The Pittsburgh Post.

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The Daily Post.

JAMES P. BARR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Arbitration Committee of the Board of Trade

For March and April.

WM. McCREERY, V. P. B. CAMPBELL,
ISAIAH DICKEY, B. PRESTON,
S. B. McELROY, WM. M'FANS.

PITTSBURGH AS IT IS.

Shortcomings and Needed Reforms.

NUMBER TEN.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT—ITS STRENGTH—WHAT IT COSTS—THE PHILADELPHIA FIRE DEPARTMENT—STEAMERS—GENERAL FIRE ALARM, &c.

The fire department of the city of Pittsburgh comprises, all told, ten engine and one hose companies, with companies numbering from fifty to one hundred and thirty active members each. These ten companies have two steamers, seven hand engines, (two condemned by the Committee of Inspection and recommended to be replaced by steamers,) eleven hose carriages, (one condemned,) and 16,500 feet of hose. As we have said, the companies are all active and efficient, doing good service in time of need. We have a Firemen's Association, composed of delegates from each of the companies, (one, the Fairmount, not sharing the benefits of the Association,) a Chief Engineer of the department, with assistants, and a sufficient number of Fire Wardens.—This Association is sustained by subscriptions from Insurance Companies, and annals making no appropriations to it. The Engineer and his assistants are competent and energetic, performing their duties as well as circumstances will permit, but laboring under the disadvantages hinted at in our last. One of the companies enumerated above has contracted for a first-class steam engine, which will be put in service during the coming month; and two other companies are making strenuous exertions to the same end and will doubtless succeed, so that by the close of the year our force will probably stand thus: five steam engines; five hand engines; ten hose carriages; 19,500 feet hose.

Now, few persons who have not taken the trouble to investigate this matter for themselves will believe when we state that the total appropriations to the fire department by the city this year amount to $7,575 70, divided thus: three steam engines, $1,000 each, $3,000; six hand engines, $400 each, $2,400; repairs on engine houses, $1,175 70; installment on Allegheny lot, $1,000. And this is all they will receive from the city. The appropriation this year is liberal, compared with what it has been, in the aggregate, yet how insignificant this amount when the value of the department, small as it is, is taken into consideration. Of course, $400 per annum will not support and keep in repair a hand engine and hose carriage, nor will $1,000 maintain a steamer—Consequently, the balance necessary must be made up by private contributions of the citizens, members, (who thus pay for the privilege of protecting the city,) and Insurance Companies. All appeals for larger appropriations have been steadily disregarded by Councils, and until within a year or two we have not had an adequate supply of hose, so that some of the companies were even obliged to solicit contributions for the purchase of that very necessary article. What is extraordinary this is upon the wealthy city of Pittsburgh—doling out this niggardly sum to the noble firemen, who, without fee or reward, protect the property of her citizens. The policy seems "penny wise and pound foolish;" the department should be liberally provided for and its strength increased, thus giving it additional efficiency.

From a little book we have in our possession we learn that the Fire Department of Philadelphia is (or was in 1860) composed of 41 engine companies, 42 hose companies and 4 hook and ladder companies—89 in all. The number of steamers then in service was 18, and has, we believe, since increased. The number of active members is about 3,000. The officers of the Department are a chief engineer, four assistants and a secretary, paid by the city—The organization is sustained by appropriations from the city, dividends from the Fire Association and contributions. We are not advised of the cost of maintaining this large organization, but it must be heavy. Had we a similarly organized department, proportionately large, our security from fire would be much greater.

We have no hope of seeing a paid fire department organized in this city during the next ten years, but we think that Councils might be induced to make larger appropriations for the Department. As we have stated, it is probable that we shall have five steam engines in service by the close of the year. If a sufficient sum could be raised to purchase steamers for the five other companies, we believe, in proportion to our population and extent of territory, we should be as well supplied as our neighbors. The old engines would bring something and a reasonable sum could br raised by private contribution. Then, all companies being on equal footing, having steamers, which require fewer men to manage them, with a board of officers well paid by the city, and a liberal annual appropriation of say $1,500 to each company, we would have a department in which our citizens might take a just pride, inasmuch as it would secure them all possible protection. The organization could be made more perfect, and the Chief Engineer and his assistants would feel more interest and take more pride in inspiring a proper degree of respect among the members of the department and enforcing their orders. More money, perhaps $15,000 or $20,000 annually would be required to keep up the steamers, pay officers, engineers and drivers, purchase hose and keep houses in repair, but the benefits of a complete and efficient fire department would be universally felt and recognized, amply repaying the increased expenditure in additional security in case of fire.

The establishment of a central fire alarm, which has already been agitated, is another important matter. It would not only prevent the frequent false alarms, which are a serious evil, but give the public some intimation of the locality of a fire, which they and the firemen are now left to ascertain by their wits. The cost would be trifling, and a man could be employed to keep constantly on the look-out and give the alarm when a fire does break out, for a moderate compensation. We do not advocate the establishment of the police and fire alarm telegraph in use in other cities, with stations all over the city, for we believe that until our police force is re-organized and increased it would be, in a manner useless, aside from the expense of introducing it. Nor now do we need a fire detective police. These will follow in the train of other reforms spoken of in due time. But we do seriously urge the central fire alarm, believing it will be of great benefit in giving early and reliable information as to fires thus leading to their prompt extinguishment. We should have had this long ago, especially as the cost, in comparison with the benefit, would be nothing. Two or more hook and ladder companies would also increase the efficiency of the Department.

Our firemen can accomplish any thing they attempt and we only trust they may go to work in earnest and labor for the perfecting of the Department, confident that if they do we shall soon have something of which we may well boast.

This closes, for the present, our series of articles on "Pittsburgh as it is." If we have pressed sorely on any (and we know some are displeased with our plainness) we did it "more in sorrow than in anger" and from a desire to benefit the community at large, not to gratify any private malice. Should we, hereafter, see anything requiring, in our mind, a resumption of our articles, we shall continue them—If, by our humble exertions, we have succeeded in arousing a spirit of needed reform in any one particular, we shall feel gratified, and if any permanent good shall result our end is attained.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, &c.—Before Judges McClure, Mellon and Parke.

TUESDAY, March 26, 1861.

Theodore W. Ingersoll, constable of Indiana township, was tried for misdemeanor in office in retaining $7 collected on an execution against Thos. Lindenfelter, which he refused to pay over to Justice McCorkle. Verdict not guilty but defendant pay the costs.

In cross suits for surety of the peace between George Rice and Timothy McGran, the Court ordered each to pay half the costs.

Frederick Smith, a German, plead guilty to the larceny of a watch, portmonaie and a quantity of clothing from Joseph Miller, and was remanded until Saturday.

Thomas Lindenfelter was indicted, on oath of Theodore W. Ingersoll, with perjury and resisting a levy. In the latter case a *nolle prosequi* was entered and the hearing of the perjury case postponed until Wednesday.

Wm. Boniface plead guilty to the larceny of a bridle from John Broadway and was remanded for sentence.

James Cross and Lafayette Stevens (Wm. Kay, a third party, not appearing, having been released on bail) were indicted for stealing a quantity of cutlery, silver ware, &c., from the store of Lauffman & Bro., Wood street. Cross plead guilty, and Stevens was tried and convicted. Both lads were remanded for sentence.

Geo. Shoemaker, of Green street, Allegheny, plead guilty to assault and battery on his wife Catharine, on the 2nd, and was remanded, there being other charges against him.

Hugh Nichol (convicted of the same offence last term and awarded a new trial) was tried for passing a $5 counterfeit bill on Mrs. Lewis, of Shaleerille, and acquitted.

Pending the hearing of a case of surety of the peace, in which Robert Franklin, of the Seventh Ward, an old man of nearly seventy, who charged ten or a dozen boys with annoying him by breaking in his door and window, causing him to be in fear of his person and property, the Court adjourned.

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judge Williams. James Rees vs. Benjamin Courtin and J. H. Warden & Son, garnishees of Peaffe, Atchinson & Ormsby. The jury find for the plaintiff against Warden & Son, $2,3?,17, and that the other defendant, Courtin, had nothing in his hands belonging to plaintiff at the date of issuing and service of the writ.

Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad Company vs. Perry Martin; action to recover for six shares of stock subscribed. Verdict for plaintiff for $?2,?0.

S. B. and C. Hare vs. James Kennedy and others, late owners of the steamboat Nathaniel Holmes, action for debt. Verdict for plaintiff for $18,15, subject to the opinion of the Court on a question reserved.

THE Manchester Passenger Railway Company deny that they notified Mayor Drum of an intention to resume Sunday travel. It is certain, however, that prayers in favor of a resumption of travel on Sunday, were in circulation. The *Chronicle*, evidently speaking by authority, says: "Should the managers consent to comply with the wishes of their patrons in this respect, we are informed that the cars will be run at second intervals only, for the accommodation of churchgoers, and not with a view of making money for the stockholders. The Directors, with one exception, are opposed to Sunday travel at all, and it may be yet that the application of those who wish the cars to run on the Sabbath will be finally refused."

LLOYD'S MINSTRELS.—It is with regret that we announce the last concert by this capital company, which takes place to-night at Concert Hall. We, with many of our citizens, have enjoyed their entertainments much, and we do not like to part so soon with them. The last songs of the vocalists, the clear notes of the bugle and the oddities of Cool White. But they have engagements elsewhere and we must console ourselves for their departure as best we may. To show the company that they are appreciated here let us give them a full house at parting, to night. This will positively be the last appearance here, as they play in Reading to-morrow night.

CHARGE OF ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—William Woodward, sexton at Trinity Church, Sixth street, appeared before the Mayor yesterday and made an information charging Wm H. Moody, constable of the Fifth Ward, with the difficulty, it seems, arose from the publication of an article in the *Dispatch* of yesterday, reflecting upon Mr. Woodward, who called at the office for an explanation, when, he alleges, Moody, who had caused the publication to be made, seized and choked him. Mr. Moody asked for a hearing, which will take place at ten o'clock this morning.

Oil Operations.

Morris Bell & Co., operating on the Shenango, at Pulaski, Lawrence county, have struck oil at a depth of 250 feet. When the vein was tapped, the oil was forced up in great quantities, and still continues to flow at the rate, perhaps of ten gallons in twenty-four hours. The firm intend boring deeper, and are sanguine that they have a good well. This is the first discovery of oil in the Shenango valley, and the property owners in the neighborhood are quite jubilant over it.

JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN.—This piece, which has been so well produced and so well played for two nights, will be presented for the last time this evening. Miss Susan Denin, as Joseph, is, of course, the great attraction, but the piece itself is a rich one, and the tine effects with which it is brought out, alone make it worth the price of admission. Every lover of novelty should attend. The evening's entertainment concludes with "Asmodeus, Mr. Denin in the principal part.

CHARGE AGAINST A LAWYER.—Nicholas Ruter, tavern keeper on Ohio street, Allegheny, has entered suit before Alderman Jamison, charging Jacob Whitsell, Esq., with obtaining sixteen dollars by false pretense. Ruter was prosecuted for liquor selling, and alleges that Mr Whitsell, promised to keep him out of trouble if he would hand over the retainer above named. The money was paid, but the prosecutor alleges that his lawyer did not keep his promise, and hence the suit. Mr. White still gave bail for his appearance.

ROW AT A BALL.—A dance was given on Wednesday evening, at the beer hall of John Keiser, on the wharf. Several fights occurred during the night, and at one o'clock the entire police entered and arrested sixteen men. John Keller, proprietor of the house, was fined five dollars, which he paid. Adam Brown was committed five days in default of a fine, and the remaining fourteen paid fines of three dollars each.

VANQUISHED.—The "Wonderful Child," Miss Tennessee Claflin, who, with her father and mother, was held to bail to answer at court for conspiracy to cheat and defraud the community by imposition and humbuggery, leaving one of their patients and believers to pay bonds of $500, into which he entered for their appearance to answer.

SURETY OF THE PEACE.—Mayor Wilson, yesterday, held to bail Harrison Taylor, of Pennsylvania Avenue, charged, on oath of his wife, with surety of the peace, who fears that when intoxicated he will take her life or injure the children, and also with assault and battery on his daughter, fourteen or fifteen years of age.

CHOKED TO DEATH.—On Saturday morning a little girle about three years of age, whose parents are Germans, and reside in Centre Wheeling, was choked to death. The child was eating an apple, a piece of the core of which lodged in its throat, and whilst relief was being attempted, death resulted.

TRUSTEES ELECTED.—At the annual meeting of the First Reformed Presbyterian congregation, the following persons were chosen, unanimously, to serve as Trustees: Major Dunn, Samuel Barckly, and Robert S. Hazlett, for three years, and Newton Webb for two years.

IGNORED.—Michael Doyle was yesterday discharged by the Court, the Grand Jury having ignored a charge of larceny brought against him by Mrs. Elizabeth Brown.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad will be held this morning at ten o'clock, at the Board of Trade Rooms. A good deal of interest is manifested, as important business will come up for consideration.

FINED.—James Brown and Oliver Brooks were arrested by the Mayor's police yesterday, charged, in connection with William Patch, with breaking into the house of Amelia Burns and behaving in a riotous and disorderly manner. The Mayor fined them $5 each.

VACATION.—The public schools of the two cities will close for the usual Easter vacation on Friday of this week and open again on Monday, April 8th.

SOLD OUT.—R. Lyle White, editor of the Fayette *Patriot*, Connelsville, has disposed of his interest in that paper.

FOR KANSAS.—Mayor Wilson yesterday received $2 25 for the Kansas fund, viz: A. Loenders, $1,00 cash, $1,00; cash, 25c

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DENTISTRY.—Dr. C. Sill, No. 216 Penn street, attends to all branches of the dental profession.

DRS. STEBBINS & MUNSON, dentists, have formed a partnership and opened an office at 105 Fifth street, second door below the Cathedral. See card.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

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No. 246 Penn Street, above the Canal.

Have on hand a large assortment of Fancy and Plain Furniture, in Walnut and Mahogany of their own manufacture, and warranted equal in quality and style to any manufactured in the city, and will sell at reasonable prices. mar18:tsep

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PITTSBURGH, March 4, 1861.

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MERCHANT TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS, keep constantly on hand a general assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, suitable for the Custom and Clothing Trade, No. 76 Liberty street, where they would be pleased to have the patronage of the old house of Henry Kane. All favors from the public are confident they can give general satisfaction. N. B.—They will remove to their new store, No. 168, Clair street, on the 2d inst., from their present location.

HENRY KANE.
W. D. DUFFEY.

mar?:apl1, ...

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mar18:tsep7

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PICKLES AND PRESERVES.—Pickled Cauliflowers, Onions, Beans, Chow Chow, Gherkins, Peculilli, Red Cabbage, Tomatoes, Walnuts, Plain and mixed Pickles, &c., &c.

Preserved Pine Apple, Peaches, Pears Quinces, Ginger, &c., &c. For sale by

REYMER & BROTHERS,
No. 39 Wood street,
mar14 Opposite St. Charles Hotel.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS—Great Bargains from auction.
mar23 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market Street.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Senate Proceedings.

Washington City Items.

Virginia Convention.

&c., &c., &c., &c.,

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The Senate today confirmed the following nominations:—Wm. L. Stoughton, United States Attorney for Michigan; Benjamin W. Hall, of New York, Chief Justice for Colorado; S. Newton Pettis, Associate Justice for Colorado; Charles Dickey, U. S. Marshal for Michigan; Ex-Congressmen Dawitt D. Leach, of Michigan, Indian Agent for Michigan; Morgan Estes, Register of land office and Reuben Goodrich, Receiver of public moneys a Traverse City, Michigan; J Augustine Peters, Register, and Edward La Favour, Receiver at Detroit, Michigan; Saml. M. Brown, Receiver of public moneys at Vancover, Washington Territory; Stephen F. Page, Register, and J. C. Dietz, Receiver at Ionia, Michigan; John F. Diggs, Register, and Louis K. Rubbins, Receiver at Saginaw. Francis M. Cate, of Ohio, Surveyor General for Colorado; Thos. H. Burbank, Agent for the Sac, Fox and Iowa Indians of Missouri; Wm Gilpen, Governor of Colorado; Joshua R Giddings, Consul General for the British American Provinces; Mark Howard, of Maine, Consul to Vera Cruz; John Bradish, of New York, Consul at Southampton; Daniel C. Buckland, Postmaster at Pontiac, Michigan; Thomas M. Camp, postmaster at Booneville, Mo. The following confirmations as second Lieutenant, in the army were made: Wm O Williamson of the District of Columbia; Charles Hopkins, of New York; John P. Baker, of Illinois; Samuel S. Elder, of Ohio; Andrew Sheridan, of New Jersey; Sergeant H Pearce, and as second Lieutenants in the marine corps; the following: Miltee Tolton, of Maryland; H H Higbee, of New York. The following nominations are pending before the Senate: Hosam Barney, for Collector of the Port of New York. Wm P. Kellogg, of Michigan, as Chief Justice, and Samuel Mulligan, Associate Justice, for Nebraska. George Turner as Chief Justice for Nevada, and Horatio Jones, of Missouri, for Associate Justice. Gordon N. Mott, of California, Associate Justice, David Baylor, of Ohio, for Marshal, and Benjamin Banker, of New Hampshire, for Attorney William H. Fry, of New York, for Secretary of Legation at Turin. Jas Longstreet, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Lyons. W. Lee H Carpenter, of New York, Consul Fou Chow. Willie P. Mangum, Jr., of North Carolina Consul at Ningpo. Wm. Van Horn, of Iowa, Consul at Marseilles. Richard C. Parsons, of Ohio, Consul at Rio Janeiro. Mark Howard, of Connecticut, Consul at Messina. Robert W. Shufeit, of New York, Consul at Havre. T. Bigelow Lawrence, of Massachusetts, Consul at Florence.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 26.—SENATE.—The credentials of Mr. Douglas were confirmed.

Mr. Breckinridge replied to Mr. Douglas speech of yesterday. He denied that the Republicans had yielded any of their essential principles, and that it was unjust to suppose that the South to announce that they had failed. He called on the Republican Senators themselves to answer whether they had made any such abandonment.

Mr. Collamer replied, "Not as we are aware of."

Mr. Breckinridge alluded to the argument of Mr. Douglas that the Republicans had not inserted their platform in any of the territorial passed, organizing the territories. He said [illegible] Mr. Douglas might vote them in if passed [illegible] they had not introduced [illegible] passing as [illegible] Mr. Breckinridge was confident [illegible] Republican [illegible] States would [illegible] Mr. Douglas [illegible] they had [illegible] Mr. Douglas said that he could not concur in [illegible]

Mr. Breckinridge said that he could not concur in that statement, that the Senate from Kentucky denied the positions he had assumed. His object was to distinctly indicate that there was no cause for such action, and that Kentucky had not yet waived [illegible] in the territories according to the test prescribed by the Senator himself. The Senator knew that the territories of Colorado, Nevada and Dacotah had been organized on the basis of the Nebraska-Kansas bill. All these territories were organized on the principle of non intervention by Congress with the people to decide the slavery question as they chose, subject only to the limitations of the Constitution, leaving the courts to decide what the limitation is. This is all that the South have ever asked. The Republicans have abandoned the Wilmot proviso and Congressional interference, and repudiate Congressional prohibition of slavery. The Senator would not deny that he did, but the Senator from Kentucky, to say that Republicans have abandoned all their essential principles. He did not ask him to do anything to promote their interests. He (Mr Douglas) did not believe in the political creed of that party, and did not believe that the best interests of the country would be promoted by the success of their power. Still he preferred the Union under a Republican administration to none at all.

Mr. Grimes, of Ia., moved that Mr. Douglas's resolution calling for information relative to the forts, navy yards, etc., and which was pending before the Senate, be laid on the table. The question was decided in the affirmative: yeas 28, nays 11.

Mr. Breckinridge asked leave to offer the following resolution, and if there was no objection would ask a vote on it now:—Resolved, That the Senate recommend and advise the removal of the United States troops from the limits of the Confederate States.

Mr. Sumner. Let it lay over.

Mr Clingman remarked that he had drawn up a similar resolution with one joint in addition. He had shown it to several Senators and it met their approval. It was as follows:—Resolved, That in the opinion of the Senate, it is expedient that the President withdraw all the federal troops from the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas and Louisiana, and abstain from all attempts to collect the revenue in those States. Mr. Clingman added that if the troops be withdrawn, there ought to be forbearance as to the collection of the revenue.

Mr. Collamer moved that the Senate go into executive session. Mr. Collamer's motion prevailed. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Baltimore Methodist Conference, which was in session at Staunton, Va., adjourned on Saturday, after adopting a plan for a separation from the Northern Church by a majority of 83 delegates. The Bishop was not in the chair at the time the vote was taken, but he afterwards pronounced the action null and void, forty-five members having declined to vote, and thirty-eight being absent.

CHARLESTON, March 25.—Col Lamon visited Fort Sumter this morning. Nothing definite is known as to the result of his interview with Major Andersob. He will leave for Washington to-night, and says that he hopes to return to Charleston at an early day. He has been well received by the Governor, and is to have an interview with Gen. Beauregard this afternoon.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—For several weeks reports have prevailed that many Union men in some of the seceded States intend to apply to the government for appointments therein, as judicial officers. The truth of these statements seemed to be confirmed in part by the fact that the President has nominated Geo. W. Lane, as Judge of the northern and southern districts of Alabama.

NEW ORLEANS, March 25.—The Tennessee has arrived with late dates from Vera Cruz. The Mac donian had arrived at San Francisco.

The principal road to the Capital swarmed with bands of robbers. Captain Aldham, of the British steamer Valorous, was severely wounded while returning from Mexico.

The Constitutional Government was making slow progress.

Governor Zamora is dead.

Rumors had reached the Capital that a party of filibusters had invaded Lower California.

It is also reported that a movement is progressing for the separation of a number of the border States and their erection into a Sierra Madre republic.

Saligny, the French Minister, presented his credentials, and was formally received.

The Governor of Arizona, in reply to the Texas Commissioners appointed with New Mexico and Arizona, for the formation of a confederacy, invites them to be present at a Convention in Morilla on the fifteenth of March to consider the crisis.

Counterfeit 20s, on the Bank of New Orleans are in circulation.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 26.—The State Convention met this morning. Mr. Shingler offered a resolution that all the supplies of provisions and mail facilities now allow d to Major Anderson and the garrison of Fort Sumter be immediately cut off. The consideration of the resolution was ordered to take place to morrow. The general impression is that it will be rejected on its own. There will be some discussion on the constitution of the Confederate States, but it will be ratified by a large majority.

NEW YORK, March 25.—An arrangement has been made by which the steamer Brooklyn will be released by the Custom House authorities.

A schooner from Florida being without proper clearances, has paid a fine of $?00.

The Western Hotel, on Cortland street, was damaged by fire this morning.

John C Duryea who has just been appointed General Appraiser of this port, died last evening.

RICHMOND, Va., March 26.—Mr. Preston made a speech in favor of the majority report, and making a clear and distinct demand upon the North with the ultimatum of separation. He believed the President was full of hope from both sections for a fair and final settlement.

Mr Wise took the ground that the guarantee demanded by the report was insufficient to meet the necessities of the South.

Mr. Nelson followed in a speech against secession as no causes existed for it.

RICHMOND, March 25.—EVENING.—The Convention reassembled this evening, and in Committee of the Whole refused to strike out the majority report; and insert Mr Carlisle's Peace Conference substitute by a vote of 116 to 4. Mr. Carlisle moved to adjourn *sine die*, pending which the Convention adjourned till to-morrow.

R. R. BURGER,

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OFFICE OF THE

[illegible]

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 27, 1861.

[illegible] ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS [illegible] MANAGERS of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at the BOARD OF TRADE ROOMS, in the City of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 1st day of April next, at 3 o'clock P. M. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th inst. to the 1st of April next, inclusive. The holders of Stock in the States and Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, and Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Companies, which has not been transferred on the books of the Company, at the time, will not be entitled to vote at said election.

By order of the President,

AUGUSTUS BRADLEY,

feb26:td Secretary.

L. HIRSHFELD,

DEALER IN

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

—AND—

SHIRT MANUFACTURER,

NO. 53 WOOD STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY begs to say that SHIRTS made to him are guaranteed to fit, will be forwarded to any part of the Union, on receiving from the parties sending the orders the following rules given below

First. Size around the neck.

Second. Size around the wrist.

Third. Size around the chest, immediately below the arm pits.

Fourth. From the middle of chest to length of arm to wrist joint.

Fifth. Height of person from the shoulder to the knee pan.

Constantly in stock a full assortment of Shirts of our manufacture. Any orders addressed to me by mail, will be promptly attended to.

L. HIRSHFELD,

NO. 53 WOOD STREET.

GLASGOW'S

AMBROTYE GALLERY,

—IN—

LAFAYETTE HALL,

FOURTH STREET, ENTRANCE.

HAVING REARRANGED MY GALLERY, and fitted it up in the most modern style, I am prepared to take Ambrotypes of all sizes and of the finest quality. Intending to devote my whole attention to the class of work on which I feel warranted in guaranteeing satisfaction to my patrons. Prices moderate.

C. GLASGOW.

fe7:1ye No 84 Fourth street, Pittsburgh

SPRING OF 1861.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

The Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices in in Pittsburgh. Come and see.

WALTER P. MARSHALL.

No. 87 Wood Street.

(Near Fourth, at the Old Stand.)

Has the sale beautiful French, German and American

WALL PAPERS,

FOR PARLORS,
HALLS,
CHAMBERS,
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50,000 rolls at 12½ cts. 50,000 rolls at 6, 8 and 10 cts.

WINDOW CURTAINS, FIRE BOARD PRINTS,

TESTER COVERS, CEILINGS, &c.

☞ Look for the Striped Front.

The only place in town where a full assortment of French papers is kept. mar18

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THOMAS RATTIGAN, European Agent, No. 118 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is prepared to bring out or send back passengers from or to any part of the old country, either by steam or sailing packets.

SIGHT DRAFTS FOR SALE, payable in any part of Europe.

Agent for the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad; Also, Agent for the old Black Star Line of Sailing Packets, and for the lines of Steamers sailing between New York, Liverpool, Glasgow and Galway. fe11

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

P. O'BRIEN.

☞ Orders solicited at basement shop, Grant Street, opposite Cathedral. mar18:dawly

WILLIAM CLAYTON,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

LIQUOR MERCHANT,

No. 37 Diamond Alley,

Near Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Always on hand Blackberry, Cherry and Cognac Brandies, Old Monongahela Rectified Whisky. mh16

LADIES' HEEL GAITERS $1,00.

LADIES' HEEL GAITERS, $1,00,

Ladies' Heel Gaiters, $1,00,

LADIES' HEEL GAITERS, $1,00,

AT THE PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE,

D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

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JAMES RIVER GUIDE, containing descriptions of all the Cities and Towns on the navigable waters of the

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY,

with tables of distances. Illustrated with Forty-four maps, and a number of engravings. Price 25 cents. For sale by

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TRIMMING, MILLINERY

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NOTION HOUSE,

No. 77 Market Street.

NEW GOODS RECEIVED DAILY

Straw Bonnets and Hats, Palm Leaf and Willow Shapes, Bonnet Ribbons, Flowers and Ruches, Bonnet Materials of all kinds.

Ladies' Trimmings, Embroideries, Hoop Skirts, Gloves, Corsets, Zephyr Worsted, Shetland Wool, Lady Cotton, and a full assortment of Notions.

An examination of our stock is solicited.

mar15:1m JOSEPH HORNE.

GENTS' FRENCH CALF,

—AND—

PATENT LEATHER BOOTS,

CONGRESS GAITERS, STRAP SHOES,

—AND—

OXFORD TIES,

Just received at

W. E. SCHMERTZ, & CO.,

31 Fifth Street.

mh23

JAMES W. CRAFT, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, and Mercantile Broker, office and Storage, No. 32 North Levee, Saint Louis, Mo. Will give immediate and personal attention to the sale of consigned to my care, for which charges will be reasonable. References: L. B. Forsythe, St. Louis; Paul Leaming, St. Louis; C. Brashears & Co., Cincinnati; Stone, Wood & Co., Craig, Philadelphia; M'Arthur, Byrne & Co., Boston, New York; W. C. M'Dowell, T. Ewing, Kansas; Northup & Co., Kansas; J. W. Burbridge & Co., New Orleans; W. M. Weston, Memphis; Pennock & Hart, Pittsburgh; G. W. Case, Pittsburgh, P. H. Ball, R. Ashcraft, Chicago, W. P. Coolbaugh, Burlington, Iowa; W. H. Poste, Burlington, Iowa; Capts. Connelly, Bowman, and river men generally. mh18:6m

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN

BY THE USE OF AN APPARATUS whereby no drugs or galvanic battery are used. Cold weather is the time when the aparatus can be used to the best advantage. Medical gentlemen and their families have their teeth extracted by my process, of the operation, whatever has been said by persons interested in asserting the contrary having no knowledge of my process.

☞ ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in every style.

E. OUDRY, Dentist,

134 Smithfield street.

FOREIGN BOTTLED STOUT & ALE

GUINNESS'S EXTRA STOUT,

Barclay, Perkins & Co.'s London Brown Stout,

TENNENTS BEST XXX STOUT,

TENNENT'S BEST XX STRONG ALE,

Muir & Son's Sparkling Edinburgh Ale,

A large supply of the above list received from the U. S. Agents, and for sale by the dozen or cask.

WM. BENNETT,

mh20:6t 120 Wood street.

SPRING STOCK OF

PIANOS.

WE HAVE JUST COMPLETED OUR very large spring supply of the unrivalled STEINWAY PIANOS, generally admitted to be the BEST of the present day, containing both GRAND & SQUARE PIANOS, and at NEW YORK PRICES. They are warranted for FIVE YEARS. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

H. KLEBER & BRO., 43 Fifth st.,

mar15 Sole Agents for Steinway's Unrivalled Pianos.

OLIVE TAR! OLIVE TAR!
OLIVE TAR! OLIVE TAR!
OLIVE TAR! OLIVE TAR!
OLIVE TAR! OLIVE TAR!

A new and valuable Medicine. Also,

PERSIAN FEVER CHARM!
PERSIAN FEVER CHARM!
PERSIAN FEVER CHARM!

For sale by JOSEPH FLEMING,
And sold by JOSEPH FLEMING,
For sale by JOSEPH FLEMING,

Call and get a

FINE ALMANAC, 1861. Free of Charge.
FINE ALMANAC, 1861. Free of Charge.
FINE ALMANAC, 1861. Free of Charge.

CORNER DIAMOND AND MARKET ST.
CORNER DIAMOND AND MARKET ST. mh21

OIL! OIL!! OIL!!!

THE BEST MINERAL LUBRICATOR in the world, from the

THOMPSON WELL, SMITH'S FERRY,

for sale at No. 4 Hand street.

mh22:1m JAKE HILL.

Notice.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of JOHN BRYAR, dec'd, late of the First Ward, City of Pittsburgh, having been granted to the undersigned, persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate, will make immediate payment and those having claims will present them for settlement at the store No. 155 Liberty street, to

ELIZA BRYAR,
or HENRY W. BEAUMONT,
fe26:6tdaw Administrators

Executor's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED EXECUTOR OF the Estate of JONAS TODD, late of Findley township, Allegheny County, dec'd, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to the undersigned, at the late residence of the dec'd, on MONDAY, the 11th day of March next, ensuing.

JAMES POLLOCK, Executor.

January 22, 1861. ja24:1dtd&w3w

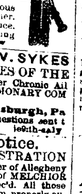
BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

PRACTICAL

PLUMBERS,

129 FOURTH STREET,

Near Smithfield Street.



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