THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 12, 1850.

☞ Advertisers are earnestly requested to send in their favors before 5 P. M., and as early in the day as practicable. Advertisements not inserted for a specified time will invariably be charged until ordered out.

☞ Philadelphia North American.—Advertisements and subscriptions to the North American and United States Gazette, Philadelphia, received and forwarded from this office.

☞ Cincinnati Daily Gazette.—Advertisements and subscriptions, for this paper, will be received and forwarded from this office.

☞ Philadelphia Commercial List.—Subscriptions for this valuable paper, will be received and forwarded from this office.

Baltimore American.—Subscriptions and advertisements for this paper received and forwarded free of charge from this office.

Antimasonic and Whig County Conventions.

In pursuance of the call of the Chairman, the Whig and Antimasonic County Committee of Correspondence met at the Court House. The following resolution was adopted, to wit:—

"Resolved, That the Whig and Antimasonic voters of the several Election Districts of Allegheny County be, and are hereby requested to meet at their usual places for holding elections, on Saturday, the 1st day of June next, then and there to elect two delegates to the County Convention to be held at the Court House, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Said Convention to make the usual and necessary nominations for the ensuing October Elections, and also to appoint five delegates to represent the County in the State Convention, to be held in the city of Philadelphia, on Wednesday, the 10th day of June."

The primary meetings in the Townships to be held between the hours of two and five o'clock, (except Pitt) and those in the Wards and Boroughs between the hours of seven and nine o'clock, P. M.

Jno. E. Parke, Alex Franklin, Thos. Steele, } Secretaries.
A. Hilands, Chairman.

Pittsburgh, April 10, 1850.

☞ SEE NEXT PAGE FOR LOCAL MATTERS, TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, &c.

In consequence of the late reception of the charge of Judge McClure, we are compelled to defer its publication.

The Late Riots.—The speedy and condign punishment which has visited the persons convicted of being engaged in the late riots, appears to have astonished and alarmed some portions of the community, and to have surprised all. We have been so long accustomed, in this county, to see persons charged with such crimes against society, escape with little or no punishment, that a sudden, quick, and stern vindication of the law, startles the fears of some, quickens the sympathies of others, and arouses the attention of all.

Without at this time expressing any opinion as to the amount of guilt incurred by the unfortunate persons who have subjected themselves to the law's severe penalties—or without inquiring whether they were more or less guilty than others who partook of the crime, but have escaped detection—we cannot let the occasion pass without expressing our gratification that the majesty of the law has been vindicated in Allegheny county—that its demands have not been delayed and frittered away by postponement and a nominal punishment, and that rioters of every class and grade will learn from this, that they violate the law at their peril.

We can now tell the world that personal rights and privileges, and property, are safe in Pittsburgh, that the transgressor does not go free, that sure punishment awaits the guilty.

The spirit of riot, which has been, for some years past, so rife among us, has received a check from the result of these trials, and the prompt and efficient action of the Sheriff, which we hope and trust will eradicate it forever. With a resolute Sheriff, and a firm Judge, there is little chance for the guilty to escape. The knowledge of this will quench the ardor of those who ruthlessly invade the rights of others, and we may therefore confidently predict that the era of rioting is over among us.

Efforts will, no doubt, be made, as in almost every case of conviction for a criminal offence, to procure the pardon of the convicts. Whether they are deserving of this, we are not sufficiently acquainted with the facts in the case to say. We do not think the sentence at all too severe for the crime of riot. In the case of the women, we do not see how it could well be less. A female rioter is worse, if any thing, than a male. She takes advantage of the general repugnance to oppose force to a woman, and degrades and disgraces her sex by engaging in such scenes. But if there is any thing extenuating in these individual cases, they should have all the benefit of it. Sorry should we be to see them punished one iota beyond their desert, but it is due to the rights of the whole community that we should not forget the demands of justice while we listen to the appeals of mercy.

Western Rail Road.

In announcing the fact, yesterday, that the Pittsburgh Rail Road Bonds had been disposed of, on satisfactory terms, we should have included those, also, given for the same purpose by the city of Allegheny. The Rail Road Bonds of both cities, amounting to $100,000, have been sold, and the money is therefore ready for the construction of the Rail Road between this city and Beaver, to which purpose, we understand, the proceeds of the bonds are specifically appropriated. We presume the amount realized will suffice to prepare the road for the cars. The situation of our Western road is, at the present time, as follows:

The Division between Pittsburgh and Beaver, will be let on the 24th of this month, and there is money enough provided to finish, and probably to stock it. The Division between Beaver and the Ohio State line is all under contract, and will be finished in good time. The individual subscriptions of Pittsburgh and Allegheny are appropriated to this Division, and will be sufficient to prepare it for the rails. The Columbiana county Division, between the State line, and the line of the Wellsville and Cleveland road, is nearly ready for letting,—the locating party being expected to finish their work in a few days. This Division will be let to contractors on the 8th of May. Sufficient stock has been subscribed in Columbiana county, mostly in Salem, to grade and bridge the road through that county. Salem has done nobly for more than Pittsburgh, in proportion to her means, and she promises to do still more. There is a small section of this Division, which passes through a corner of Mahoning county, for which no provision has been made, and the Directors confidently look to Pittsburgh to supply the necessary means. We feel assured they will not be disappointed, as this city has done but little, in comparison to the immense benefits which will be conferred upon her in the construction of this road. We hope the Directors will put it under contract as soon as it is ready, and rely upon our citizens for the money.

The Division extending from the line of the Wellsville and Cleveland road to the Ohio Canal, at Massillon, has been under contract for some months, and will be finished quite early. The people of Stark county provide the money for grading and bridging this Division. Of the Divisions in Wayne and Richland counties, we hope to be able to give some very flattering news, shortly.

The right of way has been generally secured, on the whole line. Between this city and Beaver the work has been prosecuted with industry, and with gratifying success. Between the State line and the Cleveland road, the right of way is almost entirely secured, through the indefatigable exertions of one of the Directors, Zadok Street, Esq., of Salem, who has spared no time or exertions to promote the interests of the Company.

Under these favorable circumstances of the enterprise, there is nothing extravagant in anticipating that, by the first of July, 1851, the cars will be running from Pittsburgh to Cleveland, and to Massillon, on the Ohio Canal—and, by the ensuing fall—if the citizens of Wayne and Richland counties come up to the work with proper spirit, and we believe they will—*the road may be finished.*

Death of an Old Pioneer.—Mr. James Forsythe, of Mifflin township, this county, one of our old pioneers, died on last Saturday, April 6th, aged ninety years. He came to this county in 1775, and in 1776 he was a member of a company of continental troops, which guarded the few inhabitants then in this place, from the incursions of the Indians; and was encamped for three months on Grant's Hill, where the new Court House now stands. He afterwards served under Capt. Zane, at Wheeling. He lived seventy five years on the farm in Mifflin township, on which he died—leaving behind him the character of an honest citizen and good neighbor. He was a Whig of '76, and remained a Whig in all the political changes of the country, and died a Whig of 1850.

Mrs. Sarah A. Nowell has received official notice of her appointment to take charge of the Chelsea, Massachusetts, post office; in place of Benjamin Dodge, Esq., removed after six year's service.

The proceedings of the County Convention, as given in another column, are worthy the attention and serious reflection of all our citizens. That some improvement can be made in our County, and the government of our various Cities and Boroughs, is probable. It is possible that a consolidation of a district five miles square into one city government, might be of advantage.

The Tariff Question.—We learn from a letter from Washington, in the North American, that a portion of the Whig members of Congress met on the evening of the 6th instant, agreeably to previous arrangement, to confer on subjects connected with the Revenue Laws. As several were prevented from being in attendance by sickness, or absence from the city, it was informally agreed that another meeting should be held in the course of this or the ensuing week. It was also understood that a conference should be held with the Whig members of the Committee of Ways and Means, and that measures should be adopted to present a bill, embodying the principles of the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, for a modification of the Tariff. It was further understood that when Sir Henry L. Bulwer's letter again comes up for discussion, a motion should be made to refer it to the Committee on Manufactures, with instructions to report increased and specific duties on iron. This will present a test question, and serve to show the feeling of the House in regard to it.

The Apportionment Bill.—The North American speaks in the following terms of just denunciation of the Apportionment Bill, passed by the Locofoco majority of the Legislature—a bill which no Locofoco paper that we have seen *defends*, but which Dr. McClintock voted for, and which the Editor of the Post expresses himself satisfied with:—

"It is neither necessary to argue nor to be very delicate in expressing the extraordinary character of legislation like this. The bill is, simply, an infamy, from which every Pennsylvanian, of whatever party, with one grain of honesty in his heart, should revolt with shame and indignation. And such an outrage as this is called republicanism—is presented to the world as a fruit of democracy! What better scheme could have been devised to render the word a hissing and the latter a scorn on the lips of civilized mankind? It is precisely such republicanism as this which leads a free people into the net of the enslaver. It is such demagoguery which prepares the way for the loss of liberty. Make freemen despise themselves, and they will every the superior lot of bondmen. Free States always fall when the people are corrupted by their tribunes, and the tribunes themselves become greater knaves and tyrants than the kings and conquerors of the earth. Men will endure any yoke rather than that of shame. And, certainly, that people of Pennsylvania are not prepared to submit to a yoke so base, so degrading, so utterly subversive of the rights and honor of freemen as that offered to their necks by the impudent corruption of the politicians in the Legislature who profess to be the leaders of the democracy of a republican commonwealth."

The Reward for Dr. Parkman's Discovery.—The Boston Transcript of Saturday states, that on that morning, "Mr. Robert G. Shaw, in behalf of the Parkman family, paid Mr. Ephraim Littlefield, janitor of the Medical College, the sum of $3,000, being the reward offered for the detection and conviction of the perpetrators of any injury that may have been done" Dr. George Parkman. Littlefield said, on the witness stand, at the Webster trial: "I never made any claim to the reward; I never said I should, and I now say that I never shall make any such claim."

Ohio.—The returns are now complete of the late election of members to a Convention to revise the Constitution of the State. The political parties stands as follows:

Democrats	58
Whigs	43
Free Soilers	7

Of the seven Free Soilers, four were elected by Locofoco and Abolition coalitions, and, therefore, the Locofoco majority may be fairly set down at from 16 to 22.

The brig Sutton, at Boston, brings dates from Buenos Ayres to the 10th January. On the 16th a destructive fire broke out in the city, which destroyed a great number of buildings, among others the establishment of Mr. Armstrong, whose loss was about 25,000 or 30,000 patacoons, or upwards of 20,000 Spanish dollars. Santa Maria *saladero*, or slaughterhouse, was also doubtful.

County Convention.

A Convention of Delegates from various townships of Allegheny county, met at the new Court House on Wednesday, the 10th of April, and organized by calling Gen. Jonathan Large to the chair, and appointing Joel Munroe, and Nathaniel Miller, Vice Presidents, and John M. Porter and E. D. Gazzam Secretaries.

The Committee to whom had been referred the several propositions before the February Convention, by their Chairman, James Cunningham, Esq., made a report, showing that under the existing laws, connecting the townships with the cities and adjacent boroughs, delays of justice, unequal expenses, and other grievances, were thrown upon the citizens of the townships, and that the benefits resulting to the cities and boroughs, from the connection, were in no degree corresponding to the evils inflicted on the country. A discussion then took place, in which were also exhibited the present and future advantages to the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and adjacent boroughs, of a consolidated city Government, extending over a town district, now large and prosperous enough to support a Mayor's Court, and sufficiently populous to form a separate electoral district.

The report was then accepted, and the resolutions were *unanimously* adopted, and are as follows:—

Resolved, That the separation of the townships of this county from the cities of Pittsburgh, and adjacent boroughs, for electoral and judicial purposes, would, in the opinion of this Convention, prove beneficial to both the country and to the cities and boroughs.

Resolved, That the project of forming the townships of this county into one district, for electoral and judicial purposes, and the consolidation of the two cities and the adjacent boroughs into another district, or incorporated city, is recommended to the favorable consideration of our fellow citizens, residing in said cities and boroughs, and their co-operation in the proposed separation from the townships, so far as the same may be practicable, is hereby requested.

Resolved, That this Convention will adjourn, to meet at this place, at 10 A. M., on the 4th of July next.

Resolved, That such townships as are unrepresented in this Convention, are requested to choose Delegates, for the 4th of July Convention, on Saturday, the 29th of June, between 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M., at the usual places of holding elections.

A vessel arrived at New Orleans, on the 21st ult., from Rhode Island, with all the machinery and appendages complete for a cotton factory of over 10,000 spindles, which is to go into operation at Cauelton, Indiana, on the Ohio river. This place, it will be recollected, is in the heart of a rich coal region. The stock of the company, all of which is paid in, is $250,000, which covers the costs of the building and machinery, and leaves a working capital of $30,000 to $50,000. The removal of this factory has enhanced the value of real estate in its vicinity to the amount of millions—farming lands for ten or fifteen miles around have increased two, three, four, and, in some instances, ten fold, since the foundation of the factory was laid.

A London letter in the New York Courier, dated, 5th ult., says that the Government of Peru, which for the last twenty years has neglected to pay the interest on her national debt, has at last agreed to recognize the debt, pay the interest, and also create a sinking fund for the purpose of liquidating the principal by annual instalments. The rapid increase of the demand for guano, found on the rocky shores of Peru, the sale of which is a government monopoly, is said to have been the cause of this prosperous condition of the Peruvian treasury. From 64,000 tons of this fertilizing substance exported in 1847, the shipments of the present year, it is estimated, will be over 100 000 tons. The supply of guano obtained from Ichaboe, on the coast of Africa, is said to be exhausted, leaving the field clear to the Peruvians.

A Severe Sentence.—The trial of Albert G Gaskins, the young man who was arrested in January last by a special agent of the Post Office Department, charged with the robbing of the United States mail, took place on Monday last before the Circuit Court of Charleston, South Carolina, and resulted in his conviction on four separate indictments. He was sentenced to forty years' imprisonment at hard labor in Edgefield jail—ten years for each offence.

Centenarians.—A correspondent of the New Orleans Picayune, writing from Havana, says that there are few places that can show so much longevity as Cuba, centenarians being common. The Statistical Commission, at a little town in the interior, containing about 300 people, found eight whose combined ages amounted to 851 years.—The eldest is an old negress from Africa, who counts 120 years. Another is an old soldier who served in the defence against the English in 1761.

Charge of Retaining U. S. Funds.—The case of the Government against Col. Joseph Hall, Navy Agent at Boston, during the Mexican war, for retaining about 5,000 of the Government funds, was, on Thursday afternoon, decided against the defendant to the full amount. The case will probably be carried up to the Supreme Court.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Washington, April 8.

Nicaragua Treaty signed—Important Debate in the Senate—Prospects of Business—Census Bill in the House—Wilmot Proviso, to be defeated probably.

The most important news of the day is, that a treaty has been signed here, for the settlement of the questions at issue between this government and Great Britain. I have pretty good authority for stating that the treaty was signed on Thursday last, on the part of the United States by Mr. Clayton and on that of Great Britain by Sir H. L. Bulwer. I have no information concerning the terms of the treaty, but have reason, from the firm tone maintained by the Secretary of State upon the subjects of the arrangement, to be confident that its provisions are such as will be found satisfactory to the country and to the Senate.

Another very important debate has occurred in the Senate, upon California, the territories, slavery, and other topics with which California has nothing to do. Mr. Benton delivered himself of a mass of "portions stuff," which he launched with great effect at the heads of the opponents of immediate, unconditional admission. Mr. Clay replied to him with his usual spirit and eloquence, defending his position that the question of admission should be referred to Foote's omnibus committee, along with all the others. Truman Smith opposed it, supporting the policy of the administration with ability and force. Foote, as usual, had something to say. He pronounced the President's plan to be contemptible, and was going on to apply that term inferentially to the supporters of it, when the Vice President called him to order. There was a sort of agreement that the question, on the reference, should be taken next Thursday, if not before, Foote requesting the delay, on the ground that some of his friends were absent.

The Senate will, in the mean time, I trust, try its hand upon a little business.

Mr. Thompson, of Pennsylvania, reported to day, from the Judiciary Committee, as I expected, the Census Bill, and procured it to be printed, and made the special order of the day for Thursday next, and therefore until completed. The bill thus brought before the House, is that prepared by Mr. Kennedy, Secretary of the Census Board, under its direction, which has been also introduced into the Senate by Mr. Dawson.

I hear nothing authentic respecting the doings of the Investigating Committee. Yet there is no doubt at all that its report will be technical exoneration of the Secretary of War, from all censure, on account of his participation in the Galphin claim. But a change of the Cabinet is still canvassed as freely as ever, and there seems a probability that it will take place before long.

It is reported to be ascertained that the Wilmot Proviso will be voted down in any shape whatever in the Senate, by twelve majority, while it will pass the House by the same majority. The result of this discrepancy of action between the two Houses, would be the admission of California, and non action as to the Territories.

Junius.

FROM HARRISBURGH.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Harrisburgh, April 9, 1850.

I perceive that in my letter of the 2d instant, I am made to say that the bill of Dr. McClintock, limiting the sessions of the county Commissioners of Allegheny to four days in each week, &c., provides for a compensation of *four dollars per day* to said commissioners, when it was written, or certainly was intended to have been written, *two dollars per day*. It strikes me that *four dollars* would be an extravagant compensation for such services. But whether the error is attributable to my hurry, or that of your compositor and proof reader, I am not now able to say.

In the Senate, to day, *omnibusing* seemed to be the special order of the day; and a great many local and private bills were passed in this way.—

In one of these conveyances, Mr. Darsie took a passage for the bill to incorporate the Little Saw Mill Run Rail Road and Coal Company in Allegheny county. This is the only bill, I believe, relating to your section, that got through to day. There was also two public bills, of some interest, passed in this body one a bill from the House, requiring the accounts of Executors, Administrators and Guardians to be recorded in a substantial book, in the Register's office in the various counties. This bill gave rise to considerable discussion, and the debate upon it at one time, waxed quite warm. It passed eventually by one majority. This is a good bill, and I was really astonished that there should have been any opposition to it whatever, in either House. These accounts are the evidences of far the most important portion of the legal transactions of every county, and ought, of course to be so kept as to be at the command of the parties interested at all times. But notwithstanding this, there were many learned Senators upon the floor of the Senate, pennywise and pound-foolish enough to oppose it upon the ground of the cost of recording. Various attempts were accordingly made to get exceptions in favor of certain counties; but I was glad to see that none of them succeeded, and that the bill finally passed with a general application. The other of these bills related to the granting of writs of estopment to stay waste, in certain cases of some importance, and will no doubt pass the House. It gives the Courts of Common Pleas plenary and discretionary power to stay waste in all cases of mortgage, or during the pendency of suits arising under them. This, too, encountered some opposition, though it was very hard to tell wherefore.

In the House of Representatives, the Whig members made an effort to get up the general appropriation bill, but, strange to say, the proposition was voted down by a strict party vote; every Locofoco casting his vote against it, and thus showing that the time of action upon this important bill had been the subject of a *caucus*. Every thing is done this winter in this extra Legislative way. The fact of their refusing to take up such a bill as this, on the ninety eighth day of the session shows, a hardhood and corruption on the part of the Locofoco majority in the House of Representatives hardly ever paralleled before, in this or any other State. The object is to keep it suspended over the head of the Governor, as I have said before, until the Apportionment bill is disposed of. This is the way they wish to coerce the Executive into the formal approval of a law, which, for its base, bold, and daring iniquity, has never had its equal. The Locofoco os in the present House number many desperate blackleg, no doubt, but if they think they can play this game of bluff upon Wm. F. Johnston, all I can say to them is, that they have not yet learned the temper of the man. He will probably give them a touch of his quality yet, before the session closes, that will give them a new exposition of the hackneied old truth, that honesty and courage is always too much for cunning and fraud, whether they are even handed in the contest or not. You will see in the Telegraph the proceedings of a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Whigs of this county, which met in the Court House on Saturday evening to express their indignation of the passage of this infamous fraud. The proceedings were highly expressive of the indignant wrath of an outraged and insulted people.

COBDEN.

Naval Intelligence.—*Murder of an Officer.*—The U. S. sloop of war Falmouth, Captain Pettigrew, was at Mazatlan, on the 8th March to sail on a cruise in a few days. Midshipman Tabb, attached to the F., was murdered, whilst on shore, a few evenings previous, in company with some officers from the ship, by whom it could not be discovered. They were returning from a concert, and when near the mole, where a boat from the ship was waiting for them, they missed the deceased. On retracing their steps a few yards, they found him lying on the side walk quite dead. On an examination, his skull was found to be badly fractured, apparently by some blunt weapon. Great excitement prevailed with regard to it, and a correspondence was taking place between Captain P. and the authorities on the subject—the latter pledging themselves to do all in their power to discover the murderer.

We mentioned some days since the importation into this port of eleven Camels from the Canary Islands. From an article in the New York Herald we learn that they are the property of Messrs. Sands & Howes, the enterprising and well known circus proprietors of that city, who are about establishing an overland route to California. Their first caravan will leave Independence, Mo., early in June to San Francisco. Messrs. S. & H. have already thirty one of these useful animals in this country, and are daily looking for the arrival of a vessel at New Orleans, from Algiers, which has on board twenty one more, making in all a stock of over fifty. A number of camels have been selected with great care as brood stock. It is said that a caravan of upwards of twenty will leave each point once a month during the year.—*Bal. Liner.*

The Presbyterian General Assembly, (N. S.) meets at Detroit, May 16th. The O. S. Assembly meets at Cincinnati.

The French Government, it is said, have determined to drop the claim of Mr. A. Port, the Mexican tobacconist, so far as again not to make it a subject of a diplomatic note. Mr. Port will present his claim to Congress, and the French Minister, it is said, has promised to exert his influence with Mr. Clayton and the Senate, to procure for it an early and favorable decision.—*N. Y. Express.*

A movement has been in progress for some time past, in New York city, for the formation of a regiment composed entirely of Irish citizens—Eight companies, of fifty men each, have been formed, and the organization of six of them has been approved of by the proper authorities.—About four fifths of these are naturalized citizens; the remainder are American born, but of Irish descent.

The Chicago Democrat learns that persons are in that city from St. Joseph, Missouri, who report that there are from 50 to 80,000 persons at that place and up and down the Missouri river, awaiting the proper time to start for the plains—In consequence of this vast army of adventurers, for mechanical and medicinal purposes. It authorizes town corporations to appoint suitable agents for the sale of liquors, who shall be paid for their services from the corporation. The penalties for infringements are imprisonment and fine.

Weather in Louisiana.—The N. O. Picayune of the 31st ult. says:—

We learn from a gentleman who arrived yesterday from Lafourche, that on Wednesday last a very heavy rain had fallen, and on Thursday it turned very cold and ice made freely. It is thought the stand of cane in that and the adjoining parishes is very much injured. The corn is entirely destroyed and will have to be replanted. It is feared that the cotton above has also suffered greatly.

Interesting from Liberia.—Letters received from Monrovia, by the Colonization Society of New York, represent the republic in a flourishing condition. The Legislature adjourned on the 5th of January. President Roberts, having been re-elected, has appointed the Hon. S. A. Benson, Secretary of State, and the Hon. H. Teague, Attorney General. Two German mercantile houses are about to be opened, and one English one; but the Liberians express their preference for the American, as, through their efforts, they founded the Republic.

Dr. Rich denies having visited Mrs. Forrest at night in her bed room, except as her physician and at evening parties, and never was her physician and advising dentist, except in the concert when attended by some of her female friends.

California Gold.—The Washington Republican says—

Private letters before us of the highest authority confirm the views presented in Mr. King's report with respect to the extent of mineral wealth. A lump of ninety three pounds, of which about twenty pounds are gold, and the residue quartz in which the metal is imbedded, had been found and was at that time at Stockton. This is the largest lump yet found of which we can ascertain a sound; but the discoveries daily making attest the unexampled extent of the deposits.

Ms. Calhoun's new Constitution.—A correspondent of the Philadelphia Pennsylvania, at Washington, says the Mr. Calhoun's work on the Constitution, upon which he has been engaged for some three of four years, is quite complete and, and one of the partners being consulted as to the extent of markets, thus presenting every advantage enjoyed by eastern houses. They believe that they can offer greater inducements to merchants generally, in styles, qualities, and prices, than any eastern market. New goods constantly arriving. Merchants intending purchasing East are particularly solicited to examine their assortment. (apl1) A A MASON & CO

APPLE TREES.

I AM now prepared to furnish Apple Trees, from the well known nursery of Jacob N Brown, of Ohio; trees will be delivered at the wharf at Pittsburgh for $12 per hundred. Persons wishing good thrifty trees should leave their orders soon at the Hardware, Seed, and Perfumery Warehouse, corner of Wood and Sixth sts. apl1 S N WICKERSHAM

DR. D. HUNT, Dentist. Corner of Fourth and Decatur, between Market and Wood. apl1-3tvis

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 139 WOOD STREET, ABOVE FIFTH, IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. Ask the attention of purchasers to their FRESH AND SUPERIOR HARDWARE, Which they think will compare favorably, both in extent and cheapness, with that of any other house, either here or in the Eastern Cities. febl8-3&w1yT

CARD.

Judge Irwin has not resigned, as rumored, nor does he intend doing so. His resignation was contemplated, and prepared to take effect on the first of July next; but finding that injurious reports had been put in general circulation against him, and that his motives were misconstrued and misrepresented, his resignation has been withheld, to afford those who have been industrious in getting up these reports and are interested in supplanting him, an opportunity for their investigation. apl8

A Girl Wanted.

TO do house work. A pleasant and permanent situation, and good wages given. Enquire at this office. apl8

Wanted,

A YOUNG MAN, as Salesman in a Dry Goods House, who has had some experience. The best of references required. Apply at No 62 Market st.

Boys' Wear.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD, at north east corner of Fourth and Market sts., have received an assortment of Tweeds, Merino, Cassimeres, Summer Cloths, and Satinetts, of fancy colors, such as Olives, Green, Brown, and new styles of boys' mixtures; also, a variety of styles of Cotton Goods for Boys' Wear; also, French Linens and Linen Gingahms of suitable colors for boys' wear. apl8

Proposals

WILL be received by the Subscribers for the delivery of from fifty to one hundred thousand bushels of Coal at their warehouse during the summer, allowing 80 lbs to the bushel; the weight to be determined by the collector's return at the weigh lock. apl8-d6w TAAFFE & O'CONNOR

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

JOHN B BAYARD having this day associated with him his son, D E Bayard, will continue the Leather, Hide, and Oil Business, under the style of John B Bayard & Son, in his buildings, corner of Penn and Walnut streets, in the Fifth Ward. They would invite the attention of purchasers to their well selected stock of Eastern Leather now being received, consisting of New York and Baltimore Sole Leather, and Leather and Morocco of every description, together with every variety of our own manufacture, viz:—Spanish and Slaughter Sole, Upper, Kips, Calf Skins, Harness, Skirting, Bridle, and Hand Leather, Seating, Lace Leather, &c. &c. Also, Tanners' Oil and Currriers' Tools of the best quality. All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates for cash. ap12-d3w

PATENT BLACK—200 lbs just rec'd and for sale by J KIDD & CO apl8 No 60 Wood street

OIL VITRIOL—50 carboys Oil Vitriol just on hand, and for sale by [ap12] J KIDD & CO

CITRIC ACID—10 lbs just rec'd and for sale by apl8 J KIDD & CO

CYANIDE POTASSIUM—8 lbs for sale by apl8 J KIDD & CO

CREOSOTE—8 lbs just rec'd, and for sale by apl8 J KIDD & CO

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE—25 bbls in prime order for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO apl8 Corner of First & Wood sts.

SAL SODA—13 casks English, for sale by apl8 B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

SOAP—75 bxs Baltimore fine Variegated and White, on consignment, for sale by apl8 B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

BLEACHING POWDER—Murpratt's, in casks, for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO

COFFEE—25 bags, this day rec'd, and for sale by apl8 ARMSTRONG & CROZER

FLOUR—150 brls received, and for sale by apl8 ARMSTRONG & CROZER

500 CANE FISHING RODS in store, and for sale by ARMSTRONG & CROZER

BROOMS—50 doz Morse's No 1 Corn Brooms; 50 doz common do do just received, and for sale by A CULBERTSON apl8 145 Liberty st

SCOTCH HERRING—30 kgs No 1, 60 kgs scaled, just received, and for sale by [apl8] A CULBERTSON

TAR—20 brls on hand, and for sale by apl8 A CULBERTSON

N. O. MOLASSES—40 brls in store, and for sale by apl8 A CULBERTSON

SUGAR—40 hhds prime N O Sugar in store, and for sale by A CULBERTSON

STARCH—30 box I. I. Wood's Pearl Starch, just received, and for sale by A CULBERTSON

SHOT—10 kgs assorted Shot, on hand, and for sale by apl8 A CULBERTSON

EVAN J. HENRY, (formerly of Beaver county, Pa.) Attorney and Counsellor at Law: office, 115 Main street, Cincinnati, O. Collections and all other professional business, promptly and carefully attended to. apl1

Pittsburgh City Flouring Mills.

(Formerly the Phœnix Cotton Factory, 5th ward.) L. WILMARTH.] [T. A. NOBLE.

Fresh ground Family Flour,
do do Corn Meal,
do do Rye Flour;
Bran and Shorts;
Chopped Grain for horses and cows, for sale by apl1 WILMARTH & NOBLE.

Huepratts' Patent Soda Ash.

464 CASKS of the above celebrated brand and high test, direct from the manufacturers; 150 casks now on the way from New Orleans, and expected here next week; and 314 will shortly arrive via Baltimore per ships Juniata, Chesapeake, Damascus, and Alboa, which will be sold on arrival, at the lowest market price for cash or approved bills.

W & M MITCHELTREE, apl1 No 150 Liberty st.

BACON—163 pieces last rec'd, and for sale by apl1 J B CANFIELD

TALLOW—9 brls Tallow just rec'd, and for sale by apl1 J B CANFIELD

YOUNG HYSON, IMPERIAL, AND O. P. TEA—
50 half chests Y. H. Tea;
20 do O. P. Tea;
15 do Imperial do;
20 caddies Extra Fine Y. H. Tea;
20 do O. P. and Imp. rec'd, and for sale by apl1 G H GRANT

BLACK TEAS—70 half chests Pouchong, various grades and styles,
14 half chests Souro black, for sale by apl1 G H GRANT

A. A. MASON & CO., PITTSBURGH. C. L. ANTHONY & CO., NEW YORK.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

A. A. MASON & CO,

Market Street, between Third & Fourth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of city and country merchants, to one of the most extensive Stocks in the country, comprising over Fourteen Hundred Cases and Packages of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, consisting, in part, of:

100 pieces Best style Cambrics;
100 " Bleached Muslins, all grades;
40 " Summer Stuffs and Cottonades;
20 " Merino de Laine;
20 " Lawns and Muslins;
20 " Satinetts and Tweeds;
19 " Cassimeres, Cloths;
100 " and bales of Tickings, Checks, &c.;
800 " " Brown Muslins.

Together with the most extensive assortment of Imported Goods in the market, possessing the most simple facilities for the transaction of their business, and one of the partners being constantly in the eastern markets, thus presenting every advantage enjoyed by eastern houses. They believe that they can offer greater inducements to merchants generally, in styles, qualities, and prices, than any eastern market. New goods constantly arriving. Merchants intending purchasing East are particularly solicited to examine their assortment. (apl1) A A MASON & CO

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having purchased of G. A. Hayard, the Steam Saw Mill on the Allegheny River, above the Arsenal, are now prepared to fill all bills of lumber of any size and length, from 60 ft. downwards. Boat Siding, Deck Plank, Scantling, Joist, Ceiling, Trimmers, Boards, &c., on the shortest notice. Lumber constantly on hand. Orders received and any information given by R Wightman, corner of Water and Liberty streets, or H Morrison, No 150 Liberty street, and at the office of the mill.

apl10-2tm WIGHTMAN & MORRISON

Shirting Muslins and Irish Linens.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD are prepared to furnish their customers and buyers generally with the very best make of the above goods, and will do so at the old prices, notwithstanding the advance of cost. Some extra fine Bosom Linens, warranted pure flax, lately received; also, a supply of Linen Table Cloths, Diapers, Crash, &c., just received.

Bordered Towels as low as 75 cents per dozen, or 6½ cents a piece, at north east corner of Fourth and Market sts. apl10

SPAFFORD'S EXPRESS FROM PITTSBURGH TO ERIE.

BY PARKS' STEAMBOAT AND PACKET LINE, connecting with Livingston, Fargo & Co's Great Eastern and Western Express. This arrangement will afford unusual facilities for forwarding valuable packages of Goods, Silver Ware, Jewelry, BANK BILLS, SPECIE, &c., to the Lakes, and from thence to any of the cities east or west from Erie. Especial attention will be paid to COLLECTING ACCOUNTS and making purchases for those who wish to economize their time, and save the expense of personal attention to business at a distance. Trusty and competent messengers will always accompany the express.

Leaves Pittsburgh every Friday morning, until further notice.

G M HARTON, Agent, Monongahela House.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Hill & Carey, Pittsburgh; Wm. M Wallace, of firm Wallace Lyon & Co, Pitts; Josiah King, Esq., firm of King, Pennock & Co, do; R. G. Parks, Esq., Beaver; Gen C. M. Reed, J. D. Williams, Esq, H Cadwalli, E. Babbitt, and C. McSparren, Erie, Pa. Livingston, Fargo & Co, Buffalo. Wells, Butterfield & Co., No. 12 Wall st, N. York. apl0-d6w

To Let,

TWO BRICK DWELLINGS corner of Robinson and Corry streets, Allegheny. Possession at any time. Apply to SOLN SCHOYEN, apl0 110 Second street [Mercury, copy.]

ECONOMY CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, & SATINETTS, received on consignment, and for sale at the manufacturer's warehouse, by apl10 HERSEY, FLEMING & CO

Wanted:

2,000,000 FEET HEMLOCK OR PINE PLANKS, for the construction of the Pittsburgh and Braddock's Field Plank Road. Persons wishing to supply the same can obtain further information on application to Sylvanus Lothrop, or to THOMAS M HOWE, President Pittsburgh, April 9, 1850. apl0-d6t

Election.

THE Annual Election for Managers of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, will be holden in the Rooms of the Board of Trade, on Tuesday, the 16th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M. The contributors are requested to attend. apl9 JOHN HARPER, Secretary

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the District Court, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 22d day of April, A. D. 1850, at 10 o'clock A. M. the following described property, to wit:—All the right, title, interest and claim of Mary McMeekan, of in and to the following described premises, situate in Robinson Township, and bounded and described as follows:—adjoining lands of Samuel McCurdy, Thomas McCurdy, William McCormick, and others, containing 18 acres more or less. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Mary McMeekan, at the suit of Jacob McMeekan, for use of Jas Edmundson, and to be sold by C CURTIS, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, April 9, 1850.

HUNT'S MERCHANT'S MAGAZINE for April, 1850. Contents:—New York and Erie Railway; Commercial Sketches with Pen and Pencil; The effect of Commerce in Abolishing restrictions upon the Transfer of Property; The Anatomy and Philosophy of Banking; The Production of Salt in New York; Bankruptcy, Banking, &c.; Currency—Interest—Production; Free Trade vs Protective Tariffs, or Strictures upon the report of the Secretary of Treasury of the United States for 1849, relating to Commerce. Extension of the Russian Empire in the East, &c. &c.

BLACKWOOD, for March 1850.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE, for April; at Holmes' Literary Depot, Third street opposite the Post Office.

A CARD.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the public that he has declined business in favor of his Son, F. M. Davis, who will continue the Auction and Commission business at the old stand, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, and for whom he would solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon the house. JOHN D. DAVIS,

April 9th, 1850.

P. M. DAVIS,

(SUCCESSOR TO JOHN D. DAVIS,)

AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS,

WILL make sales, on liberal terms, of Foreign and Domestic Merchandize, Real Estate, Stocks, &c., and hopes, by experience and close attention to business, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to the former house.

April 9th, 1850.

SHACKLETT & WHITE,

No. 101, WOOD STREET,

HAVE in store and are receiving a large Stock of DRY GOODS, selected with great care for the western trade, and to which they invite the attention of city and western merchants. Great inducements offered to Cash buyers. —[ap8

Wanted,

BY a young man, a situation as Book Keeper or General Clerk, or Clerk on a Steam Boat; has a good knowledge of business, having had ten years' experience; he feels confident of giving every satisfaction; is a good accountant, and writes a good hand; of a good moral character, and temperate; can give the best of city references. Any communications addressed to 302, this office, will be attended to.

Wanted,

BY a young man, a situation as Book Keeper or General Clerk, or Clerk on a Steam Boat; has a good knowledge of business, having had ten years' experience; he feels confident of giving every satisfaction; is a good accountant, and writes a good hand; of a good moral character, and temperate; can give the best of city references. Any communications addressed to 302, this office, will be attended to.

B