



CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, PA., JULY 15th, 1870.

Plain Words, the new paper at Bellefonte, after a four week's existence, has died. Just as we expected, it was only a flash-in-the-pan.

We have been liberally informed that Hon. C. J. C. McIntire, will not be a candidate for re-election to the state senate.

The railroad troubles at Millinburg are in prospect of being arranged, and the work will go ahead.

Lyon, Shorb, & Co., have leased the Tyrone list with a subscription of \$50,000 towards grading the L. C. & S. C. R. R. to Pine Grove Mills, and expect to add \$25,000 to it from the same locality. The people at the upper end are at work, and mean to have the road, at least that it shall not fall through from any fault of theirs, and they have insisted upon the engineers being put to work on the western end at once.

Plain Words, one of the republican organs of Centre county, opposes Bill Armstrong for his reckless votes in congress. So the republican readers of the Reporter will see that we did Mr. Armstrong no injustice when we denounced him for dodging the vote to raise the duty on pig metal, and in voting for every villainous landgrab measure that came up, and for voting to keep the odious income tax upon the shoulders of the people.

Armstrong wants to be re-elected. Mind him for these votes.

If one half which the radical editors of Bellefonte say of each other be true, then verily the radical organs of this county are conducted by a set of the biggest scamps in the land. If, on the other hand, what they publish against each other, be not true, then they are the biggest lying villains living, and should not be countenanced in decent society.

The newspaper war going on between Brown, Brainerd, and Gould, is a disgrace, not only to the parties participating, but renders their papers, the Republican and Plain Words, unfit to be read in any family. If these radical sheets tell the truth, their editors should be in the states prison, instead of being permitted to walk the streets of Bellefonte.

There is scarce any thing in the calendar of meanness, which these manufacturers of the radical literature of Centre county, do not change, and even prove, each other to be guilty of. They are scolding each other in the most persistent Xantippean style, and their looseness and lewdness of tongue, would make the lowest of London fishermen pale. It must be very gratifying for the "God and morality party" of Centre county to have such men to lead them, and to mould ideas for them. Like leaders, like party.

The Catawissa R. R. Co. intend building a bridge across the river at Milton, and extending their road to Williamsport. A citizen of Milton writes to the Millinburg Telegraph, stating that they would meet the Millinburg people half way in building a railroad.

Such a project is now talked of at Milton and at Millinburg, and if carried out would leave Lewisburg out in the cold completely. Lewisburg would have itself to blame for its selfishness and narrowmindedness, for it seems to think there is no railroad, and can be none other, but their little rascals.

The Old R. R. Stock Can Be Revived.

The letter below is of importance to such as had formerly taken stock in the L. C. & S. R. R., and upon which installments were paid. It will be seen that such stock can be revived with the credits upon the same.

OFFICE OF L. C. & S. R. R. Co. Philadelphia, July 1, 1870.

Sir:—In answer to yours of 27th ult. I send you copy of the resolution asked for.

Resolved, That any person whose former subscriptions have been forfeited to this Company, and who may have or will make respectively new subscriptions for capital stock for not less than the respective number of shares so forfeited, shall be allowed a credit thereon of any sums they have heretofore paid upon their subscriptions so forfeited.

The above resolution was adopted at a meeting of the Board, June 15, 1870.

JAS. LESLIE, Sec'y. To R. H. Duncan, esq.

A benevolent gentleman has discovered that in forty years a snuff taker devotes twenty-four months to blowing his nose.

The Carbon Democrat says that region is again being infested with gangs of horse thieves.

Hecla and Logan Gaps Survey. The engineers of the Snowshoe R. R. Co., on last Saturday completed the survey for a route from Bellefonte to Spring-Mills, through Hecla and Logan Gaps. They report having found a feasible route, and make the distance 211 miles, with grades of 52 feet per mile, and a tunnel of 2,000 feet in length, through the mountain dividing Greens valley from Little Sugar Valley. The route, however will be a very expensive one, which may offset its feasibility. The engineers find Spring Mills at an elevation of 300 feet above Bellefonte, and the mountain at that place 1100 feet high.

The Money Raised in Gregg. Our neighbors down in Gregg are bound to keep the lead, and they deserve being called the banner township in the railroad work. Gregg has now completed her subscription of \$50,000, which is her share, and what is better, has already secured the greater portion of the right of way, and the balance is being taken. The example of Gregg is worthy of imitation, and her citizens deserve all praise for their promptness and liberality. Potter and some of the other townships are still somewhat behind yet, and it is to be hoped they will not be found wanting in the matter.

There are too many talking railroad and wishing for a railroad, who are men of means, yet do not subscribe, but hold back and want their neighbors to do the work. There must be less of this spirit, or we will not get the road, that is certain.

R. R. from Milton to Millinburg. As Millinburg thinks Lewisburg is opposed to having the L. C. & S. C. R. R. go on, the people of the former place threaten to have a road from Milton to their town, and thus leave Lewisburg out in the cold for spite, a writer in the Millinburg paper, makes the following suggestions:

Mr. Editor—I regret to learn of the "hitch" between the R. R. Co. and the subscribers for stock. The people west of Lewisburg in Union and Centre counties have been particularly unfortunate in having so timid and jealous a people for their Eastern neighbors—But never despair of a Railroad for their account. Two other Railroad bridges will cross the West Branch of the Susquehanna into Union County soon and the grade from Millinburg to Milton is about the same as to Lewisburg and the distance only two miles greater, and no legislation is needed to build a road to Milton. If the Spruce Creek road should never be built (but it will be) the subscribers at Millinburg certainly have it in their power now to put themselves in a business position where they shall be above the power of an unfair monopoly—if unfairness should be attempted.

Let me give but one word of caution—Before the subscribers at Millinburg differ too widely with the L. C. & S. C. Co., let them by all means meet together, every subscriber should attend, and whatever they find it necessary to do for the early completion of a railroad to Millinburg, let them unite upon as one man, and not fritter away their strength by any division between themselves. You can without doubt now build a road to Milton and Milton, unlike Lewisburg, will put no stumbling block in your way, and if Lewisburg can kill the Spruce Creek Road, Millinburg may find it equally advantageous, if not more so, to go to Milton. If you get both roads the trade from Millinburg and vicinity will of course be given to the road in which your subscriptions may be invested.

The Reading Company would be a fair competitor for your patronage. P. S.—One advantage in going to Milton—not heretofore named—would be that at Milton you would have a choice of routes, North East, East, South and West. At Lewisburg station where you are bound to change cars, you have no connection except with the P & E.

The R. R. Troubles.

The trouble at the eastern end was caused by the board of directors passing a resolution authorizing the putting of the road under contract to the summit, which is three miles west of Millinburg, and asking the people of that place to fence the road. This additional 3 miles and the fencing, Millinburg looked upon as imposing new and burdensome conditions intended to cripple the whole project—and if this was the design, the people of Millinburg had a right to protest, for the declaration was made by Hon. Geo. F. Miller, time and again, that if Millinburg raised \$40,000, and procured the right of way, the road should at once be put under contract to Millinburg, and that he would see the means were furnished to do the balance of the work to the Union county line. If the President of the road will have the same graded beyond Millinburg, without asking any assistance from that town, all Centre county will say, Go ahead, and Millinburg has no right to complain. But if he is not prepared to do that, let him go ahead and put the road under contract to Millinburg, as was the plain under standing. What we in Centre county demand is, that the road be put under contract as far and as fast as the funds are subscribed.

We think, also, that Millinburg should have had one of the board of

Directors. Union county has no voice in the board at all while the eastern end of Centre county has two Directors in the board, living not over six miles apart. The manner in which the board is constituted does not look fair, and it would seem as if Union county, and the upper portion of Centre county had been slighted. Mr. Coburn's place should be filled by a citizen of Millinburg, as Centre county would be sufficiently represented by R. H. Duncan.

Under the present state of affairs, believing that Lewisburg is opposed to the further extension of the road, we would prefer seeing the President hail from some other locality—better from Millinburg—so as not to be hindered and hampered by the anti progressive spirit of Lewisburg, and assure prompt action in pushing the road forward; after reaching Millinburg, there would be no harm in having Mr. Miller President, as he would then be urged on by the people of Lewisburg, to push the road beyond Millinburg, and through, for spite.

The whole trouble is caused by petty selfishness, and we regret very much that it arose, as it has done much to discourage some of our people, and been a drawback in raising stock.

Brown, as is to be seen in his last paper, has again had an attack of the "ring"—nothing unusual—and with his former persistency, tries to couple us with this freak of his diseased brain. Brown has repeated this falsehood so often, that he seems to have fallen in to the error himself of believing it—making true the old saying, that a lie oft repeated, will finally be taken as truth by its author. We say here, for once and all, for the benefit of poor apple dumplings only, that what he is pleased to call the ring, has no sympathy at all for us, and has ever given us the cold shoulder. The Reporter is one of the most independent and unselfish journals published in the state; controlled and influenced by no one but whose name appears in modest type as its editor. As it is not given to begging, and has received a liberal and voluntary support from the masses, who have stood by us for the last fifteen years in battling against the heresies of abolitionism, it is not driven to the necessity of joining Brown's or anybody else's ring, real or imaginary, and never shall be. The only ring that the Reporter is proud to belong to, Mr. Republican, is the great democratic ring of Centre county, numbering at last election some 3500 of the yeomanry of old Centre, who have so oft and so soundly drubbed the great plunder ring to which the Republican belongs. That we belong to no ring, we might satisfy Brown in saying, that this paper receives little or no official patronage to keep it up—a trick even having been resorted to, to prevent Sheriff Woodring from publishing a single legal notice in the Reporter, before such was even solicited by us. Notwithstanding, we make no complaint—not even to the Pennsylvania democracy, who do the voting and cast the democratic majorities—as a hardworker in the democratic field, and can say that the Reporter still lives, moves, and has its being, and will continue to battle against the nigger party as earnestly in the future as it has done in the past, regardless of cold treatment from any quarter—for the masses are with us, and that makes us strong, independent, and proud. We do not belong to the democratic party for office and spoils, but because we love its principles—our long standing and service in the party, being all sufficient proof of this. If this short explanation does not satisfy Brown that he is misrepresenting us we shall consider any further attempt to convince him, useless, and the matter not worthy any more ink.

M'Cracken having now, in a short space of time, "busted up" two papers, the National and Plain Words, we would advise the Tyrone Herald to take out a life insurance policy and dicker with some undertaker for a coffin.

NOT TAXABLE.—It will interest many of our substantial readers to know that Judge Warren J. Woodward, it is stated, has recently made a decision that all mortgages and judgments are free of tax. The county commissioners of Berks county had the impression that mortgages and judgments given as purchase money for real estate or for the improvement of the same, were free of tax, and that mortgages and judgments given for money lent for other purposes were taxable. In an amicable suit to test the question Judge Woodward rendered the above decision in the case.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—The very interesting letter from our Loop correspondent, will appear next week.

The poem sent us by our Sugar Valley friend will appear in our next.

Will be pleased to hear from him oftener.

To converse with the spirits—lay a ten cent stamp on the table at a grig shop, and they'll show themselves quicker than you can say beans.

People are warned to "look out for counterfeit greenbacks." We shall also look out for the genuine article, it is handy to have in the house.

Mrs. Lincoln's Pension.

On the 9th instant, the subject of Mrs. Lincoln's pension was again before the U. S. Senate. We give below the proceedings upon the matter, and call especial attention to the remarks of Senator Yates, radical, of Illinois, from which it would appear that there were other families, than copperheads, which were disloyal, even that of the late lamented:

On motion of Mr. Sumner the bill for a pension to Mrs. Lincoln was taken up—yeas, 30; nays, 21.

The bill was discussed upon the general expediency of introducing an innovation upon the pension policy of the government in providing for the widows and children of public servants.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, said since the death of her husband Mrs. Lincoln had received \$25,000, one year's Presidential salary, and now it was proposed to vote her eight dollars per day, while the disabled soldiers of the war received only eight dollars per month. He moved to reduce the amount to five dollars per day.

Mr. Howell regarded the bill as a gross fraud.

After further discussion, in which Mr. Yates charged that Mrs. Lincoln and her whole family had been in sympathy with the rebellion, which was denied by Mr. Howard, a motion to lay on the table, on which the vote was lost—yeas, 24; nays, 33. The bill was then laid over informally.

Some of the "posters" advertising anti-cool meetings in New England, are adorned with the figure of a Chinaman with a half dozen rats hung to a stick resting on his shoulder.—Exchange.

This is nice for New England. If one of these posters were to be adorned with the figure of one of her sons, it would show a half dozen niggers sticking in his throat.

Armstrong Dodges Again.

Billy Armstrong, who represents this district in Congress, is possessed of great modesty; the alphabet places him first upon the roll, but when a call is made, his modesty forbids his appearing first upon the yeas and nays, when an important question is voted upon.

On the 9th inst., Mr. Davis of New York, the tax bill being up, moved to suspend the rules and strike from the bill all relating to the income tax which is so obnoxious to the entire people.—Armstrong dodged the question, as he is in favor of retaining this tax, and keeping in place an army of collectors and assessors. Here is another "side issue" for the Bellefonte Republican which hunted down Mr. Meyer so bitterly, when sickness prevented him from being present to vote on the 9th bill.

The above dodge of Armstrong, however, leaves no one in doubt as to his position, for upon a similar motion, some weeks ago, he voted flatfooted in favor of continuing this odious tax, and as we exposed him, he now skulks the matter half away by dodging, but the Reporter has again caught him up.

The war between those great magnates of the railroad rings, Vanderbilt and Fisk, still rages with unabated fury. The charges for passenger travel have in consequence been considerably reduced on the New York and Erie and New York Central. So great is the competition for freights from the west that sheep and hogs are transported from Buffalo to New York for one cent a head. This, of course, cannot last long, but while the war continues it might be expected that the cost of meats would come down in the latter city. The dealers, butchers and middle men generally, who stand between consumers and producers, have managed to keep up the prices in spite of the greatly diminished charges for transportation.

RUMORS.—A report reaches us that the Hecla Gap route will not be built by the S. E. R. Co., on account of its being too expensive.

We also hear it reported that the railroad troubles at Millinburg have been adjusted.

Corpus Domini.

Rome, June 30.—Midnight.—Tuesday and yesterday were distinguished by a series of the grandest and most impressive ecclesiastical festivals that has been witnessed in Rome during the present century.

The anniversary of the Corpus Domini falling upon Tuesday, was appropriately celebrated by processions, music and salutes, concluding by vesper service at St. Peter's.

archbishops, was performed yesterday.

The day was beautiful. The crowds were larger than on the day previous, and the grand procession in St. Peter's occupied hours in passing. Music, gorgeous banners, and other paraphernalia lent gaiety to the scene.

The aged Pontiff was borne upon his chair to the Basilica, and the High Mass of the Church was conducted by his Holiness amid great pomp and pageantry.

The firing of salutes from the Castle of St. Angelo and the surrounding fortresses announced the closing of the grand ceremonies.

In the evening there was a grand illumination in the various churches and public buildings. The mighty dome of St. Peter's stood out in the sky as one mass of fire, presenting a grand spectacle. A grand exhibition of fire works concluded the festivities.

The Ecumenical Council resumes its sittings to day.

The Spanish Throne.

The latest news from Spain is that Prim, with the concurrence of Serrano, the Regent, has invited Prince Leopold, of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, to become a candidate for the Spanish throne. He is a Catholic, and Spanish, niece of Josephine and adopted daughter of Napoleon I, and wife of the Grand Duke Charles of Baden, was his grandmother. This gentleman, lieutenant colonel of a Prussian infantry regiment, is thirty-five years old, and is married to the King of Portugal's sister, by whom he has two sons. There is an impression in Madrid that he has been put forward by some maneuver of Count Bismarck, and that he is objectionable as a descendant of Murat, who was King of Naples during the first Empire. This last impression is incorrect. His grandmother was of the Beauharnais family, and he is nearly related, therefore, to Napoleon the Third. Of all the candidates yet presented Prince Leopold seems to be the most eligible.

London, July 10.—Military preparations were going on all last night in Paris. If the candidature of Hohenzollern is not withdrawn within the next twenty-four hours, the French Ministers will be recalled from Berlin and Madrid, and war declared. The conduct of France in forcing the issue and refusing to leave the question of the throne to the Spanish people, is strongly condemned by all Europe, and Prussia's calm and dignified position is approved. The negotiations between Paris and Bonn, are reported to be unsatisfactory. Prussia declaring her innocence of intrigue, refuses to interfere with the candidacy of Hohenzollern, on the ground that he has neither the right nor the inclination to dictate to Spain or to Prince Leopold. A large party in France counsel a suspension of action until the meeting of the Cortes. The general belief is that Napoleon is determined to fight, and will move instantly, without giving Prussia time for preparation. It is said that Napoleon would prefer to meet the issue now rather than after Hohenzollern is elected by the Spanish people especially as he bases his claims of his own dynasty on a popular vote.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.—HARVEST RECEPTION.—This institution will be open for inspection from the 28th till the 29th of the present month, during which time plain fare and a hearty welcome will be given to its friends. Parents of present students, persons desirous of sending new students, all former students and gentlemen connected with the public press are especially invited.

Tuesday the 26th inst., will be mainly devoted to a general examination of the buildings, grounds and farms, and the experimental farm; and in the evening a popular lecture upon Chemistry will be delivered by Prof. Breineman, and illustrated by appropriate experiments.

On Wednesday, the 28th inst., the Trustees of the College will hold their quarterly meeting, at 10 a. m., and 2 p. m. There will be a trial of Mowing Machines, with an exhibition of such improved farming implements as may be offered. In the evening degrees will be conferred upon members of the scientific course who shall have completed the prescribed course of study. A portion of the evening will be devoted, also, to the discussion of general topics of interest to friends of the college.

On Thursday, the 29th, at 10 a. m., there will be a trial of Reaping Machines; and in the evening a meeting of Alumni, and former students of the college are expected.

The following Reapers & Mowers have been entered for competition: The World—By Daniel McBride and Michael Grove.

Hubbard—By James R. Alexander & J. H. Myers.

Excelsior—By Peter Hoffer.

Kirby—By Pennypacker & J. Rankin.

Dodge, New York, New Yorker with Binder, and Binding Attachment—By McLanahan, Stone & Isitt.

Keystone Harvester—By Centre Hall Manufacturing Co.

Friday is left open for such purposes as the occasion may suggest.

It is expected that the Governor of the State, who is, ex officio, a Trustee of the College, will honor it by his presence a part of the week.

The College building will be illuminated each evening.

THOS. H. BURROWS, Principal.

July 9, 1870.

COMMISSIONER.—We are authorized to announce Mr. George Meyer, of Agricultural College, a candidate for county Commissioner, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.—On Tuesday night, 5th inst., a dark bay horse, about 5 years old, a criber, disappeared from the stable of the subscriber, near Linden Hall. Any one bringing information of the whereabouts of the same, or bringing back the horse, shall be suitably rewarded for a skillful pointer.

A Laughable Incident.

A few days since a colored man entered a drug store in Portland with what he described as an "awful feeling in his stomach, just like it wor full of fish hooks and angle worms," and demanded a "Setter powder," as he had been advised that would give relief. Accordingly the Soiditz powders were dissolved in separate glasses, as usual, and placed before him with instructions to pour one into the other and drink while effervescing. But the sable youth did nothing of the sort. Instead of following the directions, he hastily drank of the contents of one glass and immediately swallowed the other. The effect may be imagined, but not described. The effervescence which should have taken place in the glass before it was drunk, took place in the bewildered darkey's stomach, sending streams of the frothy liquid from his mouth, nose, eyes, and ears. "As soon as the poor fellow could recover breath, he cried out in frightened tones: "My stomach has busted, I can't live a minute!" In a few moments, however, he felt better, and turning to depart, he said: "Dat stuff may work well on you, do white trash,—but it's sure deff on a nigger!"

There is a boy baby in Sullivan county, three months old, weighing forty pounds. He weighed twenty pounds at birth.

Deal gently with those who stray. Draw back by love and persuasion. A kiss is worth a thousand kicks. A kind word is more valuable to the lost than a mine of gold.

ZELLER & JARRETT

dealers in

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, also all the STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

A very large assortment of TOILET ARTICLES, FANCY GOODS, Soaps, &c., &c.

The finest quality of RAZORS, STEEL, KNIVES, SCISSORS and RAZORS.

WALL PAPER in GREAT VARIETY.

PRESCRIPTIONS, compounded by competent druggists at all hours, day or night.

Night customers pay 1 night bill.

ZELLER & JARRETT, A. Bishop St., Bellefonte Pa.

CEMENT.—The undersigned informs the public that he is now making a superior Cement, equal to any made in the county, at Valentines old Cement Mill, about 12 miles east of Bellefonte, on the road leading to Pennsylvania. A supply always on hand for the accommodation of customers.

JONATHAN SEARFAS.

SAM BROWN

R. C. CHEESMAN, NOTARY PUBLIC, and LIC. AND MILITARY AGENT, and Conveyancer. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, and all instruments of writing faithfully attended to. Special attention given to the collection of Bounty and Pension claims. Office nearly opposite the Court House, two doors above Messrs. Bush & Youm's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa.

16th July

Cummings House, Bellefonte.

JAMES H. LIPTON, Proprietor.

The undersigned having assumed control of this fine hotel, would respectfully ask the patronage of the public. He is prepared to accommodate guests in the best style, and will take care that his tables are supplied with the best in the market. Good tables attached to the hotel, with careful and attentive servants. The traveling public are invited to give the Cummings house a call.

70my27.

The "Little Giant"

18

THE BEST

For pointing rails, sawing firewood, and all kinds of sawing, such as LATH, PALING, SHINGLES, &c., while for boring and mortising all kinds of timber, including Fence Posts, it is today without an equal. The time has come when almost every Farmer wants a machine for all kinds of sawing, mortising, &c. To all I would say, don't buy before seeing the LITTLE GIANT.

LITTLE GIANT.

It has advantages possessed by no similar Machine, among which are the following:

It is very small, light, and strong, without any unnecessary gear, is furnished with a Fly-wheel for sawing and also one for boring, making the motion regular enough for railway or any other power, without worrying the horses. It has a larger capacity than any similar machine, being capable of sawing 3 to 4 cords of wood, twice through, per hour, and boring 75 to 100 fence posts in the same time.

It takes only two men to run it in posts. It points all kinds of rails ready to put in the fence and mortise posts ready to set up, at the rate of 50 to 60 per cord. No matter how crooked the posts are, it will mortise them with equal facility.

THE LITTLE GIANT

Is always ready to run against any similar machine.

Its superiority is established. It is impossible to get out of order and there is no wearing out to it. Fixtures for sawing shingles are always put on when desired. Capacity, 5000 to 8000 per day.

THE LITTLE GIANT was Patented April 29, '69, and sold in every County where it has been exhibited. For township rights or machines apply to

GEORGE REESEB, Aaronsburg, Pa.

July 6m

LARGEST—BEST—CHEAPEST!

ENTERPRISE, INDUSTRY, FACT, Liberty, and the best of all for over twenty years have been freely used upon Moore's Rural New-Yorker.

And as a result it is now, pre-eminently, the Largest, Best and Cheapest ILLUSTRATED RURAL, LITERARY AND FAMILY WEEKLY in the World. It contains thousands of wide-awake People, all over the Continent, like and admire the RURAL for its superior Ability, Value, Illustrations, Style, &c.

For example, an Exchange says: "THE RURAL is the most Elegantly Printed, Able Edited, Widely Circulated and Fearfully Welcomed Paper in its whole, which more finds its way among the People." Vol. XXII begins July 2. Try it! Only \$5 per volume of 24 numbers, of \$3 per year. Look to it! Send for it to the Address, D. T. MOORE, 41 Park Row, New York. July 4.

50 Cts. WEEKLY DOLLAR. SUN from now to January 1st. ONE DOLLAR will pay for the SEMI-WEEKLY DOLLAR. Address, P. W. ENGLAND, New York. July 4.

PATENTS.

Inventors who wish to take out Letters Patent, should apply to the undersigned, who have prosecuted claims before the Patent Office for over twenty years. Their American and European Patents, together with all those having large circulation, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c., &c. Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, should possess a book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of fifteen cents. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 40 Park Row, New York. July 4.

Newspaper Advertising.

A Book of 125 closely printed pages, lately revised, containing a full and complete American Advertising Medium, giving the names, circulations, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Political and Family Papers, together with all those having large circulation, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c., &c. Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, should possess a book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of fifteen cents. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 40 Park Row, New York. July 4.

SAXON GREEN.

It Brightens, will not Fade, Colors less than any other because it will Paint twice as much surface.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN PAINTS.

J. H. WEEKS & CO., Manufacturers, 122 North 4th Street, Philadelphia, July 4.

Prompt, Honorable, Reliable.

AGENTS WANTED in every city, town, and village for the largest and most successful DOLLAR and 50 Cent Agency—ONLY ONE endorsed by the leading Papers and Express Co's of the United States. Our goods give universal satisfaction, our premiums to Agents cannot be excelled, and our checks are from the best facilities are Boston and Chicago—our business exceeds in amount all other concerns in this trade combined.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS and FREE CLUBS S. C. THOMPSON & CO. 136 Federal Street, Boston, or 175 State Street, Chicago, July 4.

BRIDE and Bridgroom—says for Young Men, free in sealed envelopes. HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box 37, Philadelphia, Pa. July 4.

PSYCHOMANCY OR SOUL CHARMING.—A wonderful book; it shows how either sex can see the other's wishes, instantly. (All possess this power.) It teaches how to get rich, Alchemy, Sorceries, Incantations, Demology, Magic, Mesmerism, Spiritualism, Marriage Guide, and a thousand wonderful things. Agents wanted. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, South 7th street Philadelphia, Pa. July 4.

The Family Sewing Machine.

Empire Sewing Machine.

The extraordinary success of their new and improved manufacturing machines, of light or heavy work, has induced the Empire Sewing Machine Co. to manufacture a New Family Machine of the same style and construction, with additional ornamentation, making it equal in beauty and finish with the best of the machines, whereas in usefulness it far outstrips all competitors. The price of this new acknowledged necessary article comes within the reach of every class, and the Company is prepared to offer the most liberal inducements to buyers, dealers and agents. Every Machine warranted. Apply for circulars and samples to

Empire Sewing Machine Company, 224 Bowery, New York.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted the undersigned over the Estate of William Keller, late of Potter township, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate, to come forward and make payment without delay, and all persons having accounts against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID KELLER, Administrator.