Engine house, with the following officers: Capt., Wm. A Tomlinson, 1st Lieut., Joseph Brown; 2nd Lieut., Mathew Graff, Orderly Sergeant, S. S. Ferguson; Secretary, James E. Lodlie. Twenty six men from the South side of the Monongahela river have started an organization, with Dr. G. S. Hays as Captain and George Gallop as First Lieutenant. The enrollment lists at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Grant street, and another at the armory, Seventh street. The "Wilkins Guards," for home service, are rapidly organizing under the auspices of D. H Williams and R. J Grace. The company will be drilled by experienced officers and will hold themselves in readiness to serve at a moment's notice, for the protection of public or private property, on such duty as the committee of public safety may direct. The Allegheny City Home Guards is the title of another company forming for home protection, which will meet on Monday evening for organization. Books are open at Dyer's, corner Federal and Lesock Streets.

No companies left for the East yesterday or last evening, with the exception of a few detachments of companies already gone forward. A goodly number start this afternoon.

Capt. Brereton, late Captain of the City Guards, has gone to Washington to tender his services to the Ordnance Department. His successor is Capt. Alexander Hays, a graduate of West Point, who served with dauntless bravery in the Mexican war. He is a capital officer and will come home with a higher grade than Captain. He is son-in-law to our respected fellow citizen, Jno. B. McFadden, Esq.

We wish to record here an instance of patriotic devotion to our country. Dr Leasure, a physician of New Castle, with a practice worth $1,000 a year, and editor of the "Coal City Chronicle," which yields him a handsome income, has closed his office, suspended the publication of his paper, given up his practice, and organized the "Lawrence Guards," with which company he will arrive on Sunday en route for Harrisburg. Edward O'Brien, a soldier of the Mexican war, is First Lieutenant. All honor to the patriotism of Capt. Leasure, he will make a good soldier.

Presentations seem to be the order of the day, those who stay at home taking this method of exhibiting their patriotism. Our friend Colonel J. Heron Foster, of the *Dispatch*, Lieutenant in the Washington Infantry, was presented with a handsome sword, by his brother editors, yesterday. Sol. Schoyer, Jr. of the *Gazette*, made the presentation address, which was appropriately responded to by Col Foster. We know that sword will be used to the best advantage and that the donors will never regret their liberality. Capt Rowley, of the Infantry, was also made the recipient of a Colt's revolver, one of the most costly and effective description, from Joseph S Cury, Esq., of Hill & Co., bankers. Our friend Chas. W. Lewis, of the Firemen's Legion, was presented with a handsome sword. Ensign Dobbins, of the Blues, was presented with a fine revolver, by a number of his friends. The ladies connected with the Third Ward Public School have presented the U. S. Zouave Cadets, Capt Roberts, with a beautiful silk flag, under which they paraded the streets followed by 81 men. Some of the younger members of the legal fraternity have purchased and presented a superb rifle-shooter, to James Sutherland, Esq., who has thrown Blackstone aside, and taken a position in the ranks of Capt. Roberts' company. Charles W. Matthews, Alex Flack, and Oliver C. McClung, employees in the establishment of W. S Haven were yesterday presented with a Sharp's revolver each, by their fellow workmen, they having volunteered for their country. Mr. Haven made an appropriate address on the occasion. But we hear of so many presentations that we cannot note all. The ladies are busy making flags and all the companies will be fully supplied before their departure. $160 was raised in two or three hours yesterday by ladies for purchasing three flags for as many different companies.

Since the above was written we have been present at two presentations, both of which took place at "Our House," Diamond alley. One was the presentation to John Cassels, Esq., of C. West & Co., who goes as a Corporal in the Duquesne Greys, by a dozen or so of his personal friends, of a beautiful, well-mounted and costly Colt's revolver, suitably inscribed E. A. Myers, Esq., made the presentation address which was handsomely and feelingly replied to by the recipient. A supper, toasts, songs, and speeches followed and the party separated with mutual expressions of kindly feeling. The other, which was going on at the same time, was the presentation, by a number of the members of the Undine boat club, of appropriate testimonials to those of their number who had enlisted in their country's service. To R. L. Coltart, Brevet second Lieutenant in the Duquesne Greys, was given a handsome sword, to W. S. Neeper, Orderly Sergeant, C. P. Caughey, Fourth Sergeant, Oliver P. Fleming, of the Greys, and W. S. Collier, Second Lieutenant of the Firemen's Legion, a fine revolver each. B B Campbell, Esq., delivered the address and presented the articles, and Lieut. Coltart replied for himself and the others. After supper and the singing of "Auld Lang Syne," and some patriotic songs the company retired. We have seldom witnessed two more affecting occasions of like character than the above.

Three trains, which left Columbus on Friday morning, carrying two regiments of Ohio volunteers, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and evening. One regiment, under command of Maj. Wilson, consisted of the State Fencibles and Videttes, Columbus, Springfield, Covington, Pickaway and Piqua Guards, and the Rover, Lafayette and Zouave Guards, of Cincinnati—ten companies in all, embracing about nine hundred men. The other, commanded by Maj. Parrott, was about equal in numbers, and included the Montgomery and Jackson Guards of Dayton, Mansfield Independents, Baldwin Rifles, Columbus Cadets, Kinney Light Guards, Capt. Riley's company B, and three others. The first train arrived, with five companies, about half past three o'clock, and was sent on East. Subsequently a despatch was received from Gov. Dennison, ordering both regiments to remain here until further orders, and the train was, we understand, telegraphed to return, but this order was afterwards countermanded. The reason of the order to remain here was supposed to be that troops were pouring into the capital so fast that it was found impossible to quarter and equip them, which is probably the fact. The first train having proceeded, the other trains, which arrived shortly before eight o'clock, with the other fifteen companies, were stopped and the volunteers, who were weary, hungry and without equipments, detained here until this morning at half past eight, when they will go on toward Washington. They were escorted to City Hall and distributed around at the various hotels, where they took supper. Hundreds of citizens offered to open their doors to the brave fellows, but it was thought best not to separate them into small squads, and they were detailed by fifties, hundreds or companies to the hotels.—[We neglected to state above that the citizens in the vicinity of the outer depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad spread out a collation there for the first detachment in the afternoon.] The intelligence that the soldiers were to remain over night was received so late that proper arrangements for quartering them had not been made, but the difficulty was soon overcome, as the captains of steamers at the wharf kindly offered to furnish enough berthsfor all. Accordingly, after supper, the volunteers were distributed, in companies and fifties, upon the following boats: Alma, Meinotte, Science, Economy, Sir William Wallace, Key West, St. Louis, Argonaut, Anglo Saxon, Empire City, Kenton, Mariner, Linden, Moderator, Clara Poe, Diamond, Com. Perry. Thus all (some 1100) were provided with comfortable lodgings for the night and this morning they will resume their journey as noted above.

The Pennsylvania volunteers, including those who left here on Wednesday night, arrived in Washington City in time for breakfast yesterday.

SHIELDS' GUARDS.—As we state elsewhere this company now has fifty-seven names on its roll, a few more are wanted at the armory, under Masonic Hall, where Capt. Gallagher can be found at all times.

BIRMINGHAM, April 20, 1861.

The committee appointed by Dr. Jas. Kerr for the purpose of raising funds, to aid military organizations, is requested to meet this morning at 10 o'clock, in the Town Hall of Birmingham.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

Attention Men.

GENTS' SHOUT & CALF BOOTS,
GENTS CALF GAITERS,
GENTS' CALF OXFORDS,
CHEAP AT 15 FIFTH STREET
ap20 J. S. PIFFENBACHER.

BOY WANTED.—Apply at the Mercantile Library, corner of St. Clair and Penn streets. Must be able to write a legible hand. ap20

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FURNITURE AND CHAIRS
No. 144 Penn Street, above the Canal,
Have on hand a large assortment of Fancy and Plain Furniture, in Walnut and Mahogany of their own manufacture, and warranted equal in quality and style to any manufactured in the city, and will sell at reasonable prices. feb26dtf

Irish Volunteers!

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF the IRISH VOLUNTEERS will be held this morning at 10 o'clock, at CONNOLY'S HALL, Grant street. ap20

POST OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, April 19th, 1861.
NOTICE.—The LETTER CARRIER of this office having left with a Military Company for Washington, persons who have hitherto been served by him will please call at the General Delivery windows of this office for their mail matter, until the new carrier is appointed.
ap20 S. P. VON BONHORST, P. M.

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THE LATEST NEWS.
BY TELEGRAPH.

U. S. TROOPS ATTACKED BY A MOB IN BALTIMORE.

Troops Moving.

The Obstruction in the Channel at Norfolk Removed.

THE MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT.

Movement of Troops.

Great Excitement in Baltimore.

Failure to Suppress the Mob.

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED AT BALTIMORE.

Twelve Killed—The Number of Wounded Unknown.

Millions of Money Offered to the Government.

BALTIMORE, April 19.—Certain parties threaten to destroy the Pratt street Bridge. As the soldiers passed along Pratt street, a perfect shower of paving stones rained on their heads. The cars have left for Washington, being stoned as they left. It was the Massachusetts men that were attacked. Three of the mob are known to be dead, and three soldiers were killed. Many were wounded. The stores are being closed. Our military are rapidly forming. The minute men are turning out.

TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.—The Philadelphia volunteers are reported to be now at the outer depot, but at the request of the Governor and Mayor, the president of the road has ordered the train back and it is said they have started back. Four of the Massachusetts men were killed and several wounded, but it is impossible to learn their names.

WHEELING, April 19.—The Mayor has issued a proclamation calling on all good citizens to preserve the peace and abstain from discussing exciting topics. The stars and stripes are generally displayed, and a strong Union feeling prevails. Union military companies are forming. One company organized as Home Guards, is composed of men over forty-five years of age. Our delegates, Hubbard and Clemens returned from Richmond to-day, and were warmly received. The news from Baltimore, concerning the attack on the troops, created indignation. The Douglas Democrats of this district in Convention in this city to-day, nominated W. G. Brown, of Preston county, for Congress, the only delegate from Virginia, who remained in the Convention that nominated Douglas. He will be supported by all opposed to secession and will be undoubtedly elected.

ZANESVILLE, April 19.—The largest public meeting ever held in this city met to-night.—It was unanimously resolved that the last dollar and the last man that Zanesville could raise would be given to sustain the government. The St. Patrick Catholic Benevolent Association subscribed $500. The city councils passed a resolution to-night to take care of the families of all those who volunteered; $2500 was subscribed in one hour to day. The second company, under command of Capt. Abot, is rapidly filling up. A company of Cavalry is forming. The Home Guards, under command of Capt. Ross, have been organized. The attack at Baltimore on the troops causes much excitement.

[Special dispatch to the Evening Chronicle.]

CHAMBERSBURG, April 19.—*Editor of Chronicle.*—The workshops and fifteen thousand stand of arms at Harper's Ferry were destroyed last night by First Lieut. Jones, and the men under his command, who made their escape on foot to Hagerstown, Md, and to this point by coaches. They left Chambersburgh at 2 o'clock this P. M. for Carlisle.

R. S. DAVIS.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 19.—The report is general that the Post Office Department has received a dispatch confirming the burning of the Harper's Ferry Armory. It is said that the Superintendent ordered the arsenal and workshops to be fired in order to prevent them being occupied and used by an overpowering force of Virginia troops advancing for the purpose.

BALTIMORE, April 19.—A terrible scene is now occurring in Pratt street. The track having been torn up by the secessionists, the troops from Philadelphia and New York attempted to march through, and were attacked by the mob with bricks and stones. The military fired upon their assailants, who returned the fire. Two members of the Seventh Massachusetts Regiment were killed and several wounded. The fight is still going on. Ten of the mob are said to be wounded.

At the Washington depot an immense crowd has assembled. The rioters attacked them at the depot. The military fired on the mob, and several persons were wounded, some fatally. There is said to be four of the military and four of the rioters killed. The city is in great excitement. Martial law has been proclaimed. The city military are rushing to their armories. Civil war has commenced.—The railroad track is said to be torn up outside of the city.

NEW YORK, April 19. The Eighth Regiment of Massachusetts volunteers, Col. Monroe, arrived at seven o'clock, and have been quartered at the Astor House and other hotels. Their reception was marked with the most unbounded demonstrations of welcome all along the route to their quarters. They leave here at noon. The famous Seventh New York Regiment have nearly completed their arrangements, and leave here at four o'clock this afternoon.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Latest advices from Norfolk, received at the Navy Department this afternoon, state that when Captain Pendergrast ascertained that the channel was obstructed, he placed his ships broadside to Norfolk and Portsmouth, and demanded that the obstructions should be removed, else he would level both cities. It is added that the citizens complied with his demand.

BALTIMORE, April 19.—The detachment of Gen. Small's First Pennsylvania Regiment, and the Massachusetts Regiment, have arrived, and are now marching through the city on their route to the Baltimore depot.

NEW YORK, April 19.—The Hudson River Railroad has offered to bring troops from Albany and Troy to New York free. An attempt was made to purchase the new steamer Mercedita for the Confederate States, but the reply was that there is not money enough in the seceded States to do it. The entire division, numbering 7,000 men, is offered to the government to be ready to march at an hours notice. Intense excitement prevails among the military at the Baltimore news.

The Chamber of Commerce has resolved that the Government should issue a proclamation that all persons privateering under Davis's commission shall be dealt with as pirates, and immediately to blockade every Southern port.

The *Evening Post* hears, from a reliable source, that Jefferson Davis, at the head of the Confederate army, is within 24 hours, march of Washington.

The *Tribune* has a despatch from Wilmington, Delaware, which states that the Captain of a merchant vessel, direct from Pensacola, brings information that Fort Pickens now contains 800 men, and seven vessels of war and transports were lying outside. A large number of Southern troops arrived there on Saturday last.

BALTIMORE, April 19.—A town meeting has been called for four o'clock, P. M. It is now said that twelve lives have been lost in the various affrays that have occurred, besides several others mortally wounded. The most alarming state of affairs now prevails. Parties of half frantic men are running through the streets with guns and pistols. All the stores are closed and business is generally suspended. The population are in a state of dread uncertainty as to what is yet to happen. During the affray at Camden station, parties rushed into the telegraph office and cut the wires with a hatchet; the damage was not serious.

HARRISBURG, April 19.—The Governor has ordered ten thousand suits of clothing to be made in Philadelphia and three thousand pair of blankets purchased. Gov. Curtin goes in the noon train to Philadelphia, returning to night. No arms have yet arrived. The Governor refuses peremptorily to let any more Pennsylvania troops move to Washington until they are armed. A company from Lebanon has arrived, commanded by a minister of the Gospel.

BALTIMORE, April April 19.—*Evening*—As far as can be ascertained, only two of the Massachusetts regiment were killed. They belonged to company C; their bodies are now at the police station, but their names are not known.