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PHILADELPHIA NORTH AMERICAN.

Advertisements and subscriptions to the North American and United States Gazette, Philadelphia, received and forwarded from this office.

ANTIMASONIC AND WHIG TICKET.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.
HENRY M. FULLER, of Luzerne County.

SENATE,
WILLIAM HASLETT, of Butler County.

ASSEMBLY,
ROBT. C. WALKER, of Elizabeth Borough.
JOHN MILLER, of Sharpsburgh.
CALEB LEE, of Pittsburgh.
WM. ESPY, of Lower St. Clair.

SHERIFF,
CARTER CURTIS, of Pittsburgh.

PROTHONOTARY,
GEO. S. HAYS, of Upper St. Clair.

TREASURER,
JOHN MORRISON, of Allegheny.

COMMISSIONER,
JAS. MITCHELL, of Peebles.

CORONER,
WM. M. ARTHURS, of Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR,
JOHN BYERS of Findlay.

TICKETS! TICKETS!!

☞ DISTRIBUTION OF ANTIMASONIC AND WHIG TICKETS.—The Boroughs and Townships south of the Monongahela will be supplied with tickets at the office of the Commercial Journal.

Boroughs and Townships north of the Allegheny river, and Allegheny City, will be supplied at the office of the Daily American.

The city of Pittsburgh at the office of the Daily Gazette; and the Boroughs and Townships between the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers will be supplied by the candidates.

By order of the Committee. spt24

For Local Matters see next page.
See next page for Telegraphic News.

WHIGS, ARE YOU READY?

To morrow you will be called upon to give a practical demonstration of your attachment to Whig principles, and of your fidelity to that great party which exists in activity and force in every State of the Union—a party which comprehends a majority of the people of this great nation, and on which the great, the good, and the patriotic chiefly rely to save our rights and liberties, and preserve our continued existence as a united people. The Whig party of the nation expects every Whig in Pennsylvania to do his duty. Let them not be disappointed.

We take pleasure in informing our city friends that we have the most cheering intelligence from the country districts. If we are not greatly mistaken in our calculations, founded on reliable information, our vote will be pretty nearly, if not altogether, out, and the ticket will be generally voted entire. If our city Whigs do as well as they ought, and as we have reason to believe they will, our ticket will be elected by our old fashioned majority of two thousand. Turn out, one and all, and let us convince our opponents that there is no diminution of the true Whig spirit.

OUR WESTERN RAIL ROAD.

In our last article, we gave a brief history of the state of the line in Ohio, and the cheering prospects with regard to its progress and the means for its preparation for the superstructure. We have now a few remarks to offer in relation to that portion of the line within the State of Pennsylvania. This is naturally separated into two divisions—that from Pittsburgh to the mouth of the Beaver river, and from this latter point to the State line.

The division from the mouth of the Beaver to the State line. This was put under contract some months since, and the contractors are now engaged on most of the sections. Difficulties, however, embarrassing the directors, and hindering the progress of the work, have arisen. The first of these difficulties we shall notice, is at the town of Rochester, on the eastern side of the Beaver, at its mouth, and which we have previously reverted to.

When the line was first surveyed, the property holders of Rochester appeared to profess a very accommodating spirit, and made liberal promises about a depot, and the right of way. But no sooner was the line located and the contracts given out, than there was a disposition manifested to take advantage of the company, by exacting the most exorbitant damages for the ground occupied by the road. Men called to assess damages, instead of estimating, as they ought, the difference between the value of the property before the rail road was built and afterwards, and if it sustained real injury, assessing a corresponding damage, valued the property at the enhanced price given to it by the rail road, and made the Company pay for the ground it occupied, at a value which the road itself had conferred. In this way, although the road was about to confer a vast benefit upon the town, and greatly to enhance the value of its property, the company was assessed in damages to the amount of some $20,000.

The energetic President of the Company, not being willing to see the stock holders fleeced in this way, suspended work on that section, and immediately placed a corps of engineers on a line from Freedom, two miles above Rochester, to Brighton. The surveys on this line have been completed and the route located, and, on a comparison of the expenses of construction, the lines are about equal. This makes Freedom the point of divergence from the Ohio river, and of course confers great benefits on that thriving village.—The people of that place, with more shrewdness and liberality than those of Rochester, in order to secure the advantages which would result from making their town the diverging point for this great work, busied themselves in obtaining releases of the right of way through the town, and have succeeded most admirably, on condition that the road leaves the river at that point.

At the late meeting of the Directors at Massillon the whole subject was presented to the Board, and the people of Rochester were heard, by a delegation sent expressly for the purpose. After mature deliberation, the Directors referred the matter to a committee of three, consisting of the President, Col. Robinson, Mr. Laurens, of this city, and Mr. Street, of Salem, Ohio, with power to decide finally on which route the road should be built.

The people of Rochester, alarmed at the injury which the loss of the road will inflict, have reduced their claim for damages from $20,000 down to $3,500. This is comparatively a small amount, but there is another element in the question which must be taken into view, before its final decision. The road must pass through Freedom. This cannot, we believe, be avoided. The level ground at that point is very narrow, and nearly all built over. The rail road will have to pass along a narrow alley, between the main street and the river, and will cut off the ends of the lots the whole way; and if damages are exacted, they will probably be heavy. The people of Freedom have agreed to give the right of way provided the road diverges from the river at that point, and not otherwise, so that if the Rochester route is chosen, the damages will be enhanced at Freedom.

The question will most probably be settled on the ground altogether of expense. If the Rochester route shall prove to be the cheapest to the company, all things considered, that will be chosen. If not, the Freedom route will be adopted. One will suit the Company about as well as the other. If the Freedom route is chosen, the transhipments between the canal and rail road will all be made at Brighton, when those improvements will be about on a level. This will be a severe blow to Rochester. Freedom will also become the chief steam boat landing in that vicinity.

Some remarks about another difficulty, and about the division between Beaver and Pittsburgh are reserved for another article.

THE ELECTIONS.

MARYLAND.—From our telegraphic despatches, we learn that the Whigs have lost one Congressman in Maryland. The delegation in the last Congress stood four Whigs and two Democrats—now it will be three Whigs and three Democrats. The Whig loss is in the second District, composed of Allegheny, Washington, and Frederick counties, where the Whigs had put up an unpopular candidate.

GEORGIA.—The returns from Georgia indicate that the Democrats have carried the Governor and the majority of the Legislature. This was expected and predicted by the best Whig observers in the country. All the force of the slave feeling, which now runs very high in the South, was brought to bear upon the Whig candidates, and the result could not be doubted. Locofocoism is as much as ever the ally of slavery, and the South knows it. Whenever, therefore, the slavery question is agitated the Locofocos in the South.

There is nothing in these elections to discourage the Whig party—not in the least. We stand as strong and as powerful as the day we elected Gen. Taylor, and in a rather better position. Onward, then, in the good work we have to do.

We observe by the Wheeling Gazette, that J. B. Clarke, Esq., has withdrawn from that paper, which is now conducted by E. R. Bartelson & Co. Our readers will recollect Mr. Clarke as formerly of the Telegraph of this city. Our best wishes accompany him in any new enterprise in which he may engage.

EFFECTS OF A RAILROAD.—The Chicago and Galena railroad has been in operation this season for some thirty miles west from Chicago, and the work has been progressing so well that in a few weeks the road will be completed to the vicinity of Fox River. The Democrat states that the flourishing towns on that fine stream will soon become suburbs of Chicago for business purposes, and already a great impulse is given to the manufacture of flour, which is forwarded to market as fast as turned out from the mills. Of some of the results of the road on business, the Democrat says:

Farmers in some precincts of the country are now in the habit of choosing one of their number to visit the city with their produce; take charge of it upon the railroad, sell it for them in the city, and in return forward them what merchandize they require. We have seen several of these shrewd agents in the city transacting business for their neighbors, and receiving in return a small commission for their services. This forms a new era in the history of commerce, which may yet be productive of beneficial results.

The receipts of produce by the railroad this month, notwithstanding the roads have been in good order, are so far nearly double those of last. Much of the produce is brought a distance of 200 miles to the terminus of the road, where it is taken from the wagons and transported to the city.

When the road is completed to Fox River, the travel and traffic must increase beyond the expectations of the most sanguine.

THE MEXICAN BOUNDARY QUESTION.—In the correspondence of the New Orleans papers we have some notes of the movements of the Commissioners appointed to run the boundary between the United States and Mexico, whose arrival at San Diego has been heretofore mentioned.

With regard to the business of the survey, a writer in the Crescent says:

"On the 6th, the Commissioners met together and exhibited their credentials, after which, and explaining the causes of delay, they adjourned.

"Major Emory, with a small escort, has gone down to the line between Upper and Lower California, where it strikes the Pacific, from which point he will proceed in search of a good pass through the coast range of the mountains."

The Picayune gives the following:

"An exploration has already been made by Col. Weller and Mr. Gray, as far back as the mountains or about thirty five miles. They would probably have proceeded farther had not Col. Weller met with an accident. His horse took fright, and in his efforts to restrain him, the bridle was broken. The result was a race of about three quarters of a mile, during which he received a severe injury on one of his ankles from a blow with the stirrup, his foot having lost it. He is now nearly recovered."

LOSS OF A CALIFORNIA EMIGRANT SHIP.—Mexican papers from Mazatlan, to the 3d of August, and from the city of Mexico to the 13th of Sept., contain the following news:

The French ship Roland was totally lost on Criston Island, at Mazatlan, on the 26th of August. She had on board a large number of passengers, principally Americans, bound for California, a number of whom were drowned, and those who survived were left entirely destitute, having lost every thing.

Henry Wood, who had, some time in June last, a lot of 500 mules taken from him by the authorities of Guadalupe y Calvo, in the state of Chihuahua, and who was subsequently imprisoned by the said authorities, made his escape, and had arrived at Mazatlan. He was one of the unfortunates on board the French ship Roland, having lost every thing but what he had on his back.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

A full Vote is a Whig Victory.

Whigs and Antimasons of Allegheny, awake, arouse, shake off the dew drops which glitter on your garments, and march forward to battle and victory. Remember that to morrow decides whether our victory of last year shall furnish merely a barren sceptre, or whether the State Administration, which has already achieved so much for our tax ridden Commonwealth, shall be sustained in there work of economy and reform. Remember that on your votes may depend the fall of the British Tariff of 1846—for President Taylor said, on his late trip to the Keystone State, that he would approve such a Tariff as we might want—if then with the issue offered by the Democratic Convention of last 4th of July—"Gamble and the Tariff of 1846"—we should unfortunately elect Gamble, Gen. Taylor has a right to suppose that we are indifferent to a change in the Tariff.

Remember, that on you may depend the complexion of the Legislature which will district the State, and apportion the members to Allegheny county.

Remember that the Locofocos, the natural allies of the South and Slavery, with their leaders, Bob Walker, Hoote, and Calhoun, have found it convenient to smother their real sentiment at the North, and to court the Free Soil party, and with their oil and water coalition, they hope to catch napping, and to conquer the Whigs, who have always been the true friends of liberty and of the Slave. Have not the Whigs even in Kentucky boldly proclaimed these principles, and with the emancipation banner borne aloft, been stricken down by the banded colors of Locofocoism and Slavery?

In the North the Whigs were every where gaining strength, while in the South, Slavery is rallying to her aid all shades of Locofocoism.

Remember this and vote the whole ticket, Canal Commissioner, Senator, and all. Leave not a shadow of chance for any man on their piebald ticket, and your consciences will approve your acts when you lay your heads on your pillows.

And remember lastly that one vote may elect both Fuller and Haslett. CITIZEN.

County Scrip—the Democrats have issued the largest part.

MR. EDITOR—The Post still persists in charging the whole issue of County Scrip on the Whig party. As I have hardly ever been able to get hold of one of those notes that had not the name of either John Johnston, James Cunningham, or Alexander Carnahan, on it, and frequently two of them, I thought it would not be amiss to examine and see how the matter of Scrip stood.

On examination of the audited reports of the Commissioners, which was kindly furnished me by their very gentlemanly Clerk, I found there had been about one hundred and sixty six thousand dollars issued. The first issue—twenty-eight thousand dollars, was made in 1840. The action of the Commissioners in this matter, received the sanction of many prominent Democrats of the day to enable the Commissioners to pay for the County buildings. No more scrip was issued until 1844, when the Democrats had two members and a majority of the Board of County Commissioners, when to make themselves popular, the county tax was reduced so that the whole amount collected scarcely exceeded one half of the expenses, but in order to provide a sufficient amount to meet the whole expenditures they went into the issue of scrip with a perfect looseness. Since 1844, about $138,000 has been issued, of which amount John Johnston has signed $22,000—J. Forsyth $36,500, J. Cunningham $59,143, Wm. Magill $24.500; J. McDowell, $73,000; Alex. Carnahan $40,643; Joseph T. Marks, $48,921, and Thomas Perkins the same amount. By the above it will be seen that by far the greater amount of the whole issue was signed by Mr. Cunningham, a prominent democrat. It will also be observed that near one third of the issue since 1844, was made during the administration of Messrs. Carnahan, McDowell, and Cunningham, (two of the three being democrats) and that during the administration of Messrs. Johnston, Forsyth, and Cunningham (two of them democrats) one sixth of the whole issue since 1844 was made. Thus, during the two years of democratic rule, near one-half of the entire issue since 1844 was made. What think you of this, Mr. Harper?

FAIR PLAY.

HEALTH OF OUR CITY.—Two deaths of Cholera occurred on yesterday—one a negro woman of Gen. R. Collins, and the other Richard Craig, a free man of color, near 70 years of age, and for the last twelve or fifteen years the bell ringer and city crier. He was much respected, and will be greatly missed by our citizens. He died a christian, and when asked a few minutes before his death by a gentleman who called to see him, how he felt, he calmly replied that "Old Dick had rung his last bell, and was about to be off,"—and his spirit took its flight.—*Maysville Eagle.*

A POST OFFICE MYSTERY SOLVED.—In the month of August, 1838, a gentleman of this city mailed a communication of considerable value to a friend in New York. Several weeks elapsed and the document had not reached its place of destination. Every effort was made to ascertain its fate; the Postmaster of Washington stated that it had surely sent been on, and the Postmaster of New York affirmed in the most positive manner that it had never been received at his office.

Upwards of one year elapsed, and still the fate of the missing document was unknown. Within a short time past, however, it has come to light, and after the following manner: A citizen of New York, having purchased from the post office in that city a quantity of rejected Pamphlets and Monthly Magazines, found secreted in the cover of one of them the document in question. It was directed to a gentleman, well known to the public, whose death, on the shores of the Pacific, was announced in the papers on the very day the package was found. It was then opened to ascertain the name of the person who mailed it, and thus did it finally come into the hands of the rightful owner.—*Nat. Intel.*

From the St. Louis Republican, Sept. [illegible]

Arrival from Santa Fe—Progress of the California Emigrants—Destruction of Bent's Fort by the Indians.

Among the passengers on the Saranak, last night, from the Missouri river, was Mr. James Brown, contractor for the delivery of Government freight at Santa Fe. Mr. Brown left Santa Fe on the 7th instant, at which time all was quiet in that place. In a brief conversation with him, we gathered the following items of news:

On the 5th inst., two Americans were killed by the Apache Indians, at Los Vegas, 60 miles from Santa Fe, and they run off twenty horses belonging to the Government. The men killed were either soldiers, or belonged to the Quarter Master's Department.

When about 200 miles this side of Santa Fe, Mr. Brown was robbed of every thing, by a band of Arapahoe Indians, about 40 in number. Next day he prevailed on them to give up a portion of his mules, and from one of the California emigrating companies he obtained provisions for himself and his two men.

Col. Washington had left Santa Fe on an expedition against the Indians. Col. Alexander was, in his absence, in command at Santa Fe. Major Beall was at Taos, and Major Steen, who had been out on an expedition against the Indians, was wounded, in a skirmish with them; he received a gun shot wound in the leg, but it was not of a very serious character.

Mr. Brown reports having learned on the route, froms trains of returning wagons, that they passed the ruins of Bent's Fort, which had been set on fire by the Chayenne Indians, and totally consumed.

Mr. Wm. Bent, who had charge of the Fort, is understood to have gone upon a winter trading expedition among the Indians, leaving a few men to take care of the Fort. It was not known what had become of them, but the impression was that they had not been killed.

He met a train of emigrants for California, with packed mules, at Red River. They were from the northern part of this State. The next train met by him was a company of sixty men from Clay county; they were at Cimerone Springs.

Met Col. Monroe at Walnut creek, having under his command 150 infantry and 190 dragoons, destined for Santa Fe. On his arrival he will assume command of that military department. A company of Tennessee emigrants, under the directions of Gen. Anderson, were traveling with him.

Mr. Houck, of Boonville, was met twenty miles this side of Cow Creek; Mr. Lucas, of Independence, at Cotton-wood Fork; White & Auburn's train at 110 Mile Creek; and St. Vrain & McCarty at Black-jack Point.

All the trains were getting on well. The grass was abundant, and water plenty. A very large number of emigrants from Missouri, and the Southern route by way of Fort Smith, had passed through Santa Fe, and were getting along very well. The Indians every where gave evidence of a hostile disposition, and it will be difficult to restrain them from depredations upon the Americans.

In Santa Fe there was a good deal of excitement, growing out of an election which was soon to take place, either for members of a Legislature, or Delegates to a Convention to form a State Constitution. Trade in Santa Fe was very dull, so far as dry goods were concerned, but there was a very considerable demand for groceries, which sold at fair profits.

From the Baltimore American

Interesting Letter—The French Difficulty.

We publish below an extract from a letter received in this city yesterday, which gives a perfectly satisfactory solution of the heretofore unexplained mystery in regard to the conduct of the French Government in declining to recall M. Poussin. Without this key, no one can understand the attempt of M. De Tocqueville to apologise for or rather to justify M. Poussin's insolence by implicating our own Government in the use of discourteous language, which is to be found only in the correspondence of the French minister.

This explains, too, the repeated declarations of M. Poussin, as published in the newspapers, that he had used the language of his instructions in the letter which insults our Government. M. De Tocqueville cannot fail to feel the full force of the sarcasm justly introduced into Mr. Clayton's reply.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2d, 1849.

MY DEAR L•••••—

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A singular developement has been made here within the last twenty four hours. I will not trouble you with my source of information, but a French gentleman of our acquaintance has ascertained the facts, and I know you may rely on them.

He says that the reason for M. de Tocqueville's letter to our Secretary of State is, that he was defending his own instructions to M. Poussin—that the rupture with M. P. was the result of M. de Tocqueville's own ignorance of the law of salvage and that he could not dismiss P. without disgracing himself.

He says he has seen the instructions of M. de Tocqueville to Poussin in the case of Carpender, and that they direct Poussin to address to our Government a protest against the law of salvage, and consequently against the seizure and detention of the Eugenie, as involving the dignity of the American marine, and that there is not an insulting expression in the letter of Poussin for which he was intercommunicated which is not to be found in almost the very same words in M. de Tocqueville's instructions, except that in which M. Poussin went out of his way to sneer about the little interest Frenchmen felt when they had occasion to condemn an American officer in any thing he could say in self defence.

He says also that M. de Tocqueville, who is no lawyer, but a literary *savant*, was entirely ignorant of the law of salvage existing in Mexico, and sent documents to Poussin from which he inferred two great errors: First, that salvage could never be claimed unless a vessel was bilged; second, that salvage could never be claimed by a national vessel or man of war. I asked him how M. de Tocqueville came to be so misled—I say misled, because I hear that there is no difference of opinion among the jurists here, who all concur that Carpender was clearly entitled to salvage and had a right to detain the vessel, not merely under the general maritime law of lien, but under the settled law of Mexico, which allows the salver to detain the vessel saved until bond is given for the payment of the salvage to be assessed by the Mexican judicial tribunals. He says that M. de Tocqueville read the violent attacks made in the Mexican papers upon Lieutenant Carpender and upon this country in the autumn of last year, in which they charge that the American people were a nation of plunderers and pirates—that the Eugenie was seized and forcibly detained by Carpender, who, as they said was not entitled to salvage; first, because the vessel was not bilged, and secondly, because the demand of salvage by a man of war was a disgrace to the American marine and no other nation claimed it. The first abusive, article on the subject was published by the editor of the official organ in the city of Mexico, who has a deep hatred for our country on account of the Mexican war.—He further says that the Fench Charge d' Affaires at Mexico sent all these violent articles home to his own Government, and joined in the hue and cry about the "seizure" of the Eugenie for salvage as a disgrace to the American Government and people.

Upon these documents M. de Tocqueville acted and instructed M. Poussin to demand the disgrace of Captain Carpender, not doubting that the Mexican editors understood the case. Thus it was that Poussin infused all the Mexican malevolence and ignorance of the usages of nations into his reply to Mr. Clayton. The latter, little dreaming that M. de Tocqueville was personally interested in the question of honor, and of course not supposing that the French Government would sustain the insolence, instructed Mr. Rush to lay before M. de Tocqueville and the President of France the very insult which M. de Tocqueville himself, from either ignorance of the law of Maritime States and of France herself, had stupidly directed M. P. to perpetrate. He says M. de T. fully believed till Mr. Rush complained of the insult, that a national vessel was not entitled to salvage. The complaint of our Government therefore took him by surprise. He says it was determined to recall Pousain in July last, but that M. de Todqueville having committed himself by his instructions, could not recall him for obedience to them, and dared not rest the recall on the ground that he had attempted to lecture our Government on its own dignity and honor, as he had told him that both there were violated by Carpender's conduct. This too, he says accounts for the extraordinary delay in M. de Tocqueville's answer to the complaint of the American Government, he doubting what was proper to be done in so embarrassing a position. He thinks, too, that this also accounts for his letter to Mr. Rush, in which you have seen he attempts to implicate the Secretary of State, and thus to save his own Minister. He says he has no doubt M. Poussin would have been recalled promptly, if M. de Tocqueville had not got thus involved by his own folly in the affair. He thinks M. Poussin will now be recalled and that Mr. Rives will be received.

From the National Intelligencer.

THE NEXT SPEAKER.—Hon. Mr. Wentworth, of Chicago, Member of Congress and Editor of the Chicago Democrat, after making a careful calculation respecting the political character of the next House of Representatives of the United States, says:—

"Since the Vermont and Rhode Island elections, the sympathies are strong in favor of Mr. Winthrop's ultimate election. He may not be elected at the first trial, nor at the first ten trials, but the chances are all in his favor. He was not elected at the first trial before, yet he kept all the while gaining."

Mr. Wentworth, with a degree of candor and magnanimity which does him honor, pays the following handsome but deserved tribute to the character of the Speaker of the last Congress:

"We look upon Mr. Winthrop as the very first man of his age in the country, either in natural endowments or in acquirements. His integrity as a man, and his impartiality as a Speaker, we believe there is no cause to question. He is believed to have been the next choice of Gen. Taylor after Mr. Clayton for Secretary of State, and the next after Mr. Lawrence as Minister to England. He would have adorned either of these stations. Such is the man the Democrats have to beat—a true patriot in every sense of the word, and who is beloved by all who claim the name of a Whig from Maine to Texas, and one who is both respected and feared by Democrats as being the ablest, most accomplished, and yet the fairest of their political opponents."

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE BOON OUR FATHERS LEFT.

BY JOHN K. HOLMES.

Ye sons of patriot sires that feel
Their well tried blood in every vein,
In storm or sunshine, wo or weal
True to your trust remain.
Beyond the broad Atlantic's waves,
Ye heard the shout of Freedom ring—
Ye saw the band of Austrian slaves
Hunt the Hungrians to their graves
Ye heard Rome's loud and strong appeals,
Or saw her arms raised high in trust,
Or despots with relentless heels
Tramp her warm life blood in the dust

Then be ye watchful, for the brood
Of tyrant hearts yet beateth strong!
And hands like Nero's, black and rude
Would crush ye right or wrong!
Ye have a land too sweetly bless'd
By kindest heaven to be resign'd—
It is the wand'ring exile's rest—
A giant, rearing high its crest—
A beacon to mankind!
Here are the bones of men who fought
As Spartan's fought in days of yore;
And here, those hands that never sought
To shame the flag they bore!

Yea, through the tempest dark and wild,
Through doubt and danger, hate and scorn,
By river bank, and mountain pil'd
That glorious flag was borne!
Borne—for the truth which God had writ
Upon the eternal face of things—
Borne—when the frosts of winter bit—
Borne—where the plagues of summer flit,
And where prosphoric fires have lit
The den of aspics' stings!
Borne—with a trust which God sustain'd
Amid the watch fires and the camp;
Amid the iron hail that rain'd,
Ere Autumn's ghostly moon had waned
O'er fields by carnage damp
Then look ye at the work they wrought.—
There is no Grecian story there;
There is no fable mild and fraught
With ills the Romans share

But all is simple as the song
Of shepherd on his rural seat,
And yet hath truth both deep and strong,
And melody as sweet!
Then give to Virtue's lovely band
Thy ardent heart and willing ear,
And firm as mountain barriers stand
When tempests burst on every hand
Will rest our honor here!

Mail Thief Arrested.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 29th, 1849.

It is known to the public that mail depredations, amounting in the aggregate to $4000 or $5000 have taken place during the last few months, in this vicinity. Vigorous efforts have been making to detect the villian for some time, by a special mail agent, and the postmaster in this city. Those efforts were at length successful. This morning, Edward H. C. Giffin, a clerk in the Rochester Post Office, was arrested, and has confessed the offence. He is about 20 years old, the son of a respectable mechanic who resides in this city, and has been in the post office about a year, having been appointed by the former postmaster. He was formarly a clerk in the Eagle Hotel, in this place, and up to this occurrence has always maintained a respectable reputation.

The money stolen by him had been abstracted from a large number of letters, and at many different times. He usually selected letters coming from side lines, and managed his desperate operations with a good deal of skill. A considerable portion of the proceeds of his ingenuity he has invested by judicious purchases of real estate. On being arrested he manifested no little alarm, and made no attempt at concealment. His examination has not yet taken place, so that the full particulars have not yet transpired, but it is supposed that most of the missing money will be refunded by him. He is at present in jail.

The arrest of Giffin is fortunate, as the business community were growing alarmed at the extent and frequency of his depredations.

CHEMISTRY FOR GIRLS.

BY E. THOMPSON, M. D.

Something that every Woman should Read.—This is properly styled a utilitarian age, for the inquiry, "What profit!" meets us everywhere. It has entered the temples of learning, and attempted to thrust out important studies, because their immediate connection with *hard money* profits cannot be demonstrated. There is one spot, however, into which it has not so generally intruded itself—the female academy—the last refuge of the fine arts and fine follies. Thither young ladies are too frequently sent, merely to learn how to dress tastefully and walk gracefully, play, write French, and make waxen plumes and silken spiders—all pretty, but why not inquire, "What profit?"

I take my pen, not to utter a dissertation on female education, but to insist that young ladies be taught chemistry. They will thereby be better qualified to superintend domestic affairs, guard against many accidents to which households are subject, and perhaps be instrumental in saving life. We illustrate the last remark by reference merely to toxicology.

The strong acids, such as nitric, muriatic, and sulphuric, are virulent poisons, yet frequently needed in medicine, and the mechanic arts. Suppose a child, in his rambles among the neighbors, should enter a cabinet shop, and find a saucer of *aqua fortis* (nitric acid) upon the work bench, and, in his sport, seize and drink a portion of it. He is conveyed home in great agony. The physician is sent for; but ere he arrives, the child is a corpse. Now, as the mother presses the cold clay to her breast and lips for the last time, how will her anguish be aggravated to know that in her medicine chest, or drawer, was some calcined magnesia, which, if timely administered, would have saved her lovely, perchance her first and only boy. O, what are all the boquets and fine dresses in the world to her, compared with such knowledge?

Take another case. A husband returning home, on a summer afternoon, desires some acidulous drinks. Opening a cupboard, he sees a small box, labelled "salts of lemon," and making a solution of this, he drinks it freely. Presently he feels distress, sends for his wife, and ascertains that he has drank a solution of oxalic acid, which she has procured to take stains from linen. The physician is sent for; but the unavoidable delay attending his arrival is fatal. When he arrives, perhaps he sees upon the very table on which the weeping widow bows her head, a piece of chalk, which, if given in time, would have certainly prevented any mischief from the poison.

Corrosive sublimate is the article generally used to destroy the vermin which sometimes infest our couches. A solution of it is laid upon the floor in a very tea-cup, when the domestics go down to dine, leaving the children up stairs to play; the infant crawls to the tea-cup, and drinks. Now, what think you would be the mother's joy, if, having studied chemistry, she instantly called to recollection the well ascertained fact, that there is in the hen's nest an antidote to this poison. She sends for some eggs, and breaking them, administers the whites. Her child recovers, and she weeps for joy. Talk to her of novels—one little book of natural science has been worth, to her, more than all the novels in the world.

Physicians in the country rarely carry scales with them to weigh their prescriptions. They administer medicines by guess, from a teaspoon or the point of a knife. Suppose a common case. A physician in a hurry leaves an over-dose of tartar-emetic, (generally the first prescription in cases of bilious fever,) and pursues his way to another patient, ten miles distant. The medicine is duly administered, and the man is poisoned. When the case becomes alarming, one messenger is despatched for the doctor, and another to call in the neighbors to see the sufferer. Now there is, in a canister in the cupboard, and on a tree that grows by the door, a remedy for this distress and alarm—a sure means of saving the sick man from threatened death. A strong decoction of young hyson tea, oak bark, or any other astringent vegetable, will change tartar emetic into a harmless compound.

Vessels of copper often give rise to poisoning. Though this metal undergoes but little change in a dry atmosphere, it is rusted if moisture be present, and its surface becomes covered with a green substance—carbonate or the proxide of copper, a poisonous compound. It has sometimes happened, that a mother has, for want of knowledge, poisoned her family. Sour-krout, when permitted to stand for some time in a copper vessel, has produced death in a few hours. Cooks sometimes permit pickles to remain in copper vessels, that they may acquire a rich green color, which they do by absorbing poison.

Families may have often been thrown into disease by eating such dainties, and may have died, in some instances, without suspecting the cause. That lady has certainly some reason to congratulate herself upon her education, if, under such circumstances, she knows that pickles rendered green by verdigris are poisonous, and that the white of an egg is an antidote.

Illustration might be multiplied, but our space forbids. Enough has been shown, we hope, to convince the utilitarian that a knowledge of chemistry is an important element in the education of the female sex; that without it they are imperfectly qualified for the duties devolving upon them in the domestic relation, and poorly prepared to meet its emergencies.

THE COPPER REGION—SINGULAR DISCOVERY.

A correspondent of the Buffalo Express, writing from Ontonagon, Lake Superior, says:—

Mr. Knapp, of the Vulcan Mining company, has lately made some very singular discoveries here in working one of the veins which he lately found. He worked into an old cave which had been excavated centuries ago. This led them to look for other works of the same sort, and they have found a number of sinks in the earth which they have traced a long distance. By digging into those sinks they find them to have been made by the hand of man. It appears that the ancient miners went on a different principle from what they do at the present time. The greatest depth yet found in these holes is 30 feet—after getting down a certain depth they drifted along the vein, making an open cut. These cuts have been filled nearly to a level by the accumulation of soil, and we find trees of a very large growth have grown up and died, and decayed many years since; in the same places there are now standing trees of over three hundred years growth.—Last week they dug down into a new place, and about twelve feet below the surface found a mass of copper that will weigh from eight to ten tons. This mass was buried in ashes, and it appears they could not handle it and had no means of cutting it, and probably built a fire to melt or separate the rock from it, which might be done by heating, and then dashing on cold water. This piece of copper is as pure and clean as a new cent; the upper surface has been pounded clear and smooth. It appears that this mass of copper was taken from the bottom of a shaft, at the depth of about thirty feet. In sinking this shaft from where the mass lies, they followed the course of the vein, which pitches considerably; this enabled them to raise it as far as the hole came up with a slant. At the bottom of the slant they found skids of black oak, from eight to twelve inches in diameter—these sticks were charred through, as if burnt; they found large wooden wedges in the same situation. In this shaft they found a miner's gad,—a small chisel made of copper. I do not know whether these copper tools are tempered or not, but their make displays good workmanship. They have taken out more than a ton of cobblestones, which have been used as mallets. These stones were nearly round, with a score cut round the centre, and looked as if this score was cut for the purpose of putting a withe round for a handle. The Chippewa Indians all say that this work was never done by Indians. This discovery will lead to a new method of finding veins in this country, and may be of great benefit to some. I suppose they will keep finding new wonders for some time yet, as it is but a short time since they first found the old mine. There is copper here in abundance, and I think people will begin to dig it in a few years. Mr. Knapp has found considerable silver during the past winter.

These are truly singular discoveries. Every year contributes evidence to the interesting fact, that a race of people once existed on this continent, far in advance of the aborigines who occupied it at the period of its discovery in 1592, and its exploration since by the whites.

☞ DISEASES OF THE LIVER.—When the celebrated Dr. Rush declared that drunkenness was a disease, he enunciated a truth which the experience and observation of medical men is every day confirming. The unhappy, and too many apparently insane excesses of those who indulge in the use of spirituous liquors, is thus accounted for. The true cause of their conduct, which is taken for infatuation, is very frequently found in a diseased state of the liver. No organ in the human system, when deranged, produces a more frightful catalogue of diseases. And if, instead of applying remedies to the manifestations of disease, as is too often the case, physicians would prescribe with a view to the original cause, we would have fewer deaths from complaints which are the result of a deranged state of that organ. Three-fourths of the diseases enumerated under the head of consumption, have their seat in a diseased liver. (See Dr. Gunn's great work.)

Indigestion, Stoppage of the Menses, Costiveness, and general irregularity in the action of the bowels, are diseases originating in the same prolific cause, as is also that dreaded scourge—DYSPEPSIA. Those who are afflicted with any of the above enumerated diseases, may rest assured that the source of their maladies is in the liver, and for its correction, the best remedy ever offered to the public, is Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pill, for the cure of Hepatis, or Liver Complaint.

For sale by J. KIDD & CO., No. 60, corner of Fourth and Wood st., Pittsburgh. [oct5-d&w1wS

H. WILLIAMS will open a NIGHT SCHOOL at 6½ o'clock this evening, (Monday, Oct. 8th,) on the corner of Fourth and Ferry streets, entrance on Ferry, where he will be happy to impart instruction in Reading, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Book Keeping, Phonography, Physiology, &c. oct8

O. H. PARTRIDGE, M. D.,
NO 195 SPRUCE STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
CONTINUES to give his particular attention to the treatment of Diseases of the SKIN, SCROFULA, and Diseases of the THROAT
Office hours: 9 A. M., 1 P. M., and 7 P. M.
oct8-d3m*

F. H. EATON & CO. keep constantly on hand for wholesale and retail trade, Gents' Socks and Stockings, Ladies Hosiery of variety, childrens' plain, striped and plaid Stockings, ladies and gents Kid Gloves, with a great variety of gents, ladies and childrens winter Gloves; childrens worsted Gaiters, Socks, Hoods, Tippets and Scarfs; cambric and plain Hdkfs, Breakfast and Night Caps, Bonnet and Face Flowers, Fringes, Gimps, Laces, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Tapes, gents Shirts and Under Garments, Cravats, &c &c. Store No. 62 Fourth st., between Wood and Market. oct8

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
No. 100 Market Street,
BETWEEN FIFTH AND LIBERTY, PITTSBURGH

THE subscriber would respectfully invite his friends and the public to call and examine his stock, which comprises in part the following, viz:

Fancy Cashmere, Mouslin de Laine, Satin de Chines, Fancy Silk, and a large assortment of French Merinos, Parametta, Lyonese and Coburg Cloths.

ALSO, French Embroideries, Hosiery, Gloves, a large assortment, Brocha, Thibet, Ture Satin, Silk and Woolen Long Shawls.

DOMESTICS, FLANNELS, Tickings, Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Tweeds, Ky. Jeans, &c. &c
oct8:d1m D. H. FRALICH.

DOMESTIC FLANNELS—11 pieces brown, blue, white and barred Flannels, (Arthurs & Bro. manufacture,) which will be sold at a small advance above manufacturers' prices. Call and examine at No. 100 Market st. oct8:d1m D. H. FRALICH

ECONOMY BLANKETS—The largest assortment ever offered in this market, and will be sold at a small advance. Call and see at No 100 Market st.
oct8:d1m D. H. FRALICH

WHITNEY BLANKETS—12 and 13-4 Whitney Blankets, a superior article, at No 100 Market st. oct8:d1m D. H. FRALICH.

CANAL BLOCKADE REMOVED.
R. D THOMPSON,
No 110 MARKET STREET, 3 DOORS FROM LIBERTY,

IS NOW RECEIVING the largest and best selected stock of Fall and Winter DRY GOODS, that he has ever had the pleasure of offering to his customers and the public—among which are several styles of entirely new Goods in this market. All the high colors of superior French Merinos and Thibet Cloths; Satin Damask Thibet Cloth, a new and beautiful article for ladies dresses, Ture Satins, Gro de Armure, Satin de Chine, Changeable Glacie Silks, blk Silks for cardinals and dresses; Cashmeres, de Laines, Bombazines, Alpaccas, &c. Also, Velvets and Satins for bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Neck do, Lace Capes, Standing and other French Worked Collars, Silk, Satin and Merino Scarfs, Gloves, Hosiery, Laces, Trimmings, &c &c

A full assortment of Domestics, Linen Sheetings, Table Linens, Diaper, Checks, Canton Flannels, &c &c. A very large assortment of Long and Square Shawls. Piano and Table Covers, Damask Moreens, Red Drapery, with a complete stock of Coachmakers' Trimmings, all of which have been purchased at the lowest rates, and will be sold at a small advance.
oct8:d3w R. D THOMPSON.

WINDOW SASH BLINDS.

H. HAMMOND'S Patent Upper and Improved lower Window Sash Springs, for sale by Messrs. Logan & Kennedy, J M Cooper, and Wentworth, Pittsburgh, Petwin, Zanesville, Tyler, Davidson & Co, Cincinnati, Ohio; Bradley, Lexington; and Messrs. Hardy's, Louisville, Ky.; also, in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, St. Louis, Erie, Buffalo, &c. With these Springs, all kinds of window can be easily fixed for lowering the upper as well as raising the lower sash, and either when shut or partially open, cannot be opened further from the outside, and can be more easily taken out for washing, painting, glazing, &c. They are labeled, numbered, (according to size,) are furnished with directions for selections, the appropriate sizes and properly applying them to windows, and are warranted not to lose their elasticity or break.

H. H. has been over 20 years engaged manufacturing Springs and putting them into windows, therefore flatters himself that he understands the business well, and believes his Springs in point of convenience, durability and utility, are not equalled in the country. They took a premium at the American Institute in New York. oct8:d1w

For Sale or Rent.

THE very desirable residence in Allegheny City, lately occupied by R. W. Poindexter, and possession given immediately

For terms, apply at this office, or to W. W. WILSON, Market st. oct8

Journal and Dispatch copy to amt $1, and charge Gaz

WINDOW GLASS—

85 boxes	7x9	Glass;	325 boxes	8x10	Glass;
40 do	9x12	do	275 do	10x12	do
165 do	10x14	do	20 do	10x16	do
10 do	9x14	do	25 do	10x15	do

Of Smith & Herron's manufacture, which we will warrant equal in quality to any made in this city—for sale at the lowest market rates.

All orders for larger sizes sheet Glass, left with the subscribers, shall have prompt attention.
RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO, 29 Water st
oct8 Agts for Smith & Herron

PIG METAL—400 tons, cold blast, charcoal, for sale by oct8 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

PIG LEAD—350 pigs Lead, to arrive, for sale by oct8 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

SUGAR—100 hhds prime N O, per stmr Planter, for sale by oct8 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

SCORCHINGS—66 csks for sale by
oct8 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

SODA ASH—24 csks Muspratt & Sons; 35 do Steel & Sons; over 90-100 test—for sale by
oct8 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

EMBROIDERY—F. H. Eaton & Co. having received a new supply of patterns, are prepared to execute to order all the various kinds of Embroidery, viz: Ladies Cloaks, childrens coats and dresses, infants cloaks and sacks, lawns and hdkfs, tapestry and zephyr needle work, &c. &c. Trimming and Variety Store, No 62 Fourth st. oct8

WATCHES AND JEWELRY—A large and well selected stock just opening, corner of Market and 4th sts. oct8 W W WILSON

GOLD PENS—Of all the approved makers, and a very superior article of my own brand, for sale by oct9 W W WILSON

DIAMOND SPARKS—Just rec'd, 6 doz Diamond Sparks, for glass cutters, of the first quality.
Also, 1 doz best Glaziers' Diamonds.
oct5 W W WILSON

CREAM CHEESE—200 boxes Cream Cheese, rec'd and for sale by W & R M'CUTCHEON,
oct8 152 Liberty st

FAMILY FLOUR—60 bbls Family Flour, rec'd and for sale by oct8 W & R M'CUTCHEON

ALLEGHENY METAL—500 tons No 1 Allegheny Metal, made at Ore Hill Furnace, just rec'd and for sale by oct8 W & R M'CUTCHEON

ALLEGHENY PIG IRON—100 tons Mahoning Furnace; 100 do Marion do; 100 do Black Fox do; now on the landing and for sale by
oct8 J & R FLOYD

CREAM CHEESE—30 bxs Partridge's celebrated Extra Cream Cheese, just received and for sale at the Butter and Cheese Depot, by
oct8 J B CANFIELD

SALERATUS—2 caks and 2 bxs Saleratus, just received and for sale by oct8 J B CANFIELD

CHEESE—300 bxs Cheese, just received at the Butter and Cheese Depot. oct8 J B CANFIELD

SASH—3000 lights Window Sash, for sale by
oct8 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

GLASS—1000 bxs 8x10, 400 do 10x12; 200 do 10x14; for sale by S F VON BONNHORST & CO

FLOUR—20 bbls extra Family Flour, for sale by
oct8 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

CHEESE—100 bxs Cream Cheese, for sale by
oct8 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

BUCKETS—60 doz Beaver Buckets, for sale by
oct8 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

TOBACCO—10 kgs 6 twist, for sale by
oct8 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

WHITE FISH—10 bbls; 5 hf bbls, for sale by
oct8 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

PILL BOXES—1 cask wood; 2 bbls Paper, just received and for sale by R E SELLERS,
oct8 57 Wood st

LIQUORICE ROOT—2 bags just rec'd and for sale by oct8 R E SELLERS

SPTS. TURPENTINE—60 bbls in choice order, for sale by oct8 BRAUN & REITER

CORKS—6 bales M. W. Corks, rec'd and for sale by
oct8 BRAUN & REITER

PATTERNS—Paper Patterns for ladies garments, and childrens garments, of various styles, for sale by oct8 F H EATON & CO, Trimming Store

BUCK SKIN GLOVES—Of beautiful fine skin, for gents dress gloves. Also, very heavy Gloves, for sale by oct8 F H EATON & CO, 62 Fourth st

GLASS—400 bxs 8x10 Glass; 107 do 10x12 do; 40 do 10x14 do, in prime order, for sale by
oct8 JOHN WATT & CO, Liberty st

MOLASSES AND SUGAR—150 bbls N O Molasses, (in Pittsburgh bbls,) 25 hhds N O Molasses, in store and for sale by oct8 JOHN WATT & CO

PERCUSSION CAPS—1,200,000 Percussion Caps, rib'd and split and rib'd, for sale.
oct8 C ARBUTHNOT

GLOVES—150 doz Berlin Gloves, fleecy and chamois lined, for sale. oct8 C ARBUTHNOT

WOOLEN ½ HOSE—176 doz, very cheap, for sale.
oct8 C ARBUTHNOT

BONNET RIBBONS—12 cartons for sale by
oct8 C ARBUTHNOT

TABLE CLOTHS—500 prime brown and bleached for sale oct8 C ARBUTHNOT

Teachers Wanted.

THE Board of School Directors of the 7th Ward, will meet for the purpose of examining the applicants for the male department of the said Ward School, on Saturday, the 13th day of Oct. inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Public School House in said Ward. All applications to be made to Jno. Ford, President, or W. Courtney, Secretary, previous to said meeting.

By order of the Board:
oct6:d2&w1t8 W. S. COURTNEY, Sec'y.

PRESBYTERIAN BOOK ROOMS,

NO. 79 WOOD STREET,
(UP STAIRS.)

WHERE will be found for sale an assortment of valuable religious Books and Tracts, comprised in a series of about FOUR HUNDRED different publications, (of which catalogues can be had on application,) embracing many standard works in Theology, Biography, &c. &c., selected and published by the Presbyterian Board of Publication in Philadelphia; and well adapted for Sabbath School, Congregational, Ministers' and Private Libraries.

Persons wishing to purchase such books, are invited to call and examine the assortment.

The Depository of the Pennsylvania Bible Society is kept at these rooms. oct5:d&w3mS

SUNDRIES—10 hhds prime N O Sugar;
25 bbls " " Molasses;
12 bbls and kgs Golden Syrup; 100 bxs crm Cheese;
75 bxs common Cheese; 8 bxs white Honey;
5 do Maccaroni and Vermicelli;
50 sks fine Dairy Salt; 50 bush Oats;
30 catty boxes Green Teas; 5 do do Oolong Tea;
200 packs Cheever's Fire Kindling;
50 ½ bxs M R Raisins;
30 doz Columbian Ink, assorted sizes;
5 do Red and Copying Ink;
30 bbls No 3 Mackerel; 20 ½ and ¼ bbls No 2 do;
5 do do 1 Salmon; for sale by
oct6 J D WILLIAMS, cor. 5th and Wood sts

FLOUR—50 bbls superior Flour, just rec'd and for sale by oct6 ARMSTRONG & CROZER

COFFEE—218 bgs Rio Coffee, on hands and to arrive; for sale by A CULBERTSON,
oct6 145 Liberty st

TOBACCO—230 bxs assorted and choice brands, of Manufactured Tobacco, 5's, 8's, 2's and 1 lb lumps on hand and for sale by oct6 A CULBERTSON

FISH—60 bbls No 2 and No 3 Mackerel, 20 do No 1 Herring, on hand and for sale by
oct6 A CULBERTSON

WINDOW GLASS—256 bxs 8x10 and 10x12 Window Glass, on hand and for sale by
oct6 A CULBERTSON

TEAS—100 pkgs Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black Teas, on hand and for sale by
oct6 A CULBERTSON

SUGARS—Loaf, Crushed and Pulverized Sugars, kept constantly on hand and for sale by
oct6 A CULBERTSON

A SUPPLY OF ETNA SAFETY FUSE, for blasting purposes, kept constantly on hand and for sale by oct6 A CULBERTSON

BATTING AND CANDLEWICK—100 bales on hand and for sale by
oct6 A CULBERTSON, 145 Liberty st

INSURANCE.

PROTECTION FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.

INCORPORATED IN 1825.

Annual Premiums, Capital Stock, and Surplus Fund, **$1,000,000.**

This old and responsible Company continues to issue policies on the most favorable terms on Dwelling Houses, Household Furniture, Stores, Stocks of Goods, Warehouses and contents, Mills and Manufactories, &c. &c., against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

Also, on Goods, Wares and Merchandize, against the hazards of INLAND TRANSPORTATION, and upon the Cargoes of Sea Vessels.

The Protection Insurance Company having, in the last 25 years, paid MANY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS at their several agencies throughout the United States and the British Provinces, have established a just reputation for solvency and fair dealing, which challenges comparison with any other insurance company on the continent of America. The annexed extract from an article on the subject of Insurance Companies, taken from the "New York Day Book," exhibits briefly the standing and policy of the Company.

"The 'moneyed men' of the ancient and always prosperous city of Hartford, have for half a century been famous throughout the Union for the care, discretion, rigid honesty, and unvarying success with which they have formed and managed corporations of this description. No Hartford Bank or Insurance Company has ever failed! These Companies have for more than a whole generation scattered their risks in nearly every State of the Union, and have never failed to pay the innumerable losses which they have insured against."

All losses arising upon policies issued by the undersigned, will be promptly adjusted and paid at the General Agency office, located at Cincinnati, O. A large portion of the funds of the Company, (including all premiums received at the Western agencies,) is deposited with the General Agent of the Company at Cincinnati, for the payment of Western and Southern losses. Apply to FAYETTE BROWN,

Agent for the city of Pittsburgh, and for Allegheny county. oct10:d3m

GREAT BARGAINS.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.—The subscriber will offer at public sale on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of October, 1849, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all that Farm of Land, situate in Ross township, Allegheny county, adjoining the property of William Lecky, Esq., on Woods' run, near the flourishing borough of Manchester, late the property of John Davis, deceased, which has been subdivided into convenient Lots, suitable for Gardeners, Nursery men, country seats, &c. &c., containing as follows:

Lot	No.	1	—13	acres,	141	perches.
"	"	2	— 7	"	107	"
"	"	3	— 5	"	20	"
"	"	4	— 9	"	01	"
"	"	5	— 5	"	41	"
"	"	6	— 5	"	—	"
"	"	7	— 4	"	151	"
"	"	8	— 7	"	73	"
"	"	9	—11	"	75	"
"	"	10	— 9	"	111	"
"	"	11	— 4	"	100	"
"	"	12	— 3	"	13	"
"	"	13	— 5	"	143	"
"	"	14	— 6	"	25	"
"	"	15	— 8	"	96	"
"	"	16	— 6	"	49	"
"	"	17	— 6	"	112	"
"	"	18	— 3	"	94	"
"	"	19	— 7	"	15	"
"	"	20	— 9	"	47	"
"	"	21	— 5	"	30	"

These lots comprise some of the most beautiful, convenient and desirable locations in the neighborhood of the cities of Allegheny and Pittsburgh, being a short distance from the Ohio river, and the Beaver road, which is good at all seasons; and distant about 30 minutes' drive from the Old Allegheny Bridge. Some of the lots have valuable improvements, consisting of Dwelling Houses, Barn, Fruit Trees, &c. &c., and abound in never failing springs of good, pure water.

Persons doing business in the cities, and others, desirous of convenient country seats, accessible at all seasons, Gardeners, Nursery men, &c. &c. will find this an an excellent opportunity to procure choice locations.

Plans of the lots can be seen at the office of G. R. Riddle, 5th st. Pittsburgh, and adjoining the premises with Samuel Davis, who will show the property to persons wishing to purchase.

TERMS OF SALE—One fourth in cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest, secured by bonds and mortgage. Sale positive—title indisputable. oct5:d1w JOHNSTON R DAVIS.

Salesman Wanted,

IN a wholesale and retail Dry Goods Store. One who understands the city business, and is a good Salesman. Address "S. W.," Box 300, Pittsburgh Post Office. oct5

TO TINNERS.

TINNERS will find a complete assortment of Brass Kettles, Japanned and Brass Candlesticks, Fire Shovels and Tongs, Snuffers, Skimmers and Ladles, Flesh Forks, and all other kinds of goods usually kept by them, and for sale at extreme low prices.
oct5 LOGAN, WILSON & CO

ECONOMY BLANKETS—I am just receiving my usual Fall supply of Economy Blankets, which will be sold at a small advance on manufacturers prices. oct5:d1w JOHN SHEA.

12-4, 13-4 PREMIUM BLANKETS—I have just received a few fine Premium Blankets, of a very superior quality. Purchasers are invited to call and examine at No 108 Market st.
oct5:d1w JOHN SHEA

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the style of Brown & Culbertson, was dissolved on the 1st inst. by mutual consent.

M. B. BROWN,
Pittsburgh, Oct. 5, 1849. A. CULBERTSON.

The subscriber will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission Business, as heretofore, at the old stand, 145 Liberty st. oct5 A. CULBERTSON.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

A. A. MASON & CO.,

NO. 60 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of city and country Merchants to their choice stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which for extent and variety has probably never been equalled in the Western country. Possessing the same facilities and advantages enjoyed by Eastern Houses, by having one of the partners constantly in the East among the manufacturers, Importers and Auction Houses, they are prepared to offer the same advantages in style and prices, that can be obtained of the largest Eastern Houses.

Receiving large consignments of DOMESTICS from the manufacturers of New England, they are enabled to offer these goods at less rates than they can be procured of the Eastern Jobbers.

The fact that their establishment offers equal, if not greater advantages in every description of goods, than can be had East, has been clearly demonstrated to their numerous Patrons. They feel confident if Merchants contemplating purchasing East, will examine their stock, they will be convinced that they can buy the same quality of goods at such prices as will save the cost of transportation, and the necessary expenses and time of an Eastern trip. They mention a part of their stock which will always be found fresh and complete:—

300 CASES CALICOES AND PRINTS, from the Merrimack, Hamilton, Cocheco, and Manchester Companies; also from the Print Works of Dunnell, P. Allen, Sprague, Richmond & Carr, Chapems, American, Adams, &c

40 cases GINGHAMS and CHINTZES, of the best manufacture.

130 cases BLEACHED MUSLINS, of all the well known and approved makes, for sale by the package at Agents' prices.

300 bales BROWN MUSLINS, of all widths, qualities and prices.

40 cases and bales of TICKINGS, of the York, Hamilton, Amoskeag and Otis Companies.

30 bales Red, White and Yellow FLANNELS, a complete assortment for sale low by the bale or piece, received direct from manufacturers.

BROADCLOTHS and CASSIMERES, of the manufactuers of S. Slater & Son, Hill & Carpenter, Farnum, Harris, &c., of every grade.

CASSINETS, JEANS and TWEEDS.—44 cases of all the various manufactures.

25 cases MUSLIN DE LAINS and CASHMERES, of the Hamilton and Manchester Works; also, full assortment of Foreign manufacture.

20 cases colored MUSLINS, for sale by the case at Agents' prices.

Brown, Bleached and Colored CANTON FLANNELS, of all the usual makes; also Cloak Linings.

ALPACCAS, BOMBAZINES, and COBURGS—More than 20 cases. Also, 300 pieces French Merino, Lyonese and Paramatta Cloths.

SILKS and SHAWLS—200 ps. of black and fancy Silks; nearly 2000 Shawls, long and square, of all kinds. Also, Visetes, Cloak Scarfs, &c.

A full assortment of White and Linen Goods. Also, Hosiery and Gloves, Embroideries, Laces and Trimmings, Mourning Articles, all qualities, sizes and make of Blankets.

RIBBONS—50 boxes of rich Bonnet and Cap Ribbons; also, Velvet, Silks, Satins, &c., with every other description of Millinery articles, Tailors' Trimmings, &c. &c.

All of which, together with a general assortment of Goods of the newest and most fashionable styles, will be offered at an extremely low advance.

New Goods constantly received.

All Merchants are cordially solicited to call.

spt18 A. A. MASON & CO

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE.

Manager .... **C. S. Porter**

Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette ..... 50 cts.
Second Tier .... 25 "

FOURTH NIGHT OF MRS. FARREN.

Monday, Oct. 8—Will be presented a play in 5 acts, called the

WIFE.

Marianne .... Mrs. Farren.
St. Pierre .... Mr. Webb.
Antonio .... Mrs. Farren.

To conclude with

WHO SPEAKS FIRST!

Capt. Charles .... Mr. Reynolds.
Miltent .... Mr. Roys
Mrs. Miltant .... Miss Cruise.

☞ Tuesday—Mrs. Farren will appear.

AUCTION SALES.

By John D. Davis, Auctioneer.

Large Sale of Household Furniture.

On Monday afternoon, Oct. 8th, at 2 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth sts—

An extensive assortment of handsome well kept household Furniture, nearly new, having been in use only a short time, by a family declining housekeeping, among which are fine black walnut hair cloth spring seat Chairs and Sofa to match; pier tables, gilt and mahogany frame looking glasses, dining and breakfast tables, bureaus, bedsteads, Windsor chairs, window blinds, parlor and chamber carpets, &c. &c.

Also, cooking stove, and a variety of kitchen utensils, glassware, china, queensware, &c. &c.

oct6 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct

Peremptory Sale of Dry Goods.

On Monday morning, Oct. 8th, at 10 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold, without reserve—

An extensive assortment of seasonable staple and fancy foreign and domestic Dry Goods, which may be examined previous to the sale.

At 2 o'clock,

Groceries, Queensware, Furniture, &c.

3 bxs assorted glassware; 25 half bxs Va manufactured tobacco.

A large and general assortment of new and second hand household furniture, feather beds and bedding, mattrasses, carpeting, looking glasses, mantel clocks, lamps, window blinds, cooking stoves, Franklin and other pattern stoves, kitchen utensils, &c.

At 7 o'clock,

Variety goods, ready made clothing, boots and shoes, hats, caps, leather trunks, carpet bags, umbrellas, fine table and pocket cutlery, gold and silver watches, shot guns, &c. oct5

MANTILLA VELVETS—4-4 colored and black Silk Mantilla Velvets, of very superior quality, just rec'd and for sale at No. 108 Wood st.
oct5:d1w JOHN SHEA.

MOURNING SHAWLS—9-4 blk Thibet Long Shawls, for mourning; also, 2d Mourning do do; just opened and for sale. oct5:1w JOHN SHEA.

DOMESTIC FLANNELS—50 pieces barred, brown, white and blue Flannels, (Arthurs' & Bros manufacture) which are offered at very low prices.
oct5:d1w JOHN SHEA.

The Fayette Manufacturing Company,

FINDING their Warehouse on Second street inadequate for retailing their Goods, and wishing to give all a chance, they will open on Market street, No 56, a Sales Room for that purpose, on Monday, the 15th inst, where may be found a large and elegant assortment of Family and Steamboat Blankets, which they warrant all wool, and manufactured from the very best material, and for a lower price than such good have ever been offered in this city. oct5d2w

FLOUR—33 bbls just rec'd and for sale by
oct5 CRAIG & SKINNER, 26 Market st

SUGAR—A few hhds for sale by
SCAIFE & ATKINSON,
oct5 First, near Wood st

SP. TURPENTINE—30 bbls just rec'd and for sale by oct8 R E SELLERS, 57 Wood st

OILS—9 csks winter Whale Oil, bleached;
1 " " Sperm " just rec'd and for sale by oct5 R E SELLERS

TARTARIC ACID—100 lbs. just rec'd and for sale by oct5 R E SELLERS

INDIGO—400 lbs just rec'd and for sale by
oct5 R E SELLERS

DUTCH MADDER—2 csks just rec'd and for sale by oct5 R E SELLERS

MADDER—9 csks on consignment and for sale by
oct9 WICK & M'CANDLESS

ALSPICE—50 bgs for sale by
oct5 WICK & M'CANDLESS

CHEESE—60 bxs extra cream, for sale by
oct5 WICK & M'CANDLESS

W. R. CHEESE—200 bxs prime W R Cheese; for sale by oct5 WICK & M'CANDLESS

GROUND PEPPER—40 bxs prime, for sale by
oct5 WICK & M'CANDLESS

BARRED FLANNELS—2 cases Barred Flannels, just rec'd and for sale by the piece, by
oct4 H LEE, Liberty st, opposite 5th st

BLACK LEAD CRUCIBLES—Dixon's best, to hold from 10 to 100 lbs, for sale by
oct4 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

BUCKETS—40 doz just rec'd and for sale by
oct4 STUART & SILL.

BATTING—50 bales for sale by
oct4 STUART & SILL.

CHEESE—100 bxs in store and for sale by
oct4 STUART & SILL.

COTTON YARNS—Assorted, for sale by
oct4 STUART & SILL, 118 Wood st

CHEESE—400 bxs prime, in store and for sale by
oct4 ROBT DALZELL & CO. Liberty st

FLOUR—50 bbls prime, for family use, in store and for sale by STUART & SILL,
oct4 118 Wood st

GUM SHELLAC—5 cases for sale by
oct4 J. SCHOONMAKER & CO

GUM COPAL—2 cases for sale by
oct4 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

GROCERIES, &c —146 hhds N O Sugar;
212 bbls N O Molasses; 125 bbls Loaf Sugar;
353 bags Rio Coffee;
128 half chests Y H, Imperial and G P Tea;
20 do Powchong do
140 caddy boxes Y H, Impl and G P do
118 bxs lbs, 5's and 8's Plug Tobacco;
300 mats Cassia; 20 bags Pepper;
5 bgs Alspice; 1 bbl Nutmegs; 2 do Cloves;
112 bbls Large No 3 Mackerel;
20 do Gibbed Herring; 50 bxs scaled Herring;
10 do Tanners' Oil; 2 csks Ombro Madder;

With a general assortment of Groceries and Pittsburgh manufactures, which we offer for sale at the lowest market rates.

RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO,
oct4 28 Water st

KEELERS—10 doz just rec'd and for sale by
oct4 STUART & SILL.

M'ALLISTER'S OINTMENT—6 gross for sale by
oct4 J SCHOONMAKER & CO.

SALERATUS—5 tons, in casks and boxes, for sale by ROBT DALZELL & CO

SOLE LEATHER—12,000 lbs hemlock tanned Spanish Sole Leather, for sale by
oct4 ROBT DALZELL & CO

SUNDRIES—110 mats Cassia; 2 bbls Cloves; 1 do Nutmegs; 25 do Mace, for sale by
oct4 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

WHITING—30 bbls for sale by
oct4 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

RICE—13 tcs prime Rice, for sale by
oct3 C H GRANT

FLOUR—50 bbls Pugh's extra Family Flour, landing from Lake Erie and Michigan Line, and for sale by oct3 JAMES DALZELL

CHEESE—25 bxs Cheese, landing from Lake Erie and Michigan Line, and for sale by
oct1 JAMES DALZELL.

FIRE BRICK—1500 Fire Brick, in store and for sale by oct3 JAMES DALZELL.

WANTED,

A GIRL to do house work. A permanent situation and good wages will be given. Inquire at this office oct2dtf

WINDOW PAPER—5000 pieces of plain Green and Rainbowed Window Paper, comprising many new and select patterns, on hand and receiving; for sale by spt19 S. C. HILL, 87 Wood st

FLOUR—65 bbls just landing and for sale by
spt15 J S DILWORTH & CO

NEW GOODS AT DIGBY'S.

W. DIGBY would hereby inform his friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has just received his full supply of fall goods, cheap and good as usual.

60 pieces black and colored French, English and American Broadcloths, of every quality.

100 pieces black and fancy Cassimeres.

300 patterns Vestings, many of which can only be had at this establishment.

50 doz merino, lambswool and cotton Shirts and Drawers.

A full and handsome lot of Cravats, silk Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Gloves, &c.

A large lot of fine and common white Shirts.

Also on hand, 400 drab, blue and black felt and blanket Over Coats, from $2,50 to $12,00.

400 dress, frock, box and sack Coats, from $3 to $20.

A large stock of fine and common Pants, from $1 to $10 per pair.

700 Vests, of various materials, from 75 cts to $8.

A fine assortment of ladies and gentlemens' Cloaks, always on hand.

N. B.—Custom work will receive particular attention. Handsome garments and good fits warranted.

Any person in want of clothing can be be suited to their entire satisfaction, at W. DIGBY'S
cheap Cash Clothing Store. 126 Liberty st
oct3:d2m

TANNERS' OIL—10 bbls just rec'd and for sale by
oct2 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

FRENCH BROADCLOTHS—W. R. Murphy invites the particular attention of buyers, (either by wholesale or retail,) to his stock of French Broadcloths, just received. Also, wool dye French Cassimeres, plain and fancy. oct2

FLOWERS AND BONNET CAPES—An assortment of above goods just rec'd, and offered wholesale and retail at Dry Goods House of
oct2 W R MURPHY

STEAM BOATS.

CINCINNATI & PITTSBURGH

DAILY PACKET LINE.

THIS well known line of splendid passenger Steamers is now composed of the largest, swiftest, best finished and furnished, and most powerful boats on the waters of the West. Every accommodation and comfort that money can procure, has been provided for passengers. The Line has been in operation for five years—has carried a million of people without the least injury to their persons. The boats will be at the foot of Wood street the day previous to starting, for the reception of freight and the entry of passengers on the register. In all cases the passage money must be paid in advance.

SUNDAY PACKET.

The ISAAC NEWTON, Captain Hemphill, will leave Pittsburgh every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Sunday evening at 10 P. M.

May 29, 1847.

MONDAY PACKET.

The MONONGAHELA, Capt. Stone, will leave Pittsburgh every Monday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Monday evening at 10 P. M.

TUESDAY PACKET.

The HIBERNIA No. 2, Capt. J. Klinefelter, will leave Pittsburgh every Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Tuesday evening at 10 P. M.

WEDNESDAY PACKET.

The NEW ENGLAND No. 2, Capt. S. Dean, will leave Pittsburgh every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Wednesday evening at 10 P. M.

THURSDAY PACKET.

The BRILLIANT, Capt. Grace, will leave Pittsburgh every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Thursday evening at 10 P. M.

FRIDAY PACKET.

The CLIPPER No. 2, Capt. Percy Duval, will leave Pittsburgh every Friday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Friday evening at 10 P. M.

SATURDAY PACKET.

The MESSENGER No. 2, Capt. I. C. Woodward, will leave Pittsburgh every Friday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Friday at 10 P. M.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The fine steamboat PARIS, Capt. S. Smith, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports this day, at 10 A. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board. oct8

FOR CINCINNATI.

The splendid packet MONONGAHELA, Capt. Stone will leave as above on Monday, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board. oct8

FOR CINCINNATI.

The splendid fast running packet steamer HIBERNIA No. 2, Captain Klinefelter, will leave as above, on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock.

For freight or passage, apply on board. oct8

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The splendid fast running steamer DE WITT CLINTON, J. D. Devenny, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports this day, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board. oct8

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The fine passenger steamer WYOMING, Thos. Rodgers, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports this day at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board. oct8

FOR LOUISVILLE.

The splendid new packet steamer FARMER, A. B. Funk, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Tuesday, 9th inst, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
oct8 G B MILTENBERGER, Agt

FOR ZANESVILLE.

The splendid steamer JENNY LIND, Gallagher, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on this day, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board oct8

FOR CINCINNATI AND NASHVILLE.

The splendid steamer MAY FLOWER, J Fisher, master, will leave for above and all intermediate ports this day at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
oct5 PETTIGREW & CO. Agts

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The fine steamer GENESEE, Moore, master, will leave for above and all intermediate ports this day, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board. oct4

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The splendid steamer NOMINEE, Jos. Smith, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports this day, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board. oct5

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The splendid steamer J. J. CRITTENDEN, Hutchinson, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports this day, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board oct5

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The fast running passenger steamer SCHUYLKILL, Marshall, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports this day at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board or to
oct5 PETTIGREW & CO, Agts

LOWELL FLETCHER,

MANUFACTURER OF

ALCOHOL AND PURE SPIRITS,

Corner Front and Vine streets, Cincinnati, O.

ORDERS from Pittsburgh for Alcohol, Pure Spirits, Raw or Rectified Whiskey, will be promptly attended to at lowest market price. mch15:d1y

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS.

GEO. R. WHITE, No. 57 Market street, is now opening his Fall and Winter Fashions, consisting of

Ladies' silk velvet Paletots;
" French Merino Cloaks;
" cloth and silk Paletots;
" Silk Mantillas. These articles are of the latest and most fashionable styles.

Also, French Embroideries;
6 4 Satin de Chine, for ladies dresses;
Spun Silk, and Silk and Wool Hosiery;
Gents and ladies silk Vests and Drawers;
Childrens' Merino Vests;
A large assortment of black and fancy Silks, Satin Ture for ladies dresses
Brocha, Thibet and Woolen Long Shawls.
Barnesley Sheetings, Table Linens and Napkins
Also, Irish Linens, imported by himself direct.
oct2:d1m

TABLE DIAPERS, and Table Cloths, at very low prices for quality; an assortment rec'd at Dry Goods House of oct2 W R MURPHY

FISH—50 bbls Large No. 3 Mackerel; 20 bbls gibbed Herring; 50 boxes scaled Herring; just rec'd and for sale by [oct2] RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

RICE—15 tcs prime Rice, just rec'd and for sale by
oct2 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

CHEESE—100 bxs prime W R Cheese, landing and for sale by
oct2 S F VON BONNHORST & CO

LINSEED OIL—6 bbls Linseed Oil, just rec'd and for sale by ROBISON, LITTLE & CO
oct2 No 192 Liberty st

LARD—30 kegs No 1 Lard, just rec'd, in store and for sale by S & W HARBAUGH,
oct2 53 Water and 104 Front sts

ROSIN SOAP—100 bxs No 1 Rosin Soap, in store and for sale by [oct2] S & W HARBAUGH

CORN BROOMS—50 doz in store and for sale by
JOHN WATT & CO,
oct2 cor Liberty and Wood sts

CHEESE—75 bxs prime W R Cheese, just rec'd and for sale by [oct2] JOHN WATT & CO

MACKEREL—100 bbls Large No 2, in store and for sale by [oct2] JOHN WATT & CO

SALMON—15 bbls prime, in store and for sale by
oct2 JOHN WATT & CO

OILS—800 gals white winter Whale Oil;
200 " common do do do
300 " Bleached Sperm do
10 bbls Lard Oil, No 1; 10 do do do No 2
For sale by spt27 SELLERS & NICOLS

CURE FOR WORMS.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

CHANGE OF EXTERNAL WRAPPER.

IN order to afford all possible security to the public, as well as to themselves, against fraud and imposition from counterfeiting, the proprietors have made a change in the exterior wrapper or label of their Vermifuge. The new label, which is a steel engraving of the most exquisite design and workmanship, has been introduced at a very great expense, and is from the brain of an artist of the first talent. The design is new, and the execution elaborate. Several figures and a portrait are most prominent; but the word "Vermifuge," printed in white letters on a red and finely engraved ground, should be particularly examined.—When held up to the light the letters, shading of the letters and every line, however minute, throughout the whole of this part of the engraving match as exactly as if the impression had been made upon one side only, although it is actually printed on both sides of the paper. This should in all cases be observed. A label upon each dozen is also printed in red upon both sides, and should be examined in the same manner.

This preparation has now stood the test of many years trial, and is confidently recommended as a safe and effectual medicine for expelling worms from the system. The unexampled success that has attended its administration in every case where the patient was really afflicted with worms, certainly renders it worthy the attention of physicians.

The proprietor has made it a point to ascertain the result of its use in such cases as came within his knowledge and observation—and he invariably found it to produce the most salutary effects—not unfrequently after nearly all the ordinary preparations recommended for worms had been previously resorted to without any permanent advantage. This fact is attested by the certificates and statements of hundreds of respectable persons in different parts of the country, and should induce families always to keep a vial of the preparation in their possession. It is mild in its operation, and may be administered with perfect safety to the most delicate infant.

The only genuine is prepared by
spt27 B A FAHNESTOCK, Pittsburgh