

SNOW SHOE TIMES

A PAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF SNOW SHOE AND SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.

VOL. I.

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NO. 1

LOCAL NEWS

Snow Shoe and Vicinity.

This is the first edition of the Snow Shoe Times and we hope all loyal citizens will join in making it a success by sending in their subscription.

L. J. Shank has just received a consignment of spring chickens and with the assistance of Elick Drocker, will dispose of them in the usual way.

The entertainment which was held at the M. E. church Tuesday, March 1, proved quite a success. The program consisted of recitations and singing by the Junior members of the Sabbath school, followed by a fine selection rendered by Miss Mae Zindell. This is the first one of a series of entertainments that is to take place in the near future. All persons are cordially invited to these entertainments.

The slippery walks we have had this winter have certainly proved a very important factor to the scientific world. We refer particularly to their astronomical value. Many stars and plants that have not yet been seen, have been discovered by the most humble pedestrians. Prof. B. J. Bowers, our worthy schoolmaster, has had a deeper glimpse into this realm than most of us. One evening recently, while returning from school, his gaze was turned upward by some unseen force, and by the same force his feet took an aerial voyage, and many luminous bodies flashed before him. The result was plainly visible to all.

800 STRIKE IN CAR PLANT

Walk-Out at Baltimore Concern Recently Acquired by Standard Company.

Baltimore—Eight hundred car builders employed at the Baltimore Car and Foundry Company plant at Curtis Bay went on a strike. The works was recently acquired by the Standard Steel Car and Foundry Company of Butler, Pa., and is one of the largest industrial concerns located near Baltimore. The men went out because they objected to the inauguration of the piece-work system.

The men are not unionized, and the action on strike was spontaneous following an announcement of an immediate start of the new plan of pay. The leaders say the men working on miscellaneous work were paid \$2 per day and they were offered the rate of \$2.75 per car for four men and allowed to turn out two cars a day, making an average for each man of \$1.37 per day.

DIE IN FEUD FIGHT

Three Alabama Farmers Fall Before Cattle Men.

Citronelle, Ala.—Joseph Stokes, Charles Goldman and David Gortman, farmers, were shot and killed by Lawrence Odom, a cattle man at the latter's home, four miles from this place. After the shooting Odom surrendered to a deputy sheriff at Citronelle, who fearing mob violence telephoned Sheriff Drago at Mobile for assistance.

The Mobile officers arrived and no further trouble is feared. Odom says the killing was the result of an old feud. He says all parties were armed.

"AD" MARRIAGES BINDING

Man Must Keep His Matrimonial Bureau Prize.

Washington—Marriages brought about as a result of advertisement are binding in the eyes of the law in the opinion of Justice Van Orsdel of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia.

He held that Clyde L. Williamson, who won his wife, through correspondence begun by a matrimonial bureau and who married her within two hours of their first meeting, must retain her, there being nothing that "would in law vitiate the marriage contract."

Brazilians Elect New President.

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—Marchal Hermes Fonseca, former minister of war, has been elected President of Brazil over candidates Dr. Roy Barbosa, ex-president of the senate.

ROCKEFELLER PROPOSES TO BENEFIT MANKIND

Congress Asked to Authorize Foundation for Public Philanthropies.

PAST GIFTS—TOTAL \$131,000,000

Bill to Incorporate Is Introduced in Senate by Gallinger of New Hampshire.

Washington—A bill introduced in the regular course of business in the senate by Senator George Gallinger of New Hampshire revealed the most stupendous work of philanthropy in the history of the world.

The author of the scheme is John D. Rockefeller. The purpose of the foundation is to provide for a general organization to conduct philanthropic work along all lines. It is understood that the foundation will be endowed largely by John D. Rockefeller and that he takes this means to dispose of a large part of his enormous wealth.

The incorporators named in the bill are John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Fred T. Gates, Starr J. Murphy and Charles O. Heydt. These incorporators are authorized to select associates, not to exceed a total of 25, and it is provided that these shall not be at any time less than five.

The Rockefeller Foundation, according to the bill, is organized to promote the well being and advance the civilization of the people of the United States and its possessions in foreign lands and for the acquisition and dissemination of knowledge; for the prevention and relief of suffering and promotion of any and all of the elements of human knowledge.

Seeks Mankind's Welfare.

It was stated by Senator Gallinger that Rockefeller already had given away \$52,000,000 and that he was seeking a method of disposing of his fortune that would benefit mankind. The foundation is organized on lines similar to the Carnegie foundation for the advancement of teaching. As in the case of the latter institution the Rockefeller Foundation will be authorized to receive and dispense gifts of money other than those obtained from the original endowments, the amount of which has not been fixed. The scope of the foundation is very broad.

Estimates of Mr. Rockefeller's past benefactions and present fortune vary largely. It is conceded that in charity he has but one leader—Andrew Carnegie—and the best opinion is that Mr. Rockefeller has given away something approaching \$131,000,000 against \$162,000,000 for Mr. Carnegie.

WILL DISTRIBUTE MILLIONS

Son of Standard Oil Magnate Intends Devoting Life to Philanthropy.

New York—Among charities the new Rockefeller foundation is to become what the Standard Oil Company has long been among corporations, and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., as its head, will in another sphere of influence perpetuate the combination so long maintained in the world of industry by John D. Rockefeller, Sr., as president of the Standard.

The younger Rockefeller announced that he had recently retired from the directorate of the Standard to assume the management of his father's benefactions, of which he thus becomes almoner-in-chief. No successor has been appointed to fill his place in the oil company, and from 15 the board has been cut to 14.

The announcement was taken in Wall street to mean two things—that all past estimates of young Rockefeller's future must now be revised, and that hereafter the Rockefeller millions will no longer be a market factor. Instead, it is assumed they will pass wholly into conservative securities, such as it is proper for trust funds, savings banks and insurance companies to acquire.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is now 33 years old. Greeted on his graduation from Brown university, some years ago, as in prospect the richest young man of the world, he now leaves the field to J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., 10 years his elder.

French Rout Zear Tribesmen.

Casablanca, Morocco.—The French column, under General Monniers, has surprised and routed with severe loss, a band of Zear tribesmen, who recently murdered a French officer, Lieutenant Meaux. The French, in this attack lost two men killed and thirteen wounded.

POLICE AND SOCIALISTS CLASH

Prussian Provincial Gendarmes Attack Marching Socialists and Suffrage Demonstration.

Berlin—Serious conflicts between the police and Socialists, involving a lengthy list of wounded, were the outcome of most impressive open-air demonstrations against the suffrage bill carried out in Berlin and the other cities of Prussia Sunday. It is estimated that in Berlin alone 120,000 persons took part in what was called a "demonstrative stroll" in various parts of the city. According to reports so far received, 30 persons were fatally or seriously injured at the Treptow park in Berlin alone.

The chief of police of Berlin, fearing danger from the assembly of so many thousands in the popular park of Treptow, the place chosen by the socialists, forbade a demonstration of any kind there. But the Socialist newspaper, "Vorwaerts," announced that the manifestation would be held, in spite of the order of prohibition. This caused the concentration of a powerful force of police and gendarmes in the park, which left the remainder of the city virtually unguarded.

The Socialist leaders, observing that their plan had been frustrated, quietly and quickly passed the word to their followers to proceed to the other end of the city. These instructions were obeyed by 30,000 manifestants, who succeeded in accomplishing the "stroll" almost undisturbed, while the others, who had remained around Treptow park, came into severe collision with the gendarmes with serious consequences.

PLAN WAR ON HOUSE FLY

Scientists Join With Government in Attempt to Annihilate Great Summer Pest.

Washington—A concerted country wide attack is to be made on the house fly this year according to Chief Entomologist Howard, who testified before a house committee. When spring begins hundreds of scientists aided by laborers, druggs and chemicals and mechanical "killers" will try to drive the household pests out of existence.

Dr. Howard says the campaign will be opened in the country districts and the department will issue a farmers' bulletin giving advice as to the flies are responsible for and how to eradicate them.

Dr. Howard urged the importance of congressional legislation to protect the United States from the introduction of foreign insect and parasite pests entering with imported plum and nursery stock.

NEGROES KILL TWO WHITES

Two Hundred Men With Bloodhounds on Trail.

Tampa, Fla.—A serious clash between the races is threatened at Palmetto as a result of the killing of two prominent white men by negroes. The last message from the scene of the crime states that 200 white with bloodhounds are pursuing several negroes.

Sam Stribbling, superintendent for a prominent contractor of this city, disputed with a negro employe, who shot him dead. The negro was chased into the house of another negro. In an exchange of shots Deputy Sheriff Matthews was shot and killed. The negroes escaped.

TAFT AND CANNON DANCE

Give Terpsichorean Test at White House Dinner.

than fifty guests looked on laughingly and applauded, Speaker Cannon tempted President Taft into a test of terpsichorean agility in the East room of the White House. Both were panting when the trial ended, but the opinion was unanimous that the honors on fancy steps were even.

The dancing followed a dinner given by the president to "Uncle Joe."

Negro Leads Lynchers.

Dallas, Tex.—Led by an old negro, a mob burst into the courtroom in which Allen Brooks, an aged negro, charged with attacking a 2-year-old white girl, was to receive a lawful sentence of guilty, seized Brooks and tossed him through a second story window, breaking his neck. His body was dragged through the streets by infuriated men, who hanged it to the Ekls' arch, high above the heads of the crowd.

Western Canada last year produced 100,000,000 bushels of wheat.

LABOR NOTES

The replies of the southern railroads to demands of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors were opened here. The refusal of the roads to meet the men's terms was unanimous. This places the southern railroad situation in practically the same state as that in the territory north of the Chesapeake & Ohio and east of the Mississippi. It is now certain that any action taken by the men to press demands will be simultaneous in the east and south.

The result of the strike vote of the Baltimore & Ohio men will be known to President W. G. Lee of the trainmen and Grand Master Garretson of the conductors early this coming week. If the decision is to call a strike, as it is expected to be, the executive councils of the two orders, which will meet here later, are expected to submit to the men on all the railroad lines the question whether a general strike shall be called.

The strike votes on the Baltimore & Ohio and at large will not be immediately effective. It is understood at the Brotherhood headquarters here that the votes will be used as ammunition by the chiefs of the two orders, to be used only in the event of a final refusal by the roads to concede the wage adjustment asked. In any event, affairs will not reach a crisis, it is now expected, for two weeks at least.

"We are not running a mine-kindergarten; won't take chances on explosions," explained officials of Edna No. 2 mine, or the United Coal Company, when they dismissed more than 100 immigrants, who had been brought to the colliery as miners.

The men came direct from New York, it is now known, in charge of a labor agent. They were furnished with tools and lamps and sent into the mine. Bosses soon discovered they were going into places marked "danger" and most of them did not know how to open and light a miner's lamp.

No time was lost in getting them out of the workings. The company is out several hundred dollars for fares and other expenses advanced. The men left for other places to seek work while the company is scouring the district for experienced miners.

At Durham, N. C., within the next few weeks a hosiery will built by negro labor with negro capital, and which will be operated entirely by negro labor, will open for business here, with a capitalization of \$50,000.

Most of the capital has been supplied by John Merrick, a negro, who began life as a barber, and R. B. Fitzgerald, reputed to be the richest negro in South Carolina. He began life making bricks.

The factory was designed by a negro architect, and all the work on it was done by negroes. The building is owned by a negro insurance company, and the operating company will be composed largely of the same men.

Coal operators in the Lawrence-Mercer-Butler district do not anticipate any trouble in the settlement of the wage scale in that district. The old agreement made two years ago runs out the first of the coming April, and a new scale is to be arranged for the following two years.

The operators have been looking forward to a meeting with the representatives of the miners for several weeks, but as yet the miners have done nothing in the way of appointing a committee. A large percentage of the miners of the district do not belong to any union. It is likely the miners will ask for a small increase.

Want Dental School Inspection.

Cleveland, O.—A national campaign for dental inspection in the public schools will be begun here on March 18, when a series of meetings, under the auspices of the Ohio State and National Dental associations will be inaugurated. Dr. C. W. Wille of the public health and marine hospital service, will come as a government representative.

Ship Builders Active.

Washington—Fifty-seven sail and steam vessels were erected in the United States during the month of February, 1910, according to the report of the bureau of navigation. The largest steel vessels erected during the month were the Octaria, 4,329 tons, and the Coastwise, 4,015 tons.

Annapolis, Md.—The state-wide local option bill prepared by the Anti-Saloon league was rejected by the Maryland house of delegates by four votes.

LOCAL NEWS

Moshannon and Vicinity.

A very interesting and instructive "Spelling Bee" was held in the Primary school room, on Thursday evening, which was well attended by the literary people of our community. All such occasion are for the betterment of the community and should receive the encouragement of every intelligent citizen.

Quite a delightful surprise party was held at the home of Brady Beightol, on Saturday last, in honor of Mr. Beightol, it being his fiftieth birthday anniversary. A large number of his friends were present and a general good time was enjoyed by all.

We get the report that work will commence on the branch railroad into the new mines recently opened by the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, near here. Here is a chance for some of our folks to secure employment as we understand the work is to be given to our own citizens, if they can be had, otherwise, foreign labor will be employed.

A pleasing entertainment was given by the Moshannon schools on last Friday afternoon. The program began by a flag exercise by the primary pupils, which was very well rendered. Another feature, which deserves special mention, was the exercise entitled "The Minute Men." The story of Lincoln, which was illustrated by drawings on the blackboard, was told in a very interesting manner by a number of the smaller pupils, each adding a little to what the one preceding had said. The remainder of the program, consisting of songs, recitations and a final march, was very creditably carried out. Much credit is due to the willingness of the pupils and the instruction of the teachers.

Receiver for Big Power Concern.

York—The Yorkhaven Water and Power company, a \$3,000,000 corporation, has gone into receivership, Edwin F. Baker, secretary and manager of the company, being appointed receiver. The company's plant is on the Susquehanna river, and supplies current for commercial purposes to York, Harrisburg and Steelton. The appointment of a receiver is attributed to the drought of last summer and the suit of the Yorkhaven Paper Company for prior water rights and damages.

WHITE SLAVE BILL PASSED

Ohio Legislature by Unanimous Vote Enacts Drastic Law.

Columbus, O.—The house of representatives by a vote of 101 to 0 passed the Geleerd white slave bill which provides penalty ranging from one year in the penitentiary and \$1,000 fine to 12 years in the penitentiary and \$5,000 fine. The bill not only forbids white slave traffic in the state, but makes it a penalty for any person to transport a female through the state for illegal purposes.

If anybody is getting rich out of the increase in prices submits the Denver Republican, it must be the farmers, and they certainly are in no trust. The land is open, the road to the farms a broad one, and whoever will may join the ranks of the producers. The trouble is that altogether too many are satisfied to stay on in the cities as consumers, taking their chances in bidding on what the farmer raises to sell, and letting prices of room rent, house rent, coal, porterhouse steak, pork chops and potatoes make any new record they please so long as only we can sidestep the simple life.

Minimum Tariff for Austria.

Washington, D. C.—President Taft issued a proclamation extending to Austria-Hungary the minimum tariff rates of the Payne-Aldrich act.

When a boy wears a pair of new shoes without protest, it is an indication, to the Atchison Globe, that he is going away on the cars.