

CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

FRIDAY, JULY 3rd, 1868.

DEMOCRATICSTATE NOMINATIONS FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:

HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE,

of Fayette County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL: GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,

of Columbia County.

False Pretense.

The radical administration, during the late war, enlisted the soldier under false pretense. They invited men to enter the army, and "fight for the Union," and nothing else but the Union, and to crush the robellion. This was the language of Lincoln's proclamations and of every radical shrieker from Maine down to Centre county. Democrats declared it was a war, not for the Union, but to free the Negro and to make him a voter and place him upon an equality with the white man. For honestey believing and saying this, Democrats were mobbed and thrown into filthy dungeons, and left there to rot and die.

Time has now fully demonstrated, that the Demecrats were right, and that the war was not carried on by the radical administration for the Union, but for the Negro. The war is over -and the result-the negro is free and made a voter, and the Union is not yet restored. Thus has the position of the Democracy been verified by

The war was a war for the negro. The war was a fraud and a humbug -yes, the most stupendous humbug and wicked fraud ever perpetrated by

Men were enlisted under a false pre-

Not a single soldier dare get up and say, that he was not cheated and de-

Every soldier who entered the Union army, "to fight for the Union," if he goes south, now, is disfranchised and cannot vote unless he first takes the radical congressional test-oath and swears that he will always accept the civil and political equality of the ne-

We repeat, no, northern soldier, who

equal! Soldier, can you, dare you assert that you entered the army and fought for cinns, and see where they run to. When such a thing? You cannot; then we a preacher enters politics, he, in our esthat it has been my good fortune al say, you were cheated by the radicals timation, shows very little regard for in power, and that the war as conduc- his Lord and Master, who taught that ted by these radicals, was the most stu- his Kingdom was not of this world. pendous fraud, ever perpetrated by men This class of men are as little to be from the days of Adam down to the trusted in politics, as in religion, when present hour.

These false pretenders, these politi- calling. cal villains, upon whose heads rests the lives, filling the land with widows and by an ignominious defeat. orphans, and fastening three billions of debt upon the country, these men now longed.

call by voting their ticket?

The Tax Bill.

The House on the 26th finally passed the Tax bill and sent it to the Senate for concurrence. To sum up briefly the long bill as is passed, the following is the result. The tax on whiskey is fixed at 50 cents per gallon, with a tax tem is abolished, and the distillery warehouse is the only one provided for.

The rates on the two kinds of tobacco are fixed relatively at 16 and 32 cents per pound, with a manufacturers bonded warehouse provided for, and very efficient machinery for collecting the tax. On national banks the tax on deposits is placed at 1 per cent. per annum; on all their capital beyond the amount invested in United States bonds there is a tax of 1 per cent, per annum, and on their circulation a tax of two per cent. per annum; on Government deposits a tax of three per cent. per annum is provided. A long discussion ensued on an amendment to for a dollar a box, is said to have made tax all of the capital of the national the greatest success out of the Abyssin-Braks, but it was declared that, if adop- ian expedition. ted it would be substantially taxing

Thy agracing to a provision to tax all of the capital in excess of Prophet Ower. that invested in such bonds. The Sensixth, the Senate can take it up and preoccupied with important concerns of discuss it.

not one Radical vote having been cast.

An old revolver—the carth

Resignation of Judge Linn. In another column of the REPORTER, our readers will find the letter of resignation of Hon. Samuel Linn, President Judge of this Judicial District, addressed to the people of the same. We are gratified that Judge Linn's four years ago. But, on making known resignation is in the spirit of our article upon this subject, which appeared in our last week's issue. We can asopportunity to choose his successor, will we commended by the people who elected him. For the Judge's reasons,

we refer our readers to the letter. An election will therefore have to be held next October, to fill this vacancy, until which time the bench will be occupied by an appointee of Gov. Geary. The White North Must Knock

Under. We have given the acceptance of Gen. Grant and of Colfax, of the platform of the Chicago Convention, which nominated them for President and Vice President, that the negro shall my health, a change must be made in have the right of suffrage in the United States. The elections have been held in the southern States, under Stevens and Sumner's re-construction bills, and the negroes have a majority in the Legislatures of those States, by the assistance and intervention of the military satraps of Congress, who are determined to rule the white man with a vengeance-not satisfied with this, the negro must be elected to Congress, as will be seen by the letter, published and copied from Forney's Press of the 26th of June, 1868:

The following letter written by Senator Summer to a citizen of Norfolk: SENATE CHAMBER, June 22, 1868. DEAR SIR! I have your letter of the 13th in reference to the eligibility of a colored man to Congress. I know of no ground on which he could be excluded from his scat if duly elected, and I should welcome the election of a competent representative of the stitution and laws of the Common-colored race to either House of Congress as wealth. e final triumph of the cause of equal rights. Till this step is taken our success is

Yours truly. CHARLES SUMNER. voting under the Omnibus Bill of the Jacobin Congress, they have gained

Jackson submit to this political out- table support and indulgence of the rage upon their inherent rights? Is people. Of one thing, however, I am this to be a white man's government? certain; that in not a single instance

CAPT. L. C. Edmonds, as we see in goes south, and offers to vote, can do a Union county paper, formerly a Gerso, before first taking an oath that he man Reformed preacher at Aarons- of office with a conscience void of ofwill agree to make the negro his burg, is a candidate for Assembly in fence toward men. In judgment I may Snyder county.

Watch the course of pulpit politiwe find them thus deserting their holy

We hope Rev. Capt. Edmonds may guilt of being the cause of the loss of be nominated, so the people of that hundreds of thousands of inisent district may give him a deseved rebuke

THE radicals of Clinton county have ask you to vote for Grant and Colfax, placed in nomination the following in order that their career of false pre- county ticket: Assembly, John Brooks, ted States. The most of the town gostense, fraud and plunder may be pro- of Cameron county, for District Attorney, C. A. Lyman, of Lock Haven; answer surely will be "well I think Men of Centre, of Pennsylvania, for Commissioner, Jacob Heltman, of Seymour, or else Pendleton." Why will you be deceived by these enemies, Porter township; for Auditor, Geo. not Sharswood, or Hancock? So with these disunion radicals, and obey their Furst, of Beech Creek. The conven- as many men you meet, so often is the tion declared for Wm. H. Armstrong, to form a true Democratic Club, in this for Congress, and James Chatham for

In the Fremont campaign, the abolitionists nominated Fremont, because he rode a woolly-horse; and now they nominated Grant because he rode a mule in a circus, without being thrown of \$4 extra per barrel on all whiskey off, and because he did not scare when in bond. The export warehouse sys- a monkey jumped on behind. Great party, these rads.

SOUTHERN "GOVERNORS." - GOVernor Bullock, of Georgia, is from New York ; Governor Clayton, of Arkansas, of Florida, is from Wisconsin; Governor Warmouth, of Louisiana, is from ernor (B. B. Eggleston) proposed for Mississippi is from Ohio; Governor Wells, to be voted for in Virginia, is

A Greek sutler who sold matches

Four things come not back: the Government bonds, so a compromise spoken word, the sped arrow, the past life, and the neglected opportunity.—

ate Figuree Committee hope to finish than the ready turning of the mind to cal candidate for Lieutenant Governor,

Judge Linn's Resignation. O THE PEOPLE OF THE 25th JUDI-

CIAL DISTRICT. I am about to resign the office of President Judge. Had my personal interests and inclinations been alone consulted, I would have done so at least at that time, privately, my desire to resign, to several of the most prominent and discreet men of the district, without distinction of party, they united in resigning in time to give the people an justice to my constituents should I resign in the midst of the excitement that prevailed during the war, and thus require the people to elect a successor at a most unpropitious period. Conceding the force and propriety of the suggestion, I abandoned my purpose for the time being, though at the sacrifice of my personal wishes, I felt then that my sedentary hadits were injuring my health, and that a change to more active pursuits would be greatly to my advantage. Since then the baneful influence of a sedentary life has been gradually growing upon me, until, within a few weeks past my physician has, in kind, but unmistakable language, warned me that if I would escape serious and permanent injury to my manner of life, and that too without any delay. This determined me to hesitate no longer, and give up my

The only question left was, When shall my resignation take effect? In this behalf I determined to act honorably and conscientiously — leaving consequences to fall where they might. A careful consideration of the subject has led me to conclude that it is my duty to resign just now, so as to allow the people to fill the vacancy at the first general election that shall occur hereafter. I received my office from the people of the district, and when I can no longer serve therein, a sense of honor and justice prompts me to give back that which was conferred upon me as a sacred trust, imme liately to the people from whom I received it, that they may transfer it to a person of their own choice, in manner provided by the Cou-

I would be ungrateful indeed, were I to retire from my official position without expressing to you publicly my And in the same issue, Forney boasts sincere thanks for the uniform kindness that under the radical rule of negro with which you have treated me during the whole of my term, and the manner in which my official acts and determinations have been received and twelve U. S. Senators, and thirty Rep- sustained by a constituency by far too resentatives, who are pledged to sus- intelligent to expect in any judicial tain the negro and disfranchise the officer an entire freedom from mistakes

My frailties and shortcomings have How long will the countrymen of been doubtless not a few, and I have Washington, of Jefferson, Madison and had therefore great need of the chari- ure. have I ever wilfully erred, or withheld ionsly and earnestly endeavored to do my whole duty. I lay aside the robes

> fice, whosoever he may happen to be, that uniform kindness and courtesy ways to experience at your hands, I remain, Your obedient servant.

SAMUEL LANN. Bellefonte, June 26, 1868.

Our Milroy Letter.

MILROY, July 1st, 1863. How near we now are to the time

that with patient heart, we have been waiting for, namely the fourth of July, not for the pleasure of a holiday, not for the pleasure of a frolic, but with a true and dutiful heart, as with its coming, the Great Democratic Convention | declares he will have "no policy" will assemble for the purpose of nomisip is now carried on with "Who do you think they will nominate," the change of mind. A project is on foot through, and it ought to be done.

A new shop or cabinet factory was raised this week, also a new private house, and the finishing of the new Lutheran church, was recommenced this week, and will no doubt be finished soon, for the use of its congregation under Rev. Dettrich, of Milroy Pa.

The weather here has lately been quite favorable, and the farmers are in prospect of commencing their hay making sdason next week, and also to har-

leading from the main Kishacoquillas, crops. The mail transport from Milroy to is from Pennsylvania; Governor Reed, your place will change hands on Tuesday Evenext and undoubtedly a change in the time will also follow, whereby we in Milroy will receive the mail on Illinois; Governor Scott, of South the same day, and at your place some Carolina, is from Pennsylvania and six hours earlier than at present; the Ohio. All carpet-baggers. The Gov. new coaches have not as yet arrived, but no doubt will be on hand. OLIVER CROMWELL.

MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi Election-Great Democratic Victory-General McDow-

There is no better test of friendship cals return large Democratic majorities. The home of Johnson, the Radi-

Marriage of Senator Henderson.

Senator J. B. Henderson, of Missouri, was married at noon on 25th, to Miss Mary Foote, daughter of Elisha Foote, Examiner in the Patent Office. Judge Foote is a cousin of the late Senator Foote, of Vermont. The ceremony took place in the ladies' parlor of the National Hotel. The room was tastefully festooned with flowers in sure the Judge that hisaction, namely, suggesting that I would be doing in- great profusion. Among the large number of guests present were three of the Chinese students, in full costume, escorted by General Banks, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs. The Missouri and Vermont delegations in Congress, the President of the United States, Messrs. McCulloch and Browning of the Cabinet, Chief-Justice Chase, and the members of both Houses of Congress, without regard to party polities, and many ladies were also present. After the marriage ceremony the numerous visitors were introduced to the newly married couple, and subsequently were entertained with refreshments in an adjoining room. The wedding presents already received are rare and valuable, costing several thousand dollars. Senator Henderson and bride will leave Washington this afternoon for the North.

A Poor Job.

Now that Congress has "admitted' the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, North Carolina, and South Carolina, we have a few questions to ask

1. Is the Army to be withdrawn? 2. Is the Freedmen's Bureau to be discontinued. 3. Is it safe for Northern men to

move there? 4. Will investment pay? To all of which we can only answer,

No. The army will not be withdrawn because these rotten governments, be gotten of the bayonet, would fade into nothingness were the bayonet but once taken away. The Bureau will not be discontinued, because the negroes, into whose hands these States have been committed, need that institution in order to feed them, make their contracts for them, and teach them their a b c. It is not safe for Northern men to move there, because the great majority of Northern voters are disfranchised there, and, even if they were not, there is the ever-present danger of a war of races. Investment will not pay because carpet-bag government bankrupts States.

Congressional reconstruction is a fail-

Who is Grant?

Who is Grant? The man who said he would "fight it out on this (the from any manhis rights, but have anx- Wilderness line, if it took all sumend, to take McClellan's line on the James river .- Who is Grant? The General who, before he took Richmond. have erred often-in intention, never. lost nearly twice as many men as Lea Bespeaking for my successor in of- had in his whole army when the opposing forces first met on the Rappahannock. Who is Grant? The man who "swung around the circle" with Andy Johnson in 1866, until he became giddy at Cleveland and couldn't swing any further, the man who stood by Andy Johnson's side when the latter was presented the resolutions of the Philadelphia Convention; the man who kicked out Stanton in August, and sneaked out of the War Office in order to let Stanton crawl back to it, in December; the man who broke his word with his friend, the President; the man who endorses the enfranchisement of 600,000 negroes, and, at the same time, elected to the Presidency. This i nating our next President of the Uni- Grant. From such a President, good Lord, deliverus!—Harrisburg Patriot.

Terrible Hailstorm in Pennsylva-

nia and New York. Hollidaysburg, June 25 .- Yesterday, about half-past twelve o'clock, this county (Blair,) for several miles around, was visited with one of the place, and no doubt it will be carried most severe hail storms that has occurred for the last twenty years. The grain and fruits are almost entirely destroved. It cannot be described how wretched the gardens in this town look. The width of the storm did not extend over one-fourth of a mile. How far it extended down along the Juniata River has not yet been learned. The depth of hail that fell was about one and half inches on the ground.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 25 .- A terrific hail storm occurred yesterday. vest; the grain in general looks very fair throughout the different vallies, eggs, and did much damage to the

The Grasshopper Pest.

The grasshopper plague is devastating Western Iowa in a fearful manner. A friend who has just come in from Sioux City, informs us that of about one hundred and fifty miles wide, extending from southwestern Dakotachiefly between the Des Moisne and Missouri rivers-to the southwestern boundary of Iowa, there will be scarcely a wheat field left exempt from total destruction by these vermin. They fill the air and cover the ground, making a constant sound like that of a heavy shower. They sometimes gather over place, is to be gorgeously decked with-JACKSON, June 27.—Beturns from night in such myriads upon the track three boxes in this city give two hun- of the railroad, as to stop the train by dred and sixty-nine Radical majority. lubricating the track when crushed by The Democratic majority as far as the wheels. They devour wheat first, heard from is 15,000. Several coun- and afterwards take to oats and weeds, ties which were claimed by the Radi- leaving grass and other crops compar-

A New Orleans druggist put a prethe bill next week, so that by July the little concerns of a friend, when polled a unanimous Democratic vote, scription incorrectly, the patient died, bed at nine o'clock in the morning. and now the heirs sue for \$35,000 damlages,

Reconstructed Arkansas.

Scene, A Union soldier, who moved to Arkansas, and bought hat provision of the reconstructed constitution which says : "The General Assembly, at its first session, shall provide suitable laws for registration of pualified electors."—(Art. V., Sec. 25.)

Registrar. What's your name? Soldier. John Smith.

R. Age?

S. Twenty-five.

R. Native or naturalized? S. Born in New York. R. Ever given aid or comfort to the

S. No! I served in the Union army from Bull Run to Appointation.

R. Can you take and subscribe to

the registration oath? S. What is it?

United States, and the constitution All these leaders of Radicalism are and laws of the State of Arkansas; endorsed for truth and veracity, and in that I am not excluded from register- this instance none will question their ing or voting by any of the clauses in the first, second, third, or fourth subdivisisens of article VIII. of the constitution of the State of Arkansas; that I will never countenance or aid in the secession of the State from the 'United States; that I accept the civil and political equality of all men, and agree not to attempt to deprive any person or persons on account of race, feolor, or previous condition, of any political or civil right, privilege, or immunity enjoyed by any other class of men; and, furthermore, that I will 'not in any way injure, or countenance in others any attempt to injure, any person or persons, on account of past or present support of the Government of the United States, the laws of the United States, or the principle of the political and civil equality of all men, or for affiliation with any political

S. I can't take that oath. I don't believe in any such equality at all. I ani bettor than a nigger, and so were my father and mother before me. I n ex-soldier in the Union army.

tration oath, and if you don't take it need it. you can't vote, hold office, or sit on a ry in Arkansas. It's in the constitution and Congress has approved it. S. D - n such a constitution and d---n Congress too. If this is the

ticket Grant is running on he can't [Exit, disfranchised.]

Danger From Lightning.

orted in various sections of the country, and that our readers may guard themselves during the prevalence of a stormy season, we give some facts regarding lightning, which may possibly

ave valuable lives, if heeded: It is dangerous to be near a tree or lofty building; also near a river or any running waters, because any tall object will frequently discharge a lightning cloud, and, if any one were near at the time, the lightning might glance off and

pass through the human body. prudent to sit close by the walls, to fool of himself to be considered a self- She took, at your instance, Coe's Dysper ring the bell, or to bar the shutter dur- made man?

ing a thunder storm. Fire-places are dangerous, because heat, air and soot especially when connected with a stove or grate, are conductors. Attics and cellars are dangerous, because the electric fluid as we have already told you, often passes place. It is dangerous to lean against into the body, which is a better con-

It is dangerous to be in a crowd, because a mass of people form a better conductor than one person, and because the vapor arising from a crowd increases its conducting power. Any place, about twenty or thirty feet from a tall tree, building or stream of water, is the safest place. A person in a carriage during a storm, should not lean against the sides of the carriage, but sit upright, for the same reason that we have given why no one should lean against

A mattress, bed, or hearth rug furnishes good security against lightning. If in the open air at the time, the best thing a person can do is to stand about twenty or thirty feet from any tall object and get wet to the skin, because wet clothes form a better conductor than the fluids of the body, and the lightning therefore will more readily pass down the wet clothes.

tific and Classical branches.

A normal class will be opened for the benefit of those preparing to teach.

Boarding with turnished room can be produced for \$2,50 to \$2,75 per week.

The Marriage of Senator Henderson Senator Henderson, of Missouri, is to be married to-morrow to Miss Mary Foote, a beautiful blonde belle of Washington and a niece of the late Senator Foote, of Vermont. The Senate agreed this evening to take a few hours recess to-morrow to enable Senators to attend the ceremony. June, 26,3t. Guests from a distance are already here and the event is promised, as usual, to be the most brilliant of the season. The delapidated Old National Hotel, where the ceremony is to take in with the choicest flowers.

Love's young dream often turns out to be the nightmare. Heaven gives us enough when it

gives us opportunity. The Essay on Man-A woman's at-

tempt to marry him. An early spring-jumping out of

Matrimony—the maiden's prayer, but the widow's "might." prayer, june 1968,3m.

Kansas.

The crops throughout the whole of Kansas are reported to be the best farm there, wants to register under ever known in the State; the corn and wheat crop being particularly fine. The farmers are in good spirits, and expect to complete their wheat harvest by the end of the present week. It is thought that the crop will average thirty bushels to the acre throughout the State. Estimates from competent sources place the immigration to Kansas for the present year at 100,000

The Tyrone Hearld says \$25,000 have been subscribed towards the erec. tion of a new paper mill in that place-John J. Patterson has carried Juniata county for Congress.

Butler says Bingham is a murderer. Bingham says Butler is a coward and R. "I, John Smith, do solemnly a thief. Donnelly says Washburn is swear that I will support and main- a scoundral and a fool. Washburn 'tain the Constitution and laws of the says Donnelly is e riminal and a liar. reliability.

The South Carolina "Legislature" has 20 white and 12 negro "Senators" and 44 white amd 80 negro "representatives." Nearly all the blacks are unable to read or write.

Hon. Chas. J. T. McIntire, one of the Senators of this district, was married, on the 2d inst., to Miss, M. Frank Peale, of New Bloomfield, Parry coun-On the afternoon of June 10th a

nitroglycerine manufactory at Stockholm exploded. Fifteen persons were killed, and great destruction was Hon. W. H. Armstrong, of Wil-

liamsport, as we learn, was unanimousnominated as the Republican canlidate for Congress in the XVIIIth district composed of the counties of Lycoming, Centre, Clinton, Potter, and

Carl Shurz who was temporary chairman of the Chicago Convention is an infidel. He suits Thad. Stevens, demand, sir, to be registered here as a Horace Greely and the other infidels. loyal citizen of the United States and When Bishop Simpson, prayed for that Convention he should have made B. Can't help it. That's the regis- a special petition for these men. They

A santified heart is better than a sil-

To KEEP BUGS FROM VINES. friend, who has large experience in little pests can be kept off of cucumber and squash vines by putting a box over the hills, say from six to ten inches high, without any cover. The bugs, flying always horizontally, can not see under date More than the ordinary number of the vines, and consequently do not find accidents from lightning have been rethem. After the bugs have subsided,

> The following locals we credit to the Bellefonte papers, Watchman and Ad-

The Centre co. jail has few prisoners. Arrangements are being made for building a rail-road from Phillipsburg to Morrisdale, Clearfield co.

The erection of steel works an I hing factory at Bellefonte, was all gas talk. Col. J. F. Weaver, of Milesburg, The most dangerous parts of a dwell- capt. Jas. P. Smith, of Millheim, and ing during a thunder storm are the fire-place, especially if the fire be light-gates to the N. Y. soldiers convention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MILLERS HOTEL

Woodward, Centre county, Pa. vorite Hotel has been refitted and furnished by its new proprietor, and is now in from the earth to the clouds, so that in every respect one of the most pleasant counthe middle story must be the safest try Hotels in central Pennsylvania. The traveling community and drovers will al-ways find the best accommodations. Drowall, because the lightning, passing vers can at all times be accorsmodated with down the wall, would leave it and go stables and pasture for any number of cat-GEO. MILLER.

Attorney-at-law, Bellefonte, promptpays attention to all business entrusted

HOWE SEWING MACHINE. Fairer, at Bellefonte, sells the celebrated Howe Sewing Machine, which has no superior in the market. Go to Fairer's store and see it. It has received prize medals at all fairs. They are the oldest estab-lished machines in the world.

PENN HALL ACADEMY. This Institution will be opened on Mon-sy, the 3rd of August, by W. HOWARD GUTELIUS,

of Franklin and Marshall College, Every facility will be offered for acquiring a knowledge of the English, Mathamatical, Scien-

juue26'68.tf.

TOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

the grounds or lots of the undersigned, near Centre Hall. The late Legislature passed according to law.

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers the well-known CENTRE HALL HOTEL STAND,

at Centre Hall, Centre county Pa., at Private Sale. The Hotel building is a large, well finished, two-story frame building with Store room, large and convenient stables and sheds, and with all necessary outbuildings, and is known as one of the best country Hotel stands in central Pennsylvania, Also, if desired by purchasers, there will be sold with this property, a lot of ground in Centre Hall, containing about 1 of an acre and another lot of ground containing 24 acres, near Centre Hall, For further particulars apply to

WM. STUMB, Centre Hall, Pa. June, 26, cow, 1, y

Coe's Dyspensia Cure. Coe's Dyspensia Cure.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.

Coc's Dyspepsia Cure. Coe's Dyspepsia Curc.

This world renowned remedy for the un-

failing cure of Dyspepsia,

Indigestion, Sick Hendache, Sourness Acidaty of Stomach, Rising of Food, Flatulency, Lassitude, Weariness, Biliousness, Liver Complains, finally terminating Death,

Death,
Is urged upon the attention and trial of sufferers from this most horrible of all diseases. Dyspepsia shows its ravages in a thousand different formes, in fact, all disorders of the Stomach and Bowels, with all their complaints, such as Sick Headache, Hearthurn, Depression, general sense of uncastness and feeling that you are not well. Food distresses you, rises and sours on your stomach; breath is bad; skin at times flushed and hot; don't feel as if you could move or and hot; don't feel as if you could move or stir about, and worst of all, Indigestion or Constipation, are nothing more or less than Dyspepsia. Thousands upon thousands suffer and die this way and neither themselves or physicians know what ails them except that they are surely dying.

Reader, we repeatt it, this is all Dyspepsia. If you would have proof of our statement, if you would save yourselves and children from an early grave, if you would have health and energy and strength, again we beg you try one bottle of

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

You will see how soon it will dispel your bad feelings and gloomy forebodings. How soon it will chase away any species of Dys-pepsia. How soon it will give you new life nd vigor, and how soon it will make a well man or woman of you. For your own sake, for the sake of verybody suffering we beg we entrent you to try it.

For Liver Complaint and Bilious Derangements,

It is a Sovereign Remedy, while for Fever and Ague, and all those diseases which are generated in a miasmatic climate, it is

certain preventive and cure. That its wonderful medicinal virtues may d stand slone upon our statement, we gardening, writes as follows: "These tion as citizens will place their evidence strength and conviction to the most incred-

Mr. Lester Sexton, a wholesale merchant of 30 years, in Milwaukee, one of the most reliable and careful men in the state says,

Milwattkee, Wis., Jan. 24, 1868. Messrs C. G. Clark & Co., New Haven, Both myself and wife have used Cee Dyspensia Cure, and it has proved PER-FECTLY satisfactory as a remedy I have no hesitation in saying that we have re-

Very respectfully. LESTER SEXTON.

[From Rec. L. F. Ward, Acon, Lorain

Messrs, Strong & Armstrong, from the use of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure, Query: Is a man who has made a while for months, unable to do anything. Cure, and has derived GREAT BENEFIT

FROM IT, and is now comparatively well, She regards this medicine as a great bles-Jan. 13th, 1868. L. F. WARD.

From Rec. Isaac Alken, Alleghamy, Pa. seph Fleming, Druggist, No. 84 Market Street Pittsburg. Sir:-I take great pleasure in stating that, after having suffered from dyspepsia for about fifteen years, at some periods much more than others. I have been entirely cured by the use of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. My friends know that of late years my case has been an extreme one. I had great suffering from eating any kind of feed and on an average would vemit about onethird of my meals, in a sour indigestible mass. When the severe attacks would come, I would lose all strength and be utterly helpless. Some of the attacks would be so severe that for days together I would not retain anything on my stomach, save a little dry toast and tea. For years I knew not what it was to pass five consecutive hours without intense pain. From the time I took the first dose of this medicine I vomiting, gradually all soreness passed away and flesh and strength returned, and ever since I have been able to est any kind of food set upon the table. Six months have now passed without any symptoms of the return of the disease, My case was considered by all, even physicians, so marvelous, the for a time it was feared, it

marvelous, that for a time it was feared, it might be fictitiels; but I am now so well convinced, that I have been not merely relieved, but permanently cured, that I can conscientiously recommend Coe's Dyspepsia Cure to all victims of dyspepsia.

ISAAC AIKEN.

Late Pastor of the Beaver St. M. F. Clurch Alleghany.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE.

New Haven Ct., June 1, 1867.

Messrs, C. G. Chirk & Co. Gents:—Being anxious, from the great' benefits derived, to assist in spreading the fame of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure, I would state my case. Something over a year ago, I had a violent attack of Diarrhea, which lasted eight weeks, during which a stringent act against all offences of this kind, and all persons hereafter not paying attention to this notice, will be dealt with sia Cure. The first dose helped me; I took it three times a day for a week any was entirely cured; and I believe to-dad June, 26,3t.

I that it saved my life. Being attacked in a similar way this season, I took one cose, which put me all right. I would advise every family to keep it on hand ready for immediate use, in case of Summer or Bowel Complaints The above Mr. Dunn is in our employ, and we can youch for the above statement

E. ARNOLD & CO.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE Will also be found invaluable in all cases of Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Summer complaints, Griping and in fact every dis-Sold by Druggists in city of country, everywhere at SI per Rottle, or by applica-

C. G. CLARK & CO. Sole Proprietors, Yew Hayen, Ct.