BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED, PREPARED & TELEGRAPHED FOR THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE

[From some cause unknown to us, we failed to receive the full reports of the proceedings of Congress by telegraph, on Saturday evening. We received the conclusion of the two houses, which, of course, possessed no interest without the commencement. This explanation, we consider due to our readers.—*Rep. Gaz.*]

FOREIGN NEWS.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER

PACIFIC.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21—9, P. M.

The American steamship Pacific arrived at this port from Liverpool, at 7 o'clock this evening, making the passage in 10 days and 6 hours. She brings Liverpool dates to the 11th inst.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

MONDAY, Sept. 11.

The sales since Friday amount to 10,000 bales, of which 3,000 are taken on speculation and export. To day's sales amount to 5,000 bales, of which 500 were taken on speculation, and 1,000 for export.

Prices have had a further fall of ¼d ⅌ lb. The arrivals since Friday, are two vessels from the United States and two from Brazil.

The weather has been very fine, and the harvest well gotten in.

LIVERPOOL CORN EXCHANGE.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 11.

Indian Corn—3,000 quarters Indian Corn sold at 26 @ 28s.

Flour—Philadelphia and Baltimore is quoted at 24 @ 24s ⅌ bbl; Western Canal 22s @ 23s 6d.

Wheat—American white 6s 3d @ 6s 6d.

Corn Meal—White Corn Meal is quoted at 14s @ 14s 6d.

Trade generally begins to wear a better aspect.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

English funds are dull. Consols are worth 96¼. American securities are not inquired for.

The London Corn Market is firm.

The English papers generally are barren of news.

The London Times says, in speaking of the Schleswig Holstein War: "The Southern German Journals are urging the Army to fight on, without effect. The heavy rains render any operations by the troops impracticable."

FRANCE.

The Hose Cotton Market is quiet, and there is no change in prices.

[By Express from Paris.]

The Council of the *Charente Inferieure* has adopted a resolution expressive of respect at the death of Louis Philippe.

A funeral service in honor of the ex king was to be performed at Bordeaux, in the church of St. Dominique.

Accounts from Toulin state that letters have been received from the Province of Constantine, which announce the decline of cholera at that place.

The President of the Republic is expected at St. Leon, having promised to be present at a ball given by the town, to which he was earnestly invited to attend. It is also expected he will be obliged to stop at Fellaise, which formed no part of his original tour.

Mr. Persigny arrived at the Bourse, by way of Havre, on the morning of the 8th.

There was little business done on gabe Bourse to day. The 3 per cents. opened at 93f 20c., and rose to 93f 50c, but closed at 93f. The 3 pct cents. closed at 57f 75c.

FURTHER PARTICULARS FROM CALIFORNIA.

NEW YORK, Sept 20.

The Pacific News gives the following additional particulars of the terrible excitement which pervades the city of Sacramento.

The issue is one between the squatters or settlers, and the citizens, or holders of property under the Sutter title—and a bloody issue it promises to be. Several persons are already killed and wounded on both sides.

The history and result of the affair thus far, is brief thus: Large tracts of ground, covering the city and vicinity of Sacramento, are held by grants from Capt. Sutter, who claims under his new Helvetia Spanish grant. The settler's hold that Capt. Sutter's grant does not cover this territory; that it belongs to the government. They moved on it, and erected buildings, and a suit for forcible entry and detainer was brought against them and decided in the plaintiff's favor. A writ of restitution was issued, and the officer attempting to execute it was met by a body of armed squatters who resisted him.

This occurred on Saturday, the 10th. Prior to this date, an appeal to the county court had been made by the Attorney for the settlers, Judge Willis presiding, and the right of appeal was denied. Exasperation, of course, was the effect upon the party seeking redress in the higher Courts, and meetings were held, and resolutions passed to resist the law.

Nothing more was done by the legal process, from Saturday till yesterday, Tuesday, when some six or eight persons were arrested for rebellion, or resisting the officers, and the process of the Court on Saturday; and two of them, in default of bail, were incarcerated in the prison brig. To day a body of the settlers repaired to the brig to relieve their two companions, were met by Sheriff McKinney, Mayor Bigelow, and a posse, who drove them from the ground. But no force was used until the settlers had retreated, when they were taken, and turned at bay, armed with pistols and guns. Forty or fifty shots were fired between the parties in the period of five minutes. Mayor Bigelow was shot from his horse, through the arm in the face, and was not expected to live. The leader of the settlers, Mahlenry, was shot dead. Assessors Woodland were also killed while engaging the officers. Shots flew in all directions around the corner of G and 4th streets, and the blood of the wounded streamed upon the side walks as they were carried along.

The greatest excitement still prevailed in the city when the boat left. From 600 to 900 settlers had assembled at the corner of G and 9th streets, resolved to fire upon any who approached them. The city is declared under martial law, and every citizen required to enrol his name.

In addition to the order for the citizens to enrol their names, Lieut. Governor Dougliass directed an order to be published that all non combatants keep clear of the streets, and directed a cannon to be supplied with 21 rounds to be placed at the foot of G street, and will be kept there until the gold lumber brig up from Benicia all the implements of war. By their assistance, he is resolved to take the enemy, and bring them to a speedy and summary trial.

The stoppage of Barton Lee, for the heavy sum of $1,100,000, has produced no little excitement in that city, and our own.

MAINE ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.

The Election returns from 349 towns in Maine for Governor show an increase of 3575 for the Whigs, and 2523 for the Democrats. In the same towns the Free Soil vote fell off 879. The 4th and 7th districts are still in doubt.

FROM TEXAS.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20.

Late Texas dates bring intelligence that the Legislature adjourned on the 6th, to re-assemble on the third Monday of November. The Governor vetoed the bill requiring him to call an extra session of the Legislature; also the proposition to submit to the people the question to sell territory to the United States.

Gen. Lopez arrived at Mobile to day.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 21.

The river is 3 feet 4 inches in the canal, and stationary. The weather is pleasant.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.

Flour—Receipts are moderate, and the export inquiry limited, which induces a slight decline.—The week's sales amount to 5000 bbls. for shipment at $4,75 for standard, and $5 for good and straight brands. Sales of selected lots at $5,12½ per bbl. The week's inspections are 12,202 bbls.

Grain—Receipts of all kinds continue light, and the demand for Wheat is confined to the wants of millers. Corn is nearly nominal, but the market closed heavily. Sales 20,000 bushels, mostly yellow southern, at 64 @ 65c per bu.

Provisions—There is a better feeling in the market for most kinds of salted meats, and prices tend upward. Small sales of Mess Pork at $11, and of prime at $9,25 per bbl. Bacon is in fair request, with sales of shoulders at 4½ @ 4¾, and of sides at 5¾. Western cured sides are held at 6c. Hams sell at 5 @ 10c, as in quality. More is doing in Lard, and holders are firm; 500 bbls. sold at 7 @ 7½c. and 1800 kegs at the same rate. Butter is in steady demand, with sales of Penna. at 10¼ @ 12½. Cheese is selling, for retail, at 7 @ 8c; and for shipping prices are limited at 6c.

Groceries—The stocks of Coffee being very much reduced, the demand is active and prices have advanced considerably. Since last week, the sales amount to 3,000 bags, mostly Rio, at 11¼ @ 12½c., including some Laguayra at 11¼ @ 12½c. per lb. The demand for sugars has been moderate, but the market closed with a better feeling, and prices are about ¼c. higher. The sales are 500 hhds. including Cuba and Porto Rico at 6¾ @ 6¾, and New Orleans at 6¾ @ 7½c. the latter figure for choice.

Iron—No. 1, and 2, anthracite is in demand, and wanted at full prices—the former at $21, the latter at $19 per ton, on time, with sales of 300 tons in lots at those rates. For other kinds the market is dull, and stocks ample.

Lead—There is rather more doing, and 1500 pigs Galena were sold at $4,62½, and 1500 Spanish at about previous prices.

Wool—There has been very little activity in the demand for this staple, during the week. Receipts have fallen off, and prices are fully supported. We quote domestic in the range of 35 @ 50c. for common to full blood, on the usual credit.

Whiskey has advanced, with sales at 27½ @ 28c per gall.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[SOON REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.

Flour—The market is easier, for new State and interior grades, but still steady for western brands.—There is a good inquiry for shipment, and for the East, for fresh ground State at $4,56@$4,62½ for mixed and straight Western at $4 62½@$4 64 and for fancy Michigan and favorite State $4,75@$4,87½ per bbl.

Grain—The demand for wheat is firm, and supplies small. Corn has improved one cent per bu. with small supplies. Sales of mixed, at 65@65½c. No other description offering.

Provisions—Pork is firm, with a fair demand Sales of mess at $10 46@10,50 and of prime at $8,31 per bbl. Beef is in fair demand at retail.—Lard continues in good demand, with sales in bbls at 7@7½. Nothing doing in cut meats. Butter is better, with sales of Ohio at 9@12½.

Groceries—The market is firm, and some sales of Sugars have been made at ½ to ¾ of an advance on the prices of the early part of the week.

Whiskey is firm, with sales of Ohio at 27½c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20.

Flour—Sales 250 bbls at $4,25 per bbl.

Lard—Sales at 7c per lb.

Whiskey is firm at 24½c per gal.

Other articles are without change. The weather is hot, and but little business is doing.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE AND MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE.

COMMITTEE FOR SEPTEMBER.

REDD. M. HOWE..... T. S. CLARKE..... WM. BARKER.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
Monday Morning, September 23, 1850. }

The market on Saturday was, if any thing, duller than the preceeding days of the week, and nothing of special interest came to our knowledge. The weather was clear and delightful. The recent rains here had no effect upon the river, stopping to serve as a check upon its falling, and causing it stand in the depth of water for several days past.

FLOUR—We have nothing new to notice in the Flour market. Very little came forward by river or wagon, and the sales were confined to limited lots, at $3 62½@3,75 ⅌ bbl. The sales from store were confined to the regular home demand, at $4,00@$4,25 for good family brands, and $4,12½@4,25, for extra family brands, in small lots.

GRAIN—The receipts continue light, and there is a fair demand at about our last quotations—say, for Wheat, 72c; Rye, 52@55; Barley, 60@62c; and Oats at 30@32c from first hands. No sales of Corn.

GROCERIES—There is a general firmness in prices, but sales have been moderate. We have farther sales of 3 hhds N O Sugar, at 7c, 60 days; and of 8 hhds do at 7¼, 4 months. Molasses is steady, at 28@29c, in small lots at city and country trade. Rio Coffee is quiet, and prices are well maintained. We quote, in small lots, at 11@12c, on time.—The demand for other articles under this head is moderate, with no change in prices.

PROVISIONS—We notice a general steadiness, both in prices and demand. Sales of 3 hhds cured hams at 6½, and of 10 hhds Shoulders, in two lots, at 4½ ⅌ lb. Bale are scarce, and will command 5½.—Sales of 5 tres sugar cured canvassed hams, at 10@11 for common to a prime article. Lard is in fair demand for the better qualities, with sales at 7@7½c, in bbls and kegs.

CHEESE—We notice the receipt of large lots from the Western Reserve, and notwithstanding the heavy shipments east, the market is fully supplied, with fair sales at 6@8½c for good common to prime.

Money Matters, Trade, &c.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.

The stock market exhibits no new feature, with the exception of Reading and Schuylkill Navigation.—Reading stock advanced 1@1¼—closing at after boards at 39@39¼; and Navigation has also advanced ¼ ⅌ ct. Within the last few days rumors were rife in the city and vicinity of Wilmington, affecting the solvency of the Wilmington and Brandywine Bank. The rumors reached here, so far as we can learn, fell flat upon the public ear. It is believed that the Bank is in a perfectly sound condition, abundantly able to meet all engagements. The Wilmington and Brandywine bank, in common with other Delaware Banks, has its arrangement at here to keep its circulation of all denominations over $5 at par in this city. It might be well to state, that the gallant little state of Delaware has never been dishonored by a bank failure. The Laurel Bank, it is true, closed business there many years ago, but its affairs were wound up without the loss of a single dollar to any note holder.

A meeting of the business portion of the inhabitants of Honesdale, without distinction of party, was convened there on the 21st ult., to take into consideration the law prohibiting the circulation of small notes. A series of resolutions was adopted, in which the constitutionality of the law is called in question, and a determination, should any person in the community be prosecuted for passing small notes, to test the matter before the proper tribunal.—North Amer.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 7, 1850.

Breadstuff firm. The weather during the week has dispelled all fears about the harvest, which has been nearly all secured in very good order. All speculation has ceased, but there continues a steady demand for Wheat and Flour at full prices. Indian Corn is dull at a reduction of 6d ⅌ qr. Sugar—Holders insist upon higher rates, business has been checked. The sales have been at very full prices. Coffee—Increased demand, and prices of Java are 2@3s higher. Tea—At Liverpool there has been a more limited demand for the trade, and all kinds of black are a shade lower.—At London there was a large business doing, and ordinary Congo could not be obtained in less than 11½; prices commanded full prices.

Naval Stores—90 bbls of inspected Pitch, common rosin has been in demand at 3s ⅌ cwt. Tobacco—Virginian leaf and stems are higher—market generally firm. Rice is in demand. Tallow is quoted at 38 @38 6d. Queercitron Bark—Philadelphia on the spot commands 12s; to arrive sales at 11s 6d. Oils—Linseed firm at rates with little offering. Wool—Good demand at all prices, public sales at London commenced on the 2nd ⅌ ⅌, above former rates. Potashes—Texas is less abundant, and rates a shade better to northern ports.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

SEPT 17.—Provisions—Beef very dull. Pork—Excepts a special sale of purchase of 400 bbls, at a low figure, the sales have been nominally light. Bacon—The arrival of a large parcel by the Pacific has weakened the market, but quotations are unchanged. Sales are moderately below the average extent. Shoulders sell slowly at full rates. Lard—350 tons sold at prices slightly in favor of the seller. Tallow—More inquiry Tallow—Actum demand at 5d, advance.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

The London Chronicle of the 6th inst. says there has been nothing done in American State Stock this week, and prices are quite nominal. The quotations of United States stocks are unaltered. There is reported to be less activity in the cotton district, but in the woollen and lace districts, business continues brisk.

The market continues easy. Bullion in the Bank of England has increased to £16,000,000. Consols have closed, each day of the week, at 96¼, for money and account.

SHIPMENTS OF LEAD.—Shipments of Lead from the Upper Mississippi Lead Mines the past four years, commencing with the month of September, and ending with the month of August, in each year.

M. H.—No shipments are ever made in the month of January, and but rarely in the months of December and February, our navigation generally closing in the latter part of November, and opening early in March.

	1846 7.	1847-8.	1848-9.	1849-50.
September	58,900	72,337	62,267	46,796
October	71,504	54,3	69,170	14,267
November	56,430	67,514	40,059	63,149
December				3,471
March	41,856	47,916	39,615	22,311
April	73,150	94,457	71,161	61,570
May	119,815	110,551	94,472	98,520
June	119,098	98,129	101,020	86,021
July	107,916	69,866	77,854	52,776
August	45,907	70,338	66,315	40,000
Total	704,077	706,949	611,917	591,190
Short of previous year		67,828	95,032	19,637

*Largest Shipments to date this year, 59,220; same time in '49, 61,852.—St Louis Price Current.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

RIVER—There proved 1 foot, 8 inches, in channel, by marks cut last evening at dusk, and at a stand.

ARRIVED.

Michigan, Brier, Beaver.
Fashion, Peebles, Elizabeth.
Youghiogheny, Hartsoe, Beaver.
Kate Fleming, Williams, Beaver.
Wave, Shaffer, Wellsville.
Wellsville, Young, Brownsville.
Cashier, McMillan, Brownsville.

DEPARTED.

Michigan, Brier, Beaver.
Fashion, Peebles, Elizabeth.
Youghiogheny, Hartsoe, Beaver.
Kate Fleming, Williams, Beaver.
Thos Scott, Miller, Wellsville.
Gossamer, Kinnafeller, Cincinnati.
Umpire No 2, Young, Louisville.
Tuscarora, Fox, Cincinnati.
Wellsville, Young, Brownsville.
Cashier, McMillan, Brownsville.

We learn from the Steubenville Herald, that Capt. Lacey, formerly of the steamer Zachary Taylor, has purchased a commanding interest in the J. Q. Adams The J. Q. A. is a good boat, and under the command of Capt. L. she is bound to take

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

SHAKER SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES,

HAS no parallel in permanently curing and eradicating from the system all

CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS:

It will effectually eradicate from the system and cure Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Dropsy, Scurvy, White Swellings, King's Evil, Neuralgic Affections, and all

FEMALE WEAKNESSES

And Obstructions, Barrenness, Whites, Fluor Albus, Falling of the Womb, Nervous, Sick Head Ache, Lassitude, Fainting Sensations, Palpitation of the Heart, Low Spirits, General Debility, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, &c.

It is Purely and Entirely Vegetable.

It has been used with the most signal success by the Profession in New York and New Hampshire, and the Eastern States generally, for many years—and as a general purifier of the blood and invigorator of the system—as a genuine Family Medicine and an efficacious Female Medicine it has no equal. The purity and efficacy of the Shaker preparations are well known; and this medicine requires no long list of certificates and cures to introduce it; its increasing demand for the past twelve years is its best recommendation.

It is put up in quart bottles, and is the only Sarsaparilla that acts on the Liver, Kidneys, and Blood at the same time, which renders it altogether more valuable to every one, particularly to females.

Dr. Massey, Professor in the Ohio Medical College, says the Shaker preparations are truly valuable, and recommends them to the public. The sick and afflicted are requested to call and obtain a pamphlet, and purchase a bottle of this valuable Family Medicine.

Sold wholesale and retail by R. S. D. HOWE'S SHAKER SARSAPARILLA, and cure the sick.

Price $1 per bottle—6 bottles for $5.

For Sale by J. Jones, J. Schoenmaker & Co., W. Black, R. W. Means, J. M. Townsend, J. Mohler, W. Jackson, Pittsburgh; D. A. Elliott, Allegheny; W. R. McClelland, Manchester; P. Crocker, Brownsville; James Paull & Co, Wheeling; J. H. Patterson and E. G. Morgan, St. Clairsville; J. McNeal & Kunz, Cadiz. Also, for sale by

DR. S. D. HOWE & CO., Proprietors,
1 Cologne Hall, Cincinnati, O.,

To whom all orders must be addressed.

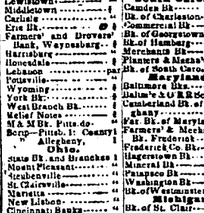
aug7-dawly7

RATES OF DISCOUNT.

RATES OF DISCOUNT—CORRECTED BY
S. HOLMES & SONS,
Exchange Brokers, No. 85 Market street, near 6th s

Pennsylvania.		Indiana.	
Bank of Pittsburgh	—Par	State Bk & Branches	1
Exchange Bank	—Par	State Scrip	—
Merch. & Man. Bank	—Par	Virginia.	
Bank of Philadelphia	—Par	Exchange Bk. at Va.	1
Girard Bank	—Par	Farmers Bk of Va.	—
Bank of Germantown	—Par	Bk. of the Valley	—
" Chester County	—Par	Bk. of Virginia	—
" Delaware Co.	—Par	M. & M. Bk., Wheeling	1
" Montgomery Co.	—Par	do do Morgantown	—
" Northumberland	—Par	N. W. Bank Va	—
Columbia Bridge Co.	—Par	do Wellsburg	—
Doylestown Bank	—Par	Farmers Bank at Lynchburg	1
Farmers' Bk. Reading	—Par	Tennessee.	
Farmers' Bk. Bucks Co.	—par	Bk. of Tennessee	3
Farmers' & Lancaster	—par	Par. & Merch's Bk	—
Lancaster Co. Bk.	—par	Planters' Bk	— 3
Lancaster Bk.	—par	Union Bk. not on the country	1
U. States Bank	—30	Missouri.	
Hookstown Bk.	—par	State Bk of Missouri	1
Washington Bk.	—par	Bks. in Missouri & Branches	1
Gettysburg Bk.	—par	Bk. of Cape Fear	— 2
Chambersburg	—par	Merch & Dr. Bk., Newern	2
Susquehanna Co. Bk.	—par	State Bank	— 2
Lewistown	—	South Carolina.	
Middletown	—	Camden Bk	— 2
Lebanon	—	Bk. of Charleston	— 2
Erie Bk.	— @ 1	Commercial Bk	— 2
Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, Waynesburg	— 1	Bk. of Georgetown	— 2
Harrisburg	—	Bk of Hamburg	— 2
Honesdale	—	Merchants Bk	— 2
Lebanon	—par	Planters & Mechs Bk	2
Pottsville	—	Bk. of South Carolina	2
Wyoming	— 1	Maryland.	
York Bk.	— 1	Baltimore Bks	—par
Westmoreland Bk.	— 1	Balto & O R Scrip	10
Relief Notes	— 1	Cumberland Bk at Alleghany	1
M & M Bk. Pitts do	—	Bk. of Maryland	1
Bank of Penn Township	—	Farmers' & Mechanics	—
Allegheny.		Bk. Frederick	— 1
Ohio.		Frederick Co Bk	— 1
State Bk. and Branches	1	Hagerstown Bk	— 1
Mount Pleasant	—	Mineral Bk	— 1
Steubenville	—	Penn'a Bk	— 1
St. Clairsville	—	Washington Bk	— 1
Marietta	—	Bk. of Westminster	— 1
New Lisbon	—	Bk. of Virginia.	
Chillicothe	—	Bk. of St. Clair	—
Columbus do	—	Bk. of River Raisen	—
Circleville	—	Bk. of Michigan	— 1
Zanesville	—	Far. & Mech's Bk	— 1
Painsville	—	Wisconsin Territory.	
Painsville	—	Mar. & Pat. Co. State's	1
Massillon	— 1	Canada.	
Sandusky	— 2	All solvent Canadian Bks	1
Cleveland	— 1	Bank of Montreal	—
Norwalk	— 2	84 75 @ 2 par.	
Cleveland	— 1	Gold & Specie Value	
Tiffin	— 1	Napoleons	2 00
Dayton	— 1	Ducats	1 10 @ 1 20
Western Reserve	— 1	Eagle, old	2 50
Franklin Bk Columbus	— 1	Eagle, new	1 90
Chillicothe	— 1	Doubloons, Spanish	15 50
Lake Erie	—	Do Patriot	15 50
Scioto	— 1	Sovereigns	4 87
Xenia	— 1	Half do	2 50
Hamilton	— 1	Frederick d'ors	— 87 00
Granville	— 50	Ten Thalers	— 7 00
Farmers' Dayton	— 1	Ten Guilders	— 8 00
Urbana	— 50	Louis d'ors	— 4 50
Kentucky.		Exchange.	
Bk of Kentucky	— 1	New York	—par
Bk of Louisville	— 1	Philadelphia	—par
Northern Bk. Kentucky	— 1	Baltimore	—par
NB. New York—City Bank—par. Interior Pts—par			

BAY STATE MILLS



BAY STATE SHAWLS.

THESE celebrated and justly acknowledged superior goods, on the latest arrival, are offered for approved style, will be furnished by the subscribers in any quantity, at the very lowest prices. Purchasers will please to examine the quality of these fabrics before buying elsewhere, as they are confident, and they will also be distinguished for style, fineness of texture, and brilliancy of colors. Orders addressed to their agents in the different cities, will be promptly attended to. Purchasers will also find in our shawl department a large assortment of all the lower priced approved makes, and we offer designs in American, French, and Scotch Woolen Shawls, embracing a great variety of Plain and medium styles for friends.

Superior Paris Broche long and square Shawls in latest styles and patterns—Splendid Paris Silk Shawls and Colored Silk Shawls—Lupins Black and Mode Colored Thibet Shawls, with silk and woolen Fringes—Paris Printed Cashmere at Manufacturers prices—Plain and Embroidered Crape Shawls—New style Printed Palm Shawls—Neat Figured Paris Brocha Shawls—Lupins Black and Mode Colored Thibet Long Shawls—Plain bound Real Silk Shawls—Plain Mode Colored French Merino Shawls, trimmed and bound—Eight quarter French Mode Colored Thibet Cloth, measuring full two yards wide for Shawls, binding to match—White and Colored Saxony Flannels—Genesee Shawls, &c.

ROBERT POLLOCK & CO.
Wholesale and Retail.
19 South Second st., Philadelphia.

sept19-dawlm8

SUNDRIES—200 bxs Sardines—Gaillons's; 10 bxs genuine Italian Macaroni; 20 bxs do do Vermicelli; 1 cask Nutmegs, No 1; 2 bris Cloves; 30 baskets Boudeaux and Marseilles Olive Oil; in store and for sale by

MILLER & RICKETSON

sept1

RICE—50 tcs just rec'd and for sale by

JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO

sept13

LINSEED OIL—75 bris pure, in good packages, SELLERS & NICOLS

sept1

SUGAR CURED HAMS—50 bris superior for sale by SELLERS & NICOLS

sept1

MACKEREL—75 bri bris No 3 Mackerel, 25 bris do; 100 bris, No 3 Herring; Just rec'd for sale by JAMES DALZELL

sept18 20 Water st.

INDIGO & MADDER—10 cerrons S F Indigo; 7 hhds Madder, for sale by WM BAGALEY & CO

sept9

PAINTED TUBS—10 doz will be sold low, to close consignment of the lot McGILLS & ROE

[sept1

FLOUR—50 bbls Mariotta Mills, for sale by McGILLS & ROE

sept7

LINSEED OIL—10 bbls just received for sale by J SCHOONMAKER & CO

sept7 44 Wood st

PRINTS—A large and splendid assortment Merrimack, Cocheco, and Fall River Prints; now opening by A A MASON & CO.

[sept7

BLEACHED & BROWN MUSLINS—A full assortment, all widths and brands, direct from the manufacturers, at the lowest prices, by A A MASON & CO

sept7

EGGS—3 bris fresh Eggs just rec'd for sale by ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

sept7

GRANITE WALL PAPER—A perfect imitation of Quincy Granite, to be hung in blocks. For sale by W F MARSHALL

sept7 65 Wood st

LINSEED OIL—13 bris Grinwald's brand rec'd by J B CANFIELD

sept7

WHITE BEANS—8 bris just rec'd for sale by J B CANFIELD

sept7

CREAM CHEESE—200 bxs just rec'd for sale by J B CANFIELD

sept7

TEAS & OIL—25 bris N O Tar; 10 bris Tanners' Oil; 3 bris No 1 Lard Oil; in store and for sale by McGILLS & ROE

[sept7

BACON—200 pcs Shoulders; 200 pcs Sides; 400 Sugar Cured Hams; McGILLS & ROE

sept7

CIDER VINEGAR—25 bris superior just rec'd by A GULBERTSON & CLOUSE

sept10

FLOUR—A small quantity Shearer & Noble's extra family Flour; STUART & SILT

sept10

LINSEED OIL—14 bris country, just rec'd and for sale by ROBISON, LITTLE & CO.

sept10 235 Liberty st.

SPANISH WHITING—30 bris just rec'd for sale at S N WICKERSHAM'S

sept10 Cor. Wood & Sixth sts

LOCAL MATTERS.

REPORTED FOR THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE

WRIT OF QUO WARRANTO GRANTED.—The Writ of Quo Warranto in the case of the Allegheny Bridge Company, vs. relations. James Todd, was granted on Saturday.

We presume that an issue will be formed in the Supreme Court, which will be sent to the lower Court for trial.

HORRIBLE.—As a young girl, a daughter of Captain Patterson, was drawing her little sister, about nine month old, in a wagon, through the street at her father's residence near Hayti, on Saturday; a large sow rushed forward and seizing the infant by the arm, dragged it out and was preparing to devour it, when a gentleman named Huish, who keeps a tavern on Water street, rescued it, though not till it was considerably injured. Doctor Gazzam was sent for, and the child is now out of danger.

Convention of the Teachers of Allegheny County.

The Teachers of Allegheny County met in the Fourth Ward Public School House, on Saturday, for the purpose of making arrangements to found a Teacher's Association, and we were pleased to see that a very large number from all parts of the County were in attendance.

The meeting was organized by calling Professor Thompson to the Chair, and appointing the Rev. J. J. Buchanan, Secretary.

Mr. Henry Williams said that the meeting was assembled for the purpose of taking the preliminary step, prior to the formation of "Teachers' Institutes" or a "teachers' association."

Professor Thompson was called on for an account of the manner in which these institutions were managed in New York.

Professor Thompson had been in that State when this project was first originated. For the mutual improvement of the Teachers, they agreed to meet together at stated times, and about one hundred assembled in Ithaca. As a matter of course out of so large a number, some were found deficient in the method of communicating their knowledge to their pupils.

A free interchange of opinion, and a knowledge of the methods of discipline, &c., adopted by the most skilful teachers, were of great advantage to the inexperienced. Afterwards the most experienced formed classes in all the branches of education, and the session continued for two weeks. Lectures were delivered in the evening by various distinguished gentlemen. Doctor Potter, now Bishop of this State, and other eminent persons addressed them.

After leaving this Institute, they returned to their duties, and the good effects were soon perceptible on their scholars. A laudable spirit of emulation sprang up among the teachers—great interest was felt in the cause of education, and arrangements were immediately made for holding another meeting of the Association next year. One difficulty presented itself in the outset, and that was that the poor teachers could ill spare the money required for travelling expenses and boarding while they were attending the meeting.

At the next session of the Legislature the matter was taken up, and a portion of the literary fund was set apart for the maintenance of the institute. At the next meeting, upwards of three thousand teachers were in attendance! The rivalry excited among them was very beneficial to their scholars, and was of great advantage to themselves. He was sorry to say that since he left New York, the office of County Superintendant of Common Schools had been abolished and that measure had had the effect of injuring the Teachers' Institutes. Since that time institutes had been formed in other States. Mr. Towne had organized them in Ohio, and other Western States, and Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode Island had quickly followed their example.

They had met to day for the purpose of forming a similar Institution. He knew that it *could* be rendered profitable and pleasant. That such *would* be the case, it remained for them to prove. He trusted that the Institute which they would found to day would flourish for years. Perseverance and energy were all that were required.

Mr. H. Williams said that so far as he was acquainted with the teachers' institutes, the first step was to procure gentlemen who would be willing to give lessons to their brethren free as regarded the best method of instructing scholars in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the simple branches of education, afterwards taking up the more advanced. He would move that a committee of three should be appointed for the purpose of ascertaining what gentlemen would be willing to undertake this duty.

Mr. John Kelly thought that a committee should be appointed in the first place for the purpose of drawing up a series of resolutions for the consideration of the meeting.

Rev. J. J. Buchanan moved that the teachers now present should form themselves into a Teacher's Institute.

Mr. H. Williams read an extract from the Ohio School Journal, relative to the manner in which Institutes were conducted.

Mr. John Gregory explained in a very clear and forcible manner the most approved method in which teachers' associations were at present conducted in various States.

Mr. L. H. Eaton thought that it was impossible to form a teachers' institute to continue in session for two weeks. The teachers might meet together for two or three days, but no longer time.

The Rev. Mr. Buchanan's motion was then put and carried.

Mr. L. T. Covil moved that a committee of five should be appointed for the purpose of preparing for the Convention business.

This motion was carried, and Messrs Covil, Gregory, Osgood, Holmes, and Kelly, were appointed on said committee.

On motion the Convention adjourned to meet in the afternoon at two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention met pursuant to adjournment. The Rev. A. W. Black addressed the meeting on various topics connected with the cause of education, and his eloquent remarks excited much attention.

The Committee on resolutions returned and made the following report:

Whereas, The cause of education is now engaging the public attention more than at any former period in the history of our country, and as all persons engaged in this laudable cause should be regarded as public benefactors, and

Whereas, Experience has taught us that in all countries their happiness and prosperity were in proportion to the attention paid to education, the greatest energies of every friend of education in our own free, happy, and unparalleled Republic, should be devoted to cherish and protect our present institutions, and especially those relative to education, as the surest and only means of perpetuating and sustaining our glorious Republic,

Therefore, Resolved, That your committee recommend the following, as the leading objects of this Convention.

1st To awaken in the public mind, a lively sense of the great importance of education to our people, and of the *Common School System* as the means by which youth are to receive the *Common Blessing* of the *Common Freedom* of our *Common Country*.

2d. To engage the active influence of all "professional" men, and especially to arouse school directors and other officers to a *complete* discharge of the responsible duties of their offices.

3d. Not only to instruct those teaching, but to aid them in the important work of *self culture*, that they may better understand the duties of the school room, and how to discharge the same; and that in all respects they may become active and efficient laborers in advancing and elevating the interests of general education.

4th, That in order to accomplish these objects, Resolved, That we organize ourselves into an association to be called the—"Educational Association of Allegheny County."

Resolved, That a committee of five persons, viz: Messrs. James Thompson, J. J. Buchanan, L. H. Eaton, J. Sterrit, and L. S. Covil, be appointed to draft, and report at our next meeting, a Constitution and Bye Laws to be adopted by this Association.

Resolved, That a committee of five persons, viz: Messrs. B. M. Kerr, L. Osgood, G. E. Miner, H. B. Lyons, and H. Crayton be appointed to prepare suitable business for our next meeting.

On motion, the preamble and resolutions were adopted.

Mr. John Kelley made a brief address to the meeting. He gave an account of the proceedings of the late Convention of Teachers at Harrisburgh to which he was a delegate. He had visited the public schools of Philadelphia, and ascertained the manner in which they were conducted. In some points they were much superior to ours, though there were teachers in many of our public schools who could bear a favorable comparison with any of them. Mr. K. wound up his very interesting remarks, by dwelling on the importance of the Association which they were about to form.

On motion, the Convention adjourned, to meet again in the Fourth Ward, Public School House, on the first Saturday of October at 10 o'clock, A M.

DISCHARGED.—Captain Roberts of the night watch has been discharged by the Mayor.

FIRE.—A fire broke out at about twelve o'clock last night, in a row of two story brick houses, on Wood street, near Sixth. Three houses were completely gutted by the flames. One was occupied by Mr. F. Keevil as a hat store, another by Kelly & Bro., as a tin and sheet iron factory, and the third as a small shop. Most of the goods were saved in a damaged state.

Sons of Temperance Convention

The convention met according to call, in Fort Duquesne Hall, on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. S. Cuthbert called the Convention to order, and nominated C. L. Magee, of No. 42, President; S. Turbett, of 394, and E. de Bereane, of No. 63, Vice Presidents, and D. H. Pease, of No. 208, Secretary.

The following delegates were enrolled, viz:—

Pittsburgh Division, No. 42—C. L. Magee, W. B. Hunter.

Allegheny Division, No. 63—E. de Bereane.

Star of the West Division, No. 309—John S. Loyd, David Bryson.

Guyasuta Division, No. 208—David H. Pease, John Garner;

Alliquippa Division, No. 220—S. Steele, George Duncan.

Teutonia Division, No. 335—John Dingeldein, James Franklin.

St. Clair Division, No. 391—Henry Steele, Samuel Torbett.

Fort Duquesne Division, No. 177—S. Cuthbert, A. W. Foster.

Hayardstown Division, No. 299—Dr. Ewing, J. R. Estep.

Ocean Wave Division, No. 133—E. P. Jones, T. T. Gamble.

Lycurgus Division, No. 242—Phillip Stephens.

On motion of A. W. Foster, it was resolved to give an opportunity to the delegates for a full expression of views as to the best means to be adopted in this crisis to revive the Temperance cause.

After some time spent in a free interchange of views on motion it was resolved that a committee of five be appointed to present resolutions for the consideration of the Convention. Messrs. Foster of Fort Duquesne, Loyd of Star of the West, Hunter of Pittsburgh, Ewing of Lawrenceville, and Gamble of Ocean Wave, were appointed said committee.

On motion the Convention adjourned to meet at 14 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Convention met according to adjournment.—Committee reported a series of resolutions, which after sundry amendments, were adopted as follows:

Resolved, That a regular series of temperance meetings should be held in every school district in Allegheny County; and we earnestly request the several Divisions to take immediate action on this subject in their own neighborhoods.

Resolved, That the cause of temperance is the cause of our country. A nation of drunkards presenting to the mind the most horrible and degrading picture that can be imagined; we therefore regard it as our duty as citizens and as Sons