



CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

FRIDAY, JAN. 8th 1869.

Amnesty Proclamation.

Below we print the amnesty proclamation of President Johnson, a document which was long looked and wished for by the American people.

A few of the radical organs got up a faint howl against Mr. Johnson for this righteous act of pardon, but found no echo among the people, and at once ceased their howlings.

THE PROCLAMATION

Washington, Dec. 24. By the President of the United States: A PROCLAMATION: WHEREAS, The President of the United States has heretofore set forth several proclamations offering amnesty and pardon to persons who had been or were concerned in the late rebellion against the lawful authority of the Government of the United States,

and whereas, the authority of the Federal Government having been re-established in all the States and territories within the jurisdiction of the United States, it is believed that such conditional reservations and exceptions as at the dates of said several proclamations were deemed necessary and proper, may now be wisely and justly relinquished, and that a universal amnesty and pardon for participation in said rebellion, extended to all who have born any part therein will tend to secure permanent peace, order and prosperity throughout the land, and to renew and fully restore confidence and fraternal feeling among the whole people and their respect for, and attachment to the national Government, designated by its patriotic founders for the general good.

Now therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, by virtue of the power and authority vested by the Constitution, and in the name of the sovereign people of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare, unconditionally and without reservation, to all and to every person who directly or indirectly participated in the late insurrection or rebellion a full pardon and amnesty for the offence of treason against the United States, or of adhering to their enemies during the late civil war, with restoration of all rights, privileges and immunities, under the Constitution and the laws which have been made in the pursuance thereof.

In testimony whereof I have signed these presents with my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed. Done at the city of Washington, on the twenty-fifth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninety-third.

ANDREW JOHNSON, President.

FRED K. SEWARD, Acting Secretary of State.

The House Committee to inquire whether Maryland has a republican form of Government, this week commenced with the examination of witnesses. A number of radical witnesses have been summoned, who will no doubt, swear that the nigger can't vote there, upon which the rump committee will decide that Maryland has not a republican form of government, and the revolutionists in Congress will then proceed to make it "republican" by forcing negro suffrage upon that State. Next comes Pennsylvania, of which Sumner has already given a slight hint, that our state government is not republican, and brings in Thad. Stevens as proof.

It is rumored that B. F. Wade is to have a seat in Grant's cabinet as Secretary of the Interior.

A writer in a radical paper, recommends Mr. John Hamilton, of Clinton county, for U. S. Senator. Who is this John Hamilton?

A fire occurred in Scranton destroying several houses.

Shall We Have a Change in Our Co. Delegate System?

In our last we briefly gave our views on this subject, with the promise to publish the rules that have been adopted for years by the Democracy of Clearfield county, and which has secured them such triumphant political victories. The same rules, if adopted, must prove the same result in Centre; in fact, it is the true democratic means of giving the masses their voice in the selection of candidates to receive their votes, as it is based on the vote of the masses of the democratic party, of the county, where the majority should rule in the nominating of candidates for office, and be binding upon every democratic voter. Without further remarks on this part of the subject, we proceed to publish the rules, only to localize them to our county.

RULES:

1. The candidates for the several offices of Centre county, shall have their names announced by themselves or friends, in one or more of the democratic papers of the county, at least three weeks previous to the primary meetings, stating the office they are candidates for, subject to the action of the party at said primary meeting.

2. The voters belonging to the democratic party in each township and borough, shall meet on a day to be designated by the Democratic County Committee, at the usual place of holding spring elections, at 2 o'clock, p. m., and proceed to elect one person for Judge, and two persons for Clerks, who shall form a Board of Election to receive votes, and determine who are the proper persons to vote, and shall hold the polls open until 6 p. m. After the polls are opened, the candidates announced as aforesaid, shall be ballotted for; the name of each person voting shall be written on a list, at the time of voting—no person to be allowed to vote more than once for each office.

3. After the polls are closed, the Board shall proceed to count the votes that each candidate has received, and make out the returns accordingly, to be certified by the Judge and attested by the Clerks.

4. The Judge (or one of the Clerks appointed by the Judge) of the respective election districts, shall meet at the court-house, in Bellefonte, on Tuesday following the primary elections, at 1 o'clock, p. m., having the returns and a list of the voters, and the person having the highest number of votes for any office, shall be declared the regular nominee of the Democratic party.

5. Any two or more persons having an equal number of votes for the same office, the Judges shall proceed to ballot for a choice; the person having the highest number of votes, to be the nominee.

6. Return Judges shall be competent to reject by a majority, the returns from any election district where there is evidence of fraud, either on the returns or otherwise—and shall reject them where there is evidence of three or more persons voting at the primary elections, who are not Democrats.

7. The Return Judges shall appoint conferees, Representative, Senatorial, Congressional and Judicial, whose acceptance of the said appointment shall be a pledge to support the person who may receive the largest number of votes cast for that office in the county.

8. The Return Judges may at any time change the mode and manner of selecting candidates, as they may be instructed by the people at their primary election, due notice being given by the County Standing Committee.

9. The Chairman of the County Committee shall be required to issue a call in pursuance of the action of the county committee.

These rules are plain and simple, and leave the work to the people to whom it belongs. They have the inherent right to insist on good nominations—in short, to redeem the party from all thralldom of selfish organization.

We believe that this change, or reform movement must succeed; it is not partisan; it is not made in the interest of any man or set of men, and if it is carried out in the high and just spirit it should be, it can not fail, if adopted, to make the democratic party greater in Centre, than it has ever been. It will establish our majority permanently beyond the ebb and flow of the miserable jealousies and ambitions that now make doubtful the result of every election. More than this, it will forever remove that too well founded distrust of party management by which hundreds of good democrats are now banished.

We should like to have the views of our democratic contemporaries in the county, on this subject, as we consider it of vital importance to the democratic party.

The State Legislature met on Tuesday, last. In the Senate, Mr. Worthington, rad, of Chester, was elected Speaker. In the House Mr. Clark, rad of Philadelphia, was chosen Speaker.

Public Debt Statement.

It is now stated that the next statement of the Public Debt, which will be made early in January, will show an increase of between two and three millions, instead of a decrease as hitherto published.

Thus we go, millions of an increase every month! Where is the promised blessing that was to follow the election of Grant? Money getting tight, and the public debt taking a big jump upwards with each month. Hurrah for radical rule.

"Without Parallel in History."

Such is the comment upon the energy and rapidity with which the Union Pacific Railroad has been constructed, by a Board of three special commissioners appointed by the President in September last, to make a thorough personal examination of that line so far as then in operation. Eight hundred and ninety miles were thus inspected by the Commissioners, who conclude their detailed report in these words:

"Taken as a whole, the Union Pacific Railroad has been well constructed. The general route for the line has been exceedingly well selected, crossing the Rocky Mountain range at some of the most favorable passes on the continent, and possessing capabilities for easy grades and favorable alignment unsurpassed by any other railway line on similar elevated ground. The energy and perseverance with which the work has been urged forward, and the rapidity with which it has been executed are without parallel in history. In the grandeur and magnitude of the undertaking it has never been equaled. Deficiencies exist, but they are, almost without exception, those incident to all new roads. The country has reason to congratulate itself that this great work of national importance is so rapidly approaching completion under such favorable auspices."

Upon the showing made by the Commissioners' report, the issue of United States Bonds (which by the national charter are allowed the Company, at the rate of about \$28,000 per mile), was ordered continued, and \$1,920,000 was thus delivered on Dec. 6th and 12th. The Company issue, by authority, their own First Mortgage Bonds to the same amount as the Government subsidy, these bonds being a first mortgage upon the entire line. They are offered for sale by the Treasurer and the authorized agents of the Company, at par and accrued interest from July 1 in currency, those who purchase before January 1 receiving the benefit of the premium upon the half-yearly gold coupon.

More than 400 miles have been added this year to the finished portion of the Union Pacific. An army of men are still at work in grading the track and distributing the ties and iron in advance of the tracklayers. Not less than eight million dollars have been thus expended by the Company in advance of the completed road, and the work will be so pushed during the winter, that by the summer of 1869 the track-layers of the Union and Central Pacific Companies will meet, and the railroad to the Pacific will be an accomplished fact. The bonds of the Company, at their present price, pay a handsome interest; and both principal and interest are so fully secured as to make these First Mortgage Bonds one of the safest and most desirable investments.

It is said that a coal vein has been discovered on McIntyre and Robinson's lands, near Ralston, within the limits of Lycoming.

Mr. H. Luth, of Milton, Northumberland county, distributed one hundred loaves of bread among the poor of that village on Christmas morning.

A number of the members of one of the fire companies in Reading entered into a mutual agreement on New Year's day, not to drink any intoxicating liquors during the year 1869.

Some boys engaged in "shooting the old year out" in New Berry, obtained two anvils and about seven pounds of powder. The machine exploded and two of the boys were seriously injured.

A train on the New Jersey Central railroad while going at a high rate of speed, ran into a frame house at Spruce Run, completely demolishing that structure. The baggage-master was severely cut about the head, and a number of passengers slightly injured. The family occupying the upper story of the house were found scattered over the roofs of the cars more frightened than hurt.

The Union iron mills in Pittsburg cost \$1,500,000 and cover one acre and a half of ground; 416 hands are employed.

A clerk in a mercantile establishment writes to his friend at home: "Plaguey easy times now-a-days—very little work to do—our firm don't advertise."

James Paul, the young man charged with robbing the clerk of Francis Skinner & Co., of \$1,800, by throwing pepper in his eyes, has been arrested and held to bail for trial.

Cleveland, December 30.—Lewis Davis, for the murder of D. P. Skinner, of Independence, this fall, was to-day sentenced to be hanged February 4.

Chicago, December 30.—John Fogerty, a drunken Irish laborer, living in the suburbs of Chicago, yesterday morning, it is alleged, beat his wife to death.

Frank Musser, aged twelve years, residing in Marietta, chased a rabbit into a pile of boards in his father's lumber yard in that borough. And while engaged in trying to obtain the rabbit by some means upset the pile of lumber, which fell upon him, crushing the back part of the unfortunate boy's head and killing him instantly.

An infant child has been poisoned in Columbia, by putting a piece of green paper in which candy had been wrapped, into its mouth.

Quincy, Illinois, has some very unscrupulous rogues. A farmer from Missouri drove into town the other day with a load of hogs, and while waiting for his turn to unload, he went into a tavern near by to take a drink; and returning soon afterwards found that some one had, in his absence, so'd out his team, hogs, and all pocketed the proceeds and disappeared.

"How is your husband, dear?" asked one American lady of another. "Oh he is in a very bad state," was the reply. "And, pray, what kind of a state is he in?" presisted the other. "In State prison."

Churches in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia has for its three-quarters of a million people, three hundred and eighty-five churches. Probably the number of church organizations, including those worshipping in halls, is nearly four hundred, distributed among the leading denominations as follows:

Quaker M. Houses 13, Episcopalian 63, Baptist 37, Presbyterian 81, Reformed Dutch 4, Moravians 2, New Jerusalem 5, Mariner's Churches 4, Lutheran 17, German Reformed 8, Methodist 67, Congregationalist 5, Unitarian 2, Universalist 3, Roman Catholic 37, Hebrew Synagogues 7.

It is reported that over \$150,000 have been spent by the government trying to convict John Surratt. The utter and entire failure does not prevent, it seems, second class shysters at the Washington bar, stirring the case up again. Uncle Sam is a good fat goose and ought to be plucked. If John Surratt is innocent, was his mother guilty? Let those of the living, directly responsible for her murder, profit by the example of Jim Lane and Preston King.

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, it is stated, will be elected United States Senator from Maine, as successor of Hon. Lot. M. Morrill, whose term will expire on the 4th of March next.

A drunken woman named Cosgrove, with three children has been for several days living in a barn in Deventport.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad employs 250 locomotives.

"Mr. Brown, why do you wear that bad hat?" "Because, my dear S. Mrs. Brown vows she will not go out of the house with me until I get a new one."

"Why don't you limit yourself?" said a physician to an intemperate person: "set down a stake that you will go so far and no farther? So I do, said the toper; 'but I set it so far off that I always get drunk before I get to it."

An Irishman, trying to put out a gas-light with his fingers, cried out—"Och, murder the devil a wick's in it!"

An Irishman, noticing a woman passing along the street, spied two straps depending from under the lady's cloak. Not knowing that these were styled "sashes," and were hanging in their right place, he exclaimed, "Faith, ma'am, your gassales are untied."

A New York lady was asked to join one of the divisions of the Daughters of Temperance. She replied, "This is unnecessary, as it is my intention to join one of the sons in the course of a few weeks."

MARRIAGES

On the 27th, of December, by Rev. C. H. Reiter, at his residence, Mr. John M. Stover and Miss Eve Catharine Kremer, both of Haines twp.

On the 21st, of December, by the same, at the residence of John Colten, Mr. Samuel Jamison and Hannah Brown, both of George's Valley, Centre County, Pa.

On the 24th, of December, by Rev. P. Wagner, Mr. John Dauberman, sr., and Miss Hannah Jordan, both of Potter twp.

On the 24th, of December, by Rev. P. Wagner, Mr. David L. Kerr, and Miss Sallie Spangler, both of Potter twp.

On the evening of the 24th, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. S. Musser, Mr. Thomas Miller of Sugarvalley to Miss Mary Shunk of Pennsylvania.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Return of Confederates to America. London, January 4.—In view of President Johnson's amnesty proclamation, Jeff Davis, Sedell, Mason, Audley Mann and other ex-Confederates, are preparing to return to the United States.

It is confidently asserted in Radical circles that Sumner will be Secretary of State under General Grant's administration.

A man was killed on the P. & E. railroad, near Hyner's Run, on Friday night, caused by a collision.

THE Union Pacific RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER A LIMITED AMOUNT OF THEIR First Mortgage Bonds at Par.

Nine Hundred and Sixty Miles Of the line West from Omaha are now completed, and the work is going on through the Winter. As the distance between the finished portion of the Union and Central Pacific Railroads is now less than 400 miles, and both companies are pushing forward the work with great energy, employing over 80,000 men, there can be no doubt that the whole GRAND LINE TO THE PACIFIC Will be open for Business in the Summer of 1869.

The regular Government Commissioners have pronounced the Union Pacific Railroad to be FIRST CLASS in every respect, and the Special Commission appointed by the President says: "Taken as a whole THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD HAS BEEN WELL CONSTRUCTED, AND THE GENERAL ROUTE FOR THE LINE EXCEEDINGLY WELL SELECTED. The energy and perseverance with which the work has been urged forward, and the rapidity with which it has been executed are without parallel in history, and in grandeur and magnitude of undertaking it has never been equaled."

The Report states that any deficiencies that exist are only those incident to all new roads, and that could not have been avoided without materially retarding the progress of the great work. Such deficiencies are supplied by all railroad companies after the completion of the line, when and wherever experience shows them to be necessary. The report concludes by saying that "the country has reason to congratulate itself that this great work of national importance is so rapidly approaching completion under such favorable auspices."

The Company now have in use 137 locomotives and nearly 2,000 cars of all descriptions. A large additional equipment is ordered to be ready in the Spring. The grading is nearly completed, and ties distributed for 120 miles in advance of the western end of the track. Fully 120 miles of iron for new track are now delivered west of the Missouri River, and 90 miles more are en route. The total expenditure for construction purposes in advance of the completed portion of the road is not less than eight million dollars.

Besides a donation from the Govt. of 12-800 acres of land per mile, the Company is entitled to a subsidy in U. S. Bonds on its line as completed and accepted, at the average rate of about \$23,000 per mile, according to the difficulties encountered, for which the Government take a second lien as security. The Company have already received \$22,168,000 of this subsidy, of which \$1,280,000 was paid Dec. 6th, and \$240,000 Dec. 14th.

Government Aid—Security of the Bonds. By its charter, the Company is permitted to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS to the same amount as the Government Bonds, and no more. These Bonds are a First Mortgage upon the whole road and all its equipments. Such a mortgage upon what, for a long time, will be the only railroad connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States, takes the highest rank as a safe security. The earnings from the way or local business for the year ending June 30, 1868, on an average of 472 miles, were over FOUR MILLION DOLLARS, which after paying all expenses, were much more than sufficient to cover all interest liability upon that distance, and the earnings for the last five months have been \$2,385,870. They would have been greater, if the road had not been taxed to its utmost capacity to transport its own materials for construction. The income from the great passenger travel, the China freights, and the supplies for the new Rocky Mountain States and Territories, must be ample for all interest and other liabilities. No political action can reduce the rate of interest. It must remain for thirty years—six per cent. per annum in gold, or equal to between eight and nine per cent. in currency. The principal is then payable in gold. If a bond with such guarantees were issued by the Government, its market price would not be less than 90 to 100 per cent. premium. As these bonds are issued under Government authority and supervision, upon what is very largely a Government work, they must ultimately approach Government prices. No other corporate bonds are made so secure.

The price for the highest is PAR, and accrued interest at 6 per cent from July 1, 1868, in currency. Subscriptions will be received in CENTRE HALL BY FRED. KURTZ, and in New York At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street, and by John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No 55 Wall St.

Bonds sent free, but parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP was issued Oct. 1st, containing a report of the progress of the work to that date, and a more complete statement in relation to the value of the bonds than can be given in an advertisement, which will be sent free on application at the Company's office, or to any of the advertised agents.

The Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, due January 1st, 1869, will be paid on and after that date, in GOLD COINS, free of Government tax, at the Company's office, No. 20 Nassau Street, New York.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, jan8,3m New York.

What is the difference between a legal document and a cat? One has paws at the end of its claws, and the other has claws at the end of its paws.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration on the estate of Thompson Devine, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated according to law for settlement.

A. J. YOUNG, Administrator. jan8,6t

LOTS FOR SALE! The undersigned offers three very desirable building Lots, at Centre Hall, at private sale. These lots are situated on the Boalsburg road, near the Lutheran church and adjoin each other. They are finely located for building upon, and convenient to the business centre of the town. For Terms apply to J. R. ALEXANDER, Bellefonte. jan8,1t

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE. The following persons have made application for License at January term of Court, William Robb Tavern Walker Township, John Hoy Restaurant Bellefonte Borough, Samuel Dresler Tavern do do, Jas. Gibson Restaurant Rush Township, Ira O. Knoll Tavern Howard Borough, William Mann do Curtin Township, Richard Hayes do Phillipsburg, Wm L. Musser do Penn Township, Fervial Litzell do Ferguson Twp, Jas J. Kunes do Liberty Twp, Benjamin Snyder do Boggs Twp, JAMES H. LIPTON, Clerk. jan8,1t

LOT FOR SALE! The undersigned offers a lot of ground, containing about 2 1/2 acres, with the grain thereon, at private sale, lying on the new road between Centre Hall and Old Fort, about 70 rods from the turnpike. For Terms apply to JACOB DINGES, Centre Hall. dec25,8t

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE. By virtue of an order of the Orphan Court of Centre county, the subscriber has been authorized to sell at private sale, all that certain FARM IN POTTER Twp. Centre county, Situate about two miles south west of Centre Hall, generally known as the mansion farm of James Alexander, deceased, the said farm contains One Hundred & Forty Nine Acres net measure and is all under cultivation except about twelve acres of young white-oak timber. On the farm is erected a large stone house, a large barn, granary, corn house, blacksmith shop, wash house, spring house, carriage house, wood house, and all the necessary out buildings running water at the door, and a good apple orchard of choice grafted fruit. For terms of sale or any further particulars inquire of the undersigned at Millheim or C. T. Alexander of Bellefonte, or James Sweetwood on the premises. AMOS ALEXANDER, Guardian of James Alexander's heirs. dec-25-1t

GENTS THIS WAY! SUITS! SUITS! W. W. McClellan, at Bellefonte, would inform the men of Pennsylvania, and his old friends and customers, as well as all others who may desire to be rigged out, In well fitting, Substantially & Fashionably made suits of cloth, from any kind of material they choose. I moulder the Lambs still in the field, and prepared to accommodate. I have a large and excellent assortment of MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE.

MILROY FURNITURE Wareroom.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Centre county, that he has constantly on hand, and makes to order, all kinds of BEDSTEADS, (Cottage and plain), WASHSTANDS, CORNER CUPBOARDS, SOFAS, EXTENSION TABLES, Dining Tables, Breakfast Tables, Toilet Tables, Centre Tables, Stools, Doughtrays, Cradles, Cane Seated Rocking Chairs, Cane Seated Chairs (plain), Cane Seated Nursing Chairs, Plain Rocking Chairs, Windsor Chairs, Children's Chairs, settees, lounges.

Complete sets of Furniture furnished at short notice and made in the best workmanlike manner—HOMEMADE and warranted of the best material. Prices Lower than Elsewhere!

Persons in want of Furniture will do well to give me a call. JOHN CAMP, Milroy. jan8

FOR SALE! The undersigned contemplating a removal to the west, offers a fine home, at private sale, situated at Spring Mills, consisting of a two-story log frame-house, stable, and other out-buildings, and a lot of ground containing about three acres. There is good fruit upon the premises, and the ground under cultivation. Terms will be made easy. For further particulars apply to G. W. DUNKLE, Spring Mills. nov 27, 2m

Milroy Warehouse. The undersigned having opened a Ware house for the purpose of receiving Grain at MILROY, MIFFLIN COUNTY, would be glad to see all their friends at the above place, where the highest Cash price will be paid for WHEAT, CORN, RYE, OATS, BARLEY, and all kinds of Grain and Stock, constantly on hand PLASTER, COAL, SALT and Fish. The Rail-road depot is in the same building. GEO. BLYMYER, JOS. P. BLYMYER. sep18,6m

The Bellefonte Boot & Shoe Store. Manufacturers and Dealers in ladies', gent's, youths, misses, and CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES of every description. Our Stock is Large and will Compare with that of any other Establishment in Centre county. We cordially INVITE OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS TO CALL and examine for themselves. Our prices will satisfy that we are selling off Cheaper Than the Cheapest at Bellefonte, Aug. 28, 68

Agents Wanted. For Our New Great Standard Work, CHAMBERS' INFORMATION for the PEOPLE. The largest, best and cheapest subscription book ever published, and endorsed by all Literary People in Europe and America. As well to supply a much needed want in our own country by diffusing correct information in a form best adapted to our people, as to gratify repeated solicitations from friends to issue an American edition of this valuable work, the Publishers have undertaken the enterprise. The vast amount of illustrated treat that has flooded the country for some years past, demands a book of this character, for the benefit of those who wish instruction and entertainment, instead of cheap pictures and sensational newspaper clipping bound up and sold for their safe.

This great work is of itself a complete and select library for every family. Containing over 3,000 clearly printed pages, on all subjects of popular interest, from the best authors, and especially adapted to the wants of the people. The daily inquiries received as to date of issue give assurance of an extraordinary sale. By applying at once, agents will secure a choice of territory for a book that will sell to everybody, regardless of sect, party, or opinion. Send for circulars, and see our terms and a full description of this mammoth work. Address, United States Publishing Co., 411 Broadway St., New York, dec25, 6t.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! GEO. D. FIFER, who keeps a large Store, in No. 6 Brookerhoff Row, next door to Post Office, in Bellefonte, Pa., has just received a fresh supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS! which he is selling at remarkably low rates. His Stock consists of Dress Goods, such as, Poplins, French and Irish Poplin, Alpaca, Wool De Lains, French Merinos, Bleached and Unbleached Linens, Flannels of all Kinds, BLANKETS, TICKING, &c., &c. In addition to the above he has, and keeps constantly on hand, a large stock of Over-Coats and Clothing for both Men and Boys, of all descriptions. He also keeps the celebrated Hall Boots and Shoes, in endless varieties. ALSO QUEEN'S WARE, CANNED & DRIED FRUITS—in fact, every thing that may be called for, can be found at his store. The highest market price paid for Grain IN CASH. Marketing of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. D. FIFER.