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☞ V. B. Palmer is Agent for this paper at his several agencies in New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, and is authorized to receive subscriptions and advertisements for us.

☞ Philadelphia North American.—Advertisements and subscriptions to the North American and United States Gazette, Philadelphia, received and forwarded from this office.

☞ Cincinnati Daily Gazette.—Advertisements and subscriptions, for this paper, will be received and forwarded from this office.

☞ Philadelphia Commercial List.—Subscriptions for this valuable paper, will be received and forwarded from this office.

Baltimore American.—Subscriptions and advertisements for this paper received and forwarded free of charge from this office.

Antimasonic and Whig County Convention.

In pursuance of the call of the Chairman, the Whig and Antimasonic County Committee of Correspondence met at the Court House. The following resolution was adopted, to wit:—

"Resolved, That the Whig and Antimasonic voters of the several Election Districts of Allegheny County be, and are hereby requested to meet at their usual places for holding elections, on Saturday, the 1st day of June next, then and there to elect two delegates to the County Convention to be held at the Court House, on Wednesday the 5th day of June, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Said Convention to make the usual and necessary nominations for the ensuing October Elections, and also to appoint five delegates to represent the County in the State Convention, to be held in the city of Philadelphia, on Wednesday, the 19th day of June."

The primary meetings in the Townships to be held between the hours of two and five o'clock, (except Pitt) and those in the Wards and Boroughs between the hours of seven and nine o'clock, P. M.

A. HILANDS, Chairman.

Jno. E. Parke,
Alex. Franklin, } Secretaries.
Thos. Steele,
Pittsburgh, April 10, 1850.

☞ SEE NEXT PAGE FOR LOCAL MATTERS TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, &c.

Nicaragua Treaty.—The treaty negotiated by Mr. Clayton with Mr. Bulwer, noticed by "Junius," in his letter to day, has received the almost united encomiums of the press. Mr. Clayton has in this, as in every other instance of his foreign diplomacy, exhibited a shrewdness, tact and ability, which places him among the most brilliant Secretaries of the State Department we have ever had. The honor and interests of the country are perfectly safe in his hands.

The Post announces that the contest between the puddlers and boilers and the iron manufacturers has ended, by the submission of the former to the prices offered by the latter. Some of the old puddlers and boilers, as many we presume as can get employment, have gone to work at the new rates. Thus, all their loss of time and excitement, and all the evils growing out of them, have gone for nothing, except, it may be, they have gained wisdom to guard them in future against strikes, and the advice of those who have lured them to adopt a course which has worked to them so much evil. The employers, we understand, are much pleased with their new hands, and their works are now going on finely. Few of the old hands will be able to get work, and will have to resort to other places or other employment.

Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road.

The line down to Beaver, has been put under contract, to good men, at rates, below the estimates of the Engineer.

On the 8th of May, the line through Columbiana County, Ohio, is to be let at Salem, including the grading and masonry, to the intersection of the Cleveland Rail Road. The work between the mouth of Big Beaver and the State line, is in rapid progress, and the claims for damages which retarded the work at the crossing of the Beaver river, have been amicably adjusted. It is expected the locomotives and cars will be running from Pittsburgh to Beaver and New Brighton in July of next year. Arrangements have been made to urge forward the work as rapidly as possible on the whole eighty miles of the Eastern Division, from Pittsburgh to the connection with the Cleveland Road. The means now provided, for that part of the work in Pennsylvania, are sufficient to complete the grading and bridging to the State line, and to leave a surplus of about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, applicable to the superstructure and equipment. The amount required for the grading and bridging between the State line and Salem, has been raised by the citizens of that town and its vicinity, and a subscription is now in progress in this city for the construction of the remaining thirteen miles west of Salem to Alliance, near Mount Union. This last link of the Eastern Division runs through a corner of Mahoning county, and the means for making it will have to come from Pittsburgh. The amount will not be large, and the *Directors* are determined to adhere to the policy of incurring no indebtedness, except for superstructure and equipment. This is essentially necessary, in order to enable the Company to obtain its iron on favorable terms.

But few of our citizens are fully aware of the importance of the speedy completion of the Eastern Division of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad. As soon as it can be completed, the Railroads in Ohio, with which it will connect, will be ready for use, and rail road cars will be able to run from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati, through Cleveland and Columbus. The route, it is true, will be three hundred and ninety miles long, and will be somewhat circuitous, but it can be run readily in from eighteen to twenty hours, and will be nearly an hundred miles shorter than the present river route. The completion of the whole of our Western Road will shorten this distance from fifty to sixty miles, but the opening of the eastern division will be one of the brightest days that ever dawned upon Pittsburgh. It will give us a continuous rail road communication, all the year round, with the heart of the State of Ohio. By a united and vigorous effort, this may be accomplished next year, and the cars from Cincinnati may be rattling in our streets before those from Philadelphia. Let us hope that both roads may be ready to be opened at the same time, and as early next year as it can be achieved.

Small Notes.

e following are the sections of the new Bank
in relation to the circulation of small notes.
ovisions are of the most stringent character,
if they do not prevent the circulation of notes
a less amount than five dollars, no enactment
can. Great inconvenience will be the result of this legislation, and much loss will accrue to the community. In order to procure specie to make exchanges, the holders of five dollar bills will be compelled to go to the Brokers and sell them, thus increasing their present difficulties and expenses,
hout any profits. This provision of the Bank
es into operation on the 21st of August:

48. That from and after the twenty-first
t, one thousand eight hundred and
t be lawful for any person or per-
n or body corporate, directly or in-
, pay out, pass, exchange, put in
ler, or cause to be issued, paid
culated, or transferred,
note, bill, certificate, or any ac-
f indebtedness whatsoever, pur-
ank note, or of the nature, char-
nce of a bank note, or calculated
a bank note, issued, or purport-
, by any bank or incorporated
ociation of persons, not located in
of a less denomination than five
violation of the provisions of this
ny corporation or body corporate,
such corporation or body corporate,
ent of five hundred dollars; and any
the provisions of this section by any
cer holding any office or appointment of
profit under the constitution and laws
s State, shall subject such officer to the pay-
of one hundred dollars; and any violation of
ction by any other person not being a pub-
er, shall subject such person to the pay-
twenty-five dollars, one half of which, in
e above mentioned, shall go to the in-
and the other half to the county in which
is brought, and may be sued for and re-
as debts of like amount are now by law
able in any action of debt, in the name of
monwealth of Pennsylvania, as well for
the proper county, as for the person

That in addition to the civil penalties
violation of the provisions of the last
n, every person who shall violate
f that section, shall be taken and
committed a misdemeanor, and
ction thereof in any criminal
onwealth, be fined in any sum
dollar, and not more than one
d the several courts of quar-
in their charges to the grand
attention to this subject; and it
uty of the several grand juries to
ment of any person within their re-
counties, who may be guilty of a viola-
f the provisions of the last preceding section, and it shall be the duty of the several constables, and other peace officers within this commonwealth, to make information against any person guilty of such violation, and they shall be sworn so to do: *Provided*, That it shall not be necessary, in any civil suit, or criminal prosecution under this section, and the last preceding section, to produce, in evidence, the charter of any bank, or articles of association of any company not located in this State."

Gen. Winfield Scott, who arrived in Baltimore on the 22d from Annapolis, where he was attending the Court of Inquiry in the Hunter and Perry case, started for Norfolk.

The President.

The *Republic*, of Wednesday, has a pungent and able article, reviewing the circumstances preceding and subsequent to General Taylor's election to the Presidency, developing the means resorted to by an unscrupulous opposition to break down his administration, and appealing to the Whig members of Congress to rally and organize, and act in concert, and thus afford the President a united and vigorous support. The Republic, in commencing its remarks, says:

"If ever a man came into the Presidency under circumstances which should have entitled him to fair and generous treatment from friend and adversary, that man was Gen. Taylor. His modesty, his moderation, his strict integrity, his purity of life, his eminent services, had won for him the confidence, the affection, and the gratitude of his countrymen, and had rescued the fortunes of a great party which had selected him as their candidate, and achieved a signal triumph in his name. He was not identified with the excitement or animosities of political strife. He had no prejudices or partialities, no antipathies or predilictions, to mislead his judgment or prevent him from rendering exact and equal justice to all the classes and interests in the combined strength of which he had attained his eminent position. In accordance with the uniform usage of his predecessors, he surrounded himself with a Cabinet, fairly selected from the party whose candidate he had consented to become. In that Cabinet it was believed that the views of different sections were fairly represented; and whatever else might have been said of it, no one could deny that it was composed of men who were identified with the struggles and conflicts of the great Whig party, and prepared to give full encouragement and effect to their measures, views, principles, and opinions.

"To the Whigs, then, he had exhibited an honorable fidelity. While prepared to become the President of the people—he did not forget, as he ought not to have forgotten, that it was to his Whig adoption that he owed his elevation, and that it was to the Whig party that he should look for his constitutional advisers."

The Democratic party had no right to object to the adoption of this policy by President TAYLOR. They knew that it was consistent with the usages of the country, and with the circumstances of his position. They could not for a moment have expected that President TAYLOR would deviate from the established course of his predecessors, or bring any other men into his Cabinet than those who were pledged to the support of the measures and sentiments with which he had identified himself, by all the actual and implied pledges by which a candidate can bind himself to his party. Thus far, then, the Democrats had no just cause of complaint.

But no sooner had President TAYLOR entered upon the duties of his office, than it became manifest that he was to be made the subject of the most bitter and virulent opposition. With cause, or without cause, his Administration was to be assailed and broken down. Whatever might be his measures, they were to be arraigned, condemned, and stigmatized as the offspring of folly and corruption. Libels so gross that they shocked the common sense of the country—caricatures so extravagant that they betrayed their malignity and falsehood on their face—vituperation coarse beyond the coarsest in partizan controversy—base insinuations—bold falsehoods—unsparing invectives—were showered without stint or forbearance on the head of the gallant and good old soldier, whose only offence had been that of covering the flag of his country with glory on the fields of carnage and victory, and winning in a pacific elective contest, the highest honors that his country could bestow. Such was his crime, and such its punishment!"

The *Republic* then proceeds to recapitulate the means used by the opposition to render the Whig victory of no avail, by destroying the influence of the President and his advisers. In the North he was charged with being in favor of the slave interest and with having chosen a slaveholding cabinet; while in the South it was declared the cause of slavery could never be safe in the hands of an administration in which *three* members, occupying important departments, were from the Northern States.

"Mr. Ewing and Mr. Collamer were denounced in no measured terms, day by day, as Abolitionists, and Abolitionists of the deepest dye, because they had voted or would have voted for a proviso which had been recognized and sanctioned by President Polk himself. A little mischevious cabel of intriguers and factionists were busy here all the summer and fall, writing letters and sending despatches and communications through all the Southern States, alleging that President Taylor *would not* veto the Wilmot proviso, and that it was necessary for the South to take immediate and decisive action to repel the aggressions of the North. By these machinations, backed by the industrious clamor and factious sectional appeals of the central organ of Locofocoism, some real alarm and much paper excitement were created; and in their desire to uphold the banner of the Union and sustain the Administration of President Taylor, many gallant Whigs were overthrown. Factious, local, sectional combinations, had triumphed at the South as at the North. Abolition, Locofocoism, and Disunion were in the ascendant in the House of Representatives. The *Nashville* convention that was to be, and the *Buffalo* convention that had been—born of a common sentiment, and looking to a common result, the overthrow of General Taylor—had accomplished a portion of their work."

Congress met, and a portion of the Whig members, under the influences which had been brought to bear upon the administration, abandoned the Whig candidate for the Speakership, and an enemy was placed in the Speaker's Chair, and the alliance between the Abolitionists, Locofocos, and Disunionists was consummated.

"The noise, the clamor, the confusion, the outbreaks, the invectives, the menaces, that we have so long listened to, both in Congress and out of it, were nothing more than so many party contrivances to defeat and break down a Whig Administration. Quarrel with as much seeming bitterness as they may on this slavery question—differ about it with what seeming animosity,—blaze away as they please at the North about Wilmot provisoism, and at the South about northern aggressions,—the whole is a merely Pickwickian operation, and they are all ready to run together again and give the fraternal hug, the very moment they shall succeed in saving themselves, on some decent pretence, from the calamity of the Nashville convention. The moment that matter is disposed of by some lucky expedient, we shall find the Abolitionists, Locofocos, and Disunionists in Congress, all marching straight up to the standard of opposition, and working together as they worked to elect Wm. J. Brown, and as they again worked together to elect a Clerk of the House, and in the rally on Mr. Richardson's resolutions.

For the evil consequences which have flowed from this Whig defection, President Taylor is not responsible. For the disorganization to which it has led—the seeming abandonment of all party allegiance and fealty—the omission to recognize anything like an administration policy or platform—President Taylor is not responsible. He is a President of Whig election. He has surrounded himself with a Whig Cabinet; and it is not the most inconsiderable of the evils which have flowed from the defection of which we have been speaking, that it has exposed members of that Cabinet to unjust suspicions. He stands upon Whig ground. He has recommended in good faith the measures which he has thought most likely to secure the unity and perpetuity of the Whig party, and he is entitled to a hearty, cordial, sincere, and undivided Whig support. We submit, with all humility, as partisans counseling with old party friends—as Whigs, original Whigs, and ultra Whigs if you please—that it is the duty of the Whigs in Congress to rally and organize and act in concert—letting bygones be bygones among themselves—and standing by the President of their choice and their principles. We see no other way in which they can escape from being a permanently disorganized, dispersed, and defeated party."

Of one thing we feel assured, that whether the Whig members of Congress rally to the support of General Taylor and his Cabinet or not, the Whig masses have the utmost confidence in the sterling honesty of the President, and in the ability and purity of the members of his Cabinet. If they desert the Whig administration, or fail to do their duty to it, the Whig party will desert them. It is not to be supposed that the party is going to give up the fruits of its past toils, because some few Whig members of Congress have the weakness to listen to the slanders, or the folly to be caught by the wiles of the Locofoco opposition.

We cannot conclude this article better than with the following paragraph, which closes an able review of the causes of the existing difficulties in the Whig party, in a letter by "Independent," the Washington correspondent of the North American. Its conclusions will meet with endorsement by the great masses of the Whig party:—

"I have now clearly demonstrated all that I set out to establish, that Gen. Taylor and his Cabinet have discharged their whole duty to the party and the country, and that the responsibility for the present embarrassments belongs exclusively to a portion of Congress. It is not charged that the President has defaulted on a single Whig measure. It is not alleged that the foreign policy has been deficient in wisdom or American spirit. It is not asserted that the members of the Cabinet have failed to fulfil every official obligation. Bring the malecontents to the point, and every complaint is traceable to a *personal* reason; to a cause involving the disappointment of individual hopes or expectations. The Administration has, doubtless, committed errors in the distribution of patronage, and been misled in the dispensation of favor; but those who are now *most* lukewarm have *least* occasion to complain; for the only serious disaffection which exists in the rank and file of the party has been produced by a system of injurious discrimination, through which the kith and kin of *leaders* have been imposed upon the Administration, to the disparagement of others far more meritorious. But if greater errors then are admitted had occurred in dispensing patronage, does that furnish a justification to Whigs for deserting a patriotic President, who has labored honestly to serve his country, and for making war upon a Cabinet whose worst fault has been misplaced confidence in its assailants? I think not; and I think, also, that this will be the judgment of every fair minded Whig who feels interest enough to satisfy himself by investigation, and to examine the motives which have induced the defection of men in Congress, who were elected to support Gen. Taylor and Whig policy. For one, I prefer a hopeless minority to a nominal majority composed of false friends and selfish intriguers. If there are Whigs who have no faith in the Administration, let them proclaim it boldly; but let us have no more of the sneaking and cowardly system which has been practised for the last four months by dissatisfied office seekers.

FROM WASHINGTON

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, April 23d, 1850.

Mr. Clayton's Treaty--Discomfiture of his libellers--Annexation of Central America and the Mosquito coast--A remarkable charge.

Mr. Clayton has crowned the labors by which his administration of the State Department have been hitherto illustrated, by the conclusion of a treaty with Great Britain, which must be considered a brilliant diplomatic triumph. This treaty was yesterday communicated to the Senate and read.—It was received, I am informed, with indisguised pleasure and satisfaction by Senators of all parties. The treaty provides, in the first place, that Great Britain shall either abandon the protection over the Mosquito coast, which has given rise to so many complaints and jealousies, or, that she shall disclaim all jurisdiction over those points and places upon the borders of the Mosquito territories, the right to which have been disputed by Nicaragua, and essential to the construction of the great ship canal now in contemplation. She stipulates that she will neither hold, nor fortify said places, and that she will interpose no objections to the execution of the contract now held by our American company for that purpose, provided the work be begun within a year. This treaty will be ratified, and, with that confirmation will end, a dispute which, at one time, certainly wore a most serious and menacing aspect.

The terms of this treaty or convention will be considered by the country a just reassertion and enforcement of the celebrated Monroe and Adams dictum, that this continent should be no longer hold open to European colonization. It may be remembered, too, that on the part of Great Britain, there could have been no strong and rational desire to convert the Mosquito territory into a permanent dependency, for, after her experience in Jamaica, Demarara, and other colonies similarly situated, she must have been thoroughly satisfied that it would never have been of any real advantage to her. Upon the other hand, it is certainly not extravagant to suppose that at some not distant day, this important strip of territory, and even all Central America, may become, by voluntary annexation, members of this confederacy. Indeed were this wretched slavery question but once settled, ten years would not elapse before such a result.

What will the "UNION" now say, that exemplary sheet that has been rending the air with its ululations lest the Monroe declaration should not be maintained, and which six times a week for many months past, has poured out the anguish of its soul in the apprehension that Mr. Clayton and General Taylor would be as regardless of the National honor and interests as Mr. Buchanan and Mr. Polk were, in relation to this identical affair. What will it say?

Mr. Morehead, of Kentucky, made an able and impressive speech in the House, to day, upon the slavery question. The spirit of conciliation and compromise breathed through the whole of it. I regretted, however, to hear Mr. Morehead say, that on maturer consideration, he had changed his opinion, as to the constitutionality of the anti-slavery proviso. He had at one time believed it to be not unconstitutional, but he was not satisfied to the contrary. None of his views, however, were extreme or incompatible.

It has lately come out that the printing establishment of the Washington Union has been committing a mistake almost as remarkable as the Galphin claim. It is that of charging $12,500 for a piece of work done under the orders of the Senate, which practical printers assert, cost some $500 or $600.—Mr. Hale has called for an investigation of this case, stigmatizing it pretty plainly in his place as a gross imposition.

JUNIUS.

FROM HARRISBURG.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 24.

The Montour county bill came up the first thing in order in the House, this morning, and occupied the entire day. In the course of the discussion upon it, the Hon. Mr. Speaker Best, came in for a good deal of severe and bitter castigation, from members of both parties. The bill was finally mounted with a rider in the shape of a proviso to the effect that the whole question be referred to the people of Columbia county, at the next election. This is considered equivalent to a defeat. The Danville people, I understand, would as soon have no bill at all, and Mr. Best will proceed with his machinations as if nothing had occurred. Nothing but a naked provision for the new county will satisfy him; and this he is determined to have, if his vote should continue to be of sufficient consequence to purchase it.

In the Senate, private bills occupied the day.

The bill to extend the charter of the Schuylkill Bank of Philadelphia for the term of fifteen years, and limiting the amount of capital to $500,000, was taken up, on motion of Mr. Crabb, and passed through second and final reading. On the final passage of the bill, the yeas were 14, nays 13—several Senators declining to vote.

During the pending of some House bill, the title of which I do not now remember, Mr. Darsie offered the following amendment, to come in as a new section, which was adopted, to wit:

"That the periods limited of thirty days in the first section, and sixty days in the third section, of the Act, entitled "an Act to limit, the indebtedness and provide for the gradual extinguishment of the debt of the city of Pittsburgh, and for the improvement of the streets, lanes, and alleys of said city," within which the Councils of said city are required to do certain acts, be, and the same are hereby extended, respectively to a period of ninety days, from, and after the passage of this act."

At this period of the session, this is the only way in which a private or local bill can be got through.

During the pendency of the question upon proceeding to the consideration of the bill to extend the charter of the Easton Bank, on Monday last, in the Senate, Mr. Sankey availed himself of the occasion to put himself and the Whig party in their true position in regard to the present Locofoco system of Banking which has undergone a renovating and white-washing process during the present Session, at the hands of one of the Locofoco members from Westmoreland.

Mr. Sankey rose, he said, not for the purpose of advocating or opposing the re-charter of this little institution. All the mischief that could be done in the way of chartering these "monsters" at the present session, had now been done, and done too by votes of Locofoco Senators, those who, at the hustings had succeeded in *frightening* a large portion of the people of this commonwealth almost to death, with their frightful pictures of what these "monsters" had already done, and would continue to do. For himself he was opposed to the whole system. He considered it one of the grandest Locofoco Humbugs, that had ever been got up in this or any other State—a miserable system by which that very honest party had succeeded in duping the people into the belief that they were the exclusive friends of the poor man, while at the same time they clutched within their grasp more than two thirds of all the banking privileges and chartered monopolies in the Commonwealth. The general banking law they had just passed was intended as an excuse for the re-incorporation, not only of all those now in existence, but for the creation of an additional batch of new ones. And yet at home, these very men were the loudest possible denouncers of all banks, all chartered monopolies, and all exclusive privileges. He thought that it was high time that this contemptible game of duplicity had ceased.—And with the view of breaking it down, if possible, at the present session, as well as because he was really opposed to the present Locofoco system of banking altogether, he had voted against every proposition for the renewal or creation of another charter.

The only system of banking that would give the people a sound convertible currency, was the great Whig system of basing the issues upon State and United States stocks. This was a safe system, a sound system, and an honest system, and now that the people were aroused upon the subject, and had discovered the duplicity and the humbuggery that had been so long practised upon them by the great anti-bank, anti-monopoly, anti-privilege Locofoco party, nothing else would ever satisfy them.

There is still no prospect of an early adjournment. The two great bills of the session still remain undisposed of, and I have heard some talk amongst the more stubborn members, of celebrating the Fourth of July in the Capitol.

The Appropriation Bill was received in the Senate this morning, and immediately referred to the Committee on Finance for its proper consideration.

The Apportionment Bill passed through Committee of the Whole yesterday morning, and still remains in that position, no effort having been made to day, to take it up.

COBDEN.

Terre Haute and Illinoistown Rail Road.—In the Senate, on the 9th, General Shields, from the Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred the memorial of a Convention held at Vandalia, asking a grant of land for a rail road from a point opposite Terre Haute, Indiana, to a point on the Mississippi river, &c., reported a bill to grant land to the State of Illinois, to aid in the construction of a rail road from a point opposite to Terre Haute, Indiana, to a point near Illinoistown, Illinois, which was read, and passed to a second reading.

Minnesota.—As this newly organized territory is but imperfectly known to many of our readers, a few particulars of its leading features will doubtless prove acceptable. Minnesota is about four times the extent of Ohio, and reaches 675 miles from S. E. to N. W., and lies between N. lat. 42 deg. 30 min. and 49 deg. The centre of the territory is about 1200 miles in a direct line from either ocean. 1000 from the Gulf of Mexico, and 800 from Hudson's Bay. It is chiefly a rolling country, well watered with rivers and lakes, and the highest hill does not exceed 2000 feet above the sea, and 1000 feet above the surrounding country. The capital, St. Paul, is 15 miles by water and 9 miles by land, below the Falls of St. Anthony, and the river is navigable to the Falls for steamers of considerable burthen. St. Paul contains about 1200 inhabitants, and several large hotels, and the new town of St. Anthony, at the Falls, about 900. There is also a town named Stillwater, on the St Croix River, 16 miles from St. Paul, with 900 people, hotels, and saw mills. The Marine Mills, Point Douglass, Mendota, or St. Peter's, and the Falls of St. Croix, are flourishing villages. Day laborers obtain $20 a month and mechanics $1 75 to $2 per day. The public lands may be taken up at $1 25 per acre. The total number of Indians is 27,000, and there is a strong military post at Fort Snelling, on the Mississippi. The whole number of white inhabitants in the territory is about 5000. The distance from New York to St. Paul, by Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and Galena, is 1537 miles—by the Ohio and Mississippi, St. Louis, &c., 2229 miles. The land of Minnesota is very productive. One hundred and seventy miles of the Northern boundary is along the shore of Lake Superior.—*Newark Advertiser.*

Milwaukie.—On the 2d inst., the people of Milwaukie, by a majority of 1,000 votes, elected Mr. Upham Mayor of that city. Only a week previous, though then the Mayor of the city, he headed a mob of riotous and disorderly citizens, and kept a meeting of the people in confusion for three or four hours. He was re-elected, and as this was regarded as a full license to violence of all kinds, on the day subsequent to his election, there was a regular built mob. About 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a man by the name of Herman Krahn was taken by a mob of men and boys, covered with tar and feathers, his hands bound behind him, and in this position he was made to stride a rail, and marched through the principal street. No effort was made to release the unfortunate man, for some time. At last, two or three of the Police officers were got together, and the man was rescued. It does not appear that the Mayor was any where to be found during this time. The alleged cause of this outrageous treatment was, that the man had neglected his wife during confinement, in consequence of which she died; but he had previously been tried, and exculpated from the charge, by a Coroner's jury.

Several of the leaders in this mob were arrested next day, but, even if found guilty, the Mayor is almost bound, by his own participation in previous acts of mob violence, to shield them from punishment.

Dreadful Accident.—On Wednesday last, as a young man named Henry Juriens, a rope maker, of York, Pa., was returning home in a trading wagon, on the Brogue road, he met with a frightful accident. Mr. Valentine Gable was engaged near his house in felling a tree, and Juriens was not seen approaching until he had reached within a few yards of the spot and the tree had commenced falling. It struck the wagon directly over his head, passing over his face, crushed both his thighs in an awful manner, driving one of the bones of his leg into the seat on which he was sitting. His recovery is considered doubtful.

Death of a Minister.—We learn that the Rev. Peter McEnally, of the Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died very suddenly on the 19th inst., near Phillipsburg, Pa., on the mountain. He had alighted from his carriage to adjust something that was wrong, and complained of a stitch in his side, remarking that in a few moments he would be a dead man, when he almost instantly expired. He had been for sometime in feeble health, and was extensively known and esteemed.

The Atheneum gives the following droll story about Ole Bull:

M. Ole Bull, who rarely opened his violin case but out came (as overture to his fiddling) some sentimental personal history, such as John Anderson loves to tell, seems resolute not to fail in furnishing the world of talkers with anecdote and amazement. His last is so truly droll, that while translating the tale from the French papers we cannot avoid asking, "What if it prove a canard? Thus runs the Saga:—M. Ole Bull, the founder of the theatre at Bergen, had let all the places in it, without setting apart three of the best for the police. * * * * The Director of the police announced his intention of presenting himself and maintaining his rights by force. Offended at this proceeding M Ole Bull arranged at one end of the orchestra three places, above which was fixed a large black board with these words upon it in gigantic white letters, "Places for the Police"—garnishing this sign on either side with a lantern such as the watchmen carry. The Director of the police, considering this measure an affront to his authority, summoned M. Ole Bull, and in right of an old law of 1657 on the 17th of last month, sentenced the famous violinist to three months imprisonment.

The British Museum.—The Museum has reached its present state through a very large expenditure of public money. The buildings alone, in which this vast collection is deposited, have cost, since 1823, nearly £700,000. The sums expended in purchases for the various collections, either from annual or special grants, from 1755, independently of the buildings since 1823, considerably £1,100,000; and of that sum £315,000, at least, has gone directly to the purchase of objects now forming part of the collection. The contributions made by munificent and patriotic individuals have been of great value. The secretary estimated those which have been received for the twelve years preceding 1835, including the munificent library collected by his Majesty George III., and presented by his Majesty George IV., and the bequest by the late Richard Payne Knight, Esq., of medals, coins, and bronzes, at a sum little short of £400,000, and Mr. Grenville's late gift of a library, which cost upwards of £50,000, show the extent of increase that may be looked for from similar sources. At present the government of the museum, including the superintendence of all the departments, and the execution of all matters which do not fail to be immediately conducted by the heads of departments, is vested in a board of trustees, in number 48, of whom one is directly named by the crown, 23 are official, nine are named by the representatives or executors of parties, who have been donors to the institution, and 15 are elected by the board of trustees.

True Sublimity.—The eloquent and thrilling response of Kossuth to the Sultan's demand, that he should renounce his religion and embrace Mahommedanism, is worthy of a Luther, and of being regarded among those memorable sayings that in times of trial have been uttered by those who have been encouraged and sustained by the unfaltering trust inspired by the Christian faith. "*My answer does not admit of hesitation. Between death and shame the choice can neither be dubious nor difficult*—Governor of Hungary, and elected to that high place by the confidence of fifteen millions of my countrymen, I know well what I owe to my country even in exile. Even as a private individual I have an honorable path to pursue. Once governor of a generous country—I leave no other heritage to my children—they shall, at least, bear an unsullied name. *God's will be done. I am prepared to die.*"

The Endless Versatility of Lord Brougham.—That the King never dies, and Lord Brougham never sleeps, are two leading features of English constitutional doctrine. Whenever the time may come, and we sincerely trust it may be far distant, when the noble and learned lord is nominally removed from among us, we have little doubt that he will step forward in any capacity, save that of mute, to manage his own obsequies. He will wrangle with his own executors; throw his own estate into Chancery; review his own biography, which is now lying in Lord Campbell's desk; pronounce his own funeral oration in the House of Peers, and show himself visibly affected for five minutes at his own death; and when we imagine that we have nothing left for it but to reduce our grief within the decent limits of manly fortitude we shall be presently convinced that our sorrow was premature by receiving the intelligence that the departed worthy has just made his appearance as *primo tenore* at La Scala, or is the head of a Provisional Government at Tharen.—*London Times.*

Great Naval Work in Russia.—In the month of February last, the great naval basin at Sebastopol was completed, and the largest ships of war in the Russian Navy can now be docked with the greatest ease at that port. Some idea may be formed of the magnitude of the works when it is stated that the basin covers an extent of ten acres of ground, and has seven dry docks, three on one side and four on the other. The water in the basin is 30 feet above the level of the Black Sea, and the vessels are taken into it by means of three locks, the iron gates of which were made by Messrs. George and Sir John Rennie, and are 64 feet broad, the breadth of the locks being 29 feet deep. A large reservoir has been constructed at some distance from the basin, and the former is constantly supplied with water, by allowing a river to enter it, while the quantity of water in the basin is regulated by sluices from the reservoir.—Each of the dry docks has a sluice, which can be opened and the water emptied out, in a very limited period, without the trouble of pumping, the plan adopted at the docks adjoining basins in this country when it is found requisite to empty them at high water. The Emperor of Russia is reported to have about 50 ships of war at present at Sebastopol, and has recently received the best description of machinery for making blocks and other purposes.

A singular circumstance occurred on Federal Hill, Baltimore, Monday morning. The wife of George Waldman died, and the husband, while [illegible] at her body, fell dead himself. Grief it is said broke his heart.

Brownsville, Texas.—J. B. Bigelow has been elected Mayor. A meeting has been held in that city, and an agent appointed to proceed to Washington and press the location of a regiment of mounted dragoons in south western Texas, to protect the inhabitants from Indian depredations.—The valley of the Rio Grande is rapidly filling up with an American population, and protection from Indian marauders alone is wanting to make it one continuous village.—*N. O. Crescent.*

The Women of France.—Those in the middling classes carry on the greater part of the business; the energy and talent of the country seem to be concentrated in them. They tend the stores, keep the books, pay and receive the money, and take upon themselves often the complete charge of a large establishment. In many households the husbands seems to be a mere appendage to the wife, a kind of convenient and necessary evil.

An English paper chronicles the death of John Williams at Belle Isle, a member of the Methodist Society for 50 years. He is described as a man who dearly loved his Bible, and read it closely. He ascertained by calculation, that the word "behold," occurs 1099 times from Genesis to Revelation; the name "Moses," 803 times, "Joshua" 214 times, "David," 1006 times; and the sacred name of Jesus occurs in the New Testament 995 times.

Professor Webster continues in good health and spirits, and daily receives his meals from Parker's, a privilege granted to all prisoners who can pay for it. His spiritual adviser, Rev. Dr. Putnam, a Unitarian clergyman from Roxbury, visits him occasionally in his cell, and his wife and daughters twice a week regularly.

A census has been lately taken of the city of Quebec, (L. C.) which gives its population at 37,000, of whom 22,000 are French Canadians, and only 6,000 English Canadians; 6,000 are Irish, and the remainder from other forign countries. Only 13,000 of the population are married.

Scald of the Foot and Ankle Cured

Mr. Kier—I am desirous of making known to the public the great efficacy of your PETROLEUM in my own case, which was a severe scald of the foot and ankle; upon removing the stocking, the skin peeled off with it, and left nothing but the bare surface. I expected to be laid up all winter from the effects of this scald, but we applied the Petroleum freely, by means of a flannel cloth saturated with it; at first, the application was painful, but in a very short time the pain abated. I had no pain in one hour afterwards. In five days from the time of the application of the Petroleum, I was able to go to work. I take pleasure in stating these facts for the benefit of other sufferers, and am desirous that they should be made public. I would also state, that I find immediate relief by the use of the Petroleum, in burns, from which I am a frequent sufferer owning to my business about the engine. I would recommend it as the most prompt and certain remedy for burns I have ever known.

(Signed) J B COE, Engineer,
Sharpsburgh, Allegheny Co

Pittsburgh, April, 1850.

For sale by Keyser & McDowell, 140 Wood street; R E Sellers, 57 Wood st; D M Curry, Allegheny city; D A Elliott, Allegheny; Joseph Douglass, Allegheny; also by the proprietor, S. M. KIER,
ap27 Canal Basin, Seventh st, Pittsburgh
[City papers advertising Petroleum, please copy.]

☞ No Family should be without Dr M'Lane's Liver Pills.—The frightful catalogue of diseases that have their origin in a diseased state of the liver, manifest themselves to a greater or less extent in almost every family. Dyspepsia, sick head ache, obstructions of the menses, ague and fever, pains in the side, with dry, hacking cough, are all the results of hepatic derangement; and for these, Dr. M'Lane's Pills are a sovereign remedy. They have never been known to fail, and they should be kept at all times by families.

Directions.—Take two or three going to bed, every second or third night. If they do not purge two or three times by the next morning, take one or two more. A slight breakfast should invariably follow their use.

The Liver Pill may be used where purging is simply necessary. As an anti bilious purgative they are inferior to none. And in doses of two or three, they give astonishing relief to sick head ache; also in slight derangements of the stomach.

Observe, none are genuine without the fac simile of the proprietor's signature.

☞ For sale by J. KIDD & CO, No 60 Wood street.
ap27-d&w8

LOGAN, WILSON & CO.,
129 WOOD STREET, ABOVE FIFTH,
IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.
Ask the attention of purchasers to their
FRESH SPRING STOCK,
which they think will compare favorably, both in extent and cheapness, with that of any other house, either here or in the Eastern Cities.
feb24 d&w1yT

Biology not Mesmerism.—We desire to assure the citizens of Pittsburgh, that Biology and Mesmerism are distinct and very different sciences. Several lecturers on Mesmerism, who have neither heard our lectures nor seen one experiment, have claimed the new science as a mesmeric phenomenon, and in order to give them a chance of making profitable work of proving their claim, we have offered a reward of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS to the man who will produce a single passage, from any one of the numerous books on Mesmerism, in which the science of Biology, as taught by us, is, in the slightest degree, intimated.—Biology has certainly no nearer relation to Mesmerism, than Algebra has to common Arithmetic, a fact which will at once appear plain to any intelligent person who hears our lectures.

C. CHAUNCEY BURR.
HEMAN BURR.

Meeting of Stockholders.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, and Louisville Telegraph Company, will be held at the Neal House, in the City of Columbus, on MONDAY, the 3d day of June, at 4 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of other business that may be laid before them, in accordance with the Charter and By Laws of the Company.
ap23 wtd J K MOORHEAD, Pres't

O. K. CHAMBERLIN'S Commercial and Writing Rooms, in Post Office building are now open for the reception of pupils, both day and evening. In addition to his regular arrangements, a number of young ladies will be received for a term of one month, commencing May 1st, with the privilege of remaining at his rooms at such hours during the day as will best suit their convenience, without regard to the number of lessons, and will be taught an elegant and rapid business hand. Such as cannot attend during the day can join the evening class, and receive every advantage of a full course of instruction. Ladies meet from two to four in the afternoon, in a separate apartment. Instructions and lectures on Book Keeping as usual. ap29

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

AGASSIZ—Lake Superior; its Physical Character, Vegetation, and Animals. 8vo.
Spencer—The East. Illustrated. 8vo.
Humboldt—Cosmos. 2 vols. 12mo.
Humboldt—Aspects of Nature. 2 vols. 12mo
Brown—Turkish Evening Entertainments. 12mo.
Maclise—Surgical Anatomy. Colored plates. 4to.
Dana—Poems and Prose Writings. 2 vols. 12mo.
Tuckerman—The Optimist. 12mo.
Watson—Poetical Quotations. 8vo.
Cowper—Homer's Iliad. 12mo.
Mackay—Popular Delusions. 2 vols. 12mo.
For sale by JAMES D LOCKWOOD
ap29 Bookseller & Importer, 164 Fourth st.

SODA ASH—100 casks superior brands Soda Ash just received, and for sale by
JNO McFADEN & CO
ap29 Canal Basin, Penn st.

POWDER—1500 kegs Blasting;
1000 do Deer Rifle;
500 do Ky. co.
200 half kegs Ky. Rifle;
176 do Deer Rifle;
50 kegs Sea Shooting;
451 cans Ky Rifle;
250 do Deer do;
60,000 feet safety fuse, to arrive this day
and for sale by J S DILWORTH & CO
ap29

BACON—20 casks prime Shoulders just receiving on consignment, for sale by
J S DILWORTH & CO
ap29 33 Wood st.

SUGAR—6 hhds N O Sugar receiving on consignment, for sale by J S DILWORTH & CO

LARD—63 kegs No 1 Lard;
10 brls do do just rec'd, and for sale by
ap29 J S DILWORTH & CO

BUTTER—40 kegs Butter for sale by
ap29 J S DILWORTH & CO

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER—A popular Medicine—60 doz just received and for sale by
R E SELLERS,
ap29 57 Wood street

BUNCH RAISINS—100 bxs Kreisler's brand, for sale by WM BAGALEY & CO,
ap29 18 & 20 Wood st

NORTH CAROLINA TAR—150 brls large size, for sale by ap29 WM BAGALEY & CO

SALERATUS—150 boxes M'Farland's, a superior article, for sale by WM BAGALEY & CO
ap29

BLACK SILKS—A fine assortment of Black Silks of all widths, received at No 65 Market st, north west corner of the Diamond.
ap29 ALEXANDER & DAY

CHAMELEON SILK SHAWLS—Rich changeable Silk shawls of a very superior quality, by
ap29 ALEXANDER & DAY

BLACK LAWNS—Plain Black Lawns of different qualities, for sale by ALEXANDER & DAY
ap29

HAMS & BEEF—40 tcs S.C Hams, Evans & Swift's;
30 do S C Beef, do
20 do S. C. Hams, Duffield's;
All put up for summer use, and for sale by
ap29 SELLERS & NICOLS

LARD & LINSEED OIL—20 brls No 1 Lard Oil;
15 brls No 2 Lard Oil;
8 brls Linseed Oil;
For sale by ap29 SELLERS & NICOLS

LINSEED OIL—4 brls just rec'd, and for sale by
ROBISON, LITTLE & CO,
ap29 255 Liberty st.

WHITE BEANS—10 sacks just rec'd, for sale by
ap29 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

General Temperance Meeting.

THE friends of Temperance are generally invited to attend a meeting to be held in Wilkins Hall, on MONDAY evening, 29th inst.

Edward Paxton, Esq., of Philadelphia, and other distinguished speakers will address the meeting.

☞ White's Brass Band will be present, and perform a number of appropriate airs during the evening.
ap27-d2t

RESTAURANT
AUX FRERES PROVENCAUX,
No. 81, Fourth street.

I HAVE the honor of informing the citizens of Pittsburgh, that I have opened, at the above large and convenient house, a Restaurant a l'instar de Paris.

All the delicacies the season can afford will always be served in the most approved styles, besides imported dishes, such as Truffles, Mushrooms, Green Peas, Pates de foie gras, &c., with which I will always be ready to provide private families or parties.

Table d'Hote at 12½ o'clock every day.

Gentlemen wishing for private rooms can always be accommodated.

My larder and cellar will compare with any other in New York or Philadelphia.

A few more boarders can be accommodated.

ap27-d1w A. NARDI

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings.

A LARGE invoice of Super Black, Blue, Brown, and Olive Broad Cloths; Super Black, Doeskin, Middlesex, and Fancy Cassimeres; also, Super Black Satin, Marseilles, and Fancy Cashmere Vestings—received and now opening by

A A MASON & CO,
ap27 62 Market st.

Fine Dress Goods.

A. A. MASON & CO are receiving daily, additions of the following styles, to their splendid stock of Dress Goods, viz:—Super Black and Fancy Silks, Silk Tissues, Persian Cloths, Alberines, Silbenes, Bareges and Barege De Lains, Book, Swiss, Organde, Jaconet, and Batiste Lawns, &c; also, Mourning Dress Goods in all their variety. ap27

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Grading and Masonry of about thirty miles of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road, extending westward from the State Line, near Palestine, will be let at Salem, Columbiana County, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 8th day of May, 1850. Contractors can obtain information of the Engineers upon the line, or at the office in Salem.

By order of the Board of Directors.
WM. ROBINSON, Jr., President.
Pittsburgh, April 25th, 1850.—ap27:dtd

[Cleveland Herald; Ohio State Journal, Columbus; and Cincinnati Gazette, copy three times, and charge Company.]

Land and Mills for Sale.

A FLOURING MILL, with four run of stones—one of the best locations for business in the west—and a first rate Saw Mill, on an almost never failing stream, and 16 acres of Land, good Dwelling House, Tenant House, and other improvements, situated seven miles from the Ohio River, Monroe County, Ohio. Also, near the above, a beautiful Farm, well improved, containing 240 acres. For terms, &c, enquire of

WILLIAM H. JOHNSTON,
ap27 112 Second st., Pittsburgh.

The Power of Beauty!

WE read that the strength of Samson all lay in his hair, and that when the perfidious Delilah had despoiled him of his flowing locks, his power all departed from him. When we see a young and lovely woman, with magnificent hair, before whose beauty all seem to bow, the history of Samson is forcibly brought to mind. Let that proud lady, through sickness or neglect be shorn of her luxuriant ringlets, and the power of beauty is at an end. JULES HAUEL'S EAU LUSTRALE HAIR RESTORATIVE is, without doubt, the best article extant, for keeping the hair in a healty state, and reinvigorating hair which has become thin and harsh. Its constant use will keep the hair soft, silky, and luxuriant to the most advanced age. It entirely eradicates all dandruff and scurf, and keeps the scalp clean and healthy, while the hair is not liable to turn grey so soon. It will bring in new hair on heads which have become prematurely bald, and prevent the hair falling out from the effects of sickness. I have received testimonials of its beneficial effects from persons of the highest respectability, and some of the most scientific gentlemen of this city have pronounced it to be unique. As every highly popular discovery is liable to be counterfeited or imitated, so it is with my Eau Lustrale Hair Restorative. An imitation of this article has been manufactured in this city, which I would particularly caution the public against. Always ask for JULES HAUEL'S Eau Lustrale Hair Restorative, and you will then obtain an article which is warranted to render satisfaction.

JULES HAUEL, Perfumer and Chemist,
120 Chestnut street, below Fourth.

For sale wholesale and retail by B. A. Fahnestock & Co, and R. E. Sellers, Pittsburgh; and John Sargant and J. Mitchell, Allegheny city, Pa. ap27

PLASTER PARIS—500 brls of superior quality finely ground, white, pure, and unadulterated, and suitable for land, &c, for sale low by

W W WALLACE,
ap25 319 & 321 Liberty st.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale by
ap25 W W WALLACE

FRENCH BURR AND LAUREL HILL MILL STONES, best quality, warranted, and at prices lower than have before been offered in this market,
ap25 W W WALLACE

BOLTING CLOTHS, all numbers, best quality, warranted, and at reduced prices.
ap25 W W WALLACE

MARBLE MANTELS of the best quality, my own manufacture, on hand and made to order on short notice.
W W WALLACE
ap25 d2w& w2m9

PAPER—150 rms Medium Straw Wrapping Paper;
150 rms Crown do do
Also a large assortment of Printing Paper of every description, on hand and for sale by

A H ENGLISH & CO,
Successors to ELLIOTT & ENGLISH,
ap27 79 Wood street.

JUST received—20 brls Alum, for sale by
J KIDD & CO,
ad27 60 Wood st.

MACCABAW SNUFF—200 lbs just rec'd for sale by
ap27 J KIDD & CO

GARRETT'S SCOTCH SNUFF—500 lbs in bladders, for sale by [ap27] J KIDD & CO

WHITE VITRIOL—150 lbs rec'd, and for sale by
ap27 J KIDD & CO

PARIS GREEN—600 lbs just on hand, for sale by
ap27 J KIDD & CO

PINK ROOT—1 sack superior quality, received at the Drug, Seed, and Perfumery Warehouse, corner of Sixth and Wood st. S N WICKERSHAM
ap27

COD LIVER OIL—just received, and warranted pure white, for sale by the gallon by
ap27 S N WICKERSHAM

LARD OIL—25 brls Conkling's No 1, for sale by
B A FAHNESTOCK & CO,
ap26 Corner First & Wood sts.

TIN FOIL—200 lbs for sale by
ap26 B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

VEN. RED—50 brls English, for sale by
ap26 B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

ALCOHOL—76, 92, and 95 per cent, for sale by
ap26 B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

JUST rec'd from the Phillipsville Oil Cloth Factory:
2000 yards 4-4 Floor Oil Cloth;
500 do 3-4 do do
300 do 5-4 do do
600 do 6-4 do do
400 do 8-4 do do
For sale at the wareroom, Nos 7 and 9 Wood street,
ap26 J & H PHILLIPS

FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS—120 dozen assorted sizes and styles of Table, Piano, and Bureau Covers, for sale by ap26 J & H PHILLIPS

WINDOW SHADES—A splendid assortment just rec'd, and for sale by J & H PHILLIPS

SHEET FLOOR OIL CLOTH—On hand, a fine assortment of 4 and 6 yard wide Floor Cloth, splendid patterns, of which we will cut to order, any size, at eastern wholesale prices. J & H PHILLIPS
ap26

1850] REED HOUSE, [1850

KEITH & BARBER, Proprietors,

Public Square, Erie, Pa.

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE—Eastern, Western, and Southern Stages, leave this house daily. Carriages to and from Steam and Packet Boats, Gratis.

M. W. KEITH, late of the American Hotel, Erie, Pa.
G. W. BARBER, late of the Kinsman Hotel, Ohio.
ap23 d6m

Changeable Silk Shawls,

OF different shades, and very low for quality, lately received at the Dry Goods house of

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD,
ap25 N E corner of Fourth and Market sts

For Sale.

A SPLENDID NEW FAMILY CARRIAGE AND HARNESS, at the Coach Factory of C. West & Co, Penn street, will be sold low, for cash, or on time, well secured ap26 d5t

Gloves and Hosiery.

JUST received, a supply of Ladies' Black, White, Mixt, Lead, and Unbleached Hosiery; Embroidered do; Spun Silk and Moravian do; and Men's Mixt White Unbleached Cotton do; Merino ditto. Lisle Gloves for Ladies and Gentlemen; Embroidered Lisle and Silk do. All at low cash prices, at store of

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD,
ap25 N E corner of Fourth and Market sts.

Colored and White Wadding.

100 BALES superior quality, just received from manufacturer, on consignment, and for sale at eastern price, at the manufacturers' warehouse,

HUSEY, FLEMING & CO,
ap25 129 Wood st.

SUGAR—71 hhds N O Sugar, on consignment, now landing from steamer Jefferson, and for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO,
ap25 112 Water st.

MOLASSES—100 brls in store, and for sale by
ap25 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

COFFEE—182 bags Rio, to arrive, for sale by
ap25 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

TAR—100 brls, to arrive, for sale by
ap25 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

FISH—25 brls No 3 Mackerel;
25 brls Herring;
10 brls Shad, to arrive, and for sale by
ap25 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

BACON—25,000 lbs Hams;
15,000 lbs Sides;
10,000 lbs Shoulders, in store, for sale by
ap25 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

FEATHERS always on hand, and for sale by
ap25 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

CASKS—Good new bacon casks, for sale by
ap25 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

MACKEREL—100 brls large No 3, Newbury port inspection, just received, and for sale by
JOHN McFADEN & CO
ap25 Canal Basin, Penn street.

Sellers' Vermifuge—"The Best now in Use."

BUENA VISTA, O., April 8, 1850.

Mr. R. E. SELLERS—Dear Sir—Having used some of your Vermifuge in our families, with great success, and believing, from the very great satisfaction it has given in our neighborhood, that it is the best now in use, we are anxious to procure the agency for this place. We have sold all we obtained of your Ohio agent. Yours, respectfully, F & A JULIAN.

☞Parents should always procure the most reliable Worm Medicine.

Prepared and sold by R E SELLERS, No 57 Wood street, and sold by Druggists generally in the two cities. ap25

BRICK! BRICK!

BRICK—2,000,000 Steam Pressed Brick of the best quality; also 200,000 of Common Brick, for sale. Enquire of [ap24] SOLOMON SCHOYER.

REMOVAL.

PALMER, HANNA & CO. have removed their Exchange Office to north west corner of Wood and Third streets. ap23

U. S. Marine Hospital.

SEALED Proposals will be received at the office of the Surveyor of the Port of St. Louis, Missouri, until the 10th of May next, for the erection of a Marine Hospital upon the lot of ground on which the Magazine now stands, south of the Arsenal. The bids will include the excavations, masonry, and such portions of the carpenter work as is necessary while the walls are going up, with the roofing of the building. Specifications of the work, with the plan, will be exhibited until the day of letting.

EDWARD WATTS, Superintendant.
St. Louis, April 15, 1850. ap24-d2w

C. YEAGER,

108 Market Street, (near Liberty,)

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

AMERICAN, ENGLISH, AND GERMAN FANCY GOODS; HOSIERY, RIBBONS, LACES, GLOVES, THREADS, COMBS, BUTTONS, SUSPENDERS, &c. Also,

Satin and Fancy Vestings,

BLACK AND FANCY SILK CRAVATS, PONGEE, BANDANNA, and LINEN HDKFS, a general assortment of FANS, and every variety of trimmings.
ap24

To Rail Road Contractors.

WE keep constantly on hand a large stock of Crow Bar and Sledge Moulds, Stone and Blacksmith Sledges, and Steel of every kind.

SINGER, HARTMAN & CO,
10 Water st.

SINGER, HARTMAN & CO. Sheffield Works.—Manufacturers of Springs, Axles, Steel Anvils Vices, Boiler and Sheet Iron, &c &c., warehouse No. 109 Water street. ap24-d3t

LARD OIL.

10 BARRELS LARD OIL, No 1, for sale by
ap24 SOLOMON SCHOYER

SUGAR—40 hhds N O Sugar in store and for sale by
ap24 S & W HARBAUGH

LARD—100 kegs Leaf Lard for family use, in store, and for sale by S & W HARBAUGH

MOULD CANDLES—50 boxes Mould Candles, in store, and for sale by S & W HARBAUGH

WINDOW GLASS—300 boxes 8x10;
100 do 10x12;
50 do 11x14, just received and for sale by ap24 S & W HARBAUGH

LOUISVILLE LIME—100 brls in store, and for sale by ap24 S & W HARBAUGH

FOULARD SILKS—A most superior assortment now opening by ap24 A A MASON & CO

BAREGES & TISSUES—2 cases elegant styles received per late European steamer, and now opening by ap24 A A MASON & CO

WHITE GOODS—Mull, Swiss, Book, Jaconet, and Barred Muslins, in great variety.
ap24 A A MASON & CO

GROCERIES, &c—20 hf chests Green & Black Tea;
40 catty bxs do do
20 bags sup'r Laguayra Coffee;
25 bags Rio Coffee;
10 bags old Gov. Java Coffee;
10 hhds prime N O Sugar;
20 brls refined and Loaf Sugar;
40 brls N O Molasses;
20 hf brls S H Molasses;
3 brls Golden Syrup;
20 brls clarified Cider Vinegar;
150 doz assorted Corn Brooms;
40 doz patent Zinc Wash Boards;
10 bxs Cocoa and Chocolate;
4 bxs Superfine Rice Flour;
50 bxs English Dairy Cheese;
For sale by J D WILLIAMS & CO
ap24 Corner Wood & Fifth sts.

BACON—20,000 lbs Bacon Hams;
30,000 lbs do Shoulders;
10,000 lbs do Sides,
Just receiving from smoke house, and for sale by
ap24 S & W HARBAUGH

WINDOW GLASS—1000 bxs well assorted sizes, in store, and for sale by
HENRY HANNEN & CO,
ap24 22 Market street.

WHITE LEAD—2000 kegs pure and No 1 White Lead in Oil, J. Hannen & Co.'s brand, for sale by
ap24 HENRY HANNEN & CO

RED LEAD & LITHARGE in store and for sale by
ap24 HENRY HANNEN & CO

PARASOLS—A. A. MASON & CO, 62 Market st, have received per express 10 cases of Parasols of the best manufactures, and of all qualities. ap24

JACONETS & PRINTED MUSLINS—A large invoice of the above goods received, and opening by
ap24 A A MASON & CO

CRAPE SHAWLS—Another large stock of Crape Shawls of the most elegant embroidery, received per express, by A A MASON & CO

QUEEN CITY SHIRT STORE,

NO. 22 ST. CLAIR STREET, near the Bridge—Customer Shirts made to order promptly. Our Shirts are made by measurement the same as garments. All shirts warranted to fit, otherwise exchanged, or the money returned. We keep in the store a large assortment; those wishing to purchase we take their measure, select shirts to correspond, and thus they are correctly fitted. We have shirts with magnificent embroidery on the bosom, to which we call the attention of gentlemen in the habit of going to parties, as they would add much to their personal appearance. No shirts sold at our store but those made by ourselves. S. & N. AUL,
ap23 d1w

Match Horses

A BEAUTIFUL PAIR OF BLACK MATCH HORSES for sale by J C BREYFOGLE,
ap23 118 Second st.

NUMBERING HOUSES.

ALL persons having numbers put on their houses, in conformity to a resolution of Councils, will please call at the Rooms of the Board of Trade, second story, corner of Wood and Third sts, and pay for the same. SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK
Pittsburgh, April 20, 1850. ap24

8,000 TONS RAIL ROAD IRON.

THE Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road Company wish to contract for eight thousand tons of Rail Road Iron, for the eastern division of their road, extending westward from Pittsburgh. Three thousand tons to be delivered on the Ohio River, at Pittsburgh and Beaver, before the close of canal navigation in the present year, 1850; and the remainder in the spring of next year. The rails are to be of the H pattern, in lengths of twenty feet, and are to weigh 60 pounds per lineal yard. They are to be subject to the inspection of Solomon W. Roberts, Chief Engineer. For further information, please address the President of the company, at Pittsburgh. By order of the Board of Directors. WM. ROBINSON, Jr., President.
Pittsburgh, April 20th, 1850. ap22 d3w

WINES—150 boxes Claret Wines, choice brands;
68 baskets Champagne do do
just rec'd per steamer Navigator, and for sale by
A CULBERTSON,
ap22 195 Liberty st

Machine Cards.

SHEET CARDS for Wool Carding Machines, comb plate and cleaners, for sale by
GEORGE COCHRAN,
ap23 26 Wood st.

CHEESE—75 bxs prime new cheese;
50 bxs old cheese, just rec'd at the butter and cheese depot, 143 Front street.
ap23 J B CANFIELD

LINSEED OIL—15 brls just rec'd, and for sale by
ap23 J B CANFIELD

Muspratts' Patent Soda Ash.

464 CASKS of the above celebrated brand and high test, direct from the manufacturers; 150 casks now on the way from New Orleans, and expected here this week; and 314 will shortly arrive via Baltimore per ships Juniata, Chesapeake, Damascus, and Albus, which will be sold on arrival, at the lowest market price for cash or approved bills.

W & M MITCHELTREE,
ap23 No 160 Liberty st.

SUGAR—120 hhds N O Sugar, in store, for sale by
ap23 W & M MITCHELTREE

BUTTER—7 brls and 6 kegs fresh, just rec'd, and for sale by ap23 J B CANFIELD

MOLASSES—300 brls prime N O Molasses, in oak barrels, in store, and for sale by
ap23 W & M MITCHELTREE

Mosquito Bars,

FOUNDATION MUSLINS, Crown Linings, Buckrams, Cotton Yarn from 5 to 40's. Also, WICKING—Best Sperm Braided Wick, Chandlers' Wick, Wadding, Batts, &c., manufactured and for sale on the lowest terms, by D McEWING,
ap24-d1m 156 Pearl st. New York.

ASSORTED FRENCH CORDIALS, ABSINTH, ANISETTE, GUIGNOLET, &c., just rec'd, and for sale by ap22 A CULBERTSON

FRENCH VINEGAR—2 casks, a superior article just received, and for sale by
ap22 A CULBERTSON

SUGAR—20 brls Lovering's Powdered and Crushed Sugars, just rec'd, and for sale by
ap22 A CULBERTSON

BACON—19 casks Shoulders, Cincinnati cured;
6 do Sides, do
8 do Hams, do
Just rec'd, and for sale by
ap22 L S WATERMAN & SONS

MOLASSES—120 brls N O Molasses just received and for sale by L S WATERMAN & SONS
ap23

PARIS GREEN—5 cases of grade G rec'd, and for sale by ap19 BRAUN & REITER

SUGAR—71 hhds N O Sugar, to arrive by steamer Jefferson, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO
ap19 112 Water st

BRANDIES—A choice selection of pure Brandies, John Darand & Co's manufacture, kept constantly on hand and for sale by
A CULBERTSON,
ap19 195 Liberty street.

WINES—Superior qualities of Claret and Champagne Wines kept constantly on hand, and for sale by ap19 A CULBERTSON

78 BRLS. LOUISVILLE LIME just rec'd and for sale by ap19 A CULBERTSON

VENISON HAMS AND DEER SKINS just rec'd, and for sale by ap19 A CULBERTSON

LOUISVILLE WHITE LIME—150 brls fresh, just rec'd, and for sale by C H GRANT,
ap18 94 Water st.

HAMS—45 tcs sugar cured hams, just rec'd, and for sale by JAMES A HUTCHINSON & CO

LEAD—1000 pigs Galena Lead rec'd per steamer Milton, and for sale by
ap18 JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO

SHOT—26 kgs assorted numbers for sale by
ap18 JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO

REFINED SUGARS—299 brls crushed, powdered, and for sale by JAMES A HUTCHISON & CO
ap18 Agents St. Louis Steam Sugar Refinery.

PEACHES—210 bushels prime halves, dried peaches, for sale by L S WATERMAN & SONS
ap22

BUTTER—15 brls prime packed Butter;
25 kgs do do for sale by
ap23 L S WATERMAN & SONS

SEEDS—35 brls prime Cloverseed;
10 bags prime Timothy Seed, for sale by
ap22 L S WATERMAN & SONS

SCYTHE SNEATHS & RAKES—80 dozen patent Scythe Sneaths; 30 doz Rakes for sale by
ap23 L S WATERMAN & SONS

POTASH—21 casks rec'd, and for sale by
ap23 WICK & McCANDLESS

SALERATUS—33 casks Cleveland Saleratus;
20 brls do do
23 bxs do do in papers
this day received, and for sale by
ap23 WICK & McCANDLESS

TAR—18 brls N. C. Tar;
20 half brls do, rec'd and for sale by
ap23 WICK & McCANDLESS

BROOMS—138 doz Corn Brooms for sale by
ap23 WICK & McCANDLESS

PIG IRON—20 tons this day rec'd, and for sale by
ap23 WICK & McCANDLESS

COFFEE & TEAS—75 bags prime Rio Coffee;
75 half chests Y. H. Tea;
43 do G. P. do;
52 caddy bxs do;
20 half chests Black Tea, receiving per canal, and for sale by
ap22 JAMES DALZELL

TANNERS' OIL—25 brls for sale by
ap22 JAMES DALZELL

Wanted,

FIVE active and intelligent young men to assist in making preparations for a Directory of the City of Pittsburgh, apply immediately to

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,
Rooms of Board of Trade, corner of Third
ap22-d1w and Wood sts., second story.

EXTRA CREAM CHEESE—50 bxs Cream Cheese of extra quality, in store and to arrive, and for sale by
R DALZELL & CO,
ap22 235 Liberty st.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON have just rec'd for sale, Volume 5th HUME'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND, Harper's new edition, cloth.

THE FEAR OF THE WORLD, or Living for Appearances, with Illustrations. By the Brothers Mahew.
ap20

[Chronicle, Post, American, and Journal, copy.]

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEED—200 bushel prime cloverseed, and 30 bu Timothy in store, and for sale by ap22 R DALZELL & CO

LARD—No 1 Lard in kegs and half brls, in store, and for sale by R DALZELL & CO

OSNABURGS—10 bales Cotton Osnaburgs, suitable for grain and feed bags, tarpaulins, steam boat fire screens, &c, just received, and for sale by
H LEE,
ap20 139 Liberty street.

BURLAPS—2 bales 40 inch heavy burlaps received and for sale by ap20 H LEE

1,100 WOOL SACKS—Burlap and Cotton Wool Sacks on hand, and for sale by H LEE

TWINE—500 lbs wool tying and sewing twines for sale by ap20 H LEE

VENISON HAMS—1 cask Venison Hams, for sale by ap20 C H GRANT

CORN—500 bu shelled, in store, and for sale by
STUART & SILL,
ap20 118 Wood st.

BEAVER BUCKETS—50 doz in store, for sale by
ap20 STUART & SILL

BATTING—50 bales No 1, in store, and for sale by
ap20 STUART & SILL

ALCOHOL—12 brls in store, and for sale by
ap20 J KIDD & CO

FRENCH IMITATION GOLD LEAF—60 packages just rec'd, for sale by ap20 J KIDD & CO

PATENT BLACK—200 lbs for sale by
ap20 J KIDD & CO

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE!

Lessee and Manager	C. S. PORTER

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Dress Circle and Parquette	50 cents.
Second and Third Tiers	25 "
Gallery (for colored persons)	25 "

Doors open at 7½; Curtain will rise at 8 o'clock.

☞ BENEFIT of Mr. SILSBEE, and his last appearance.

On Monday, April 29th, will be presented a new drama called

CASPAR HAUSER.

Dr Lot Whittle	Mr Silsbee
Caspar Hauser	Mrs Nichols
Eva	Miss Porter
Margarette	Mrs Glassford

During the evening, THREE YANKEE STORIES.

To be followed with

BLIND MAN'S BUFF.

Return	Mr Silsbee
Betsey	Mrs Frary

To conclude with

THE YANKEE IN CHINA.

Alijah	Mr Silsbee
Emperor	Mr G W Johnston

M. M'BRIDE, Esq., will appear on Tuesday

WILKINS HALL.

BIOLOGY.

WONDERFUL AND AMUSING.

MESSRS. BURR will give their Lectures and Experiments on the new and wonderful science of Biology, at Wilkins Hall, on SATURDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Evenings, April 27th, 29th, 30th, and May 1st, 1850.

A series of astonishing experiments with mind will be introduced.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, to commence at 8 precisely. Admittance, 25 cents. Children, half price.

SHAKSPEREAN READING.

MISS H. FANNING READ will read "THE MERCHANT OF VENICE," at WILKINS HALL, on SATURDAY evening, April 27.

Tickets, 50 cents; to be had at the book stores of L Loomis, Kay & Co, and Johnston & Stockton, and the Monongahela House, Exchange Hotel, and St. Charles Hotel, and at the door.

Doors open at 6¾, reading to commence at 7½ o'clock.
ap26 dzt

WASHINGTON HALL, PITTSBURGH,

137 & 139 Wood street, above Fifth.

THAT splendid establishment is now offered for Rent. It is admirably arranged for Concerts, Lectures, Exhibitions, &c. For terms, apply to

JOHN A FITZSIMONS,
ap 10-1m 137 Wood st.

PITTSBURGH MUSEUM.

APOLLO HALL,—FOURTH STREET.

OPEN DAILY—from 9 to 12 in the morning; 2 to 5 in the afternoon; and from 7 to 10 o'clock in the evening.

☞ Admittance 25 cents; Children under 12 years half price.
mh27

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

I HAVE taken WM. CARR into partnership with me in my business, which will from this date be carried on under the name of "John Parker & Co."

March 1st, 1850. JOHN PARKER.

John Parker	William Carr

JOHN PARKER & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, Dealers in Produce, Foreign Wines, Liquors, Old Monongahela and Rectified Whiskey.
No. 5, Commercial Row, Liberty street,
mr20 Pittsburgh, Pa.

A. A. MASON & CO., PITTSBURGH. C. L. ANTHONY & CO., NEW YORK

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

A. A. MASON & CO,

Market Street, between Third & Fourth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of city and country merchants, to one of the most extensive Stocks in the country, comprising over Fourteen Hundred Cases and Packages of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, consisting, in part, of

200	cases	best style Calicos;
100	"	Bleached Muslin, all grades;
40	"	Summer Stuffs and Cottonades;
30	"	Muslin de Lains,
40	"	Lawns and Muslins;
50	"	Satinetts and Tweeds;
10	"	Cassimeres, Cloths;
100	"	and bales of Tickings, Checks, &c.;
300	"	" Brown Muslins.

Together with the most extensive assortment of Imported Goods in this market, possessing the most ample facilities for the transaction of their business, and one of the partners being constantly in the eastern markets, thus presenting every advantage enjoyed by eastern houses. They believe that they can offer greater inducements to merchants generally, in styles, qualities, and prices, than any eastern market. New goods constantly arriving. Merchants intending purchasing East, are particularly solicited to examine their assortment. [ap11] A A MASON & CO

LEMON SYRUP—24 doz superior quality, for sale by
ap20 J KIDD & CO

WINDOW GLASS—29 bxs 7x9;
79 bxs 8x10, in store, and for sale by [ap20] STUART & SILL

BACON—5400 lbs shoulders;
3000 lbs hams, city cured, in store, and for sale by ap20 STUART & SILL

BROOMS—80 doz different sizes, in store, and for sale by ap20 STUART & SILL

COTTON YARN—1000 lbs assorted, for sale by
ap20 STUART & SILL

CANDLEWICK—500 lbs in store, and for sale by
ap20 STUART & SILL

PEARL ASH—7 casks just rec'd and for sale by
R DALZELL & CO
ap20 Liberty st.

POT ASH—5 casks received, and for sale by
ap20 R DALZELL & CO

PAPER—150 rms Crown Straw Wrapping Paper;
150 do Medium Straw do do
Together with a large assortment of Printing Paper of every size, on hand and for sale by

A H ENGLISH & CO,
Successors of ELLIOTT & ENGLISH,
No 79 Wood street.

COD LIVER OIL—60 gallons white, warranted pure, for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO,
ap20 Corner of First and Wood sts.

ADHESIVE PLASTER—300 yards, Ellis' spread, for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.

OPIUM—100 lbs new crop, for sale by
ap20 B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

GUM ARABIC—130 lbs strictly white, for sale by
ap20 B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

PINK ROOT—900 lbs superior quality, just on hand, for sale by
J KIDD & CO,
ap20 No 60 Wood street

MESSRS. DRAPER & CO.,

BANK NOTE ENGRAVERS, have associated with them CHARLES WELSH, (so favorably known for the past fourteen years as Engraver in the office of Spencer, Hufty & Danforth,) as copartner. The business will in future be conducted under the firm of DRAPER, WELSH & CO.

JOHN DRAPER,
ROBERT DRAPER,
CHARLES WELSH,
Philadelphia Exchange, April 4 1850. ap20-d7t

PEARL STARCH—55 bxs superior Pearl Starch, manufactured by Julius J Wood, Columbus, Ohio, received on consignment, and for sale by
ap19 HARDY, JONES & CO

DIALOGUE OF DEVILS—A few copies of this work for sale by JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
ap19 Booksellers, corner of Market and Third sts.

PRESCOTT'S CONQUEST OF PERU.
PRESCOTT'S CONQUEST OF MEXICO;
A few copies of each of the above works just rec'd by [ap19] JOHNSTON & STOCKTON
[Journal, Chronicle, American, and Post, copy.]

SCHWART'S PATENT PARIS GREEN always on hand, and for sale at the lowest prices, by
ap19 BRAUN & REITER

LOST OR STOLEN.—Yesterday afternoon, on Water street, between the Monongahela House and Wood street, SIXTY DOLLARS. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.
ap17.

13,000 LBS. BULK PORK, in prime order, just received, and for sale by
ap18 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

SUGAR—8 hhds N O Sugar for sale by
ap18 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

STUCCO PLASTER—8 bbls for sale by
ap18 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

RYE FLOUR—17 bbls prime, in store, for sale by
ap18 J S DILWORTH & CO

TAR—40 bbls in store, and for sale by
ap18 J S DILWORTH & CO

COD FISH—4 drums for sale by
ap18 J S DILWORTH & CO

POTASH—6 casks just landing, a prime article,
ap18 J S DILWORTH & CO

Mourning Wash Stuffs.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD invite attention to their assortment of above goods. ap17

BARAGES AND GRENADINES—Plain and printed Barages, Tissues, Grenadines, and other dress goods. An assortment of newest styles rec'd by
ap17 MURPHY & BURCHFIELD

MOLASSES—56 bbls Plantation Molasses,
25 hds Sugar House do
Arriving per steamer Milton, and for sale by
ap17 BROWN & KIRKPATRICK

LOUISVILLE WHITE LIME—60 bbls just rec'd, and for sale by A CULBERTSON,
ap17 145 Liberty st.

VENISON HAMS—1000 lbs V. Hams in prime order, just rec'd, for sale by A CULBERTSON

DEER SKINS—6 bundles just rec'd, and for sale by
ap17 A CULBERTSON

CASTOR OIL—5 bbls rec'd, and for sale by
ap17 BRAUN & REITER

ALCHOHOL—5 bbls rec'd, and for sale by
ap17 BRAUN & REITER

SWEET OIL—2 casks rec'd and for sale by
ap17 BRAUN & REITER

CHROME GREEN—12 cases rec'd and for sale by
ap17 BRAUN & REITER

BACON—21 casks hams;
10 do sides;
7 do shoulders, now landing from Fort Pitt. and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO
ap17 119 Water st.

SALERATUS—25 casks Cleveland Saleratus for sale by ap15 WICK & McCANDLESS

SALTPETRE—5 kgs refined, rec'd and for sale by
ap17 BRAUN & REITER

BAND BOXES for sale, wholesale and retail, by
ap13 W P MARSHALL

WATERMAN PALMER. JOSHUA HANNA. WM. K. HART.

PALMER, HANNA & CO.,

(Successors to Hussey, Hanna & Co.)

BANKERS, EXCHANGE BROKERS, and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Certificates of Deposite, Bank Notes, and Specie—North west corner of Wood and Third streets. Current money received on deposite.—Sight Checks for sale, and collections made on nearly all the principal points in the United States.

The highest premium paid for Foreign and American Gold.

Advances made on consignments of Produce, shipped East, on liberal terms.
ap23

May Magazines and New Books,

AT HOLMES' LITERARY DEPOT

THIRD STREET, opposite the Post Office.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for May.
Graham's Magazine do
Sartain's Magazine do
Morning Call, by Mrs. Ellis.
Women in America; her work and her reward. By Maria J. McIntosh.
Moneypenny, or the Heart of the World.
Littell's Living Age, No 310.
Diary of a Physician in California; being the results of actual experience, including notes of the journey by land and water, observations on the climate, soil, &c.
ap23