The Pittsburgh Post.

VOLUME XIX. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 12, 1861. NUMBER 129

The Pittsburgh Post,

Prints and Published Every Morning, (Sundays excepted,

BY JAMES P. BARR,

AT THE NORTH-WEST CORNER OF FIFTH AND WOOD STREETS

Terms: Five Dollars a year, payable strictly in advance. Six dollars invariably required if not paid within the year.

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FOR 1861.

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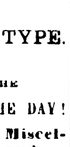

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Executor's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED EXECUTOR OF the Estate of JONAH TODD, late of Findley town, Allegheny County, dec'd, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to the undersigned, at the late residence of the dec'd, on MONDAY, the 11th day of March next, ensuing.

JAMES POLLOCK, Executor.

January 22, 1861. ja24:1d&6 wF

A $500 PIANO FOR $350.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS HAD LEFT with him, for sale, by a family about to leave the city, one of CHICKERING & SONS 7 octave Rosewood Carved Pianos—cost originally $500. This Piano has been in use less than one year, and has had the best possible care taken of it, is in perfect order both in mechanism and finishing, *in fact is as good as new.* As it must be disposed of at once, it is offered at the GREAT REDUCTION OF $150 FROM FIRST COST.

JOHN H. MELLOR,

de22 No. 81 Wood Street

NOW READY.—

2D VOLUME GRANTS' CASES,

Reports of cases argued in the

SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

For sale by J. R. WELDIN,

fe4 36 Wood street near Fourth.

CINCINNATI CATAWABA WINE,

—AND—

J. N. STRAUB'S LAGER BEER,

Pure and good, particularly for family use, can always be had at the Wine and Lager Beer Saloon of

ja23:2nd J. ROTH, No. 28 Diamond.

BULK MEAT.—50 lbs Shoulders, Sides, and Hams, just rec'd and for sale by

JAS. A. FETZER,

fe11 cor. Market and First

The Daily Post.

JAMES P. BARR,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—Daily, Five Dollars per year, strictly in advance. Weekly, single subscriptions Two Dollars per year; in Clubs of five, One Dollar.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Arbitration Committee of the Board of Trade

For January and February.

JOSEPH DILWORTH, V. P. JAMES PARK, JR

J. J. GILLESPIE, C. B. PAULSON,

JOSHUA RHODES.

TO LETS for SALE at this office.

Firemen's Association.

The regular quarterly meeting of this Association was held last evening, the President, Mr. Stewert, in the Chair.

The report of the Committee on Conference and Inspection was presented by the chairman, B. C. Sawyer, Jr., and read. We make an abstract

Eagle—House in good repair and excellent order; engine a No. 1 steamer, in fine serviceable condition; tender in like good order; 130 sections of hose in use; company (50 members in active service) harmonious and very efficient

Allegheny—House in good repair; hand engine, been in service 27 years; recommendation that she be condemned and replaced by a steamer; hose carriage new and "a beauty." 20 sections hose in use; company (45 active members) one of the most useful and active in the Association.

Neptune—House in good order; hose carriage new and good. 23 sections hose in use; company in good order; engine soft; carriage very good. 50 sections hose in use; company (50 active members) active and efficient.

Niagara—House in good repair engine a No. 1 steamer, in good serviceable condition; carriage condemned; 20 sections hose in use company (50 active members) very active and efficient

Hillgard—House in process of needed repairs; beautiful hand engine in fine order soon to be replaced by a first-class steamer, already contracted for. The Committee heartily approve the change, and hope the Councils will enable others to do likewise. Carriage need painting—all right in other respects; 30 sections hose in use, company (— active members) pay prompt and efficient—a credit to the Association and city.

Good Intent—House in very bad repair; engine in good serviceable condition; carriage in good order—one of the best in the city. 23 sections hose in use company (34 active members) strong and efficient immediate repair of house urged

Independent—House in good repair hand engine—recommend it to be replaced by a steamer: two carriages, one very fine and in excellent order, 20 sections hose in use; company (40 active members) active and efficient.

Relief—House in very bad repair; hand engine—been in service 22 years—only fit to rest and recommend it be replaced by a steamer; hose carriage new, light and substantial; may her bells ring for many a year, cheering the sense of the terror stricken and distressed as the harbinger of R I ef. 20 sections hose in use; company (130 active members) strong and effective

The committee recommend that the association ask councils to pass an ordinance directing the employment of a competent engineer for each steamer.

On motion of John H. Haro, the report was accepted.

The clause relative to the necessity of employing a competent engineer for each steam engine gave rise to a considerable discussion. Mr. Sawyer, Mr. Leonard, and Mr Gregg opposing it, and Mr. Stewart and others favoring it. After some debate the following substitute was adopted.

Resolved, That this Association request each and every company running a steamer to elect or appoint competent persons to serve as engineers.

The report, thus amended, was then adopted

The credentials of James W. Vick, from the Duquesne, vice John Leyburn, resigned, were presented, and the delegate was admitted to a seat in the Association.

Mr. Gregg, from the committee to secure contributions from insurance companies, reported the following amounts ($375 in all received for the year 1860: Allegheny, $40; Citizens, $50; Delaware, $20; Western, $100; Pennsylvania, $40; Monongahela, $50; North America, $50; R. C. Loomis, agent, $25

The Chief Engineer presented his report for the quarter. The aggregates were as follow: Fires, 25; false alarms, 15; loss, $26,500; insurance, $13,715.

Mr Sawyer proposed that all the companies should contribute their bills for the purpose of procuring a large bell to be placed in a central position, so that the locality of fires may always be indicated. The proposition was, after some discussion, referred back to the respective companies for their action.

The resignation of John H Walker as second assistant engineer was read and accepted, and Mr. Thomas F. Wilson of the Duquesne, was elected in his stead, receiving 12 votes, while John Smith had 1.

Some routine business was transacted and warrants ordered to be drawn for bills.

Messrs. Stewart and Gregg were (in pursuance of a resolution) appointed a committee to ask Allegheny Councils to contribute $900 to the Pittsburgh Firemen's Association, to be divided equally among the companies

On motion of Mr. Sawyer it was resolved that the Association request the City Councils to appropriate the amount necessary for the purchase of a steam fire engine, to be at the disposal of the Association.

Mr. Tibby, offered the following, which was accepted, and referred to the companies for consideration:

WHEREAS, According to the present constitution of this body the Association becomes totally dissolved or otherwise void at the expiration of each year no member holding over for the continuance of the business of the Association; therefore

Resolved, That the different companies composing the Association, be requested to call meetings at an early day for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of altering or amending article 24, of the Constitution, so as to empower the delegates hereafter to draw for the respective terms of one, two and three years.

A communication was read from the Assistant City Controller, suggesting that the association take part in the reception of the President elect, accepted and the Secretary requested to notify the assistant Controller that the association deem it inexpedient to take part in the demonstration.

Adjourned.

To Poetical Correspondents.

L. M. K., Rochester.—"The Broken Spell" is received and will shortly appear.

Non Est Inventus.—"Secession" is at hand, but is not very original, and when the original is deprived from poetry and sent it will be both bad.

E. Rose W.—"Democracy" is pretty good verse, and but for two or three objectionable stanzas, which would only irritate the wound, we would give it a place. As the omission of these would destroy the whole, we cannot publish it.

H. G., Dayton, Armstrong Co., Pa.—Your sensation is sadly misnamed "Poetry," and is moreover libelous. We would not like to assume the responsibility of publishing more than the last verse, which we give below, adding we have enough of the kind; the *stuff* being quite sufficient:

"If you like my composual
I can give you enough;
I live handy By you
And gives you this for a snuff."

STOLEN GOODS.—Certain parties are under arrest at the Mayor's office, in whose possession a lot of groceries, supposed to be stolen, by officers Lowe and Gumbert. Among these are a box of candles, one of ground pepper in papers and one of Diamond twist tobacco, which have not been identified. Any one having lost any such articles will do well to call and examine these

ACCIDENTS.—On Saturday evening, Mr. D. A. Pressly, of Allegheny, was seriously injured, at the residence of his father, Rev. John T. Pressly, D. D. He had gone into the stable for the purpose of feeding the horse, and while shoving hay from the mow missed his footing and fell head foremost to the floor. He was soon after discovered by a member of the family, in an insensible state. His head had struck the floor first, and his injuries were so serious that his life was for a time despaired of. He was placed under the care of a physician, and on Sunday evening he had recovered so as to be able to converse. His recovery is still a matter of doubt

On Sunday evening, a steamboatman named Shouse, of Shoustown, was driving through the city in a buggy, in company with Walter R Bateman. The horse frightened on Wood street, opposite M'Cord's hat store, and ran down to the corner of Fourth, where the vehicle came in contact with a post in front of Albree's shoe store. Mr. Bateman escaped with a few slight bruises, by jumping from the buggy. Mr. Shouse was thrown headlong upon the street, the fall tearing the scalp from the forehead over the right eye, the bone showing plainly through the wound. He also received a cut on the head, but as the skull was not fractured his injuries are not of a dangerous character. He was taken to the office of Dr. Murdoch, who dressed his wounds, after which he was able to proceed to the home of a friend.

PROPOSED ACTION FOR FALSE ARREST.—We noticed the arrest on Sunday of two German Jew pedlars, Lewis Sommerfield and A. D. Ansell, on suspicion of having been implicated in the Frank burglary, and their discharge by Mayor Wilson. Subsequently, on returning to their hotel, they got into a difficulty with Burkhart, the proprietor, who had them arrested for assault and battery. The Mayor held them to bail, and on Monday the suits were withdrawn, as also an order for assault and battery made by Ansell against Burkhart. Summerfield and Ansell then left for Washington, Pa., where they have a store. They will return on Saturday, when they say they are determined to prosecute officers Hogue and Dougherty for damages sustained in the arrest, which they assert was made before information was made, or a warrant issued. They have employed Thomas Howard, Esq., as counsel.

Burned to Death in Galloway's Castle.

We noticed in our last issue the fact that a crippled cripple named George Jones, who had received intimation of the doom of Galloway's Castle, on the night of its destruction by fire, in company with a companion named Somemore, was missing, and it was feared that he had perished in the flames, no one having seen him leave the building. On Monday morning a party of men began a search among the ruins, and about eleven o'clock they found the body buried among the rubbish. Its presented a shocking sight, being burned to a crisp and the arms and legs entirely wanting. Jones **was a widower**, about fifty years old, and leaves one child. He was much addicted to intemperance and had been dissipating on the night preceding the fire. Coroner Bostwick held an inquest upon the remains and found a verdict in accordance with the facts

MORE CONTRIBUTIONS FOR KANSAS.—The Mayor yesterday received the following contributions for the Kansas fund in addition to those already reported:

Citizens of Elizabeth and vicinity	$41 50
J. P. Fox, do	5 00
Cash	5 00
M. W. Benner	5 00
W. & J. McDonnell, Birmingham borough	10 00
Roberts & Clark	5 00
Employees at Lippincott's Glass Factory	5 00
Cash	2 00
Principal M'Kee's Barrel Factory	20 00
Total	$100 50

GREAT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Please remember that the great sale of the residue of the real estate of H. H. Ryan, deceased, will take place at the Court House to morrow, Feb 13th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. This property consists of the excellent Spring Hill property, with its elegant two story brick mansion, well furnished with grapes and other choice fruits, and Ferry street property, which pays, clear of all expenses, $330 a year rent. By all means attend the sale. The terms are very easy, viz: one-third cash and the balance in one or two years, with interest.

THE LATE VISIT OF THE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.—The Chicago Board of Trade, at its late meeting, passed resolutions returning their warmest thanks to the Board of Trade of the city of Pittsburgh for their cordial reception and kind attentions in showing the excursionists their varied and extensive manufacturing establishments, and recommending our city to the merchants of the South-west, as in every way worthy of their patronage.

ANOTHER BURGLARY.—On Sunday night the office of Drs Stebbins & Munson, No. 108, Penn street, was entered by a burglar, and robbed of a number of articles. The thief gained access to the hall by using a key in the night latch, after which he took the key of the office door from a nail and entered the office. A gold plate containing eight or ten teeth; a gold pen, with ebony case; a fragment of gold, and a small lump of silver were stolen, after which the thief decamped.

CORNER LOAFERS.—Three men were arrested in the market house, Allegheny, on Sunday as common loafers. Mayor Drum imposed fines upon each of them, which they paid and were discharged. A young man was also taken in the evening, from the corner of Robinson and Federal streets, on a similar charge, but dismissed. Mayor Drum is determined to break up corner loafing, and in doing so he will receive the hearty thanks of the community.

TO THE CHARITABLE.—George Gridin, of this city having lost his eye, and having nothing wherewith to sustain himself and family, hopes the public will aid him in getting an artificial leg, so that he can work at his trade, and thereby sustain his family. Will not the benevolent help this worthy man? Donations may be left at the Mayor's office.

RECOVERED.—The horse and wagon belonging to Frederick Trax, butcher, of Reserve township, and alleged to have been stolen by Philip Steinmiller, was recovered on Sunday, in a butcher yard in Snyder's hollow, upon a search warrant issued by Mayor Drum. The property had been sold by Steinmiller.

MURDER TRIAL.—The case of Ira Shotwell, the accomplice of Logue, in the Clarion murder, was taken up in the Criminal Court of that county last week. The trial was expected to continue throughout the week, and was exciting a large amount of interest.

☞ We take occasion to inform the *Chronicle* and *Journal* that the Democratic County Convention comes off on Monday next, not on the 10th inst. The Democracy never hold conventions on Sunday, as Republicans sometimes do caucuses.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Samuel West, a brakeman on a freight train between Altoona and Conemaugh, was run over by a locomotive at the latter place, on Wednesday evening or Thursday morning, and was instantly killed.

FURIOUS RIDING.—Two Germans, who had hired horses of Andrew Jackman to go to Noblestown were fined $2 and costs each, by Mayor Drum. for riding furiously through Allegheny city, contrary to ordonance.

FELL ON THE ICE.—On Saturday evening, Capt. James Herriott, tipstave in the District Court, fell upon the ice on Seventh street, dislocating his shoulder bone.

FINALLY COMMITTED.—James C. Trimble, confined for larceny on oath of his uncle, was finally committed for trial yesterday.

NOT IN SESSION.—The District Court was not in session yesterday. The trial list will probably be taken up again to-morrow, commencing with the Munn & Barton case.

CAVE BAIL.—Thos. Oliver, whom we noticed yesterday as having been committed for selling liquor on Sunday, was released on giving bail to answer at Court.

THE RECEPTION OF THE PRESIDENT ELECT.—As the President elect is to stop for a time in our city, on Thursday, on his way to Washington City, arrangements are being made to give him a proper reception. A special meeting of councils has been called for 7 o'clock this evening, to consider the propriety of acting in a body as a reception committee, which they will doubtless do. The following call for a meeting of citizens, irrespective of party, was circulated and signed yesterday, and the meeting will act so as not to interfere with the action of councils:

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 11th, 1861.

To the Hon. George Wilson, Mayor:

DEAR SIR: You are respectfully requested to call a public meeting of the citizens to make suitable arrangements for the reception of the Hon. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President elect, on his arrival in this city, on Thursday next

Most respectfully,

Jas S Negley,	P. Eichbaum,
Curling, Robertson & Co,	Samuel Allinder,
H A Fahnestock & Co,	A Bradley,
Wm J Howard,	M W Watson,
W D Barbour,	Jos Woodwell & Co
W B Hubbard,	A & J H Sawyer
S B A C P Mackie,	Hamsa, Hart & Co,
Jos S Mc'ord & Co,	McElvaine & Alper,
Semple and Johnston,	R E Sellers,
Whitmore Weed, Dalt & Co,	J W Bayley,
Logan & Bro,	Samuel Palmer-Stock,
Wm Robinson jr,	Samuel Marrs,
David Sims,	Cartwright & Young,
Robert Cowgan,	W A D Bernhart,
John W Riddell,	Mitchell & Co,
Wm McCutcheon & Bro,	Peacock, Hart & Co,
Thos Shaw,	R Hogsheads,
Semple Bros,	John A Renshaw,
J. Patterson,	Lambert & Shipton,
John Rodgers,	Jos M Elliott
	James Park, jr

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Feb. 11, 1861.

In compliance with the above request, the citizens of Pittsburgh will assemble at the Board of Trade Rooms in said city, to-day, the 12th inst., at 3 o'clock, A. M.

GEORGE WILSON, Mayor.

The Republican County Executive Committee also hold a meeting this morning, the Campaign Club. The military companies have been or will be invited to participate in the reception.

A procession of carriages is being put in readiness for the occasion, and the Division Brigade and regimental officers will also be ordered out.

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation and ticket to the military and civic banquet in honor of Washington's birth-day, to take place at City Hall on the evening of the 22d inst. The banquet promises to be a fine affair, and the names of a number of our best citizens and military men, which appear among the list of managers, give evidence that nothing will be left undone to make it a success in every way

TAKEN TO JAIL.—On Monday morning the lunatic had not a single occupant—a most unusual occurrence. The Mayor thinks of letting out the cells to poor families for lodgings at 25 cents per day

☞ The first of the season. Burchfield & Co. have received their first supply of spring goods. Call and see them.

MR. HARVEY VANSCOYOCK, proprietor of Oakland Park, of some celebrity as a horse jockey, challenges Prof. Harvey, through the *Gazette*, to a trial of skill, believing he has the best system.

SURETY OF THE PEACE.—Alderman McCune yesterday lodged a commitment against Wm. B Linedecker, who has now been in jail for some time, for surety of the peace, on oath of his wife Marian

ARRESTED.—Wm. Weaver, charged with poisoning his wife, in Perry county, some days ago, and who fled immediately after the woman's death, was arrested near Christiana, one day last week, and is now in jail.

THE Constitution of the United States has been printed in a neat and cheap form and is for sale by Hunt & Miner at their great Periodical Depot, Fifth street.

DR. STEBBINS & MUNSON, dentists, have formed a partnership and opened an office at 105 Fifth street, one and door below the Cathedral. See their card

DENTISTRY.—Dr C. Sill, No 205 Penn street, attends to all branches of the Dental profession.

SAPONIFIER!

Important to Families!

Save Time, Trouble, and Expense.

THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET FOR MAKING

SOFT SOAP!

One pound equal to Six pounds

POTASH!!

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Penn'a. Salt Manufact'g. Co,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

And by all Druggists & Grocers in the United States.

JOSEPH MEYER..... ANTHONY MEYER.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

No. 444 Penn Street, above the Canal,

Have on hand a large assortment of Fancy and Plain Furniture, in Walnut and Mahogany of their own manufacture, and warranted equal in quality and style to any manufactured in the city, and will sell at reasonable prices. fe20:6m

W. S. HAVEN,

STATIONER, JOB PRINTER,

—AND—

BOOK BINDER,

Blank Books for Railroads, Steamboats or Commercial Houses, ruled to any order and gotten up in the best style.

ALL KINDS OF PLAIN

—AND—

FANCY PRINTING

DONE TO ORDER.

DR. C. BAELZ,

WATERCURE AND HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

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RAINHOW'S CELEBRATED TRUSS

FOR

RUPTURES.

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P. REYMER..... J. S. REYMER..... H. D. REYMER

(Late at Miller & Bickerton's.)

REYMER & BROTHERS.

(Successor to REYMER & ANDERSON)

Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN FRUITS,

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, SUGARS, FIRE WORKS, &c.

No. 39 Wood st., and No. 113 Second street,

Opposite St Charles Hotel.

ja29 PITTSBURGH

RAISINS.—

100 boxes Sugar Raisins,
100 do Bunch do
100 ½ do do do
100 ¼ do do do
50 do Valencia do

For sale by REYMER & BROTHERS,

No. 39 Wood street,

fe11 Opposite the St. Charles Hotel.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Congressional News.

Washington City Items

The Reception and Speeches of the President Elect.

&c., &c., &c., &c.,

WASHINGTON, Feb 11.—HOUSE.—Mr. Craig of North Carolina, offered the following:

WHEREAS, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida have seceded from the Confederacy of the United States, and formed a Southern Confederacy, and whereas it is desirable that the most amicable relations should exist between them, and war avoided, the greatest calamity that can result, therefore

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the President be required to acknowledge the independence of the said Southern Confederacy as soon as official information of its establishment be received, and that we receive such Commissioners as may be appointed by that Government for an amicable adjustment of all matters in dispute.

Mr Craig asked that the resolution be put on its passage now, as all men desired that peace should be preserved.

Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, moved that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Patents. [Laughter.]

On motion of Mr. Craig it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. McClernand introduced a resolution, which was adopted, reciting that by the seizure of the mint and money and custom house by the revolutionary authorities of Louisiana the United States has been put at defiance, and that calling on the President, it is not incompatible with the public interests, to send the House all the facts in the case, and what steps, if any have been taken, or contemplated, to recover possession of said property.

Mr. Palmer, of N. Y., introduced a resolution, declaring that neither the Federal Government nor the people, nor the Government of the non slaveholding States have any purpose or Constitutional right to legislate upon or interfere with slavery in any State in the Union. The vote was called and after much confusion the resolution was passed—yeas 116—nays 4.

A reconsideration was carried and Mr. Sherman proposed the following resolution:

Resolved, That neither Congress nor the people, nor the Government of the slave-holding States have any Constitutional right to legislate upon or interfere with slavery in any of the slaveholding States of the Union passed—yeas 161—nays none.

Mr. Sickles offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the House whether there are any obstructions to the revenue laws in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana, and also what measures have been taken to secure revenue cutters and forts, and to recover those which have been seized, together with other property.

Mr. Burnett proposed an amendment, which was accepted, calling on the President to furnish the reasons which have induced him to bring a large number of troops to Washington, and why they are kept here, and whether he has any information showing a conspiracy to seize the Capitol and to prevent the inauguration of the President-elect.

The resolution was passed.

On motion of Mr. Curtis, of Iowa, under a suspension of rules, the Pacific Railroad bill, as returned from the Senate with amendments, was made the special order for to morrow and Wednesday.

Mr Grow, of Penn, indicated an amendment proposing to repeal that part giving certain donations and franchises to the Texas Railroad branch, in case Texas pass a secession ordinance, and adhere to it for six months.

The House acted on the Senate's amendment to the Deficiency and Diplomatic Appropriation bills, which again go back to the Senate for final action.

Mr. Stout, of Oregon, under a suspension of the rules, introduced a resolution making a bill for the payment of Oregon and Washington, was made the special order for this day week.

The resolution was passed, and the House adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Wade, of Ohio, presented four petitions, numerously signed by citizens of Philadelphia, asking Congress to stand firmly by the Union, the constitution and the enforcement of the laws.

Mr. Crittenden, of Ky., presented a large number of petitions from citizens of Massachusetts, Indiana, and Missouri, asking for some settlement of the difficulties of the country.

Mr. Bigler, of Pa., presented petitions asking Congress to submit the question of amendments to the constitution to the people, and also fifty petitions asking for the passage of the Crittenden resolutions.

Several amendments were added.

Mr Hale, of N. H., moved to strike out the several appropriations for the Pensacola Navy Yard. Carried.

Mr. Hale offered an amendment to repeal so much of the act of last year, as prevented the purchase of patented articles.

Mr. Pearce, of Md., proposed to amend so as to except fire arms. Agreed to, and the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Hale offered an amendment to build seven steam sloops of war.

Mr. Hunter, of Va., thought there was something a little strange about this. It looked like building such a class of vessels as could go into the ports of the States which had seceded, and he feared that there was something more than appeared on the face. He was opposed to anything that looked like coercion.

Mr. Gwines, of Ia., disclaimed all such intention, but advocated the amendment as necessary for the proper increase of the Navy.

After further discussion the amendment was agreed to, yeas, 30; nays 18. The bill was reported to the Senate, when the appropriation for sloops of war was again debated.

Mr. Nelson said he would oppose any measure looking to the coercion of the seceded States.

Mr. King, of N. Y., said he had heretofore voted against this measure, believing it to be unnecessary, but now that treason was abroad in the land, he would vote to put the country in a position to defend itself against domestic or foreign enemies. He would use all forbearance, and make every effort for conciliation, but would never admit the right to divide the country and peaceably break up the government. Cabinet officers and Senators had been interested, and there had been no doubt a foul plot to disrupt the government. Some Cabinet officers had been driven out in disgrace, and indicted for grand larceny. He would tell gentlemen that this treason must come to an end.

Mr. Greene, of Mo., expressed an intention to express his sentiments at another time. The Senate adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—A messenger arrived to-day from Pensacola to our government, who states that when the sloop of war Brooklyn arrived in sight of Fort Pickens, the State troops from Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana made arrangements to withdraw, and soon evacuated their quarters.

The Brooklyn landed provisions at Fort Pickens, and now lays of the Fort, at least did so when he left. The Wyandotte was, at last advices, coaling at the United States Pensacola Navy Yard.

Some seceding Senators allege that the South Carolina officials were very indignant at the manner their State was treated in the Southern Congress. W.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 11.—As far as heard from, all the Union candidates are elected by overwhelming majorities. The Convention party is defeated by a large majority. The vote in this city was, Union candidates, twenty-nine hundred and ninety: Secession, five hundred and fifty-five; Convention, twelve hundred and ninety: No Convention, fifteen hundred and seven.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 11.—The firing of thirty-four guns announced the approaching of the train bearing the President-elect and the party. The President was received and welcomed by Gov. Morton, and escorted to a carriage with four white horses. The procession formed a pageant seldom if ever witnessed here. It was composed of both houses of the Legislature, public officers, municipal authorities, military, and firemen. Great enthusiasm was manifested along the line of the march. The President stood in the carriage, acknowledging the welcome of the surrounding thousands. Reaching the Bates House, the procession halted.

Mr. Lincoln was escorted to the balcony. He said he came here to thank them for the support given him by Indiana to the true and just cause. Coercion and invasion are terms much used now. Let us not misunderstand their meaning, nor the meaning of those who use them.

Let us get their meaning from men who deprecate the things they would represent by their use what is the meaning of those words. Would marching an army into South Carolina, with hostile intent, be invasion? I think it would, and it would be coercion also if the South Carolinians be forced to submit; but if the United States should merely hold, and retake its own forts, collect duties, or withhold the mails where habitually violated, would any or all of these things be invasion or coercion? Do professional Union lovers, resolved to resist coercion, understand such things as these, on the part of the United States, to be coercion or invasion? If they do, their idea of preservation is exceedingly thin and airy. In their view the Union, as a family relation, would seem to be no regular marriage, but a sort of free love arrangement, to be maintained by personal attraction. In what consists the special sacredness of a State? I speak not of the position assigned to a State in the Union by the Constitution, for that by the bond, we still recognize that position, however, a State cannot carry out. If a State and country possess equal rights in a territory and it is inhibited to what, as a matter of principle, is a State better than a country? Would an exchange of names be an exchange of rights upon principle? By what rightful principle may a State, being not more than one-thirtieth part of the nation in soil and population, break up the nation, and then coerce a larger division of itself?

What mysterious right to play tyrants is conferred on a district of country with its people by merely calling it a State. Mr. Lincoln in conclusion, said he was not asserting anything but asking questions for them to consider and decide in their own minds what was right and what was wrong.

Gov. Morton being loudly called for, appeared and spoke in congratulatory tones to the multitude which was now immense.

In the evening at seven o'clock the members of the Legislature welcomed Mr. Lincoln, who was now holding a reception at the Bates House. The crowd swaying to and fro, forgot all etiquette. Each one seemed to outdo the elbow companion. Mr. Lincoln and suite leaves this city to-morrow at 10 o'clock for Cincinnati.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 11.—Mr. Lincoln left the hotel at 7.30 A. M., accompanied by a large concourse to the depot, where nearly 1000 citizens had already collected. After he had shaken hands with a number of friends, he took his stand on the platform of a car, and spoke as follows:

My friends, no one not in my position can appreciate the sadness I feel at this parting. To this people I owe all that I am. Here I have lived more than a quarter of a century; here my children were born, and here one of them lies buried. I know not how soon I shall see you again. A duty devolves upon me which is perhaps greater than that which has devolved upon any other man since the days of Washington. He never would have succeeded except for the aid of Divine Providence, upon whom he at all times relied. I feel that I cannot succeed without the same divine aid which sustained him, and in the same Almighty Being I place my reliance for support. I hope you, my friends, will all pray that I may receive the Divine assistance without which I cannot succeed, but with which success is certain. Again I bid you all an affectionate farewell. [Loud applause, and cries of we will pray for you.]

During the speech, Mr. Lincoln betrayed much emotion, and the crowd was affected to tears. The train left precisely at half-past eight. The following persons accompany Mr. Lincoln: J. G. Nicolay, private secretary of the President elect, John Hay, Robert T. Lincoln, Major Hunter, U. S. A., Col. Sumner, U. S. A., Col. E. Ellsworth, Hon. J. K. Dubois, State Auditor; Col. W. H. Lamon, Aid to Gov. Yates; Judge David Davis, Hon. O. H. Browning, E. L. Baker, editor of the Springfield Journal; Robert Irwin, N. B. Judd and George Latham. Mrs. Lincoln remains in Springfield until next week, and will meet Mr. Lincoln in New York.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Vice President Breckinridge says that the election of Hon. Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, to the Presidency of the Southern Confederacy is a hopeful sign in favor of a speedy reconstruction and settlement: that he positively and personally knows him not to be so ultra as he is generally supposed to be.

Thurlow Weed has arrived here, and will use all his influence for a settlement, although declining, as I telegraphed you on Saturday, to serve as one of the New York Commissioners in the Peace Convention.

Ex-President Tyler says that the greatest difficulty with Northern men in the Conference is that they steadfastly oppose any measure which adopts a proposition that recognizes the fact of property in slaves. Many, he says, are willing to agree to the admission of all property into territories which is recognized be local law, but object to the qualification of slave.

An immense influx of politicians and financiers arrived yesterday and to day from the North.

I understand that the Peace Conference will sit will sit with open doors after to-day.

CINCINNATTI, Feb. 11.—Messrs. Moody and Heffron met this morning near Newport, Ky., and while awaiting the arrival of the surgeon their friends interfered, and the challenge was withdrawn. The matter was amicably settled, when the parties on returning to Newport, were arrested by the Sheriff of Campbell co., Ky., at twelve o'clock last night.

A German named Anthony Killenstein, was stabbed to the heart by George Klingler, and instantly killed.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 10.—A dispatch from Savannah, received to-day by Gov. Pickens, states that the New York vessels seized by the Georgia authorities, were released on the announcement from New York, that the muskets seized at New York had been given in charge to Mr. Lamar.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—The convention has resolved, that under the present system it is impossible for a single State to establish postal arrangements, adequate to the wants of the people, and recognizes the Central Government at Washington to carry it, and the Southern Congress will hereafter be called upon to form permanent postal arrangements

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 11.—The Convention adopted a State flag. It consists of a red field with a single pale yellow star, with thirteen stripes, blue, white and red. The ordinance makes it a penal offence for pilots at Balize to bring over the bar any United States war vessels.

The convention passed an ordinance to accept the criminal law of the United States District Court.

The report of the postal committee was adopted.

The report of the committe on Federal Property was received and read.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 11.—This city gave between three and five hundred majority for the Union candidates over the Convention. Returns from west Tennessee indicate the election of Union candidates.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The Bank statement for the week ending on the 9th inst., exhibits a decrease in loans of $1,589,874; an increase of specie, $8,001,136; increase in circulation, $261,929; increase in deposits, $1,108,888.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb 11.—The ste