The Pittsburgh Post.

VOLUME XVII. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1859. NUMBER 313

The Daily Post.

JAMES P. BARR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—Daily, Five Dollars per year, strictly in advance. Weekly, Single subscriptions Two Dollars per year; in Clubs of five, One Dollar.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Departure and Arrival of Passenger Trains.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

(From corner of Liberty and Grant streets, Pittsburgh.)

Leave Pittsburgh.	Crestline.	Ft. Wayne
Express Train.....12.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.	1.01 P. M
Mail Train.....6.50 A. M.	.....	.....
Express Train.....12.50 P. M.	8.45 P. M.	2.30 A. M

Arrive at Chicago:		
Express.....6.47 P. M.	Express.....8.17 A. M	

Returning, arrive at Pittsburgh:		
Mail, 8.25 P. M.	Express, 3.30 P. M.	Express, 2.20 A. M

(From Federal Street Station, Allegheny.)

New Brighton Accommodation.. 9.30 A. M.		5.20 P. M
" "	6.05 A. M.	12.10 P. M

Pennsylvania Railroad.

(From corner of Liberty and Grant streets.)

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Express Train.....	9.05 P. M.	12.45 P. M.
Mail "	2.50 A. M.	11.50 P. M.
Fast Line.....	4.20 P. M.	12.20 A. M.
The Johnstown Way Passenger Train.....	6.00 A. M.	1.40 P. M.
Johnstown Accommodation.....	2.50 P. M.	11.30 A. M.
First Turtle Creek "	11.20 A. M.	6.50 A. M
Second " " "	4.50 P. M.	12.30 A. M
Third " " "	6.20 P. M.	6.15 P. M

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

(From Liberty and Grant streets.)

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Mail Train.....	7.00 A. M.	6.15 P. M
Express Train.....	4.50 P. M.	8.45 A. M

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

(From corner of Liberty and Grant streets.)

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Express Train.....	12.15 A. M.	2.40 A. M.
Mail Train.....	6.25 A. M.	4.00 P. M.
Fast Line.....	1.05 P. M.	8.50 P. M.
Wellsville Accommodation.....	5.00 P. M.	11.00 A. M.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad.

(From Liberty and Grant streets.)

	Leaves Pitts.	Columbus.	Arr. in Cin.
Fast Line	12.15 A. M.	8.00 A. M.	11.30 A. M
Express Train..	1.05 P. M.	1.30 A. M.	7.30 A. M

Sunday Carriages.—The Opinion of the Mayor.

Yesterday at two o'clock, was the hour appointed for the condition of the opinion of the Mayor in the Sunday carriage cases, at which time he gave the following decision:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, vs. Jacob Oesterlie.

The defendant was arrested on oath of officer James Reed, charged with performing worldly business or employment on Oct. 2, 1859, being the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, the same not being a work of necessity or charity. This proceeding is under the Act of 1794, which is in the following language, viz:

"If any person shall do or perform any worldly employment or business whatsoever on the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, works of necessity and charity only excepted, shall use or practice any unlawful game, hunting, shooting, sport or diversion whatsoever on the same day, and be convicted thereof, every such person so offending shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay four dollars, to be levied by distress; or in case he or she shall refuse or neglect to pay the said sum, or goods and chattels cannot be found, whereof to levy the same by distress, he or she shall suffer six days imprisonment, in the House of Correction of the proper county. *Provided always.* That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the dressing of victuals in private families, bake-houses, lodging-houses, inns, and other houses of entertainment, for the use of sojourners, travellers, or strangers, or to hinder watermen from landing their passengers, or ferrymen from carrying over the water travelers or persons removing with their families on the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, nor the delivery of milk or the necessaries of life, before nine o'clock in the forenoon, nor after five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day."

By a supplement to this Act, approved the 26th day of April, 1855, the penalty for a violation of the law was increased to $25 in this county.

From the evidence, it appears that the defendant, Jacob Oesterlie, was in the employ of Hon. Walter H. Lowrie, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, attending to the garden, work about the horses and driving the carriage to church, and that he drove the carriage of his employer to church on Sunday, Oct. 2, 1859. That after driving the carriage to church, he put the horses in a livery stable and had the privilege of going to church himself if he desired. It further appeared that he was employed and paid by the month. There is no dispute as to the facts: under these circumstances is the defendant guilty of a violation of the law?

I have given to this question the consideration its importance obviously demands, in order that I may conscientiously and understandingly discharge my duty as a magistrate in the premises. The Act of Assembly is clear and unambiguous in its terms, and forbids *all* worldly employment whatever, excepting those particular works of necessity or charity therein enumerated; within some of the exceptions mentioned in the Act, does the defendant fall? It appears from the testimony that the defendant was engaged in his usual worldly avocation of driving on the Sabbath day, for hire and reward, receiving his pay monthly for the same. In the case of Kepner vs. Keepfer, 6 Watts, Page 233, it is laid down by our Supreme Court, "That the words of our Act of Assembly, are sufficient to embrace any species of *worldly business* not therein *specially excepted*, whether it appertains to, or be in the exercise of a person's ordinary calling or not."

It is very manifest, therefore, that carriage driving is a forbidden business unless it fall within the scope and meaning of a work of "necessity or charity." It is impossible, as has been well said, to lay down any general rule as to what constitutes works of this kind. To construe *necessity* and *charity* to mean *convenience*, would be, in the language of Judge Woodward, to emasculate the statute, and sweep away the guards which the Legislature threw around the public morals. In the present case the driving of a carriage does not appear to have been anything more than a mere convenience, to enable its occupants or owners, resident a short distance from the city, to reach a church equally accessible by other and more primitive means, which as far as the driver and animals are concerned, who were thus made to "do work on the Sabbath day," involved a violation of the *express* command of the Decalogue:

Religious rest and the public worship of Almighty God, are the objects for which the Sabbath has been instituted, and its holy observance is a duty enjoined on all, rich and poor, high and low, without distinction. It is true that Judge Woodward, in the case of Johnston vs. the Commonwealth, reported, uses the following language. "Hence, if an invalid, or a person immursed for six days within the close walls of a city, requires a ride into the country as a means of recuperation, which is the true idea of rest, there is nothing in the Act of 1794 to forbid the employment of a driver, horses and carriage, on Sunday, to accomplish it."

This might exemplify the "*idea of rest*" as far as the "*invalid*" himself was concerned, but it is respectfully submitted that it would not be viewed in that alluring light by the driver who drove the vehicle, or the horses who, after the labors of the week, were thus compelled to minister to the enjoyment of the pampered valetudinarian who rode within.

In the same case the Supreme Court decided that, "a contract of hiring by the month does not in general bind the hireling to work on Sunday; and if his work be such as the statute forbids, an express agreement to perform it will not protect him, for such a contract is void."

On the whole, therefore, I am of the opinion that the defendant, not being engaged in any work of necessity or charity, as mentioned in the Act, is answerable to the violated law, and that he must pay the penalty it exacts.

Judgment will therefore be entered against the defendant for the penalty of $25.

The case of the other defendant, James Nesmith, I dispense of in the same manner as referred to.

DISCHARGED.—The parties charged with the late riot at Bausman's coal pits, were before Alderman Lewis, yesterday afternoon for hearing. The persons who laid the information, having expressed a desire to relinquish the prosecution. They were all discharged on payment of the costs.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

Before Judges M'Clure, Maynard and Parke.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th.

At the assembling of Court this morning, Judge McClure charged the jury in the case of Robert Brooks, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, in stabbing his brother-in-law, John Kerr, while in bed in Allegheny. His honor made some general remarks on circumstantial evidence and defined the law governing the offence. The jury found a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to the mercy of the Court, and the prisoner was remanded for sentence.

The jury now proceeded to inquire into the sanity of John Howdenshield, who had threatened and abused his wife while laboring under insanity, which fact being shown he was consigned to the Hospital.

Jackson Linch was held in $100 to keep the peace toward his wife.

Commonwealth vs. Caspar Fink; indictment fornication and bastardy, on oath of Wilhelmina Heck, who had given birth to a child in August last, which died about a week since. The jury found the accused guilty, and he was sentenced to pay $50 for the expenses of the mother during her illness, and $20 for its support while it lived.

John W. Karns, a conducter on the Citizen's Passenger Railway, was indicted for assault and battery on John Mulhatton and John Campbell, both charges being tried together. The alleged offense was committed on the 29th of September, when, according to the testimony of the prosecuting witnesses, as they were loading a wagon on Penn street, the wagon standing in the track, Karns, with car No. 6, came along and requested them to leave the track, which they did not do at once, when defendant seized the horse and at the same time knocked Mulhatton down. When Campbell jumped off the wagon and went up to the horse's head, Karns also knocked him down.

For the defence passengers in the car testified that they heard the signal given to clear the track, and when the car stopped as Karns jump off to move a horse from the track. He asked plaintiffs, courteously, to remove their horse: when they refused, he seized the horse's head, at which time Campbell jumped from the wagon, and he and Mulhatton run toward Karns and pushed him backwards. Karns again seized the horse, when Mulhatton approached in fighting attitude and Karns knocked him down. Campbell came up, was struck at, but not hit. The bystanders encouraged plaintiffs to allow the horse to remain on the track, when Karns picked up a stick, removed the horse, and the car proceeded.

Judge M'Clure, in charging the jury, said that the plaintiffs were clearly wrong in obstructing the roadway, and that Karns acted properly in removing the horse and wagon. The road was built for public convenience and travel and as the cars could only travel on the track, and the wagons could go on any part of the street, it was proper the latter should vacate the track, and allow the cars to pass. If they could obstruct the track four minutes, they might obstruct it twenty four hours.

The evidence was given to the jury, and they returned a verdict of not guilty, in both cases, prosecutors and defendant each to pay half the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Mason, Jemima Mason and Mary Ann Slim; cross suits of assault and battery. The parties reside on Boyd's Hill, and had indulged in a general fight, the merits of which were given to the jury. On trial.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED.—Who what why, the performing monkeys and dogs. They will appear in their quiet, quaint and musical performance this evening, at the Pittsburgh Theatre. Those who have witnessed their performance, pronounce it the best "show" they ever have seen. All those who wish to pass a good evening's entertainment, and have a good hearty laugh, had better repair to the Theatre early, in order to secure good seats. Our lady and juvenile friends who cannot attend tonight, will remember that on Saturday afternoon a grand performance will be given for their especial benefit.

The Milwaukee *Sun-News*, of the 10th inst., is responsible for the following:

"All are 'satisfied,' and it is so recorded' that this show is a few degrees ahead of anything in the amusement line that has ever been in our city. They have given four exhibitions here, all of which have been crowded. Yesterday 'Young America' was out in its strength, and such a jubilant set of little folks were never seen together in these parts before. We are informed that the troupe goes from here to Madison, thence to Janesville and Racine.—Our brethren in these cities will have the kindness to note the fact, and also that it has been endorsed by the largest and most fashionable audiences ever assembled in Milwaukee. The performance is entirely unexceptionable."

A NEW MAN IN AN OLD PLACE.—For many years the drug store at the corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets has been a well known and popular stand, under the charge of Mr. L. Wilcox and J. Abel & Co. The latter has within a few days disposed of the stock and fixtures to Mr. Simon Johnston, late in the employ of B. A. Fahnestock & Co., who will hereafter conduct the business. The store is well located, is a neat establishment, and having been recently refitted, and has always had plenty of customers. By referring to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. Johnston has increased the variety of goods sold here so as to embrace all articles usually found in a drug store, whether legitimate to the trade or made so by custom. We know Mr. Johnston to be an able, and experienced business man, well calculated to keep the customers of this establishment, and to make new ones, and are satisfied that he will give satisfaction to the public in his new place of business.

THE Central Board of Education met on Tuesday evening, October 11th. Present, Messrs. Kelly, Miller, M'Auley, Negley, Oyers Sergeant, Varnum and President Singerly.

The resignation of Miss Amanda S. Biggs, assistant teacher of the High School, was read and accepted.

The Board then proceeded to an election to fill the vacancy, which resulted in the choice of Miss M. A. J. Dickson.

On motion of Mr. Sergeant, the Sixth Ward was alloted an additional teacher in the primary department, on and after the first of November.

Alexander M'Creery was elected collector of the Seventh Ward.

On motion adjourned.

DR. SCHENCK STILL HERE.—This gentleman, as has been previously announced, will be in the city until Friday evening, to examine and prescribe for patients afflicted with any disease of the lungs, bronchial or pulmonary organs. The Doctor has an extraordinary tact in pointing out the exact condition of the lungs by means of an instrument of his own invention, called "Respirometer," with which he is able to discover the slightest departure from a healthy or normal condition. His remedies are Pulmonic Syrup and Sea weed Tonic, with which he has cured hundreds of cases that were given up as hopeless. Dr. Schenck may be found at any time during the day or evening at Dr. Keyser's Drug store, 140 Wood street, where he has an office to examine patients. *

DISTRICT COURT.—In this Court the case of R. R. Duxburry vs. the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, was taken up, occupied the entire day, and was not concluded at adjournment on Wednesday. It is an action in trespass for damages, resulting from injuries received by plaintiff in falling through the tressel-work of defendants road in Allegheny.

SENTENCED.—George W. Hewitt, alias James Murray, who plead guilty last week, to stealing a horse from Robert Long, of Upper St. Clair township, was yesterday sentenced to one year and six months' imprisonment in the Penitentiary. The Court remarked that this light sentence was given, because the prisoner was in bad health, and by reason of his pleading guilty.

THE Western Pennsylvania Fair, held at Pittsburgh, September, 1859, awarded the 1st Premium, for best Business and Ornamental Writing, to the Iron City Commercial College. This is the third triumph at the Fairs of this City over other Colleges.—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

Court of Common Pleas.

Before Judges Maynard and Adams.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th, 1859.

Adair & Grant vs. James Conley to recover for roofing done by plaintiffs. Verdict for plaintiffs.

Benjamin Coursin vs. John Miller, action on covenant. On trial.

STABBING AFFAIR IN WASHINGTON COUNTY.—It was rumored in the city yesterday, that a son of Judge Hart, Associate Judge of Washington county, residing at West Brownesville, had been stabbed in the affray at Hopkins' hotel at that place. It seems that a pedlar whose name does not transpire, was misbehaving himself in the house, when a daughter of the landlord attempting to eject him, he kicked her, whereupon Mr. Hart, who was present, knocked the fellow down. He sprang up and drawing a large knife, inflicted a terrible wound in the abdomen, which it was feared would prove fatal. The pedlar was arrested and committed to jail to await the result of Mr. Hart's injuries.

VANDENHOFF'S READINGS—We are glad the Lecture Committee have given us an opportunity of enjoying the entertainments of Mr. V. His readings of "Hamlet" and "Merchant of Venice" establishes his claims to the highest honors of Melpomene: and who that has heard his rendering of the "Critic" or the great trial of "Bardell *versus* Pickorick" will deny his title to the honors of her laughing sister, Thalia.

His peculiar excellence is, that he is ready qualified by natural ability, cultivated taste, and delicacy of feeling, to get at the heart of the poet's inner self, and, with sympathetic enthusiasm, to interpret his inspiration to the ear, and the *soul*. Such a man cannot fail to delight and instruct. We look for a large audience at Lafayette Hall this evening.

SUNK.—The Wheeling *Times* of Tuesday says:—"The steamer Rosalie, Capt. J. Thornton Russell, sunk at the coal work a little below Bellaire last evening about six o'clock.—She struck a rock or snag, was immediately headed for shore, but sunk before reaching it. So far as we learn no one was injured, physically."

CRICKET MATCH.—On Wednesday next, the 19th inst., a cricket match will be played on the West Common, Allegheny, between the first eleven of the Grange club of Washington, Pa., and the first eleven of the Olympic club of this city. This is a return match, the Olympians having been badly beaten in the first contest.

DEAD.—We regret to learn that the accident at the soap factory of the Messrs. Sawyer has resulted fatally. William L. Boisol, who attempted to rescue a fellow-workman, and fell in himself, died on Tuesday from the effects of inhaling the gas in the still. He leaves a family.

MORE COUNTERFEITERS.—Two other parties, Andrew Myers and Katy Ann Larkins, of Newburgh, were arrested by Marshal Cable, of Steubenville, on Tuesday, for counterfeiting, making twelve arrests for this offence in a few days.

PROLIFIC.—Mr James McKnight, of Robinson township, Washington county, raised on his farm, this season, one stalk of buckwheat, on which were thirteen hundred and fifty six large and well-formed grains. The yield on his farm of this grain was immense.

THE superior household furniture, including a Chickering Piano, at No. 45 Third street, opposite Third Presbyterian church, will be sold this morning at 10 o'clock.

DEEDS, Bonds, Mortgages, Declarations, Promissory Notes, Drafts, and Stationery of all kinds, can always be had low at Davis & Co's, Odd Fellows' Building.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Esquire Ross of Manchester, yesterday, sent Andrew Montgomery to jail, on a charge of assault and battery.

FOR Chess, Chess Boards, Backgammon Boards, Ladies' Writing Desks and Fine Inkstands, go to Davis & Co's, Odd Fellows' Building.

THE best Pens you can get to write with are Davis & Co's., Bank, Elastic and No. 303. give them a trial and you will be pleased. *

THY Davis & Co's. Marking and Branding Ink, it is far superior to Lampblack and Turpentine for marking bales, bundles, etc. *

A beautiful set of Dickens' Works are to be raffled for at Dan Barnard's National Saloon, on Saturday evening. *

THE United States District Court meets on Monday next, not on the 24th inst., as erroneously stated yesterday.

"DOCTORS WILL DIFFER" in their mode of treating diseases, but all who have used Dr. Wilson's Tonic Cathartic and Anti-Dyspeptic Pills, agree in saying that they are unsurpassed as a remedy for dyspepsia, sick headache, nervous headache, heartburn, diarrhoea and other diseases. It is astonishing how soon their administration, and how decided their effect. They may be given to the most delicate stomach. B. L. FAHNESTOCK, Wholesale Druggist, 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh, are the proprietors.

Sold at retail by druggists everywhere.

GEORGE W. SMITH,

BREWER, MALTSTER, AND HOP DEALER

Pitt Street, Pittsburgh.

HAVING COMMENCED BREWING for the season, I am now prepared to furnish my customers with a

SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF FRESH ALE.

In addition to my regular brands, I am manufacturing a very FINE FLAVORED BITTER ALE put up in small packages expressly for family use.

This Ale is not only a delightful beverage, but is highly recommended by the medical faculty, for invalids, where a mild, nourishing tonic is required. I have also my celebrated

WHEELING BOTTLED ALES,

Constantly on hand, consisting of KENNETT BITTER AND CHAMPAGNE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT. Packages sent to any part of the city. aug15dem

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—This Institution, the want of which has been so long felt by our citizens is now open, under the superintendence of Messrs Jackman & Johnson, in the Lafayette Building, Entrance, 66 Wood street. It is designed for the perpetual exhibition of the products of Mechanics, Manufacturers, Inventors, and Artisans; and as a place of resort for those seeking information relative to those branches of industry, either by examination of samples or scientific publications. Those having articles to bring before the public will find it greatly to their advantage to leave samples.

☞ The public are respectfully invited to visit the institute.

HEATING BY STEAM.—As a testimonial of the workmanlike manner, perfect action of their self-regulating machines, safety, economy in fuel, and the little attention necessary to keep each room comfortable, we give this certificate to Messrs. Davis and Phillips, successors to Phillips & Co., for their plan of heating by steam the Second Ward Public Schools in the city of Pittsburgh, and which has met our approval, and we would recommend them to the public to give entire satisfaction of heating by steam.

E. Miller, Jr., John Marshall, Jr., M. Tinale, George Wilson, John Wilson, L. Wilcox, Directors.

DAVIS & PHILLIPS,
Steam Heating, Gas Fitting, Plumbing and Brass Founders, Dealers in every description of Gas Fixtures and Pumps
No. 67 Wood and 148 First street, Pittsburgh.
oct11ly

COULTER & MENTZER, House, Sign and Ornamental Painters and Grainers. Orders left at their shop on Fourth street near Market, Burke's Building, will be promptly attended. 6m

☞ THE STOMACH prepares the elements of the bile and blood, and if it does the work feebly and imperfectly, liver and other vexatious diseases are the certain results. As soon therefore as any afflictions of this kind are perceived, we may rest assured that the digestive organs are out of order. The first and only thing to be done, is to administer a specific which will act directly on the stomach—the main spring of the animal machinery. For this purpose we can confidently recommend Dr. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. Acting as an alterative and a tonic it strengthens the digestion, changes the condition of the blood and thereby gives regularity to the bowels.

For sale by Druggists and dealers generally.

HOSTETTER & SMITH,
Manufacturers and Proprietors,
oct10 No. 68 Water, and 65 Front streets

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

Pennsylvania Elections.

BUTLER COUNTY.—Ten districts heard from. Republican ticket probably elected by about 250 majority. The Treasurer and Commissioner very close. This is a Democratic gain.

INDIANA COUNTY.—The Republican majority is upwards of 1100.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.—The entire Republican ticket is elected. Twenty-five townships have been heard from, which give from 200 to 500 majority, and 15 yet to hear from, which will increase the already heavy majorities to from 500 to 700. The State ticket up to Wednesday evening stands: Cochrane 1801; Wright 1791; Keim 1721; Rowe 1688. There are 20 townships to hear from on the State ticket, which give large Republican majorities.

Dauphin County.—A private despatch informs us that the Republicans have carried Dauphin County by about 800 majority.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12.—Returns from the interior come in slowly, which renders it difficult to ascertain the exact result in the State. It is now thought that the Opposition have elected Senators in eleven districts. If so, the next Senate will be composed of 22 Opposition members, and 11 Democrats. The Opposition claim 12 Representatives from the city, and with other gains it is supposed that the House will be divided into 63 Opposition and 37 Democrats.

Westmoreland County.—The Democratic State ticket has about 400 majority. Assembly 300 majority. Sheriff—Gilchrist Rep., has 120 maj. Four Districts to hear from, the result of which is uncertain.

Luzerne County.—Democratic majority 600 for State ticket. The county ticket is also Democratic. The Senatorship is doubtful.

Carbon County.—The Democratic majority is 100 for State and county ticket.

Lehigh County.—The Democratic ticket recovers a majority of 175. The Opposition elect all their candidates for the county ticket, except Sheriff and District Attorney.

Bucks County.—Doubtful. The majority is trifling on either side.

Fulton County.—The Democratic State ticket has about 100 majority. McClure, Opposition, for Senate, and Austin for Assembly, are elected.

Bedford County.—The Democratic State ticket has about 150 majority.

Franklin County—gives a average majority of 500 for the Opposition State ticket.—M Clure, Opposition, for Senate, and Austin and Brewster, Opposition for Assembly is elected.

Bucks County.—All the Opposition County ticket in Bucks are elected, except Bryan for Assembly. Judge, and Knight for Assembly. With regard to the State ticket the result in the county is doubtful.

Luzerne County.—W W Ketchum, Opposition for Senate has 100 maj. In the Lehigh and Carbon representative district, Kestler, Opposition, and Long, Democrat, are elected.

Montgomery County.—The majority for the Democratic State will not exceed 500. One Opposition member of Assembly has probably been elected. Eight districts have not been heard from, but are estimated in the above.

Chester County.—Nearly the whole of the returns received, showing that the whole Opposition State and County tickets have from 500 to 1,000.

Ohio Elections.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 12.—The returns indicate a Republican majority of over 15,000 on the State ticket and a Republican majority in both houses.

Fairfield co.—Ramey's (Dem.) majority is 1405. Whitman's (Dem.) maj. 1529.

Pike co.—The Republican maj. is about 50.

Scioto co.—The Republican maj. is 150.

Madison co.—Dennison's maj. is about 75.

Harrison, the Republican candidate for the Senate, has about 150 maj. Hutchison Dem. for Representative, has about 25 maj.

Ultimate co. official.—The Republican majority is 702.

Medina county gives a Republican majority of 1000.

Ashtabula co.—All but 7 townships, 2400 Republican majority.

Meigs co.—Smith, Republican, elected Representative.

Muskingum co.—In Zanesville and fifteen townships, Ranney gains 141 on the vote of last year. The Republican State and County ticket is elected by 100 maj. in county. For Potwin, Rep., for Senator, the majority is much larger.

Perry co.—Nothing on the State ticket yet. Four townships give Potwin 379 maj.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 12.—The Republican State ticket is elected by over 12,000 maj.

Marion co., official.—The Democratic State ticket, 55 majority. Carter, Republican, for Representative, 20 maj.

Election Riot at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 12.—In the latter part of the day there was considerable more violence and intimidation at the polls than during the morning. The Ninth ward Reformers were driven off, and at about three o'clock their candidate withdrew in disgust. In the 20th ward there was considerable violence during the afternoon. Mr Frisch, of the firm Frisch & Snyder, was severely beaten. His cheek bone was crushed in. Notwithstanding all this, however, the Reformers have done nobly. But for the violence and illegal voting, they would undoubtedly have swept the city.

The tenth ward notorious club nominee, John Hinsley, defeated the Reform candidate by 122 maj. In this ward the most respectable citizens were maltreated. The result in the wards as far as received, is as follows: First ward,—Reform, 168; American, 138. Second ward,—Reform, 64; American, 457.—Third ward,—Reform, 652; American, 290.—Fifth ward,—Reform, 308; American 377. Eighth ward,—Reform, 826. No opposition. Ninth ward,—Reform 219; American, 225. Tenth ward,—Reform, 383; American, 261. Twelfth ward. Reform 654; American 371. Thirteenth ward—No opposition—American 465. Fourteenth ward. Reform 463; American 331. Seventeenth ward. Reform 117; American 628. Nineteenth ward. Reform, 574; American, 548. Eleventh ward. Reform 708; American 261.

Indiana Elections.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 12.—Putnam county, entire—The Democratic ticket is elected by about 325 majority.

Miami county.—The Republican majority is over 200.

Shelby county—The whole Democratic ticket is elected by about 150 majority.

The following counties heard from show Republican gains:—Marion, Johnson, Bartholomew, Hendricks, Vigo, Miami, Hamilton, Jennings and Hancock. There are Democratic gains in Howard, Boone and Putnam counties.

Iowa Election.

CHICAGO, October 12.—There being but four telegraphic offices in the State, some days must elapse before the result is definitely ascertained. The vote received thus far is about the same as two years ago, when Lowson, Republican, was elected by 2000 majority.

The following counties have been heard from:—Scott county, Republican State ticket, 200 maj.; Louisa, 50; Henry, 700; Jefferson, 150; Dubuque, Dem. maj., about 1500; Des Moines, 250.

Later from Texas.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 12.—Mr. Kenley, the editor of the Brownsville *Flag*, who is now in this city, states that the Mexican banditti, gathered near Brownsville, numbered, on the 8th inst., about 400 men, and was then increasing. Their object was evidently plunder, and from the fear that the town would be burned, whole families were fleeing. The Austin *Gazette* has information that the Camanche Indians would attack Northern Texas the coming winter.

Stabbing Affair.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—A fatal stabbing affair occurred to-day in a building known as the Old Church, in 87th street. A man named Patrick Walsh and his wife were stabbed by one Moses Stafford. Their wounds will probably prove fatal. Stafford has been arrested.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

Carefully Revised and Corrected by one OF THE Commercial Reporter.

PITTSBURGH, October 12, 1859.

Business in all departments, has, during the week been fair, and there is about as much doing now as can be expected this season, though as we have said, the sales will not be as heavy as was anticipated.

The produce market is dull, but there is little change in figures. The transactions in Flour have been limited at about last week's prices, with a tendency to firmness.

Little business is doing by river, there being scarcely enough water for large boats, and the smaller craft are left to carry what little freight is sent below by river. The shipments are chiefly to points unaccessible by rail way.

In money matters there is little movement. There is no disposition to expansion by the Banks, and their statements show little alteration since our last. Eastern exchange is scarce and wanted, but the supply does not seem to increase.

The following comparative statement is made up from the official statements of the condition of the city banks for the week ending on Monday last, and for those of the week previous:

ASSETS.	Oct 3.	Oct 10.
Loans and Discounts	$6,740,854 22	$6,744,559 79
Due by other Banks	288,240 05	276,721 33
Notes &c., of other Banks and Treasury Notes	376,813 00	360,625 29
Specie	1,073,072 11	1,069,446 71
LIABILITIES		
Circulation	1,598,293 00	1,596,613 00
Due to other Banks	178,764 74	160,197 36
Deposits	1,604,172 67	1,597,590 47

These figures show the following comparative results:

Increase in Loans and Discounts	$ 4,702 47
Decrease in amount due to other Banks	17,519 20
Decrease in Notes and Checks of other Banks &c	16,254 71
Decrease in Specie	3,626 41
Decrease in Circulation	11,780 00
Decrease in amount due to other Banks	18,567 38
Decrease in Deposits	6,581 73

The above figures show a net decrease in Assets of $22,732 95 and a net decrease in Liabilities of $34,919 11—making the difference in favor of the Banks this week $12,186 16.

Ale.—Pittsburgh manufactured continues in fair demand, with steady shipments to all parts of the country. The established rates at present are:

	bbls	half bbls.
Kennett	$8	$4.50
India	8	4.50
Cream	5@6	2.50@3.00
XX	6	3.00
XX	5	3.00
Porter	5	3.00

Apples.—Are in good demand, with sales of common at $1.25@1.50 ⅌ bbl; good at $2.00@2.25.

Ashes.—We note a fair demand for Pots at 4¾@5c and Pearls at 5¼@5½c. Soda Ash at 2¾@3c. Prepared Soda at 6c. Soda and Concentrated Lye at 12c ⅌ lb.

Bacon.—Has recently advanced. The ruling rates at present are: 8¾@9c for Shoulders, 9¾@10c for sides; 10@11c for hams, and 12c for sugar cured.

Beans.—The demand is small, with occasional sale of small white at $1.40 per bushel for prime small white.

Butter.—Is scarce, and choice roll brings 12½@14c in barrels.

Brooms.—The demand is fully equal to the supply. Common are worth $2.00 per dozen. Choice $2.50@2.75, and fancy $3.25@3.50.

Buckwheat Flour.—Is at set off in the country, and the receipts are light, with small sales at $2.25@2.50 per bbl.

Buckets and Tubs.—The heavier manufactures, prices are as follows:—Buckets, plain inside, ⅌ dozen, $14; painted inside, $15.00; 3 hoops, $17.50; tubs, No. 1, 3 hoops, ⅌ dozen, $22.50; No. 1, 4 hoops, $25.00; No. 2, $20.00; No. 3, $16.50; No. 4, $14.75; No. 5, $14.00; Keelers No. 3, $22.75; Half Bushels, sealed, $4.75.

Cordage

Manilla Rope, coil	11 ⅌ lb	Manilla Rope, cut	12 ⅌ lb
Tarred "	11 ⅌ lb	Manilla Yarn	13 ⅌ lb
Hemp "	11 ⅌ lb	Tarred "	13 ⅌ lb
Packing Yarn, fine	11 ⅌ lb	Packing Yarn, coarse	9 ⅌ lb

Bed Cords.—Manilla, $1.50; $2.25@3.00 ⅌ dozen; Hemp, $1.75; $2.00@2.75 ⅌ dozen; Hemp coil, 10c ⅌ lb.

Rough Lines.—Manilla 50c ⅌ dozen; Hemp, 50c ⅌ doz.

Clothes Cordage.—Cotton Rope 8c and upwards 20c, according to size. Best Cord $2.00@2.50; $4.75 ⅌ dozen.

Plough Lines $1.50 Sash Cords $6.00.

Candles.—The following are now the current rates at city manufacturers:—Mould's 12½c; Star 12½c; Star Dip 12c ⅌ lb.

Cheese.—There is a good supply and moderate demand, and we quote Western Reserve, 11c at 8½c ⅌ lb as to quality.

Corn Meal.—We quote from first hands at $2.75 ⅌ bbl, and at 80c ⅌ bush from store, and in bbl at $3.25 ⅌ bbl.

Crackers.—Have recently declined, and we now quote as follows by the bbl: Water crackers, 6c ⅌ lb; Butter 7c; Sugar 8c; Sodas 7c; Boston 7c; Pilot Bread, $3 ⅌ bbl.

Dried Beef.—Sales of small lots at 13@13½c ⅌ lb, with a moderate inquiry.

Dried Fruit.—Apples are in little demand, and we note only occasional sales at $2.25 ⅌ bush. Peaches are in better request, commanding $3.50@3.50 ⅌ bush.

Eggs.—Are scarce, with a good demand, and are worth 16@17c for packed in bbl.

Feed.—Exhibits little change. We note sales from first hands of Fine and Shorts at 85@90c ⅌ 100 lbs; Ship Stuffs at 95@$1; Middlings at $1.30@1.40; Rye chiff at $1.00@1.20. Oil Meal sells at $36@30 ⅌ ton.

Feathers.—We note Prime Western at 45c from first hands, 48@50c from store.

Fire Brick.—Sales of Bolivar at $40@45 ⅌ M.

Fish.—Without change; we quote Mackerel at $16.00 in bbls, and $8.50 in half bbls. Lake White Fish at $5.00@5.50; Salmon Trout at $5.50; and Herring at $4.75. Baltimore Herring, $7.00. Halibut, 10@15c. Alewives $4.50. Codfish 5@5½c ⅌ lb.

Flour.—There is no material alteration in figures, but the market is firm. The sales from first hands have been small, and range at about $4.38@4.50 for superfine, $4.75 for extra do and $5.37 for extra family. From store we quote at $4.62½@4.75 for superfine, $5 for extra and $5.25@5.50 for extra family, choice lots $5.62 and fancy $5.75.

Grain.—Sales have been light during the week. We quote Wheat at $1.08@1.10 for red, $1.12 for amber and $1.15 for white, from first hands, and at a small advance from store. Oats are scarce at 43@45c from first hands and 45@48c from store. Corn is scarce and dull, and we quote at 56@58c. Rye is firm at 65c from store, and Barley at 75c.

Groceries.—Sales active. We still quote Sugar at 5c for New Orleans in hhds, and 5¾@6¾c in bbl. Molasses at 40@42c in bbls. Coffee at 17½@18½c for Rio and Rice at 6@7½c in tierces and bbls.

Gas Pipe.—The following are quotations for the wrought iron tubing:

	Per Foot.		Per Foot.
½ Inch Gas Pipe	7 cts.	1½ Inch Gas Pipe	20 cts.
¾ " "	8 "	2 " "	30 "
1 " "	10½ "	2½ " "	40 "
1¼ " "	10½ "	3 " "	1.30 "
1½ " "	13 "	3½ " "	1.60 "
1¾ " "	15½ "	4 " "	1.90 "
2 " "	20 "		

Subject to the customary discount.

Hay.—A fair supply at the city scales, and sales at $16@20 ⅌ per ton.

Hides.—Green Beef Hides command 7c ⅌ lb; green salted 6@6½c, and dry flint 18½c.

Iron and Nails.—The quotations of manufacturers are as follows:—Common Bar 2¾c to 2¾c ⅌ lb. Nails are selling at $3.50@4.75 for 10d. to 4d., according to quality. The terms are six months' credit, or 5 ⅌ cent. discount for cash. Sales light.

Lard.—Has declined a trifle. Sales are made at 12@12½c for City No. 1, in tierces.

Leather.—The market is steady, with no change in our old quotations

Red Spanish Sole ⅌ lb	22@28c
Slaughter "	30@35c
Skirting "	35@38c
Harness "	30@35c
Upper ⅌ foot	$30@35
Binding "	$30@42

Lumber, *Green