



CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, PA., APRIL 26th 1870.

A writer in last week's Lewisburg Chronicle, proposes Wm. C. Duncan, formerly of Millheim, as the next radical candidate for State Senator, in the Union and Lycoming district.

All she, (Centre Hall), now lacks is a wide-awake paper to represent and herald her interest and spirit.—Bellefonte National.

Ahem! Yes; how would a sort of a "stock concern" do. The Reporter still lives. Who struck Billy Patterson?

HOPE FOR THE RAILROAD.

Mr. Daniel Hess, of Linden Hall, who has ever taken a deep interest in our railroad project, sends us the following interesting letter:

Kurtz esq.—I have just returned from Philadelphia, while there I called at the office of the P. R. R. Company, in company with Wm. Young Esq., and other gentlemen from Millheimburg. Our object was to see whether they were willing to send an engineer and locate our road between Lewisburg and Millheimburg. They agreed to do so and next week is the time fixed to commence the survey. The citizens of Millheimburg have subscribed forty thousand dollars which they think will be nearly or quite sufficient to grade the road between the two towns named. Lewisburg, I am told, has as yet not subscribed a dollar, and yet their leading man were considered as the best and most reliable friends of the enterprise. They always told us at our meetings that they would do their full share towards raising the money to grade the road. I hope they will now as the road between their place and Millheimburg, will soon be put under contract, go to work in earnest and subscribe liberally to extend the road to the Centre county line, where we will meet them. Mr. Lumbard told us that as soon as Mr. Thompson, the President of the P. R. R., (who is now indisposed) will get well, he in company with some other officers of the Company, intend passing over the entire route of our road. I now consider our road a fixed fact, failure only depending upon one contingency, of not subscribing enough stock to grade the entire line. But we must raise the money to grade the road or lose it. They told us in just so many words, "Subscribe enough stock to grade the road and secure the right of way, and we will finish it and run it, and that in a short time." And now I appeal to the citizens—especially to the owners of real estate—to assist us in this enterprise. I will not argue the case. You all know it is to your interest and to those you leave after you that this road should be built. If you who have not yet subscribed, do as well as those who have, we will have a sum sufficient to grade the road. Let Harris, Potter, Penn, Haines, and Miles townships, take Gregg for an example—do as her citizens have done, and in a very short time the engineer will be in our valley to locate the road. The townships named together need but raise some sixty thousand dollars more and the sum will be sufficient.

D. Hess, Linden Hall, April 26, 1870.

THE CENSUS OF 1870.

The ninth census of the United States will be taken under the provisions of the act of May 23d, 1850, on the 1st of June next. The assistants are paid as follows: Two cents for every name taken; ten cents for every farm; fifteen cents for every productive establishment of industry; two cents for every dead person, and two per cent of the gross amount of names enumerated for social statistics, and ten cents per mile for travel. It will be seen by the foregoing that the compensation allowed an assistant or enumerator, provided the district allotted to him shall contain less than 20,000 persons, will be about \$600 or more.

The United States Marshal is forbidden by law to accept any bribe or consideration for an appointment of assistants, and is liable to a fine of \$1,000 should he be convicted of so doing.

The law provides that each assistant, after qualifying, shall perform his duties by a personal visit to each dwelling house and to each family in his subdivision, and shall ascertain by inquiries made by some member of each family, if any one can be found capable of giving the information, but if not, then of the agent of such family, the name of each member thereof, the age and place of birth of each, sex, color, etc., and shall also visit personally the farms, mills, shops, mines or other places, respecting which information is required, and when such information is obtained and entered in his blanks, then his memoranda shall be read to the person furnishing the facts for revision.

There is a penalty for refusing to furnish the required information to the assistant. The act provides that every person more than twenty years of age belonging to any family, in the case of the absence of the heads and other members of the family, shall be required to render a true statement of the information required, on pain of forfeiting thirty dollars, to be used for and recovered in an action of debt by the assistant, to the use of the United States.

Farmers are actively at work preparing mother earth for their spring crops. Only ten dollars were contributed to the Stanton fund in all the western States.

The Franklin Exchange, Franklin, Pa., was destroyed by fire last Wednesday. Loss \$100,000.

The Legri Tender Decision.

The Supreme Court of the United States have unanimously decided, on Tuesday, not to disturb the decision in the legal tender case of Hepburn vs. Griswold, the discussion on this important subject is now closed. All existing debts contracted prior to the passage of the legal tender act, in February, 1862, must be paid in coin. The fears that were entertained that Judges Stroag and Bradley would favor the reopening of the question are now happily put at rest, and the confidence of the public in the great tribunal to which they belong will be, to a great degree, restored. These apprehensions were excited by a large portion of the radical press, which predicted that the court would reverse its opinion, and by the precipitate action of Attorney General Hoar, who intruded himself when there was no case requiring his interference before the courts. The Attorney General surely ought now to resign, and those radical newspapers which sought to affect the deliberations of the highest judicial tribunal by their clamors, may now be able to form an estimate of the extent of their influence as well as of the correctness of their judgment. They did not expect a calm, deliberate review of the case, but counted on the partisan character of the court for a decision against law and equity. In proportion to the disappointment of these organs of partisan malevolence and folly, will be the gratification of all citizens who love justice and respect the highest tribunal of their country. The Sinking Fund Commissioners of this State, who were so eager to show their contempt of the supreme Court of the United States, by their announcement that they would not pay the interest on the bonds in accordance with that decision, will now have the opportunity of reviewing their action, and repenting of precipitancy at leisure. It will be seen whether they will be so eager to publish a counter proclamation of their purpose to pay interest in coin or its equivalent. The rich corporations which sought to obtain the reversal of a most righteous judgement will have to pay their obligations according to the spirit and letter of their contracts. They borrowed gold, and they will have to pay gold. They happily did not succeed in inducing the Supreme Court of the United States to make a shameful and dishonest decision, which would have rendered that august tribunal contemptible in the eyes of the people forever. If democratic newspapers have been led to apprehend a different result, and have consequently indulged in criticisms of the Court which the event has not warranted, the blame must rest with that portion of the radical press which eagerly predicted that the court would hastily reverse its own solemn decisions in obedience to the demands of powerful railroad corporations, and the wishes of the government.—Patriot.

Another Letter from the "Loil" Old Fool.

Covington, March 31, 1870. DEAR SIR:—I never voted a Democratic ticket in my life. The General, while in the army, professed neutrality, and never gave but two votes in his life. While in the army, about 1848, he voted for a whig for Congress from his native district. He gave as his reason for so voting that the Whig was a man of the most brilliant order of talent; the other of a lower order. The whig was elected. His second vote was given for James Buchanan, in 1856, from purely personal reasons. He has often said since that any man who would vote for James Buchanan ought to be disfranchised, and if the Government would not disfranchise him he would do it himself, and I believe he has never voted since, unless he voted in 1868. I believe he never was a Democrat, but while in Missouri, in the immediate vicinity of the 'Dents,' he may have had some sympathy in that direction. Yours, &c., J. B. GRANT, P. M.

Two Curious Needles.

The King of Prussia recently visited a needle manufactory in his kingdom in order to see what machinery, combined with the human hand, could produce. He was shown a number of superfine needles, thousands of which together did not weigh half an ounce, and marvelling how such minute objects could be pierced with an eye. But he was to see that in this respect even something still finer and more perfect could be created. The bore—that is, the workman whose business it is to bore the eyes in these needles—asked a hair from the monarch's head. It was readily given, and with a smile. The man placed it at once under the boring machine, made a hole in it with the greatest care, furnished with a thread, and then handed the singular needle to the astonished King. The second curious needle is in the possession of Queen Victoria. It was made at the celebrated needles manufactory at Reddish, and represents the column of Trojan in miniature. The well known Roman column is adorned with numerous scenes in sculpture, which immortalize Trojans' heroic actions in war. On this diminutive needle scenes in the life of Queen Victoria are represented in relief, but so finely cut and so small that it requires a magnifying glass to see them. The Victoria needle can, moreover, be opened. It contains a number of needles of smaller size, which are equally adorned with scenes in relief.

Foreign Ministers During Monroe's Administration.

One of the most remarkable personal incidents that ever occurred in Washington was during the administration of President James Monroe. At a dinner given by the President to the foreign Embassadors, the British Minister, Sir Charles Faughan, noted that the French Minister, the Count de Sercevis, who sat opposite to him at the table, bit his thumb whenever he (Vaughan) made a remark. He asked him, blandly, if he bit it at him. The Frenchman replied, unhesitatingly, that he did. The British Minister immediately left the table, and was followed by the Frenchman. They drew their swords as soon as they reached the hall, an crossed them in angry and excited combat. President Monroe followed, interferred with his sword between them, called their servants and ordered them home. Of course the two Ministers apologized for their outrageous conduct the next day. Who can premise what would be said now if such an event as this should occur at a state dinner in the executive mansion between such parties as the English and French Ministers? This open quarrel in the White House, in the presence of the President and his guests, shows the little estimation that our government then possessed in the eyes of the world. The Ministers would have been very careful not to have done it at a European court. The leniency of Mr. Monroe was very great in not requesting their recall.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Lick at New England.

Already the west and south are doubling teams upon New England. The bill to increase the ratio of representation in the Lower House of Congress is but the prelude to an advance movement which will be made presently against the unequal ratio of representation in the Upper House. The east has claimed the merit of having contributed to the Republican party its brains. The west has expressed itself contented with the credit of having contributed its muscle. The two have thus gone on violating the Constitution in a very easy, happy and harmonious manner, until the cunning tricks of the intellectual East. The way has been blazed. Examples are numerous. Public opinion is educated. Now, look out! Just as the South lost slavery by the mistake of going to war to save it, will New England lose her tariff by overthrowing the ascendancy of the States upon which her existence as a power depends. The East has broken down State lines in order to punish the South. The West will see that, having been broken down in the South, State lines as they are shall not remain in the East. Nationality means the people against the States; consolidation means the West and the South against New England. As the South has already lost its balance it can afford this. As the West knows that its excess of population renders its interests secure, it can more than afford it. The only loser will be the East, will find itself hoisted at last by its own petard. The movement in Congress on Monday is not to be mistaken. It means business, and a very ugly business for the protectionists it will prove. They may stop it in the Senate. But they will not stop it in the House. The seed is sown and it is springing up lustily in every part in the

Frightful Work of a Shotgun in the Hands of a Child.

(From the Cape Girardeau (Mo.) Democrat.) A heart-rending calamity occurred on Wednesday of last week in the vicinity of the neighboring village of Benton, and by which a little child, five or six years old, came very near sending all of its family into eternity. On the morning of the day of the terrible tragedy, Mr. John T. Lowry, farmer, took his shot gun and went to the woods to shoot squirrels. On his return in the evening he laid the weapon, heavily charged with shot, on a bed in the family room, and went off to Benton. His wife, an invalid, was lying on another bed in the apartment, and his three grown daughters were engaged in household work in the room. The youngest child, a boy of five or six years, happened to spy the gun, and, unnoticed by any of the family, began playing with it. Suddenly the house shook beneath a deafening report, accompanied by screams of agony and alarm. On the subsidence of the confusion, it was discovered that the little fellow had accomplished a horrible work. Mary, one of the daughters, was prostrate on the floor, both eyes shot from her head, and the frontal bone horribly torn and lacerated. Emily, another sister, received a large portion of the charge also in the head, inflicting an ugly, and it is feared mortal wound. The elder sister, a second before the gun was discharged, fortunately changed her position and escaped unharmed. The poor, sick mother, witnessing the terrible catastrophe, was thrown into hysterical convulsions, which the attending physicians, Doctors Allen and Shultz, fear will result fatally. This is, indeed, a terrible warning to those who are prone to carelessness in the handling of firearms, but we much doubt if the lesson will prove advantageous.

Robbery of the Rothschilds—Half a Million Dollars Stolen.

An employee of the Rothschilds, of Paris, has just robbed these bankers of a very large amount. Details of the case, though not complete, are still sufficiently clear. It is stated that a careful scrutiny of the accounts and books of the bullion department has shown a deficit exceeding two million five hundred thousand francs, or one hundred thousand pounds. The perpetrator of the robbery is Charles Tassius, a man of forty nine years of age, of German birth, but long resident in France. He is said to have been a great lover at once of music and of beer. He was the President of the Liederkranz, a musical association, and a partner in a brewery. His position at the Messrs. Rothschilds was that of manager of the bullion department, and in that capacity it was his duty to purchase ingots of the precious metals which were offered for sale. The discovery of his frauds was accidentally made in consequence of his delay in forwarding a bulk of 1,000 English sovereigns, for which a customer had paid in 25,000fr. Upon his failure to reappear at the bank, his till and chests were searched, and it was discovered that neither the 1,000 sovereigns nor the 25,000fr were there. The police were immediately informed and they succeeded in arresting Tassius, who is partially paralyzed, at the house of a relative. A search was also made at his own residence, and a sum of about 20,000 francs was found, as also some correspondence, which proved that the prisoner had been concerned with a Prussian physician in Bourse speculations which had not been profitable. The Prussian doctor has also been arrested on a charge of complicity in the frauds committed by Tassius, and both prisoners awaited judicial examination when the mail left.

FROM MILROY.

Milroy, April 25.—Business is very dull; our merchants are opening their spring goods. Trout fishing is good. Mr. A. J. Wolfkiel with a few other RR. hands succeeded in bagging 140 nice trout. One day last week, Mr. Titzel, Mr. Zimmerman and A. A. Kerlin, thought they would go and do likewise, on Saturday, and lo and behold they caught three, and returned to town again declaring the water too high &c. The Milroy string band are making preparations to exhibit their skill on "fiddles," &c., for the benefit of the public! Tickets 20 cents. K.

New Goods!

New Goods Again at Wolfe's Store. In Mills township. The CHEAPEST in the country. Try it and you will prove it. Calicoes at 5 and 6 cents a yard. Kentucky Jean at 20 cents. Cottonades and Cassimeres bought very cheap from bankrupt merchants. 3 linen Handkerchiefs for 25c. A good brown Sugar for 10c., white 14. Best Coffee 25c. Syrups that are hard to beat. Glass and white Stoneware never as cheap as now. The Largest and most Complete Stock that ever was in the Store before. Having special contracts with Lumber and Coal men, I am able to pay the outside price for Grain, seed, meat, Lard, Butter and all kinds of country produce. T. NEWTON WOLFE. I have just received from New York

5000 Bolts

of English and American Wall Paper. Over 7000 pieces on hand at reduced prices. Oak papers and all styles suitable for Halls Parlors, &c. Good common paper at 5 cents per Bolt.

Photographs

The undersigned has just stopped at Centre Hall for a few days, with his large and fine art, such as Photographs, Gems, Parrotines, &c., all sizes and styles. Prices moderate. Pictures warranted to give satisfaction, or money returned. Call at once. C. A. GLENN, Artist. ap22,3t

W. J. McMANIGAL'S HARDWARE STORE

MILROY, PA. Samples of the above Paper can be seen at A. A. Kerlin's store, near Centre Hill, and orders taken at same prices as at my

The addition of almost three hundred and fifty negroes to the radical voters of Quincy, Illinois, did not enable them to carry the elections in that city on the 19th instant. In spite of this accession Mr. Rowland, the democratic candidate for Mayor, was elected by a majority of 156 votes, and the other candidates on the ticket by larger majorities. The Quincy Herald says: "After the most exciting, and the most hotly contested struggle for political supremacy that we ever had in Quincy, the democracy send greeting to their white friends everywhere the glorious intelligence that they have met the enemy and conquered him. It was a struggle for life or death. For more than thirty years we have been a citizen of Quincy, have mingled and participated more or less in all her election contests, but we never before knew a contest equal to this one. The negroes have recently been made voters yesterday, three hundred and fifty strong. We refer to the black negroes, of course. The white negroes voted with them. And we regret to say that a few democrats who sold their votes for money, and a few other democrats who are sorry they were born white—and we are just as sorry about it as they are—were voted the nigger ticket. But it wouldn't all do. There were enough white men to overcome this motley combination. For this most glorious result, we are indebted to Germans, Irishmen, Americans—to white men of almost every nationality, who do admit that they are sorry they were born white. In the result of this election, the future political character of this city and county is settled and established. With the help of the votes of the negroes, the radical leaders expected to be able to triumph over all opposition. They have been checked and defeated. They poured out their money lavishly. They expended not less than ten thousand dollars for the purpose of influencing and buying votes to carry the election. It was expended to no purpose. We do not believe that any democratic candidate or any democrat in the city expended twenty-five dollars during the contest. The democracy depended solely upon the merits of their cause and their candidates. They depended upon that respect which they felt that white men owed to themselves and to their race. The result proves that white men are determined to govern this country—or, at all events, if they can't govern all of it, to govern this part of it.

Democrat's Monthly surpasses itself in each successive number. It is in the strictest sense a model magazine. The utility and beauty of its make up, which includes its Illustrated Poetry, original Music, Household Matters, and other interesting features, render it a household necessity. The May number is a real gem. The Raven by Edgar A. Poe, is beautifully illustrated, and the Fashions are unexceptionable. A good \$10 Engraving is given to each subscriber. Yearly, only \$2.00. Democrat's Monthly, 828 Broadway, New York.

The Educational Gazette for April comes to our table laden with an unusually rich store of good things for young and old. The articles are sensible, high-toned, full of life and zest, and teach noble lessons, such as persons of all classes will be likely to learn, remember, and profit by. Messrs. C. H. Furnor & Co., 607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are the publishers. Send for a specimen copy, not forgetting to enclose One Dollar, a year's subscription.

BALLOUS MAGAZINE, for May is as usual an excellent number; its pages are not taken up with so much of the light literature of the day, as the case with so many of the monthlies. Ballou always contains a number of appropriate illustrations. \$1.50 per year. Boston, Mass.

PETERSONS MAGAZINE, for May, is a find number. The ladies cannot fail to be pleased with its fashion plate, patterns, entertaining reading matter, etc., make it just what the ladies could wish.

ZELL'S POPULAR ENCYCLOPEDIA AND UNIVERSAL DICTIONARY is again at hand. We are pleased to note the interesting article on the subjects of Hebrew Religion, Hindoo Architecture, History and Religion, and History. The able pen of the editor has evinced (in our opinion) the fact that Zell's work is destined to be the standard upon all matters pertaining to knowledge in general. If our readers will only give the attention to this work that it really deserves, we are sure they will thank us for reminding them. T. Ellwood Zell, 17 and 19 South Sixth St., Philadelphia, is the Publisher.

NEW FIRM, NEW GOODS AND Panic Prices.

FOSTER, DEVLING & WILSON, Having purchased the extensive store of Howell, Gilliland & Co., and added to them at panic prices large assortment of

NEW GOODS, COTTAGE FURNITURE

They are enabled to sell at OLD FASHIONED PRICES! A large variety of Ladies' Dress Goods Great Bargains in Muslins and Calicoes. Ready-Made Clothing Warranted to Suit. Our Cloths and Cassimers, Cant be excelled. THEIR GROCERY DEPARTMENT. Astonishes every one in assortment and low prices. Syrups, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Canned fruits, Jellies, Domestic and Foreign Fruits, Cheese and pastries of all kinds, and every other article belonging to the Grocery Department.

They Wholesale at Philadelphia Rates.

For Farmers, Mechanics and Laborers look to your interest. One day saved is a dollar in pocket. Then call and see at what astonishingly low prices. FOSTER DEVLING & WILSON, Are selling their Dry Goods and Groceries. No trouble to show Goods. If they are not as represented, we will pay you for your trouble. Don't forget the place. TURNER BUILDING, ap22f Allegheny St., Bellefonte Pa.

100 KEGS OF NAILS, just received

at 22f W. J. McMANIGAL'S, MILROY.

New Goods!

New Goods Again at Wolfe's Store. In Mills township. The CHEAPEST in the country. Try it and you will prove it. Calicoes at 5 and 6 cents a yard. Kentucky Jean at 20 cents. Cottonades and Cassimeres bought very cheap from bankrupt merchants. 3 linen Handkerchiefs for 25c. A good brown Sugar for 10c., white 14. Best Coffee 25c. Syrups that are hard to beat. Glass and white Stoneware never as cheap as now. The Largest and most Complete Stock that ever was in the Store before. Having special contracts with Lumber and Coal men, I am able to pay the outside price for Grain, seed, meat, Lard, Butter and all kinds of country produce. T. NEWTON WOLFE. I have just received from New York

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Another Great Earthquake in CALIFORNIA!

Another large Assortment of those splendid Woolen Goods which are Manufactured at the

MILROY Woolen Mills

will now be offered to the public. Thankful for past favors, I am again ready to supply my old customers and numbers of new ones. My wagon will soon appear.

At Your Doors,

loaded with a great variety of Goods, such as Plain and Fancy Cassimeres of the latest Spring & Summer Styles. Beaver, Cloth, Tricot, Dooskin, Satinets, Tweeds, Jeans, waterproofs, Flannels, an almost endless variety of

Flannels,

Fine, medium and Coarse. Stocking Yarns of all kinds.

BLANKETS,

white, gray, and horse Blankets.

CARPETS,

heavy Damask, Flowered, Ingrain and Striped, Parlor and Stair Carpets, all superior, bright fast colors. WOOL, LARD, and SOAP taken in exchange for Goods. Goods, of every variety, always on hand at his residence. John C. Kemp, Centre Hill, Pa. ap22f Agent for Thompson & Sons.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE

I hereby give notice to all persons in Potter township, whose school tax is unpaid, that I will be at the following places to receive the same. A. A. Kerlin's store, from 9 a. m. to 11 a. m., April 28. Jas. Strohm's store, from 1 p. m. to 3 p. m., April 28. Thompson Bros. from 9 a. m. to 11 a. m., April 29. Centre Hill, from 1 p. m. to 3 p. m., April 29. All persons who fail to meet me at these appointments may expect the law enforced immediately for the collection of school tax. HENRY DASHER, Collector.

S. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

NEW GOODS, COTTAGE FURNITURE

All kinds of TURNED WORK furnished to the trade at Also CITY PRICES. TURNED PALINGS, BALUSTERS, and HAND RAILING. Furnished to Builders. Upholstering, Repairing Furniture and everything pertaining to the business promptly attended to. Factory near Blanchard & Co's Planing Mill. UNDERTAKING. We also make COFFINS, and attend to all funerals with the most ELEGANT HEARSE. ever in this part of the country. WARE ROOM, No. 7 BUSH HOUSE. BELLEFONTE, PA. GENTS THIS WAY! ITS! SUITS

W. W. McClellan, at Bellefonte,

would inform the men of Pennsylvania, and his old friends and customers, as well as all others who may desire to be rigged out, in well fitting, Substantially & Fashionably made suits of cloths, from any kind of material they choose. I would say that I am still in the field, and prepared to accommodate. I have a large and excellent assortment of

Furnishing Goods,

ALSO, Cloths, Cassimeres, & Vestings from which garments will be made to order in the MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE. All I ask is to call and examine my fine stock. Having just bought my goods during the last panic, I defy competition as to prices, durability, and fashion, this side of Philadelphia. Remember the Place W. W. McCLELLAN, No. 4 Brokerhoff's Row, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa., where cloths, cassimeres, vestings, callers, umbrellas, rains, hats, caps, in short, everything to completely rig out a gentleman, can be had and made up in the latest style. I am also agent for WILCOX & GIBBS Sewing Machine, which should be seen by all desiring a machine. dc25,8y

IMPORTANT TO MILLERS.

MOWREY'S PATENT CORN CRUSHER.—The undersigned informs the owners of mills, in Centre and Millin counties, that he has the right of the same, for Mowrey's Patent Corn Crusher. This machine is one of the most important inventions out for millers, supplying a want long felt in crushing corn. The Corn Crusher is simple and performs its work well and with speed, and its advantages can be seen at once, by all on examination. The Crusher can be attached either to the burr or upright, and has an outfeeder attached. Price of Crusher \$50. Manufactured and sold by D. ULBACH, Millheim, Pa. ap15,1m.

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LUMBER.

The undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Pennsylvania that they have in operation a NEW STEAM SAW MILL, one mile east of Fount's, in the Severn mountains, and are now ready to furnish square Lumber, plank studs, joists, shingling lath, plasterers lath, shingles, any desired length of frame stail and square timber sawed to order and on short notice. Any thing in the line of Lumber supplied to order. Builders and others wanting stuff will do well to send in their orders addressed to: John Taylor & Son, ap22,3m MILROY, PA.

You can get the best boots and shoes at

Burnside & Thomas.

You can get the best Groceries at

Burnside & Thomas.

You can get the best Spices at

Burnside & Thomas.

You can get the best Canned Fruit at

Burnside & Thomas.

You can get the best Leather at

Burnside & Thomas.

You can get the best Cigars and Snuff at

Burnside & Thomas.

You can get the best Notions at

Burnside & Thomas.

You can get the best Merchandise generally at

Burnside & Thomas. ap16,8s.

ARE YOUR TIMEPIECES OUT OF ORDER?

take them to J. H. HAHN, at Be ll founte.

who is the most reliable Watchmaker and Jeweler in the place. Also Dealer in WATCHES, and FINE JEWELRY.

Chronometer and other Watches repaired on the Most Scientific Principles.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly and carefully executed at shortest notice.

All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Business transacted in both English and German.

Next door to Harper & Bros. Spring street, near High. July 25, 1867.

JOHNATHAN KRAMER'S HOTEL

Millheim, Pa. (formerly Wm. Hosterman's). This well known Hotel has been refitted by its new proprietor. The traveling community are invited to give him a call. His table will be kept first-class, and his bar always supplied with choice liquors. Dressing and accommodation for any number of horses. mar12,20f

CUMMINGS HOUSE

Wm. J. Hosterman, Proprietor. BELLEFONTE PENNA.

The undersigned, having assumed control of this fine hotel, would respectfully ask the patronage of the public. He is prepared to accommodate guests in the best of style, and will take care that his tables are supplied with the best in the market. Good stables attached to the hotel, with careful and attentive servants. The traveling public are invited to give the Cummings House a call. July 20, 1870.

DRY GOODS, Plank and Scaffolding

for sale by IRWIN & WILSON. ap10,68.

CROSS-CUT AND MILL SAWS, best

make at IRWIN & WILSON. ap10,68.

SPICES of all varieties, ground to order and warranted to be strictly pure. It is the only place you can find unadulterated spices. Try them for your own satisfaction. You can order at the hotel, and Jewels at BURNSIDE & THOMAS.

HANDSAWS, knives, spoons, coffee

mills, axes, spades, rakes, hoes, hammers, forks, chains, &c., at BURNSIDE & THOMAS.

SHOE-MAKERS TOOLS and findings

in all their varieties, at BURNSIDE & THOMAS.

SPINDLE SKINS for wagons, all sizes,

at the sign of the Anvil. IRWIN & WILSON. ap10,68.

DOUBLE AND SINGLE BARREL

following pieces at IRWIN & WILSON. ap10,68.

COALTS for Buggies and Carriages, all sizes in use; Fire Bolts, ditto, at IRWIN &amp