The Daily Post.

WEDNESDAY MORNING::::::::OCT. 5.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, of Philadelphia.
SURVEYOR GENERAL,
JOHN ROWE, of Franklin County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

ASSISTANT JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEASE:
GEORGE F. GILLMORE.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
JOHN N. M'CLOWRY.
STATE SENATOR:
SAMUEL M'KEE.
ASSEMBLY:
JOSEPH H. DAVIS;
SAMUEL W. MEANS;
PHILIP H. STEVENSON;
JACOB STUCKRATH;
ANDREW JACKSON BEAUMONT.
COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
EDWARD CAMPBELL, JR.
COUNTY TREASURER:
JAMES BLACKMORE.
COUNTY AUDITOR:
JOHN T. SYMMES.
COUNTY SURVEYOR:
JOEL KETCHUM.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
COL THOMAS NEEL.

☞ DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE OF CORRESPONDENCE.—The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence will meet at the ST. CHARLES Hotel, on SATURDAY NEXT, October 8th; at 11 o'clock, A. M. By order of

D. D. BRUCE, Chairman.

J. H. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

Extract from Judge Douglas' Speech Delivered at Pittsburgh.

Were the Democracy of Pennsylvania now going to throw away the prestige of the old Keystone State, to forget their glorious history in the past, and to wheel into the ranks of Abolitionism or modern Republicanism? If they did, it would be their own act, and not the act of their opponents. The Republicans had no chance of success, except in the dissensions of the Democracy, and while he would always stand up for principle, and never yield it for the sake of harmony, yet, *in order to preserve the principles of the party, he would surrender any personal prejudices and hostilities he might have.* [Good and cheers.] The part of wisdom and patriotism was only to *remember past quarrels in order to profit by them.* Wherever there had been past issues that had died, all the asperity which they ever created should be buried with them, and we should only *look ahead in the future, holding forth the banner of Democracy,* with our principles emblazoned on it in clear and unequivocal language, and RALLY UNDER THE ORGANIZATION OF THE PARTY.

DEMOCRATIC TICKETS.

The Democratic State and County tickets for the approaching election are now printed and ready for delivery. The County Committee have prepared a list of Districts which is left at the office of the MORNING POST, where the tickets will be furnished for each district. The Democracy will attend to sending for their tickets and seeing that they are properly distributed, so that on election day no one may be without a ticket.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION.

It seems to us impossible that any one of our German fellow-citizens, who has any respect for himself, or for the honor of the land which gave him birth, can vote for the Republican ticket this fall. As a party, the Republicans, by their action in Massachusetts, has said that the adopted citizen is not to be regarded as an equal, and his franchises have been most unjustly curtailed. Here, in Allegheny county, where the body of the people are in favor of being left to the enjoyment of their own opinions regarding the proper observance of the Sabbath: the Republicans have taken ground against this right and have, through the *Gazette*, insulted the large German population by designating their movements as "a trick." The *Gazette* seems to forget that this is no new thing but is a subject upon which our German fellow-citizens have for years maintained and expressed a decided opinion—an opinion in which they have been sustained by the liberal minded citizens of all classes, and especially by the Democratic party. The candidates upon our ticket—the Senator and Assemblymen especially, and all the rest will aid them—are favorable to such a modification of the Sunday Law as will permit every citizen to act according to his own conscience, without interfering with the rights or the enjoyment of others. This is right. On the contrary the candidates upon the Republican ticket all oppose such a modification. The Germans, the Irish, and the native born citizens, who belong to the working classes, to whom many enjoyments are necessarily denied, will not sustain men who would vote to deprive them of the great practical advantage which Passenger Railroads furnish to them and their families —that of enjoying the free pure air of the country, on the only day of leisure which their avocations permit.

A WORD TO DEMOCRATS.

Although not, perhaps, in themselves so important as others which have preceded them, the elections of 1859, possess an unusual degree of importance, because of the effect which they will have upon the Presidential canvass next year. In order to enter with energy and determination upon the great contest of 1860, it is necessary that every Democrat should do his duty now, for the moral effect of a united and harmonious organization, will work incalculable good in the future. All sorts of political elements have ever contended against the Democratic party, the only common principle which joined them together being an earnest desire for the spoils. It is our duty to meet them and to conquer. In order to do this, every Democrat must vote—must lend his aid to get out the voters—and must vote the whole ticket. The Democratic party is the only one which stands by the doctrines of equal rights to all, the Union and the Constitution. In the end its principles must and will triumph over factions and unprincipled opposition.

THE *Gazette* has completely failed to sustain the charges which it made against Messrs. Tomer and McIlhenny, in regard to the four mill railroad tax. The charge was made just on the eve of an election, for political purposes only, and their effect has been rather to strengthen than weaken the Democratic cause. It was so manifest to the sensible men of all parties, that the *Gazette* was but endeavoring to create a prejudice, not sustain an argument, by its unsustained charges, that the moral effect has been to make the people believe that it was only anxious to cover up the neglect of duty by the County Auditors, who are Republicans, and of other Republican officials about the Court House.

By the bye, why do not the Auditors lay before the people of the county the annual statement of the receipts and expenditures for the last year? It has never occurred within our recollection that the publication of this statement has been so long delayed as it has this year. What is the matter? Is there something to be kept dark until after the election?

Gen. Jo. Lane.

We publish this morning, at the request of a number of our Democratic friends, a biographical sketch of Gen. Jo. Lane, of Oregon. It is a[illegible]tch of the personal history [illegible] energetic man—a[illegible] [illegible]as done much[illegible]

General Joseph Lane, Senator from the New State of Oregon, a Representative Man.

The advent of Oregon into the Union placed in the Senate of the United States, as one of her representatives, General Joseph Lane, one of the most remarkable men of the age, whose career is a fine illustration of the genius of our institutions, and demonstrates that the high places of honor and distinction is accessible to all who possess ability, energy, and perseverance:

General Lane descended from revolutionary ancestors, was born in the State of North Carolina, was reared and educated in Kentucky, emigrated to Indiana, and settled on the banks of the Ohio, in the county of Vandenburg: where, without the advantitious aid of fame, family or fortune, he worked his way from an humble plough boy, and flatboatman on the Mississippi, to the high position of a distinguished soldier and statesman. At the age of twenty-one, when barely eligible, he was elected a representative in the Legislature of Indiana, and continued to represent his people, at intervals of one or two years, either in the House or the Senate, for nearly a quarter of a century. Possessing a clear, strong and practical mind, he took a liberal and correct view of all questions affecting State or National interests, which he enforced with an eloquence and power, which placed him in the front of the ablest men in the Legislature.

His name is indissolubly connected with some of the most important measures, which developed the resources, andvanced the prosperity, and improved the finances of the State, especially his successful efforts to preserve, untarnished, the public faith, and to prevent the repudiation of the public debt, which was boldly advocated by some of the strongest men in Indiana.

When the Mexican war broke out, Gen. Lane was a member of the State Senate; and when a call was made upon Indiana to furnish volunteers for the war, with that devotod patriotism which has ever characterized him, he immediately resigned his seat, and volunteered as a private in Captain Walker's company. When the companies rendezvoused at New Albany, he was elected from the ranks as their Colonel; but he was permitted to hold the commission but a very few days. That sagacious statesman, James K. Polk, then President of the United States, discerning in General Lane the qualities to make a successful warrior, sent him a commission of Brigadier General, a compliment as unexpected as it was unsolicited by him. The opponents of the Administration and of the war throughout the State, denounced and ridiculed the appointment; declaring that he might make a good General of the flatboatmen on the Mississippi, but that the idea of Joseph Lane, who had never commanded a company in his life, taking command of a Brigade in war, was simply ridiculous; that he would disgrace himself, his State and the nation. Never did a man's achievements in war, more completely falsify the predictions of his enemies and realize the most sanguine expectations of his friends, or more triumphantly vindicate the wisdom of the appointment.

In less than three weeks after the receipt of his commission, he was at the seat of war, with all his troops. In communicating his arrival to General Taylor he wrote thus: "The brigade I have the honor to command is generally in good health and fine spirits, anxious to engage in active service."

The indomitable energy, the self-sacrificing spirit, the sound judgment and firm purpose, which he displayed in the active service of civil life, were eminently conspicuous in the stirring scenes of battle, blood and carnage, through which he passed, illustrated by a daring bravery and heroism which placed him among the most distinguished heroes of that memorable war. To recount the battles in which General Lane was engaged, the danger to which he was exposed, the brave deeds he performed, the skill and judgment with which he planned his battles, and the unvarying success with which he fought them, would consume more space than we have to spare. Such was the celerity of his movements, the skill and stratagem of his plans, the boldness and rapidity of their execution, and the enthusiasm and courage with which he inspired his men, by his impassioned appeals to their valor, as they visited the most fearful slaughter upon the enemy, the name of Lane struck terror to the Mexican heart, and by common consent he was styled "the Marion of the Mexican war." Of all battles fought in Mexico, the battle of Buena Vista was the severest and most hotly contested, and one of the most remarkable in the annals of the world.—There the American army, consisting of about five thousand, mostly raw malitia, met twenty thousand of the choicest troops of Santa Anna, in deadly conflict, and, after a protracted struggle of two days, achieved a glorious triumph.

In that battle General Lane performed a most important part. No officer contributed more by his gallantry and generalship to win the fortunes of the day. Upon the left wing of the American army which General Lane commanded, Santa Anna directed his most obstinate and deadly assaults. With but 400 men General Lane repulsed a large body of Mexicans, six thousand strong. While nothing could exceed the fearful array of the assailants, as they moved towards the little band of Lane, with their long line of infantry, presenting a continued sheet of fire; nothing could surpass the undaunted firmness and bravery with which Lane and his men maintained their position and poured their volleys of muskotry into the advancing columns of the enemy, which made them break and fall back. Throughout the varying fortunes of that trying day, General Lane, with his little band of heroes, maintained his position and repulsed the enemy at every point. On the second day of the battle, Santa Anna finding his strength defied, and his most skillful manœvres defeated, as the day was drawing to a close, determined to make a most desperate effort to turn the tide of battle in his favor. Collecting all his infantry, he made a charge on the Illinois and Kentucky regiments. Gallantly did those brave troops resist the onset, until, seeing their leaders fall, and overpowered by numbers, they began to waver and fall back. At this critical moment the eagle-eye of General Lane observed the movement, when he hastened with his brigade to the rescue in time to enable the retreating regiment to form and return to the contest, and drive back with great loss the advancing column of the enemy. This was Santa Anna's last struggle. On that bloody and hotly contested field, night soon closed over the sanguinary scene, and when the morning sun arose, it shone upon the battle-field, deserted by Santa Anna with his shattered legions, while the Star Spangled Banner waved in triumph over the American army.

No officer went into the Mexican war with less pretetensions than General Lane, none; came out of it with a brighter fame—the testimony of eye-witnesses, historians and official records attest the fact. The New Orleans *Delta* of May 2, 1847, recorded the popular estimation in which General Lane's conduct was held in the Battle of Buena Vista, as follows:

"BRIGADIER GENERAL LANE.—The bearing of this gallant officer in the battle of Buena Vista, as described by persons who were present, was in the highest degree gallant, noble and soldier-like. When his brigade, composed of the two Indiana regiments, were exposed to a murderous fire from the Mexican batteries on their flanks, and a front fire from a large body of the enemy's infantry—when the grape and musket shot flew thick as hail over and throrgh the lines of our volunteers, who began to waver beneath the fiery storm, their brave General could be seen fifty yards in advance of the line, waving his sword with an arm already shattered by a musket ball, streaming with blood, and mounted on a noble charger, which was gradually sinking under the loss of blood from five distinct wounds. A brave sight, indeed, was this!"

This brave man, whose cheek never blanched with fear or eye quailed amidst the hottest conflicts of battle, has a heart of tenderness which melts at human woe. His solicitude and care of the sick, the wounded and the dying was manifested on many occasions. Numerous incidents and anecdotes are narrated, illustrating his kindness and tenderness, in relieving their sufferings and administering to their comfort, in the hospitals and on the battle-fields, which so endeared him to his troops that it made him always invincible when their leader. On his return home, wherever he stopped, citizens of all classes vied to do honor to the distinguished hero. Whilst in this city of Cincinnati, the guest of Gen. Moore, an incident occurred illustrative of his native kindness and tenderness, and the gratitude of the recipient. "A German citizen ushered himself into the presence of Gen. Lane, amidst the guests in the parlor. He asked if Gen. Lane was in. The General arose and answered that he was. The German, with emotion, asked: 'Do you know me, General?' 'I do not,' said the General.' German—'Well, sir, I recollect and thank you, and will recollect and thank you to the last day of my life. Do you remember, after the fight with the Guerrillas at [illegible] de Clavo, in which we routed the scoun[illegible]s so finely, you found a soldier dying by [illegible] way side, exhausted by the heat of the sun and the exertions of the day, and dismounted from your horse and placed him on it, walking by his side until you reached the camp, where you did not rest until you saw him well taken care of?' The General replied that he recollected the circumstance very well. 'Well,' said the German, 'I am the boy, and by that act of kindness you saved my life. I am here to thank you. How can I ever forget to cease to pray for you? God bless you, you were indeed the soldier's friend."'

In his own State of Indiana, it was a perfect ovation wherever he went. The masses—the hardy sons of toil—turned out from all the country, and from every hamlet and village, to welcome and do honor to the may of the people. He was feasted and toasted, and congratulatory addresses were made to him in the name of the people, by the most distinguished men of the State. He bore all the honors and compliments showered upon him meekly, and with characteristic modesty, claimed for himself nothing more than having tried to do his duty. In his emphatic language he said, "To the brave volunteers under my command I feel that the honor is justly due; without their aid I could have done nothing. 'Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war.'"

A few days after Gen. Lane reached his home he was called to a different scene of duty, where he could exercise his sound judgment and practiced knowledge in organizing and putting in operation a civil Government, on the shores of the Pacific, for a remote people who had been long neglected and uncared for. In August, 1848, he received a commission as Governor of Oregon Territory, another compliment as unexpected as it was unsolicited from Mr. Polk. In less than one month from the time he returned to the bosom of his family, from the stirring scenes of war, he was en route for the distant shores of the Pacific, with hardships, perils and privations to encounter, in crossing the Rocky Mountains at that season of the year, to reach his post of duty; which required an energy, hardihood and self-reliance to overcome, which but few men possess. Col. Fremont, who followed him a few weeks afterwards, taking a different route across the mountains, lost almost his entire party, amid the cold, and snows in the gorges and defiles of of the mountains, and nearly perished himself.

A narrative of the hardships and sufferings endured, and the perils encountered by Gov. Lane and his party, in crossing the Rocky Mountains would fill a volume. We can now do no more than quote from a speech made by Mr. Voorhies, of Indiana last winter, to the citizens of Washington, who had assembled to congratulate Gen. Lane upon the admission of Oregon into the Union, and himself into the United States Senate as one of her Senators. He said:

"There is a history of events connected with the Pioneer movements of Gen. Lane to Oregon, not generally known to the American people. On the 11th of September, 1848, at the foot of the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, with a commission from President Polk, as Governor of Oregon Territory in his pocket, he, to whom you tender the honor of this demonstration, gave evidence to his country and to the word, of a will, and a courage, in the discharge of duty, surpassing that which Napoleon displayed in his immortal passage of the Alps. The great hero of Austerlitz and Marengo was told by his guide, that the route was barely passable, and the order came from that bold spirit to set forward immediately.—Gen. Lane, in consultation with Col. Dougherty, a mountaineer of twenty years experience, was told that the passage of the Rocky Mountains at this season of the year, with the certainty of having to remain in their midst, was a human impossibility. "We will set forward in the morning," was the reply of the American hero and patriot, who never knew fear in the achievement of public duty. He and his little band moving in the morning, and for five weary and desolate months were lost and buried amid the gorges and defiles of the mountains. Fancy may paint, but the tongue cannot sketch even the faint outlines of that expedition. On the 3d of march, 1849, Gen. Lane reached the capital of Oregon, and before he slept, put the territorial government in operation and started a communication to the President informing him of the fact.

In the discharge of his duties of Governor of the Territory of Oregon, and ex-officio superintendent of Indian affairs, Gen. Lane evinced the highest order of ability. His messages to the Territorial Legislature abound in sound and practical views relative to the wants and interests of the Territory, and in recommendation of wholesome and judicious measures, calculated to develope the resources, and promote the prosperity of the people. He found the Indian affairs in a most troubled condition—the troops disbanded, the various tribes in a hostile attitude to the citizens—had committed depredations on their property, and murdered several families—the murderers unpunished and no restitution of property. As soon as he put the government in operation, without any troops, he proceeded to the scenes of depredations, robbery and murder, and by his superior address, tact, and judgment, he quelled all disturbances, had the murderers arrested and punished, and without war or bloodshed accomplished what both had failed to effect. An incident occurred in Lane's "talk with the Rougue River Indians, a warlike and predatory tribe, which illustrates his remarkable self-possession, coolness and judgment, in imminent peril. He entered their country with twelve or fifteen men: these Indians had fiercely rejected all attempts by the whites at conciliation terms of war and peace. Gen. Lane chose the latter: with difficulty he succeeded in assembling four or five hundred warriors in council. During his interview, one of his company recognized a couple of horses stolen from him, in possession of the Indians and two pistols then in the belts of the two chiefs. The Governor demanded restitution of the property, which restored, he said, would evince their willingness to treat and preserve peace. The head chief ordered restitution, but the possessors refused. The Governor then stepped forward and took one of the stolen pistols from the Indian's belt and gave it to the owner, and was about to take the other pistol, when the Indian who had it, presented his gun and raised the war whoop. Instantly four or five hundred guns were pointed at Gen. Lane and his small party.

A single false step would have led to the most disastrous results, but Gen. Lane's coolness and promptness, was equal to the crisis. He said, I have come here to make a treaty of peace, not to have a fight, and promptly stepping to the side of the principal chief, with his firm eye fixed on his, pistol in hand, he told him, if a drop of blood of any of the whites was shed, it should be revenged by the destruction of the entire tribe. This well-timed move had the desired effect. The Chief told his warriors to cease their demonstrations. The Governor then advanced among the foremost, took their arrows from their bows and returned them to their quivers, and uncocked their guns, and knocked the priming from their pans.

Gen. Lane did not hold the office of Governor of Oregon more than about fifteen months before he was removed by President Taylor.—He, "who had no friends to reward or enemies to punish" as he declared *before* he was elected President, signalized his administration by proscribing his former companion in arms, who stood by him so firmly in the field of battle, and contributed so largely by his gallantry and generalship to win the battle of Buena Vista, which placed him in the Presidential Chair. Whereupon the Legislature of Oregon passed resolutions expressive of their high sense of the energy, ability, and success, which characterized his administration as Governor of Oregon, and superintendent of Indian affairs and their "sincere regret that the President of the United States has deprived the Territory of Oregon of the future services of one so eminently useful, and whose usefulness was enhanced by the unbounded confidence of the people over whom he was placed." The people whose representatives they were, seconded these resolutions by electing him by an almost unanimous vote, their delegate to represent them in the Congress of the United States.

Upon the eve of Gen. Lane's departure from Oregon to the National Capitol, as their delegate to Congress, the people *without distinction of party*, held a mass meeting to tender "him a public expression of opinion in regard to his distinguished talents and services." Among other thing, they resolved, "that as friends of Jos. Lane without distinction of party, we tender him our hearty and entire approbation of his acts as Governor of Oregon Territory," and that from "the ability, energy, fidelity, and purity of purpose, which have characterized all his public acts among us, it is but fitting that we express our approbation and admiration of his course," and "that Gen. Lane came to us covered with military glory, and leaves us upon the business of the Territory, clothed with our confidence and attachment." That confidence and attachment, the people of Oregon, have ever since manifested towards him, by continuing him as their delegate in Congress until the Territory was admitted as one of the States into the Union last winter, when, in obedience to the unanimous vote of his party, he became one of the Senators from that State.

All the responsible positions to which Gen. Lane has been called were *unsolicited and unexpected by him,* what but few public men can say, and he has filled them with signal ability and success. Endowed with a strong and practical mind, stored with the most useful knowledge acquired by extensive reading and accurate observation, sound, liberal and conservative in his views of the policy and principles of our government, he combines personal traits of character eminently calculated to win the popular heart, with a warm, generous and manly spirit, with a kind, frank and social disposition with a demeanor so modest and unpretending that he excites no one's envy; he has acquired an influence and popularity which but few men attain.

In Indianna, in the Legislature, and with the people he was universally popular and one of the leading men of the State, and styled, "her favorite son." On the battle-fields of Mexico, the soldiers viewed him as invincible, and he was the pride of the officers of the army. In Oregon his name is a tower of strength. In the halls of Congress his popularity and influence are unsurpassed: indeed, it was chiefly owing to his influence and exertions that the bill to admit Oregon into the Union passed the House at the last session. The passage of that bill was attended by great excitement. It was violently opposed by the ultra men North and South—the Abolitionists and Fire Eaters.

When the final vote was taken, a breathless silence reigned through the Hall and the crowded galleries, broken only by the emphatic answer of yea or nay, as the members answered to the call of the clerk for their vote; as the vote was being taken, members were to be seen in all parts of the Hall keeping count of the vote, and when Felix K. Zollicoffer, responded to the last call, parties from all parts of the Hall, suraounded General Lane with their warm and hearty congratulations, which indicated the result and when formally announced by the speaker from the chair, round after round of applause arose from the members in the Hall, which was caught and repeated by the crowded galleries of anxious spectators, with waving of handkerchiefs by the ladies, and clapping of hands by the sterner sex, which showed that "he lives in the hearts of his countrymen."

When the news of the passage of the bill, and that a seat in the Senate was thereby secured to Gen. Lane, spread through the city, there was a general rejoicing by the citizens, and the demonstrations of honor paid to Gen. Lane at his lodgings that night, were of the most enthusiastic character. A band of musicians serenaded him with the most delightful music, the people assembled in crowds; the strong men of the nation were there, and made congratulatory speeches from the portico of Brown's Hotel, which were received with the enthusiastic cheers of the assembled masses, which made the welkin ring. Gen. Lane appeared and responded to the unexpected compliment in a chaste, appropriate, and eloquent speech, then opened his rooms and his heart, to receive his friends, and gave them the best cheer that could be provided at so short a notice.

The past history of Gen. Lane is a guarantee that he will ably and faithfully represent the interests of his State in the Senate of the United States, and uphold and support, by his judicious counsels and effective aid "the Constitution and the Union, the richest political blessings which Heaven has ever bestowed upon any nation."

The life of General Lane will stand out prominently in history as that of a remarkable man, illustrating the fact that the humblest individual may, under free liberal institutions, attain the highest point of distinction by perseverance, zeal and industry, and will furnish an example to incite ardent and ambitious minds to the cultivation of their noblest faculties, with the confident assurance of the most triumphant success.

Government Contracts.

Bids for the transportation of supplies to the army in Utah and New Mexico were opened at the War Department on Saturday. The Secretary of War being absent, the President deemed it of sufficient importance to go to the Department and have the bids opened and registered before him. This unexpected step on the part of the President created some surprise. It appears the old contractors, Majors, Russell & Co., will not obtain any one of the three contracts, other bids being lower. It is understood the bid of A. C. Irving & Co. will take the Utah contract, at one dollar and thirty-four cents per pound per hundred miles the old contract was one dollar and eighty cents. It is said the bids of Childs & Scott will take the two contracts for New Mexico. The magnitude of these contracts may be judged from the fact that the amount of the Utah contract the first year was over twenty millions of dollars.

Mining Record and Pottsville Emporium.

W. B. Sipes, Esq., is now the editor of this able Democratic journal, which is devoted not only to politics, but to the interests of the great coal regions in which it is published. It is a neat quarto, very elegant in appearance, and filled with the most valuable information.—Mr. Sipes, as an editor, has education, tact and experience, and he will make the *Emporium* a first-class newspaper.

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WE have been requested to state that Brother Lawrence, of the Order of Passionists, in Birmingham, will call upon his Catholic friends in this city, during the present week, for contributions to aid in paying for a beautiful church, just completed, adjoining the Monastry of the Order. This Order of religious is composed of men thoroughly educated, and chiefly employed as missionaries. The church is estimated to cost about $15,000. We have no doubt they will meet with success.

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THE lovely blonde sisters, Annie and Addie Lonsdale, who are now playing at the Pittsburgh Theatre, have, by their beauty, talent and the exquisite refinement of their acting, won the entire favor of the lovers of the drama in Pittsburgh. The pieces in which they appear are novel and peculiar, and at the same time of the most elegant and piquant description. The Philadelphia *Atlas* speaks of the fair Annie as the Dejazet of the English stage, and Addie as its glittering Gazelle, "whose eyes' dark charm 'twere vain to tell."

[Special Despatch to the Baltimore Sun.]

Appointment--California Mails, &c.

WASHINGTON, October 2.—H. M. M'Gill, acting private secretary of the President since the resignation of Mr. Henry, has been appointed by the President Secretary of the Territory of Washington. Wm. A. Shannon, of Pennsylvania, Clerk of the Treasury Department, has been designated to perform the duties recently discharged by Mr. M'Gill.

The report in the New York papers that the Postmaster there had advertised the conveyance of the California mails by Vanderbilt steamers, is said to be erroneous. An agent or attorney of parties who are reported as assignees of Johnson, states here that they have engaged six steamers for the service, one of which will leave New York on the 5th of October, and another New Orleans on the same day. The alleged reason of not reporting heretofore to the Department as to the preparations for carrying out the contract is, they desired to keep their regulations for vessels, &c., from the knowledge of Vanderbilt. Should the above programme be carried out, it will be a source of great satisfaction to the Department, since the Government is anxious to have the Nicaragua transit opened.

It is understood that Mr. Childs, of Missouri, has got the contract for transportation for the army in New Mexico. Irvin & Co., it is said, have got the contract for transporting to Utah and Oregon, underbidding Russell, Majors & Co. H. S. Magraw, Wm. M. Magraw and Allison White are partners of Irving.

* * *

HENRY M. M'GILL, who has beeen acting as Private Secretary to the President since the resignation of J. Buchanan Henry, has been appointed Secretary of Washington Territory. He will leave in the steamer of the 5th inst., for his post, with full instructions for our authorities there.

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THE Governer and Council of New Hampshire have appointed Thursday November 24, as thanksgiving day in that State. This is the first State that has designated a day for thanksgiving this year.

Biography of Gen. Joseph Lane.

We publish to-day, a biographical sketch of Gen. Jos. Lane, Senator of Oregon, whose character and life come nearer to those of General Jackson than any man we know of. The life of General Lane furnishes a beautiful illustration of our republican institutions, and shows that the charge of "ingratitude" against Republics is not true with reference to this country. Here, the truly honest, brave and patriotic man seldom goes without a just appreciation from his countrymen. And although demagogues may for a season mislead the public mind, and excite prejudices against the honest and true, yet as the old sage of the Hermitage well said: "Truth is omnipotent and public justice certain; and, sooner or later, the good will be elevated, and the false exposed." The life of General Lane should be studied by every youth in the country, and its bright example encourage all to emulate his kindness and his patriotism.—*Baltimore Republican.*

* * *

DURING September the coinage at the mint in Philadelphia amounted to $213,713; of which $122,804 was in gold, $54,908 in silver, and $36,000 in cents. The deposits for the month reached $259,330.

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MRS. JULIA DEAN HAYNE, is playing at Chicago, at M'Vicker's Theatre.

DIED:

Tuesday morning, 4th inst., at half-past two o'clock, Mrs. MARY PALMER, in the seventy-fifth year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on WEDNESDAY, at half-past one o'clock P. M., from the residence of her son, Samuel Palmer, on Anderson street, Allegheny city.

Piles in Both Forms Cured.

READ THIS.

"I can only account for my present sound health from the constant, though moderate use of BŒRHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS—having from my youth suffered at intervals with the *Piles*, in both forms, sometimes so severely as to completely prostrate me. I have for several months past, though subject to loss of sleep, and unusual physical effort, been entirely free from any symptom of this distressing disease, while my general health has been very much improved."

Persons doubting the authenticity of this certificate, are requested to call upon or communicate with the proprietors. They will take pleasure not only in referring them to its author, but to many others who have used the Holland Bitters for the same affection, with equal success.

Read Carefully.—The Genuine highly Concentrated Bœrhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, and retailed at one dollar per bottle. The great demand for this truly celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Beware of imposition! See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR. & CO., Sole Proprietors, No. 27 Wood, between First and Second sts., Pittsburgh.

New Advertisements.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

GEO. ALBREE, SON & CO.,

No. 71 Corner Wood and Fourth Streets,

HAVE NOW IN STORE A COMPLETE assortment of seasonable

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Purchased for Cash, of every variety, from the good low priced, to the best Custom Work, suitable for retailers and country merchants, which we offer for cash or approved credit, at

Small Advance on Cost.

Country Merchants are specially invited to examine our stock, as we are determined to sell goods that will give satisfaction at as low a rate as any respectable house. oct5:1tdalmw.

FALL FASHIONS

FOR 1859.

C. H. PAULSON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER in, and Manufacturer of

HATS, CAPS,

LADIES' FURS, &C.

I am now receiving my

FALL AND WINTER STYLES

—OF—

HATS, CAPS, AND FURS,

Direct from the Manufacturers, and am prepared to sell them at the

Very Lowest Eastern Prices.

CHAS. H. PAULSON,

NO. 73 WOOD STREET.

oct5:1tdalmw next door corner Fourth.

SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS,

Fitted to the head by a Paris Conformator, at

DODDS',

119 Wood Street,

oct5 One door South of Fifth, Pittsburgh.

FEATHERS.—100 lbs. for sale by
oct5 WM. H. SMITH & CO.

FLAXSEED.—3 bbls. for sale by
oct5 WM. H. SMITH & CO.

POTATOES.—20 bbls. just received and for sale by [oct5] HENRY H. COLLINS.

STRUNZ'S PATENT SOAP.—40 boxes in store and for sale by
MURTLAND & CONNOR,
oct5 197 Liberty street.

TEA.—90 h'f chests Green and Black Teas, 60 caddies do., received and for sale by
MURTLAND & CONNOR,
oct5 197 Liberty street.

CARRIAGE BOLT MANUFACTORY FOR SALE.—I will offer at private sale, the Carriage Bolt Manufactory formerly owned by JOHN GRIBBEN, in the Fifth ward, city of Pittsburgh, low for cash. The establishment is nearly new, and in good order, with Engine, Boilers, Fan, Olivers, Tools, Screwing Machines, Bolting Taps and Dies, together with a lease of the premises now occupied by the manufactory. Apply to JOHN DOUGHERTY, Hannahstown, Butler county, or BERNARD DOUGHERTY, U. S. Marshal's office, Postoffice Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.
oct3:4t:tu.th.saatu*

GENTS'

SCOTCH BOTTOM BOOTS,

A LARGE STOCK

JUST RECEIVED AT

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.'S,

oct1 No. 31 Fifth street.

THREE CASKS PURE BLACK LEAD, for sale by
BECKHAM & KELLY,
oct3 Allegheny City.

ONE CAN PURE OIL BURGAMOT, for sale by
BECKHAM & KELLY,
oct3 Allegheny City.

ONE CAN PURE OIL LEMON, for sale by
BECKHAM & KELLY,
oct3 Allegheny City.

50 BOXES CONCENTRATED LYE, for sale by
BECKHAM & KELLY,
oct3 Allegheny City.

ONE CAN BARTON'S OIL PEPPERMINT, for sale by
BECKHAM & KELLY,
oct3 Allegheny City.

NEW STYLES Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, opened at
EATON, CREE & MACRUM'S,
oct3 New Trimming Store, No. 17 Fifth st.

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF French Embroideries, at
EATON, CREE & MACRUM'S,
oct3 No. 17 Fifth street.

BOSTON RIBBED HOSIERY.—500 doz. direct from the manufacturers, all colors, at wholesale, at
EATON, CREE & MACRUM'S,
oct3 No. 17 Fifth street.

FROM 37½ CENTS to $4,00, for the best Steel Spring Skirts, East or West. The most celebrated makes always on hand, at wholesale and retail.
EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
oct3 No. 17 Fifth street.

TALLOW.—2,000 pounds to arrive, and for sale by [se27] HENRY H. COLLINS.

THE GREEK CAP, and all kinds of Fancy Head Dresses, fresh from the East.
EATON, CREE & MACRUM,
oct3 No. 17 Fifth street.

CHEESE.—50 boxes prime Western Reserve, to arrive this day, and for sale by
JAMES A. FETZER,
oct3 Corner Market and First streets.

New Advertisements.

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!

Second Arrival,

—AT—

J. P. SMITH'S,

No. 92 Market St.,

AMONG THE GOODS RECEIVED, and to which we would call particular attention, is a great variety of

FANCY DRESS GOODS!

DUSTER CLOTHS, SHAWLLS,

Embroideries, Bleached and Brown Muslins,

IRISH LINENS, COUNTRY FLANNELS.

In addition to the above, we are receiving NEW GOODS daily, by Express and otherwise, all of which we are determined to sell low. We have no old Goods to show, our stock being all new.

J. P. SMITH, Agent,
oct4 No. 92 Market street.

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARRTICLES AND SOAPS,

Has just been received at

JOS. FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,
oct4 corner Diamond and Market st.

THOS P. STOTESBURY,

SUGAR AND COFFEE BROKER

119 South Front Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Particular attention paid to filling Western orders for Rio Coffee. oct3:1y

DR. J. S. ROSE,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

To the People of Pittsburgh.

EVERY INTELLIGENT AND THINKING PERSON must know that remedies branded out for general use should have their efficiency established by well-tested experience in the hands of a regularly educated Physician, whose preparatory study fits him for all the duties he must fulfill; yet the country is flooded with poor Nostrums and Cure-alls. purporting to be the best in the world, which are not only useless, but frequently injurious.

Dr J.S.Rose's Expectorant or Cough Syrup,
For Consumption, Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, and Diseases of the Lungs.

This Syrup, having stood the test of many years experience as a remedy for irritation or inflammation of the Lungs, Throat or Bronchia, is acknowleged by all to be a remedy eminently superior to other known compounds used for the relief and radical cure of Coughs and Consumption.

In compounding a Cough Syrup for general use, the physician—for none but a physician should attempt a prescription—is compelled, from his knowledge of the constitution and constituted parts of man, to avoid entirely the addition of drugs that can in any way tend to do injury. His object is not only to cause a symptom, such as cough, to stop, but it is also expected that a regularly educated doctor, that he should cure his patient radically—while the pretender may allay a cough by opium and squills, molasses and laudanum, antimony, morphia, and wild-cherry bark, and not be accountable for the after health of his patient. Many of the nostrums of the day have power to stop a cough, and the deluded victim is lulled into an incurable form of disease, or perhaps death.

Although a cough may arise from a variety of causes which still continue to operate, such as Tubercles, Abscess, Chronic Inflammation of the Lungs, Liver, Bronchia, &c., &c., still the lungs are the organs compelled to do the coughing, and consequently produce Consumption.

This Cough Syrup will not only cure Cough, but in all cases prevent that Lion of Diseases, CONSUMPTION.

☞ Price 50 Cents and $1.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S PAIN CURER.—That popular and never-failing remedy has alone stood the test of thirty-five years. Price 12, 25 and 50 cents.

The Pain Curer cures Rhematism.

The Pain Curer cures pains in the limbs, joints, back, and spine.

The Pain Curer cures cholic, pains in the stomach or bowels.

The Pain Curer cures scalds, burns, sprains and bruises.

The Pain Curer cures any pain internally or externally, and should be kept in every family.

We shall only say to the afflicted, try the Pain Curer; if it gives you relief, recommend it to others; if it fails, condemn it. Remember it has come from a regular Physician.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S DYSPEPTIC COMPOUND, the only sure cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. Price 50 cents.

Dyspepsia may be known by costiveness, belching up of wind, sour stomach, and sometimes diarrhœa or looseness of the bowels, headache, nervous feelings, cold feet, wakefulness and variable appetite. If these symptoms are allowed to go on long, without this medicine, (which will always cure,) then follow debility of the lungs, and a predisposition to Consumption.

☞ The written signature must be over the cork.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S ALTERATIVE SYRUP, or Blood Purifier, for the cure of Scrofula, Old Eruptions, Chronic Diseases, Ulcers, Sores, Swelled Neck, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. Price $1.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S BUCHU COMPOUND, for all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. Price 50 cents. The great demand for this article has induced others to bottle up something they call Buchu. Ask for Rose's, and take no other. Written signature must be over the cork of each bottle; take none without it. oct3:1y

BLANK BOOKS, WRITING PAPERS, Stationery, &c.

Medium, Demi and Cap Blank Books, of every description and style of Binding on hand, or made to order.

Owen & Hulburt's, Southworth's, Greanleaf's and Taylor's superior Cap, Letter, Legal and Note Papers.

Legal, Letter and Note Envelopes, of all styles and qualities.

Arnold's, Maynard & Noyes' and Dovell's Superior Fluids.

Black, Copying, Marking, Red and Carmine Inks.

Vellum & Mann's Patent Parchment Paper, Copying Books.

Screw and Lever Copying Presses.

Check Books, Dray Books, Order Books, Receipt Books, Notes and Drafts constantly on hand, or printed to order.

Counting-House, Office and Legal Stationery of all kinds.

Manilla, Tea, Envelope, Rag and Straw Papers, of all sizes and qualities.

oct3 KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

MR. JOHN KELK

WOULD respectfully announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that he is prepared to give lessons on the Violin, Guitar, Flute and Cornet. For terms, &c., address
se28:2m JOHN KELK, Pittsburgh Theatre.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY

FOR

Iron Furnaces, Foundries, Blacksmiths, Copper and Tinsmiths, &c.

A MOST SIMPLE AND EXPEDITIOUS mode of purifying Coal and Ores, and one destined to effect a great revolution in the Iron business, has been discovered by Mr. JESSE BURROUGHS, of this State.

Mr. Burroughs claims that Coal de-sulpherized by his process will give more heat than four times the amount of Coke, and leave no cinders. That the Ore smelted with this Coal will yield its full complement of Iron, which will be completed free from all foreign matter, and be softer and tougher than Iron made by any other process.

The cost of applying the process is very trifling, and the smelting can be done in any style of furnace now in use.

In Blacksmiths' forges it will make hard or brittle iron soft, malleable and tough.

In Copper and Tinsmithing, it will hold the solder to the irons better, and give more heat than any other coal. It is also much cheaper than Charcoal.

Mr. Burroughs and his Agent, Mr. Storer, are stopping for a few days at the ST. CLAIR HOTEL, and are prepared to sell State, County, City or Furnace rights to this discovery. se28:1w*

THORO' BASS.—First steps in thoro' Bass, in twelve familiar dialogues between a teacher and pupil. This is a book presenting in a concise and pleasing manner the principles of thorough Bass. The author has met with great success in the application of this method to pupils, and confidently recommends it to teachers as an invaluable aid to their labors. Price, 50 cents. Copies sent by mail on receipt of the price. For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR,
se20 81 Wood street.

THREE ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND, at Woods' Run, below Manchester, with about fifty fruit trees, good springs, &c., will be sold at $450 per acre. Terms easy.
se7 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

DAY-BOOKS, JOURNALS, LEDGERS, Records, Cash Books, Receipt Books, Dray Books, Time Books, of all styles, constantly on hand or made to order in the best manner.
se1 KAY & CO., 55 Wood street.

TWO ACRES OF LAND, convenient to the city, on the Steubenville turnpike, in a healthy and pleasant neighborhood. Also, five acres, near the above. For sale by
oct4 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

OSWEGO PREPARED CORN.—50 bxs. for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
oct4 cor. First and Wood sts.

JAPAN VARNISH.—10 bbls. for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
oct4 cor. First and Wood sts.

VENITIAN RED.—100 barrels Cookson's Imported, for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
oct4 cor. First and Wood sts.

WHITE FISH.—30 half barrels New White Fish, just received and for sale by
oct4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

A NEW STOCK of excellent Burnous, Garabaldies, Cloaks and Shawls, just arrived per Adams Express.
oct4 C. HANSON LOVE, 74 Market street.

CHEESE.—26 prime Western Reserve Cheese, just received and for sale by
WM. H. SMITH & CO.,
se15 Second and Front streets

HAY.—20 tons Baled Timothy Hay, to arrive, and for sale by
JAS. A. FETZER,
oct3 corner Market and First streets.

SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS will purchase a two-story Frame Dwelling House, of four rooms, and lot 20 feet front on Rebecca street, Allegheny, by 110 deep on an alley.
se27 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market street.

New Advertisements.

CARPET WAREROOMS,

No. 112 Market St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THANKFUL FOR THE LIBERAL patronage of his customers for the past twenty-five years, the proprietor would invite the attention of the public to his large stock of

NEW CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTING,

Mats, Rugs, Window Shades, Piano and Table Covers, &c., all of which will be sold very low to cash purchasers.
se30 W. M'CLINTOCK.

FALL GOODS, FALL GOODS.—Fresh arrival of Fall and Winter BOOTS AND SHOES, at No. 98 Market street. The subscriber would beg leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just arrived from the East, with a large and well selected stock of Boots and Shoes, of every style and variety, which he is determined to sell at the very lowest figures. Give him a call and examine for yourselves, at the well known Cheap Cash Store of
JOS. H. BORLAND,
oct1 No. 98 Market street, 2d door from Fifth.

LEDGER HATS AT FLEMING'S FOR

ONE DOLLAR.

CAPS, of all styles, at FLEMING'S.

Elegant stock of CLOTHING at FLEMING'S.

Prices are unsurpassed at FLEMING'S.

NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS at

FLEMING'S,
oct1 Corner Wood and Sixth sts.

MEDICINAL LIQUORS.—I keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of Liquors, either bottled or otherwise, consisting of
Port Wine, Maderia Wine,
Sherry Wine, Catawba Wine,
Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum,
Bœrhave's, Hostetter's and Hooflands's German Bitters.
JOSEPH FLEMING,
oct1 corner of Diamond and Market street.

L. HIRSHFELD & SON,

NO. 83 WOOD STREET,

WILL OPEN ON

SATURDAY, OCT. 1ST,

An entire new assortment of

GENTS' COLLARS,

Including the

GARROTE,
BYRON GARROTE,
YOUTHS' NOVELTY,
YOUNG MENS',
BISHOPS,

Besides many of the FAVORITE STYLES. Our Collars this season will surpass any heretofore manufactured, and will be found superior to any other make.

SHIRTS AND COLLARS MEASURED TO ORDER.

L. HIRSHFELD & SON,
oct1:2p No. 83 Wood street.

CHICKERING & SONS'

NEW SCALE

PIANO FORTES.

THE subscriber has now on hand, a most splendid stock of Pianos, consisting of 6½ and 7 Octaves, in Plain and Carved Cases of the most elegant description, from the celebrated Factory of Chickering & Sons. The instruments are all provided with their latest improvements, as REPEATING-ACTION, DOUBLE-DAMPERS, FELT-HAMMERS, and are of their.

ENLARGED NEW SCALE,

By which a much larger sound-board is obtained, consequently the tone is rendered very powerful, yet retaining its sweet and musical quality. By the perfection of the Action, the performer is enabled to produce all grades of tone from *pianissimo* to *fortissimo*, with the greatest ease.

CHICKERING & SONS' PIANOS are thus spoken of by the best artistes and critics in our country:—

THALBERG says:—"They are beyond comparison *the best* I have ever seen in the United States, and will compare favorably with any I have ever known."

GUSTAVE SATTER say:—"The opinion which I expressed three years ago, has been more than confirmed to me, by the continued use of them, viz: That for *volume* and *pure quality of tone*, with nicety of articulation, they are unequalled."

[From the National Intelligencer, Washington.]

"They can safely bear comparison with instruments from any part of the world, in point of tone, strength and elasticity of touch."

[From the New Orleans Picayune.]

"For excellence of material, elegance of finish, and faithfulness of workmanship, and above all for volume and variety, mellow sweetness, brilliancy and permanence of tone, they are unequalled."

[From the Family Journal.]

"The peculiar musical qualities belonging to the Chickering instruments, are a full, musical, rich and powerful tone, free from any wooden, noisy, loudness of sound, so disagreeable to the sensitive musical ear. They have also an easy, even and pleasant touch, and will keep in tune better than any Pianos known.

The public are invited to call and examine these splendid instruments, which are sold at

Factory Prices and Warranted.

JOHN H. MELLOR,
aug25:daw 81 WOOD STREET.

W. CUNNINGHAM,.........D. CUNNINGHAM,.........R. CUNNINGHAM,
D. IHMSEN,.........C. DUNCAN.

CUNNINGHAMS & CO.—PITTSBURGH CITY GLASS WORKS—WAREHOUSE, No. 119 Water street, and 156 First street, Pittsburgh, Pa., three doors below Monongahela House. Manufacturers of Pittsburgh City Window Glass, Druggists' Glass Ware, and American Convex Glass, for parlor windows, churches and public buildings. se12:1y

G. S. BRYAN, Late of Lancaster....LOGAN & GREGG, Pitt'gh.

GEO. S. BRYAN & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C.,

No. 52 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

REFERENCES.—Lyon, Shorb & Co., Pittsburgh, Livingston, Copeland & Co., Pittsburgh; Thos. E. Franklin, Esq., Lancaster; Hon. Simon Cameron, Harrisburg; Bryan, Gardner & Co., Hollidaysburg, Pa. je28:6m

THE ENTERPRISE INSURANCE CO.

OF PHILADELPHIA,

INSURES AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE by Fire on Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture, &c., at reasonable rates of premium.

DIRECTORS.—F. Ratchford Starr; William M'Kee, of Wm. M'Kee & Co.; Nalbro Frazier; Jno. M. Atwood, of Atwood, White & Co.; Benj. T. Tredick, of Tredick, Stokes & Co.; Henry Wharton; Mordecai L. Dawson; Geo. H. Stewart, of Stewart & Bro.; John H. Brown, of John H. Brown & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, of B. A. Fahnestock & Co.; Andrew D. Cash; J. L. Erringer, of Wood & Erringer.

F. RATCHFORD STARR, President.

CHARLES W. COXE, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH REFERENCES.—Wm. Holmes & Co., J. Painter & Co., Thomas M. Howe, Esq., Jas. Marshall, Esq., Allen, Kramer, Esq., Wilson, M'Elroy & Co., Wilson, Payne & Co., Bailey, Brown & Co., Livingston, Copeland & Co., James B. Lyon & Co., Wm. S. Lavely & Co.

GEO. S. BRYAN & CO., Agents,
je28:6m No. 52 Wood street.

JOHN T. LOGAN,.........EDWARD GREGG.

LOGAN & GREGG,

Importers of

HARDWARE,

No. 52 Wood Street,

Four Doors above St Charles Hotel,
je28:6m *PITTSBURGH.*

LADIES' FANCY FURS

ALTERED AND REPAIRED,

In the most durable manner, and in the latest styles, at the CENTRE HAT STORE, 75 Wood street.

se23 HILLERMAN & COLLARD.

JAMES R. SHALER.........JOHN P. GLASS.

SHALER & GLASS,

Agents Pennsylvania Railroad,

STEAMBOAT AGENTS, AND

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 63 Commercial St., and 34 Levee,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

☞ Prompt personal attention given to Collecting and Adjusting Freights. se24:6m:is

JAMES A. FETZER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

FOR THE SALE OF

Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seed Dried Fruit and Produce Generally,

CORNER OF MARKET AND FIRST STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

REFER TO—Francis G. Bailey, Esq., William Dilworth, Sr., S. Cuthbert & Son, Pittsburgh; Boyd & Ott, Heiskell & Swearingen, S. Brady, Cash. M. & M. Bank, List & Howell, Mangle & Co., George W. Anderson, Donlon, Paxton & Co., Wheeling. my28:2ptf

S. GRAY & SON.,

DRAPIERS AND TAILORS,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

jy4:daw PITTSBURGH PA.

TIMOTHY SEED.—5 barrels fresh, just received and for sale by
oct1 HENRY H. COLLINS

25 BARRELS FINE GREEN APPLES, just received and for sale by
oct3 HENRY H. COLLINS.

1,000 LBS. PURE CREAM TARTAR for sale by
BECKHAM & KELLY,
oct3 Allegheny City