# The Centre Reporter.

*Fredrick Kurtz, Editor.* *Centre Hall, Centre Co., Pa., November 19th, 1869.* *Vol. 2.—No.31.*



BUGGIES! BUGGIES!—J. D. MURRAY, Centre Hall, Pa., Manufacturer of all kinds of Buggies, would respectfully inform the citizens of Centre county that he has on hand

NEW BUGGIES,

with and without top, and which will be sold at reduced prices for cash, and a reasonable credit given.

Two Horse Wagons, Spring Wagons &c. made to order, and warranted to give satisfaction in every respect.

All kinds of repairing done in short notice. Call and see his stock of Buggies before purchasing elsewhere. apl 1'68, tf.

*Science on the Advance!*

C. H. GUTELIUS, Surgeon & Mechanical Dentist, who is permanently located in Aaronsburg, in the office formerly occupied by Dr. Neff, and who has been practicing with entire success—having the experience of a number of years in the profession, he would cordially invite all who have as yet not given him a call, to do so, and test the truthfulness of this assertion. ☞ Teeth Extracted without pain. may22'68,1y

HENRY BROCKERHOFF, President. J. D. SHUGERT Cashier.

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO (LATE MILLER HOOVER & CO.) RECEIVE DEPOSITS, And Allow Interest. Discount Notes, Buy And Sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. apl0'68.

ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorney-at-law, Bellefonte, Pa. apl0'68.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney at Law Bellefonte Pa. Office with Orvis & Alexander. apl4'68.

DR. P. SMITH, offers his Professional services. Office, Centre Hall, Pa apl7'68.

JAS. McMANUS, Attorney-at-law, Bellefonte, promptly pays attention to all business entrusted to him. july3'68.

D. D. NEFF, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Center Hall, Pa. Offers his professional services to the citizens of Potter and adjoining townships. Dr. Neff has the experience of 21 years in the active practice of Medicine and Surgery. apl0'68,1y.

H. N. M'ALLISTER, JAMES A. BEAVER M'ALLISTER & BEAVER ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Penn'a.

Chas. H. Hale, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. dec25,1y.

MILLERS HOTEL, Woodward, Centre county, Pa. Stages arrive and depart daily. This favorite Hotel has been refitted and furnished with its new proprietor, and is now in every respect one of the most pleasant country Hotels in central Pennsylvania. The traveling community and drovers will always find the best accommodations. Drovers can at all times be accommodated with stables and pasture for any number of cattle or horses. GEO. MILLER, Proprietor. july3'68,tf.

BECK'S HOTEL, 312 & 314 Race Street, a few doors above 3d, Philadelphia. Its central locality makes it desirable for all visiting the city on business or for pleasure. A. BECK, Proprietor. (formerly of the States Union Hotel. apl0'68,tf.

WM. H. BLAIR, H. Y. STITZER, BLAIR & STITZER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Bellefonte, Pa. Office—On the Diamond, next door to Garman's Hotel. Consultations in German or English. feb19,'69,tf

SCALES, of wholesale and retail, cheap at IRWIN & WILSON.

BOOTS by the thousand, all styles, sizes and prices, for men and boys, just arrived at Wolf's well known Old Stand.

LEATHER of all descriptions, french calf skin, spanish sole leather, morocco's, sheep skins, linings. Everything in the leather line, cheaper than ever. Call and see. BURNSIDE & THOMAS.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY, including Plated forks, spoons, &c., at IRWIN & WILSON.

BAROMETERS and Thermometers at IRWIN & WILSOSN.

*Millheim Saddlery.*

GEO. W. STOVER, jr., respectfully informs the citizens of Penns and Brush valleys, that he has started a new Saddler Shop at Millheim, at the old stand formerly kept by J. H. Stover, and is now prepared to furnish

Saddles, Harness, Collars, Bridles,

and Whips of every kind and quality, in fact everything complete, equal to a first class establishment, and at the most reasonable prices. He warrants his work as to quality and fineness of style. Farmers and others are invited to call and examine his stock. He is determined to please customers. ap23,1y G. W. STOVER, jr.

GEORGE PECK'S EATING HOUSE & OYSTER SALOON, On High street, at Bush's Arcade Restaurant Bellefonte, Pa. This excellent establishment is now open, and good meals can be had at all hours. Roast Beef, Ham, (warm or cold,) Chicken, Turkey, Tripe, Pickels, Oysters, Soup, Eggs, Pies, Cakes, Crackers, Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, &c., &c., comprise the bill of fare. Billiard Table connected with the Restaurent. Oysters in every style—also by the dozen and hundred. dec25,1y

HAND BELLS and DOOR BELLS, all sizes and kinds at IRWIN & WILSON'S. ap10'68.

COFFIN TRIMINGS, a large assortment at IRWIN & WILSON'S. ap10'68

TOYS of all kinds, at BURNSIDE & THOMAS'

SYRUP, the finest ever made, just received, cheap at Wolf's old stand—try it

A Large Stock of Ladies Furs, Horse Blankets, and Buffalo Robes at BURNSIDE & THOMAS.

Buggy New trotting Buggy, for sale at a bargain, at Wolf's Centre-hal. stand.



TERMS.—The CENTRE HALL REPORTER is published weekly at $1.50 per year in advance, and $2.00 when not paid in advance. Reporter 1 month 15 cents.

Advertisements are inserted at $1.50 per square (10 lines) for 3 weeks; each subsequent week at a less rate.

All Job-work, Cash, and neatly and expeditiously executed, at reasonable charges.


CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL PA., November 19th, 1869.

## Negro Outrages.

The frequency of outrages upon unprotected females by negroes is alarming. They are not confined to sparsely populated neighborhoods but occur in crowded cities, and in the light of day. The Washington city *Intelligencer* says of that place:

So frequent have attempted or committed violations of women, and of young girls, by negroes, been in the last few years, not to say in the last few months, that ladies have become afraid of trusting themselves alone in unfrequented places on business or pleasure, but of the common tide of travel, and girls on their way to school or elsewhere are filled with a natural dread, lest at some unexpected moment they may be assailed by one or more of these waylaying fiends, and by brute force compelled to submit to insults too dastardly and abominable for a name. Of late several instances of this shocking kind of crime have occurred, and it is owing to the universal demoralization that exists, and to which people have in a manner become accustomed, that they fail to arouse that popular indignation and summary punishment which their heinousness deserves.

But, though this is the paradise of negroes, and the negro nature is allowed to grow in a course of unchecked brutality, perpetrations of a similar kind are by no means unknown to Washington and its surroundings. The county over, wherever the negroes and the Radical party prevail, and Radical tea things find a soil in which to germinate, we find repititions of the same licentiousness, and lastful assaults upon women. They are a race possessing the most loose and lawless passions given over to sensuality, and unless kept in wholesome fear of the law and of speedy retribution for their crimes their course is habitually barbaric and brutal; there is no moral principle in them, nor anything else that can restrain the gratification of their depraved and lustful desires.

## The Legal Tender Act.

It is hinted that the expected decision of the supreme court declaring the legal tender act PROVISIONAL will precipitate a resumption of specie payment. The subject will receive early consideration in congress. Hon. R. J. Spaulding, the author of the act, declares it unconstitutional and only intended for an emergency. Boutwell is urged to sell seventy million dollars of gold, which would have the effect of bringing greenbacks up to their proper standard. Should this be done, there would still be thirty millions left in the treasury.

The greatest natural prodigy yet heard of made its appearance near Chatham, Va. on Friday last. The wife of Mr. Booker Bolling gave birth to a male child having a face with natural eyes, nose and mouth; four ears, four hands, and arms, and four legs and feet; from the navel downwards, the prodigy had the limbs and parts of twins, being connected just about or a little above the navel, from which point upwards there was nothing to distinguish the twins save the ears, arms and hands. The child breathed only a few minutes.

## A Villain Served Right.

Troy, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Ben Cressey, a worthless fellow, entered the house of Mrs. Dodge, in Stephentown, in this county, yesterday and undertook to ravish her, when she seized an axe and split his head open, causing instant death.

A starving fellow in Detroit fixed things by stealing ten cents, with which he procured one straight drink and also subsistence for six months in jail.

## Dreadful Suffering of Shipwrecked Seamen.

The terrible sufferings of the survivors of the whaling schooner Susan N. Smith, of Boston which was capsized as recently as August, are thus related by the master of the vessel:

The gale came on, and all was so quick that the captain could not change his position to get aft, where his wife and children and most of the crew were; for as soon as the masts touched the water the vessel settled down heavily, and he was washed away from the forecastle. After being in the water two or three minutes, most of the time under, he was washed against the rigging of the mainmast, and caught there, getting badly hurt in the breast as he brought up heavily against the spar. He got on the rigging at the top of the mast, by crawling through the ratlings, and there found nearly the whole crew and the officers collected and holding on to ropes and chains. While there he secured himself with a rope, and the first mate did the same. Here were twenty or more men in the rigging.

The vessel righted on Wednesday, and four of the crew, beside the captain, remained upon her. The captain's wife and children perished in the cabin during the storm, and their bodies washed away. Everything eidible had also been washed out of the vessel. All through the week the captain and his four companions clung to the wreck—eight days without food or water! There is hardly another such case on record. The testimony of all is that the thought of food scarcely entered their minds, but their burning thirst nearly drove them to distraction. Eight days without a drop of water! It came to be, through this dreadful parching, that neither one could talk. Each tongue was swollen and hung without the mouth. As it touched the roof of the mouth it glued there, and scaled off in large flakes. On Sunday morning the first sail that had been in sight since the disaster occurred, appeared some distance off—too far off to be attracted. The little hope that was excited suddenly departed as the whitened sail was lost to view in the distance. But two hours later another vessel came in sight, about three miles off, and here was new hope for the wretched men, but the vessel passed on, unattracted by the few lines of the wreck. These two last disappointments led to the raising of a signal of distress, and an old blue coat was hoisted.

At about 4 o'clock in the afternoon another vessel appeared about four miles to the windward, and before dark the captain of this vessel, Captain Oxley of the ship Flatworth, en route from China to London, discovered the wreck, and by dark had got within a hundred yards of it. He got a boat out, and sent it alongside. Captain Rounseville and his companions were so weak that they could not stand, and by another day, at the longest must have perished, and as the boat came up they slid into it helplessly, and were taken to the Flatworth, where every attention was paid them by the kind hearted Englishman in command. When taken off two of the sailors were entirely naked, as they had been during the whole week.

The sun had blistered them, as it had the captain and others. All were mere skeletons. Captain Rounseville, who weighed before the wreck 190 pounds, has lost nearly 90 pounds in his eight days of suffering. A teaspoonful of brandy was given to each to start up with, but even this was too much for their shattered systems, and very soon after reaching the ship all were in a delirious state, and remained in that state for two days. On reaching London the survivors were removed to the Sailors' Home, where they met with every attention. As soon as he was able, Captain Rounseville, published a card of thanks to Captain Oxley, and took measures to communicate his gallant conduct to the American consul, through whom the government will be advised and will undoubtedly make some suitable acknowledgement.

A merchant in Leavenworth, Kansas found a Chinaman's coat in a box of tea he had just opened. His customers have not been apprised of the fact, lest they find fault with the flavor of the Bohea.

## Speech of a Murderer From the Scaffold.

Concord, Nov 9.—Josiah Little Pike, who murdered Thomas Brown and wife, two aged persons, at Hampton Falls, in May 1868, was hanged in the jail yard of this city, to-day. On the scaffold he made the following speech:

"I do not shrink from my fate. I do not dread to die. I know how worthless my life is and have faith in Christ for a better hereafter, but I wish to leave a warning in my last words to those who are inclined toward intemperance. It has decided my fate and ruined my soul. I entreat those who deal in intoxicating drink to stop that dreadful work, and O, implore their victims to stop before it is too late. As I hope to be forgiven the sins of a misspent life, I forgive all severity and injustice towards myself and willingly commit my soul, wicked and unworthy as I have been, to a merciful Saviour; and to my friends who have been so kind and who have given me sympathy and encouragment during my stay in this prison I can only return the heartfelt thanks of a dying man. I can feel what they have done for me, but cannot utter my feelings, but commending them to God for his blessings and imploring mercy for myself, I give you all my last farewell."

All this time Pike was calm and serene, and nothing more than a very slight trembling was observed about him. His farewell address was written out and read from the scaffold by the Rev. Mr. Hollman. Before the execution a choir of ladies complied with his request and sang one of his favorite hymns, commencing—

"My latest sun is sinking fast,
My race is nearly run."

He was slightly nervous and tremulous in marching to the scaffold, but upon arriving there he seemed composed and united in the closing devotional exercises with an air of apparent indifference. He knelt with the clergyman when prayer was offered and upon rising remained quiet and stolid until the spring was touched. He fell a distance of eight feet and died without a struggle. The order excluding the members of the press was revoked at the last moment, and all who made application were admitted to witness the scene.

## A Novel Gambling Exploit.

The following queer story, which shows the passion of the inveterate gamester, is told as the recent exploit of a knight of the "green cloth" in this city, by an eye witness. A young gentleman of this city, some eighteen months ago, inherited a handsome property, all of which he has squandered at the gaming table. One evening last week his last dollar disappeared, in addition to which he staked his coat, hat and pantaloons—all of which he lost. As his going home in a state bordering upon nudity might involve his arrest by the night police, a servant of the gambling house loaned him an empty barrel, the head of which he knocked out, and donning it after the fashion of an overcoat, he trotted home unmolested. It is said that the severe lesson has induced him to forswear gambling, and that his friends will endeavor to repair his fallen fortunes.—*Cincinnati Paper.*

## More Earthquakes in South America—Several Villages Destroyed, &c.

Dates from Valpariso to October 2d and from Lima to October 18th had been received at Panama. There had been no earthquakes or tidal waves up to those dates, and the people were returning from the highlands to their homes. The volcano Purace, in the interior of Columbia, has been in a state of eruption recently, and two or three villages are reported to have been destroyed with their inhabitants. Soon after the eruption, the river Cauca, at the town of Popagan, fifteen miles from the volcano, rose quite high. Great quantities of lava, thickly strewn with the dead bodies of persons killed by the hot emission were seen. The next day the river was dry. A slight earthquake occurred at Quito, Ecuador, on the 18th of September. No damage. From Tacna, Peru, we hear of a strong earthquake having occurred on the 7th inst., but correspondents from other southern localities express their surprise of absolutely no movements of the earth having taken place during the past fortnight, when nearly everybody leaves his home in anticipation of them.

## Location of Heaven.

We clip the following from the New York Scientific American of the 11th instant:

Theological writers have always been puzzled to fix upon any very definite idea in regard to the geographical—so to speak—location of heaven. The Christian faith associates it as a final resting place for redeemed souls, preachers have drawn from it the lesson that revelation, for wise reasons, had veiled it in obscurity. But science is progressive. It digs deep into the bowels of the earth, and soars away into the regions of space, so that at last we have a philosopher sufficiently bold who undertakes to remove the perplexity, and solve all our doubts upon this sublime subject.

Instead of being a matter of philosophical and Christian speculation, we are now provided with a scientific solution of the whole difficulty by Dr. Mortimer, M. D. (not D. D.). According to his theory there is a vast globe or world, far within, from the surrounding potosphere of celestial fire which all denominate the sun, five hundred thousand miles in diameter. Dr. Mortimer states that he has brought divine revelation to bear upon this vast central globe and is plainly convinced "that the globe thus described is the Heavenly Empire where the righteous from this earth find their future home." Not content to have made the discovery of the exact locality of "our Heaven," the Doctor has gone into a mathematical calculation of the number of it requires for the spirit's flight from earth to this celestial abode for all of which information doubting and believing souls will forever thank the learned doctor.

## Fearful Tragedy on Board a Coolie Ship.

San Francisco, November 9.—Tahiti advices October 16 have been received. The Tahiti cotton company about six months ago sent the bark Mariner Candor, Captain Blackett, to the Gilbert Islands for a cargo of coolies. The captain succeeded in securing about three hundred, and on the return voyage they mutinied, and killed the captain and two officers, horribly mutilating their bodies. The mate escaped to the hold of the vessel, and there placed a keg of powder under the mainhatch, and having arranged fuse, enticed the coolies, when the savages crowded around the hatchway, the fuse was fired, killing nearly all on board. Some jumped overboard or fell victims to the shark, and the remaining men of the crew brought the vessel safely to Tahiti.

The volcano Purace in the interior of Columbia, has had a violent eruption, and two or three villages are reported destroyed, with all their inhabitants. Soon after the eruption the river Cauca at the levee of Popayan, fifteen miles from the volcano, rose quite high, and great quantities of lava, thickly strewn with the dead bodies of the people killed by the hot eruption. The next day the river was quite dry. A slight earthquake occurred at Quito, in Ecuador. It occurred September 18th, without damage.

OPENING OF THE SUEZ CANAL—The 16th of November is the day fixed upon for the grand opening of the Suez Canal, the ceremonies in connection with which will be most imposing. Immense preparations have been made at Alexandria to give a magnificent character to this occasion, and to open this colossal work in a manner worthy of its great commercial importance. The Empress Eugenie will be there, as also the Sultan of Turkey, with high dignitaries and thousands of other visitors from almost every civilized nation.

Lord Holland, who lived in the time of William III, used to treat his horses to a weekly concert in the stable, on the plea that music cheered their hearts and improved their tempers.

An English woman has traveled all the way from Rio Janeiro to St. Paul, Minn., to seek out her husband, from whom she was divorced years ago, and see if he would not like to try it again.

## How a Giant Pugilist Trains Himself For a Fight.

McCoole is now in training for his fight with Allen. The St. Louis Republican says of his method of training:

He sleeps on a good mattress, with plenty of warm covering, rises promptly at five o'clock in the morning, rain or shine, and immediately proceeds to a shed room in the rear of the lot, about ten by twelve, where he exercises with the dumb bells, a suspended sand bag weighing about four hundred pounds, cannon balls, and two heavy bags attached to cords running over a pulley. This exercise is continued for about half an hour, and is done to develop the muscle of the arm, the flesh on which now feels like buckskin stretched over marble. After this he wraps himself up as warm as possible, and muffles up his face so as to be hardly discernable, for the purpose of producing profuse prospiration, and starts out for his four mile walk—two in and two out. Returning he undergoes a salt water bath and a pretty severe scrubbing and rubbing process, sufficiently rough, indeed, to take the skin off almost any other man but him. After the bath he dresses himself warmly again and rests awhile, and then breakfasts moderately on beef or mutton, with trimmings—the meat of course always rare. His diet is substantial, and varies but little from that of a laboring man, although probably he does not eat as much. After breakfast comes a rest of an hour or two, until one o'clock, when he dons his walking shoes, each weighing about or nearly five pounds, and accompanied by one or both of his trainers, and well muffled up, he starts on a walk of from thirteen to sixteen miles, and as a walker he is a decided success. A day or two ago, when the Natural Bridge road and indeed all the roads about the city, were in a muddy and slippery condition, he walked fourteen miles in one hour and fifty minutes, loadened down as he was with the heaviest of clothing, and said he felt so little fatigued that he could have repeated the same time. His powers of endurance are astonishing. On his return from the walk he enjoys a short rest, then eats supper, and a short time after supper comes another walk of two or three miles. He never ventures out after the dampness of evening sets in, and is in bed promptly at eight o'clock. These are his every day exercises, rain or shine."

## MORE WONDERS.

### A Race on this Continent Before the Present One—The Colorado River.

Colonel Samuel Adams, a native of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, who has spent the latter part of the past four years in explorations up the Colorado river and through the wildest portions of the far southwest, has just returned from another expedition, the most dangerous, and difficult yet undertaken. He will submit an extended report of his discoveries to the government within a few days. His party consisted of eleven men, besides himself, and all the expenses of the expedition, including the cost of boats, conveyances, instruments, provisions, and other necessary articles of outfit, were borne by himself, and the undertaking was purely of a private character, without aid from the government or from any State or association.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

The explorations were confined to the Upper Colorado and its tributaries and the country adjacent, and embraced sections never before penetrated by modern explorers. The party started at the summit of the Rocky mountains, near Breckinridge, Summit county, Colorado, where fifty-two hydraulic mines are in operation, and where much gold is taken out during six months of the year.

Colonel Adams represents that he found localities equally rich in mines, that can be worked during all the months of the year, and that in the northwestern and central portions of Arizona and New Mexico he found the richest country he had ever seen. He says he saw wild wheat, rye, oats and barley growing to the height of six feet, and that he also discovered ruins of cities built of stone, fortifications, canals and abandoned mines, several hundred years old; and he gives it as his belief that the cities, the ruins of which he discovered, where inhabited centuries before St. Augustine Florida which is believed to have been the first settlement embraced in the present territory of the United States. The party also discovered oil wells, tar wells and salt and coal in abundance.

After starting the explorers descended five thousand feet during the first hundred miles, following the river, and Col. Adams states that the growth of timber, very limited at first, increased as they descended, and that an inexhaustible supply was found, which would supply the whole southern country in that region, where now the supply is brought from the country about Puget Sound, and reaches its destination only by being shipped along the coast, in the Pacific waters, up the Gulf of California, and thence through the navigable waters of the Colorado. The report will be one of the most interesting ever made of explorations in the far West, and will be submitted Congress at its next session.

## Death of Hon. Robert J. Walker.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.

Hon. Robert J. Walker died in this city this morning at a quarter before eleven o'clock, after a protracted illness. The deceased was aged sixty-eight years and four months.

Mr. Thomas B. Eubank, a worthy young citizen of Amherst county, Va., died on Friday last of glanders. The disease was communicated by horses on his plantation near Pedlar Mills. His sufferings, previous to death, were intense and agonizing, and although the best medical attention was rendered him, it could not avail to save him from the fatal effects of this horrible disease.

The New York Express tells of a bootblack, who, on election day, promised to black the boots, free of charge, of every man who would promise to vote for Horace Greeley.

Tampa, Florida, thinks herself a first-class port. The Tampa Peninsular recently published the following heavy list of "exports:"—per Lavaca, for New Orleans, two barrels potatoes, one coop fowls, one box gophers."

John Fields is to be executed at Williamsport, on the 7th of December, for the murder of George Mathews.

An English correspondent of a Western paper viewed the boat race with an opera glass, which, he said, was so good, that you could hear the Oxford coxswain as he pressed his men to their work."

George Peabody is said to have left an estate of $1,000,000, which his will distributes among twenty nine persons.

The two rival candidates for the Iowa Legislature had the same number of votes, and "cut" the cards for the place. The democrat won.

New York is said to have a new hotel, the largest on the continent. It will have six hundred and thirty rooms and cost one million six hundred thousand dollars.

A card was hung out of a little oyster shop in Sandusky City, Ohio, while the State Sabbath School Convention was in that place, which reads: Oysters in every style, coked to order. Friends of the redeemer will plese caul.

A Western editor has placed over his marriage heading a cut representing a large trap sprung, with the motto, "The trap down; another ninny caught.

There are two hundred and seven thousand names upon the Pension roll at the Pension Bureau, and over one hundred thousand cases are still pending for decision.

Denver papers warn people at the East to stay away, as work is scarce wages low, and the necessaries of life at extravagant prices.

The Titusville Herald, reports the September average production of oil in the Venango regions to be 12,645 barrels per day, and the October average 13,071 barrels, showing an increase of 426 barrels.

Holbrook, a Chicago burglar, lets his friends fire at him across the room for a dollar a shot.

A Georgia editor hearing of General Sherman as "the coming man," expresses a fervent hope that he is not coming that way again.

Reed stores—pipe organs.

Home stretches—family yarns.