CENTRE HALL REPORTER.
FRIDAY, DEC. 4th, 1868.

Job-work and a pressure of other business left us no time to devote to writing editorials this week.

The finances of the country are giving the people much concern. Money matters have been run into so bad and threatening a shape by radical blundering and mismanagement, that great alarm and uneasiness is felt, and business is suffering. This is not felt in the large business centres, but it is felt here in Centre county and all over the country.

The people are about to pay dearly for radical rule. It has already proven a deep curse to the country, and other curses are looming up.

When will the people become wise?

The radical press and radical leaders are now clamoring loudly for the establishment of Negro Suffrage all over the Union, by an act of Congress. They demand this of the next session. This makes true what we heretofore asserted in the columns of the Reporter.

When we charged that the war was for the Negro and not for Union, it was denied, and threats made to hang us and burn our office. The war ended, the Negro was freed, and the Union is still unrestored. We were correct.

We asserted that a radical victory at the polls, would bring out the cloven foot of abolitionism in favor of Negro suffrage by congressional enactment. This was denied. The rads were victorious, and now the Tribune and Forney's Press, and other leading abolition sheets are clamoring for an act of congress forcing negro suffrage upon the people.

At the ballot-box overwhelming majorities have gone against negro suffrage. By a radical congress it is now proposed to force this obnoxious measure upon the people against their expressed will.

How are you, rads, who always say you are opposed to negro suffrage?

Position of the Democracy Relative to Grant.

The Sunday Mercury says; The democratic party is perfectly indifferent about the course that President Grant may pursue, in so far as the distribution of his favor in appointment to offices is concerned. No honest democrat wants, would ask, or would accept office at his hands. We think we can say this without compromising any true, sincere self-respecting member of our party. No real democrat, no man who has been a democrat throughout the last seven years of radical Republican despotism at Washington and elsewhere, would condescend to soil his soul with an office conferred by an Executive whose loyalty to the Constitution of the United States as the fundamental law, the corner-stone, the whole foundation of the national government, is at all doubtful. The only reason why the democracy nominated a candidate for the presidency was, that they supposed the radical republicans would name some person for the same office who would be faithless to its high responsibilities either through corruption, or an utter ignorance of the nature of the trust and its terrible obligations. Whether Gen. Grant is equal to the position to which he has been chosen by the popular vote, irrespective of mere party organization or prejudice, remains to be seen. We are not in his confidence, and do not pretend to vouch for him. He has, by a sort of accidental concurrence of circumstances, been elected to fill the highest and most important office in the gift of the American people and it is entirely with him to determine whether the people have or have not made a mistake in their choice of him for that place. The democratic party, as a party, is quite exempt from any solicitude or accountability on that score. They wish and hope, of course, as all truly honest patriots hope and wish, that Gen. Grant may prove himself entirely worthy of the confidence of the people who voted to put him at the head of the Government. Beyond this they are, as a political organization, utterly unconcerned, because irresponsible. Even though the Republicans may not have a two-thirds majority in the lower branch of the next Congress, the Democrats can do no more than restrain and check the assayed aggressions of the radicals on the Constitution and the civil liberties of the States and their people. They cannot possibly carry any measure of legislation that they may propose and initiate with a view to stop constitutional innovations, the usurpation of unlawful power, and the continued practice of gross corruption, irregularity, and extravagance in the administration of the fiscal affairs of the Government. If, therefore, they are in such a condition as will not enable them to do anything directly and positively to save the Government from violation and overthrow, or to prevent the most mischievous, if not destructive, exercise of Radical domination in Congress the universally desired restoration of the national peace, unity and prosperity, they have no [illegible] source in the present [illegible] tion of the country but the simple hope that Gen. Grant, when fairly and fully installed in the Presidential office, will prove himself to be entirely worthy of it, as well as of the faith of the honest people—Democrats and Republicans—to whose votes he owes his election to that lofty and most responsible position. He must not think, nor must he suffer Radical demagogues to persuade him, that any honest Democratic voter, or any honest Democratic paper, in expressing a wish, a trust that he will be true to his official oath, true to the Constitution, true to the best interests of popular government, true to the peace, unity and prosperity of the Federal Union, is actuated by any other motive or has any other aspiration than such motive and aspiration as may be inspired by the purest and most unselfish love of liberty and country. The Democracy are fairly discharged from all effective control, and therefore from all direct responsibility, for the administration of the federal government during the next four years. They may nevertheless honestly feel a deep and anxious concern for the manner in which the affairs of the nation may be conducted in that interval, and therefore hope that Grant will prove a patriot, rather than the tool of a political party.

The Vote of the States.

The vote of the States this year is enormous, amounting to a vast figure, never cast before. The following is the vote cast in four States;

New York	850,000
Pennsylvania	655,000
Ohio	520,000
Illinois	450,000
Total	2,475,000

These four states cast as many votes as were given in the whole twenty-six States in 1840.

THE POLLARD ASSASSNAITION

Letter from Edward A. Pollard.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Tribune.

Sir; As to the *brutal* telegrams announcing "joy" in Richmond at the death of my brother by one of the most cowardly assassinations ever known in the darkest land on earth, the editors I think, might have perceived that they came from enemies of my brother, and they might have forborne a display evidently gotten up in the hideous interest of the assassin. The telegraph was evidently working in the interest of the son of a rich man in Richmond, and at the hands of an enemy of my brother. As to the brutal crowds who are said to have stood in the street and "cheered" (!!) a murderer who had shot his victim with a buck-shot from a second story window, and from a room in which he had *locked himself*, if these men were not, as may be reasonably imagined, partners in the infernal deed of cowardice, watching for its cosummation, for the sake of all the chivalry, courage, and humanity claimed by Southern people, surely such a demonstration might have been unnoticed. As to the assassin being unconfined "unconcerned," allowed to remain in the open office of the Police Chief, "receiving the congratulations of his friends" (!), this display was only wanting to crown a deed that has not its match in infamy, in cowardice, in insult of justice, in fiendish tone, and accessory in all the black annals of assassination. His paper sometimes fell into a style of personalities that I greatly deprecated. But it is due to his memory, due to the claims of justice, to state that these articles were scarcely ever written by him and in many cases, as I know, were interpolated without his knowledge, surreptitiously introduced by a disreputable reporter, whose character is well known. My brother took compassion on this man when he was in the most extreme and dilapidated condition; he (the reporter) had been the reporter of the old Richmond *Examiner*, and repeatedly had involved Mr. Daniel and this writer in painful personal quarrels through disreputable articles he was in the habit of smuggling into the paper, through a morbid appetite on hinting disreputable gossip, a depraved ambition in gathering news of this sort—such as is often seen in a low class of newspaper reporters. The assassin knew that the article referred to was not my brother's. But it appears (as far as known) that he never asked for explanation; that he never sought the real author; that he secreted himself—as the vilest assassin never took precautions for his miserable safety—and murdered, in the broad day-light an unsuspecting and perhaps wholly innocent person, on the cold-blooded claculation that he might adorn himself with the fact of having "killed a man," and assume the appearance of taking vengeance, where, indeed, he had not had the justice to inquire for the real object of his wrath, the spirit to challenge one word of explanation, or the courage to face, even at a distance, his victim. Surely in all the hideous and crooked adventures of assassination there is no equal to the deed.

Edward A. Pollard.

New York, Nov. 25, 1868.

The Georgia Riot.

A Democratic account of the riot at Augusta, Ga., on election day, says that everything went on quietly until a colored man, awaiting his turn to vote got into a wordy altercation with an Irishman, whom he cursed. "The negro," says the report, "was instantly shot—by whom it is not known." This led to a general riot, in which the radical sheriff, Mr. A. Ruffian, tried to restore, and during the row, a dull sound was heard, and Ruffain said "I'm shot" which proved to be the case; no one knew whence the shot came or who fired it, and the sheriff followed. Gov. Bullock has offered a reward of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of the sheriff.

The youngest mother in England is a girl of eleven years.

Mob Violence at Bear River City—Women and Children Fleeing for Safety.

St. Louis, Mo., November 20.—A Salt Lake special dispatch to the Democrat says: The hanging of three roughs, at Bear River City, on the 11th instant, previously reported, created great excitement, and this morning a mob of some two hundred men burned the *Frontier Index* office and the jail. The citizens armed themselves, and fired on the mob, killing ten and wounding a number. It was feared the whole town would be burned, and the women and children were fleeing for safety.

Bear River City is eighty miles east of Salt Lake City.

Three hundred United States troops, destined for service on the Plains, arrived here to-day.

The following appears in a special telegram to the N. Y. Tribune:

The Congregational church dispute culminated in a personal interview between General Howard and the Rev. Dr. Boynton on the street. The dialogue is reported thus: Gen. Howard—"I take this occasion to pronounce all that you have said of me an unmitigate falsehood." Dr. Boynton—"Do you mean to call me a liar?" Gen. Howard—"I mean what I say, and I pronounce your statement an unmitigated falsehood." Dr. Boynton—"Then you mean to call me a liar?" Gen. Howard—"Yes, sir. I say that you have lied." Dr. Boynton—"If, sir, you had two arms I should thrash you for insulting me." General Howard—"Never mind my arm; try is and thrash me if you can." At this point the reverend gentleman turned away.

A Court on a Bust.

The Texas papers have, for some days been alluding to the exciting conduct of Judge Sabin, military appointee to the office of Judge of the Circuit Court. The Brenham Inquirer thus describes the conduct of his honor at Brenham, including his entrance and his exit:

On Saturday night's train arrived the Judge slightly fainting. On Sunday, and especially at night, the Judge became beastly drunk, using language to good citizens unbecoming his position, which alone saved him from a sound pummelling. On Monday morning reports were rife of the departure of the Judge. Shortly, however, it was ascertained that he had departed for the country in company with a freedman in search of buttermilk. Jurors and witnesses were pouring into town.—During the evening the Judge returned, and after imbibing attempted to reach the Court House, in which he finally succeeded. After conning the steps of the court-yard and climbing up the steps, he succeeded in reaching the bench. The court was called, but adjourned until four o'clock the following day. The Judge was certainly the muddiest man ever seen, and exhibited the appearance of having wallowed with the hogs. By the assistance of an attorney he was enabled to reach the hotel, amid the laugh and jeers of thousands who witnessed this strange proceeding.

The next evening found the Judge in no better condition, but he finally managed to reach the stand, shorn of the extra mud. Court was called, the Grand Jury with little or no charge, court adjourned, and the Judge, called at the bar, took another smile, and reached his hotel. During the night he became no better.

On Wednesday night, about daylight, in a barroom he announced his intention of going down on the train. When asked what he would do with the Court, he said let it go to h—ll. "Then, Judge, what will you do with the Grand Jury, now sitting?" "Let them sit till they hatch," he answered. The train conveyed the Judge on his homeward trip.

The above is a plain unvarnished statement of facts, as we hear and have seen, and needs no comment at our hands. The Judge is a military appointee.

Great Walking Feat.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 27.—C. N. Payen, the pedestrian, concluded last evening at the skating rink, the task of walking 100 miles, in 23 hours 29 minutes and 57 seconds.

Carpet-Bag Legislation in Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 27.—The Legislature to-day was engaged in discussing the Ku-klux bills The bills make it indictable for any person to appear in mask, and if any person shoots one who is masked after dark it is to be considered no crime. The time of imprisonment for being disguised is from one or two years. Several sections of the bill have been adopted.

Democratic Salt River Procession.

Indianapolis, Nov. 27.—The trip up Salt river, yesterday evening, by the Democrats, was a rich performance. A procession of several hundred marched through the streets with banners, and dressed in an uncouth manner. They were followed by a number of boats on wagons which were filled with prominent Democrats.

In Cleveland, Ohio, on Friday, J. Harsh sold to Case & Sholl, packers, five thousand two hundred and fifty sheep for five cents per head, the seller retaining the hides, and the purchasers slaughtering the animals. The Leader says: "Mutton is exceedingly cheap at present. Large quantities of sheep are being slaughtered, as, on account of the scarcity of fodder, they will not pay for wintering. Carcasses are sold in the market for from forty to sixty cents each."

ARKANSAS.

Outrages of the Governor's Cutthroat Militia.

Memphis, November 28.—The Appeal's Arkansas correspondence says: On the 10th instant a body of two hundred men, claiming to be militia, entered the town of Center Point, Sevier County, arrested all the inhabitants, marched them into an open field, placed a guard over them, and then proceeded to sack the town, after which they left. The next day the citizens of an adjoining county flocked into the town, and a meeting was gotten up to express the sentiments of the people in regard so the outrage. While the meeting was in progress, the same body of men dashed into the town, and opened an indiscriminating fire upon the assembly, shooting down a number of them, and arresting three of the oldest and best citizens, named Hester Anderson, and Gilbert, and carried them out into a field and shot them. The band of desperadoes still held the town.

The Bonus for Prolific Mothers.

Very grave matters are engaging the attention of the Tennessee Legislature, as may be judged from the character of some bills introduced yesterdya, November 25th, and which passed their first reading. One bill for the benefit of Mrs. Granville Lindlay and others provide that said Mrs. Lindlay shall receive seventy-five dollars annually, in consideration of recently giving birth to three children at one time; and secondly, providing for like annuity to all Tennessee women who shall in future be equally prolific. In its present shape the bill does not discriminate as to loyal mothers, but it is well understood that before its final passage a clause will be added peremptorily debarring rebels from any participation in its benefits, and embracing colored matrons in its beneficent provisions.—*N. Y. Mail.*

The most sensible election bet yet recorded was that between a gentleman and lady in New Albany, Indiana. In case of Grant's election he agreed to marry her, and in case of Seymour's success, she was to marry him. At last accounts the parties were very well satisfied with the manner in which the wager had been decided.

A Texan negro was overheard making an honorable apology in this wise: "I jes said, Sambo, dat you lied; is, I jes said dat you lied. Den Jim told me you said you'd kill me, an' I said if you killed me I'd kill you." The explanation was satisfactory.

Mark Twain writes that Greeley once hired out as writing master, but the enterprise failed. His first copy was "Virtue is its own reward," and they got it "Washing with soap is wholly absurd" and so the trustees discharged him for attempting to convey bad morals, through the medium of worse penmanship.

Memphis, November 29.—On Friday last, white a girl named Kennedy was passing through the woods, she was seized by a negro and horribly violated. On the following morning he was found by citizens, identified by the girl, and was taken to the scene of violence and hanged.

Florence, November 28.—Dispatches

have been received here announcing that Mount Etna, in Sicily, is in a state of eruption.

General Grant will have control of 53,000 offices and officers, whose annual compensations amount to thirty millions of dollars.

Wm. B. Astor is now seventy-six years of age, and said to be worth $100,000,000.

Ill Health of Napoleon

London, November 30.—It is credibly stated, that the Emperor Napoleon is suffering from an attack of diabetes that he cannot give full attention to business, and that the Empress takes daily a larger share in the details of administrations, relieveing the Emperor of many of his burdens.

The Philadelphia Inquirer announces a new shuffle of the cards for United States Senator. Wm. H. Kemble has withdrawn in favor of J. Edgar Thomson. President of the Pennsylvania railroad company. The Inquirer says that the entire radical delegation from the city will vote for Thomson.

The public debt statement for November will, from present indications, show an increase of probably $10,000,000, though it is not uncertain that returns which have not yet been received at the Department will materially lessen this estimate. The disbursements for the past month, excepting the large amount paid on account of the Alaska purchase, were comparatively small. The amount of coin now on hand, including certificates, is about $90,000,000.

Bangor, Dec. 1.—Weston the pedestrian, started on his one hundred days trip this afternoon at four o'clock. A large crowd witnessed his departure.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—There were twenty-six fires in this city during the month of November. The loss was $266,845; insurance, $708,047. Probable loss to insurance companies, $259,870.

Boston, Dec. 1.—This afternoon a clerk of F. Spinner & Co. drew a check for $15,000 from the Bank of Commerce, and, while passing down stairs from the banking room, a man threw black peppet in his eyes and made a grab at the money, but escaped with $1,400 only.

Suicide by drinking water in which the chemical composition on the ends of lucifer matches had been soaked, is reported to have become very frequent in Paris.

VIRGINIA.

Trial of Jefferson Davis.

Richmond, Va., November 30.—This morning, in the United States Circuit Court, Robert Ould, counsel for Jefferson Davis, made a motion to quash the indictment against Davis, on the ground that the fourteenth amendment prescribes the mod of punishment for participation in rebellion, which is disfranchisement, and no other punishment is prescribed. The prosecuting attorney moved to postpone the motion until the latter part of the term. Chief Justice Chase decided to hear the argument on the motion on Thursday next.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Raleigh, November 30.—The House of Representatives to day was engaged in discussing a resolution petitioning Congress to remove the disabilities of all citizens of the State. The debate evinced an improved state of feelings on the part of the majority.

In the Senate resolutions were adopted to investigate the rumors of bribery and black mail against members and others. Mr. Sweet, Republican, and a Northern man, said he would prove bribery to accomplish the passage of certain schemes.

We hear it reported that on Friday last, whilst Geo. Rittenhouse, Absolom Wagner, and others, of Granville township, were hunting deer, in Licking Creek Valley, near the big thicket, a pack of eight or ten wolves gave Mr. Rittenhouse chase. He fired, breaking the leg of the foremost and fired again breaking its jaw. The rest of the hunters coming up with the dogs, Mr. R. was enabled, after some difficulty, to finally dispatch the ferocious varment. It is said to have measured six feet form the tip of the tail to the nose, and an examination of its stomach showed that it had been feeding upon deer meat.—*True Democrat.*

Zacharia Bryman, of West Buffaloe, shot and killed a bear last Monday, which weighed about 300 lbs., and measuring seven feet in length. Mr. B. discovered that the gun, which was handed to him to follow the bear was charged with only ordinary shot, and that he had performed a fate probably not equalled in this vicinity for years. Brain was after rations.

The thief who stole a horse in Snyder county, a couple weeks ago, was captured on Monday morning in Huntingdon, and was taken to Snyder county jail the same evening.

Mr. A. W. Norton of Williamsprot, a few days ago, committed suicide at the American Hotel. He was a single man, about 35 years of age and always regarded as a peaceable and excellent citizen.

Louisville is to have a new daily paper called the *Evening Sun.* Messrs. Charles D. Kirk and C. M. Summers, formerly connected with the *Democrat* of that city, are the projecters.

The armies of Europe, according to the estimates of a French colector of statisticks, are composed of 2,557,026 soldiers in actives servie, and 671,393 drilled reserves.

S. Pauly, Mimes say, has expended a million of dollars in new buildings this year.

A Texas paper asserts that not a town in that State except Galveston uses anything except gold and silver.

Rev. Dr. Scott said in a pulpit recently that he would advise every young man at the outset of his career: First to be a good Christian; second, to insure his life; and third, to get a good wife. Then he will be happy.

Gener Butler is well again.

Fears are entertained of a famine in British India.

About 1,000,000 American postage stamps are used daily.

England and Wales contain a million of paupers.

General Grant's Washington house cost $30,000.

A ready-made bridal trousseau can be bought on Broadway for $1,000.

To make a window blind—Fill it up with brick and morter

A man to speak his mind, must have one to speak.

To prevent a door cracking—Nail it up.

Error—The crook in a pig's tail, hard to get out.

A desirable domestic bird—a duck of a wife.

Queer that a shoemaker who is "ever lasting" is continualy "pegging out."

The sun that shines for all who have ten cents)—the boot blacks.

Easy way to get a hack—try to shave with a hatchet.

Can the grief of a mulatto be considered yellow pine.

An early spring, is jumping out of bed at five o'clock in the morning

Courtship is bliss, but matrimony is blister.

Why is coffee like an ax with a dull edge? Because it must be ground before using.

The man who could not keep his feet sold his boots.

One definition of a "corn dodger" is a man who refuses whiskey.

The true test of a man's temper is to keep him waiting ten minutes for his dinner.

An Irishman being asked to define hard drink, said: "it is sitting on a rock and sipping cold water."

Why is a married man like a tallow candle? Because he often goes out at night when he ought not.

Coffee without milk is said to de used by the Turks as an antidote to the injurious effects of tobacco.

The young courtesan who has just inherited $800,000 lies on her death bed with consumption.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CENTRE HALL
Tann-Yard.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Centre county, that the above Tan-Yard will again be put in full operation in all its branches, under the management of Mr. Charles Horner, an old and experienced Tanner.

The HIGHEST PRICE PAID for HIDES
Hides of all kinds wanted. Also
TANNER'S BARK,
for which the highest market prices will be paid. The public patronage is solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.
JOSEPH BITNER,
dec4,tf Centre Hall.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY CHEAP
READY MADE CLOTHING
go to Abraham Hirsh at Milroy he has
the latest styles
OF PANTS, VESTS AND SATIN
OVERCOATS TO BE FOUUD.
Suits from $10 to $20. Also a good assortment of furnishing goods, Hats, Caps, &c., &c. dec4,4t

FOR SALE!

The undersigned contemplating a removal to the west, offers a fine home, at private sale, situated at Spring Mills, consisting of a two-story log frame house, stable, and other out-buildings, and a lot of ground containing about three acres. There is good fruit upon the premises, and the ground under cultivation. Terms will be made easy. For further particulars apply to
G. W. DUNKLE,
nov 27. 2m. Spring Mills.

CLOTHING—Overcoats Pants, Vests, and Dress Coats, cheap ts, Wolf's Store.

BOOTS, by the thousand, all styles, sises and prices, for men and boys, just arrived at Wolf's well known Old Stand.

SYRUP, the finest ever made, just received, cheap at Wolf's old stand—try it.

Valuable Farm
AT PRIVATE SALE!
The undersigned offers the following valuable Real Estate, situate in Penn township, Centre county, about one half mile south of Millheim, at private sale,
CONTAINING 60 ACRES LAND
under the best state of cultivation, and under good fences, and TEN ACRES being
CHOICE TIMBER LAND.

Thereon are erected a two-story weather boarded Log HOUSE, BANK BARN, and all necessary Out-buildings, with a well of water in the yard, and a large stream of running water a few rods from the door, and
TWO ORCHARDS OF CHOICE FRUIT
on the premises. For further particulars apply to
Christian Bame.
oct23,tf Penn township.

Milroy Warehouse.
The undersigned having opened a Warehouse for the purpose of receiving Grain at
MILROY, MIFFLIN COUNTY.
would be glad to see all their friends at the above place, where the highest Cash prices will be paid for WHEAT, CORN, RYE, OATS, BARLEY, and all kinds of Grain and Seeds.
We keep constantly on hand PLASTER, COAL, SALT and Fish.
☞The Rail-road depot is in the same building.
GEO. BLYMYER.
sep18,6m JOS. P. BLYMYER.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE in Millheim.
The undersigned offers the following valuable Real Estate at Private Sale, consisting of
A LOT OF GROUND,
containing one half of an Acre, thereon

erected a two-story weather boarded log-house, a new two-story COACH SHOP, BANK BARN, a well of never failing water in the yard. The Lot contains all kinds of fruit trees, and all necessary outbuildings. For further information apply to
SAMUEL BAME,
oct16.tf Millheim.

Attention, Farmers.
New Warehouse at Milroy.
The undersigned takes pleasure in informing the farmers of Centre county, that they have leased the Warehouse recently erected at the Stone Mill, and are now prepared to purchase all kinds of Grain for Cash at the highest market rates. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore given them, they hope by a strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.
PLASTER, SALT and COAL, on hand and for sale at lowest market rates.
M'ATEE & REED,
Proprietors of Lewistown Mills.
A. S. KERLIN,
Supt. Warehouse, Milroy.
oct9,3m

Look Here!
THE MILROY
Boot & Shoe Store,
Where there is constantly on hand
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of
LADIES and GENTS,
YOUTHS & MISSES,
and Children's Boots & Shoes,
all of the best eastern markets.
☞Go and see him every body, as his stock cannot be surpassed for durability and reasonable prices. Three doors below M'Atee & Reed's Ware-house.
Do not forget the place.
nov13,3m J. L. MARKS.

COE'S COUGH BALSAM.
This long tried and popular Remedy is again called to the attention of the public. As often as the year rolls around, the proprietors annually make their bow to the people, and remind them that amongst the many things required for the health, comfort and sustenance of the family through the long and tedious months of winter, Coe's Cough Balsam should not be forgotten. For years it has been a household medicine—and mothers anxious for the safety of their children, and all who suffer from any disease of the throat, chest and lungs, cannot afford to be without it. In addition to the ordinary four ounce so long in the market, we now furnish our mammoth family size bottles, which will, in common with the other size, be found at all Drug Stores.

FOR CROUP.
The Balsam will be found invaluable, and may always be relied upon in the most extreme cases.

WHOOPING COUGH.
The testimony of all who have used it for this terrible disease during the last ten years, is, that it invariably relieves and cures it.

SORE THROAT.
Keep your throat wet with the balsam—taking little and often—and you will very soon find relief.

HARD COLDS AND COUGHS
Yield at once to a steady use of this great remedy. It will succeed in giving relief where all other remedies have failed.

SORENESS OF THE THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.
Do not delay procuring and immediately taking Coe's Cough Balsam, when troubled with any of the above named difficulties. They are all premonitory symptoms of Consumption, and if not arrested, will sooner or later sweep you away into the valley of shadows from which none can ever return.

IN CONSUMPTION.
Many a care-worn sufferer has found relief and to-day rejoices that her life has been made easy and prolonged by the use of Coe's Cough Balsam.

IN SHORT,
The people know the article, and it needs no comment from us. It is for sale by every Druggist and Dealer in Medicines in the United States.
THE C. G. CLARK CO.,
Sole Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

Read! Read!! Read!!!
THE ATTENTION OF THE PEOPLE IS CALLED TO THE
World's Great Remedy,
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
This preparation is pronounced by Dyspeptics as the only known remedy that will surely cure that aggravating and fatal malady. For years it swept on its fearful tide, carrying before it to an untimely grave, its millions of sufferers.
Coe's Dyspepsia Cure has Come to the Rescue.
Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sourness or Acidaty of Stomach, Rising of Food, Flatulency, Lassitude, Weariness, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, finally terminating
Death,
Are as surely cured by this potent remedy, as the patient takes it. Although but five years before the people, what is the verdict of the masses? Hear what Lester Sexton, of Milwaukee, says:

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 24, 1868.
Messrs C. G. Clark & Co., New Haven, Conn.
Both myself and wife have used Coe's Dyspepsia Cure, and it has proved PERFECTLY satisfactory as a remedy I have no hesitation in saying that we have received GREAT BENEFIT from its use
Very respectfully,
(Signed) LESTER SEXTON.

A GREAT BLESSING.
[*From Rev. L. F. Ward, Avon, Lorain Co., O.*]
Messrs. Strong & Armstrong,
Gentlemen,—It gives me great pleasure to state that my wife has derived great benefit from the use of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. She has been for a number of years greatly troubled with Dyspepsia, accompanied with violent paroxysms of constipation which so prostrated her that she was all the while for months, unable to do anything. She took, at your instance, Coe's Dyspepsia Cure, and has derived GREAT BENEFIT FROM IT, and is now comparatively well. She regards this medicine as a great blessing.
Truly yours,
Jan. 13th, 1868. L. F. WARD

CLERGYMEN.
The Rev. Isaac Aiken, of Alleghany, testifies that it has cured him, after all other remedies had failed.

DRUGGISTS.
Any druggist in the country will tell you, if you take the trouble to enquire, that every one that buys a bottle of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure from them, speaks in the most unqualified praise of its great medical virtues.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE
Will also be found invaluable in all cases of Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Summer Complaints, Griping and in fact every disordered condition of the stomach.
Sold by Druggists in city or country everywhere at $1 per Bottle, or by application to
THE C. G. CLARK CO.
Sole Proprietors,
June 26, sow, 1, y New Haven, Ct.