THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 19, 1849.

☞ ADVERTISERS are earnestly requested to hand in their favors before 5 P. M., and as early in the day as practicable. Advertisements not inserted for a specified time will invariably be charged until ordered out.

PHILADELPHIA NORTH AMERICAN.

Advertisements and subscriptions to the North American and United States Gazette, Philadelphia, received and forwarded from this office.

Anti-Masonic and Whig Convention.

☞ At a meeting of the Whig and Anti-Masonic Committee of Correspondence, held in the Common Council Chamber, on Saturday evening, the 15th inst., the following resolutions was adopted:

Resolved, That the Whigs and Anti-Masons of the City of Pittsburgh, be requested to meet at the usual places, in the several Wards, on Saturday next, the 22d inst., between the hours of 3 and 7 P. M., for the purpose of electing five Delegates from each Ward, to meet in Convention, on Wednesday, the 26th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. to nominate a candidate for Mayor, to be supported by the party at the coming municipal election.

dec19 WM. McCANDLESS, Chairman.

☞ SEE NEXT PAGE FOR LOCAL MATTERS TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, &c.

THE CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.—We understand that an official application was made yesterday, to the County Commissioners, for the remainder of the Bonds to make up the sum of one million of dollars subscribed to the stock of the Pennsylvania Rail Road, by the county, and the demand was refused. The ground on which the Commissioners have taken this step, is that the Directors have not fulfilled the conditions on which the stock was subscribed, and have shown a disposition in their late report to neglect one of importance altogether. The Commissioners have acted in this matter as the faithful guardians of the interests of the county, and will be sustained by almost, if not altogether, the entire voice of the people.

We entertain the pleasing hope, however, that this misunderstanding will be of but short duration. The delegation despatched to Philadelphia by the Commissioners, Messrs. Darsie and Roberts, we feel assured will be able to convince the stockholders and officers of that Company that Pittsburgh ask, but sheer justice, and that we cannot doubt they will be willing to grant.

We hope great things of the meeting of stockholders, to take place next Monday. More mature consideration, together with the discussions which have taken place, we trust will bring all concerned to the decision, that it is the decided, the vital interest of Philadelphia, that the Central Road should all be put under contract without delay. This is alike the interest of the stockholders, and of the people of the whole State. To delay the road at this crisis, when Baltimore and New York are both putting forth herculean efforts to outstrip us in the race for the trade of the west, is worse than folly, it is madness. If the stock cannot be subscribed, let the Company throw her bonds into the market, and raise the money at once, and carry on this magnificent work with the energy which its importance requires. As the Company pays interest on its stock, it will not make much difference in what way the money is raised, as there can be no question that the road, when finished, will pay large dividends on its entire cost, and the holders of the bonds may eventually be glad to take stock for them.

The Star Factory is still idle, on account of the refusal of the girls to work in violation of the spirit of the Ten Hour Law.—*Post.*

This announcement by the *Post*, will surprise those who recollect that Mr. Harper used to point triumphantly to the Star Factory as evidence in favor of the Ten Hours. He frequently asserted that the Star Factory could make as much in ten hours as in twelve, and highly complimented the owner on achieving such a victory over time and common sense. Now he is ready to denounce the same Factory for a violation of the ten hour law. There is just as much truth in the latter statement, we presume, as in the former. We never believed the first statement, and we are strongly inclined to doubt the latter, on such authority. If the laborers in the Star Factory were not interfered with by such disorganizers as the editor of the Post, it would be much better for all concerned.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Prison Whiskey.

MR. EDITOR—In the report of the prices current in the city of New York, you blipped a few days since in your paper, your correspondent mentions the price of *prison whiskey*—Will you be kind enough to enquire of him what he means by prison whiskey? Are the prisons of New York which are filled up by the banditti, fiancers of the vile drug, devoted to its manufactory? Can such a thing be suffered in the enlightened and christian State of New York? There ought not to be *laws*, any talk of *Prison Reform*, if such be the case. Perhaps your correspondent can enlighten us in this matter.

A FRIEND OF PRISON REFORM:

Dec. 17, 1849.

For the Gazette.

MR. WHIGS—The time is rapidly approaching when the Whig party must make a choice of a candidate for the Mayoralty.

If the Whig party expect to elect a candidate this year, they must not look to mere personal popularity as a harbinger of success. They must unite with this requisite, the many other qualifications necessary to fill this responsible office.

We must have a candidate who is well acquainted with the affairs of the city, and who will cherish and regard the dignity and honor of his office, and discharge its duties firmly and impartially.

We would respectfully nominate John B Bell Esq., of the first Ward, a gentleman who is known to be a firm and consistent Whig, who has long been in the Councils of our city, is intimately acquainted with its laws and resources, and who, if elected, would discharge his duties with honor to himself and to his native city.

FIRST WARD.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

STEUBENVILLE RAIL ROAD.

MR. EDITOR—As all must acknowledge the importance to Pittsburgh, of opening up every possible avenue to the west, for the spread of our merchandize and our manufactures, I think no apology is due for once more calling the attention of your readers to the doings of our neighbors throughout the central region of Ohio. A letter from the President of the Board of Corporators of the Steubenville and Indiana Rail Road, informs me that their rail road is progressing:—

"We shall have the *half* million subscribed shortly, (that sum being required by law before commencing operations) when we will organize the company and set to work. We find that subscriptions are filled, to make the road from Columbus, east, to about 15 miles this side of Newark, on our line, having but about 100 miles of road to make to the place (Steubenville.) You may rely upon it, that this is the most important and beneficial work, for your city, that has ever been originated in the west. It will make a direct and almost a straight line from Philadelphia, through Pittsburgh to Columbus, and thence to St. Louis—thence to California." &c. &c.

That company having pursued its own aims with energy and success, making the construction of their road independent of our wishes or assent, although we are even more interested in it than they, what course may now best become a wise foresight on the part of our citizens? Steubenville is within 23 miles of Wheeling, the fixed terminus of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, and by a rail road route, 40 miles from Pittsburgh. A short steam boat passage to Wheeling, which is scarcely ever impracticable, or a rail road for the same distance, may rob us—our state works, our Philadelphia neighbors, and ourselves—of that trade which we even now possess, as well as the vast accumulation that will be induced by increased facilities. Pittsburgh and Allegheny county have done well towards the central road; they have subscribed, in proportion to their interest in the work, more liberally than even Philadelphia. A half million more is sought from this community towards the same enterprise. It would be folly to grant it, but the expenditure of a like sum on a road to Steubenville would be wisdom indeed, for that may now be looked upon as a work even of self preservation, as well as of profit.

We all remember the horror that but recently pervaded every bosom at the idea of permitting the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road to reach the city of Wheeling; the right of way through a portion of our territory was strenuously withheld, and the least prophetic among us foretold, with solemn brow, the evils that would follow so great a calamity. But now, that the realization of those evils is most imminent, and whilst an effort worthy of Pittsburgh may still avert them, our indifference is as wonderful as our former fears were great. With this connexion secured, and the Pennsylvania and Ohio and Central Rail Roads completed, our position would be safe against the world. Labor and capital would flow in upon us, and energy and enterprize would add to our wealth, until the end of time.

A CITIZEN OF PITTSBURGH.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CENTRAL RAIL ROAD—AGAIN.

MR. EDITOR—An article, published in the Gazette of the 11th instant, urged the importance of an examination into the past conduct and present policy of the Philadelphia Directors of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company, a portion of the remarks being addressed particularly to Messrs. Wilkins and Shoenberger, the Allegheny Directors, in that Company—whose "position" demands that they at least should "interfere" in the affairs of said Company; when the rights of this county are disregarded, and the general interests of the Stockholders seem to be made subordinate to the aspirations of speculators in land, or of eastern manufacturers of locomotives and rail road iron.

Satisfied that the Philadelphia Directors had violated their contract with this county, and adopted a policy injurious to the Stockholders, and the public at large, as a *Citizen*, I sought to induce others, better informed than myself, to enter on the investigation, and, at the same time, I aimed to *draw out* the peculiar champions of the Philadelphia Directory. The columns of the Journal, of the following day, and of the Gazette two days afterwards, show that both these objects have been gained. The former paper contains an official or semi-official epistle, from a gentleman, who say his "position," as President of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road Company should "shield him from the imputation of interfering in the affairs" of the Philadelphia Company, &c., &c.—An imputation, by the way, that never was made, and an interference which that gentleman, while disavowing, inadvertently undertakes. This document is ushered in by two editorial articles, one of them personally abusive, and wanting in gentlemanly decorum.

In reply to Gen. Robinson, the Gazette publishes, then, an excellent article, signed "Observer," which demonstrates the alleged violation of contract, and scatters to the wind the attempts of the Journal and its correspondent to justify the policy of the Philadelphia Company. In the hands of that able and practiced writer, it affords me pleasure to leave the subject. Investigation having been commenced, the apprehension that Philadelphia schemes for dragooning Pittsburgh into a surrender of her rights or interests, need no longer be entertained. I might, however, amuse myself and mayhap some of your readers, by replying to the imputations cast on my motives by the editor of the Journal, who met an honest enquiry after the truth with a personal assault, but from motives of public interest I forbear.

A CITIZEN.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15, 1849.

The Contest for Speaker—Southern threats—Difficulty settled—Mr. Clay's Speech.

The second week and the twelfth day of the session have passed away, and still we appear to be as remote from an organization of the House as we did on the first morning of assembling.—Three additional trials were made to day to choose a Speaker, but without any result, or any approach to one. These, added to former abortive efforts, make the respectable total of forty seven trials. More for the purpose of preserving the continuity of the record, than because any particular interest attaches to the names and figures in their present connection, I append a table showing the state of the votings:

Mr. Stanley,	Whig,	55	67	66
Mr. Winthrop,	"	20	15	10
Mr. T. Stevens,	"	24	23	27
Mr. Moreheed,	"	00	00	4
Mr Boyd,	Democrat,	82	85	57
Mr. Potter,	"	22	17	18
Mr. Strong,	"	3	5	2
Mr. Disney,	"	1	3	3
Scattering		19	11	8
		226	226	225

The Free Soil men merged their votes with the friends of Stevens and Potter, but without any purpose of ceasing their co-operation to the end of an election of some man whose position is satisfactory to them upon the slavery question. The votes given to Mr. Strong constitute an exception to the remark. Mr. Preston King asked leave, notwithstanding the rule prohibiting debate, to state, for the information of Democrats really desirous of a speedy organization, that he had no doubt that, if they chose to concentrate their votes upon Mr. Strong, he would be elected, and by way of showing his own willingness, he and Mr. Wilmot voted through the day for that gentleman.

It is seen that we make no progress. The mass of the Whigs have transferred their support from Mr. Winthrop, the only man who from the beginning, had any chance of success, to Mr. Stanley and other southern Whigs. The Democrats have mostly returned from their wanderings on strange lands, to their southern favorites. But still we are no nearer organization than at the beginning of this bitter strife. What then is to be done? It is a hard question, and yet not difficult to answer. After Mr. Toombs' speech, after the clappings and shouts of applause, with which his treasonable harangue was received, after the application of the slavery test to Potter, and others of his class by the southern Democrats; he must be utterly blind, or foolishly hopeful, who can not see that a hearty and efficient co-operation between either division of the northern majority, and either wing of the southern minority. If the union is to be preserved, and the government carried on, the House of Representatives must be speedily organized. The present state of things is incipient anarchy. The sentiment of the North upon the main question at issue, is unanimous. Let its action be so. Let the majority representing the fifteen free States make a Speaker, without reference to party differences. Let their choice fall upon a Western man. To this complexion has the controversy already come.

It is said that the Southern members will retire. I feel some of them would, but if so, they would return. The experiment ought to be tried. If the whole body is to remain here much longer in an unorganized state, all the members will retire, and the executive will be compelled to govern the country without the aid of a Legislature. That is, there will be no revolution, and one experiment of Government, through a popular sovereignty will have failed. The North has shown magnanimity, generosity, and forbearance, long enough. It must now show its energy and power, and stand up to the responsibility. The peace of the union and the cause of order demand it.

The House adjourned early to day, and was wise in doing so.

It is stated that the difficulty between Mr. Duer, of New York, and Mr. Meade, of Va., has been "amicably adjusted, through the interposition of friends." I think it more than probable from what I hear privately stated of this affair, that the discovery made by the opposite party, that Duer was not only a man of steady nerve, and clear sight, but a "dead shot," and neither in principle or temperament averse to a little practice in the art, had a great deal to do with its prompt and easy arrangement. Perhaps this example of insolence promptly repelled, may teach the chivalry a useful lesson, and make intercourse with them more tolerable than it has been since they took up the exalted notions of themselves, which have marked their conduct for the last twenty or thirty years.

Mr. Clay made an important speech in the Senate, to day, one which, short as it was, has made a marked sensation. Mr. Berrien had introduced a resolution for informing the President that the Senate was prepared to enter upon the transaction of Executive business. Mr. B. said he desired it to lie over till Monday.

Mr. Clay said, in substance, he would have proposed such a resolution himself, several days since, but that he did not wish to appear as a leader on any subject. He did not wish to be thought a leader of, nor to belong to any party or section. His only object was to discharge, in the best manner he was able, to do, the duties of his Senatorial position, and to serve the whole country. He had no higher ambition—he thought the resolution a proper one, and wished it to be passed to day, if any good thus be gained. But I refer you to the full report of his brief but pertinent and interesting speech, which I have no doubt you will copy at length.

Of course, there are many comments on what some call the new stand taken by Mr. Clay. There are not wanting those who see in it a declamation against General Taylor, while others like myself consider that the meaning of the words lies patent on their face, and that Mr. C. simply meant to assert that he will think and act for himself.

JUNIUS.

The following are the remarks of Mr. Clay, referred to by our correspondent—

"Mr. President—In resuming the seat which I occupy in this body, it has been my desire to take the lead in no party, but to perform to the best manner I can the duties incident to my position. I should deep offered a proposition similar to that which the honorable Senator from Georgia has presented, but from this disinclination on my part to appear to propose to take the lead in any matter.

"Sir, I approve of that resolution, and I have arisen for the purpose of expressing my concurrence in it. Indeed, unless some other Senator desire it, I do not see any necessity for postponement. I think it might be adopted now, for by so doing, we can gain one or two days.

"With respect to precedents upon this subject, I am unadvised, though I have no doubt they could be found. When the same state of things existed a few years ago in the House, it is well known that the Senate proceeded in the discharge of its executive duties. But, sir, in the absence of all precedents in a case so rare and so much to be regretted—such as that which exists in the other branch of Congress—the importance of the case will supply the absence of precedents.

"The only difficulty that occurred to my mind related to the deference and respect due to the other House. But a moment's reflection satisfied me that it was impossible that any member of that House could take umbrage or exception at our proceeding to discharge our executive duties. So far from it, I should think that directly the reverse of that sentiment would prevail, that it would be a matter of congratulation to them that, while they labored under any inability to perform their official functions, which they as well as we regretted, the other branches of the government could go on in the performance of their duties. It does not, therefore, appear to me that any imputation can be made to this body of wanting in respect and deference to the other branch of the national legislature, and I am at a loss to comprehend any objections to this course on the part of the Senate.

"The Senate, as is well known, occupies two relations to the House of Representatives—both a legislative and a judicial one; and a third relation, having no connexion with it—a relation to the executive department of the government. Now, sir, though we are not able to co-operate with the House, it certainly forms no reason why we should not perform our duties as a component part of the Executive of the country. I need not say, sir, what is well known to every representative of the country, that there must be a large mass of executive business to be attended to. At the commencement of a new administration it must necessarily be so. If we can proceed, then, to the consideration of executive business, so far from the Houses taking exception to our course, I ought to be pleased that we shall be enabled to go on with the public business when they shall be ready, unobjected by any of those matters which fall exclusively within the relations of this body to the Executive.

"These are the views which, I confess, early presented themselves to me, and I do not think any one will doubt the propriety of the course which I have stated from fifty Monongahela City, adjoining Jacksonville and Columbia, and containing about ONE HUNDRED ACRES, more or less.

It is well watered, and contains about Seventy Acres cleared, the remainder is covered with excellent timber.

The improvements are a comfortable HOUSE and BARN; good Fruit, of different kinds, in abundance; and an excellent well of water near the door. The Farm is under good fence, and in a high state of cultivation. The whole tract abounds in COAL of the best quality, and of easy access.

To persons wishing to purchase property in the rich and rapidly improving Valley of the Monongahela, the above offers highly flattering inducements.

ROBERT GRANT, Jr.

dec19-d1&w3t*

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, having considered that the opening or widening of Rebecca street, to sixty feet, within the said City,—along the line of property of Rudolf Lightfull, Sproat, and others in the First Ward, to commence at the west line of Lot No. 272, or centre of Belmont street, twenty feet south of the present location of Rebecca street, thence eastwardly and parallel with the present line of Rebecca street, and to terminate in Allegheny Avenue, the north line of said street to be parallel and distant from the south line sixty feet—was necessary for the use and convenience of the public, and having accordingly directed and determined the location and limits thereof—

A plan or specification of the said location has been made, and deposited in the office of the Recording Registrar of said City, for public examination and inspection, in conformity with the Act of Assembly, in that case made and provided.

dec19-w2tT JAMES RICHEY, Rec. Reg.

FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, VIZ

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Retains or Lumbago, and diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Acrities or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also—Chronic Constitutional Disorders, &c.

In this preparation are strongly concentrated all the Medicinal properties of Sarsaparilla, combined with the most efficient aids, the most salutary productions, the most potent simples of the vegetable kingdom; and it has been so fully tested, not only by patients themselves, but also by physicians, that it has received their unqualified recommendations and the approbation of the public; and has established, on its own merits, a reputation for VALUE and EFFICACY far superior to the various compounds bearing the name of Sarsaparilla. Diseases have been cured, such as are not furnished in the records of time past, and what is has already done for the thousands who have used it, it is capable of doing for the millions still suffering and struggling with disease. It purifies, cleanses, and strengthens the fountain springs of life, and infuses new vigor throughout the whole animal frame.

ANOTHER CURE OF SCROFULA.

The following striking, and—as will be seen—permanent cure of an inveterate case of Scrofula, comprehends itself to all similarly afflicted:

SOUTHPORT, Conn, Jan. 1, 1848.

MESSRS. SANDS: Gentlemen, Sympathy for the afflicted induces me to inform you of the remarkable cure effected by your Sarsaparilla, in the case of my wife. She was severely afflicted with the Scrofula on different parts of the body; the glands of the neck were greatly enlarged, and her limbs much swollen. After suffering over a year, and finding no relief from the remedies used, the disease attacked our leg, and below the knee suppurated. Her physician advised it should be laid open, which was done, but without any permanent benefit. In this situation we heard of, and were induced to use, Sands' Sarsaparilla. The first bottle produced a decided and favorable effect, relieving her more than any prescription she had ever taken; and before she used six bottles—to the astonishment and delight of her friends—she found her health entirely restored. It is now over a year since the cure was effected, and her health remains good, showing that the disease was thoroughly eradicated from the system. Our neighbors are all knowing to these facts, and think very highly of Sands' Sarsaparilla.

Yours with respect, JULIUS PIKE.

Extract from a letter received from Mr. N. W. Harris, a gentleman well known in Louisiana co., Va.

"Gentlemen, I have cured a negro boy of mine with your Sarsaparilla, who was attacked with Scrofula, and of a scrofulous family.

"Yours, truly, N. W. HARRIS

"Frederick's Hall, Va., July 17, 1847."

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—It seems almost unnecessary to direct attention to an article so well known, and so deservedly popular, as this preparation. but parties are often who wish to use the extract of Sarsaparilla, are induced to try worthless compounds bearing the name, but containing little or none of the virtue of this valuable root and we think we cannot confer a greater benefit on our readers than in directing their attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Sands, in another column. The bottle has recently been enlarged to hold a quart, and those who wish a really good article will find concentrated in this, all the medicinal value of the root. The experience of thousands has proved its efficacy in curing the various diseases for which it is recommended; and at the present time more than any other, perhaps, is this medicine useful, in preparing the system for a change of season.—[Home Journal, Sept. 15th.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggist and Chemist, 100 Fulton, cor. of Pearl st. New York. Sold also by Druggists generally throughout the United States and Canada. Price $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5.

For sale by L. WILCOX, Jr., B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., and EDWARD FENDERICH, Pittsburgh Also, by Dr. S. SMITH, Bridgewater. [dec19-deod&w7t

MUFFS! MUFFS!!

THE subscriber has on hand a very choice and good assortment of Ladies' and Misses' MUFFS, which he is now offering very low. Those who wish a good Muff would do well to call and examine his assortment, at his HAT AND CAP STORE, Smithfield street, near Fourth. dec19-w2r JAMES WILSON

CORN—300 bu in store and for sale by

dec18 S & W HARBAUGH

BUILDING LOTS IN THE 9th WARD

FOR SALE.—17 Lots on the north side of Penn st., having each 14 feet front by 130 feet deep to Mulberry alley.

Also—17 Lots, opposite the above, having each 22 feet front, on Penn street, by 100 feet deep to Spring alley.

These lots are in a very desirable location, being adjacent to the proposed Depot of the Central Railroad.

For terms apply to CHAS. B. SCULLY, Agt.

dec18-d3t Burke's Building, Fourth st

WATCHES!!—CHEAPER THAN EVER!—Just rec'd, an invoice of full jewelled patent lever Watches, 18 carats fine cases, which I can sell as low as thirty and thirty five dollars, and warranted to keep good time.

Also—a splendid assortment of JEWELRY, comprising the various and most styles, and best patterns.

W. W. WILSON, Watchmaker and Jeweler, corner Market and Fourth streets

FOR RENT—A STORE, well fitted up for Dry Goods, on Market st., between Third and Fourth. Possession given on the 1st of April next.

Also—Several ROOMS and OFFICES. Possession given immediately. E. D. GAZZAM,

dec18 Office over the Post Office, Third st.

FEATHERS—17 bags landing from steamer Loyal Hannah, and for sale by

dec18 JAMES DALZELL

SCRAP IRON—5 casks receiving and for sale by

dec18 JAMES DALZELL

POTATOES—65 bbls in store and for sale by

dec18 CRAIG & SKINNER, 26 Market st

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—100 sacks rec'd, for sale by

dec18 CRAIG & SKINNER

DRIED PEACHES—42 bu just rec'd and for sale by

dec18 CRAIG & SKINNER

HICKORY NUTS—10 bu in store and for sale by

dec18 CRAIG & SKINNER

SUNDRIES—1 sack Timothy Seed; 6 sacks Bags; Side Bacon; in store and for sale by

dec18 CRAIG & SKINNER

BEANS—14 bbls Small White, for sale by

dec18 CRAIG & SKINNER

NEW BOOKS!

THE WAR WITH MEXICO, by R. S. Ripley; 2 vols.

Elements of Rhetoric; comprising an Analysis of the Laws of Moral Evidence and of Persuasion; by Richard Whately, D. D.

Essay on Christian Baptism; by Baptist W. Noel, M. A.

The Orgilvies, a Novel.

Fairy Tales, from all Nations; by Anthony R. Montalbai; with 24 illustrations by Doyle.

Just rec'd by JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

dec19 corner Third and Market streets

FEATHERS—44 sacks now landing from steamer Fort Pitt, and for sale by

dec19 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO, Front st

WOOL—18 sacks now landing and for sale by

dec19 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

SHEEP AND LAMB PELTS—9 doz dressed, with wool, for sale by dec19 I DICKEY & CO

SHEEP SKINS—Dressed, for druggist's use, for sale by dec19 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

COTTON—5 bales, landing from Fort Pitt, for sale by dec19 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

LARD—48 bbls and 1 tierce No 1, landing from str Fort Pitt, and for sale by

dec19 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO, Front st

LARD & TALLOW—299 kegs No 1 Lard, 1 in Cin. 80 bbls do, 1 pack's. 14 " No 2 Lard: 16 " Tallow; just rec'd and for sale by dec19 SELLERS & NICOLS

SUGAR—100 hhds prime New Sugar; 7 " fair do; in store and for sale by dec19 SELLERS & NICOLS

DRIED BEEF—65 bbls Evans & Swift's Sugar Cured Beef Rounds, in store and for sale by

dec19 SELLERS & NICOLS

WINTER LARD OIL—40 bbls Conkling's No 1; 10 " No 2, in store and

for sale by dec19 SELLERS & NICOLS

MESS PORK—150 bbls just rec'd and for sale by

dec19 SELLERS & NICOLS

SUGAR—43 hhds prime N O, (old crop,) for sale by

dec19 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

MOLASSES—47 bbls S H, St James Refinery, for sale by dec19 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

LEAD—2140 pigs Soft Galena, for sale by

dec19 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

COTTON—30 bales, per Lydia Collins, for sale by

dec19 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

SOAP—50 boxes landing from steamer New England and for sale, to close consignment, by

dec19 JAMES DALZELL

SECOND HAND PIANOS.—1 good Second hand 6 oct Piano, in excellent order, with three pedals, price, $100.

1 4-0 oct, in good order, $50 For sale by

dec19 H. KLEBER

JUST rec'd, an elegant plain Rosewood 6 oct. Piano from the celebrated manufactory of Nunns & Clark, N Y, of superior tone, and very moderate price. For sale by H. KLEBER

dec19 at J. W. Woodwells

COAL FARM FOR SALE!

THE subscriber offers to sell the Farm on which he now resides, situated in Carroll tp., Washington co., Pa., lying immediately on the Monongahela river, about two miles from Monongahela City, adjoining Jacksonville and Columbia, and containing about ONE HUNDRED ACRES, more or less.

It is well watered, and contains about Seventy Acres cleared, the remainder is covered with excellent timber.

The improvements are a comfortable HOUSE and BARN; good Fruit, of different kinds, in abundance; and an excellent well of water near the door. The Farm is under good fence, and in a high state of cultivation. The whole tract abounds in COAL of the best quality, and of easy access.

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A plan or specification of the said location has been made, and deposited in the office of the Recording Registrar of said City, for public examination and inspection, in conformity with the Act of Assembly, in that case made and provided.

dec19-w2tT JAMES RICHEY, Rec. Reg.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—In a recent suit against Henry O'Reilly for an infringement of the Morse telegraph patent, before the U. S. District Court at Columbus, Ohio, Judge McLean decided that the Morse patent was null and void, in consequence of illegal specifications, and for other reasons. Although the decision has not been officially promulgated, it has been so rendered, as we are credibly informed. If this decision is sustained there will be no further hindrance to unlimited competition the intelegraphing, as there is now none between Morse and Bain systems.—*Troy Whig.*

AN ORIGINAL CLAY MAN—Mr. Clay's man, Charles, about whose escapes and returns a good deal has recently been said in the papers, passed through the town on Sunday, we understand, en route for Ashland.—*Cincinnati Gazette 11th.*

EXCITEMENT AMONG THE GROCERS—The wholesale grocers have been in a great state of excitement during the morning, by the discovery of the elopement of Mr. Frederick Avery, (formerly Morgan & Co) a grocer, doing a large business in Front Street.

He left in the steamer of Wednesday last, and took a familiar companion with him. He has left a large amount of debts behind, unprovided for, and a small amount of assets. He was seen on board the steamer, just before she left, and we understand one of his clerks states that he did leave in her.—*N. Y. Tribune*

☞ FEVER AND AGUE, AND BILIOUS COMPLAINTS—Although long known as a sovereign remedy for chronic cases of Hepatic derangement, the proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills were not prepared for the following gratifying evidence of their capacity and curative powers in Ague and Fever, and Bilious complaints:

MADISONVILLE, Nov. 26, 1847.

Messrs. Kidd & Co: About one year ago I was laboring under a very severe attack of Ague and Fever, but by the use of M'Lane's Liver Pills I was soon restored to perfect health. I believe them to be the best medicine for Bilious complaints that has ever been offered for sale in this section of the country.

"JAMES SHARPE."

For sale by J. KIDD & CO., No. 68, corner of Fourth and Wood st., Pittsburgh. [dec14-d&w1w3

A Cure and Certificate at Home.

☞ READ WHAT IS SAID OF THE PETROLEUM.—I hereby certify that about two weeks ago I was seized with a violent attack of vomiting and peurjoe Cholera Morbus, with very distressing pains in the stomach and bowels, which was completely relieved by two teaspoonful doses of Petroleum, taken in a little water. After having taken the first dose, I slept soundly and comfortably for three hours. [Signed]

HENRY WISE, Jr.,

On board the steam boat Ariadne

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11th, 1849.

I am Captain of the Ariadne, and was a witness to the astonishing effects of the Petroleum, in the case of Henry Wise, who is one of the hands on the boat.

[Signed] NIMROD GRABELL.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11th, 1849.

☞ See general advertisement in another column

dec13

JOB PRINTING.

BILL HEADS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, *Manifests, Bills Lading, Contracts, Law Blanks,* HAND BILLS, LABELS, CERTIFICATES, CHECKS,

Printed at the shortest notice, at low prices, at the

dec13 GAZETTE OFFICE, THIRD STREET.

PREMIUM LEMON SYRUP.—Prepared by J. W. Kelly Wholesale and Retail Druggist, 100 Fulton st. N. Y. and for sale by A. Jayne, No. 20 Fourth street. This will be found a delightful article of beverage in families, and particularly for sick persons.

BARNS'S BROWN.—An improved Chocolate preparation, being a combination of Cocoa nut, innocent, invigorating and palatable, highly recommended especially for invalids. Prepared by W. Baker, Dorchester, Mass., and for sale by A. JAYNES, at the Patent Medicine Store, No. 70 Fourth st. dec14

Improvements in Dentistry.

DR. G. U. STEARNS, late of Boston, is prepared to manufacture and set BLOCK TEETH in whole and parts of sets, upon Exhaustion or Atmospheric Suction Plates—TOOTHACHE CURED IN FIVE MINUTES, where the nerve is exposed. Office and residence next door to the Mayor's office, Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

REFER TO—J. B. M'Fadden, F. H. Eaton. ja19

DR. D. HUNT, Dentist, Corner of Fourth and Decatur, between Market and Ferry streets. oct1-d1yin

The Mayoralty.

The name of Aldermen A. G. REINHART will be submitted, by his friends, to the consideration of the approaching Whig Convention, as a suitable candidate for the Mayoralty of Pittsburgh. nov16-

☞ Wm. Algeo will be a candidate for the Mayoralty, subject to the nomination of the Whig Convention. oct30

☞ Henry Wilkeson will be a candidate for the Mayoralty, subject to the nomination of the Whig Convention. nov2

☞ Jonathan Rush, Esq., the present Mayor of Allegheny, will be a candidate for re-election, subject to the nomination of the Allegheny Whig Convention. nov10-tf

☞ We are authorized to announce that R. C. SAWYER will be a candidate for the Mayoralty, subject to the nomination of the Whig Convention. nov2-to5

☞ C. L. MAGEE will be a candidate for the office of Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Whig Convention. nov14

Mayoralty.

The undersigned most cheerfully suggest the name of THOMAS DAFT, Esq., of the Eighth Ward, Pittsburgh, as a worthy candidate for Mayor, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of a Whig and Anti-masonic Convention, and would add, if uniform good health, an honest heart, and a sound head, furnish the highest claims to public favor, than ought our candidate to be successful.

nov27-to MANY EIGHTH WARD VOTERS.

DIED,

On Tuesday morning, at his residence on Grant st. near Seventh, WILLIAM FERRAL,—a native of Belfast, Ireland, in the 38th year of his age.

His funeral will take place at 2 o'clock this afternoon. dec18 1P

CALIFORNIA PRICES.—Everything is high in California, even salaries of public officers. The present Governor of California receives, as salary, $10,000 per annum, and the Secretary of State $6000.

THE Buildings now being erected in San Francisco are far superior to those first put up; brick is getting into use, and the whole appearance of the place gradually improving.

A Cotton Factory project has been started in New Orleans.

A LOWEL IN GEORGIA.—Another lot has been sold, and Cotton factory, of 5000 spindles, is to be immediately erected in Columbus, Ga. Columbus, the Times says, will be a Georgia Lowel, before long, and some of those days will beat her. It is a significant circumstance that a member of a large Philadelphia house was lately there, soliciting consignments of Columbus cotton fabrics for his firm in Philadelphia.

A newspaper is the world's record, wherein are registered the doings and sayings of every day active life. The millionaire on change, the purchaser of commerce, the politician, the observer of phenomena of cause and effect, aswell as the less alleger, are all interested in learn the occurrences of the past, and how their interests are affected by the ebbing flowing of the irresistible currents of both the social and pecuniary world. That family circle is unsocial and morally blighted that does not possess one or more well-conducted newspapers for its inmates to peruse.

DIABOLICAL.—A correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, writing from Stafford, Conn, states that on Thursday morning six trees were found laid across the track of the Housatonic Railroad, and fixed so tight, by means of grooves, to the rails, that it was difficult to remove them. The particular object of the perpetrator, whoever he appears to have been, was to destroy the conductor of the express engine, hourly expected to run with the President's message to Albany, at the rate of 90 miles in one hour and 45 minutes.

LIFE INSURANCE!

Trenton Mutual Life Insurance Company.

RATES OF PREMIUM REDUCED 25 PER CENT.

Capital, $150,000.

☞ JAMES DURNO, Agent at Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOARD OF DIRECTION, AT TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.

James Hoy, Jr — Joseph C. Potts, Pres't.
Benjamin Fish — G. A. Perdicaris, V. P.
John A. Wear, — Eli Morris, Secretary
Jonathan Fisk, Treasurer.

REFEREES

NEW YORK: Comptroller of New York, George Wood, John F. Mackie, David Dudley Field, Joseph Foster.

PHILADELPHIA: Hon. James Campbell, David H. White, Alexander Cummings, W. J. P. White, P. M.

NEW JERSEY: His Exc. Gov. Haines, Ex-Gov. Vroom, Wm. Dayton, U. S. Sen., Isaac Wildrick, M. C., G. D. Wall, Ex-U. S. Sen., Wm. A. Newell, M. C., Ex-Gov. M. Dickerson, Hon. S. R. Hamilton.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

A Sidney Doane, M. D., 32 Warren st., N. Y.; W. W. Gerhard, M. D., 301 Walnut st., Phila.

The Agent of this Company, at Pittsburgh, is authorized to take every first class risk on Life at a reduction of twenty per cent. from the usual rates of premiums as charged by other Companies.

EXAMPLE.

A man 30 years of age, taking a Policy of Insurance for One Thousand Dollars—

To run for one year, pays only $9.50
do do seven years, " $12.50—annually.
do Lifetime, " " $17.50

And if the same proportion is carried out, he will pay any sum up to $5000, which is the extent taken on any one life.

This company commenced operations on the 1st Oct., 1845, and its monthly business up to the 1st Oct., 1849, shows a progress exceeding that of any other Life Company on record.

The first dividend of profits will be declared to the assured on the 1st January, 1850.

Pamphlets containing the various tables of rates, and all the necessary information on the important subject of Life Assurance will be furnished on application to JAMES DURNO, Agent,

dec17 Monongahela House.

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE TRENTON MUTUAL LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY will issue Policies of Insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, upon Dw