

The Centre Reporter.

TRUTH, JUSTICE AND OUR COUNTRY.

FRED'K KURTZ, Editor and Proprietor

CENTRE HALL, PA., FRIDAY MAY, 1ST, 1868.

VOL. I.—NO. 4.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIME, COAL AND LUMBER.
The best Wood and Coal burnt Lime can be had at the Bellefonte Line Kilns, on the Pike leading to Milesburg, at the lowest price. We are the only parties in Central Penna. who burn in Patent Flame Kilns, which produce the best White Wash and Plastering Lime offered to the trade.
The best Shamokin and Wilkesbarre Anthracite Coal, all sizes, prepared expressly for family use—also Silver Brook heavy coal, at the lowest prices.
Also a lot of first and second quality boards, broad rails, palings, shingles and plastering lath for sale cheap.
Office and yard, near South end of Bald Eagle Valley R. R., Devoe.
SHORTLEDGE & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.
ap10/68,ly.

THE KIRBY.

To Farmers, who are in want of a Mower and Reaper, will do well to examine the Kirby. Send for a descriptive Catalogue or call on
SHORTLEDGE & CO., Agents,
Bellefonte, Pa.
ap10/68,3m.

CAUTION.
All persons are hereby cautioned against the purchase of a note for one hundred and twenty-five dollars, given by me Joseph R. Keen, dated in June, 1867, and payable in nine months, without interest. No having received value for the same, I refuse to pay it, unless compelled by law.
HENRY KEEN,
ap10/68.

TINWARE! TINWARE!

J. REIBER,
Respectfully announces to the citizens of Potter township, that he is prepared to furnish upon shortest notice, and as cheap as elsewhere, every article in the line of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.
STOVE-PIPE SPOTTING.
All kinds of repairing done. He has always on hand buckets, cups, dipper, dishes, &c., &c.
SILVERPLATING.
or buggies executed in the finest and most durable style. Give him a call. His charges are reasonable.
ap10/68,ly.

H! FARMERS, LOOK HERE.

GET THE VALLEY OUTFITTER.

PER & MOWER.

Manufactured by J. Marsh & Co., Lewisburg.
It is a self-runner.
This grain or grass no matter how much it may be lodged.
This celebrated Reaper & Mower, can be seen at the residence of the agent, one mile east of Wolf store. It is the latest invention, all cast iron and steel, and when in operation weighs only 500 pounds. It is a two-wheel machine, and warranted to work satisfactorily, and if it does not work according to guarantee, it will be made to work at the expense of the manufacturer.
Price of machine \$200 each, or \$210 at six months credit. Price of Mower \$175 cash.
W. M. EHRHART, Agent,
ap10/68,3m.

BUGGIES! BUGGIES!

J. D. MERRAY,
Centre Hall, Pa. Manufacturer of all kinds of Buggies, would respectfully inform the citizens of Centre county that he has on hand

NEW BUGGIES.

with and without top, and which will be sold at reduced prices for cash, and a reasonable credit given.
Two Horse Wagon, Spring Wagons &c., made to order, and warranted to give satisfaction in every respect.
All kinds of repairing done in short notice. Call and see our stock of Buggies before purchasing elsewhere.
ap10/68,ly.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF

Bellefonte, Pa.

(LATE HUNES, McALLISTER, HALE & CO.)

E. C. Humes, Pres't. J. P. H. Harris, Cash.

This Bank is now organized for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States.

Certificates issued by Humes, McAllister, Hale & Co. will be paid at maturity, and checks of deposits at sight as usual on presentation at the counter of the said First National Bank.

Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities.

E. C. Humes, President.
J. P. H. Harris, Cashier.

MILLIKEN, ROYER & CO.,

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO.

RECEIVE DEPOSITS,

And Allow Interest.

Discount Notes.

Buy and Sell Government Securities, Gold and Com.

JOHN D. WINGATE, D. D. S.
DENTIST.

Office on Northwest corner of Bishop and Spring st. At home, except perhaps, the first two weeks of every month.

Teeth extracted without pain.
Bellefonte, Pa. ap10/68,ly.

P. D. NEFF, M. D. Physician and Surgeon, Centre Hall, Pa.

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Potter and adjoining townships.

Dr. Neff has the experience of 21 years in the successful practice of Medicine and Surgery.
ap10/68,ly.

M'ALLISTER & BEAVER

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Bellefonte, Centre Co., Penna.

J. P. MITCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bellefonte, Pa. ap10/68.

ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys-at-law, Bellefonte, Pa. ap10/68.

DAMHOY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office on High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. ap10/68,ly.

TERMS.—The CENTRE HALL REPORTER is published weekly, at \$1.50 per year in advance; and \$2.00 when not paid in advance.

Advertisements are inserted at \$1.50 per square (10 lines) for 3 weeks. Advertisements for a year, half year, or three months at a less rate.

All job-work, Cash, and neatly and expeditiously executed, at reasonable charges.

ap10/68,ly.

CENTRE HALL REPORTER.

FRIDAY, MAY 1st, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:

HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE,

of Fayette County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:

GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,

of Columbia County.

CORRECTION.—

We last week made mention of the death of Hon. John Walls, of Lewisburg. We were misinformed, and do not learn that it was Mr. Johnson Walls, also a prominent citizen of that place, who had died.

Bill Armstrong for Congress Again.

A writer in the Lock Haven Republican brings forward Wm. H. Armstrong, of Williamsport, as a fit person to receive the next republican nomination for congress, in this district.

This is the same Armstrong who, when a member of the legislature, framed this congressional district for his own especial purpose, but never yet succeeded in representing it in Congress; for the last eight years he has been defeated—either in getting the nomination, or, when nominated, defeated at the ballot-box. Hale and Wilson always spoiled his chances. Armstrong could gerrymander the framing of the district, but couldn't make things fit to secure his election, and it appears he won't die, but will pop up again for another heat.

The democrats carried Chicago last year, by 900 majority, a gain of 4,000 since last year.

Laying the Wires.

Under the above head the Patriot & Union, shows that the fight against "our Andy" is not yet at an end, and that Simon has him a whack wherever he gets a chance.

We take pleasure—great pleasure—in announcing to the Radicals of Pennsylvania, and we do so in advance, at least three days, of the morning "what is it?" and our neighbor across the way, that Jack Heistand, with Hon. Alex. McCre on his arm, visited Senator Cameron at his rooms at Whitney's Hotel, Washington City, on Friday morning at ten o'clock, precisely.

We are thus exact, because the visit has more than ordinary significance in it—because, in fact, it has extraordinary significance in it. It shows, if it shows anything, that Curtin and Forney's alliance of offence and defence is about being torn to shreds in this visit of their big Daniel to the Lion's den? Curtin's fate is sealed, and so is Forney's! Curtin's aspirations for the Vice Presidency have died out, like Barry Cornwall's "Hope of a gay to-morrow which never came." And Forney's eager look for a seat in the Senate has drawn tears from his obsessed vision, and he will never be able to see—more than Taylor's certificate of the missing Forty Thousand Dollars. The triumph is complete—the great Winnebago is master of the situation.

More than this. The Hero of Snickersville, whose aspirations for the Vice Presidency were so incontinently nipped in the bud by the "Soldiers' Friend" arrived in Washington City on Saturday, (close in the wake of his petition, to Cameron for the transfer of Stanton from the War to the Treasury Department,) and, as per telegram, spent two hours with the skeleton Secretary in his fortress—subsequently smoking a calumet with the Big Lijin. What news does this? Merely that Curtin is not to be furnished with the Presidency as a salve for his certain defeat for the nomination at Chicago, and that Stanton must take that place to make way for the Winnebago as Secretary of War. It's all mapped out and written down, and it cannot be otherwise, for did the Great Corruptionist ever fail when there was soundrels to accept his bribes or believe his promises?

Public Plunder.

Mr. Edward M'Pherson, Clerk of the House, appears as the author of an octavo volume of 231 pages, which would be faultless in style, if it were not so highly figurative. It's a statement of the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, which Mr. M'Pherson communicates in obedience to a resolution of the House of Representatives passed on the 4th day of March, 1842, which requires "that the Clerk deliver to the postmaster of the House such kind and quantities of stationery as from time to time may be necessary for the use of the House, keeping an account of the same, and also of the quality and value of that used in the Clerk's office; and that hereafter, in the annual reports required by law to be made by the Clerk, showing the amount of expenditure from the contingent fund of the House, he be required to state accurately and distinctly the quantity and cost of the stationery used by the House and the Clerk's office separately." All this is stated in a very brief communication on the first page of Mr. M'Pherson's novel, and the remaining 230 pages are filled with figures which will convey a startling view of what Radicalism considers "Stationery." It would take a good accountant a week to add up this bill, and whether it amounts to millions, or only hundreds of thousands of dollars, the items show that full one-half, and probably two-thirds, of these charges are downright swindlers upon the Treasury and the pockets of the people. Radicalism and robbery are synonymous terms.

The present bill of the House for the mere item of "stationery" is only for a single year. It does not include any of the large legitimate expenses of the House—the pay of members, printing of public documents, and so on. But the mere cartage of documents, mostly Radical electioneering pamphlets printed at the expense of the people, amounts to \$5,562 50 a year, this cartage covering 11,151 loads of trash, the bulk of which goes to wrap bundles in grocers' shops and to baser uses. Thomas H. Beaton and J. B. Clark, "trooly liars" of course, have the carting of these "loads." If the articles of what may properly be called stationery are really furnished by the members of the House, it is probable that nearly every member intends to set up a stationery shop at the close of his term as a Representative. In a single session 4,741,963 envelopes, costing \$2,478 73, were furnished. This envelope business includes fancy note paper and envelopes to match, visiting cards, monograms, and paper collars and cuffs, not only for the member, but for their families for present use and for several years to come. It should be remembered that every member is presumed to purchase all the stationery he needs with money which he draws for the express purpose. There are now 194 members and delegates from Territories in the House. In a single year, according to M'Pherson's romance, these members used 726 pens, costing \$2,537 84; 1,039 inkstands, 2,726 penknives, costing \$5,520; and 527 portemonnies, costing \$1,044 39. Among other items of stationery are hair-brushes, nail-brushes, toilet soap, Martingue snuff by the dozen bottles, cork-screws and kid gloves. The kid-glove business is one of the swiftest of all the swindles. For instance, "on account of the death and burial" of a Representative, there are dozen kid gloves, costing \$762, or about four pair for each member to wear to a single funeral—Other "stationery" appears in round charges for coffee-urns, sauce-pans, broilers, flour-sifters, and fish-kettles. It may be remarked here that N. G. Ordway, Sergeant-at-Arms of the House, has a very fine thing of it. There is scarcely a week when his bill for two or three thousand dollars does not appear, and his "travelling expenses" alone would cover the entire cost of the British Abyssinian expedition. Columbus could be filled from this one document to show the bare-faced swindling manifest in this list of the contingent expenses of the House. Prominent among these swindles is the outrageous one of summoning witnesses before some committee or other from New Orleans or Alaska, and paying them for their testimony at the rate of \$200 or \$300 each, under pretence that traveling expenses cover the bill. Every "loaf" loafer in the South who went to Wash-

ington last year to beg for an office, or to lie about his neighbors, or as a Radical dirty-work agent, was summoned as a witness and was roundly paid out of the people's money. Remember, too, that this gigantic swindle is one of the least of those constantly perpetrated by the party in power. To support the Government, the old cant cry of Radicalism, means being supported by the country, at the expense of the people, and right to draw \$1,000 from the Treasury is freely translated into the privilege of stealing \$5,000. If there were no other reason for ridding the country of the now dominant party, motives of economy alone should prompt and compel it. The entire revenues of the country are not sufficient to pay expenses of the Government and at the same time to fill the pockets of the thieves who are plundering the public Treasury.

Mr. Wm. Wolf from Penn Hall, is now canvassing the lower townships to solicit subscriptions for the following interesting works, viz:

Alex. H. Stevens' great work, "The War Between the States"; "Smith's Dictionary of the Bible"; "Dr. Chase's Family Receipt Book," and other valuable works, which are doubly worth the price and should be found in every family. Mr. Wolf has engaged in this business for the benefit of his impaired health, and we ask for him the kind encouragement of all upon whom he may call.

ITALY.

THE MARRIAGE OF PRINCE HUMBERT.

FLORENCE, April 22.—The marriage of Prince Humbert, the heir presumptive of the King of Italy, with the Princess Margaret, his cousin, took place to-day at the Chapel Royal in Turin King Victor Emanuel the Crown Prince Frederick William of Prussia, Prince Napoleon and the Princess Marie Clotilde, and a great many Italian notables were present. Great preparations are making in this city for the reception of the Prince and his wife.

THE DISPUTE BETWEEN DENMARK AND PRUSSIA.

COPENHAGEN, April 16.—The negotiations between Denmark and Prussia relative to the disputed territory in Schleswig and Holstein, are apparently as far from conclusion, as ever. The recent propositions of the Prussian Government for the cession of certain fortresses and territories by Denmark have in turn, been emphatically rejected.

A mysterious robbery occurred at the banking-office of Tamm & Co., No. 50 Wall street, sometime during Tuesday night or early yesterday morning. A tin box, containing \$33,000 in forty bonds, which had been deposited in the safe in the inner office Wednesday afternoon were found missing yesterday forenoon, when a clerk went in to get them. A detective was detailed to look after the case. Up to a late hour last night no traces of the thief had been discovered.

RUNAWAY.—Two horses, belonging to H. L. Dieffenbach, Esq., and attached to a carriage, started from the Fallon House yard yesterday afternoon, and running with great fury down Water street brought up against a tree opposite the residence of S. D. Ball, Esq. One of the horses struck the tree with his head and dropped dead almost instantly. The other horse was badly knocked up, but not permanently or seriously injured. The carriage suffered no serious damage.—*Republican.*

The Canadian authorities have found a man who says he saw the shot fired that killed Dr. Arey McGee. He has not yet seen Whelan, but feels confident he can identify him.

Roberts and Scott, the Hertzellers murderers, escaped from the jail at Springfield, Ohio, on Tuesday night. The steamer Montana, for Panama, sailed yesterday from San Francisco, with \$679,000 in treasure, \$666,000 of which is for New York.

The Peute Indians murdered several persons at Red Rock Ranch, in the Valley of Nevada, on April 18. Major Henry E. Robinett, First United States Infantry, committed suicide yesterday in New Orleans.

Reports indicate that the channel at the mouth of the Mississippi is again filling up with the mysterious mud by horses or vehicles in the street, were registered in London in a week.

It cost \$40,000 to recover Maximilian's body.

Directions to Correspondents.

A perplexed proof reader sends us the following hints and suggestions to newly fledged authors:

The following instructions, though pretty well understood and practiced by amateur correspondents of newspapers, may prove useful to young beginners.

When addressing the public through the columns of a newspaper for the first time, it is advisable to state that the paper has the largest circulation of any paper in the United States; and if the citizens of the writer's locality were deprived of its use for a single hour, a revolution would immediately be set on foot.—Besides, whether the statement be true or false, the editor and the public believe it.

Communications should be written on both sides of a sheet, and overrunning matter should be written across the lines with a pencil of the same color. Correspondents whose communications have been rejected when written on one side only may now learn the necessity of adhering to this rule.

It is immaterial what kind of paper is used, though tissue is used when writing for a daily paper. Whether using pen or pencil, the writer should invariably grease the paper well, that the compositor may with the least difficulty make out the writing.

When writing on a subject that is not interesting to any one but the author, at least every other word should be italicized. This should be done to draw the humor of the compositor—a class of men unusually grave and indisposed to swear.

When a correspondent is disposed to be jolly and wants to "crack a joke" the sentence containing the joke should be put in italic capitals, preceded and followed by three exclamation points otherwise it might pass unnoticed, and the world would remain in unhappy ignorance of the talents of the writer.

I's and J's, when standing alone as initials should be made precisely alike.—When long lists of names occur, I should be written like e and neither should be dotted. The I should be made like t, and crossed. Middle names should be written in full and no punctuation marks used.—When middle names are not spelled out, the initials should be run into each other as closely as possible. True; this may not accord with the Spencerian method but fashion is superior to rule.

A strict compliance with the above rules not only secures accuracy in print, but promotes a spirit of piety among printers and proof-readers.
N. B.—This is sarcasm.

Suppose a man owns a skill; he fastens the skill to the shore with a rope made of straw, along comes a cow; he gets into the boat, turns around and cuts the rope; the skill thus let loose, with the cow on board starts down the stream, and on its passage it upset; the cow is drowned. Now has the man that owns the cow got to pay for the boat, or the man that owns the boat got to pay for the cow?

"Are you not alarmed to the approach of the King of Terrors?" said a minister to a sick man.

"Oh, no! I have been living six and thirty years with the queen of terrors; the King can't be much worse."

A. S. Mansfield was arrested in New Orleans yesterday, charged with complicity in burning of the Shooting Star, insured for \$100,000.

The delegates to the Chicago Convention are to receive free passes to Chicago over any road they may select.

A freight engine on the Cheshire Railroad ran into a rock slide, yesterday, near Westmoreland, Mass., and exploded; the engineer, George Wright was killed.

Columbus, O., April 15.—The Senate agreed to the "Visible Mixture bill," and it is now a law. It prohibits persons with any mixture of negro blood from voting.

A Baltimore prayer meeting held for 13 hours.

The world has lost 1,743,491 men in battle since 1854.

The deaths of three persons from intemperance, of seven persons from burns or scalds, of nine persons from drowning, of eight persons from suffocation, and of two persons who were killed by horses or vehicles in the street, were registered in London in a week.

THE WAR IN JAPAN.—

A state of war exists in Japan between the Tycoon and the Princes Satsuma and Chosin, with their parting and bod-tail adherents. All the North and East parts of Japan are for the Tycoon; the South and West for the rebels.

On the 31st of January, the Tycoon escaped on board the Iroquois. After remaining a few hours, he went on board his frigate, and that afternoon sailed for Yeddo, leaving the remains of his broken and defeated army to shift for themselves. Osaka was in flames, and Satsuma took the great castle and fired it, burning up, it is said, 500 of the Tycoon's wounded who could not escape.

The next morning after the embarkation, fires were seen all about the city which seemed to threaten its entire destruction. All the Foreign Ministers excepting the English and French, came to the U. S. Steamer.

During the delay on shore, caused by the gale, Mobs Rochi, the French minister, sent up a party of armed sailors to bring down some of the archives of his legation which were forgotten. These were mobbed and were compelled to fire on the crowd to save themselves. They killed ten of the mob and wounded several more. Three or four large "saw-pans" or native boats loaded with the Tycoon's wounded, came down to, where all the Europeans and Americans were, and were there deserted by their attendants. Dr. Willis of the English legation dressed their wounds which had been untouched, and all the foreigners did all they could to make them comfortable. They were afterwards removed to a Japanese man-of-war in the roadstead.

On the afternoon of February 2, the ministers all landed at Chicago and established themselves in the customhouse, a large, fine building in the central part of the reserved lands for foreigners. Here they were located very comfortably until the 5th, when they were a little shaken in their equanimity by an attack on the foreign population by a party of the Prince of Bizan's men amounting to about 150 braves, with a musket, a spear, and at least two swords apiece. They had a large coolie train carrying baggage, and two or three small field-pieces, without wheels, and placed in a sort of sedan chairs.

The counting of the votes in Georgia is progressing, and the Democrats feel confident of success.

Paris claims 1,780,000 people.

There are 700,000 gas lights in Philadelphia.

LIST OF VENDERS OF MERCHANDISE in Centre county for the year 1868.

BELLEFONTE BOROUGH.

Name	Class	Lie's
M. Sternberger & Bro., store	14	\$7.00
J. H. Sands bakery	14	7.00
Loth May & Loth store	14	20.00
W. Cook store	11	15.00
Sternberger & Brandies store	10	20.00
Charles Freyberger store	13	10.00
F. S. Wilson store	13	10.00
F. P. Groen store	13	10.00
George W. Patton jewelry	14	7.00
William McClelland store	13	10.00
J. A. J. Harris store	9	25.00
George D. Peifer store	11	15.00
W. W. Montgomery store	14	7.00
J. B. Aul store	14	7.00
N. Hillis store	14	7.00
David M. Wagner store	10	20.00
John Brackbill store	10	20.00
Hoffer Bro store	10	20.00
George Livingston store	14	7.00
Burnside & Thomas store	10	20
Erwin & Wilson	8	30
Edward Graham & Son	14	7
E. H. Kinzie	14	7
A. Sussman	13	10
Zimmerman Bro & Co	9	25
C. Dorr store	14	7
G. W. Fairer store	13	10
Adam Herkimer bakery	14	7
Howell Gilliland & Co store	10	20
Haupt & Co foundry	14	7
Harper Brothers store	13	10
John Brackbill store	13	10
Edward Brown store	14	7
Michael Runkle	14	7.00
Sackler & Moore	14	7.00
Shortledge & Co.	13	10
John Zimmerman	13	10

BANKS OF DISCOUNT & DEPOSIT.

Wm F Reynolds & Co	30.00	
Milken Hoover & Co	30	
Wm F Reynolds mill	14	7.00
T. R. Reynolds & Co mill	11	15.00
Humes & Co Spring tp mill	14	7
Humes & Brother Worth tp mill	14	7
J. M. Wagner & Co	13	10

BILLIARD TABLES.

C. T. Stoneroad 3 tables	50.00
Henry Kline 3 tables	50.00

BOGGS.

Linn & McCoy store	11	15
J. B. & A. G. Curtin store	12	12.50

BENNER.

Peter Keelin store	14	7.00
Christ Dale mill	24	7.00
Henry Brockerhoff mill	14	7

BTKNSIDE.

J. Gaines store	14	7.00
David Betts store	14	7

CURTIN.

Wiber & Singer store	14	7.00
Kline & Bechtel	14	7.00

FERGUSON.

Gray & Wilson store	13	19.00
J. B. Ard store	14	7
J. B. Ard mill	14	7
P. Lytle & Co store	14	7
John L. Musser store	14	7

Thomas Bollinger & Bro store

Shorb Stewart & Co mill	13	10
W. E. Birchfield confect.	13	10

GREGG.

J. B. Fisher store	12	12.50
Fisher & Getting store	14	7
R. H. Duncan & Co store	12	12.50
R. H. Duncan mill	14	10.00
J. B. Fisher mill	14	7.00

HAINS.

Jacob Snook store	13	10.00
Weidensall & Spielmeier store	14	7.00
Weidensall & Spielmeier mill	13	10.00
M. M. Musser store	12	12.50
Myer &		