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By the President of the United States.

A RECOMMENDATION.

At a season when the Providence of God has manifested itself in the visitation of a fearful pestilence, which is spreading its ravages throughout the land, it is fitting that a people, whose reliance has ever been on His Protection, should humble themselves before His throne; and, while acknowledging past transgressions, ask a continuance of Divine mercy.

It is, therefore, earnestly recommended that the first Friday in August be observed throughout the United States, as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer. All business will be suspended in the various branches of the public service on that day; and it is recommended to persons of all religious denominations to abstain, as far as practicable from secular occupations, and to assemble in their respective places of public worship, to acknowledge the infinite goodness which has watched over our existence as a nation, and so long crowned us with manifold blessings; and to implore the Almighty, in His own good time, to stay the destroying hand which is now lifted up against us.

Z. TAYLOR.

For Local Matters see next page.

See next page for Telegraphic News.

THE AFFAIRS OF EUROPE.—From the last accounts, it appears that the French did not enter Rome without hard fighting, and that the Romans only succumbed to superior power. Their surrender, also, appears to have been made with becoming dignity, and without any manifestation of fear or disorder. The assembly maintained its sittings, and the Triumvirs the Executive power. What will France do under these circumstances? Will she lay violent hands on the Government elected by the people, and abolish it; and restore the Pope to despotic power? She will hardly dare to do that. It would be an inconsistency so gross, a stretch of power so shameful, that Louis Napoleon, although a despot at heart, will hardly venture on such extreme measures.

But will the Holy Father consent to return to Rome on any other conditions? The French will doubtless attempt to bring about a reconciliation and an amicable arrangement, by which the Pope can again become the chief executive officer, but still subject to the constitution, and governing conjointly with the Assembly. But the Pope, having in a solemn official address pronounced the Republicans of Rome, unworthy of the confidence of God or man, as a few strangers plotting against religion and the peace of society, he cannot, with any consistency, consent to fraternal relations. His supporters have also, both in this country and in Europe, insisted that it was necessary to his office as head of the church to be supreme, the uncontrolled ruler of Rome and its territories. For him now to take a secondary position would be to unpope him at once in their estimation.

Again, if France should proceed in her disgraceful work and consummate her acts of treachery to justice and liberty, by restoring the Pope to unconditional authority as far as his people are concerned, the Holy Father would necessarily be the mere tool of France, sustained by French bayonets, and hated by his own people. Would he be, in this condition, a free pope? Such a course also, would awaken the jealousy of all the Catholic despots of Europe. Austria, Spain, and Naples would demur to such an arrangement, and the Pope would be in continued difficulties.

There are rumors that the Pope is resolved not to accept of French intervention, but that he will establish his Court at Bologna, and will place himself under Austrian protection, until he can enter Rome unfettered by French stipulations. It would not surprise us if this rumor should prove to be true, as there can be no doubt, that the Pope and his Cardinals are exceedingly averse to French influences.

Should the Pope play this game, France will have disgraced herself for nothing. She will then be compelled to acknowledge the Republican Government of Rome, or keep possession of the conquered city; which latter policy she would hardly dare to adopt.

In every view of the subject, France is in an awkward position—the consequence of the stupidity of engaging in a crusade without any definite purpose, any plea by which she could justify herself to the world, and any settled plan of action in the event of probable contingencies. She had no cause of quarrel with Rome, she had received no injury at the hands of its government, nor had any portion of its people asked for their intervention.—She cannot, therefore, get out of the scrape in which her government has placed her, without dishonor.

In the meantime we fear for the safety of Mazzini. His loss to the cause of Italian freedom would be almost irreparable. We pray most sincerely that his useful life may be spared, and that he may live to see his country, once more free, take her stand among the independent nations of the earth.

While France is thus disgracing herself abroad, every thing at home is fast sinking into a state of despotism.

Louis Phillippe's Government was liberal, compared with Louis Napoleon's. The latter has been guilty of acts which the former would not have dared to attempt. At the present moment, liberty exists in France but in name. Paris is in a state of siege, and every free sentiment is crushed by the power of the sword. The liberty of the press is entirely destroyed. All the journals opposed to the government have been suppressed—their effects seized, and their editors imprisoned. The present journals in Paris dare not publish any thing, however true, which militates against the government, or utter a dissent to the will of the majority in the Assembly, or the President and his Ministry. The Legitimists in the Assembly which number about two hundred, second the government party, in all their tyrannical acts, as having the way to the developement of their own schemes for the return of the old regime. Commissaries of the police call upon editors to warn their friends to be careful of what they write:

"Now more than ever," says the *National*, "a seal is set on our lips. We shall, henceforward leave to the *Constitutionnel*, the *Assemblee Nationale*, and such journals the task of discussing the acts of the legislative and executive powers. We shall confine ourselves to the task of merely narrating what takes place. In consequence, the Government will now have nothing but eulogium without any thing on the other side. *Thought is no longer free.*"

This state of affairs cannot long exist. A reaction, violent and destructive, will follow such suicidal policy. Free men will not brook a Republican despotism, more than a monarchical—the tyranny of a President, more quietly than that of a King. Louis Napoleon will, doubtless, reap the bitter reward of treachery to liberty, and pass into merited oblivion without meeting with the sympathy which is generally awarded to the unfortunate.

The following appears in the Commercial Journal of yesterday, in a comment on a similar insinuation in the Post:

"We find the above in the Post of yesterday, it's a clincher. The report representing to be the New York Market on Saturday, at 10 A. M., was made up *out and out* for the special use of the Gazette, the Mercury was too sharp to be caught, and didn't publish it."

The innuendo contained in this paragraph, that we had manufactured a report of the New York Market, is as false as it is malicious.

We are pleased to learn from the Lexington (Ky.) Observer, of the 18th inst., that the Rev. Dr. Bascom, whose death had been announced by the Danville Tribune, is still alive, and expected to recover. The Observer says:

"We are gratified to be able to state that the annunciation of the death of Dr. Bascom is unfounded. Dr. Bascom has been quite ill for several days, and serious fears were entertained during last week for his recovery. But he is now much better, and is believed to be entirely out of danger.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer, writing from Washington, by telegraph, under date of July 22, says:

"Wm. Carey Jones, whose resignation as Secretary of the Board of Mexican Commissioners has been previously announced, will leave this city in a few days for California, with most important despatches to General Persifer F. Smith, in relation to the future Government of the country, as President Taylor has determined to take all needful responsibility in our unorganized territories, for the preservation of order.

I learn that a serious charge has been brought against Dr. Collins, the First Auditor, for frequently being absent from his post and leaving signed certificates in blank for his clerks or any one else to fill up with what amounts they pleased. The affair has caused considerable excitement, and I understand is to undergo a rigid investigation.

Death of Judge Henry.

The venerable Hon. THOMAS HENRY died at his residence in Beaver, on Friday, the 20th inst., in the 69th year of his age. It will doubtless gratify a large portion of our more aged readers to see the following account of his useful life, which we take from the *Beaver Argus:*

On the preceding Friday, he felt a little unwell, and on Saturday was attacked by the prevailing disease, diarrhea. On Monday his disease changed to dysentery, (the flux,) and he commenced sinking. Notwithstanding the skill of the excellent physicians, its progress could not be arrested, and on the following Friday he sunk beneath its power. Though lethargic during a portion of the time, he retained his faculties until the morning of the last day, and could be aroused to consciousness. In all his former attacks, he had experienced much pain of body, and some anxiety of mind; but in this, his last, he suffered little pain and enjoyed peace and serenity.

Thomas Henry was born in Ireland, in the month of May, 1781. William Henry, his father, emigrated to the United States in the year 1783, about the close of the Revolutionary war, and first settled in Maryland, not far from Havre de Grace. He removed thence to Beaver, (then Allegheny,) county, in the year 1787, and commenced an actual settlement on the easterly side of the Big Beaver. The country was then a wilderness. The treaty of peace, concluded with the Indians, by Gen. Wayne, at Fort Greenville, August 3d, 1795, ratified in the following December, having opened the way, the tide of emigration from the back settlements set in, in the year 1796. Judge Henry was then in his 16th year. He was therefore identified with all the hardships, privations, interests, and feelings of the early settlers and pioneers of the county.

In the year 1802, he came to the town of Beaver, to engage in working at his trade, with his elder brother. Possessing naturally a vigorous mind, and a bold and energetic disposition, he soon began to take part in political affairs. On the 24th December, 1803, he was appointed a Justice of the Peace, by Simon Snyder. In 1810, he was elected a County Commissioner. In the fall of 1812, he was elected Captain of one of the companies drafted from this county to protect the shores of Lake Erie against an invasion of the British; supposed to be intended to be made during the following winter. He marched with his company and wintered near the Lake shore. Here his company suffered much from sickness, and the severity of the cold; and he himself labored under a severe and lingering attack of the Typus Fever. It was during this campaign Judge Henry laid the foundation of many warm friendships, as lasting as the lives of those who became his friends, and some still are living who will ever remember him with deep regard.

In 1815, he was elected a member of the Legislature, and in 1818 appointed Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts of the county, which post he retained until the fall of 1821, when elected Sheriff by the People. In the year 1825, he became the proprietor and editor of the Western Argus, a newspaper established originally by the late James Logan, Esq. He continued in this vocation until the year 1831, when the paper passed into the hands of his son, the present editor. In 1828 and 1829, he filled the office of Treasurer of the county. In 1831, he was appointed by Gov. Wolf an Associate Judge. This office he filled with much credit, and an independence seldom exhibited by Associates; not hesitating on proper occasions to maintain his opinions with decision and firmness, and with a knowledge and understanding ripened by a familiar acquaintance with judicial business. Upon his nomination to Congress, he resigned his judicial commission, and in the fall of 1836 was elected to a seat in that body by a handsome majority over a gentleman of acknowledged worth and great popularity, evincing the strength among the people which his personal qualities had constantly tended to increase. He was re-elected in 1838, and again in 1840 in each instance by flattering majorities, though opposed by popular candidates.

With the close of his Congressional term, in 1843 ended the active duties of his public life. [illegible] he has since [illegible] useful and quietly efficient [illegible] his friends in the political field. As a public officer he performed his duties with a fidelity, correctness, and honesty of purpose, which won the confidence of the community. If his firmness was ever supposed to border on obstinacy, it was still characterized by a manifest singleness of heart and desire to be right that commanded the respect of those who might have believed him to be in error. As a politician, for which it must be conceded he was for many years of his long and useful life, he always occupied open and well known ground. Never trimming to the popular breeze, his energy of character, fearlessness, boldness of action and independence of thought, caused him rather to lead than to follow public opinion.

While the prominence of his public life seems naturally to fill the foreground of description, the virtues which adorned his private character (if it may be so distinguished,) cannot pass unnoticed. They, too, occupy a large portion of the picture.—Pursuing the faith of his forefathers, he became a follower of Christ and as early perhaps as the year 1816 connected himself with the Presbyterian Church. In 1825 he was chosen an elder. In this position, as in all others of his life, he exerted a marked influence. At his house the Minister of God always found a welcome and a home, while his time, his services and his substance were freely devoted to aid the Church of his choice and build up the interest of religion.

As a neighbor, he was obliging and kind, as a friend constant and unwavering, as a citizen useful, as a christian exemplary, and in his domestic relations, the attachment of his family furnishes the strongest proof of how much he was loved and respected.

He lived to a good old age, reached almost the limits assigned to human life, and died just about the period when activity would have ceased. He did not outlive his usefulness; he had not felt the depressing weight of declining years; he had not become a burden upon the world, or an object of pity; in a word, he lived until he had accomplished all worth living for, and yet escaped the ills of senility. Having thus departed, and above all, cheered and supported by that faith which lifts the veil of futurity and gathers in the pure light of the Christian's hope, nothing is wanting to calm the hearts of those who survive him, and to produce in them perfect resignation to the will of Heaven.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

Family Poisoned.

On Friday evening last, eight persons in the family of Capt. Blair Summons, an old, respected, and wealthy citizen, proprietor in the Louisville line of steam boats, were poisoned by arsenic, which, it was supposed on good grounds, was put into the tea kettle by James Summons, son of Captain J. B. Immediately after supper, all who drank tea were seized with violent retchings, which continued during the night. The persons poisoned were—

J. B. Summons, father; Mrs. Summons, mother; Mrs. Reeves, acquaintance; Robert Armstrong, brother in law; Mrs. Mary Jane Armstrong, sister; Son of do., four or five years old; Wm. Summons, brother; Paul Houston, cousin.

Mrs. Reeves died at half past nine o'clock on Saturday morning.

At the present writing (Saturday evening) the others are lying very low, and it is not likely all will recover.

Suspicions resting on J. M. Summons, as the perpetrator of this attempt to destroy an entire family, he was arrested by officer Dalzell, on Saturday morning, taken before Squire Snellbaker, and committed for examination on Tuesday afternoon.

It was proven, that on Friday evening he purchased ten cents worth of arsenic, at the Drug Store of Dr. Bockhus, on the corner of Seventh and Main streets. He stated that he wished it to kill rats. The paper in which it was put up was marked "poison."

He visited the servant girl in the kitchen, who was suffering from having stepped upon a nail and injured her foot, and advised to get a piece of bacon and put upon the sore. She took his advice and started to go for the bacon—heard, as she thought the water in the tea kettle boiling over, returned sooner than Summons expected, and found him shaking the tea kettle. She asked him what he was doing. He replied that the water was boiling over and he had taken off the lid.—No suspicion but that he was telling the truth were had at the time; but when all who had drank of the tea were taken sick it was analyzed, and found to be strongly impregnated with arsenic.

J. M. Summons has for some time been very intemperate—so much so that he long since earned the reputation of an abandoned sot—and lost the confidence of his friends, but what motive could have induced him so deliberately to attempt the lives of all his father's household, remain hidden in his own bosom.

Sunday Evening.—The only death that had occurred was that of Mrs. Reeves; the others were all lying very low, but there were reasonable hopes that no more would be lost.

Hon. Truman Smith.

The Hon. Truman Smith has the merit of being the "best abused man" in the Whig party, with the exception of General Taylor. His unflinching devotion to the good cause, his untiring industry in spreading information before the people, his success in promoting harmony and concert of action in the Whig ranks, have brought down upon him the hatred of all the enemies of good government, the abuse of such as regard it a species of treason to circulate wholesome documents amongst the masses, and the scurrility of those who have, by his labors, been baffled in their efforts to sow dissensions in our ranks. For this his public acts have not only been assailed, but his private fortunes have been appraised by partisan spies, to furnish material for a calumnious paragraph, or a deliberate slander upon his personal honor.

If we may judge from what is said of him in the opposition press, his way is beset by salaried talebearers, and his tracks are dogged by hired informers. Such people will not lose their wages by lack of news; and in default of finding out any thing to his disadvantage, they fabricate the most egregious falsehoods, which are caught up by his defamers and spread before the country with such emendations and additions as the ingenuity of malice may invent. The libels which continually appear against him, are so many testimonials of the dread in which he is held by his enemies. Their endeavors to meet his arguments are confined to the easier and more congenial task of defaming his character.

In these miserable essays to resist an adversary by fulminating calumnies against his private reputation, the people recognize the homage which bad men pay to the supporter of a good cause. They will find their tactics of as little avail in injuring Mr. Smith or the Whig party, as would be the attempt to stop the mountain torrent by scattering dirt upon its surface.—*Republic.*

Foreign news by the Europa.

Owing to some cause not yet explained, our eastern despatches failed to reach us on Wednesday evening. Some of the morning papers received the following despatch. A more full and interesting account will however, be found under the telegraphic head.

St. Johns, Wednesday, 1 o'clock.
July 25, 1849.

The Cunard steamer Europa, arrived at Halifax last evening, bringing Liverpool dates to the 14th July inst. The Europa brings 123 passengers.

Liverpool, July 14th.

The tone of business has continued active and vigorous. The Manufacturing Districts continue to give assurances of a healthy state of affairs, with a gradual extension of operations and a restoration of confidence.

The English funds have steadily advanced during the week. Yesterday (July 13,) consols ranged from 92¾a93 on transfer. Bank shares 198½. Exchequer bills 48a51 premium. The money market continues remarkable easy.

Cotton.—The sales of a week foot up the large figure of 82,530 bales at a further advance of an eighth of a penny per pound, of which 27,000 bales were taken on speculation, and 49,000 for export.

At the close of the market yesterday the quotations were for Fair Upland and Mobile 5d: for fair New Orleans, 5¼d.

Of the American descriptions sold during the week, there were 21,000 bales, Upland, at 4a5½d; 32,000 New Orleans, at 4a6½d; 12,000 Alabama and Mobile at 4a5½d. The offerings yesterday were not so large, but the advance was firmly maintained.

Breadstuffs—The market generally is dull, and last week's prices were barely maintained.—Indian Corn has experienced a further decline of 6d, to 1s. per quarter. Flour—The quotations were for Ohio 25s.a25s 6d; for western Canal 23a25s; Philadelphia 23s.6d. Baltimore, 26s.a26s.6d. Wheat is unchanged.

The price of Indian Corn is nominally 31a35s. per quarter. Sales, however, have been made to arrive at 28a29s. per quarter.

Provisions—There is no alteration in Beef—Western Pork meets with fair sales at last quotations. Bacon—Having submitted to a reduction of fully 2s. per cwt. is in extensive demand.—Western Curing has been sold freely, and a better demand is felt for Shoulders.

Iron—The trade is dull, dealers insisting on lower rates before they will operate.

It has been excessively hot in London and Liverpool, and the Cholera appears to be steadily on the increase in London. Last week there were 152 deaths there from that disease. In Liverpool 201.

The epidemic has broken out in a very fatal form in Southampton and seems to infest the entire Southern coast of England.

The Potato disease has manifested itself in a number of places in Ireland, but with this exception, the crops generally were highly promising, throughout both England and Ireland.

The Irish papers contain the most distressing accounts of intense suffering in that country, particularly in the South Western districts. The Workhouses are filled to repletion, and thousands of persons appear to be actually without the means of keeping body and soul together.

On Monday, Smith O'Brien, Meagher, McNima and O'Donahue were embarked on board the schooner Swift, which sailed immediately for Van Dieman's Land. Previous to their departure they placed in the hands of mutual friends an address to their countrymen of which the London Times remarks, "It must be admitted its tone is unobjectionable, nay, even more moderate than could be expected from men, the whole tenor of whose previous conduct favored the supposition that they were acting not as free agents, but as the victims of some unknown species of downright idiocy."

Elections to fill thirty five vacancies in the French Assembly are going forward quietly, and the results appear to tend in favor of the moderate candidates.

In Paris the ministerial candidates were all returned. In the Provinces Lamartine and a few others, the Socialists secured their election.

On Thursday (12th) there was a rumor in Paris of a difficulty having occurred in the Cabinet, touching the affairs of Rome, and it is said that Odillon Barrott and Dufour will retire. Doubts were expressed whether England had previously, as was reported, remonstrated with France on the subject of Roman affairs.

M. D'Lhuys has been despatched as Ambassador Extraordinary to the Court of St James, with much apparent haste, with the object, as has been conjectured, to neutralize Lord Palmerston's decided or apprehended intervention with France in favor of the Romans.

Regarding this subject, the London *Sun*, says "The Marquis of Normanby has presented a note to the French Government, from Lord Palmerston, demanding explicit declarations as to the intentions of France with regard to Rome—how long it is intended to occupy the Roman territory, and whether it is resolved to support the Pope."

The Legitimist and Jesuit journals are setting up a cry for the absolute and unconditional restoration of the Pope." But the correspondent of the *Times*, says, "no such folly is intended by the French Government."

Several committees of the Legislative Assembly have suggested a prorogation of that body from the 15th August to the 1st October, as practicable without detriment to the public business. A commission was appointed forthwith to consider the proposition.

The difficulties which continue to beset the French Government, particularly with regard to the Italian question, occasion great fluctuations in the French funds.

The Moniteur contains a despatch from General Oudinot, which gives an elaborate and detailed description of the final assault upon Rome, made on the 29th June.

The brave Romans fought desperately, leaving four hundred of their small number killed, and one hundred and twenty five prisoners. The French account acknowledges only nine killed on their side, and one hundred and ten taken prisoners.

In consequence of the surrender of Rome, the orders that had been despatched to Toulon for embarking the reinforcements, were countermanded, and the steamer already at sea will be called back.

Ledru Rollin's movements are at length traced. He had been until recently secreted in Paris.—He reached London on Wednesday from Belgium, in company with Messrs. Bernard, Arago, and Boubot.

The present aspect of Cholera in Paris is favorable. The deaths were diminished to thirty per day.

The total number of deaths in Paris and the suburbs, since the commencement of the disease, have exceeded 30,000.

* * *

Correspondence of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

London, July 6, 1849.

Rome has surrendered and consequently one act of the European drama is at length completed. In other respects there is this week little news of interest.

THE CAPITULATION OF ROME.

The termintaion of the Roman struggle took place on the 30th of June, when it was announced by telegraph to the French ministry. The intelligence having been communicated in this way, we are, of course, without any full details. All that is known is that the Roman Assembly notified the fact by the following resolution, and that a municipal deputation forthwith proceeded to the camp of Oudinot to arrange terms.

"The Assembly"—such was the announcement—"ceases a defence which has become impossible, and remains at its post. It charges the Triumvirate with the execution of the present decree."

Infamous as the whole affair has been for France there are few who do not rejoice that the idea of further resistance has been abandoned. It now remains to be seen whether the Romans will remain true to their leaders, or whether Oudinot and his counsellors will succeed by intrigue in destroying their power and procuring a reaction in favor of the priests. From Italians, and especially Italians of the Roman States, we must not expect much. Should the Triumvirs, however still be able to command general support, the difficulties of the French will be of the most remarkable character. Meanwhile every engine is set in motion to sow dissension between Mazzini and his colleagues, and to damage them among the people whom they have elevated and preserved. The French press sedulously represent them as a faction, riding over the loyal wishes of the population, while the leading English newspapers work indefatigably in the same spirit by denouncing them as "conspirators" and "socialists."

On the events which preceded the capitulation, those which have been narrated up to the present time, do not appear to have been very important. The siege works of Oudinot were carried on with the utmost caution, and so great at last became the impatience of the French Government at being kept from their prey, that General Bedeau was despatched from Paris to urge matters to a conclusion, if necessary, to supercede Oudinot in the command. Soon after his departure, however, the capitulation was announced, and he was consequently recalled. While the siege was proceeding, letters were published in some of the French papers, purporting to have been written by officers high in Oudinot's camp, to the effect that the loss already sustained was at least 1200 men, and that it would take, under the present mode of progress, at least 50 days more before the final assault on the city could be achieved. It seems, however, that a position was at length gained, which considerably increased the power of the besiegers, and that 500 Romans were killed and wounded on the occasion. Another inducement toward the capitulation was furnished by the return to Rome of M. Accursi, the Roman deputy who had accompanied Lesseps to Paris, and who was now furnished by the French Government with an authority to pass through Oudinot's lines, and to enter the city, in order, doubtless, that he might communicate the fate of the outbreak in Paris on the 13th of June, and the way in which it had strengthened the Ministry, so as to leave them free to pursue their iniquitous course without opposition. Probably, also, M. Accursi was the bearer of some hints or promises from Odillon Barrot, of a favorable kind.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.

The friends of Hungary take up the newspapers each day with a nervous hand, dreading to meet some account of a pitched battle which shall have sealed the destruction of that country. Up to the present time, however, nothing very fatal has transpired, although the plans of Russia are upon a scale which continues to denote that the Hungarians are to be hunted and subjugated like the Poles. All the accounts received during the past week, come from Austrian sources, and are therefore deserving of little credit; but the Russians are, by their immense numbers, encircling Hungary in a net, and it is quite certain that the conflict is every day assuming more and more the character of a tremendous death struggle. Among recent successes, the Austrians report that on the 18th of June, Jellachich attacked and defeated the Hungarians under Perczel, at a place called St. Tomash, Jellachich losing 1000 men, and the Hungarians 2000 killed and wounded, and 2000 prisoners, as well as their artillery, flags, ammunition and baggage. They also say that at a place called Szeben, the Hungarians were overpowered with the superior numbers of the Russians, and lost 300 men; and, finally, it appears that, on the 28th of June, the Austrians and Russians captured Raab, and that the Emperor entered the conquered city. There are likewise rumors of a battle with the Hungarians, headed by Bem, in Transylvania.

With regard to these several accounts, it is to be mentioned, first, that Jellachich is notorious, even among the Austrians, for the utter recklessness of his bulletins, and that he never yet suffered a defeat on which he did not announce forthwith the annihilation of the enemy; next, that the battle at Szeben, in which the Hungarians are reported to have sustained a loss of only 300 men, will most likely, from the moderate figures with which the Austrians have here contented themselves, turn out to have been disastrous to the Imperialists; thirdly, that the capture of Raab was nothing more than the occupation of that place after a nominal resistance on the part of the Hungarians, in pursuance of their old plan of retiring before their enemies; upon whom they inflicted some damage, while they themselves sustained scarcely any loss; and, finally, that the fact of there being rumors of a battle with Bem, while nothing is said of his having been utterly routed, which would have been the most moderate report of the Austrians, even if he had merely suffered the slightest check, suggests strongly the possibility that he may really have gained a great success.

Still we must not let our loathing of the cowardly oppressors blind us to the immense nature of their resources and the critical prospects of the Hungarians. It may be that the penalties in store for Austria and Russia are destined by Providence to take their origin from the success of the present devices. When Poland was crushed the obsolutists throughout Europe thought themselves secure, and yet it is to this very circumstance they now owe the perils which at all times environ them. Wherever an outbreak occurs a band of homeless Poles are ready to give it force and organization. Let the same work be repeated with Hungary, and a band of men will be created whose influence in future emergencies will be fatal and irresistible.

The minor points of news from Austria continue to be perfectly characteristic. One small town which recently gave succor to the Hungarians, has, by the order of General Haynau, been burnt to ashes, as a deliberate punishment for the inhabitants. At Vienna a young soldier has been shot for circulating unauthorized news from the army, and for speaking slightly of the rewards distributed to the military, whereby, it was inferred, he wished to incite his comrades to desert. At Prague in in Bohemia a young student was recently cut down by the military in the streets, and almost the entire population attended at his funeral, this being the only means, (the state of siege still prevailing,) of manifesting their feeling at the outrage.

All these things, however, fail to draw a single word of disapproval from the English conservative press. Indeed in the narration of them every endeavor is made to cause them to appear perfectly legitimate occurrences. Sad as this seems it is nevertheless possible to see that it has led to much good, despite the spirit by which it is prompted. Had the English people been stirred by correct representations of what has taken place both in Hungary and in Rome, and by powerful appeals to their sympathy on the part of the press generally, they would probably before this have embroiled themselves by interference. Such a course would have been disastrous for the ultimate liberties of Europe. We are now gaining strength by peace, which when the less disciplined races around us, prostrated by their mutual contests, shall have become wiser than adversity, will enable us to exercise a living influence for their advantage.

AUSTRIA IN ITALY.

The exactions of Austria have interrupted the negotiations for peace with Sardinia, which were just supposed to have been completed. Among other things they are said to have demanded an alliance offensive and defensive, and a consequent contingent of 20,000 men, to assist them against Hungary. Now that the French are in possession of Rome, they will perhaps modify their tone.

Hostilities have been recommenced against Venice, but that city holds out. The Venitians, moreover, are said to have made a successful sortie and to have captured two Austrian generals.

The German Union question is not much nearer to a solution. True to her character, some of the Kings take advantage of the present lull to attempt to repudiate their recent concessions. Hanover has issued a circular declaring that she took part in the recent draft of the central constitution issued from Berlin, "from a feeling of imminent danger," but that it contains paragraphs of much too centralizing a nature. Saxony, the other power which assisted in the preparation of the draft, now also interposes obstacles.

A meeting, however, has taken place at Gotha, of the most influential members of the late German parliament, known as the Gagern party, which may do good. About 160 attended, and they came to a resolution to recognize unreservedly the plan for a constitution as contained in the Berlin draft.

At Berlin, it is announced, the state of siege is to cease on the 9th instant.

From Baden the accounts show that the Prussian troops have succeeded in putting down the insurrection. There have been a few farther fights, but the remnants of the insurgents are now shut up in the fortress of Rastadt, where they are negotiating for a capitulation. The whole affair is, therefore, virtually at an end.

CHINA.

With regard to the intelligence from China, mentioned in my last, of the Emperor having refused to comply with the stipulation by which the gates of the city of Canton were to be permanently opened to foreigners on the 6th of April, it appears that our Government have resolved not to enforce this right by a direct resort to hostilities. The right is still maintained, but the plea of the Emperor, that he is unable to grant it at the present moment, without danger, has met with consideration, and it has been resolved to allow him some farther time before proceeding to extremities.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

In London the subject of excitement during the present week has been the re-election of Baron Rothschild. It was supposed that he would walk over the course, but at the eleventh hour a young tory nobleman, Lord John Manners, the son of the Duke of Rutland, appeared as a candidate. He was proposed by Mr. Thomas Baring, and was supported by the conservative party, but nothing could have been more total than his defeat. He polled only 2814 votes, while for Rothschild the number was 6017, giving a majority of 3203. The defeated candidate was known chiefly by his monkish or Puseyitish tendencies, and a book of poems, which he was silly enough to publish about 8 years back, gave his opponents an admirable means of exposing the nature of his qualifications to represent the commercial emporium of the world. One couplet, of which they made adroit use by quoting it on all possible occasions, ran as follows:—

> Let laws and learning, wealth and commerce die,
> But leave us still *our old nobility*."

It is true that, sorely pressed by the damage thus inflicted on him, he professed that he had now modified his views, but a hustings recantation, like a death bed repentance, is always doubted; and it was seen moreover that a man, who could at any time have perpetrated such degrading trash must have disqualified himself for ever from representing any set of human beings within the pale of ordinary enlightenment.

In Parliament there has been nothing of interest. Feargus O'Conner's motion for the people's charter, namely, annual elections, vote by ballot, equal electoral districts, no property qualification, and payment of members, has been negatived by 222 against 13.

You will receive by the packet a dreadful account of the sinking of the American barque Charles Bartlett, in a collision with the Europa steamer, about 700 miles West of Cape Clear. It took place on the 27th of June, at half past 3 in the afternoon. The Europa was making 12 knots an hour, in a heavy fog, and she came upon the Charles Bartlett in less than a minute after she was observed. In three minutes from the time of the collision, the Charles Bartlett went down and of 177 on board only 42 were rescued. Most of the passengers were emigrants of the better class each possessing some little property, ranging from £5 up to, in one case, £500. The survivors will be conveyed gratuitously to the United States, by this and the next steamer. The accident is admitted to have been inevitable, but much anxiety is manifested for some method of signalizing during fogs. Bells are of little use. Probably the electric light, when it shall have been perfected, will afford one means among others. Action will be brought against the Cunard company by the owners of the Charles Bartlett, for the recovery of the entire value, both of vessel and cargo.

* * *

The late Collision on the Atlantic.

The following is a full account of the late unfortunate collision at sea, by which an American vessel and a large number of her passengers were lost. It is copied from the Liverpool Times:

'The steam ship Europa, Captain Lott, arrived here on Sunday morning last, after an extraordinary passage of ten days eighteen hours from Boston to this port. On board the Europa we are grieved to find that she had forty three persons, the survivors of the passengers and crew of the American barque Charles Bartlett, which vessel the Europa ran down at sea on the 27th ult., about 700 miles to the westward of Cape Clear, causing the loss of one hundred and thirty four lives. The Charles Bartlett, Capt. Bartlett, was an American ship of four hundred tons burden, chiefly loaded with lead and chalk, and having one hundred and sixty two steerage passengers, one cabin passenger, and a crew of fourteen men, outward bound for New York, and at the time of the collision was going at the rate of five knots an hour, close hauled on the wind. The Europa was sailing at the rate of 11½ or 12 knots per hour. At the time of the collision both vessels were enveloped in a dense fog, which prevented those on board of either vessel seeing beyond a few yards. At about half past three o'clock the look out of the Europa suddenly perceived the ship through the mist, and had just time to announce the discovery when a dreadful collision took place, the Europa striking the Charles Bartlett amidships, and cutting an awful chasm in her side, killing several persons on board. The barque immediately began to settle down, and in a few minutes sunk. The scene during those few minutes was appeling in the extreme. A crowd of suffering passengers maimed and broken by the collision, lay dead or dying on the spot where the bows of the Europa had entered. Some of the individuals who crowded the decks appeared panic striken, others ran shrieking to and fro in despair, while some rushed forward and eagerly seized upon the opportunities which were presented for giving them a chance of safety.

The most strenuous exertions were made on the instant, by all on board the Europa. for rescuing from the imminent peril which pressed upon them as many individuals as possible Hand buoys and ropes were thrown over, boats were lowered, and every man was busied in those few fearful minutes in rescuing the struggling sufferers from the waves. Yet, with all the exertions that could be used, only forty three individuals were saved out of one hundred and seventy seven, who had recently been alive on board the unfortunate ship. Amongst those preserved were the Captain, Charles Bartlett, the second mate, and seven seamen. Of forty women who were on board only one was rescued.—It is a remarkable circumstance that the second mate of the Charles Bartlett, and all the men of his watch, who were below at the time of the collision, were saved, whilst the whole of the watch on deck, with two exceptions perished. The boats of the Europa, which had been lowered immediately on the collision taking place, and which had been actively engaged in picking up the unfortunate sufferers, were near being engulphed in the vortex which the sinking of the barque created. No blame whatever can be imputed to those in charge of the Europa. The collision was purely accidental; no human foresight or prudence could have prevented it; and on the unfortunate circumstance taking place, every exertion was made to save the crew and passengers of the sunken vessen. The damage sustained by the Europa was very trifling.

Immediately after the accident a committee was formed, electing Mr. Bates as its chairman, and Mr Peabody secretary, for the purpose of giving a tangible form to the benevolence of the gentlemen and ladies on board. Subscriptions to the amount of £362 5s were collected on the instant.

We may here observe that, at one of the committee meetings on board the Europa, the following resolution passed unanimously:

"That we have witnessed, with feelings of intense interest, the bold and rapid movements of Captain R. B. Forbes of Boston; that his self sacrificing and daring leap into the sea to save the passengers of the Charles Bartlett, commands our admiration, and we rejoice that these deeds were performed by the missionary of the Jamestown."

Captain Bartlett, after giving an account of the weather, fog, &c., thus describes the collision.

At 3 o'clock, ordered a good look-out from the topgallant forecastle; also directed the man at the wheel to look sharp to windward. At 3 30 P. M., being on the weather side of the poop deck, heard a rumbling to windward like distant thunder; turned my ear to windward, and my eye to the horizon. The man at the wheel noticing that I was listening, looked to windward and cried "sail ho!"—I at once saw what I supposed was a ship, about one point forward of our beam, about one hundred yards distant. I ordered the helm up, thinking she did not discover us, and that we should have time to clear her before she could come in contact. All hands shouted at the same time to alarm the ship, and I ordered the bell to be rung, and called to the ship to "port her helm," as I saw that was the only chance of escape. There was nearly one hundred passengers on the deck at the time. All was of no avail, for in one minute from the time we saw the ship, she was upon us, going at the rate of twelve knots, striking us abreast of the after main shrouds. The crash and the terrible scene which ensued, I am not adequate to describe. I was knocked to leeward with the man at the wheel. I recovered myself in a moment, shouting to every one to cling to the steamer as their only hope; I caught hold of a broken chain on the bow, and hauled myself up, shouting at the same time to the crew and passengers to follow. I had barely time to get on the steamer's bow, and while getting up, I noticed that her bow was into the ship, within a foot of the after hatch, and that she was stove clear to the lee side, and that full twenty feet of her side was stove in.

There must have been nearly fifty persons killed by the collision. Every exertion was made by Capt Lott, his officers and crew, and the passengers on board the steamer. The boats were lowered as soon as possible. Unfortunately, only ten were saved by the boats, the balance, making thirty three more or less, saved themselves by hanging to the bow The steamer lay by the scene as long as there was any hope of saving any."

The committee appointed to inquire into and report on the circumstances of the collision, after a reference to Captain Bartlett's statement and the log of the Europa, thus express themselves

"It appears from the evidence tendered that the officers and look-outs were at their posts, and the committee are satisfied that all proper vigilance and activity were used in this sudden emergency on the part of the steamer. The committee having weighed all the circumstances of this painful and unparalleled disaster, whereby about one hundred and thirty six souls found an untimely grave, feel bound to report that no blame can be attached to either party They feel convinced that every thing was done by the commander, the officers, and the crew of the Europa to prevent the lamentable disaster, and every thing tried after its occurrence to save the lives and to minister to the comforts of the survivors."

Pittsburgh, June 29th, 1849

Mr. S. K. Hibbert—Sir. I take great pleasure in recommending your INKS to the notice of the public In my business, I have used a great quantity of ink, and I give yours the preference over all others I have tried Harrison's Ink is good; so is Arnold's but I prefer yours, as it does not mould, nor get thick by being exposed, and becomes black in a few minutes after it is on the paper. Wishing you every success in your business. I am yours, very respectfully,

JOHN FLEMING City Accountant.

For sale by B A Fahnestock & Co., Pittsburgh, H. P. Schwartz, Allegheny city, and by the manufacturer Thomas K. Hibbert, Druggist and Chemist, corner of Liberty and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

jy27-d2w

NEW AND VALUABLE WORKS JUST PUBLISHED.—A Compendium of Ecclesiastical History, by Dr. John C. L. Gieseler, Consistorial Counsellor and Ordinary Professor of Theology in Gottingen; from the fourth edition, revised and amended. Translated from the German, by Samuel Davidson, L. L. D

A History of the United States of America, from the discovery of the Continent to the organization of Government under the Federal Constitution, by Richard Hildreth

Just received and for sale by

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
jy27 corner Market and Third sts.

Hatters' Trimmings Cheap for Cash.

THE advertiser is now opening, at 171 Water street, New York, a complete assortment of HATTERS' TRIMMINGS, selected by himself from the manufactories in France and Germany, which will be sold low for cash. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. jy27-d1m

New York, July, 1849.

LARD OIL—10 bbls. No. 1 Lard Oil; and 20 bbls. No. 2 do.; in store and for sale by
jy27 JAMES DALZELL, No. 24 Water st.

BUCKETS—25 doz. Buckets, landing per keel boat Jack Ogle, and for sale by
jy27 JAMES DALZELL.

MACKEREL—100 bbls. No. 2 Mackerel, 1849, Massachusetts Inspection, landing per canal, and for sale by [jy27] JAMES DALZELL.

POT ASH—3 casks, superior, for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO.

TOBACCOS—90 pkgs. manufactured Tobaccos, of various qualities, for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO.

SASH—9000 lights for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO.

PEPPER—16 bags for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO.

BUTTER—25 bbls. packed Butter, for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO

WINDOW GLASS—530 boxes 8x10;
175 " 10x12;
60 " 10x14;
40 " 7x9;
10 " Short Glass, for sale
by [jy27] S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO

DRY APPLES—15 bbls. for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO.

LOAF SUGARS—20 bbls assorted Nos. for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO.

WHITE FISH—Prime, inspected, in bbls. and half bbls., for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & CO

Rhine or Hock Wines.

SPARKLING Moselle, Crown brand,
" Hock of Hockheim, Coblentz;
Still Hockheimer, 1839, Mumm & Co;
" " 1842 Henkell & Co;
" Giesenheimer, 1844, do
" Mosel Muscatel, 1841, do
" Johannisberg, 1839, Ebeling & Maier;
" Radesheimer, 1834, Mumm & Co;
Also, Haut Sauterne, 1840; and in hhds.

These Wines are from the most celebrated Graperies along the Rhine. In store and for sale by cases of one doz. each, or by the single bottle, by
jy27 JACOB WEAVER, Jr.

Champagne Wines.

MUMM'S Anchor, Pints and Quarts,
" Sillery, " "
Heidsieck,
Oeil de Perdrix, Partridge Eye, or Harp Brand, qts;
Key, Brand, Qts;
Ducal Grape, Qts and Pts;
Bollinger's Anchor, Qts;
Tri Color Charte de 1830, Qts and Pts;

These Wines are offered to the trade, wholesale and retail, reasonably.
jy27 JACOB WEAVER, Jr.

COFFEE—200 bags rec'd and for sale by
jy27 BROWN & CULBERTSON.

REYNOLD'S & BRO'S improved Safety Fuse—a supply just rec'd and for sale by
jy27 BROWN & CULBERTSON.

TOBACCO—300 boxes "W. H. Grant's," and other choice brands, on hand and to arrive, for sale by
jy27 BROWN & CULBERTSON

POWDER—Blasting and Rifle Powders, kept constantly on hand, and for sale by
jy27 BROWN & CULBERTSON.

MACKEREL—A supply of Nos. 2 and 3 Mackerel, daily expected from the east, and for sale by
jy27 BROWN & CULBERTSON.

THE EMPIRES IN WHITE AGAIN.

AT the request of numerous Ladies and Families, who were unable to attend the first White Concert of the Empires, they respectfully beg leave to announce that they will appear this Friday evening, July 27th, with WHITE FACES, upon which occasion they will repeat the "Domestic Glee," "Be kind to the loved ones at home."

Foster's Pathetic Ballad of "Nelly Was a Lady," will be repeated, by particular request.

☞Tickets, 25 cents.

☞Doors open at 7½ o'clock: Concert to commence at 8. [jy27

Desirable Property for Sale.

THAT beautiful, well known and healthy residence, (lately occupied by Mrs. E. J. Stewart, dec'd,) on the top of the hill west of Steubenville, O., and adjoining the Steubenville and Cambridge road. The lot contains about eight acres, part meadow, and under good fence. The improvements are a two story Brick Dwelling House and Kitchen, brick wash house, and chicken house, a good frame stable, &c. There is a variety of fruit trees and shrubbery, but a full description of this well known property is deemed unnecessary. It is one of the most beautiful rural retreats in the vicinity of Steubenville, and is perhaps one of the most healthy,—combining the many advantages of town and country, with few of the inconveniences of either. The title is unexceptionable. Possession can be given on the first of November. For further particulars, apply through the Post Office, address the subscriber, Elliottsville, Jefferson county, O., or at his residence on the bank of the Ohio, opposite New Cumberland, Va.

JAMES R. M. STEWART,
jy27-w2mS Ex'r of Alex. Stewart, dec'd.

FOUND—A small leather Purse, containing a small sum of money, which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement. Apply at this office.
jy27-1t*

BROOMS—25 doz. just landing, for sale by
jy27 S. F. VON BONNHORST & Co.

FLOUR—74 bbls. (Gibbs' extra) to-day rec'd per keel boat Josephine, and for sale by
jy27 ARMSTRONG & CROZER.

FOR RENT.—The three story Brick Dwelling House, on Liberty, between Hay and Marbury streets, now occupied by W. Graham, Jr. Possession given immediately. Enquire of Wm. Graham, or at the Bookstore of

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
jy27-dtf corner Market and Third streets

Engines for Sale.

ONE PAIR SECOND HAND ENGINES, 10 inch cylinders, 4 feet stroke; 2 Boilers, 20 feet long, 38 inches in diameter, all in good order, will be sold at a bargain, if application be made soon. They have only been in use about 18 months. For particulars, inquire of jy27:dtf R. HAYS, Gazette office

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GEORGE HUHN, by calling at my office and paying charges, will receive a Box containing valuable Medicines, Books, &c., &c.

GEORGE B. MILTENBERGER,
jy26 No. 67 Front st,

---

20 BBLS. best double refined Winter Strained Lard Oil, received and for sale by
W. & R. M'CUTCHEON,
jy26 No. 152 Liberty street.

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67 BOXES Prime Cheese, of a large size, received and for sale by W. & R. M'CUTCHEON,
jy26 No. 152 Liberty street.

WANTED—A good compositor at this office.
jy26-dtf

SUGAR—150 hhds. strictly prime, for sale by
jy26 C. H. GRANT, No. 41 Water st.

MACKEREL—100 bbls. Large No. 3, Massachusetts Inspection, to arrive; for sale by
jy26 C. H. GRANT.

FOR GREENWOOD GARDENS.

The steam boat A. MASON now runs from the Point, foot of Liberty street, to the Garden—leaving at 9 o'clock, A. M., and at the beginning of each hour until 9 P. M. Visiters may rely on finding the boat at the hour. She leaves the Garden, the last up trip, at 10 o'clock.

The season is fast advancing, and those wishing to visit this delightful retreat, now is the time to spend a few hours, not in the smoke and dust of the city, but in a pure atmosphere, perfumed with the fragrance of flowers.

All kinds of refreshments, except intoxicating drinks, are kept on the premises. Greenhouse Plants, and Bouquets of choice flowers for sale. Closed on Sunday. jy26 JAMES M'KAIN.

☞Change of landing made on account of low water.

Cheap Dry Goods.

WHO WANTS

Musquito Bars	for	62½	cents.
Heavy Brown Muslins	for	4½	"
Extra " "	"	6¼	"
¾ Bleached "	"	5	"
Superior "	"	6¼	"
Parasoletts	"	25	"
Calicoes	"	3	"
Good quality, do.	"	6¼	"
Mous de Laines	"	12½	"
Ginghams	"	10	"
Alpaccas	"	18¾	"
Extra do.	"	25	"
Silk and Wool Berages	"	18¾	"
Cotton & " "	"	12½	"
Bonnet Ribbons	"	6¼	"
Good quality Kid Gloves	"	37½	"
Cassinets	"	18¾	"
Broad Cloths	"	$1,25	

A. A. MASON & CO. have Goods at prices named above Call soon at the only cheap one price store, 60 Market street. jy25

NEW BOOKS.—Southey's Common Place Book, edited by his son-in-law, John Hood Harten, D. D.

Abbott's History of Julius Cesar, with engravings. Just received at

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON'S,
jy25 cor Market and Third sts.

JAMES' NEW NOVEL.—The Woodman: A Romance of the times of Richard III, by G. P. R. James, Esq. Just received by

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
jy25 cor Market and Third sts.

British Periodical Literature.

1. The London Quarterly Review,
2. The Edinburgh Review,
3. The Westminster Review,
4. The North British Review,

} Quarterly.

5. Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine—Monthly.

The above Periodicals are reprinted in New York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—Blackwood's Magazine being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The prices of the reprints are less than one third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well executed, they afford all that advantage to the American over the English reader

Terms—(Payment to be made in advance.)

For any one of the four Reviews,		-	$3 00 per an.
For any two	do	-	5 00
For any three	do	-	7 00
For all four of the Reviews,		-	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine,		-	3 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,			10 00

The above promptly supplied by

JAMES D LOCKWOOD,
Bookseller and Importer of Foreign Books,
jy25 63 Wood st.

☞Blackwood's Magazine, for July, has just been received, and may be had as above.

POTATOES—15 bbls this day received from Gallipolis, and for sale by
jy25 ARMSTRONG & CROZER.

FLOUR—20 bbls. just rec'd and for sale by
jy25 ARMSTRONG & CROZER.

Wholesale Drug Store for Sale.

THE subscribers, desirous of retiring from the Drug business, offer their well selected stock of Drugs, Medicines, etc., for sale.

The establishment is among the most eligible in the West, having an extensive and lucrative custom already establishment.

The most satisfactory information relative to the profits of the establishment, and the reasons for quitting business, can be given by addressing the subscribers, No 164 Market street, Wheeling, Va.

PRYOR & PAULL.
jy24:d10t—Wheeling Gaz.

SAFETY FUSE—30,000 feet for blasting, for sale by
jy24 J S WILWORTH & CO

POWDER—

2000 kegs	Blasting Powder, sup. quality				
1300 do	Rifle	do	do	do	
400 hf do	do	do	do	do	
100 qr do	do	do	do	do	

In magazine, and deliverable at any hour during the day. jy24 J S DILWORTH & CO

CHEESE—30 boxes Cheese, in store and for sale by
jy24 J S DILWORTH & CO

FLOUR—350 bbls Flour, superior quality, for sale by jy24 J S DILWORTH & CO

MACKEREL—50 bbls No 3 large Mackerel, 1849, just landing and for sale by
jy24 J S DILWORTH & CO

WRAPPING PAPER—800 reams in store and for sale by jy24 J S DILWORTH & CO

HAMS—2284 Hams, now ready for taking from the smoke house, for sale by
jy24 W & R M'CUTCHEON, 152 Liberty st

SHOULDERS—4000 pcs Shoulders, in smoke house and for sale by jy24 W & R M'CUTCHEON

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR—30 bbls just rec'd and for sale by jy24 ARMSTRONG & CROZER

THREE SECOND HAND PIANOS, either for sale or rent—One of the above Piano Fortes will be exchanged (cost originally $300,) for a lot of ground, or merchandize at a fair valuation.
jy24 JOHN H MELLOR, 81 Wood st

JUNIATTA BLOOMS—45 tons in store and for sale by KIER & JONES,
jy23 Canal Basin, near 7th st

CREAM TARTAR—3 bbls just rec'd and for sale by
jy23 R E SELLERS, 57 Wood st

UMBER—1 bbl just rec'd and for sale by
jy23 R E SELLERS

GARRETT'S SNUFF—1 tierce just rec'd and for sale by jy23 R E SELLERS

LIQUORICE ROOT—400 lbs prime sound, just rec'd and for sale by jy23 R E SELLERS

SWISS MUSLINS—W. R. Murphy has received a fresh supply for dresses, very cheap. Also, embroidered Muslins, plain Mull Muslins, and barred Jaconets, low priced and fine; at northeast corner 4th and Market sts. jy23

FURNITURE DIMITY—W. R. Murphy has received a few pieces for summer bed quilts, at the low price of 12½ cts per yd. jy23

AT REDUCED PRICES—W. R. Murphy has on hand a few white and colored quilts, which he will close out at low prices. jy23

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN to those who know themselves indebted to the Estate of JOHN WHITTEN, dec'd, (late of Pittsburgh,) that they are requested to call without delay and settle their accounts with Richard Floyd, at the Warehouse of J & R. Floyd, Round Church Buildings, Liberty street Those neglecting this notice longer than thirty days, may expect that their accounts will then be in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

MARGARET WHITTEN,
RICHARD FLOYD, } Admrs.
jy23:d2w

WOOL.—The highest market price in cash, will be paid for the different grades of Wool, by
S & W HARBAUGH,
jy23 No 53 Water and 101 Front st

SODA ASH—25 csks Soda Ash, rec'd and for sale by
jy23 S & W HARBAUGH

BACON SHOULDERS—4 casks just rec'd and for sale by jy23 S & W HARBAUGH

CHEESE—52 boxes prime Cream Cheese, just rec'd and for sale by jy23 S & W HARBAUGH

ROUSSEL'S AROMATICK VINEGAR.—The highly sanatory, balsamic and tonic properties of this Vinegar render it far superior to Cologne water for the ordinary purposes of the toilet, surpassing the latter in its perfume. It prevents and removes pimples, tetter and asperity of the skin, it refreshes and whitens the skin, rendering it soft and smooth. It corrects the clammy and bitter taste of the mouth, imparting a fresh and pleasant breath. It cleanses and whitens the teeth and hardens the gums. For all the above purposes, it is used with water in such proportion as may be found most agreeable. By inhaling it and rubbing it on the temples, it will remove headache. If applied instantly to a burn or bruise, it will eventually prevent mortification. It corrects vitiated air, and guaranties from contagion; it is therefore very useful for purifying and perfuming apartments. For sale by

R E SELLERS, Wholesale Druggist,
jy21 57 Wood street, Pittsburgh

WHISKEY—600 bbls Whiskey, in store and for sale by jy20 W & M MITCHELTREE

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE FOR JULY.—Contents—Dies Boreales. No. 2 Christopher under Canvass; The Island of Sardinia; The Caxtons—part XIV; The Game Laws in Scotland; Dominique; Pestalozziana; The Crowning of the Column, and Crushing of the Pedestal. This day received; for sale singly, or subscriptions taken at $3 per year.

JAMES D. LOCKWOOD, 63 Wood st,
jy21 Agent for Publishers

Night Line of Omnibuses,

ON THE LAWRENCEVILLE ROAD.—An Omnibus will leave the Diamond in Pittsburgh every evening at 8, 9 and 10 o'clock. Leaves Lawrenceville at 8 and 9 P. M. M. & J. BREIDENTHAL.
jy21:d2w

GOOD BOOKS FOR SUMMER READING.
Taylor—Notes from Life.
" —Notes from Books.
Grigg—Story of Battle of Waterloo.
New Timon.
Fullerton—Grantley Manor.
" —Ellen Middleton.
Owl Creek Letters.
Merry Mount.
Smith—The Salamander.
ABBOTT'S—Summer in Scotland, etc. etc.
For sale by JAMES D. LOCKWOOD,
jy21 63 Wood st

CINCINNATI SOAP—75 bxs received and for sale by S & W HARBAUGH,
jy20 53 Water st

WINDOW GLASS—100 bxs ass'd sizes, rec'd and for sale by jy20 S & W HARBAUGH

DRIED PEACHES—159 bxs just rec'd and for sale by jy20 S & W HARBAUGH

DARK LINEN LUSTRES—W. R. Murphy, at north east corner of Market and Fourth sts, has open this morning a few pieces of dark Linen Lustres, a scarce article—for sacks and dresses. Also

Parasols—Green silk and Ture satin, fringed and plain—a few of the latter of Ture satin and handsome finish. Also

French Linens, of a desirable shade and quality, and Mosquito Nets—White, barred and colored.

Wholesale Rooms up stairs, where goods are offered to dealers extremely low. jy17

BROOMS—20 doz Pomeroy's, for sale by
jy17 J D WILLIAMS

AUCTION SALES.

By John D. Davis, Auctioneer.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

On Monday morning, July 30th, at 10 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold, without reserve—

A large assortment of foreign and domestic Dry Goods, among which are superfine cloths, cassimeres, satinetts, tweeds, splendid lawns, balzarines, barages, de lains, super prints, French and Manchester ginghams, shawls, silk hdkfs, hosiery, gloves, leghorn and braid bonnets, parasols, umbrellas, table cloths, check, shirtings, sheetings, twilled cottonades, valentia and satin vestings, &c.

At 2 o'clock,

Groceries, Queensware, Furniture, &c.

6 half chests Young Hyson tea, 14 caddy boxes Imperial tea, Va manufactured tobacco, No 1 palm soap, 6 bbls Vinegar, shovels, spades, forks, axes, hatchets, augurs, corn and grass scythes, brace bits, fly nets, carpeting, writing and wrapping paper, transparent window blinds, mantel clocks, lamps, looking glasses, &c, &c.

A large and general assortment of new and second hand household furniture, &c.

At 8 o'clock,

Fashionable ready made clothing, boots and shoes, leather trunks, double and single barrel shot guns, pistols, fine cutlery, new and second hand gold and silver watches, variety goods, &c. jy27

Books, Watches, Shot Guns, Pistols.

On Saturday evening, July 28th, at 8 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold, without reserve—

A large collection of valuable miscellaneous books, among which are standard library editions of choice works, family and pocket bibles, blank books, letter and cap writing paper, &c.

2 fine full jewelled detached lever gold watches;
3 " silver double back patent vertical "

Double and single barrelled shot guns, pistols, gold pencils, &c.

jy27 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct

DRIED APPLES—200 bush just rec'd and for sale by jy20 S & W HARBAUGH

FISH—100 bbls large No 3 Mackerel, Boston Inspection; 50 half bbls do do; 50 bbls No 2 do, just rec'd and for sale by jy20 L S WATERMAN

TOBACCO—476 bxs 5's Tobacco, on hand and to arrive in a few days, some of which are choice brands and of superior quality, rec'd on consignment and for sale by jy20 L S WATERMAN

SHAD AND HERRING—A few bbls of each yo on hand and for sale by
jy20 L S WATERMAN

WHITE BEANS—30 bbls White Beans, on hand and for sale by jy20 L S WATERMAN

LARD—25 crocks, a superior article for family use, just received and for sale by
jy20 L S WATERMAN

"Agriculture is the most healthy, most useful, most noble employment of man."—WASHINGTON.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST and FARMER'S CABINET—Is published on the first of every month.

Terms: One dollar a year in advance; Three copies one year, or one copy Three years, $2; Eight copies one year (if sent to one address) $5; Twenty copies, $12.

New subscribers will be furnished with the back numbers of all or any of the volume. Seven volumes now published.

Bound volumes in complete sets, or in separate volumes, furnished at One Dollar and Twenty-five cents each. JAMES D LOCKWOOD,
jy20 63 Wood st

GREEN SATIN PAROSOLS—W. R. Murphy has received a few of the above, of the new finish, without fringe, and very superior quality. jy19

OIL—1200 gals bleached Sperm Oil; 1500 do colored do do; 1000 do brown Tanners' Oil; 16 bbls Strat's do do; 2000 galls bleached winter Whale Oil, in store and for sale by jy16 MILLER & RICKETSON

SALAD OIL—40 baskets nice Salad Oil, just rec'd and for sale by jy16 MILLER & RICKETSON

STARCH—30 bxs Bonbright's, Lawson's and Strab's Starch, in store and for sale by
jy16 MILLER & RICKETSON

BUCKETS—6 doz Beaver Buckets; 6 do do Tubs, in store and for sale by
jy16 MILLER & RICKETSON

SWEET AND DRY MALAGA WINES—40 qr caks Sweet Malaga Wine; 35 Indian bbls dry do do just received and for sale by
jy16 MILLER & RICKETSON

SHINGLES—243 M French Creek Shingles, on consignment and for sale by
jy16 MILLER & RICKETSON

ASTROLOGY.

MR. LORENZO, the celebrated Philosopher, President of the Astrological Society, will remain in the city for a short time, and may be consulted on all the affairs of human life, at No 40, St Clair st.

Attendance from 3 to 8 P. M. Fee from 50c to $50.

Mr Lorenzo is the only person who predicted correctly the marriage of Queen Victoria, and described her husband, two years before it took place.

P. S.—Bring the time of birth with you. jy19:d2w*

OIL CLOTHS—On hand and for sale, by W M'Clintock, at his Carpet Warehouse, a large and extensive assortment of Oil Cloths, varying from 27 inches to 24 feet wide, cut to suit any size hall, room or vestibule. The assortment consists of the latest and most approved styles and colors.
jy18 W M'CLINTOCK

FRESH ARRIVAL—Of extra sup 3 ply Imperial Carpets, of new and rich styles, at the Carpet Warehouse of W. M'CLINTOCK, to which we invite the attention of those wishing to furnish steam boats or houses, to call and examine our extensive stock before purchasing elsewhere. jy18

GREAT WORK ON COAL.—Taylor's Statistics on Coal—The geographical and geological distribution of mineral combustibles or fossil fuel, including, also, the various mineral bituminous substances employed in arts and manufactures, illustrated by maps and diagrams; embracing from official reports of the coal-producing countries, the respective amounts of their production, consumption and commercial distribution, in all parts of the world; prepared by Richard Cowling Taylor, in one vol. 8vo. For sale by
jy20 JAS D LOCKWOOD, 63 Wood st

BLACK SILK PARASOLS—W. R. MURPHY has received a lot of above article, some of which are of an extra size. jy19

Clerk Wanted.

WANTED—An experienced Salesman in the Dry Goods business. None other need apply.
jy18:dtf W. H. GARRARD, 79 Market st

NEW STYLE CARPETS—Constantly receiving a the Carpet Warehouse of W. M'CLINTOCK, No. 75 Fourth street, superfine and fine Ingrain Carpets, rich in colors and design, to which we invite the attention of purchasers. jy18

WANTED,

A BLACKSMITH capable of making salt pans, forging, and furnishing such work as is required about Salt Works, and repairing small steam engines and boilers.

A good situation is now offered to such a person, to establish himself in business where he can employ two or three hands. Apply to KIER & JONES, or the subscribers, near Tarentum, for further information.

THOMAS KIER,
LEWIS PETERSON

Saline Salt Works, July 18, 1849.

BATHING.

EIGHT BATHS FOR ONE DOLLAR, or a single Bath for fifteen cents.

Ladies Department open from 9 to 11 o'clock, A. M., and 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Athenæum Saloon and Bathing Establishment.
jy18 T. M'FALL, Proprietor.

COFFEE—150 bags Rio Coffee, just rec'd and for sale by ROBISON, LITTLE & CO,
jy18 192 Liberty st

MOLASSES—165 bbls N O Molasses; 10 do S H do, in store and for sale by
jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

SOAP—150 bxs No. 1 Cin. Soap, just rec'd and for sale by jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

NAILS, &c.—300 kegs Nails, ass'd sizes; 60 do wro't Spikes; 10 tons assorted Bar Iron, for sale by
jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

BATTING, &c.—150 bales Nos 1 and 2 Batting; 50 do Candlewick; 2000 lbs Cotton Yarn, for sale by
jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

BACON—15 caks prime Shoulders; 69 tcs sugar cured canvassed Hams, just rec'd and for sale by
jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

DRIED BEEF—200 bush dried Peaches; 100 do do Apples, for sale by
jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

POTASH—3 tons Potash, a prime article, just rec'd and for sale by jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & Co

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GLASS—175 boxes 8x10 W Glass; 80 do ass'd sizes do, for sale by jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

PAPER—200 rms Straw Wrapping Paper, just rec'd and for sale by jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & Co

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SUGARS—25 hhds N O Sugar; 30 bbls Nos 5, 6, 7 and 8 Loaf do, for sale by
jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

FISH—30 bbls large new No 3 Mackerel;
20 do do No 1 Gib'd Herrings;
10 do Pickled No 1 Salmon, in store and for sale by jy18 JOHN WATT & CO

FISH—20 bbls large No 3 Mackerel, Massachusetts inspection, received this day; for sale by
RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO,
jy18 27 and 29 Water st

PIG IRON—250 tons Pig Iron, part soft, for foundary, for sale by jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

TAR—20 bbls N. C. Tar, rec'd and for sale by
jy18 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

LEAD—613 pigs Lead, rec'd and for sale by
jy18 RHEY, MATTHEWS & CO

FRESH LOUISVILLE LIME—100 bbls just rec'd per steamer Lydia Collins; for sale by
jy17 C H GRANT, 41 Water st

FAMILY FLOUR—50 bbls Farmer & Kirk's brand; 20 do M Moore's, to-day rec'd and for sale by
jy17 ARMSTRONG & CROZER

"Come round and hear, my public dear,
Come hear, and judge it gently—
The prose so terse, and flowing verse,
Of us, the wits of Bentley."—Box.

BENTLEY'S MISCELLANY.—Jas. D. Lockwood, 63 Wood street, has for sale a complete set of this celebrated work, edited by Charles Dickens and Ainsworth, with illustrations by Cruikshank. jy17

HAMS—4000 lbs extra cured, for sale by
jy17 J D WILLIAMS, 110 Wood st

GERMAN CLAY—20 caks rec'd this day and for sale by jy12 TASSEY & BEST

PEA NUTS—300 bush in store and for sale by
jy12 TASSEY & BEST

SUNDRIES—11 bales Cotton; 2 bbls No 1 Lard; 12 bags Feathers, to arrive, for sale by
jy12 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co, Front st

SUNDRIES—4 bbls No 1 Lard; 2 caks Bacon; 2 tcs Beeswax; 4 bags Ginseng; 10 do Feathers; now landing from steamer Citizen; for sale by
jy12 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co

THE SANATORY COMMITTEE, desirous of obtaining information in regard to the number of deaths that occur in the city weekly, the character of the diseases, and the age of the persons, would respectfully request the Physicians to report to them at the Committee Room, Old Court House, on Friday evening of each week. ju2 JOHN M'GILL, Ch'm.

A Partner Wanted,

WHO will take an interest of one-third in the Capital Stock of a Mercantile firm doing good business, which can be increased, or will sell an interest of one of the firm, whose health will not permit of active service. A person wishing to invest a small capital, will find this a favorable opportunity rarely to be met with. For further information, address BOX 225, Post Office, with real name. All communications confidential. jy17:d1w

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WM. B. SCAIFE. JAMES ATKINSON.

SCAIFE & ATKINSON,

FIRST ST., BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET, PITTSBURGH,

CONTINUE to manufacture all kinds of COPPER, TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE. Also, Blacksmith Work.

Steam Boats built to order.

Special attention given to steam boat work.

Have on hands a fine assortment of Copper and Brass Kettles, Tin Ware, &c. &c. Steamboat Cooking Stoves, Portable Forges, various sizes—a very convenient article for steamboats, California emigrants, or rail road companies.

We would respectfully invite steam boat men and others to call and see our articles and prices before purchasing elsewhere. jy:17

PECAN NUTS—6 bbls Pecan Nuts, just rec'd and for sale by jy18 ROBISON, LITTLE & CO

PERFUMERY—Roussel's Aromatic Vinegar; do Philicome; do Alcibiade Oil, 2 sizes; fine Smelling Salts; do do Rose Soap; do do Patchuly do; do do Boquet do; do Compound Ox Marrow; just rec'd and for sale by jy16 R E SELLERS, 67 Wood st

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STEAM BOATS.

CINCINNATI & PITTSBURGH

DAILY PACKET LINE.

THIS well known line of splendid passenger Steamers is now composed of the largest, swiftest, best finished and furnished, and most powerful boats on the waters of the West. Every accommodation and comfort that money can procure, has been provided for passengers. The Line has been in operation for five years—has carried a million of people without the least injury to their persons. The boats will be at the foot of Wood street the day previous to starting, for the reception of freight and the entry of passengers on the register. In all cases the passage money must be paid in advance.

SUNDAY PACKET.

The ISAAC NEWTON, Captain Hemphill, will leave Pittsburgh every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Sunday evening at 10 P. M.

May 29, 1847.

MONDAY PACKET.

The MONONGAHELA, Capt. STONE, will leave Pittsburgh every Monday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Monday evening at 10 P. M.

TUESDAY PACKET.

The HIBERNIA No. 2, Capt. J. KLINEFELTER, will leave Pittsburgh every Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Tuesday evening at 10 P. M.

WEDNESDAY PACKET.

The NEW ENGLAND No. 2, Capt. S. DEAN, will leave Pittsburgh every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Wednesday evening at 10 P. M.

THURSDAY PACKET.

The BRILLIANT, Capt. GRACE, will leave Pittsburgh every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Thursday evening at 10 P. M.

FRIDAY PACKET.

The CLIPPER No. 2, Capt. PARK DUVAL, will leave Pittsburgh every Friday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Friday evening at 10 P. M.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS for 1849.

MONONGAHELA ROUTE.

Only 73 Miles Staging.

Via Brownsville and Cumberland to Baltimore and Philadelphia.

THE splendid and fast running U S Mail steamers ATLANTIC, Capt J Parkinson; BALTIC, Capt A Jacobs; LOUIS M'LANE, Capt E Bennett; are now making double daily trips between

PITTSBURGH AND BROWNSVILLE.

The morning boat will leave the Monongahela Wharf, above the Bridge, daily at 8 o'clock precisely. Passengers will take SUPERB COACHES at Brownsville, at 3 o'clock, P. M., and the splendid cars of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Cumberland, at 8 o'clock, A. M., and arrive in Baltimore the same evening, in time for the evening line to Philadelphia and Washington city.

From Pittsburgh to Baltimore, only 32 hours.
Fare..............................$10,00
From Pittsburgh to Philadelphia, only 40 hours.
Fare..............................$12,00

The evening boat will leave at 8 o'clock, except Sunday evenings. Passengers by this boat will lodge on board in comfortable State Rooms the first night, pass over the mountains the following day in Eastern built Coaches, and lodge the second night in Cumberland.

Passengers have choice of either Steamboat or Rail Road between Baltimore and Philadelphia, and the privilege of stopping at Cumberland and Baltimore, and resuming their seats at pleasure. Coaches chartered to parties to travel as they please.

We make up the loads and way bills for the Coaches in the Pittsburgh offices, (in order to save time on arriving at Brownsville,) it is therefore important for passengers to get their tickets before going on board of the boat, at our office, Monongahela House, Water street, or St Charles Hotel, Wood st, Pittsburgh.

ap5:d6m J. MESKIMEN, Agent

Pittsburgh & Louisville Packet Line

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

The splendid new steamer TELEGRAPH No. 1, Haslep, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Wednesday the 6th inst, at 10 o'clock A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
BURBRIDGE, WILSON & Co.
GEO B MILTENBERGER.
ju5

PITTSBURGH AND LOUISVILLE PACKET LINE

The new and splendid fast passenger packet, TELEGRAPH No. 2, Mason, master, will leave for Cincinnati and Louisville on Thursday, the 3d inst, at 10 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
BURBRIDGE, WILSON & Co, or
GEO B MILTENBERGER.
my2

Louisville and St. Louis Packet Line. 1849.

REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET FOR ST. LOUIS

The fine fast running passenger steamer ATLANTIS, Geo. W. Wicks, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports every Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
E. C. KING, No. 153 Com. Row,
mar5-d6m Louisville.

REGULAR SATURDAY PACKET FOR ST. LOUIS

The fine fast running passenger steamer GEN. LANE, A. McPherson, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports every Saturday, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
E. C. KING, No 153 Com. Row,
mar5-d6m Louisville

FOR WHEELING AND BRIDGEPORT.

The neat and substantial steamer HUDSON, McMillen, master, will perform her regular trips between Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Bridgeport. She will leave Pittsburgh on Wednesday and Saturday.

For freight or passage, apply on board. ap19

FOR WHEELING AND SUNFISH.

The fine steamer CINDERELLA, George Calhoun, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Mondays and Thursdays, at 10 A M.

For freight or passage, apply on board. ap17

SUNDAY TRIPS TO BEAVER.

The U. S. Mail steamer MICHIGAN No. 2, will leave the landing opposite the Monongahela House, every Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, for Beaver. Returning, will arrive at 5 o'clock, P. M.

Fare to Beaver and back, Twenty-five Cents.
my25

SUNDAY TRIPS TO BEAVER.

The steamer BEAVER will leave the wharf, opposite the Monongahela House, every Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, for Beaver. Returning will leave Beaver at 1 o'clock, P. M., and arrive at 4 o'clock. Fare, Twenty-five Cents. my24

REMOVAL.

GEO B. MILTENBERGER,
S. B. AGENT,

Forwarding and Commission Merchant, has removed to No. 87 Front, between Wood and Smithfield streets. ap8

WANTED

A young man in a wholesale and retail dry goods store—one acquainted with the business, and can come well recommended. Apply at 62 Market st. jy4:2tf

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WRAPPING PAPER—500 rms assorted, for sale low by jy12 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

LAMP BLACK—30 bbls for sale by
jy12 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

COPPERAS—30 bbls in fine order, for sale low by
jy12 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

LARD OIL—10 bbls best quality, for sale by
jy12 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

BACON—6 casks clear Sides in store; for sale by
jy12 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

LARD—200 bbls No 1 in store; for sale by
jy12 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

PRINTING INK—Book and News, for sale at manufacturers prices by
jy12 J SCHOONMAKER & CO, 24 Wood st

TAR'D ROOFING PAPER, of superior quality, for sale by jy12 J SCHOONMAKER & CO

WATCHES AND JEWELRY—The subscriber has now on hand a fine assortment of best English and Geneva Gold and Silver Patent Lever Watches, at as low prices as are offered in the Eastern cities, all in good order and warranted.

W W WILSON,
jy11 corner 4th and Market sts

CARD.

R. ROBISON & CO. having associated THOMAS LITTLE, Sr., with them in business, the Wholesale Grocery, Produce and Commission business will be continued as usual under the firm of Robison, Little & Co.

ROBISON, LITTLE & CO., No. 192 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Wholesale Grocers, Produce and Commission Merchants, and dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactures. jy7

ROBT. ROBISON. THOS. LITTLE. SAML. R. ROBISON.

Assignee's Notice.

WHEREAS, Benjamin Smith and George A. Johnson, Merchants of the city of Pittsburgh, trading under the firm of Smith & Johnson have made to the subscriber, an assignment of all their Estate for the benefit of all their creditors, as shall within two months from the date thereof execute and deliver to the said Smith & Johnson a full and absolute release of all their respective claims and demands.

Notice is hereby given that the assignment and release is now at the office of the subscriber, on Fourth street in the city of Pittsburgh, for inspection and signature with all whom it may concern.

jy3:d2mo WM. McCANDLESS, Assignee.

MUSQUITO NETTING—White and colored, a supply rec'd at Dry Goods House of
W. R. MURPHY,
jy20 N E corner 4th and Market sts

BLACKBERRY BRANDY—20 cases, 1 doz each, "Mason's Superior," for Diarrhea, &c., to arrive. This commanded astringent cordial can be relied upon with confidence. Persons wishing to buy had better call soon. For sale by jy16 JACOB WEAVER, Jr

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CHLORIDE OF LIME—On hand and for sale by
jy3 J. KIDD & CO.

MEDICAL BOOKS—Bartlett's Philosophy of Medical Sciences; do Treatise on Fevers; Louis on Phthisis, by Cowan; Hooper's Medical Dictionary; Dungleson's do do; Cooper's Surgical do; Chelius' System of Surgery; Gibson's do do; Abernethy's Works, 2 vols; Duparcque on the Uterus; Hope on the Heart; Cruveilhier's Anatomy; Wilson on Diseases of the Skin; Pereira's Materia Medica and Therapeutics; Chapman on Eruptive Fevers; do on the Thoracic and Abdominal Viscera; Wood's Practice of Medicine; Dungleson's do do; Eberlie's do do.

Also, a large and fresh supply of Mass. S. S. Union Books, on hand and for sale by
jy11 ELLIOTT & ENGLISH, 79 Wood st

GUM CAMPHOR—600 lbs. on hand and for sale by
jy3 J. KIDD & CO.

FOOTE'S CHOLERA MEDICINE—On hand and for sale by jy3 J. KIDD & CO.

BACON—Sides, Shoulders and Hams, in smoke house, and for sale by jy9 KIER & JONES

FINE COFFEES—Mocha, African, Java, Laguira, St. Domingo and Rio Coffees, just rec'd and for sale at the Pekin Tea Store, 70 Fourth st. my22

RAISINS AND FIGS—200 eighth bxs prime Raisins, and 50 small drums fresh Figs, just received and for sale at the Pekin Tea Store, 70 Fourth street.
my22

WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVER WARE.

THE subscriber, who has been in business in the same building for the last thirteen years, is selling all descriptions of Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware, at retail, at the very lowest prices.

Gold and Silver English Patent Lever Watches.
Gold and Silver Det'hd Lever and Lepine Watches.
Gold and Silver Horizontal and verge Watches.
Gold and Silver Independent Second Watches for timing horses.
Gold Guard, fob and vest Chains. Gold Spectacles.
Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Pens.
Ladies' Gold and Stone Bracelets.
Gold Lockets. Gold and Silver Thimbles.
Diamond Rings and Pins.
Ladies' and Gentlemens' Breastpins.
Sterling Silver Spoons, Cups, Forks, &c.
Gold Watches as low as 20 to $25 each.
Watches and Jewelry exchanged.

Spoons and Forks plated on German Silver, a fine article. All watches warranted to keep good time or the money returned. Jewelry repaired, and Watches cleaned and repaired in the best manner, at much less than the usual prices. GEO. C. ALLEN,

Importer of Watches and Jewelry, wholesale and retail, 51 Wall street, (up stairs,) NEW YORK.
ju25:d4m