CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

Centre Hall, Pa., March 31, '71

TERMS.—The CENTRE HALL REPORTER is published weekly at $2 per year in advance, or $2,50 when not paid in advance. Halfyearly and quarterly subscriptions at the same rate. Single copies five cents.

Advertisements $1,50 per square (10 lines) forthree insertions. Advertisements for a longer period, at a reduced rate.

Business cards of five lines, $5 per year.

Communications recommending persons for office, 5 cents per line. Communications of a private nature and obituary notices exceeding five lines, five cents per line. Business notices in local column 10 cents per line, for one insertion.

Notices of deaths and marriages inserted free of charge. Our friends, in all parts of the county will oblige by sending us local items of interest from their respective localities.

The figures set to the address upon each subscriber's paper indicate that the subscription is paid up to such date, and answer the same as a receipt. Persons remitting by mail, or otherwise, will understand from a change in these dates that the money has been received

The New York Sun, a radical sheet, but which has no love for Grant, advises the democrats to nominate Sumner as their candidate for president in 1872. We rather think our party will not follow its advice, as there is plenty of good material, and far superior to Sumner, in our own ranks from which to nominate a leader. The radicals may swallow any thing from Grant up o garlic and codfish, but the democracy will never get hungry enough to swallow Sumner.

Ku-Klux.

The desperate strait in which the radicals now find themselves, is illustrated in the cry of Ku-Klux which some of them are now raising in and out of congress. "Bleeding Kansas" once served their purpose pretty well to humbug the people, but that was when the freedom shriekers were out of power and the people could in a measure, be gulled into believsng they were sincere. But we doubt whether the cry of "Ku-Klux," by Grant and his congressional desperadoes will find any ear with the masses who are groaning under radical misrule. The cry of Ku-Klux now raised is to divert the attention of the people from the iniquities of Grant and his office-holders, who are plundering at wholesale, and whose malfeasance is turning every honest man in the land against them. "Ku-Klux" is a humbug, and all there is of it, is of radical getting up, by radical carpet baggers who are to the South what the lice and toads were to Egypt. Egypt had its plagues in every imaginable kind of vermin and the South is plagued and cursed by the lice and toads of New England—carpet baggers who only went thither to steal, speculate, and plunder what was left those unfortunate people after a cruel and desolating war, and because some of these northern vermin are not encouraged by the high minded people of the South—and we hope to see them disrepurable characters all driven out—their radical partners and sharers of the spoils in the north, are now lustily crying "Ku-Klux." Let the south alone. If she is as bad as radical scalawags all the time represent her, why don't they keep away? They are not invited to go down there. Nearly all the military officers stationed through the south, report that they know nothing of these Ku-Klux outrages and that peace and order prevail.

New Hampshire has turned "Ku-Klux," Pennsylvania, New York, and other states, last fall went "Ku-Klux," and because the chivalrous sons of the south will not be forced into voting for the despicable carpet baggers, who for years have traduced her and who are now there like jackals to glut themselves upon her misfortunes, they bellow "Ku-Kitx" and ask congress to put them under the heel by legislation, and Grant is mean enough, after himself reporting the south was all quiet, to come to the assistance of those villains and ask congress for more bayonet power to tyranize and domineer over, and subjugate the southern people, because. they will not bow to and kiss the hand that has smitten them.

When it comes to decide between Ku-Klux and the crimes of Grant's administration, the people have already shown very unmistakably that they will turn "Ku Klux."

One Hundred Democrats.

Washington, March 22.—The three democratic congressmen from New Hampshire were sworn in to-day, being the first from that state for years. They met with a warm reception from their democratic brethern Hon. Fernando Wood will give a grand entertainment to-morrow in their honor. Hon. John Edwards, of Arkansas, was also sworn in to-day, swelling the number of democrats to an even hundred.

The county offices to be filled in this county next fall will be one member of the legislature, two associate judges, one county treasurer, one commissioner, and one auditor. Already are the aspirants for these places beginning to hold up their heads in the shape of, as for we have learned, three candidates for assembly, four or five for associate judge, and some six for county treasurer. We suppose the names of these, and probably a score of new ones in addition, will be announced in due course in the papers. There will be good material to select from; we expect to see a strong ticket nominated, with which the democratic majority in old Centre, will be swelled to at least 1000 next October.

We here repeat, what we said in the REPORTER last fall, that the canvass for nomination should be carried on among rivals in a more friendly and honorable way than has heretofore been the case. The system of wire-pulling, raising all kinds of damaging stories against rival candidates, and making all kinds of promises, this to Tom the other to Harry—should be beneath any one claiming to be a gentleman. We think such a course in a candidate very degrading, and shows that he is only a spoils seeker, with more love for filthy lucre than for the principles of the the party to which he professes to belong.

In next week's REPORTER we will print copious extracts from Senator Sumner's great speech, delivered last Tuesday on San Domingo and Grant. He gives Grant particular "jesse."

COLORED RECONSTRUCTION.

The Fifteenth Amendment in the Jury Box—A Scallaway Judge and a Colored Witness.

An incident or two, which occured recently in North Carolina, illustrates how justice is administered under radical reconstruction in the south.

A colored fellow-citizen went into a store, and finding the merchant, as he supposed, too busily engaged with a customer to attend to his wants, proceeded to fill his pockets with sundry valuable articles lying on the counter. It was dexterously done, but the vigilant eye of the owner saw what transpired. As the gentleman was passing out of the door with his booty, the merchant arrested him, made him unload, and then handed him over to the tender mercies of the law. The thief was indicted and arraigned before the court and jury of his peers. The facts were proven as above stated. The learned judge charged the jury as follows:

"GIMMEN OF JURY: Dis prisner you are tryin' is charged with the crime of stealin'. Stealin' is the takin' and carryin' away of de goods of another. He must not only take 'em but must tote 'em off. Dis prisner took the goods, but before he got out of the store de owner made him leff 'em dar. If de storekeeper wanted to make de prisner a thief, he should wait until the prisner had leff the store and toted off de goods. You must find de prisner not guilty."

The jury, concuring in the law as laid down by the court, instantly acquitted the accused.

An eminent lawyer of Wilmington had occasion in the trial of a case to call a colored witness to the stand. The name of the witness is Anthony Hall, and he is an alderman of the city. After being sworn, Mr. Holmes, the attorney, addressed him thus: "Now Anthony, tell the court and jury"—"Stop," said the judge, "you will please address the witness as Mr. Hall or Alderman Hall; the court will not permit a witness to be insulted." Mr. Holmes assured the court that he intended no disrespect to the witness or the court; that he had always known him as Anthony, and by that name he was uniformly addressed. The judge directed the clerk to enter a fine of $10 against him, Mr. H. took his seat, and the court directed him to proceed in the examination of his witness. The attorney said he should ask no further questions. On his refusing a second time, the judge directed the clerk to increase the fine to $20. The attorney on the other side asked Mr. Hall a few questions, and said, "Mr. Holmes take your witness." Mr. H., without thinking, said, "Anthony, you can stand aside." The repetition of the indignity aroused the ire of the Judge, and he directed the clerk to increase the fine upon Mr. Holmes to $100. He paid the fine and left the court. The court room was crowded with leafing negroes, who were greatly delighted with the action of the judge, and will vote to reelect the carpet bagger for his vindication of their rights. One of the ablest carpet bag judges, having the full confidence of the radicals of North Carolina, is eminetly qualified for the criminal department, having served four and a half years in the Ohio state prison for burglary.

Speaking of the sad effect of the coal suspension the Scranton Daily Democrat of Saturday says: "As the days succeed each other and are multiplied into weeks and months, the continued suspension draws the dark clouds of want and misery more thickly over the length and brendth of our valleys. Beyond the great mountians which girdle the anthracite regions, how little is known of the woes and sorrows which have been caused by the suspension. Under many a roof are gathered together wives and children, whose prayers constantly arise to heaven for help in this the darkest hour of their existence. Hundreds of families who never before knew what it was to want for the actual necessaries of life, are now experiencing the sorry pangs of poverty. The exhausted purse and the empty cupboard are prolific of untold dispair. No longer ago than yesterday a case was brought under our immediate attention. It was that of a family, lately arrived in this section, consisting of husband, wife and four little ones. They had left the old country, ignorant of the desolation now reigning in this vicinity. The sorrows of the farewell were greatly mitigated by the bright hopes which went before them. On the voyage across the ocean, many speculations as to the early accumulation of comforts, were indulged in. But alas! how shallow were there dreams. To-day they are in bitter want. The mother has been sick for nearly ten days, without medical assistance. The scanty larders of neighbors have contributed their portion in order that life might be sustained. In the teapot were a quantity of tea leaves which, we informed had been boiled and re-boiled a dozen times. And this is only one instance in thousands just as bad. It is a sad paradox that in the midst of plenty thousands are famishing."

Cessna vs. Meyers.

The Chambersburg Valley Spirit, printed in the Meyers-Cessa district, says:

The Committee on Elections of the House of the Representatives had before them on last Friday the case of Chorpenning Cessna against Hon. B. F. Meyers. The hearing was postponed until next session. Cessna was very much chagrined at this decision, and moved that the parties be required to file their arguments with the Clerk by July 1st—that he should have them printed and sent to the members of the Committee and that the case be disposed of at the opening of the next session. This extraordinary proposition was resisted by Mr. Coffroth who was present, acting as Counsel for Mr. Meyers. He proposed that the briefs of Counsul be filed at the meeting of Congress in December and that the case be argued at the pleasure of the Committee. The proposition of Mr. Coffroth was adopted. Oral arguments will be made before the Committee at such time as they shall fix. This was Cessna's second defeat. He was anxious to have the Committee dispose of the case in a summary way, after the manner in which he was in the habit of manipulating contested election cases himself. But he was surprised to discover that there was a disposition on the part of his Committee to decide according to the testimony. He doesn't want this case decided according to the evidence. He knows very well that a careful examination of the testimony will increase the majority of Mr. Meyers. We have reliable information that a count will give Mr. Meyers a majority of over one hundred. We drop a tear over Cessna's disappointment, but we insist that he ought to be removed from the Presidency of the Board of Trustees of Franklin and Marshall College.

The Vice-Presidents' Grammar.

When Joe Lane was a candidate for Vice-President, serious objection was made to his orthography. Vice President Colfax's grammar seems to be equally bad. The last number of the Independent contains an article from his pen on the Northern Pacific railroad in which this passage occurs:

Even taking Chicago as the starting point, it will be (via St. Paul, where an arm of this railroad is reached) two hundred miles less distance to Puget's Sound than to San Francisco. Besides this vessels from the Golden Gate to China sail on what is called the grand circle, instead of in a straight line; and any one testing this by a string on a globe will be surprised at the result, if they have not previously studied the effect of the rotundity of the earth, and its diminished protuberance as you go northward toward the Pole. Hence, when they have sailed eight hundred miles from San Francisco they are only one hundred miles from the entrance to Puget's Sound.

Thus, in one sentence, we have the individual making the test alluded to, represented in the first, second and third persons, in the singular and plural number. This would be bad enough for a twelve year old school boy, but for Vice President Colfax it is disgraceful. The Independent should engage a critic on the style of eminent personages, if Colfax is to continue his contributions.

Which is the Imitation and Which the Model?

The San Domingo correspondent of the Tribune says that Baez, the so called President of San Domingo, keeps all the members of his family in public office. The Governor of San Domingo city is his brother; a second brother is a General of his army; a half brother is Governor of Azua; a brother-in-law is Secretary of State; the Depty Collector of the capital is his son; and another son fills a valuable office in the same city.

One reason why all these relations of the President's family are such zealous partisans of annexation is, that the Treasury of San Domingo is heavily in their debt. They enjoy large salaries, but they are never paid, because there is nothing to pay them with; and out of the million and a half dollars to be handed over to Beaz by the Unitd States for the island a very large portion will go into the hands of his relations. Indeed, the correspondent of the Tribune says that Baez and his sons, brothers-in law, brothers, cousins; second cousins, and so on, will get about the whole of it.

UNHAPPY PARIS.

Scenes of '48 Re-enacted.

Mob Sweeping All Before It.—The Populace in Arms.—Riot and Disorder Rampant.—Prominent Citizens Butchered.—Their Bodies Paraded On the Streets.—Heavy Fighting in Progress.—Streets Red With Blood.—Energetic Action of Bismarck.

Paris, March 23.—A serious disturbance terminating in a riot occurred at the Place Vendome. Last evening a reactionary crowd had congregated in that vicinity and were expressing in strong and equivocal terms their disapprobation of the course pursued by the insurgents. The mass of people swelled to such proportions and appeared so much disposed to indulge in riot and disorder that an order was given to a company of nationals to clear the mob. The latter, however, resisted, and it was not until every effort which was made to effect a clearance without bloodshed had failed that the order was given to the nationals to fire. At the order the troops fired and the mob fell back and finally dispersed. An immense number of persons were killed and wounded by the fire of the troops. Great indignation is felt among the citizens in consequence of this last crowning outrage. The reactionary movement is rapidly assuming force and strength. The citizens are arming throughout the city, the Place d' Auxerroirs has been selected as a rendezvous and they are now concentrating rapidly at that place. There they will appoint leaders and determine on their future plans and movements. The greatest excitement prevails in the city. All classes of citizens are partaking of the agitation, which has become general. Heavy fighting is in progress before the Palais Royal and the scene in that vicinity is one of riot and carnage. A similar scene is progressing at the Louvre, where the fighting and riot has become general. The peaceable citizens are meanwhile in the greatest alarm and consternation least their own lives and safety should be imperiled or threatened by the disturbances.

London, March 23—noon.—Telegrams from Paris just received contain information of further fighting and rioting, which occurred in that city this forenoon.

An immense number of citizens have been killed in these disturbances and the greatest indignation prevails among the citizens, who are now arming themselves, determined to quell the disturbances.

Varsailles, March 23.—M. Favre has informed the national assembly that he has received a communication from Prince Bismarck in which the latter announces that if the telegraph wires in communication with Paris are not repaired and the aggressions which are continually occuring in direct violation of the treaty of peace are not stopped within twenty-four hours the German troops will reocupy the forts surrounding Paris and open fire upon the city. The greatest excitement prevails in the assembly in consequence of this announcement.

Several of the Paris papers have removed to Versailles.

The Paris insurgents have obtained from the Bank of France a million francs against the deposit of a formal treasury bond. A requisition made by them upon the Rothschilds was refused payment.

Varsailles, March 23—evening.—The insurrection in Paris is fast assuming the proportions and horrible character of the revolution in blood, while prominent citizens are hourly assassinated by the mob. The latest information received from the city describes the mob as sweeping all before it. The most appalling scenes are being enacted, and among the prominent citizens who are announced to have been butchered by the rioters today are M. Baude, some time since spoken of as France's representative at the London conference, M. Hattengner, banker and member of the bourse, and M. Henri de Pene, the celebrated civil engineer. Immediately after these gentlemen were murdered their corpses were paraded upon the boulevards, amid the yells and curses of the infuriated mob. The greatest consternation prevails among the more respectable classes, who have great fears for the lives of women and children. All private dwellings are kept closed and the city is at the mercy of the unmerciful reds.

The insurgents to-day entered and occupied Fort Vincennes without opposition. It is rumored here that an attack will be made upon the revolutionists to-morrow by the troops now held in reserve by the government.

Washington, March 22.—The Democratic column in the House stands at 101. To-day Messrs. Hibbard, Bell, and Parker were sworn in as the New Hampshire Democratic delegation, and were soon afterwards followed by Mr. Edwards, of Arkansas, thus increasing the number on the Democratic side from 97 to 101. The accession last week of Mr. Jacob B. Blair from the Republican side was the first increase since the organization. In the elections yet to take place the Democrats will elect at least seven members, which will give them within fourteen votes of a majority of the House, but for all practical purposes they now control the House. Thus far in the two weeks of the new session they have carried every point, and, by destroying the two-thirds rule, have nipped in the bud every attempt of the Radicals at vicious legislation.

Execution of Loyd Brittain.

From our special correspondent.

Williamsport, March 22d—To-day as the sunshine spreads a vivid brightness over our city and landscape, Loyd Brittain closed his remarkable life of crime upon the gallows. He was a negro of ordinary height, robust build and genuine color, presenting an appearance of childish simplicity and innocence. Born of parents held in bondage near Baltimore, he early escaped their doom by his departure to Little York. There he began that wonderful career of crime and licentiousness in return for which to-day he pays his penalty by his life. It is said of him that though he had an ostensible wife, he found attachment with two married women at York, one of which eloped with him as far as Lewistown when the rightful husband overtook him and recovered his legal spouse. From Lewistown he proceeded to Bellefonte where his assumed wife rejoined him, but some time afterwards died. In '42 he arrived at Williamsport where he soon made the acquaintance of a Mrs. Adams with whom he departed to Wilksbarie, she leaving behind her a husband and three children to accompany him. At the latter place he is said to have attempted to kill a certain Mr. Kelly who stood between him and the object of his lust.

Accusations of robbery and attempted murder follow him in his tracks wherever he had made his abode. With such a preparation Brittain settled about three-forth of a mile north of the centre of the city in a place of most notorious repute called "Nigger Hollow." Hard by stands a disreputable tavern in which the inhabitants of the sinkhole of pollution were wont to assemble, and spend their money and time in useless drinks and idle gossip. Here on the 16th of November may be seen Loyd Brittain (colored) and Jacob Bay (white) the victim. They sit by a table in friendly and confidential conversation concerning a sertain Mrs. Thompson, the object of both their illicit lust. This wicked woman had forbidden the house to Brittain on that night, in consequence of which he deliberates injury against his rival. Meanwhile Bay called for the drinks and they exchange compliments. It is between 8 and 9 o'clock at night. Brittain soon leaves the tavern with his tools, among which was the fatal chisel, and proceeds to conceal himself near the house of Mr. Thompson, the wife of whom had frequently received improper visits from both Brittain and Bay. Shortly Bay came along and entered the house. Jealousy filled Brittain's heart, and a short distance above the house, he concealed himself with the chisel, premeditating murder. Presently Bay left the house to return home. As he passed along, Brittain sprang from the darkness and stabbed him with a chisel. Bay shrieked "murder!" and the cowardly assassin fled, believing that no one had seen him. Providence, however, ruled otherwise; for as he struck the fatal blow, the victim looked around and, by means of the brightness of a light shining from a neighboring house full in the murderer's face, he saw the face of his dusky friend with whom he had parted seemingly friendly. Bay staggered back to the tavern, exclaiming as he entered. "Oh I'm murdered! The colored man I treated at your bar hurt me! I have to die—to die!" Medical aid was summoned. The wound was made on the right side of the abdomen. The suffering man was conveyed to his home where one week after, he died in consequence of the stabbing

The next day the assassin was arrested and imprisoned. Before the death of Bay, Brittain was called to his bedside when he identified the murderer. On the 29 of November he was duly tried, convicted and sentenced to be executed.

THE DUTY OF THE SHERIFF.

On this beautiful sunny day a vast concourse of people gathered around the jail anxious to get a glimpse. About two hundred entered the yard of the jail to witness the fearful execution of the law. At 20 minutes before 10 o'clock the sheriff, officers, prisoner, ministers and jury thoughtfully and mournfully marched from the prisoners cell to the scaffold. The sheriff, prisoner, and ministers walked up the scaffold. After the reading of the warrant, Rev. Harden offered up a devout prayer in which he committed the prisoner into the hand of Almighty God. He was then allowed to speak. He came forward and in a rapid and audible voice, said: "Gertlemen, I am going to be hung. I can say that I didn't kill Jake Bay or nothing. That's all I've got to say." Brittain then bade good-bye to the sheriff, officers, and ministers saying in unalkred voice, "God bless you." The officer placed the rope around his neck, Brittain smiling as he did so. With his neck in the rope, both his hands and feet in shackles, the trap was sprung at precisely 12:50, and the soul of Loyd Brittain departed, leaving his lifeless body swung in the air. Although his fall was six feet it did not dislocate his neck and the prisoner twitched in agonies. At 10 minutes after his fall his heart ceased to beat. He was taken down seventeen minutes after his fall, put in a plain coffin and delivered into the hands of his family, who, at his request, are to keep his body two days before interment.

Thus ended another life of consummate crime and licentiousness upon the gallows. Green-eyed jealousy has catalogued another name upon its bloody front; too suggestive of the presence of human depravity and sinfulness. J. L. S.

Holden Convicted.

Result of the Impeachment Trial—Governor Holden Found Guilty and Deposed from Office—He is Disqualified Forever from Holding any Place of Profit or Honor in the State—The Final Vote 36 to 13.

Raleigh, N. C., March 22.—The High Court of Impeachment, sitting for the trial of W. W. Holden, Governor of North Carolina, voted to-day on eight articles of impeachment preferred by the House, with the following result: Forty-nine members were present, and a two-thirds vote was required to convict.

On the first article he was found "not guilty"—yeas, 30; nays, 19.

On the second article the vote was: Yeas, 32; nays, 17. "Not guilty."

On the third article he was found "guilty"—yeas, 37; nays, 12.

On the fourth article, "guilty"—yeas, 33; nays, 16.

On the fifth, "guilty"—yeas, 40; nays, 9.

On the sixth, "guilty"—yeas, 41; nays, 8.

On the seventh, "guilty"—yeas, 37; nays, 13.

On the eighth, "guilty"—yeas, 36; nays, 13.

An order was then passed removing Governor Holden from office, and disqualifying him from holding any office of honor or profit in the State.

On this order the vote stood 36 in the affirmative and 13 in the negative.

All the Senators were present except one. The complexion of the Senate is thirty-six Conservatives and fourteen Republicans. One Republican was absent, Mr. Flythe, of Northampton.

The charges on which Mr. Holden, recently Governor of North Carolina, was impeached are briefly, refusing obedience to the writ of habeas corpus, torturing and unlawfully imprisoning citizens, and taking money illegally out of the State treasury to pay a band of desperate characters employed by him as a standing army. On the habeas corpus charge the vote was very heavy against him—one-third of the Republican Senators voting 'guilty' with their Democratic colleagues; so that in suspending that muniment of liberty Mr. Holden may be said to have hanged himself. His sentence is removal from office and disqualification from holding any office of trust, honor, or profit within the State The proceedings of the court of impeachment being, we take it, beyond review, this disqualification is for life, and, an impeachment sentence not barring the more ordinary forms of prosecution, the deposed Governor is amenable to further punishment, though, out of regard to his present great though justly earned degradation, it is not likely the rod will be laid on his back anew. The most prominent consequence of this impeachment will be a sudden falling off in the number of "Ku-Klux outrages" in North Carolina, these grisly tales having had it for a main object to scare the Legislature by a threat of reconstruction into sparing the culprit before it. The next impeachment in order is that of David Butler, Governor of Nebraska, accused of malversation of public funds

THE OUTRAGES IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Testimony of a Northern Man—Negroes Murdering Whites—Unfair Action of the Investigation Committee.

Lenoir, N. C., March 17.—I have been reading the Tribune on the doings here in North Carolina, and it has surprised me not a little that so much has been said about the terrible murders of the blacks by the Ku-Klux-Klan, and nothing about those by the Union League of the whites.

It does seem strange, in view of the natural common sense of the Northern people, that they can believe that where for the last five years there has been a majority of Republicans among jurors (negroes sitting on the jury), the judges all Republicans, and sheriff and officers all Republicans, that no one can have justice but a conservative. I am from the North; have been here all the time since the war, and can testify that I have never seen given to other Northern people coming here honestly to make a living anything but the most unvarying kindness. The conduct of the people towards me has been one of the utmost cordiality. To be sure I have never told them they were "detestable rebels," and ought to give up their farms.

Why was it that the Investigating Committee did not subpoena a Conservative from Eastern North Carolina, instead of the three worthless characters they ordered from this place? If they had ordered a Conservative there he might have told them of the perfect peace we have enjoyed for the past year to the negro, and or that their children were scarcely good enough to attend school with negroes, as I have known carpet baggers to do.

I think it my duty to give in my evidence on one of the outrages that has come to my knowledge. The first year after the war a Mr. Odehum happened to offend one of the "truly loyal." This fellow took several other negroes, went to Mr. Odehum's in the night and killed him in the presence of his wife, took her and dragged her into the woods and cruelly outraged her, and then left, after robbing the house. She swore to the negro, but the Radical sheriff neglected to do anything with him, and he goes about the neighborhood as big and free as does any other Union Leaguer where there is a majority of blacks.

Grant's San Domingo commissioners arrived at Washington on Monday evening.

The only incident of interest that happened on the way from Charleston was on the Acquis Creek boat, where Fred Douglass was refused admittance to the dining room, whereupon the whole party refused to take their dinner and when they arrived here were in a rather ravenous condition. An orderly from the White House met the boat, with a letter from the President for Mr. Wade. As has been anticipated, the journalists of the party agree that the report will be very strong in favor of he annexation scheme.

The following is an addition to the already published accounts of the terrible calamity at East Mahoning township, Indiana county. On Tuesday night or Wednesday morning of last week, the dwelling house of Wm. Hopkins caught fire and was entirely consumed, and horrible to relate, two of his daughters, aged respectively eighteen and twenty years, and a little nephew between three and four years old, were burned to death in the flames. Not a vestige of the little boy is said to have been left except his skull and the remains of the young ladies also were almost entirely consumed. The fire is supposed to have been occasioned by coals dropping from the cook stove and igniting the floor beneath.

Since the New Hamsphire election Grant has refused to receive visitors. The Chicago *Times* thinks if something could happen which would make him refuse bribes it would be a blessed thing for the country.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL AND LIFE ILLUSTRATED for April, appears in its usual becoming dress, and contains an excellent variety of reading matter with several portraits. We would instance—Misses Nilsson and Demorest, with portraits, Henry Burden and Elias P. Needham, two Inventors of the Day; the late Boy Suicides; Edward C. Delaven; Italians in New York; Tree planting in America; General "Stonewall" Jackson; The Anglo Civilization as typified in Alferd the Great; Slavery without a master; Wm. L. Bowling, M. D.; Alice Cary, the poet; Genius and Honesty. A good number. Price 30 cts.; $3 a year. Sent half a year, on trial, for $1. Address S. R. WELLS, 386 Broadway, N. Y.

Sent Free for 3 Months, to try.

A new 8 page illustrated paper. Among its contributors will be found many of the best and most popular writers in the land, embracing John Hay, (author of Little Breeches and Jim Bludso,) Mrs. A. D. Richardson, Junius Henri Browne, Col. Knox, Prof. Simonson, George Warren, Sophe Worthington, Lillian Gilbert Browne, Miss S. A. Brock, Captain Morston, Alexander Hyde, (in Agricultural department,) and many others. Mark Twain will also contribute articles occasionally. Send names to AMERICAN PUBLISHER Hartford, Conn.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for April, 1871 has lovely embellishments, including a Steel Plate, Toby is Waiting, a Colored Fashion Plate of six figures, a plate of Riding-habits, an "April Fool" engraving an Extension Sheet, Containing thirty-eight engravings, and a great variety of fancy work designs in the Work Department. In the literary department there is a great amount of reading that is exceedingly diversified and interesting.

NEW ILLUSTRATED FAMILY PAPER.—We have received the first number of *For Everybody*, a new monthly paper published by Henry H. Sage, Buffalo, N. Y. As its name implies, it contains matter of interest to all, young and old; novels and history, agriculture and fine arts, humor and burlesque, all have their allotted spaces. It is an illustrated paper and the engravings are carefully selected and admirably executed. Sample copies will be sent on receipt of fifteen cents, and the subscription price is only $1 50.

Mrs. Frank Quinn, a delicate woman of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, had an unpleasantness which her husband last week, and locked herself in a room The husband threatened her life, and she opened the door and fled down stairs. He fired a gun after her. The bullet, however, missed the mark, but so frightened her as to cause death in a day or two.

READY FOR AGENTS.—The book that is selling. The Cheapest and Best History of the Late War, in both English and German, Profusely Illustrated, only $2,00. One agent reports 38 orders in two days, act quickly and coin money. A. H. HUBBARD, Publisher, 4 0 Chestnut St., Phila. mar31. 4t

AGENTS MALE & FEMALE.

For fast selling *popular* subscription Books. Extra Inducements to Agents. Information free, Address Am. Book Co., 42 William St. N. Y. feb24.4t

THIS IS NO HUMBUG!

By sending 55cts. with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O Drawer No 24, Fultonville, N. Y. m'24.4t

WANTED—AGENTS, ($20 PER day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the *under-feed*, makes the *"lock stitch"* (alike on both sides,) and is *fully licensed*. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & co., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. 27jn13t

COUGH! COUGH! COUGH!

Why will you Cough when you can be so easily relieved by using

Dr. Wells' Carbolic Tablets?

They are a sure cure for Sore Throat, Cold, Horseness, Catarrh and all Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, and Bronchial Tubes.

From the great number of Testimonials as to the efficiency of this invaluable medicine the following is selected.

47 Wabpansah Ave, Chicago, Ill. Jan. 14. 71

"For the last ten years I have been a great sufferer from frequent attacks of Acute Bronchitis, and have never found anything to relieve me from these attacks until I tried Dr. Wells' Carbolic Tablets."

ELIZABETH T. ROOT.

CAUTION. Don't let worthless articles be palmed off on you, be sure you get only WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, Platt Street, N. Y. Sole Agent. Sold by Druggists. Price 25 cents a Box. mar24.4t

AGENTS WANTED FOR

"WONDERS OF THE WORLD."

Over one thousand illustrations. The largest best selling, and most attractive subscription book ever published. One agent in Denver, Colorado, sold 100 copies in 4 days. One agent in Milwaukee sold 30 copies in 4 day, and a large number from 20 to 30 copies per day. Send for Circulars, with terms at once. Address U. S. PUBLISHING CO., 411 Broome St., N. Y. feb24.8t

REDUCTION OF PRICES to conform to Reduction of Duties.

GREAT SAVING to CONSUMERS by CETTING UP CLUBS.

Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers.

The Great American Tea Co., 31 & 33 *Vesey Street*, P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK. 20jan. 16t

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

HISTORY OF THE WAR IN EUROPE

It contains over 100 fine engravings of Battles Scenes and incidents in the War, and is the only AUTHENTIC and OFFICIAL history of that great conflict.

Published in both English and German. CAUTION. Inferior histories are being circulated. See that the book you buy contains 100 fine engravings and maps. Send for circulars & see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, NAT'L Publishing Co., Phila. mar24.4t

Scripture and Scines have met together. Genesis and Geology have kissed each other.

Science AND THE Bible.

A book of thrilling interest and greatest importance to every human being. The Papers, Pulpits and People are all discussing the subject and book, every man, woman and child wants to read it. The long fierce war is ended, and honorable peace secured, Science is true, the Bible literal, pure and beautiful, both now satified, and firm friends. God's work days, six actual days, not long periods. This book gives the very cream of science, making its thrilling realities, beauties, wonders and sparkling gems a hundred fold more interesting than fiction. AGENTS WANTED. Experienced Agents will drop other books and secure territory immediately. Address for circular ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 16 So. Sixth St., Phila. mar24.4t

JURUBEBA.

WHAT IS IT?

It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the Liver and Spleen, enlargement or obstruction of interest, Urinary, Uterine, or Abdominal Organs, Poverty or a want of Blood, Intermittent or Remittent Fevers, Inflammation of the Liver, Dropsy, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Abscesses, Tumors, Jaundice, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Ague & Fever or those Concomitants.

Dr. Wells having become aware of the extraordinary medical properties of the South American Plant, called

JURUBEBA,

sent a special commission to that country procure it in its native purity, and having found it its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipation formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has perfected arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as

Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba

and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy which should be freely taken as a Blood Purifier in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic temperaments. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, Platt St., New York Sole Agent for the United States. Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular. mar24.4t

8 O'CLOCK.

THE MAGIC COMB will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains no poison. One comb sent by mail for $1. Dealers supplied at reduced rates. Address Wm Patton. Treas Springfield, Mass. 10.m'4

WANTED.—Agents everywhere to sell our new Book, viz, "HISTORY OF ITALY," (illustrated,) by John S. C. Abbott. A splendid subject and popular author. B. B. RUSSELL, Publisher, Boston, Mass. mar10.4t

$5 TO $20 A DAY!

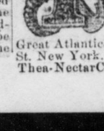
Do you want a situation as salesman at or near home, to sell our new 7 stand White Wire Clothes Lines to last for ever. Dont miss this chance. Sample free. Address Hudson River Wire Mills, B'm St., N. Y. or 16 Dearborn St., Chicago. mar10.4t

DEAFNESS, CATARRH, SCROFULA. A lady who had suffered for years from Deafness, Catarrh and Scrofula, was cured by a simple remedy. Her sympathy and gratitude prompts her to send the receipts free of charge to any one similarly afflicted. Address Mrs. M. C. LEGGETT, Jersey City, N. J. mar10.4t

FRUIT JAR MANUFACTURERS AND BUYERS are notified, that a better and cheaper Jar than was ever known will be supplied This Jar excells in every quality and requirement, and will outsell and can undersell any and all others. It will sell itself. Important Price list for 1871, now ready and sent fre. Address CHAS. G. INLAY & SON, No. 221 Dock St., Philadelphia. mar10.4t

BOOK AGENTS!

The most useful, ornamental, sensible and popular of subscription books, is "Physical Trainning of Children," just out. It has splendid Steel Plates, is richly bound, and every Father and Mother who sees it wants it. It has no opposition and delivers elegantly. The first agent out cleared $21,60 in five hours! No modern book like this one. Splendid terms. Circulars sent free. Canvassing Books only $1. New World Pub. Co., s. w. cor. 7th and Market Sts., Philadelphia. mar10.4t



THEA-NECTAR IS A PURE BLACK TEA with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for wholesale only by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co, 8 Church St. New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. mr10.4t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of Daniel Condo, late of Gregg twp., dec'd, having been granted the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby called upon to come forward and make settlement without delay, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

DANIEL RUNKLE,
CYRUS CONDO,
Administrators.
mar16.6t

EARLY ROSE POTATOES.—The undersigned has a large quantity of the Early Rose Potatoes for sale. These potatoes are earlier and yield more largely than any other kind. To be had at reasonable rates.

J. C. KAMP
mar10.4t Centre Hill.

Norway Oats.

ATTENTION FARMERS.—The undersigned offers a large quantity of Norway Oats for sale. This oats yields twice as much as any other oats. RATES—Single Bushel $2,00 or three Bushels $5,00. Orders may be left at the Old Fort and accompanied by the cash, or by calling upon the undersigned near Farmers Mills.

feb25.2m. JAS A. M'CLINTICK

J. H. Reifsnyder
Justice of the Peace, Surveyor, and Conveyancer.

Attends to collections, surveying and dividing of lands. Particular attention given to those having land, or property for sale, or desiring to buy. Deeds Mortgages &c., &c; drawn and acknowledged upon short notice, and reasonable terms.

Office over Snook's Store Millheim, Pa. feb10.3m

News! See Here!

TIN AND SHEETIRON WARE

The undersigned hereby informs the citizens of Pennsvalley that he has purchased the Tinshop heretofore carried on by the C. H. M'f'g Co., and will continue the same, at the old stand, in all its branches, in the manufacture of

STOVE PIPE & SPOUTING.

All kinds of repairing done. He has always on hand

Fruit Cans, of all Sizes,
BUCKETS,
CUPS,
DIPPERS,
DISHES, &C.

All work warranted and charges reasonable. A share of the public patronage solicited. AND. REESMAN,
2sep70y Centre Hall

ZELLER & JARRETT

dealers in

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS.
also all the
STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

A very large assortment of TOILET ARTICLES, FANCY Goods Soaps, &c., &c.,

The finest quality of RAZOR STEEL, POCKET KNIVES, SCISSORS and RAZORS.

WALL PAPER IN GREAT VARIETY.

PRESCRIPTIONS, compounded by competent druggists at all hours, day or night.

Night customers pu l night bell.
ZELLER & JARRETT,
Bishop St., Bellefonte Pa.
jun18 1

BAROMETERS and Thermometers, at IRWIN & WILSONS.

COFFIN TRIMMINGS, a large assortment at IRWIN & WILSONS

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISTERY.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope Price six cents.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND RADICAL Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhoea, induced, by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c. By ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D. Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may