

The Centre Reporter.



Frederick Kurtz, Editor.

Centre Hall, Centre Co., Pa., July 23d, 1869.

Vol. 2.—No. 24. 15

BUGGIES! BUGGIES!

J. D. MURRAY,
Centre Hall, Pa., Manufacturer of all kinds of Buggies, would respectfully inform the citizens of Centre county, that he has on hand
NEW BUGGIES,
with and without top, and which will be sold at reduced prices for cash, and a reasonable credit given.
Two Horse Wagons, Spring Wagons, etc., made to order, and warranted to give satisfaction in every respect.
All kinds of repairing done in short notice. Call and see his stock of Buggies before purchasing elsewhere.
ap10'68, tf.

C. H. GUTELIUS,

Surgeon & Mechanical Dentist,
who is permanently located in Harrisburg, Pa., in the office formerly occupied by Dr. Neff, and who has been practicing with entire success, having the experience of a number of years in the profession, he would cordially invite all who have as yet not given him a call, to do so, and test the truthfulness of his assertions. Teeth extracted without pain. may 22, 68, ly.

HENRY BROCKHOFF,

J. D. CASHEB,
President, Cashier,
CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO.
(LATE MILLIKEN HOOVER & CO.)
RECEIVE DEPOSITS,
And Allow Interest,
Discount Notes,
Buy and Sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons, in exchange for bank notes.
ap10'68, tf.

ORVIS & ALEXANDER,

Attorneys-at-law, Bellefonte, Pa.
ap10'68, tf.

JAS. McMANUS,

Attorney-at-law, Bellefonte, Pa.
ap10'68, tf.

P. D. NEFF, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon, Centre Hall, Pa.
Offers his professional services to the citizens of Potter and adjoining townships. Dr. Neff has the experience of 21 years in the active practice of Medicine and Surgery.
ap10'68, tf.

M'ALLISTER & BEAVER,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bellefonte, Centre Co., Penn'a.

Chas. H. Hale,

Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. dec25, ly.

MILLERS HOTEL

Woodward, Centre county, Pa.
Stages arrive and depart daily. This favorite hotel has been repaired and furnished by its new proprietor, and is now in every respect one of the most pleasant and comfortable places in the county. The travelling community and drovers will always find the best accommodations. Drovers can at all times be accommodated with stables and pasture for their teams, cattle or horses.
E. K. MILLER, Proprietor.
July 23, 1869, tf.

BECK'S HOTEL,

312 & 314 Race Street, Philadelphia.
Its central location makes it desirable for all visiting the city on business or for pleasure.
A. BROOK, Proprietor.
(formerly of the State Union Hotel).
ap10'68, tf.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES,

The Bellefonte
Boot & Shoe Store.

E. GRAHAM & SON,

ONE DOOR NORTH IRWIN & WILSON'S HARD-WARE STORE,
Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa.

Manufacturers and Dealers in
GENTS' CALF BOOTS, warranted,
at \$8 per pair,
HALL'S KIP BOOTS, warranted,
at \$5 per pair at
Graham & Son's

Boot & Shoe Store,

One door North Irwin and Wilson's Hardware Store,
Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa.

Gum Cloth Artie Over Shoes,

For the Season.

The LADIES DEPARTMENT

Consists of the best of
Custom Make

From the most fashionable workshop in Philadelphia, and warranted every pair.
Beautiful Ladies' Boots, leather, ranging only \$1 per pair. We have the largest assortment of
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S
Shoes and **Shoes**

Remember the place, one door North of Irwin & Wilson's Hardware Store, Bellefonte, Aug. 23, 68, tf.

W. H. BLAIR,

H. Y. STITZER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Bellefonte, Pa.

SOULES,

at wholesale and retail, cheap,
at IRWIN & WILSON'S,
Bellefonte, Pa.

BOOTS,

by the thousand, all styles, sizes and prices, for men and boys. Just arrived at Wolf's well-known Old Stand.

RATHER

of all descriptions, french calf skin, spanish sole leathers, Morocco's sheep skins, linings. Everything in the other line warranted.
at IRWIN & THOMAS'S.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY,

including plated forks, spoons, &c., at IRWIN & WILSON'S,
Bellefonte, Pa.
ap10'68, tf.

BAROMETERS

and Thermometers at IRWIN & WILSON'S,
Bellefonte, Pa.
ap10'68, tf.

BUFFALO SCALES,

of the best make from 1 lb up to 120,000 lbs.
ap10'68, tf.

CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, PA., July 23d, 1869.

FOR GOVERNOR:
HON. ASA PACKER, of Carbon.
FOR SUPREME JUDGE:
HON. CYRUS L. PERSHING,
of Cambria County.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

ENTIRE HARMONY AND GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

The Democratic State Convention met at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, July 14, and was called to order by Hon. Wm. A. Wallace.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew was unanimously elected chairman, with one vice president from each senatorial district. Mr. Buckalew on taking the chair made a very eloquent address.

The committee on resolutions reported the following, which were unanimously adopted, as the platform of the Pennsylvania Democracy:

1. That the federal government is limited in power to the grants contained in the Federal Constitution; that the exercise of doubtful constitutional powers is dangerous to the stability of the government and the safety of the people, and the democratic party will never consent that the State of Pennsylvania shall surrender her great right of local self-government.

2. That the attempted ratification of the proposed fifteenth amendment to the Federal Constitution by the radical members of the last legislature, and their refusal to submit the same to a vote of the people, was a deliberate breach of their official duty and an outrage upon every citizen of the State, and the resolution making such ratification should be promptly repealed and the amendment submitted to the people at the polls for acceptance or rejection.

3. That the democratic party of Pennsylvania is opposed to conferring upon the negro the right to vote, and we do emphatically deny that there is any right or power in Congress or elsewhere to impose negro suffrage upon the people of this State in opposition to their will.

4. That reform in the administration of the federal and State governments, and in the management of their financial affairs is imperatively demanded.

5. That the movements now being made for the amelioration of the condition of the laboring man has our most cordial co-operation.

6. That the legislation of the late republican Congress "outside of the Constitution," the disregard of the majority therein of the will of the people and sanctity of the ballot box, in the exclusion from their seats in Congress of representatives clearly elected, the establishment of military governments in states in the Union, and the overthrow of all civil governments therein, are acts of tyranny and usurpation that tend directly to the destruction of all republican government and the creation of the worst forms of despotism.

7. That our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory must be gratefully remembered and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native-born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign powers and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty and individual rights.

9. That the present internal revenue and taxing system of the general government is grossly unjust, and means ought at once to be adopted to cause a modification thereof.

NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR.

General Coffey moved that the Convention proceed to place in nomination a candidate for Governor. Agreed to, whereupon Mr. Petriken nominated George W. Cass.

Mr. Delahunty nominated Daniel M. Fox, of Philadelphia.
Mr. George D. Jackson nominated Asa Packer. [Applause.]
Mr. L. C. Cassidy nominated General Wm. McCandless, of Philadelphia.
Mr. Sutton nominated Charles Rogers, of Philadelphia.
Mr. Ancona nominated General Hancock, which received much applause.
Mr. Wallace. I deem it my duty, Sir, before proceeding to a ballot, in behalf of an honored name, in behalf of one whom I know the people of Pennsylvania will always delight to honor, to present an expression of his sentiments before he is placed before the public for the office of Governor of his native State. I have in my possession a letter written by General Winfield S. Hancock, dated on the 21st of last May, in which he explicitly and distinctly declares that he will not permit his name to be used as a candidate, and that is "without reservation."

The letter was read as follows, by Col. Carrigan:
SAINT PAUL, MAY 21st, 1869.
DEAR SIR: I had the pleasure to receive your favor of May first last, just before leaving Washington for the west. My occupation and duties prevented me from promptly replying to your communication; a circumstance to be regretted, for I was as well prepared to express to you my views then as now—and by having promptly written I would have avoided the appearance of hesitation.

My views on the subject, concerning which you have addressed "me," have never changed, and I have fully expressed them to all persons who have in any way communicated with me to that end. I am adverse to intruding myself upon the public, and have therefore ever avoided writing anything for publication, although I have authorized my correspondents to make any other proper use of my sentiments.

I feel highly honored by the preference shown by my friends in old Northampton expressed in that letter.

I must say, and without reservation, that under existing circumstances I cannot permit the use of my name in the convention shortly about to assemble. Were I in civil life, no distinction would be greater to me than to be Governor of Pennsylvania. I have followed the profession of arms since boyhood; and now, having acquired considerable rank, do not wish to abandon the service. B-side, I do not wish to enter upon a life in which I know I have had no experience or education.

There are those who could serve your interests better than myself, whom the people will be pleased to honor, and who would render more efficient service to the people of Pennsylvania than myself.

I am truly your obedient servant,
WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK.

Mr. Ancona. It is the desire of the masses that Gen. Hancock should be the candidate of this Convention; notwithstanding it is not his desire to have his name presented. With his name we will march forward to victory over the strongest foe. He is well known; he has never turned his back on friend or foe [applause], and he will not refuse to accept in this case. I shall insist upon casting my vote for General Hancock.

Mr. Delahunty, on leave given, withdrew the name of Daniel M. Fox.
The name of Charles Rogers was also withdrawn.

The convention then proceeded to ballot with the following result:

A second ballot was then taken, which resulted as follows:

Judge Packer was then declared the nominee, which was shortly afterwards made unanimous.

The convention then proceeded to the nomination for Supreme Judge. The first ballot stood as follows: Robert Fisher, 4; Silas W. Clark, 19; Cyrus L. Pershing, 23; William P.

Jenks, 8; Russell Brown, 23; Henry Chapman, 10; S. H. Reynolds, 11; Hamilton Aldricks, 9; William J. Bean; Samuel B. Wilson, 10; Ed. Golden, 2. No choice.
All the candidates were then withdrawn except those named below.
Another ballot was then taken which resulted as follows: Pershing, 69; Brown, 43; Clark, 6; Aldricks, 6.
Mr. Pershing, of Cambria Co., having received a majority of all the votes was declared the nominee, which was afterwards made unanimous.

After the nomination of the Asa Packer Association serenaded General Cass, who responded complimenting the nominee. The Club cheered the General to the echo.

A RADICAL JOURNAL ON ULYSSES IS SUN-STRUCK!

He has Ruined Radicalism in Pennsylvania!

When the gallant Col. McClure held his celebrated interview with Gen. Grant in February last, he begged the General not to put into the cabinet which he was then about to organize any such man as Mr. Adolph Borie, for the reason that politicians of that stamp "could not vitalize a party."

To this the General replied with one of the humorous sayings which he sometimes at his command. We don't now remember what he said, but he was thought at the time to have got immediately the advantage of McClure.

Since then, Borie has been lifted into the cabinet and has been hoisted out again to give place to a Jerseyman just as little known and just as insignificant as he was; and now we read in the papers that John Covode and Simon Cameron are in Washington to implore Gen. Grant, as McClure did in February, to put somebody into the cabinet whose appointment will vitalize the politics of Pennsylvania, and save the republicans from defeat with which they feel that they are threatened in October.

Whether General Grant still thinks his wit of February to have been good wit, and the appointment of the amiable Borie—with his gift of five thousand dollars toward General Grant's house—to have been a brilliant appointment, he would probably rather not state at present.

Whatever may now be done, it is most probable that republicans will be beaten in Pennsylvania, and beaten, let us say, merely because General Grant has proved himself unequal to the work he has undertaken to do. To change the cabinet now, and appoint the ablest and most unobjectionable citizen of that State in the place of Mr. Fish, Mr. Hoar, Mr. Cresswell, or Mr. Robeson, would not mend the matter much for the moment. Neither would it do much good, so far as the votes of Pennsylvanians in October are concerned, for the President at once to throw overboard the crew of his relations and cronies, the Casseys, the Dents, the Hudsons, the Fords, and the rest of them, for whose benefit he has treated the public service as a sort of captured merchantman, whose fat cargo he would have his favorites grow rich and lusty. It would probably also be useless, for the purpose of this Pennsylvania election, to reverse the fatal policy toward the Cubans, which has put this great country into the sad and revolutionary position of spy and a policeman of Spanish despotism, laboring for the perpetuation of slavery in Cuba. All these acts of the President are bad, very bad; they ought to be changed without delay; but to change them will not change political tendencies of Pennsylvania in time for this election. Neither will it restore Gen. Grant to the place in the public esteem which he occupied before his inauguration. Errors may be corrected, but they cannot be forgotten. Confidence once forfeited cannot be fully restored.

We have repeatedly commented on the extraordinary want of discretion shown by Gen. Grant in the composition of his cabinet. How he should have been guilty of such miraculous lack of wisdom it is difficult to imagine. It is just as if he had chosen obscure non-commissioned officers for the command of army corps and armies during

the war, leaving the Shermans, Thomases, Sheridans in idle inaction. The only result of such a course with an army would be defeat; and Gen. Grant will yet come to understand, if he lives a year or two longer, that as much common sense is necessary in the government of a country as in the command of troops.

He learns this indispensable lesson very slowly, however. This last astonishing appointment of Robeson shows that he still supposes that he can freely indulge the levity of his own whim in the selection of his ministers. This is a dangerous delusion, like several others that possess him, and control his judgment. We tell him in all kindness and earnestness, that he is walking on the verge of a precipice, and that his ruin and that of his party will be black sudden, and beyond remedy, if he does not speedily arouse himself to the realities around him. A free government can only be carried on with the hearty support of the people. Will Gen. Grant never learn what it is to be President? It is evident that he has not begun to apprehend the nature of the responsibilities that rest upon him. Let us hope that he will open his mind to the admiration of these experienced men of Pennsylvania, and perceive, however dim, what great opportunities his frivolity has wasted. Let him, too, if he would avoid a greater evil than the loss of the approaching elections, make haste to retract his ill-advised steps, and as far as possible to repair the faults he has committed.

Woman's Suffrage Convention.

Saratoga, July 13.—The Woman's Suffrage Convention met here to-day. Mrs. Gage called the meeting to order. Susan B. Anthony was made temporary chairman (woman), and Celia Burleigh and Mrs. E. A. Morgan were chosen secretaries. A number of committees were appointed, and Mrs. Martin addressed the convention in favor of woman suffrage. Miss Anthony in announcing the adjournment, appealed to all present to attend future meetings. She was interrupted by a man who asked "What is to be done with St. Paul's saying, that women should be subject to their husbands?" She replied that the same as men do with the rest of St. Paul's sayings—"pass them by." The convention then adjourned until four p. m.

New York, July 15.—It is said that W. H. Sanford, defaulting cashier of the Central National Bank, left Boston last week for Europe.
An oil car on the Erie railroad took fire and burned in the Bergen tunnel to-day.

The steam gunboats Severn, Hartford, Washonda, Detroit, Colorado and Swatara are fitting out rapidly at the navy yard here for immediate service.

Peter Bant, the boy who had his throat partially cut and his ear cut off by a negro named Carpenter, last week, died yesterday.

Bigelow, who murdered his niece, was hung at Monticello, in this State to-day.

Eleven indictments have been found by the grand jury against prominent bankers and brokers for violating usury laws. Arrests probably will be made to-morrow.

Two hundred and nine children died in Brooklyn last week.

While attending to queries from a confederate, a thief quietly walked off with the box of the cashier of the Seaman's Bank Monday afternoon and both the thieves escaped. Subsequently the box was found in an entry with \$25,000 in bonds not negotiable, while \$10,000 in governments and valuable bonds were gone.

It is said that Peach leaves, applied to a wound inflicted by running a nail into the flesh, will effect an immediate cure. They should be bruised and confined with a bandage. Two applications only are necessary to insure a cure, in either man or beast.

It is said that the Pennsylvania Central railroad, having now got possession of the Fort Wayne & Chicago, have made an offer for the Union Pacific railroad, and if they are successful in the purchase they will then buy the United States.

Three negroes have so far been appointed on the Washington police.

Always Sleep Alone.

The Revolution newspaper, the organ of woman's rights, contains an article from pen of Miss Susan B. Anthony, in which she insists that married people should not sleep together, and that every man, woman and child should sleep alone. She says that those who are just going to house-keeping should buy no double beds. For health and happiness she insists there's nothing equal to cribs, cots and single beds. As Miss Susan is an unmarried lady, that's probably all she knows about it. She enters into an argument however, to sustain her position, and as a matter of interest, we give the following extract:
"More quarrels arise between brothers, between sisters, between hired girls, between apprentices in machine shops, between clerks in stores, between hired men, between husbands and wives, owing to electrical changes through which the nervous systems go by lodging together night after night under the same bed clothes than by almost any other disturbing cause. There is nothing that will so derange the nervous system of a person who is eliminative in nervous force as to lie all night in bed with another person who is absorbent in nervous force. The absorbent will go to sleep and rest all night, while the eliminative will be tumbling and tossing restless and nervous, and weak in the morning fretful, peevish, faultfinding and discouraging. No two persons, no matter who they are, should habitually sleep together. This is the law and in married life it is defied almost universally."

Canning Corn.

Mrs. William B. Hazleton, of Marquette Falls, in the Michigan Farmer, says: I take the sweet, or even green corn before it gets too old cut it from the cob, fill my cans full, press down. I then take a boiler, lay some sticks in the bottom for my cans to set on; I then lay the covers of the cans on loose, fill the boiler with water so that it will cover half way up the sides of the cans, put the cover on the boiler, boil for three hours briskly, take out and press the covers on tight. Will keep well and have all the flavor of green corn.

To Cure Blind Stagers.

The following cure for blind stagers is said by Gen. Hampton to be infallible:
Measure a stick from the nostril to the inner corner of the eyes so as not to have it too long; sharpen well and run it up the nostril, twisting it around once or twice, so as to make the nose bleed freely, and it will give instant relief. This remedy is so simple—the material being always on hand—that we consider it invaluable to farmers and horsemen.—Southern Paper.

On Sunday afternoon, two sons of Louis Vorweck, of Minneapolis, Minn., were drowned in the St. Anthony mill pond, at the head of the island. They were aged thirteen and seventeen years. They were walking on the logs, when the younger fell in, and the older jumped in after him. The younger caught hold of him with desperation, and they both went down together.

Two brothers named Acker, residing in Oil Creek township, Crawford county, instead of going to church, went to watch a deer lick last Sunday night, when the one shot the other dead, mistaking him for a deer.

John Geary, of Wayne county, fell dead in his garden, on Saturday the 26th ult., while wheeling a wheelbarrow.

The total cost of the splendid bridge across the West Branch of the Susquehanna, at Lewisburg is set down at \$150,728.90.

The sawmill of White, Lentz & White, at Williamsport, cut 1,027,942 feet of boards, 350,000 feet of lath, and 30,000 No. 1 pickets, all in ten days.

The two P's and the two C's.—In Packer and Pershing, of Carbon and Cambria counties, the Democrats have the two P's and the two C's. The people will say, when they come to vote, Let us have P's and our troubles shall be C's?

Great Flood in Colorado Valley—Water Above the Telegraph Poles.

Galveston, Texas, July 14.—To-day cars have been sent out from Harrisburg, Texas, with boats to rescue the sufferers by the flood in Colorado Valley, who took refuge in tree tops in Eagle Lake bottom. They have been there two days. Positive information is received that the water was two feet over the tops of the telegraph poles on the farms of Ogle Lake bottom, which are cultivated every year. There are various rumors afloat from Bestrop, but as the communication is entirely cut off, none can be credited. It is impossible to arrive, at the extent of the loss to towns along the Colorado till the water falls. It has fallen six feet already. Brazos is still rising. There is a report that all rivers near San Antonio are out of banks.

A farmer in Sinking Valley, Blair county, caught a snake trying to milk one of his cows.

There is a great enthusiasm all over the State for Packer. The signs of the times are propitious.

A grain of coffee lodged in the windpipe of a child of Mr. Bartley, of Altoona, strangled the child to death.

The Mayor of Harrisburg is fighting the gamblers.

Some heartless scoundrels in Altoona got a young boy intoxicated by giving him lager beer. He is now a helpless maniac.

Wilson Henry, mail agent on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, while in a fit of insanity, shot himself through the heart.

Old people are long shadows, it is true, and their evening sun lies coldly on the earth, but they all point to the morning.

A new jail costing from fifty to sixty thousand dollars, is to be erected at Clearfield.

Up to the 9th inst., 568,603 logs, cutting 119,693,493 feet of lumber, were being rafted out of the Williamsport boom.

Moses Yoder, while engaged in crossing the river at Lewisburg in a flat, on Saturday last, fell overboard, and was drowned.

A man named Charles Butler, employed at Fort Pitt Foundry, Pittsburgh, was killed on Monday last by a five-ton casting rolling upon him.

Harrisburg has several pickpockets in jail, awaiting a hearing.

A woman was arrested on the streets of Harrisburg, a few days ago, in a beastly state of intoxication. She had a child with her.

Of all the dust thrown in men's eyes, gold dust is the most blinding.

Foot races between girls are attractions at Iowa cattle shows.

A young lady went into a music store, the other day, and asked for "feline intestines for lyrical purposes." She was accommodated with cat-gut guitar strings.

Some young ladies think it quite a burlesque to talk about the old woman kissing her cow, but they are fond of kissing very great calves.

Gold is often found in quartz, but never in gulches.

A lazy fellow, on being rebuffed for lying in bed so late in the morning, replied, "I am obliged to do it in order to invent excuses for not getting up."

The new fractional currency notes are nearly ready for circulation.

The oven at the Berks county almshouse contains 224 square feet.

"Goodness me!" cried a nice old lady, the other day, "if the world does come to an end next year, what shall I do for snuff?"

A philosopher says that if anything will make a woman swear it is looking for her night-cap after lamp is blown out.

It is a good sign to see a woman dressed with taste and neatness—bad to see her husband snuff for finery.