

To Correspondents.—Communications should not be written on both sides of a sheet of paper. Be brief, plain, and to the point. Communications containing personalities will be rejected.

Hester Clymer has written a letter declining to be a candidate for governor. We are sorry for this, as there is not a purer, abler and better man in the state, for this place, than Hester Clymer.

It will be remembered that at the last democratic county convention, the delegate from this county to the next state convention, was instructed to support Mr. Clymer for governor. Who will now be the choice of our county, Gen. McCandless, Gen. Cass, or Asa Packer? There should be some expression given, by which the preference of our county may be made known, and this can only be done by a re-assembling of the late county convention, at January court.

In our opinion our county is always too early in selecting delegates to state conventions and in giving them instructions whom to support, as events often transpire in the long interval between the meeting of our county convention and the assembling of the state convention, which place us in an awkward position, from the change of events and new questions and men that arise.

The Bellefonte Republican is the name of a new radical paper, which last week made its appearance, flying the names of W. W. Brown & A. B. Hutchison as editors. The Republican makes quite a lively appearance, and promises to be a spirited sheet, battling for the blackest kind of niggerism, worthy the zeal of Sambo himself.

Gov. Geary, according to his late pardon report, during 1868 pardoned 172 persons convicted of various offenses. Many of these were of the vilest criminals in the state, and let loose by the hero of Snickerbelle because they were rascals belonging to the radical party, and would be of service at the elections. Gov. Geary has made a practice of pardoning offenders against the laws, for no other reason than because they belonged to the radical party; he was about the first governor to issue "pocket pardons," to be used by favorites found guilty of a violation of the laws as soon as sentence was pronounced by the court. These pocket pardons have been stuck under the nose of the Centre county court, as well as in many other counties.

We lately referred to the fact that two republicans of Lancaster, Messrs. Rauch & Cochran, had offered to do the pasting and folding for the two Houses at Harrisburg for \$7000, for which, under the former system upwards of \$40,000 were paid. These gentlemen upon the meeting of legislature, last week, handed in their proposition to the radical caucus, by which they propose to save the State \$30,000 annually; but that economical (?) body gently laid the proposition upon the table, only the two radical Senators from Lancaster voting in favor of it.

Look tax-payers, see the hypocrisy of the men who prate about serving you so honestly. Here was a chance to save \$30,000 to the State in one session, and it is hoisted at by the radical caucus. The following is the proposition.

LANCASTER, JAN. 4, 1869.  
To the Senate of Pennsylvania:

We propose to enter into a contract for the sum of \$2,500, to execute all the work of pasting and folding the Legislative Record, Executive documents and all other matter, usually done by the printers and folders. We are ready to give bond, with approved securities, in any reasonable sum, for the prompt and faithful execution of said work, should the proposition be accepted.

Having made a similar proposition to the House of Representatives to do its pasting and folding for \$5,000, we propose now to modify as to do all of said work, for both Houses, for 7,000. The cost of pasting and folding of the House alone, last session, was \$37,000.

Respectfully submitted,  
E. H. Rauch,  
T. B. Cochran.

Reported Lynching of Murderers. Augusta, Ga., Jan. 9.—It is reported that the murderers of Martin and his two sisters, who were robbed, killed and burned at their home in Columbia county a few weeks since, were taken from the jail at Appling and lynched. A white man named Anderson Upton and three negroes, who composed the party, confessed the murder of Martin and his two sisters, the stealing of six hundred dollars in gold and the subsequent burning of the bodies in order to cover their guilt.

Hon. William A. Wallace.  
The Harrisburg Patriot, of a late date, publishes a just tribute to the worth and services of this distinguished Democrat, who for the last five or six years has labored so energetically for the success of the party in our state. Mr. Wallace has performed an amount of labor unequalled by the efforts of any Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, before him. His labors in campaigns and out of campaigns have been unceasing, and directed to the one great end, the triumph of democratic principles accompanied by no selfish designs, which are foreign to the nature of this able and distinguished gentleman. Our contemporary speaks of him as follows:

"With the present session of the legislature, this distinguished gentleman will enter on his third term of service in the Senate. His constituents have shown their high appreciation of his ability and faithfulness with which he has served them, by an increased majority at each election. In addition to his public duties, he has sustained the labors of a constantly increasing practice. For four years he has held the responsible and onerous position of Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee—a rare but justly merited compliment.

It would be surprising, indeed, if in the extensive intercourse of Mr. Wallace with the public men of the State, there were not a few to be found ready to indulge in censorious criticisms of the manner in which he has discharged his duties. But in regard to Mr. Wallace, the complaints are as infrequent as they are wholly undeserved. To the neglect of important private business demanding his attention, he has devoted himself, day and night, unselfishly and unwearily to the success of the democratic party, and he is as little responsible for the result in Pennsylvania as in Ohio and Indiana. The causes of defeat must be sought for in other quarters. In this case as usual, the querulous and grumbling are inconsistent and incoherent.

Throughout his long term of public service, no one has been reckless enough to intimate that William A. Wallace ever permitted any selfish interests to control his course in the legislature, or ever make a departure from the high integrity which should actuate every representative of the people. His radical foes who owned his ability, and found him unpopular in honesty against every assault on his official course, were compelled to descend to low vituperation and scurrility in their assaults, to make up for their utter want of truth. With the close of the political campaign, the unjust and unmanly abuse of which Mr. Wallace was the object, has ceased with the necessity for it, and its authors are ashamed that the desire to gain political capital betrayed them into defaming the character of an honorable citizen."

We direct the attention of our readers to the annual statement of our own home insurance company, in another column. It must be highly gratifying to the citizens of Penna and Brush Vallies to know that this Institution stands upon the most reliable footing, as presented by the available assets, and the total of insurances now in force. Our citizens owe it to themselves and to their neighbors to give this company the preference in having their property insured.

A deserved compliment is Gen. Buchanan's eleventh re-election as President of this company, which he has so honestly and faithfully served, since its organization, and of which he was the pioneer.

John Scott of Huntington, is the radical caucus nominee for U. S. Senator. Simon fixed the thing.

R. W. Muckey, of Pittsburg is the radical caucus nominee for State Treasurer. Simon also fixed that little matter.

From Harrisburg.  
A registry law has already been introduced in the Legislature, and will be put through at once by the radicals—it is intended to operate in their favor at the elections.

A police bill for Philadelphia has also been introduced, which is intended to take all police force from the democrats, and give it to radicals.

Strong, radical from Iowa, offered a joint resolution for the appointment of 27 additional printers and folders for the House. When, what a sample of radical economy, each of them will cost a \$1000 with nothing to do. The aids passed the resolution instantly.

Plunder! Plunder!

In last week's Reporter our readers had a list of the various "rings" at Washington, which do the legislation for the country. Radical legislation now-a-days, is a sorry thing for the people—congress is virtually a den of thieves, who set the forth thieves, of Arabian Nights notoriety, completely in the shade. All the legislation of congress is a huge batch of acts for private speculation by which radical congressmen and their friends will make immense fortunes, and the country is not benefited one single continental copper. The result is that our debt keeps increasing every month, and the dear people are taxed to death to pay the interest. Voting the radical ticket is a good thing for the villainous leaders of the party, who cling to it for plunder's sake, but it means sweat and

toil for the laboring masses. When will our farmers, mechanics, and laboring men, who help to keep these scamps in place see that they are only robbing themselves by voting the radical ticket. Such things were never heard of in good old democratic times.

Advices from Washington inform us that another infernal radical villainy is about to be perpetrated against the state of Maryland. The political scoundrels of the rump have appointed a committee to report whether the state government of Maryland is republican or not. This committee has been in session, and it is rumored, will report to the rump that the government of Maryland is not republican in form, upon which the Jacobins in congress will turn out the members from Maryland. The ground for this is, that Maryland does not go in for negro equality. If the political demagogues at Washington become guilty of this outrage and iniquity, every radical son of them, having a hand in such an outrageous proceeding, should be lynched on the spot.

These radicals have acted in violation of their oaths for the last eight years—violating the constitution and trampling upon the rights of the states and the most sacred rights of the citizen. Shall they thus be allowed to go on unchecked? If there is no oath, no constitution which they will respect, then let an outraged people stand up for their rights upon the same principle, take the short road to justice, and make an example of these hounds who have strangled liberty, and set up the worst kind of despotism in this once free and happy land of Washington. They richly deserve to hang high as Haman.

CONGRESS.  
WASHINGTON, January 11th.  
More than the usual number of memorials and petitions were presented and referred. The credentials of H. B. Miller, Senator-elect from Georgia, were referred in the Senate House.

Under the call of the States for bills and joint resolutions for reference only, a large number were introduced, read twice, and referred.

The most important were a bill appropriating five million dollars per annum for the improvement of New York harbor; a bill to authorize gold contracts; a bill to remedy the ill result arising from Underwood's decision in Virginia, and a bill for the acknowledgment of Cuban independence, or securing the annexation of Cuba to the United States without purchase.

The morning hour having expired, Mr. Washburn, of Indiana, introduced a bill for the repeal of the tenure-of-office act, and moved the previous question on its passage. The previous question was "seconded" the main question ordered, and the bill passed—yeas, 124; nays, 47; the Democrats all voted for it.

The rules were suspended, and a substitute for the diplomatic appropriation bill was reported and passed. The Judiciary Committee reported a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and a bill declaring who may vote for President, and Vice-President. It provides for negro suffrage in all the States. It was ordered to be printed.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the naval appropriation bill. The appropriation for the Philadelphia Navy yard was reduced from fifty to twenty-five thousand dollars. The Committee rose and reported the bill, and the House adjourned.

A Radical paper says that the House Judiciary Committee are likely soon to report a resolution declaring that Maryland has not a republican constitution; such as contemplated by the Constitution of the United States. It thinks that the House will accept the report by a nearly unanimous vote of its Republican members, and rule out the Maryland Representatives from the next Congress.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.  
It is expected that the President will send to the Senate tomorrow, a message giving his reasons for issuing the recent amnesty proclamation. The message will be one of the most vigorous of all Mr. Johnson's state papers.

MORE RETRENCHMENT.  
Having cut off two hundred dollars worth of stationary for the reporters' gallery, the House Committee on Accounts have further signified their determination to retrench by allowing twenty-five hundred dollars to members for pen knives!

BRADLEY, SR., RESTORED.  
The Supreme Court to-day decided that the courts of the District of Columbia erred in striking Mr. Bradley, sr., from the list of practicing attorneys, and ordered a mandamus to issue restoring him to his place at the bar. Justice Miller dissented.

REPEAL OF CITIZENSHIP ACT.  
The House to-day passed Butler's bill for the repeal of the Fenwick Office Act, by a vote of 121 yeas to 47 nays. It is not so certain that it will pass the Senate.

GROWLS AT GRANT.  
There is some grumbling among the intense radicals at the course of General Grant, in inviting the Confederate officer, Wickham, to dine with him. Some of the more suspicious among the "lois", people are becoming quite restive under Grant's rein.

Mr. Sherman's bill, introduced in the

Senate, proposes to amend said judiciary act so as to provide that any judge of any court of the United States who is now seventy years old, or who shall attain that age, may, upon his written application to the President, be retired upon a full pension, equal in amount to his full salary, but if any such judge shall for one year after the passing of this bill, or after arriving at the age of seventy years, continue to hold his office, it shall be the duty of the President to nominate and appoint an additional judge for the same court, who shall perform the same duties and receive the same compensation as the judge then acting in such court in the district, and shall in connection with and in the absence of, his senior associate, hold the courts prescribed by law.

The United States Senator from Florida—Hon. A. S. Welch, of Iowa, Michigan and Florida.

The Tallahassee Sentinel gives the following account of one of Florida's Senators, whom it dubs a "carpet bagger extraordinary." It will seem so to all who will read what the Sentinel says of the Senator. The Hon. A. S. Welch, of Iowa, President of the Agricultural College of that State, it says, "with 4,000 a year a furnished horse, and Senator from Florida (until March next) will soon be announced by the Jacksonville Union as a candidate for the task of ousting Mr. Gilbert from his seat as United States Senator from this State. Mr. Welch was elected last July to serve the unexpired term and shortly after accepted the lucrative position of President of the Iowa college, gave up his residence in Florida, removed his family to Iowa, and this property here was left for sale. His saw mill sold for \$12,000. His residence is held at \$5,500 with furniture. Mr. Welch has just returned to Florida. He proposes to pull up stakes instantly if the Legislature will be so naughty as not to gratify him.

Members of the Legislature, we have the high honor to take the bill by the horns and introduce to your acquaintance in January the Hon. Mr. Welch, of Michigan, President of a college in Iowa, and at present United States Senator from Florida.

LATEST BY CABLE.

The Steamship Hibernia and her Crew—Submission of the Cretons—First day of the Eastern Conference—Grand Banquet at Madrid—The Sublime Porte.

London, January 9.—Advices from Candia, by mail fully confirmed the previous reports of the Cretons to the Turkish authority.

Paris, Jan. 10.—The conference for the settlement of the dispute between Greece and Turkey met yesterday. The first session was a long one, commencing at 4 p. m., and terminating at 11. The Greek and Turkish representatives both manifested a conciliatory disposition, and a peaceful result is looked forward to with confidence. The next session takes place on Tuesday.

The official Journal says the Ambassadors of China receive every honor and attention, and declares that Burgin's position in the Embassy is entirely satisfactory to the Emperor. The Ambassadors will have a formal audience with the Emperor at an early day.

HAMBURG, Jan. 9.—The friends of passengers on board the steamer Borussia, heretofore reported off Portland, England, with a shaft, and who are anxiously inquiring on the subject, by the cable are informed that all were safely landed on the 29th ult.

MADRID, Jan. 9.—A grand banquet was given at Seville last evening. All the municipal officers of that city, and many other notables, were present. One of the features of the banquet was a complimentary telegram, which was sent to Espartaco, wherein the guests expressed their preference for him at the head of the State, whatever the decision of the Cortes, may be relative to the future form of government.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 9.—The Greek blue book, copies of which have been received here, contain a statement that General Ignatieff, the Russian Ambassador to the Sultan's court had assured Mr. Delaguerre, the Greek minister here, that the Sublime Porte would not repress any action of Greece in preference to Creta.

A letter from Colima, Mexico, gives an account of a terrible earthquake experienced in that city on the morning of the 27th ult. For several days previous the volcano of Colima, twenty miles from the city, had exhibited symptoms of internal combustion, sending forth smoke and steam, accompanied by rumblings and shaking of the earth. On the morning of the 27th there was a gentle rocking of the earth, which gradually increased in violence, until the walls cracked and everything breakable in the houses was diminished. The vibrations were from north-east to south-west, and lasted nearly forty seconds. The cathedral warehouse and brick buildings were cracked from top to bottom. The people started from their sleep, rushing frantically for the place. It is reported that several persons were killed by the falling of the National Hotel. The shock was felt a long distance, and in several places the ground opened and trees were uprooted, hills leveled, water courses changed, and a general upheaving of the earth took place. At the city of Manzanillo the cathedral building, which has stood the shocks of earthquakes and storms for over a century, was riven from top to bottom, and even the tiles on the roof were broken. Some eighteen or twenty persons were crushed by the falling walls of the American hotel, and three persons were buried in the ruins of the war-house of Maserman & Co.

The eight persons who were killed in Rochester, N. Y., a day or two since by the giving away of a floor in a school-room, were buried with but one funeral service, and that was held at the Catholic Church to which the school was attached. Fifty persons in all were injured. The Coroner's inquest established the fact that the accident was in consequence of an undersized cap having been placed upon the column supporting the floor.

The jury in the case of Daniel Dechert, editor and proprietor of the Hagerstown, (Maryland) Mail, gave him a verdict against the Hagerstown corporation for \$7,500 damages, for allowing his office, types, etc., to be destroyed by a mob in 1862, and driving him out of town as a secessionist. Other cases of a similar character are pending. This case is likely to be taken as the precedent for numberless suits throughout Maryland.

Death of General Rousseau.  
Dispatches received at the War Department, announce the death of Brigadier General L. H. Rousseau, at New Orleans. Universal regret is expressed at the untimely death of this well-known statesman and gallant soldier.

Rochester, New York, January 6.—A shocking accident occurred this evening, by which eight persons were killed and thirty seriously injured. A floor in the school house of St. Peter's and St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church gave away, while crowded with people attending the holiday festival. Three hundred or more persons went down, and several were instantly killed.

ANNUAL STATEMENT.  
Office of The Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Centre County.  
CENTRE HALL, Jan. 11th, 1869.  
In compliance with the provisions of their Charter, the Directors present the following annual statement of the transactions of the Company:

Table with financial data: Assets, bills receivable, premium notes, due and payable by members, for insurances, the past year, \$29,477 93; Of which amount there has been called in, 765 30; Leaving due on Premium notes taken the past year, \$28,712 63; To this add receipts into the Treasury from assessments No. 4, and applied to the payment of losses, \$3889 82; Also, money on deposit with members, 500 00; Balance in the Treasury, 170 45; Total, 4,254 27.

Table with financial data: Making the total assets the past year, \$32,966 81; EXPENSES: Compensation to Directors, \$112 85; Salary of Secretaries, 100 00; of Treasurer, 25 00; Printing, office rent, stationary, 183 91; Desk for Secretary to preserve papers, 20 00; U. S. revenue tax and stamps, 136 19; Losses paid, goods stored in warehouse, 2500 00; School, 650 00; do-dwelling house and furniture, Geo. Grant, 650 00; do-furniture M. H. Meyer, 200 00; Total, 3,907 95.

Table with financial data: Total amounting assets and fund of the Company, the past year, \$23,058 86; To which add funds heretofore reported, \$15,773 74; Less amount of notes expired & cancelled by parties, 10,043 25; Total, \$28,789 35.

Table with financial data: Making the total available assets of the Comp. this day, \$188,799 35; Risks and insurances taken the past year, \$160,788 26; Same, heretofore reported for ten previous years, \$2,555,888 88; Grand total of risks and insurances since organization, \$2,806,282 14; From which deduct Policies expired and cancelled by consent of parties, 24,759 65; Grand total of risks and insurances in force this day, \$2,581,522 49; Liabilities, loans and deposits due members, \$500.

At an election held the same day, the following named members were elected Directors for the ensuing year: John W. Krumpholtz, George Musser, Joseph Keller, John Shannon, Sam'l P. Foster, George Buchanan, Amos Alexander, Jacob G. Meyer, Jacob Hesterman, John Kreamer, John Wolf. Who upon the Board organized, and elected the following officers: President—George Buchanan. Vice President—Josiah Potter. Secretary—Alexander Shannon. Treasurer—Henry Witmer, and all the former Agents were continued for the ensuing year. Attest, GEO. BUCHANAN, Pres't. Alex. Shannon, Sec'y. Jan 15th.

Wall Paper, cheap from 12 to 20 cents per bolt at Harlacher's.

INFORMATION WANTED.  
The undersigned having given, in February, 1868, a promissory note, payable to Samuel Harper or order, which has since passed into other hands, is desirous of finding the present holder of said note, as it is now due and he therefore wishes to pay off the same. JOHN JAMESON, Centre Hall, Jan 15th.

A large assortment of every variety of Cook, Parlor, Office & heating Stoves, Stoves, and Heaters at the lowest prices at Jan 15th. TITZEL'S, Mifflin.

The largest and best assortment of tinware at old price Jan 15th. TITZEL'S, Mifflin.

Particular attention paid to heating stoves. Jan 15th.

New trotting Buggy, for sale at a bargain, at Wolf's Centre Hall Jan 15th.

Another Noteworthy Death.  
John Minor Batts died at his residence in Culpepper, Virginia, yesterday. A man in Michigan died lately of too much cider. A barrel filled with it fell upon him. It is said that as the twig is bent the tree is inclined. Some young ladies will grow queerly if the Grecian bend prevails long. Spirits over proof—printer's devils.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

HERRAS, the Honorable Chief Justice, President of the Court of Common Pleas in the Twenty-fifth Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Honorable John Hesterman and the Honorable William Allison, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their process, bearing date the 4th day of February, A. D. 1868, to me directed, for holding a Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the 4th Monday of Jan., next, being the 25th day of January, 1869, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Comptroller, Justice of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of the said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertain to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 14th day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1869, and in the thirty-second year of the Independence of the United States. D. Z. KLANE, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Jan. 1st, 1869.

LOTS FOR SALE!  
The undersigned offers three very desirable building Lots, at Centre Hall, at private sale. These lots are situated on the Balsburg road, near the Lutheran church and adjacent each other. They are finely located for building upon, and convenient to the business centre of the town. For Terms apply to J. R. ALEXANDER, Bellefonte, Jan 11.

New Goods!  
NEW GOODS!  
GEO. D. PIFER, who keeps a large Store, in No. 6 Brookerhoff's Row, next door to Post Office, in Bellefonte, Pa., has just received a fresh supply of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!  
which he is selling at remarkably low rates. His Stock consists of: Dress Goods, such as, French and Irish Poplin, Alpacaes, Wood De Laine, French Merinos, Bleached and Unbleached Flannels of all Kinds, BLANKETS, TICKING, &c., &c. In addition to the above, he keeps constantly on hand, a large stock of Over-Coats and Clothing for both Men and Boys, of all descriptions. He also keeps the celebrated Hall Boots and Shoes, in endless varieties. ALSO OVEN'S WARE, CANNED & DRIED FRUIT, in fact, everything that may be needed for, can be found at his store. The highest market price paid for Grain IN CASH. Marketing of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. D. PIFER.

MILROY FURNITURE Wareroom.  
The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Centre county, that he has constantly on hand, and makes to order, all kinds of BEDSTEDS (Cottage and plain), WASHINGTON CORNER CUPBOARDS, SOFAS, EXPANSION TABLES, Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Toilet Tables, Centre Tables, Sinks, Doughtrays, settees, lounges, Complete suites of Furniture furnished at short notice and made in the best possible manner—HOMEMADE and warranted of the best material. Prices Lower than Elsewhere! Persons in want of Furniture will do well to give me a call. JOHN CAMP, Mifflin.

BURNSIDE & THOMAS.  
Office to the Public one of the largest and best selected stocks of merchandise in Centre county. Call, examine and see for yourself. FINE GROCERIES, mocha coffee, old Java, best quality Rio coffee, best oolong black teas, green teas, covering syrup, golden syrup, Dips' fine article bak grocery line at the lowest prices in the market. BURNSIDE & THOMAS, in the place.

Agents Wanted.  
For Our New Great Standard Work, CHAMBERS INFORMATION for the PEOPLE. The largest, best and cheapest subscription book ever published, and endorsed by all the leading authorities in Europe and America. As well to supply a much-needed want in our own country by diffusing correct information in a form best adapted to our people, as to gratify repeated solicitations from friends to issue an American edition of this valuable work, the Publishers have undertaken the enterprise. The vast amount of illustrated text that has flooded the country for some years past demands a book of this character, for the benefit of those who wish instruction and entertainment, instead of cheap pictures and sensational newspaper clippings bound up and sold for books. This great work is of itself a complete and select library for every family. Containing over 3,000 closely printed pages, on all subjects of popular interest, from the best authors, and especially adapted to the wants of the people. The daily inquiries received as to date of issue give assurance of an extraordinary sale. By applying at once, agents will secure a choice of territory for a book that will sell everywhere, regardless of sect, party, or section. Send for circulars, and see our terms and a full description of this mammoth work. Address: United States Publishing Co., 411 Broad St., New York. Dec 26th.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.  
Letters of administration on the estate of Thompson Deviney, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated according to law for settlement. A. J. YOUNG, Administrator. Jan 6th.

HEARTH and HOME  
A WEEKLY  
Agricultural and Fireside Journal,  
CONTAINING  
SIXTEEN beautiful plates, printed from new types, on 12-point paper, and illustrated by the most artists.

EDITED BY  
DONALD G. BISHOP,  
AND  
HARRIET BEECHER STOWE,  
assisted by a corps of able editors and contributors in each department.

It is devoted to the interests of the  
FARMER,  
PLANTER,  
GARDENER,  
and the HOUSEHOLD.

ORNAIMENTAL GARDENING,  
RURAL ARCHITECTURE,  
and the most interesting and useful topics of the day.

A special feature of this Journal is the "Family Circle," which contains a full and complete course of instruction in the various branches of domestic science, and is a most valuable and interesting contribution to the household.

TERMS FOR 1869.  
Single Copies 25 CENTS. In Advance, 3 Copies \$1.00, 6 Copies \$2.00, 12 Copies \$4.00. All orders must be accompanied by the amount in full, or by a draft on New York, or by a check on a New York bank, or by a draft on a New York bank, or by a draft on a New York bank.

LOT FOR SALE!  
The undersigned offers for sale a lot of ground, containing about 60 acres, with the main thereon, at private sale, lying on the line road between Centre Hall and Old Fort, about 70 rods from the turnpike. For Terms apply to JACOB DINGES, Centre Hall.

GENTS THIS WAY!  
Suits! Suits!  
W. W. McClellan, at Bellefonte, would inform the citizens of Pennsylvania, and his old friends and customers, as well as all others who may desire to be rigged out,

Furnishing Goods,  
Cloths, Cassimeres, & Vestings,  
from which garments will be made to order in the most FASHIONABLE STYLE.

All I ask is to call and examine my fine stock. Having just bought my goods during the late panic, I defy competition as to prices, durability, and fashion, this side of Philadelphia. Remember the Place  
W. W. McClellan,  
No. 4 Brookerhoff's Row, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa., where 500,000 cassimeres, vestings, callens, umbrellas, canes, hats, caps, in silver, every thing that is completely new, can be had and made up in the latest style.

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