THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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DEMOCRATIC WHIG STATE TICKET

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JOSHUA DUNGAN,
of Bucks County.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HENRY W. SNYDER,
of Union County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
JOSEPH HENDERSON,
of Washington County.

Antimasonic and Whig Nominations for Allegheny County.

FOR THIRTY SECOND CONGRESS,
THOMAS M. HOWE,
OF ALLEGHENY.

FOR SECOND SESSION, THIRTY FIRST CONGRESS,
HARMAR DENNY,
OF PITTSBURGH.

FOR SENATE,
JAMES CAROTHERS,
OF WILKINS.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
MORGAN ROBERTSON, Pittsburgh.
T. J. BIGHAM, Lower St. Clair.
R. C. WALKER, Elizabeth.
JOHN M'CLUSKEY, Robinson.
JAMES FIFE, Snowden.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
FRANCIS C. FLANEGIN, Pittsburgh.

COMMISSIONER,
EBENEZER BOYLES, North Fayette.

AUDITOR,
WM. FLYNN, Lower St. Clair.

COUNTY SURVEYOR,
D. N. COURTNEY, Ohio.

☞ SEE NEXT PAGE FOR LOCAL MATTERS TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

A Pittsburgh and Washington Rail-Road.

The *Washington Reporter* does not seem to be well pleased at what the editor calls our "gratuitous advice," in reference to the Pittsburgh and Washington Railroad, but offers no argument against it, except to remind us that sometime ago we were in favor of a Plank Road, while he was in favor of a Railroad. This has no real bearing on the subject under consideration. We are still in favor of a Plank Road, and believe that such an improvement would be of vast utility to the people of Washington county, probably as much so as a Railroad. It should be recollected, also, when we advocated such an improvement, there did not seem to be any probability that means could be procured to build a railroad. But when we find the people of Washington begin to talk of subscribing liberally to a railroad connection with Greensburg, and propose that the county shall take two or three hundred thousand dollars of the stock, the subject presents a new aspect in regard to means. There is a great change also at this end of the line. A private company is constructing a road up Chartier's Creek, six miles long, which we suppose can be used as a part of a Pittsburgh and Washington road, and the same company will have efficient arrangements for connecting the mouth of the creek with Pittsburg. Our Washington editor must admit that in all these facts there is more ground to hope that a Railroad can be constructed than when we advocated a Plank Road.

As far as we are concerned, the position of the subject is just this: The papers of Washington county say that they are able to undertake the construction of a road, with such foreign help as they can get, which will cost some three millions of dollars, a part of it through a state where they have no charter or right of way, and with no probability of ever getting either. We advise them to make a road to Pittsburg, in preference, as it will cost them less than one-third of the money, will answer, in our opinion, their purposes better, and where they will labor under no difficulties in respect to charter and right of way.

The *Reporter* thinks our concern for Washington county originates from selfishness, and from a fear that the Hempfield road will injure Pittsburgh—The Washington editor is mistaken. We do not fear the Hempfield project, for we have not the faintest idea that it will ever be carried out. There are insuperable obstacles in its path, and after answering as a subject for a nine days' wonder, it will be heard of no more. If Washington county does not secure railroad connections with Pittsburgh, she will, in our sober and matured opinion, not have them at all. We leave our views with the enterprising and worthy people of that county for what they are worth. We have great faith in their good sense, and therefore most confidently believe they will never undertake to construct the Hempfield Railroad.

In noticing gold mining in California, yesterday, an error was made by the compositor which needs correction. We wrote that the Virginia mines yielded "*fifty cents*" for each hundred pounds of the crushed quartz rock. The compositor, in his superior wisdom, made it "50 per cent.," or fifty pounds of gold to 100 pounds of rock! Most readers will discover the error at once. Our object was to show, by a comparison, the vast superiority of the California mines over the Virginia, which only yield 50 cents for each 100 pounds of rock, while the California mines yield $15 for the same number of pounds of the quartz.

THE CENSUS—The First Ward of Pittsburgh according to the returns of the Assistant Marshal shows a population of 4210. The number of taxables returned last fall, is 1382. At 5 to a taxable, this would show a population of 6910, or 2700 more than there really is. The actual returns show only about 3 inhabitants to a taxable. It is plain that any estimate founded on the number of taxables cannot be relied upon.

Birmingham has a population of 3750, about 4½ to a taxable.

Elizabeth Borough has a population of 1090, about 4 to a taxable.

The population of the city and county will be less than our estimate.

REV. EDWARD SMITH, well known in this city, has been nominated as a candidate for Governor by the Free Soilers of Ohio.

NON INTERCOURSE.—The editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist, writing to his own journal from Coosa Springs, Alabama, says he understands from persons at that place, citizens of that State, that many of the planters in their section of the State have notified the merchants they deal with that they will not, hereafter, purchase articles of merchandize manufactured or imported from the North. We perceive that the New York market reports mentioned a general absence of Southern merchants from the market.

WEATHER DOW EAST.—In the mountains of the Granite State, last week, the mercury in the thermometer was 27 degrees below zero. People shivered over wood fires and entered houses with icicles upon their chins and beards. That will do for the dog days.

ATTEMPT BY A NEGRO TO COMMIT A RAPE—*The Negro Captured and Hung.*—A young lady, the daughter of a Mr. Houston, residing at Village Creek, Tyler county, Texas, having strolled into the woods, a short distance from her father's residence, was unexpectedly seized and immediately gagged, by a negro, who made great efforts to violate her person. She is said to be much injured, the negro having beat and bruised her considerably by striking her in the face and otherwise abusing her. On the alarm being given, he was pursued by a number of gentlemen and overtaken in Caney settlement, where he had taken refuge in the school house; but finding himself closely pursued, he endeavored to make his escape, when several guns were discharged at him, two loads taking effect in his body, which so disabled him that he was soon apprehended. The father of the young lady he endeavored to violate was sent for, and after hearing his statement, and deliberating upon the matter, the citizens unanimously proposed hanging the villain, which was immediately done.—*Jasper Eastern Texan, 5th.*

FROM ST. DOMINGO—Capt. Parker, of the schooner Navarino, which arrived at this port on Sunday, in 20 days from Jeremie, informs us that the Emperor Faustin I. was fitting up an expedition against the Windward Islands, both by sea and land. It was said the naval force would consist of two large square rigged vessels and a propeller. The latter was in some part of Europe, supposed in England.

Some three week's previous to Capt. P.'s sailing, three white inhabitants of influence, had been beheaded, for what the authorities considered a too free expression of public opinions.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.

The House made such progress with the civil and diplomatic bill, to day, as to afford good hopes that it may be passed to morrow. Perhaps that might have been accomplished to day, had not its friends rather inconsiderately given way to allow the Post Route Bill to be passed. This bill, however, is of no little importance, and was discussed and passed in almost two hours. It provides about twelve hundred new routes, chiefly in the eastern and southern States. I believe the extension of the interior mail service provided by this bill covers even those remote additions to our magnificent empire which lie west of the Rocky Mountains, New Mexico, Utah, California, and Oregon.

The impression is becoming general and confirmed that Mr. McKennan contemplates retiring from the cabinet. It is to be much regretted. He will probably return to Washington and remain in the discharge of his duties until after the adjournment of the present session. I trust he may yet, however, conclude to retain his present honorable post during the existence of this administration. But, should the result be contrary to our wishes and hopes, as it would be inexpedient to go out of Pennsylvania for a successor, why would it not be a good plan to take Mr. Hampton, who retires from Congress at the end of the session. No man is better qualified by habits of business and application, by industry, and a knowledge of the political wants of the country than Mr. Hampton. No more faithful representative of the great principle of protection to domestic industry could be found than the member from your district, and it is probable that that is the question upon which the political discussions of the country will chiefly turn, after the settlement of the pending dispute upon slavery.

The following is the amendment upon the subject of the tariff, which Mr. Hampton proposed on Saturday, to the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill:

"*Be it further enacted*, That from and after thirty days from the passage of this act, the duties imposed by the act entitled 'An act reducing the duty on imports, and for other purposes,' approved 30th July, 1846, shall be levied on goods, wares, and merchandize imported into the United States, agreeably to the average value which similar articles bore in the principal markets of the United States during the year ending the thirtieth of June, 1846, to be ascertained and fixed under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury."

Its two leading features are, a home valuation, and prices fixed upon a stable basis, which in effect change the *ad valorem* duties of the act of 1846 to specific duties. The free traders ruled this amendment out of order, by the vote of 81 to 77, mustering only four majority. Of course the advocates of home industry will not bear this first repulse in silence and patience. Iron producing and manufacturing is the first and the greatest material interest of every highly civilized and powerful nation of great territorial extent as ours is. The abundance of iron and skill in making and working it may be almost considered in this age of the world, the chief test of civilization and power. It must be adequately protected. It must be brought to the highest state of perfection by the fostering care of the Government, if it require it. There will therefore be other efforts to procure the necessary modification of the existing tariff in this particular. I have already referred to the means by which the subject will be brought before the House under more favorable auspices than upon the late attempt. The vote on the rejected motion inclines me to believe that there is a majority in the House for the desired change.

There are many estimates of the probable vote upon the Texan boundary bill, passing from hand to hand among the members. They vary from one another as widely as night from day. By one the bill will be passed by a meagre majority, by others it will be lost by a very large one.

The Richardson Committee is about ready to report to the House the results of its investigations into the charges against Mr. Ewing's management of the Department of the Interior. The minority of the Committee, under the lead of Mr. Vinton, are making up a counter statement. I imagine Richardson's revelations will amount to just nothing at all. He thinks he has made out a case in the business of the Barron claim, where some $3,000 of compound interest has been allowed on an ancient claim, older than the revolution. That is a small affair to make such a fuss about.

There was a battle royal in the Senate, to day, over a motion to purchase 3000 copies of some book on the geography and commerce of the countries of the east. Mr. Benton came down upon the practice with terrific fury. He is very decided against any thing of this kind, unless it be for the glory and advantage of Colonel Fremont. He was successful, however, and defeated the motion by a large majority—28 to 13. JUNIUS.

From the Washington Reporter.

Mr. McKennan and the Home Department.

With mingled feelings of pain and pleasure we announce the return of our distinguished fellow townsman, consequent upon his resignation of the office of the Interior.

We are sorry, sincerely sorry that the country will lose the benefit of his public services, and yet we are glad to welcome him back to the duties of a private citizen. Already had we begun to miss his well known voice in our councils, and his hearty co-operation in every good work. In good truth, we know not how our 'ancient and goodly borough' would get along without him.

As there will doubtless be much conjecture and 'evil surmisings' about this abrupt termination of Mr. McKennan's official career, it may not be amiss to publish the facts of the case.

Immediately upon the dissolution of the late cabinet, public sentiment seemed to point to Mr. McKennan as one of the advisers of the new President. This opinion was justified by his long and well tried devotion to the Whig cause, his unimpeachable integrity, and his extended reputation as a wise and prudent counsellor. The Whig delegation in Congress from Pennsylvania unanimously concurred in recommending him to the consideration of the President. Eminent politicians, in every quarter, united in their opinion of his fitness for an administrative officer. The President's personal acquaintance with him prepared him to receive very favorably these various considerations, and, accordingly, the arduous and responsible office of the Home Department was tendered to him, accompanied by the cordial wishes of the Cabinet that he would aid them by his presence and counsel.

Unaffectedly averse from public distinction, and distrustful of his ability to encounter, the immense labors of the office, our friend yielded a reluctant consent to enter the Cabinet.

His immediate friends here who knew his peculiar temperament, had their misgivings. Mr. McKennan has the *misfortune*—shall we call it? of having the keenest sensibilities of any man we know. He identifies himself with any case of interest entrusted to him, and makes it his own case. His concern for a client, in an important suit has cost him many a night's sleep.

The fears of those who know him best were realized in the short experience he had of the overwhelming duties, the perplexities, and weighty responsibilities of the Department of the Interior.—Business had accumulated in the interregnum. Questions of vast importance, involving the interests of thousands of persons, and tens of thousands of money would come before him for his decision. The widely extended and constantly enlarging Indian relations—the vast and intricate machineries of the Land Office—the unwieldy Pension system—the complicated census system—with their varied and pressing claims to attention would be presented to his consideration.

Jaded with his journey, and somewhat indisposed, he entered upon his office; but a short week's experience served to convince him that his reluctance to take office was well founded, and ought never to have yielded to the solicitation of friends. "From early dawn to dewy eve" there was no respite from labor. This was cheerfully borne, and to those who had business at the Department, all seemed well. All were gratified with the prompt and conciliatory manner in which business was despatched, and the Administration was reckoned fortunate in having secured the services of such a Minister. But the cares of office could not be shaken off, but haunted the pillow of the Incumbent, and whole nights were passed without repose. His health began to be seriously disturbed, and after anxious reflection and consultation with the Hon R. R. Reed, whose well known medical skill and intimate acquaintance with Mr. McKennan made him a most suitable counsellor in his case, there seemed to be but one course to be pursued, and that was to resign his office. His resignation was accepted by the President, and with the kindest feelings on his part and on the part of the whole Cabinet, he left the federal city to mingle once more with the people of his own much loved Washington.

How cordial will be his greeting we need not say.

Wanted Above.

A distinguished physician of Chester Co., Pa., gave the following beautiful story in a letter to a friend:

At the commencement of my practice, I was called to see an Irishman's child who was laboring under a severe attack of pneumonia. The poor little fellow grew worse and worse for several days, until, on one of my visits, I found him very low, his breathing extremely difficult, and the extremities almost cold. The family saw and felt deeply the danger. When I left the house, the father followed me out of the door, and, as I mounted my horse, he said:

"Doctor dear, do you think little Jemmy will come out of it?"

I replied: "The case is very doubtful; but there is some hope."

"Shure, doctor, an' I have no hope at all—none in the world, so I haven't. His mother an' me have often been spaking about him, so we have, and we never expected to raro him. Such childer can't be rared, I doubt; they never stay long."

"Why?" said I.

"Ah, Doctor, he's so crafty. Ye wudn't believe what takin' airs he has had with him—he's wanted above among the blessed."

SLAVE EXCITEMENT AT HARRISBURGH.

Further Particulars—Judge Pearson's Opinion—Discharge of the Slaves.

HARRISBURGH, Aug. 24.

LARCENY.—Commonwealth vs. Samuel Wilson, George Brooks, and Billy. These three defendants, negroes, escaped during the month of July, from their masters, in Clark county, Va., near Battletown, or Berryville, and on the same night the owners of the negroes missed also, three horses, saddles, and bridles.

William Taylor, the owner of two of the slaves, and George H. Eisler, a resident of Berryville, arrived here some days ago, and made information before Henry Beade, Esq., charging the above named defendants with larceny and as being fugitives from justice. Upon this a warrant was issued, and the men were arrested and lodged in jail.

On last Tuesday, an application was made to the Court, then in session, to bring these men before them on a writ of *habeas corpus* the next morning, which was granted; and the next day the Court decided to postpone the case until Friday, in order to dispose of the jury trials first.

On last Friday, defendants were brought into Court, defended by Messrs. Rawn and Judge McKenny, two eminent lawyers at our Bar.—The owners William Taylor, Geo. H. Eisler, underwent a long examination, and it was conclusively proven, (as the Court admitted) that these men were slaves from the State of Virginia, and that the horses stolen were, no doubt, used for the purpose of rendering their escape from bondage easy and effective.

The whole day of Friday was occupied by this examination and the argument by counsel on both sides. The prosecution was conducted by Messrs. Trunkel, Lamberton, and Carson, all well known as the most eminent lawyers in our town; when, on Saturday morning, his Honor Judge Pearson delivered the following opinion:

These cases were before the Court on writs of *habeas corpus*, the defendants having been committed on warrants issued by a Justice of the Peace. It seems that oaths were made, charging them with having stolen certain property. On these oaths warrants were issued, the defendants arrested, brought before the magistrate and without a hearing, committed to prison. It might be implied, and is admitted, that the offence, if any, was committed in the State of Virginia.

Several objections have been raised to the regularity of the warrants of commitment,

1. That it is not stated where the offence was committed.

2. That the ownership of the property stolen is not sufficiently averred.

The defendants have also given evidence to show the irregularity of the proceeding, and on what circumstances the charge was founded.—The oath was made, and a note of the facts stated on the docket of the Justice, but not signed by the deponent.

We are of opinion that the whole proceeding is very loose and irregular. The warrant of commitment should state whose property was stolen, and where the offence was committed. Had that proceeding been regular, we should not have looked beyond it, except when called on to fix the amount of bail, and possibly to see whether any gross mistake had been committed by the magistrate.

The defendants have called the party making the charge, and also the man whose property was alledged to have been stolen, to show the circumstances under which it was stolen, and from the evidence, it seems that three horses were taken in the State of Virginia, probably by the three prisoners, who were proved to be absconding slaves—two of them belong to Mr. Taylor. They, it is stated, took with them two of their master's horses, with saddles and bridles, rode them about thirty miles, and turned them loose.

The slaves were pursued, and the horses found where they had probably been abandoned. In the case of William, called John, Strange, there is no evidence that the horse was stolen, although it is alleged that William rode off a horse belonging to Mr. Littlejohn. We have no proof of Mr. Littlejohn's horse having been stolen at all. From aught that appears, he may have been lent. We must, therefore, dismiss William without further investigation, as there is no ground whatever for committing him. Several questions have been raised by the defendant's counsel.

First: That the proceeding could only be sustained under the act of Congress,—therefore the warrant was illegally issued on an oath made in Pennsylvania. We have no doubt that the warrant was improperly issued, as the oath should have stated that the crime was committed in Virginia, and that the defendants had fled from justice. But we do not agree to the position assumed, that the oath must be made under the act of Congress. When so made, and properly certified, or when the indictment is found in another State, and properly authenticated, we consider it conclusive, and we have no right to inquire beyond it. But when fugitives are pursued into Pennsylvania, we consider it strictly legal to make an oath before an officer of the law here—have a warrant issued—the party arrested and committed, in order to await a requisition of the Governor of the State from which he fled. It is not so much a matter of comity as a police regulation of our own, to get clear of dangerous delinquents. We do not sustain the proceedings for the benefit of the State whose laws are violated, alone, but for our own safety. We are well aware that the legislation of Congress is exclusive in many cases; and if the rights of Virginia alone were concerned, we could not urge us to do more than carry into effect the Congressional provision. But every state has a right to protect its own citizens from the felons of other States; and if we choose to permit our magistrates to exercise such jurisdiction on an oath made under our own laws, the fugitive charged with felony cannot lawfully complain.

The Supreme Court of Massachusetts in [illegible] page 536, decided that their act of Assembly authorizing a similar proceeding, did not conflict with the Federal Constitution; and the custom at common law of Pennsylvania on the same subject is equally valid; deprived of such power, a large portion of the most dangerous criminals would escape punishment.

The only question left open is as to the guilt or innocence of Samuel Wilson and George Brooks. An attempt has been made to prove that these men were in this county at the time the alleged larceny was committed, for the purpose of showing a gross mistake in the charge, and raise doubts as to the identity.

We have no doubt whatever that these men are slaves belonging to Mr. Taylor, and fled at the time and in the manner stated by him. We have also no doubt that they took the horses, saddles and bridles; for although there is no direct proof of the fact, yet the men and the property disappeared the same night, and from the same places at the same time, and the horses are found in the direction the men would pass to reach this place, where they were arrested; but the only point of any doubt is as to the *intention* with which they were taken. When one man clandestinely carries off the property of another in the night time, the fair presumption is that he intended to steal it; but that presumption may be repelled by circumstances. The party charged may show that he took the article for a temporary purpose—not with the intention to steal—but merely to use, intending to return it, or leave it where the owner might get it again. The defence mainly depends on their being slaves endeavoring to escape from their masters, and using their horses for that purpose, and not *animus furandi*. If there was any reasonable doubt as to the intention, it would be our duty to send the cases to a jury of the State of Virginia; but we have none; and if the men were on their trial in Court, we should be obliged to instruct the jury to acquit them. The rule of law is settled in numerous cases, and at various periods of our judicial history, that, if property is taken, even clandestinely, yet not with the intention to steal, but merely to use, it is not larceny. If probable cause to believe these men guilty was made out, as committing magistrates, we should retain them for trial; but we do not think that any crime has been proven against them, and that the taking was a mere trespass.

Another point has been raised: That the Court will not permit those men to be arrested, as they have been fraudulently seized, imprisoned, and brought into Court on a criminal charge for which there was no foundation whatever.

We are by no means prepared to say that this charge was *fraudulently* preferred; but on the contrary, two of the defendants, Wilson and Brooks, can only escape a trial and probable conviction, from the fact that they were slaves, endeavoring to escape from the custody of their master, and merely used the horses to aid them in their object. We would not permit Mr. Taylor or any other man to seize his property in open Court, which would be a contempt; but he has an undoubted right to take these men, wherever he can lay his hand on them, peaceably, and if violence or disturbance ensues, those persons are criminally responsible who cause it.

We have power to prevent the abuse of *legal process*, but we have no legal authority to prevent the recapture of these men, or any other slaves, by the owner, when or wheresoever he may think proper to exercise his right, except in the face of the court.

It is therefore ordered that the said Samuel Wilson, George Brooks, and William (alias John) Strange be discharged from confinement.

Upon the announcement of the above decision the owners of the slaves and their assistants proceeded to the jail in order to seize them as soon as the keeper of the prison should discharge them. A great crowd, chiefly composed of colored persons, had by this time assembled in front of the jail, and all the avenues leading to the prison were filled with men, women and boys, of all colors.

As soon as the doors of the prison were opened, and while the slaves were still in the vestibule of the prison, Mr. Taylor seized hold of one of his men, when the slaves resisted, and a general melee commenced between slave and master, in which the slaves were finally overpowered and handcuffed, but not until after some severe, but not dangerous wounds were inflicted on both sides, in which the slaves fared decidedly the worst. One made his escape, and is, no doubt, safe enough, ere this.

While this melee, or scuffle, was going on, the negroes outside encouraged, and some assisted, the slaves as much as possible; but were principally prevented from doing much harm to the men engaged in the recapture, by the large iron grated door in front of the vestibule, which was closed.

The Court was made acquainted with the fact that a riot having actually commenced, or was about to commence; upon this information, they ordered all the men engaged in the vestibule of the jail to be detained on a charge of assault and battery, with intent to create a riot, and all parties, slaves and owners, were committed to prison.

Immediately after this affair was some what settled by the confinement of all the parties, the Court commenced issuing bench warrants, for the arrest of the ringleaders, aiders and abettors in the riot, and ten arrests were actually made in the course of an hour; these men were placed under heavy bail, and some of them committed.

On the reassembling of the Court in the afternoon, application was made for a writ of habeas corpus to bring these owners and assistants in the recapture before the Court, and ask their discharge from confinement. This was granted, and the case was immediately brought up before the Court, when, after a lengthy examination on the part of the Commonwealth, the parties were bound over in the sum of $500 each, to appear and answer at the next Court of Quarter Sessions.

In the evening, Mr. Taylor came before the Court, and made information against the slaves, as participants and abettors in the riot, on which the slaves were committed, and they are now in jail.

There is no doubt that on Tuesday next (to which day the Court stands adjourned,) a writ of habeas corpus will be issued, on which the slaves will be heard, and if liberated on bail, we may expect another tumult.

The uproar and excitement during the day were very great, and the Judge of the Court thought it advisable to call upon Gen. Seiler for volunteers, who promptly obeyed the order, and had, in a very short time, a sufficient number of able bodied men under his command, with muskets and bayonets fixed, to disperse the mob, principally composed of colored men and women, from the front of the jail. All is quiet now, but I fear the worst is not over, as the owners seem to be determined to reclaim their property at all hazards.

FROM THE PLAINS.

Correspondence of the St. Louis Republican.

SOUTH PASS OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS, July 8th, 1850.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Col. Estill & Co's. return mail line from this point affords an opportunity to drop you a line, which, it is hoped, will be of some interest to at least some portion of your readers—the relatives and friends of the emigrants on this route. There has been considerable sickness, and a pretty large number of deaths among the emigrants up to near this point, but the number of new cases has evidently diminished during the past few days' travel. The physicians pronounce the diseases which have proved most fatal to have been the diarrhœa and a congestive form of the mountain fever. Many persons who have traveled fast, think that not one half of the emigration has passed this point, but I think from all that I can learn, that something over one half have passed over on to the waters of the Pacific. A large number of cattle, (killed along the Upper Platte and Sweetwater, by the poisonous Alkali water,) lay scattered along the road as we passed, swelled to the utmost tension of their hides, evidently the effect of the life devouring water.—Grass is very scarce in the vicinity of the road upon all the water courses, and consequently teams of both horses and oxen attached to wagons have suffered considerably for want of sustenance, not being able to turn over the hills and bluffs to any considerable distance in search of grass. In this respect, packers have had greatly the advantage where they have seen proper to embrace it. Thus far, I have heard of no troubles to the emigrants from the Indians. In fact no Indians have come within sight of my train since we reached the Platte, except Sioux, who were exceedingly friendly and civil to us, and wished to barter with us for sugar, coffee, and whisky, with which articles we were unable to accommodate them. The Pawnees, Crows, Snakes, and other smaller tribes, have from some cause left the roads for months past, there being no fresh signs within many miles of the road—in fact none within the range of the emigrant hunters, who not unfrequently go from five to ten miles from the road, and by whom large numbers of buffalo, elk, antelope, sage hens, &c., have been killed.

Large numbers of antelope can be seen on the gentle, wide, but deep depression called the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, or as some writer, more forcibly, but less classically, terms it—"The Backbone of America." The gap or depression is about seven miles wide, and the ascent from the Atlantic side is so gentle, as far as we have come, (the Pacific Springs, three miles,) that emigrants passing by us here, ask us how far it is to the "South Pass," and when informed that it is three miles behind them, they look incredulous. The Sweetwater coming from the north west sweeps around the south end of the Wind River Mountains, and forms the northern boundary of the Pass, while these mountains, (Fremont's Peak among the number,) north of the Sweetwater, lift their lofty summits high into the regions of perpetual snow. The fine grass here inducing us to stop a day or two, I went out to the Sweetwater, and followed the stream for some miles up, to a fork in the river, one branch coming apparently round the western base of the mountains, while the other, the largest one, seemed to come from the midst of the snow clad mountains, rolling its clear, cold water with great velocity over it sandy, and sometimes stony bed. A hill running along the southern brink of the river, from the north west, turns the stream in a curve round the southern foot of the Wind River Mountains, over the summit of the Pass, when it bursts through the hill, and continues down the Atlantic slope. The valley, south west of this narrow hill, and at its base on the Pacific side, seems to the eye, when standing upon the hill, lower than the channel in the river, and consequently, that if the hill were cut through, the Sweetwater would pour its upper waters into the Pacific instead of the Atlantic Ocean. Here a feast is presented for the eye of the Geologist, and also for the Mineralogist, as [illegible] the strata for a great depth, (if I may be allowed the expression,) lies perpendicular, as if burst up by some internal force, presenting a section of the earth's formation for a very great depth, [illegible] many strata containing minerals in great variety.

I find I am wandering from the object of this letter, (the progress of the emigration.) This is the last point from which you will, in all probability, hear from them by land, and your next news from them (by the way of Panama) will tell the tale of a successful trip to a portion of the emigration, but I fear still later news by the same route, in relation to the emigration who are still behind us, and whose stock are already pretty well broken down for want of grass, [illegible] attention on the part of the owners, will present a narrative of much suffering and [illegible] of what I have seen, that there are hundreds of [illegible], who, if they do not stop at the Salt Lake, cannot possibly reach California, without great hardships and suffering, if not loss of life, on account of the broken down condition of their stock.

I am no alarmist. Stubborn facts presented daily to my view, force me to speak plainly what the sequel will bear me out in. Many emigrants by moderate traveling and proper care and attention, have kept their stock in good condition, and those belonging to our train are among this fortunate number. I therefore, can be I hope, excused for saying that I speak without selfishness in this matter, and again say that there cannot fail to be much suffering among a portion of the emigration, for the want of stock to transport the necessaries of life, and for want of a sufficiency of food with those who will be delayed a long time on the road, on account of the weak, starved condition of their teams.

Moral Influence of Gardening.

If there were any doubt as to the influence of gardening on the minds and general habits of the working classes, the simple fact that the clergy of all denominations are foremost in the ranks of its patrons and promoters should convince us of its beneficial tendency; but a transitory glance at the inmates of a cottage where the garden is neatly cultivated is enough to show that the concomitants of industry—comfort and prudence—reign over the affairs of the place. In a work, which we hardly recollect the subject of, there was almost a sermon comprised in a single sentence. It strongly impressed on our memory, and is pertinent to the matter here. The author says: "Gardening is the most rational of all recreations. It teaches forethought, industry, and economy of time. It exerts the mind, invigorates the frame, and constantly reminds us of the great God whose hand is imprinted on every leaf, and who, in his bountiful goodness towards us with the fruits of the earth. To teach the cottager to manage his garden, is to lead him to happiness. To induce the higher classes to love flowers, is to find them innocent gratification, and provide employment for thousands." There is truth in every word of this. "Gardening is the most rational of all recreations." It is healthful, and every hour expended in it as an occupation is rewarded by the effect of it on the crops. The industry bestowed on a garden is always profitable, and the profit sweetens labor. It is a sorry thing to contemplate the hours that are wasted by the laboring classes in those places where there are no gardens, and it is scarcely to be helped. What is a man to do when he leaves his work? It is not to be supposed that he can sit down quietly for hours; yet what can he occupy his mind with? He may while away some of the time with reading; but reading, notwithstanding cheap literature, is expensive. He seeks in society the amusement which he cannot find alone, and society can only be found at the public house; then there is a double evil, because, besides the waste of precious hours, there is a necessary expenditure; or, perhaps, he resorts to the skittle ground, the bagatelle table, or other gambling amusements, in which case the loss to his family is far more serious. Man is a social animal, and, unless he has occupation, he gets into mischief. It is almost certain that a man without a garden goes to the public house, and he cannot do so without spending money, which would be useful on his children's back, or in the purchase of household comforts. Many an industrious man, inured to tippling, has been totally ruined by his leisure; and it is much to be regretted that there are no means of profitably employing the interval between business and bed time. If a man has his garden, he blends amusement and labor, and profit with both. Gardening teaches forethought, because all the operations are performed with a view to the future. We sow because we desire to reap. We plan all our affairs with regard to some ulterior, not a present result; and this gives us a habit of thinking and of calculation. A piece of ground is no sooner cleared of its crop than we begin to consider what is the best thing to occupy it with, and how soon it will be vacant again.—Gardening exalts the mind; of this fact there can be no doubt. Every leaf and flower proclaims the wisdom and goodness of the Almighty. The man who can watch the progress of vegetation and the effects of the seasons without being impressed with a proper notion of his Maker's bounty, must be insensible to everything. Gardening invigorates the frame. There is scarcely an exercise so healthful; the whole body is in motion in the different operations. The digging, hoeing, and weeding keep all the muscles in play; and it is admitted by all that the smell of the newly turned earth is congenial to health; a fact proved also by the longevity and hearty lives of the agricultural laborers. The man who loves his garden, wants no other amusement, and instead of wasting his substance in the very natural pursuit of occupation for his mind among companions similarly situated, he finds every shilling in his pocket, and the economy of the household greatly assisted by the crops in his garden; independently of which, there is a downright enjoyment, in every sense of the word, from the time the ground is dug to the period of reaping the fruit. The clergy have seen this, and are, therefore, warm patrons of the science. They have seen, with great satisfaction, that to give a man a garden is to give him profitable occupation for his leisure hours, and keep him out of mischief; and they have always been foremost in the promotion of horticultural societies and allotments of land to the poor. It is gratifying to see the change that has been made in whole towns and villages by the allotment of horticultural societies and the encouragement of cottage gardening. It is also incredible to witness the improvement that a few allotments have made, and it is much to be regretted that there are not means taken to increase the number of gardens—for there are very few things that contribute so much to the changing of idlers and drunkards into useful members of society as the means they afford of profitably engaging their leisure time.—*Horticultural Magazine.*

Tupper the Poet—Gen. Taylor.

Tupper, whose poetry by the by is not half so poetical as his "Proverbial Philosophy," some times hits the mark, (he is always shooting at it, and ought to hit it some times,) as the following tribute to General Taylor shows.

International exchanges of pride in the same language, religion and law, with mutual appreciation of the worthy of both countries, will do more than any thing else to strengthen the bonds of brotherhood between John Bull and Brother Jonathan.

It is really gratifying to read the numerous and high wrought eulogiums which the English press contain on the character of General Taylor. They speak of him, as if he were an Englishman, and it was their right and pleasure to praise him, and as Tupper says, "claim him too."

PRESIDENT TAYLOR.

"I am prepared to die—for I have tried
To do my duty!"—Was it Nelson's twin
Who spake so like a hero, when he died,
A Christian hero, with forgiven sin?
Yes!—it is one, Columbia's honest pride
(And mother England's joy—we claim him too,)
Who now is gone far other spoils to win ——
Than late of Palo Alto,—higher meed,
Trophies of nobler fame and praise more true,
Than those a grateful country well decreed
To her Best Son—her best and bravest son,
Rough for the fight, but Ready heart and hand
To make it up again with victory won,
In war—and peace—the Glory of his Land!

Improvements in Dentistry.
DR. G. O. STEARNS, late of Boston, is prepared to manufacture and set BLOCK TEETH, in whole and parts of sets, upon Suction or Atmospheric Suction Plates.—TOOTHACHE CURED IN FIVE MINUTES, where the nerve is exposed. Office and residence next door to the Mayor's office, Fourth street, Pittsburgh.
REFERS TO—J. B. M'Fadden, F. H. Eaton. ja19

DENTIST. DR. D. HUNT, Dentist. Corner of Fourth and Decatur, between Market and Ferry streets. oct1-d1y

Blind Restored to Sight by the Petroleum.
S. S. LINTON—Sir: I wish to bear testimony to the medical virtue of the Oil called Petroleum. I was for a long time afflicted with a badly inflamed and very sore eye, so much so as to lose sight entirely for about three months, with very little hopes of ever recovering the sight, and but a slight prospect of having it relieved of the soreness; my attending physician was unsuccessful in making a cure, or in giving relief, and afforded me but little encouragement. I heard of the Petroleum about the 1st of April, 1850, and gave it a trial: the result is, the sight is restored and my eyes well, except a little tender or weak when I go out in the sun. ANN IRELAND.
Mansfield st., Cincinnati, May 24, 1850.
S. S. LINTON—Sir: I have been afflicted with Piles for ten years, and have tried other remedies, without permanent relief, until I heard of the Petroleum. I have used only one bottle, and think I am entirely cured. I recommend it to all who are afflicted with Piles. I have known it to be good for sore eyes.
Cincinnati, May 20, 1850. E. C. GARRETSON
For sale by Keyser & McDowell, 140 Wood street; R E Sellers, 57 Wood st.; D M Curry, Allegheny city; D A Elliott, Allegheny; Joseph Douglass, Allegheny; also by the proprietor, S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, Seventh st, Pittsburgh. jy4

Office of Ohio and Penna. R. R. Co, Third st. PITTSBURGH, August 5, 1850.
THE Stockholders of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road Company are hereby notified to pay the eighth instalment of five dollars per share, at the office of the Company, on or before the 20th day of August. The ninth instalment on or before the 20th day of September. The tenth instalment on or before the 20th day of October next.
☞ The 7th instalment was called for on the 20th of July last.
aug5:dtf WM LARIMER, Jr., Treasurer.

☞ M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE—To Messrs. Kidd & Co., Druggists, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, belongs the honor of having induced the inventor of this great remedy to offer it to the public. This he has done through them. It has now been before the public for more than a year. It has been introduced into all sections of the Union. Where it has been tried it has been pronounced the best remedy for worms ever invented. Families should never be without a supply. We add the following from hundreds of similar testimonials:—
"Howard, Steuben Co., Ky., Sept 6, 1847.
"J. Kidd & Co—We had a lot of your Vermifuge, and can recommend it as one of the best medicines for worms we have ever had. Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge never has failed to produce the desired effect.
"J ALLEY & CO."
☞ For sale by J. KIDD & CO, No 60 Wood street. aug21-d&wS

FALL IMPORTATION OF HARDWARE.
LOGAN, WILSON & CO.
129 WOOD STREET,
Are now prepared with a large and fresh stock of English, German, and American Hardware to offer superior inducements to buyers. Those wishing to purchase will promote their interest by looking through our stock, as they are determined to sell on the most reasonable terms. aug15

M'CORD & CO,
Wholesale & Retail Manufacturers & Dealers in
HATS, CAPS & FURS,
Cor. Wood & Fifth sts., Pittsburgh.
Where they offer a full and complete Stock of Hats, Caps, Furs, &c., of every quality and style, by Wholesale and Retail, and invite the attention of their customers and purchasers generally, assuring them that they will sell on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS. aug19

R. P. TANNER & CO.,
SHOE WAREHOUSE,
52 Wood st, between Third & Fourth,
Are now receiving their very large and superior Fall Stock of
BOOTS, SHOES, AND BROGANS;
Also, BONNETS and FLOWERS, all of the latest styles, and expressly adapted to the western trade. It has been selected with great care, and as to sizes and quality is not surpassed by any stock to be found either east or west. Our customers and merchants generally are invited to call and examine, as we are determined to sell on the most reasonable terms. Also, Goodyear's Patent Rubber Shoes of all kinds. aug22:dtf

ENCOURAGE HOME INSTITUTIONS
CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Pittsburgh.
C. G. HUSSEY, Pres't. A. W. MARKS, Sec'y.
Office—No. 41 Water street, in the warehouse of C. H. GRANT.
THIS COMPANY is now prepared to insure all kinds of risks, on houses, manufactories, goods merchandise in store, and in transitu vessels, &c.
An ample guaranty for the ability and integrity of the Institution, is afforded in the character of the Directors, who are all citizens of Pittsburgh, well and favorably known to the community for their prudence, intelligence, and integrity.
DIRECTORS—C. G. Hussey, Wm. Bagaley, Wm. Larimer, Jr., Walter Bryant, Hugh D. King, Edward Heazelton, Z. Kinsey, S. Harbaugh, S. M. Kier. ap30-tf

WANTED,
A GIRL about 14 or 15 years old, to stay in a small family. Apply at this office. aug30

LOST,
A CHECK drawn by steamer Hall Columbia, on Palmer, Hanna & Co., in favor of Bidwell & Brother, or bearer, for $83 78, dated 26th or 27th inst. The finder will please leave it with the undersigned, as payment has been stopped. J. C BIDWELL, Water st. aug30

N. HOLMES & SONS,
Bankers, Exchange Brokers,
AND DEALERS IN
NOTES, DRAFTS, ACCEPTANCES, GOLD, SILVER AND BANK NOTES.
COLLECTIONS.—Drafts, Notes and Acceptances payable in any part of the Union, collected on the most favorable terms.
EXCHANGE on New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore; also, Cincinnati, Louisville, Saint Louis and New Orleans, constantly for sale.
BANK NOTES.—Notes on all solvent banks in the United States discounted at the lowest rates. All kinds of Foreign and American Gold and Silver Coin bought and sold. aug30

REMOVAL.
N. HOLMES & SONS have removed their Banking and Exchange Office to No 67 Market st., four doors below old stand. aug27

SPARHAWK, DUNTON & WURTS,
No. 77 Market street, Philadelphia,
Are now receiving their Fall Stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.
Including a handsome assortment of
NEW STYLE DRESS GOODS.
N. B.—Particular attention will be paid to orders. aug30:d2w&wtoct18

SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES—30 brls in store and for sale by JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO aug30

RICE—15 tcs in store and for sale by JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO aug30

REFINED SUGARS—25 brls double ref'd crushed; 75 brls B crushed; 110 brls C do; 150 brls L do; 30 brls double ref'd crushed; 50 brls B powdered; 60 brls C do; 50 brls O clarified; In store and for sale by JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO, Agts for Belcher's St Louis Sugar Refinery. aug30

STEARINE CANDLES—20 bxs this day received and for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug30

NOTICE is hereby given, that my wife, Catharine Kealy, having left my bed and board without any just cause, all persons are hereby cautioned against trusting her on my account, as no debts of her contracting after this date will be paid by me. THOMAS KEALY. aug30:d3t*

FALL FASHION.
THIS beautiful style of Hat is now received, and will be introduced on Saturday, 31st inst., by McCORD & CO, Cor. Fifth & Wood sts. aug30

Now Exhibiting at Philo Hall,
For a few days only, Dubufe's grand original Paintings of
ADAM AND EVE, IN PARADISE.
THESE sublime works of art, valued at one hundred thousand dollars, have been exhibited in the principal cities of England, Ireland, Scotland, and the United States, to the universal admiration of over two millions of persons.
Open from 8 in the morning till 10 at night.
Admittance 25 cts. Children 12½ cts. aug29:d1w*

FIRE WORKS.
A display of Fire Works will be exhibited at
ROSEDALE GARDEN,
ON SATURDAY evening next, 31st inst, commencing at 8 o'clock precisely, comprising many new and beautiful pieces, and concluding with a splendid monumental piece in honor of Gen. Taylor and those of his officers who fell at Buena Vista, on the 22d and 23d of February, 1847.
A Steam Boat will leave the foot of Pitt street, at 6½ and 7½ o'clock, to convey passengers to the garden; also, a line of Omnibuses from the end of the Old Allegheny Bridge each half hour, for the same purpose. Should the weather prove unfavorable, it will take place the first pleasant evening thereafter.
For particulars, see small bills. aug29

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to ZEBULON KINSEY, by book account or otherwise, are hereby notified to call on his Assignee, A. G. REINHART, at his office, No 45 St Clair st, on or before the first day of October next, and pay the same, as the necessity of an early settlement of Mr. Kinsey's business will compel the assignee to leave all accounts remaining unpaid at that date in the hands of proper officers for collection.
A. G. REINHART, Assignee of Z. Kinsey.
aug29:d3t 45 St. Clair street

SOAP—150 bxs Louisville and Cincinnati Soap on hand and for sale by A WALLINGFORD & CO aug24

DRIED VENISON HAMS—A prime article, in store and for sale by KIER & JONES, Canal Basin, Seventh st aug19

JUNIATA BLOOMS—120 tons on hand, for sale by KIER & JONES aug29

MACKEREL—60 brls No 3, Massachusetts brand, large, in store and for sale by KIER & JONES aug9

BACON—Hams, Shoulders, and Sides, a prime article, in smokehouse and for sale by KIER & JONES aug19

BOLIVAR FIRE BRICK on hand and for sale by KIER & JONES aug19

ROOFING PAPER—Agency for the sale of Tarred Paper for gravel roofs, and orders received for putting on the same by W P MARSHALL, 85 Wood st aug2

NOTICE is hereby given, that my wife, Bridget Reynolds, having left my bed and board without any just cause, all persons are hereby cautioned against trusting her on my account, as no debts of her contracting after this date will be paid by me. EDWARD REYNOLDS
Birmingham, Aug. 29, 1850.—aug30:d3t*

SILKS—A large invoice plain changeable and figured silks this day opened by A A MASON & CO aug29

GINGHAMS—A large stock of these goods closing out at great bargains A A MASON & CO aug20

PRINTS—3 cases Maddir Prints just rec'd, at the low price of 6¼c per yard by A A MASON & CO aug27

FOR CAMP MEETING.
D. LEECH & CO. will run one of their packets to the Deer Creek Lock, leaving at 7 o'clock on Thursday morning, 29th inst.
For further information, apply to D LEECH & CO., Canal Basin, or, WM. SUTCH, Monongahela House. aug28:1w

GEO. E. ARNOLD & CO.,
BANKERS,
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, COIN, BANK NOTES, &c., &c.,
No. 74 FOURTH STREET,
(Next door to the Bank of Pittsburgh.)
aug28:d2m-2p

NEW BOOKS.
THE Autobiography of Leigh Hunt; with reminiscences of friends and contemporaries, in 2 vols.
Carlyle's Latter Day Pamphlets—No VIII, subject, Jesuitism.
History of Darius the Great. By Jacob Abbott, with engravings.
Julia Howard, a Romance. By Mrs Martin Bell.
Pictorial Field Book of the Revolution—No 5.
The above works received this day, and for sale by R C STOCKTON, Cor. Market & Third st. aug21

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!
AT HOLMES' LITERARY DEPOT
THIRD STREET, opposite the Post Office.
DAVID Copperfield, No 16.
Blackwood's Magazine for August.
London Art Journal for August.
Littell's Living Age, No 329.
International Miscellany for September.
Boston Shakspeare—No 22.
New London Shakspeare, Nos 1 and 2.
Julia Howard a romance. By Mrs Bell.
The Heart, a tale. By Martin F. Tupper, Esq.
First and True Love, a new novel. By Geo. Sand. aug23

BACON—40 hhds assorted on hand for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO, Water & Front sts. aug27

POTASH—10 casks 1st sorts in store and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO aug25

S. WHITING—10 brls in store, and will be sold low to close consignment, by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO aug21

COFFEE—100 bags prime Green Rio in store ISAIAH DICKEY & CO aug23

TILE—A large quantity of assorted Tile in store and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE for SALE
THE subscriber offers for sale, on favorable terms, the following real estate, in the city of Pittsburgh, viz:
No 1—Three valuable three story Brick Dwelling Houses, on Second street, between Market and Ferry streets, the lots being each 19 feet front by 60 deep.
No 2—Contains 27 feet front on Third street, adjoining the Third Presbyterian Church, on which is erected one 4 story Brick House, used as a printing office, and one 4 story Brick Warehouse.
No 3—Two Lots in Fallston, Beaver county, being lots No 3 and 4, being about 100 feet square, on which is erected one block of four frame dwellings and one separate frame dwelling, all 2 stories high.
No 4—One Lot 50 feet front on Back street, opposite the above and extending to the top of the hill.
No 5—Two Beach Lots, each 50 feet front, and running from the road to low water mark, on the Big Beaver.
No 6—One valuable Water Lot, 100 feet on Wheel Race, with ten shares water power attached.
No 7—One Lot opposite the water lot, 80 feet front, and extending to the top of the hill, on which is erected one 2 story Brick Store and Warehouse, 28 by 50 ft., also, one Frame Dwelling, 2 stories high.
No 8—One large Lot in New Brighton, Beaver co, being about 140 feet on Broad Way, and about 250 ft deep, containing about 1½ acre, on which is erected two large Frame Dwellings and one small Frame House used as an office. This property was formerly occupied by Mr. T. C. Gould, and is very pleasantly located, being immediately opposite the Fallston Bridge.
No 9—One Water Lot immediately below Fallston Bridge, being about 100 feet in length, and extending from Water street to low water mark or towing path.
The above property will be sold on very favorable terms. Apply at the Book Store of R. C. Stockton, corner of Third and Market streets.
aug15:d1w JOHN FLEMING, Agent

BLOOMS—117 tons Nappier Blooms for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO aug27

MOLASSES—100 brls N O Molasses; 30 brls S H do; just received for sale by SHRIVER & BARNES, 130 & 132 Second st aug23

FINE FLOUR—50 brls, a good article, just received and for sale by SHRIVER & BARNES, 130 & 132 Second st. aug27

MACKEREL—50 bbls No 3 large; 20 hf brls do; 20 hf brls No 2 do; just received by SHRIVER & BARNES aug27

Slaughtering & Packing Establishment FOR RENT.
THE well known Pork and Beef Slaughtering and Packing Concern, owned and formerly occupied by the late James P. Campbell, is for rent.
The establishment is located in Chillicothe, Ross county, O., on the plat of ground dividing the Ohio Canal from the Scioto River, and has one thousand feet of ground front on each. The enclosure embraces six acres of ground, containing large pens, large and commodious slaughtering, hanging, cutting, packing, smoking, and lard rendering houses, brick house for office and every convenience for handling TWELVE HUNDRED HOGS PER DAY, and rendering the lard from the same; as there are a double flue steam boiler and engine for scalding hogs and cutting lard, and two tanks for rendering offal by steam.
There is also, on the premises, an Ice House, large enough to contain eight thousand bushels.
The Scioto Valley, of which Chillicothe is the chief market, is one of the largest Pork and Beef Districts in the West, and hogs can always be bought there at lower prices than at Cincinnati and many other points, and cooperage is abundant and cheap.
There is no drayage necessary, as boats may be loaded at the Packing House, and the facilities for shipping direct from this via the Lakes to New York or Philadelphia, or Baltimore via Pittsburgh, or to the East or South via New Orleans, are at all seasons of the year fully equal to those afforded by Cincinnati. Money facilities are also good, there being ten or twelve banks within forty five miles.
Applications for renting may be made to ALEX. H. McGUFFEY, Attorney at Law, Cincinnati; Or to FRANCIS CAMPBELL, Chillicothe, O.
aug21:dtnov1—S16 [Scioto Gaz.

Prof. Thompson's Seminary for Young Ladies
WILL commence the fall session, on Monday, the 23 September, at his rooms, 54 Liberty st., between Third and Fourth streets. As a limited number is received, early application will be desirable. For terms, apply to Rev. Dr. Riddle, or to Mr. T. at his rooms as above.
Pittsburgh, Aug. 27, 1850.—aug27:d2w

TO BE LET,
TWO new and convenient brick three story Dwelling Houses, containing nine rooms each, situated on Ross street, near the corner of Front st. Possession given on the 1st of October. Apply to BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO, Wood st, cor. of Second st. aug27:d1w*

FOR SALE,
A WELL made and handsomely formed iron grey four year old horse; racks well and easy under the saddle, and trots fast in harness—perfectly sound and free from all blemishes.
Also, a strong and well made iron axle Buggy, with gears for the same.
Also, a small Mexican Mustang, perfectly and most beautifully formed, and gentle as any horse could be, suitable for ladies or children.
MURPHY, WILSON & CO, 49 Wood st aug27:dtf

PIG IRON—150 tons landing for sale by J S DILWORTH & CO, 21 Wood st aug27

SUGAR—40 hhds N. O. Sugar, a prime article, in store and for sale by S & W HARBAUGH aug27

FLOUR—100 brls extra Family Flour rec'd by S & W HARBAUGH aug27

BUTTER—5 brls packed in store and for sale by S & W HARBAUGH aug27

SODA ASH—7 casks Soda Ash rec'd for sale by S & W HARBAUGH aug27

ENGLISH CHEESE—10 bxs Imitation English, a very superior article, just received for sale by WM A McCLURG & CO, 256 Liberty st aug27

PINE APPLE CHEESE—A prime article, rec'd by WM A McCLURG & CO aug27

GOSHEN CHEESE—Just rec'd for sale by WM A McCLURG & CO aug27

SCOTCH SNUFF—Garrett's in bladders, for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO aug10

PIG METAL—100 tons Shaw Furnace Pig Metal for sale by [aug13] WM BAGALEY & CO

SAP SAGO CHEESE—1 case just received by WM A McCLURG & CO aug27

SARDINES—Fresh Sardines in whole and half bxs just received and for sale by WM A McCLURG & CO aug27

WANTED,
A SMALL TOW BOAT, light draught, good engine, and otherwise in good order. Apply to WILMARTH & NOBLE, City Mill aug26

☞ UP STAIRS.
MURPHY & BURCHFIELD inform the customers and buyers generally that, in consequence of workmen being engaged in enlarging or improving their Store Room, they have removed their goods to the SECOND STORY of the building they occupy, until the improvements are finished; where they will be happy to see their customers as usual, and for the trouble of walking up stairs, will try and remunerate them by selling them Cheap Goods.
☞ Entrance from Fourth street. aug28

New Fall Prints.
MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have just received a supply of new style Dark Fall Prints, fast colors, at 12½c per yard. aug26

Extra Family Flour.
A FRESH supply of the Poland Mills extra family Flour, a very choice article, just rec'd for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOSE, 166 Liberty st aug28

SUPERFINE FLOUR—100 brls on hand for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOSE aug10

ROSIN SOAP—50 bxs No 1 just rec'd for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOSE aug26

FIRE BRICK—10,000 in store and for sale by JAMES DALZELL, 70 Water st aug26

COFFEE—100 bags prime Rio for sale by JAMES DALZELL aug26

LARD OIL—20 brls No 1 for sale by JAMES DALZELL aug26

TANNERS' OIL—24 brls for sale by JAMES DALZELL aug26

MACKEREL—75 brls No 2, for sale low to close consignment JAMES DALZELL aug25

PEPPER SAUCE—6 cases Wells, Miller & Provost's superior, just rec'd for sale by WM A McCLURG & CO, 256 Liberty st aug26

SUPERIOR OOLONG TEA—10 hf chests very fine, just rec'd and for sale by the hf chest or lb, as low as it can be bought west of the mountains. WM A McCLURG & CO aug26

OLIVE OIL—Bordeaux, Marseilles, & Nice brand just received and for sale by WM A McCLURG & CO aug26

SALERATUS—100 bxs in store and for sale by STUART & SILL, 124 Wood st aug26

BROOMS—50 doz in store and for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

GLASS—50 bxs 7 x 9; 35 bxs 8 x 10, in store and for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

CHEESE—A small lot prime Cream rec'd by STUART & SILL aug26

VINEGAR—15 brls old, in store and for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

BACON—6 hhds prime Sides, for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

BATTING—50 bales No 1, in store and for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

COTTON YARN—Assorted Nos. for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

BUCKETS—50 doz Beaver Buckets for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

BED CORDS—Different sizes, for sale by STUART & SILL aug26

TOBACCO—50 bxs ass'td 5's; 30 kegs 6 twist; just rec'd for sale by BROWN & KIRKPATRICK, 192 Liberty st aug26

MACKEREL—100 brls No 3 large arriving, for sale BROWN & KIRKPATRICK aug26

FLOUR—100 brls S. F. in store and for sale by BROWN & KIRKPATRICK aug26

COFFEE—100 bags Rio arriving, and for sale by BROWN & KIRKPATRICK aug23

Desirable Country Residence for Sale.
THE subscriber will sell, on accommodating terms, the property on which he now resides, between Allegheny and Manchester, containing five acres of ground. The above property is probably better stocked with grape vines, fruit trees, gooseberry bushes, raspberries, strawberries, asparagus, rhubarb, &c., than any ground of the same extent in Western Pennsylvania, the proceeds of which annually yield a large sum. There is also on the premises, convenient to the house, a never failing spring of the purest water. The grounds are sheltered from the north by hills, and must always remain the terminus of the cities in that direction, and be always free from smoke and annoyances. The front of this property is on a handsome street, and capable of being laid out into lots, leaving behind one or more of the most desirable locations for country residences that can be imagined. WM MARTIN aug24:d1w

Head Quarters for Good Teas.
MORRIS & HAWORTH have obtained the reputation of selling the Best and Cheapest Teas in Pittsburgh. If you compare their Tea with what you purchase elsewhere you will at once acknowledge its superiority. They are very careful in the selection of their Teas. They buy altogether for cash from the importers east, and are satisfied with very small profits, these are the reasons they are enabled to sell such excellent Black or Green Teas at 50c per lb
Superior qualities.........75c do
The best kinds imported........$1 do
THE TEA MARKET, East side Diamond aug21

SWEET Grape Wine, Good Port Wine, French Brandy, Holland Gin, English Gin, English Rum at 50c per bottle, for sale by MORRIS & HAWORTH aug24

SHRIVER & BARNES,
NOS 130 and 132 Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, offer for sale
150 hf and qr chests Y. H., G. P., Imp. & Blk Teas;
200 bxs 4 lb 1½ lb 5's and 8's Va. manuf'd Tobacco;
100 bags Rio Coffee;
50 brls North Carolina Tar;
20 brls Rosin;
50 brls Brown Tanners' Oil;
10 tierces Rice;
10 bxs Ground Ginger;
10 bxs White Pipes;
40 bxs St Chocolate;
40 bxs Variegated Soap;
20 bags Pepper;
15 bags Alspice;
20 bxs Starch;
125 doz Beaver Buckets;
30 doz Tubs, assorted sizes;
15 doz Keelers, assorted sizes;
150 reams Wrapping Paper, assorted;
250 bxs Window Glass, assorted;
6 casks Saleratus;
3 cerroons S F Indigo;
1 case Manilla do;
2 hhds Madder;
2 cases Liquorice;
Together with a general assortment of all articles in the Grocery line. aug24

BACON—20 casks Sides and Shoulders for sale by BROWN & KIRKPATRICK aug26

FEATHERS—3300 lbs just rec'd for sale by SHRIVER & BARNES aug24

BUTTER—Kegs and brls just rec'd for sale by SHRIVER & BARNES aug24

POTASH—5 brls just rec'd for sale by SHRIVER & BARNES aug24

SUGAR CURED HAMS—8 casks canvassed in store and for sale low, to close consignment, by JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO, 90 Water st & 132 First st aug24

BACON—3 casks Sides; 15 casks Shoulders in store, for sale by JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO aug24

RICE—15 tcs prime just rec'd for sale by JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO aug24

TAR, PITCH & ROSIN—100 brls N. C. Tar; 50 brls Pitch; 50 brls Rosin; in store JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO aug24

LINSEED OIL—8 brls pure, Greswold rec'd by J B CANFIELD aug21

CHEESE—150 bxs prime, just rec'd for sale by J B CANFIELD aug24

SALERATUS—100 bxs Saleratus; 10 casks and brls do. for sale by J B CANFIELD aug24

JUST rec'd—200 lbs Cayenne Pepper—Chili; 100 lbs do do American; 150 lbs do do African; For sale by J KIDD & CO, 60 Wood st aug21

WHITE CHALK—1000 lbs for sale by J KIDD & CO aug24

GUM CAMPHOR—700 lbs rec'd for sale by J KIDD & CO aug24

BLUE VITRIOL—700 lbs for sale by J KIDD & CO aug24

S. WHITING—50 brls remaining on hand unsold ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., Water and Front sts jy17

CORN & WHEAT—8 brls Corn; 4 brls Wheat, in store for sale by [aug23] RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

CASTOR OIL—24 brls. Blow's make, in store and for sale by RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO aug23

HECKER'S FARINA
HAS become an established and almost indispensable requisite in every well provided family, from its remarkably wholesome and nutritious qualities as a food for the healthy as well as a diet for invalids, and also for the sustenance of growing children and infants. Various modes of cooking and preparing it are given on the wrapper.
Though well known in the east, it has never been introduced to any extent in Pittsburgh. The subscribers have, therefore, made arrangements to be constantly supplied with it, and now offer it to retail dealers or families on more favorable terms than it has ever been sold at in Pittsburgh.
WM A McCLURG & CO, 256 Liberty st aug23

WADDING—The subscribers have been appointed agents for the sale of Riggs' Patent Black and White Wadding, and are prepared to supply the trade at eastern prices. A CULBERTSON & CLOUSE, 105 Liberty street. aug23

TOBACCO—45 kegs 6 twist, a superior article, just received and for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOUSE aug23

NAILS—150 kegs assorted, on hand and for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOUSE aug23

BROOMS—129 doz common rec'd for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

POT ASH—14 casks pure, a prime article WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

HERRING—31 brls rec'd for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

SCORCHINGS—10 casks for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

FEATHERS—2 sacks for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

FISH—20 brls White Fish; 10 brls Trout; 10 brls Pickerel; Just received and for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

SALERATUS—10 casks Cleveland Saleratus; 15 brls do do; 21 bxs do do in papers WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

STARCH—12 bxs Bonbright's extra; 22 bxs Geitner's do, for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

CANVASSED HAMS—83 pcs rec'd for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

TAR—18 barrels N. C. Tar; 42 hf brls do for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug23

Strawberry Plants for Sale at Greenwood Gardens.
BUIST'S Prize, Hovey's Seedlings, and Victoria. These are the largest and best flavored fruit amongst all the different varieties now grown. Orders addressed to the proprietor, West Manchester, will receive prompt attention. J McKAIN aug14

TOMATOE PILLS—Miles' compound Extract of Tomatoe, a substitute for Calomel, on hand and for sale at [aug23] WICKERSHAM'S

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, ALLEGHENY.
THIS School, under the direction of Mr & Mrs. N. W. Metcalf will be re-opened in "Colonnade Row" Federal Street on Monday, September 2nd. A primary department, & a number of optional branches have been added, and a corps of teachers secured, that instructions will now be given to scholars of all ages and attainments.
For particulars see circulars which may be had at the book stores—or consult the Principals at their dwelling on Federal Street.
Allegheny, aug 3 tf.

New Goods! New Goods!
H. KLEBER has just received a fine lot of Brass Instruments of the best manufacture, selected by himself with great care, for this market, such as Trombones, Sax Horns, Bugles, Cornets, Tubas, also, a fine selection of Music Boxes, playing two and three tunes, Flutinas, Accordeons, &c. &c. Superior German and Italian Strings, and genuine Neapolitan E String, four lengths, a splendid article. SIGN OF THE GOLDEN HARP, 101 Third street. aug22

WALL PAPER—A large assortment of Wall Papers, from 6¼c to $2 per roll, just received for the fall trade by W P MARSHALL, 85 Wood st aug21

WHITE'S celebrated STICKING SALVE AND STRENGTHENING PLASTER, price 12½cts—A sovereign remedy for chronic rheumatic affections, weakness and lameness of the body, scalds, burns, sores, of most kinds cuts, swellings, sprains, bruises, corns, and felons when first coming. Also, the most convenient and safe sticking salve for strengthening plasters and drafts on the feet.
For sale by S N WICKERSHAM, Cor. Sixth & Wood sts aug21

LINSEED OIL—15 brls just received and for sale by BRAUN & REITER aug22

PATENT BLACK—15 brls just rec'd for sale by BRAUN & REITER aug21

FANCY PRINTS—5 cases new style Fall Prints just received by SHACKLETT & WHITE, 101 Wood st aug22

CASSIMERES—A few cases Fancy Cassimeres, bright colors, just received and for sale by SHACKLETT & WHITE aug22

LINSEED OIL—20 brls for sale by J SCHOONMAKER & CO aug22

TRIESTE VERMILLION—1 keg just rec'd by J SCHOONMAKER & CO aug22

CHINESE VERMILLION just rec'd for sale by J SCHOONMAKER & CO aug22

ROSE PINK—5 kegs superior for sale by J SCHOONMAKER & CO aug22

TANNERS' OIL—20 brls for sale by J SCHOONMAKER & CO aug22

LARD OIL—10 brls for sale by J SCHOONMAKER & CO aug22

ALCOHOL—10 brls for sale by J SCHOONMAKER & CO aug22

Extra Family Flour.
CONSTANT supplies of Worth's superior Family Flour will be kept for sale by ROBERTSON & REPPERT, 121 Second st aug22:d10t

Carpets! Carpets!
WE are now opening a large assortment of Carpets at our Carpet Warehouse, Fourth street; consisting in part of the following varieties:—
Extra Superfine Tapestry Carpets;
English and American Brussels do;
Extra superfine three ply Carpets;
Superfine do do;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8 Tapestry Ven. Carpets;
Superfine Ingrain Carpets;
Extra fine do do;
Fine do do;
Common, all Wool do do;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8 Common Ven. Carpets.
Also, Stair Rods, Window Shades, Mats, Binding Oil Cloths from 2½ ft to 27 inches wide.
The above goods will be offered to those wishing to purchase at prices lower than ever offered in this market. We invite the attention of all, to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
W McCLINTOCK aug28

RUGS! RUGS!
W. McCLINTOCK has just received at his Carpet Warehouse, No 75 Fourth street, a very handsome assortment of Rugs, to which we invite the attention of purchasers. aug20

TOBACCO—60 kegs 6 twist rec'd for sale by HARDY, JONES & CO aug20

FEATHERS—9 bags for sale by HARDY, JONES & CO aug20

LEAF TOBACCO—50 hhds for sale by HARDY, JONES & CO aug20

INDIA RUBBER PACKING—3000 lbs assorted thicknesses, from 1-32 to 1 inch thick. The above packing is prepared so that 300 degrees Fahrenheit will not affect it; and is superior to every thing else, as a substance has so much elasticity which stands so high a degree of heat, and may be used about all machinery where packing is necessary, viz:—manhole plates, piston rods, steam joints, steam chests, cylinder heads, &c. For sale wholesale and retail by J & H PHILLIPS, 7 & 9 Wood st aug20

COFFEE—45 sacks prime Green Rio for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOUSE aug20

INDIA RUBBER BELTING—Just received, a large assortment of Belting of various sizes, varying from 2 to 15 inches in width, for sale by J & H PHILLIPS
N. B.—All Belts sold are guaranteed to be superior to Leather in every respect, and to give satisfaction. Any Belts that prove deficient will be exchanged or the money refunded. aug20

HOSE! HOSE!—Warranted to be far superior to leather, just rec'd of the above: 1000 feet 3 inch Hydrant; 300 do 1½ inch do; 300 do 1¾ inch do; 400 do 2 inch do; 400 do 2 inch Engine Hose; For sale at the India Rubber Depot of J & H PHILLIPS, 7 & 9 Wood st aug20

J. H. SMITH'S
ENGLISH, Classical, and Mathematical School will Re-Open on Monday, the 19th inst., at No 8 Webster street, at the head of Seventh st. aug12

PLAID FLANNELS—A large assortment of Plaid Flannels just received and for sale at manufacturer's prices. H LEE, Liberty st aug21

COUNTER OIL CLOTH—300 yds 5-4 Figured, of different patterns, just rec'd for sale by J & H PHILLIPS, 7 & 9 Wood st aug20

BLACK OIL CLOTH for Carriages—100 yards 4-4 twilled, just received and for sale by J & H PHILLIPS aug20

TOBACCO—20 boxes Manufactured Tobacco, on hand and to arrive, for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOUSE aug20

BATTING—350 bales Nos 1, 2, and 3, on hand and for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOUSE aug20

SUGARS—Loaf, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars kept constantly on hand and for sale by A CULBERTSON & CLOUSE aug20

JAPAN VARNISH—2 brls, a good article, just received by [aug20] J & H PHILLIPS

COPAL VARNISH—2 brls just rec'd for sale by J & H PHILLIPS aug20

BOILED OIL—1 brl just received for sale by J & H PHILLIPS aug20

Rand's Penmanship and Copy Books.
THE above books having been introduced into the public and private schools in Pittsburgh and Allegheny, the author has appointed the subscriber agent for their sale in this city. Teachers and others will be supplied at publisher's prices, as stated in circular. J H MELLOR, 81 Wood st aug19

30 CASKS Muspratts' Bleaching Powder, just received and for sale by W & M MITCHELTREE, Liberty st aug19

RICE—20 tcs prime fresh beat Rice just received via canal, and for sale by SELLERS & NICOLS aug17

COFFEE—164 bags prime green Rio for sale by SELLERS & NICOLS aug17

TOBACCO—20 bxs Russell & Robinson's 5's; 10 bxs Price & Hardwood's 5's; 3 cases Barrows' hf lb lump; Received and for sale by SELLERS & NICOLS aug17

MACKEREL! MACKEREL!—100 brls more of those large No 3 Mackerel, for sale by C A McANULTY & CO, Canal Basin. aug17

ALCOHOL—5 brls just rec'd for sale by J KIDD & CO, 60 Wood st aug17

CASTILE SOAP—10 cases rec'd for sale by J KIDD & CO aug17

LINSEED OIL—500 galls rec'd for sale by J KIDD & CO aug17

BRONZE—50 lbs assorted, for sale by J KIDD & CO aug17

FURNITURE OIL CLOTH—20 doz assorted stand table, stand, and bureau covers, beautiful patterns and prices low, at Nos 7 & 9 Wood st. J & H PHILLIPS aug16

FLOOR OIL CLOTH—2000 yds 4-4 Floor Oil Cloths; 500 yds 3-4 do; 200 yds 5-4 do; 460 yds 6-4 do; For sale, wholesale and retail, by J & H PHILLIPS, 7 & 9 Wood st aug16

FOUNDRY PIG IRON—70 tons soft Pig Iron, on the Allegheny Wharf, and for sale by J & R FLOYD aug16

JUST received from Phillipsville Factory, 1000 yds Oil Cloth Crash, different patterns, for sale by J & H PHILLIPS aug16

1000 FEET Gum Elastic Hose for Hydrants, just received for sale by J & H PHILLIPS, 7 & 9 Wood st
N. B.—All Hose sold is warranted to the purchasers to give satisfaction equal to leather or the funds returned. aug16

CREAM CHEESE—75 bxs rec'd for sale by S & W HARBAUGH aug15

HAMS—5 cks S Cured, and 6 cks common Hams rec'd per steamer Reveille, for sale by S & W HARBAUGH aug15

HERRING—400 bxs in store and for sale by S & W HARBAUGH aug15

HAMS—Evans & Swift's Cincinnati Sugar Cured; Macey's Indiana do; Virginia do; Scotch cured, not smoked, for sale by WM A McCLURG & CO, 256 Liberty st aug15

DRIED BEEF—Jno. Davis' Cin. Cured Canvassed; do do not canvassed. For sale by [aug15] WM A McCLURG & CO

SMOKED BEEF TONGUES—A few doz for sale by WM A McCLURG & CO aug15

VENISON HAMS—A few choice Venison Hams WM A McCLURG & CO aug15

Steam Boat Trimmings.
WE invite the attention of those furnishing Steam Boats to our assortment of Trimmings, comprising in part of the following:—
6-4 and 7-4 Table Linens, Linen Napkins,
Huckaback Diaper, Scotch Diaper,
Card Table Covers, Crash,
Curtain material of all descriptions, Mats, &c. &c.
W. McCLINTOCK, Carpet Warehouse, 75 Fourth st. aug14

Gibbed Herring.
A SMALL Lot of Gibbed Herring, in prime order, for sale by JOHN McFADEN & CO, Canal Basin. aug14

RED WHISKERS AND DARK HAIR!—This is a common freak of nature, for which we are at a loss how to account. And we must say that the contrast is far from producing an agreeable effect, but it may be obviated by the use of JULES HAUEL'S celebrated VEGETABLE LIQUID HAIR DYE, which will instantaneously produce the most brilliant and natural looking black, brown, or chestnut color, without injuring the hair or burning the skin. These colors are indelible, and are not affected by the action of heat, perspiration or water. There are many kinds of Hair Dye on sale, but they all have some material objection to their use; some require a long time to produce the effect, others burning the hair and skin, and some, when put on, give the hair the lustre of a newly blacked stove. JULES HAUEL'S VEGETABLE LIQUID HAIR DYE is the only one which is entirely free from the above objections, is warranted entirely harmless, and will produce a beautiful and natural looking color in a shorter time than any other dye in use. Be cautious in purchasing, to take none which has not my name attached, as there are many imitations of this celebrated article.
aug2-3p JULES HAUEL, 120 Chestnut st.