The Daily Post.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 14.

PEACE.

There are many reasons why calm-thinking and conservative men regard a peace policy, in the settlement of the present difficulties between the sections of the Union, as the best.

The government is in no condition to commence and carry on a war of subjugation. This Mr. Lincoln seems to have discovered since his inaugural message was delivered. The government has not the ability to maintain Mr. Lincoln's position of "holding, occupying and possessing" the Southern forts. It has neither the men nor the money. Congress refused to pass the Force Bill and the bill for the collection of the revenue on ship-board. Congress did wisely; for the passage of these bills would have committed the new administration to a war policy.

Peace is the best, because it is impracticable for the government to force war with subjugation as its end and aim, for subjugation would be in effect to destroy the Union. The object of such a war could only be to preserve the integrity of the Union, but it is too late to do this by fighting. Mr. Lincoln, therefore, does wisely in abandoning that which is impracticable, and not undertaking to do that which is impossible to do for the want of both the power and the means.

Mr. Lincoln has backed down from the positive declarations of his inaugural. He has confessed his weakness, and might have saved himself this humiliation had he informed himself of the true position he was about to assume, previous to the making of his inaugural declarations.

But aside from all this, the withdrawal of the forces from Fort Sumter cannot fail to have a good effect in allaying the sectional excitement. What South Carolina thinks or says nobody cares. She is crazy for disunion anyhow. But the other seceded States and the Border States will regard this step as one calculated to lead to the reconstruction of the Union. It is an evidence that Mr. Lincoln has no desire to precipitate a collision, and that he is willing by moderation and conciliation to show them that he has no wish to injure them, even where his official duty would warrant him in using force to compel submission to the laws. It is well for the country that Mr. Lincoln has not this force to use, and that necessity compels him to adopt a policy of peace.

If the interests of the two sections are found, upon fair investigation, to be so opposite and incapable of reconciliation that they cannot live harmoniously under the same government, it is better to admit as an existing fact that the revolution has taken place, peacefully, rather than to have a bloody civil war and then be compelled to admit it. If the seceded States persist in having a separate government, Mr. Lincoln may as well make a virtue of necessity and acknowledge that which he has not the power to prevent, provided that the settlement be made upon such terms that the rights of the States which do not secede are not placed in a worse position by the separation. If such terms can be secured, it is better to let them go now, rather than to deluge the country with blood and then let them go. If the family has got so large that its members cannot all live in one house let them have two houses; but let the visiting acquaintance be kept up, and the terms of social intercourse be agreed upon, so that the old house is secure in all its rights and retains a legitimate share of the furniture.

If they choose to maintain their position as a separate government they must give guarantees not to annoy the States which do not choose to join them. When they have tried their hand for a time as a separate government they will, perhaps, be ready, sooner than is now expected, to join heart and hand in a reconstruction of the Union in such a manner that all rights of all parties may be preserved.

One thing is certain. Peaceful measures may restore the Union. A civil war would forever separate the sections.

NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.

Secession is very queer, when you come down to some of its ramifications. And its prophets, who dwell in the Terra del Fuego—the land of fire-eaters—at Montgomery, are taking a queer method to justify it before the world. Thus, only a little while since, it was threatened to exclude from the Southern Confederacy the slave property of the border States. Then it was proposed to raise a high tariff on tobacco, with a view to scare Virginia and Missouri, and more recently the Committee on the Judiciary of the Confederate Congress, shakes its fists under the nose of President Lincoln, and declares that if Southern Ambassadors are not recognized by the new administration, the people of the retired States will not be compelled to pay their debts! The following is the document in full, as referred to the Judiciary Committee, from which it has just been reported:

A BILL to define the Jurisdiction of the Federal Courts in certain cases.

SEC 1 The Congress of the Confederate States do enact, that in the event of a conflict of arms between the Confederate States and the United States, or of a refusal on the part of the authorities of the United States to recognize the independence of the Confederate States, or to receive the Commissioners sent by the latter to treat with the former in relation to the several matters of controversy existing between them; the Courts of the Confederate States shall not take cognizance of any civil cause in which the plaintiff is or may be either the said United States, or either one of them, or any citizen or citizens thereof.

SEC 2 All pending cases in which the plaintiff shall be in either of the classes afore. said, shall, upon the happening of either of the contingencies aforesaid, be dismissed on motion. And all process, mesne or final, which shall have been issued at the suit of such plaintiffs, shall be arrested and declared inoperative.

The above, if carried into effect upon the occurrence of the contingencies named, is designed to make a pretty effectual cancellation of obligations of every kind. But it is a part of the law of nations, that while revolutions may occur, and governments change, the obligations of debt, public and private, survive. Whether we have two Confederacies or one, it strikes us that in the basis of settlement, provision will be made that obligations of debt shall not be repudiated.

The Indian Bonds Robbery.

The Criminal Court at Washington, on Monday, discharged Wm. H. Russell, who was indicted in connection with the abstraction of the Indian Trust bonds. This judicial course was in accordance with the law of 1857, which exempts witnesses before investigating committees from trial, Mr. Russell having appeared as such before that of the House on the subject of these bonds.

Ex Secretary Floyd, gave $10,000 security for his appearance at Court, from day to day for trial.

AMUSEMENTS.

That well conducted places of amusement are an advantage in every large city, there can be no doubt; but in order that rational amusement of such an order as will recreate and improve both the mind and body may be maintained, it is necessary that they should receive the countenance and support of the intelligent public.

Where an amusement is offered, in itself of a vicious character, or tending to vice, it is the duty of the public authorities to suppress it. The public with one voice approve the course which the Mayor is now taking for closing the low concert saloons, many of which have long been a nuisance in our city, leading the young and old alike to intemperance and all sorts of vice. These places have been not only an annoyance to decent citizens, but they have been schools for all kinds of vice and degradation. The amusements offered have been solely for the purpose of attracting customers for the bars which are the invariable concomitant of these places. A tavern or beer house is certainly no proper place for respectable people, young or old, to seek their amusement, when amusements of a higher, more pleasing and elevated character are afforded at the Theatre, and from time to time at the Halls of our city. The latter pay heavy licenses to the city, and the property which they occupy is a public benefit. These slums are an injury to the legitimate places of amusement, and take away, to some extent, the power of their managers to afford such entertainments as they would desire to do. If the public want good amusements in the city, they must patronize those which are good, and compel such as are bad to cease operations. These things should be subject to municipal regulations, and we are glad to see that the Mayor is determined to make them so.

THE ONE HORSE CAR NUISANCE.

We publish this morning the proceedings of a meeting held in Lawrenceville, on Tuesday evening last, in relation to the management of the Citizens' Passenger Railway. Much dissatisfaction exists among the regular customers of this route who have been forced to travel in cars converted from omnibusses. It has become an irrepressible conflict, and the good will and cordial sympathy of all residents along the line of this successful passenger railway, has been changed into hostility. This is to be regretted, as it exhibits on the part of a rich and profitable enterprise, a spirit of meanness, and an attempt at a contemptible economy, by discharging a few conductors in the winter season at the expense of the comfort of the public, which cannot and will not be sustained. The Company respectfully, but evasively reply to the Committee appointed by outraged citizens, through their attorney. This does not satisfy the community, and plainly says the Company will do as it pleases and the public has the happy privilege of doing the same. This may lead to results which the Company little expect, but which we hope to see realized. One horse cars will not do. It would be wise for the Company to yield to the public demand in time, before matters have progressed so far as to materially interfere with the profits.

THE RE-ACTION.

The result of the Borough Election in Lawrenceville, is an indication that Mr. Lincoln's inaugural is to be endorsed, "over the left," at the spring elections in this county, which will take place in the townships, on Friday, March 15th. At the Presidential election, Lawrenceville gave 213 majority for Mr. Lincoln. At the election held on Tuesday, the Democrats elected their Burgess by 59 majority, their constable by 107, and the entire Democratic ticket, except one councilman and one school director is elected. This is a glorious and satisfactory indication of a return of the "sober second thought" of the people. In Lawrenceville, the majority of the Republicans has been "wiped out." Whether it was the evacuation of Fort Sumter or the stoppage of the Columbiads which has wrought this change, we are at a loss to determine. The Wide-Awake leaders of the Borough, were all candidates, and have all been compelled to "douse their glims."

ITEMS TELEGRAPHED TO THE AFTERNOON PAPERS.

Col. Edwin V. Sumner, of the First Cavalry has been promoted to the rank of Brigadier General, and takes the place of Gen. David E Twiggs, disgraced and struck off the army rolls for treachery to the flag of his country.

The Philadelphia appointments are not to be made at present.

Fort Sumter will shortly be evacuated.—This we understand to be settled finally.

General Francis E. Spinner, Congressman from Utica, (Mohawk!) New York, has been appointed to day Treasurer of the United States under Secretary Chase.

No Naval orders have been given at all interfering with the Home, Pacific and Mediterranean squadrons as stated.

A large number of appointments were agreed on to day by the President, and sent to the Senate for confirmation. They include a large number of Postmasters.

FALL IN! FALL IN!

Col. Foster, of the *Dispatch*, requests us to announce that he has secured a special train direct for Charleston, for the purpose of taking the Allegheny Wide-Awakes to reinforce Fort Sumter. Every man is expected to do his duty.

The Wide-Awake Marshals, who met some time since to organize the lamplighters "on a military basis," are expected to take command of the expedition.

THE *Gazette* is in troubled waters concerning the Administration and Fort Sumter. It says the question is "purely a revolutionary one," and it has all at once discovered that there is a vast difference between a civil war and one against a foreign foe. It thinks "factitious and fictitious points of honor" should be disregarded, even by good men," who are a "little over-sensative at the wrong time." Oh, Backbone, Backbone,—how thou bendest and breakest.

"WE love our slaveholding brethren. *Seward's speech.*"

And you show it, just as a thief or highwayman exhibits his *love* for other people's property—polite and peacefully if they can—*forcibly if they must*—that is "such protection as vultures give to lambs, covering and devouring them"—yet Seward, Lincoln and his party are "all honorable men."

A FEW weeks since the *Gazette* issued a very warlike cry of "To Arms," and advised every Northern man to arm himself. Now its editors are writing homilies upon the "horrors of civil war." Where? Oh! where? has the back-bone gone?

The Rush for Office.

There are some forty applications for the Commissionership of the Land office, and the contest waxes warm. They are located from Maine to California.

Distribution of Seed.

Upwards of one million of papers of vegetable and flower seeds have been put up at the Agricultural Division of the Patent office within sixty days, and sent to members of Congress for distribution. The seeds were selected in Europe, by Hon. T. G. Clemson, with great care and comprise many varieties heretofore unknown on this Continent. Eeach collection comprises one hundred and fifty-four different varieties of vegetable seeds, and nearly the same amount of varieties of flower seeds—the number of papers of each variety varying from one to forty, as the peculiar soil or climate for which they are destined may make them more or less desirable. The members of Congress from the seceding States had sent to them the quota they would have been entitled to when in the Union. Theytook them of course. In or out of the Union, they take all they can lay their hands upon.

Appointing Foreigners.

The New York *Herald* notices the fact that the controversy now going forward in the Republican press about Carl Schurz, and other foreigners who have applied for missions to the governments of Europe, is very curious, to say the least of it. Seward and Weed resist the appointment of those candidates because they are foreigners, and the radical journals sustain them because they were revolutionary in Europe, have been revolutionary here, and would be revolutionary if they went back to Europe again. They are always revolutionists—revolutionists by nature and by profession. But the objection of Seward and Weed to them is simply that they are foreigners; and thus the nativest question is revived once more in the ranks of the Republican party. What imparts more than ordinary sharpness to the controversy is that the appointments are in Mr. Seward's own department.

The Border States.

Conservative men residing in the Border States have ever feared that the Secessionists might provoke a collision, and thus attract the entire South, or rather the slaveholding States, to join the new confederation. Their fears are now quieted, and we may anticipate a strong Union feeling to follow this generous conciliation—this refusal to bring on war, with all its horrors, merely for the possession of a fortress of no use to the general government.

Oil in Monongalia County, Va.

Oil has been discovered on Hiddebrand's land, at the mouth of Whitesby creek in this county Dr H. B. Layear has taken a lease of the ground with the intention of working it.

Messrs A Haymond and H. Seagers have found oil at the mouth of Tom's run, six miles from Morgantown, leased the ground, and will commence boring soon as they can get ready. The oil that runs out of these springs will ignite as quickly as pure manufactured carbon oil.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

Eleven hundred head of cattle have been sold during the past week at from 7 to 9 cents per pound. Eighty-five cows were sold—springers, at from $45 to $52, and those with calves at from $25 to $40 per head. Thirty-seven hundred sheep were sold at from 4½ to 5¼ cents per pound gross weight. Sixteen hundred head of hogs were sold at $6½ to $7½ and for corn fed $8.

Affairs at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, March 12.—The members of the Legislature have nearly all arrived. The caucus for U. S. Senator is quite spirited. Messrs. Wilmot, Campbell and Ketchum have the lead. The friends of the latter confidently predict his nomination. Senator Welsh, it is now thought, will receive the Democratic nomination.

THE clerks in the Commissioners office are certifying to figures from the books, widely differing in amounts. It is certainly time for a reform bill when the very clerks of the Commissioners are certifying against each other.—Mr. David L. Smith and Mr. Snively have evidently studied two different kinds of arithmatic.

Lottery Policies.

It is stated that the venders of lottery policies in New York draw from the poor of that city over $200,000 per annum. Philadelphia it is thought, spends nearly as much in policy gambling.

Carl Schurz to go to Brazil.

It is now proposed to send Carl Schurz to Brazil, as the foreign ministers allege that his appointment to Sardinia would be offensive to the European powers.

A PERMANENT constitution has been adopted by the Southern Congress, but it has not yet been made public; a few facts, however, have been divulged. The President is to hold office for six years; and the slave trade is prohibited.

GREAT excitement prevailed in Texas on account of the refusal of Capt. Hill to surrender Fort Brown. The state commissioners have taken possession of the Brownsville custom house.

Destinatio Major Anderson.

It is rumored this evening that Major Anderson's commapd will be ordered to Fort Monroe, Norfolk.

SOME of the Republican Congressmen who remain in Washington, are extremely urgent against the withdrawal of the troops from Fort Sumpter.

SIXTY vessels are now on their way to New York City, from various ports in Europe.

Oath of Office Administered to Secretary Cameron.

On Monday morning Judge Grier visited the War Department, and administered the oath of office to the new Secretary, Hon. Simon Cameron, in the presence of a large number of the clerks and other officials. Mr. Holt, after introducing his subordinates to his successor, retired, wishing great success and prosperity to General Cameron. Justice Grier and General Cameron are about the same age. They were boys together in Northumberland county, many years ago, and they started life the one as a school teacher and the other as a printer. During all the interval between youth and mature age they have preserved the kindest relations. It was fitting, therefore, that the oath of office should be administered by the one to the other.—*Phila. Press.*

How the Evacuation Pill was Sallowed in New York.

The New York correspondent of the *Ledger*, says:

"Is it possible?" "Can it be true?" "Do you believe it?" "Nonsense!" "Out of the question!" are some of the exclamations elicited to-day by the news from Washington, that Fort Sumter is to be evacuated. The stock brokers in Wall street, if nobody else, have made up their minds that it is true, and prices accordingly have taken an upward turn. The street generally is "jolly," and if the judgment of the bulls is worth anything, confidence, credit, money, merchandise, manufactures, shipping, and everything else, are going to take a sudden bound from the slough of despond, to the very pinnacle of the Shining Mountains. In case there should be any hitch in the news, however, what a relapse there would be, to be sure.

The politicians, however, are as much exercised with the dispatches, as the money kings and stock jobbers. As I wrote you on Saturday, the first impressions of the Republicans were adverse to believing the report, but now, that evidence of the fact is accumulating, they are constrained to confess that there is something in it. The tone of the *Tribune* the *Commercial* and *Evening Post*, is indicative of the bitterness of the pill, which, as prescribed by General Scott, will have to be swallowed.

The Question of Evacuating Fort Sumter.

WASHINGTON, March 11, 1861.

An official letter from Major Anderson, received on Saturday, says he had only fifteen days' subsistence and wood. The question has therefore risen with the administration whether a reinforcement shall be attempted or the fort abandoned. The latter course, it is thought, will be adopted from inevitable necessity, by advice of Lieut. General Scott.

The city has been in a state of intense excitement all day by the rumor that Fort Sumter is to be evacuated. The radical Republicans, upon hearing the report, fly into cursing before ascertaining what the facts are. Some declare the party ruined; others denounce the administration, saying it is demoralized and disgraced. One says "Reinforce Anderson." He is told that it cannot be done: that before the troops could reach him with provisions he would be compelled, under the army regulations, and by the dictates of humanity, to salute his flag and march his men out of the fort to save them from starvation. Another says, "Notify the people of Charleston that the government will send a supply vessel there, and if she is fired into Major Anderson will shell the city." The answer of the statesman to that is, "Then you take up a quarrel you did not begin, and irritate a people to resist the Federal Government and initiate civil war."

So the discussion has been going on all day, in almost every knot of people who have assembled anywhere.

The Cabinet had a meeting this afternoon, when the subject of Fort Sumter was renewed. The turning point was, that it is now out of the power of the government to reinforce the place in season to save Major Anderson before he will be compelled to surrender to general starvation. The question is not now, as it was weeks ago, a civil or political one, but is narrowed down to a scientific and military question.

The Cabinet was in session four hours, but came to no decision about Fort Sumter, preferring to postpone final action until to-morrow or next day, but that Major Anderson's command will be ordered to abandon Fort Sumter there is no doubt. It is not yet settled how this will be done, but it is likely that the Brooklyn will be ordered to Charleston to convey the troops away.

When the Cabinet settles upon this course they will undoubtedly decide also to blockade the harbor of Charleston and other ports, and collect the revenue. If this policy is determined upon, an extra session of Congress will be immediately called. At present, if troops were needed for immediate service, the President would have no power to call upon the States for aid, because Congress passed no law authorizing him to do so.

The administration are yet undecided as to the policy to be pursued in regard to Fort Sumter and Fort Pickens. The radical republicans have entered their solemn protest against abandoning the forts, and Mr. Lincoln is afraid to take the responsibility. They are endeavoring to shirk the matter and throw it upon the last administration. This will not answer. They should come boldly forward, assume the responsibility and share the credit of restoring peace to the country.

The republican Senators, immediately after the adjournment, held a caucus and remained in session for upwards of two hours. It is understood that the question of evacuating Fort Sumter was one of the questions under consideration. There are a large majority of Senators opposed to that policy. It is said that they would be regardless of party ties in their position. Other Senators say they had better back down a thousand times than plunge into the civil war.—*N. Y. Herald.*

FIFTEEN hundred and thirty five barrels of oil were received at Erie from the 1st to the 7th of March.

THE upper Mississippi is open to Rock Island, and there is plenty of water for steamboat purposes.

THE Virginia Convention has passed a vote of thanks to Mr. Crittenden for his patriotic devotion to the Union.

COUNTERFEIT 10s on the Warren Bank of Mass have made their appearance.

JOHN P. HALE, of New Hampshire, is urged for Minister to the Court of St. James.

MR. CHARLES B. THEOT is said to have the inside track for the Philadelphia mint.

DIED:

Tuesday morning, March 12th, Col. JAMES ANDERSON, in the 77th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Thursday morning, 10 o'clock from his late residence near Manchester.

BŒRHAVE'S

HOLLAND BITTERS.

PREPARED FROM THE

Choicest and most grateful Tonics and Carminatives in the Vegetable Kingdom. Universally approved as a Family Remedy for

INDIGESTION, SOUR STOMACH. COLIC, HEART-BURN, HEADACHE, & ALL DYSPEPTIC COMPLAINTS.

The Weak and Nervous should try it.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION! But one size of the genuine, (half pint bottles.) Price One Dollar. Dose, a teaspoonful.

BENJAMIN PAGE, Jr & Co.

SOLE PROPRIETORS.

Sold by Druggists generally. Pittsburgh, Penna.

RELIEF FROM PAIN!

REED'S MAGNETIC OIL STILL holds the reputation it has had for years, of being superior to anything yet known for the following purposes:

Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Spinal Affections;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Neuralgia;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Hemorrhoids;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Ulcers and Sores;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Nervous Headache;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Frosted Feet;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Fresh Wounds;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Swellings;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Pains in the Back;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Nervous Affections;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Face-ache and Tooth-ache;
Reed's Magnetic Oil cures Rheumatism.

speedily and permanently, and for all *Accidents* and *Injuries* will relieve pain more rapidly than any other preparation. Sold by Druggists generally, at 50c per bottle.

SIMON JOHNSTON Druggist and dealer in CHOICE FAMILY MEDICINES, corner Smithfield and Fourth sts. Sole Agent. feb 28m

New Advertisements.

NEW SPRING GOODS,
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS,
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
NEW SPRING GOODS.

JUST OPENED

—AT—

W. & D. HUGUS',

mar14

PICKLES AND PRESERVES.—Pickeled Cauliflowers, Onions, Beans, Chow Chow, Gherkins, Peccillili, Red Cabbage, Tomatoes, Walnuts, Plain and mixed Pickles, &c. &c.

Preserved Pine Apple, Peaches, Pears, Quinces, Ginger, &c. &c. For sale by KEYMER & BROTHERS.

mar14 No 39 Wood street. Opposite St. Charles Hotel.

KETCHUPS, SAUCES, &c.—Walnut Ketchup, Tomato Ketchup, Mushroom Ketchup, French Mustard, Worcestershire sauce, Harvey's Sauce, John Bull's Sauce, Beef Steak Sauce, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, &c., &c. For sale by KEYMER & BROTHERS,

mar14 No. 39 Wood street.

Proposal for the Building of a Steam Fire Engine.

THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED by the Relief Fire Company, are now prepared to receive proposals for the building of a first class Steam Fire Engine.

Address the secretary, JOS. E. SWINT.

mar13:2t&d Box 335, Pittsburgh P. O.

FEAR CORN.—175 sacks prime Yellow Ear Corn for sale at warehouse and on wharf by JAS. A. FETZER,

mar18 * Corner Market & First streets.

OIL LEASES, (printed forms,) for sale by

(mar13) J. R. WELDIN.

DAVIS & PHILLIPS,

BRASS FOUNDERS AND MANUFACTURERS, PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

GAS FIXTURES, PUMPS AND BRASS WORK,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Oil Well Pumps of Brass, Copper, or Iron, with the most approved Chambers and Valves of all kinds, and Warranted to give Satisfaction.

Manufactory, No. 110 Water and 104 Front Street,

mar7:3mdaw PITTSBURGH, PA.

New Advertisements.

PARLOR SKATES!

PARLOR SKATES.

THE USE OF THESE SKATES imparts a perfect knowledge of the art of

SKATING ON ICE,

as well as furnishing the most pleasing and healthful exercise ever presented to the public.

THE ONLY PLACE

—FOR THE—

GENUINE ARTICLE,

—IS—

31 Fifth Street,

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

mar13

FRESH ROLL AND PRINT BUTTER, TO ARRIVE ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, AND FOR SALE AT RETAIL PR'CES.

D. B. FERGUSON'S,

mar13 Corner of High and Wylie streets.

Valuable Property for sale.

WILL BE OFFERED FOR SALE AT Public Auction on the premises, on Tuesday, the 9th day of April next at the hour of 5 o'clock, P. M. that very desirable lot of ground having a front on St. Clair street, of forty-two feet and eight inches, and extending back of equal width along an open alley. Terms of sale—one-fourth cash, and on the balance in three equal annual payments, with interest.

JOHN IRWIN, President.

Mar13:w1w Allegheny Suspension Bridge Co.

SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS!—For sale a two story brick Dwelling House of four rooms, with lot, 20 feet front on Veto street, Allegheny, by 100 feet deep, situate near the Orphans' Asylum, Allegheny City. Price $700. Terms—$200 in hand, balance 1 and 2 years.

S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

mar13

$300 IN HAND AND ONE HUNdred dollars a year for nine years, will pay for a good dwelling House and lot on the Corner of Margaretta Alley, Allegheny City. The house contains a hall, five rooms and cellar. Price $1,200. Terms as above.

S. CUTHBERT & SON,

Real Estate Agents, 51 Market street.

mar13

IN DEMAND AND MUCH WANTED.—Small Houses for good tenants. Persons having such for rent can soon find occupants by applying at the office of S. CUTHBERT & SON,

mar13 51 Market street.

SUNDRIES.—

[illegible] Brandy;
[illegible] Port & Cora do;
[illegible] Brandy do;
[illegible] Champagne do;
[illegible] Pale Sherry Wine;
[illegible] Harmony Sherry Wine;
[illegible] Bull, Madeira & Co's Sherry Wine; for sale by the dozen or bottle.

WM. BENNET,

mar13:3t 121 Wood street.

OIL LEASES, printed forms, for sale by

mar13 J. R. WELDIN, 61 Wood street, near Fourth.

OIL LEASES, (printed forms,) for sale by

(mar13) J. R. WELDIN.

POTATOES.—150 sacks choice Neshannock Potatoes, just rec'd and for sale by

JAS. A. FETZER,

mar13 corner Market and First streets.

FOR SALE—THE WELL KNOWN Keg and Barrel Manufactory, situate in Pittsburgh, adjoining the City Limits, on the Bank of the Allegheny River. There is a saw Mill and all the machinery for manufacturing Nail Kegs, Flour Barrels and Boxes, and with but little expense in additional machinery will make Oil Barrels at cheaper rates than can be made elsewhere. For further particulars apply to

L. WILMARTH, Agent.

Mar12:w Pittsburgh City Mills, 5th Ward.

R. R. BULGER,

MANUFACTURER OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

FURNITURE

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture, Constantly on hand which we will sell at the lowest prices for CASH.

mr28:1y

Hyatt's Patent Illuminating Tiles

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF HYATT'S CELEBRATED ILLUMINATING TILES,

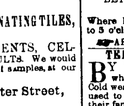
FOR LIGHTING BASEMENTS, CELLARS, AREAS, AND COAL VAULTS. We would respectfully solicit an examination of samples at our

Warehouse, No. 150 Water Street,

ANDERSON & PHILLIPS, Agents for BROWN BROTHERS, manufacturers, Chicago, Illinois.

mar6

Regular Missouri River Passenger Packet.



FOR Lexington, Liberty, Independence, Kansas, Leavenworth, Weston, St. Joseph, and all intermediate landings, the steamer J. W. HAILMAN, Captain W. W. Martin, will leave on Tuesday, the 26th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to

mar6 BLACK, BARNES & CO., Agents.

GLASGOW'S

AMBROTYE GALLERY,

—IN—

LAFAYETTE HALL,

FOURTH STREET ENTRANCE.

HAVING RE ARRANGED MY GALLERY, and fitted it up in the most modern style, I am prepared to take Ambrotypes of all sizes and of the finest quality. Intending to devote my whole attention to this class of pictures, I feel warranted in guaranteeing satisfaction to my patrons. Prices moderate.

C. GLASGOW,

fe7:1ye No. 84 Fourth street, Pittsburgh

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

THOMAS RATTIGAN, European Agent, No. 116 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is prepared to bring out or send back passengers from or to any part of the old country, either by steam or sailing packets.

SIGHT DRAFTS FOR SALE, payable in any part of Europe.

Agent for the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad. Also, Agent for the old Black Star Line of Sailing Packets, and for the lines of Steamers sailing between New York, Liverpool, Glasgow and Galway. fe11

MR. AND MRS. TETEDOUX, SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, 148 THIRD STREET.

THE SECOND TERM will commence on Wednesday, February the 13th.

FRENCH AND LATIN taught without extra charge.

fe12

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,

AT

REDUCED PRICES.

JAMES W. WOODWELL,

Nos. 97 and 99 Third Street,

AND

111 FOURTH STREET,

CONSISTING OF

ALL VARIETIES OF STYLES AND FINISH,

SUITABLE FOR

Hotels and Private Dwellings.

☞ All orders promptly attended to, and the Furniture carefully packed and boxed. Steamboats and Hotels furnished at short notice. Cabinet Makers supplied with every article in the line. mar6

WHARTON'S CRIMINAL LAW—New and revised edition, 2 vols., just published by KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

TESTIMONIAL.

I have witnessed Dr. Von Moschzisker's operation on a member of my family, and have also experienced on my own account the benefit of his wonderful skill as an Aurist, that I have no hesitation in stating that the Dr. is perfectly capable to restore the blessing of hearing to those that have been long deprived of it.

JOSEPH PEARSON, Belliont st., Lawrenceville

Pittsburgh, March 8th, 1861.

DEAFNESS.

EYE AND EAR.

Dr. Von Moschzisker

OCULIST AND AURIST.

FROM CLINTON PLACE NEW YORK,

FOR A LIMITED TIME IN PITTSBURGH, can be consulted on Deafness and all DISEASES of the EYE AND EAR requiring Medical or Surgical treatment.

MORE NEW TESTIMONIALS,

From the high testimonials given in favor of Dr. Von Moschzisker's Treatment in cases of Deafness, I was induced to place my son, who was thus afflicted, under his care, and though only a short time since I have done so, I am happy to state that I feel perfectly satisfied with the benefit my son derived, and consequently have much pleasure in strongly recommending all afflicted with Deafness to benefit by Dr. Von Moschzisker's visit to our city.

THOMAS MOORE,

Pittsburgh, March 1st, 1861. First Street.

The great benefit I derived from Dr. Von Moschzisker's skillful and successful treatment of my Eyes warrant me to recommend him strongly to all afflicted with maladies of the Eye.

WM BRINER,

Pittsburgh, Feb 18, 1861. Venango County, Penna.

AGAIN.

My son, a boy 13 years of age, became Deaf after an attack of SCARLET FEVER. Dr. von Moschzisker restored him to his hearing.

H. LANGRAMP, Cooper,

North-east cor of Diamond and Market streets.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 6, 1861.

NOTICE.

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER

Begs to give notice to those who require his Professional services for any disease of

EYE OR EAR,

THAT AFTER THE

FIRST OF APRIL NEXT,

he will not undertake any case where a lengthened treatment will be required.

ALL THOSE

who have called and promised to renew their visit, are politely requested, (for their own interest) to do so

WITHOUT DELAY.

Dr. Von Moschzisker

takes this opportunity of stating that the success he has met with in THIS CITY, in some obstinate cases of

DEAFNESS,

as well as the cures he performed on some who were almost totally blind, ought to be sufficient assurance to those suffering from maladies of the Eye and Ear, that they may place themselves under his care with the most implicit confidence in his capability to carry out everything that

Opthalmic and Aural Science

CAN DO TO RESTORE

HEARING TO THE DEAF

—AND—

SIGHT TO THE BLIND.

OFFICE,

No. 155 THIRD STREET,

BETWEEN SMITHFIELD AND GRANT STS.,

Where he may be CONSULTED DAILY, from 9 A. M to 5 o'clock P. M.

☞ ARTIFICIAL EYES INSERTED. mar9

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN BY THE USE OF AN APPARATUS whereby no drags or galvanic battery are used. Cold weather is the time when the apparatus can be used to its first advantage. Medical gentlemen and their families have their teeth extracted by my process, and are ready to testify as to the safety and painlessness of the operation, whatever has been said by persons interested in asserting the contrary having no knowledge of my process.

☞ ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in every style.

E. OUDRY, Dentist,

no14:1ydis 134 Smithfield street.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

DRESS TRIMMINGS, DRESS BUTTONS, DRESS TASSELS.

BONNET RIBBONS. BONNET RUCHES. FRENCH FLOWERS.

JACONET COLLARS, SWISS COLLARS, POINT LACE COLLARS.

CHEMIZETTES & PLEEVES. POINT LACE SETS, JACONETT & SWISS SETTS

JACONETT & SWISS EDGING. THREAD LACE & EDGING, VALENCIAN EDGING.

HEAD DRESSES, GILT HAIR NETS. CHENILLE HAIR NETS,

A full assortment of Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Ladies' Hosiery, Gloves and Gauntlets.

Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., &c., to which we invite the attention of all.

Our stock being so extensive and varied as to warrant us in saying, we can please all that will favor us with a call.

CHARLES GIPNERS,

78 Market Street.

mar13

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

No. 107 Market Street,

BETWEEN FIFTH AND LIBERTY STREETS.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS NOW OPENING a new and large stock of

PAPER HANGINGS,

Embracing a complete assortment for Dwellings, Stores, Offices, Halls, Churches, &c., to which he would respectfully invite the attention of the Public, having an entire new stock of goods recently purchased and now arriving. Those in want of new goods will find them by looking through our assortment.

mar4:1yd JOS. H. HUGHES.

To Oil Men.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO the Manufacturing of Boring Tools for Oil Wells. All tools warranted to be of the best Material and Workmanship.

W. W. YOUNG,

(Successor to Cartwright & Young.)

No. 97 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley.

mr4

LUBRICATING OIL.—32 Barrels for sale by

Mar13 HENRY H. COLLINS

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.
TREASURER.....A. E. LARE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $5.00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1.00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Grand "Fosterian" Revival.

This Wednesday evening, first night of the grand Dramatic romance,

THE THREE GUARDSMEN,

With all the original music, choruses, combonts, dances, Tableaux, &c., &c. The play has been in active preparation and rehearsal for some time past, and will be produced this evening in excellent style by the Star Company.

To conclude with, he

OBJECT OF INTEREST.

Fanny.....Mrs Henderson.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Allegheny County. No. 124, March Term, 1861. In the matter of the voluntary assignment of Benjamin Page, Jr. And now: SATURDAY, Feb. 23d, 1861, the first account current of W. G. Hoghart and H. Burgwin, Assignees, having been exhibited in Court, the Court do order that the Prothonotary give notice thereof in the *Daily Post* and *Legal Journal* newspapers of the City of Pittsburgh, for the period of three weeks, and that the said account will be allowed by the Court, on Saturday, March 23, 1861, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

Attest: D. ARMSTRONG,

fe23:3w:d Prothonotary.

LATE PUBLICATIONS.—

Motley's History of the Netherlands, 2 vols.
Partons Life of Jackson: 3 vols;
Hallam's History of the Middle Ages, 2 vols;
Personal History of Lord Bacon; by Hepworth Dixon.
Lord Bacons Works: New Riverside Edition;
The Wit and Beaux of Society, by Grace and Philip Wharton;
The American Almanac for 1861;
Life in the Old World, by Fredericka Bremer;
Burton's Central Africa;
Recreations of a Country Parson;
Hymns for Mothers and Children;
Tennyson's Poems: Blue and Gold, complete 2 vols;
Studies From Life: by Miss Muloch;
Tom Brown at Oxford, pt. 1;
Macaulay's Later Essays and Poems;
Lowe's Studies in Animal Life; for sale by

mar6 KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

Glad News for the Unfortunate!

THE LONG SOUGHT FOR

DISCOVERED AT LAST.

CURES FROM ONE TO THREE DAYS

CHEROKEE REMEDY,

An unfailing Specific for all Diseases of the Urinary organs, and a General Alterative and Blood Purifier.

☞ THIS "REMEDY" CURES WHEN ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS FAIL. ☜

☞ It is entirely unlike every other medicine prescribed for *Venereal Diseases*, as it contains no *Mineral Poison* or *Noxious Drugs*, being prepared from *Roots, Barks and Leaves*, in the form of a *pleasant and delicious Syrup.*

☞ It is "nature's own remedy," for **Gonnorrhœa, (Clap,) Gleet, Gravel, Stricture,** *and is especially recommended for* **Fluor Albus,** (Whites in Females,) for this complaint it is invaluable.

☞ As a general *Alterative* and *blood purifier*, it has no equal