THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,

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PITTSBURGH: 52

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 22, 1848.

PHILADELPHIA NORTH AMERICAN. Advertisements and Subscriptions to the North American and United States Gazette, Philadelphia, received and forwarded from this office.

NEW YORK EXPRESS. We will receive and forward free of expense, advertisements and subscriptions for this paper.

Democratic Whig Nominations,

FOR PRESIDENT,

ZACHARY TAYLOR,

OF LOUISIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILLMORE,

OF NEW YORK.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.

Thomas M. T. McKENNA, of Washington.
John F. SANDERSON, of Lebanon.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. Joseph G. Clemson, 13. Henry Johnson,
2. John F. Weiherill, 14. William Calder,
3. James M. Davis, 15. William M'Ilvaine,
4. Thos. W. Dewhill, 16. Charles W. Fisher,
5. Daniel D. Hitner, 17. Andrew G. Curtin,
6. Joshua Dungan, 18. Thos. R. Davidson,
7. John B. Sheets, 19. Joseph Markle,
8. John Landis, 20. Daniel Agnew,
9. Joseph Schoucker, 21. Andrew Loomis,
10. Charles Snyder, 22. Richard Irvin,
11. William G. Hurley, 23. Thomas S. Bell,
12. Francis Taylor, 24. Sam'l A. Purviance.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

PETER MIDDLESWARTH,

OF UNION COUNTY.

Antimasonic and Whig Nomination.

FOR CONGRESS,

JOSEPH HAMPTON,

OF PITTSBURGH.

FOR ASSEMBLY:

LEWIS C. J. NOBLE, of Indiana.
CHRISTIAN SNIVELY, of Wilkins.
M. SWARTZWELDER, of Pittsburgh.
HENRY LARGE, of Mifflin.

RECORDER.

HEZEKIAH NIXON, of Lower St. Clair.

REGISTER.

JOHN SCOTT, of Ross.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

DANIEL MOURDY, of Elizabeth Borough.

AUDITOR.

JOHN K. FOSTER, of Baldwin.

STATE COMMITTEE.

The Members of the Whig State Committee are requested to meet at Harrisburg, on the 31st instant, at 3 o'clock, P.M. ALEX'R RAMSEY, Chairman.

GRAND MASS STATE CONVENTION.

The citizens of Pennsylvania, friendly to the election of GEN. ZACHARY TAYLOR AND MILLARD FILLMORE, are requested to assemble in Mass Meeting at HARRISBURG, on THURSDAY, the 31st day of AUGUST, at 1 o'clock, P. M. when there will be present:

Farmers, Mechanics, and Workingmen: Manufacturers, Traders and Merchants: Men of all pursuits, occupations and professions:

All who regard purity, integrity, fidelity and capacity as essential elements of sound National Administration:

All who are opposed to hypocrisy, fraud, corruption, falsehoding and violence in the conduct of public affairs:

All who are in favor of legislation by the representatives of the people, unchecked by a tyrannous exercise of the VETO power:

All who would rescue the country from the evils which now paralyze its industry and defeat its enterprise:

All who would give adequate protection to American labor, and thus increase the means, extend the enjoyments and elevate the condition of the American laborer:

All who would promote, by judicious encouragement, the development of our own great resources, Agricultural, Manufacturing and Mineral:

All who are true friends of those who dig in the fields, and delve in the mines, and ply at the loom, and will let the workships and on the highways:

All, of all classes, creeds and conditions, who desire to secure

REFORM AND BETTER TIMES,

are invited to be present.

Come, Pennsylvanians, come from farm, and forge, and furnace, and coal-pit, and factory: from road-side and river: from village, and town, and city: come and show that you are not insensible to your country's call: come and show that you have not forgotten, and that you will not forgive, the base deception of which you have been made the victims: come, and show that you are grateful to the hero who "NEVER SURRENDERS," and that you appreciate the man who "TAKES NO FAVORS AND OWES NO OBLIGATIONS."

Distinguished Orators from all parts of the Union will be there to address you: your friends from all sections of this State will be there to greet you: and you and they, and we, knowing that "we can't and will not, WHEN WE ALL PULL TOGETHER," will rejoice in the assurance of victory.

ALEXANDER RAMSEY, Chairman.

Morton McMichael,	George F. Miller.
Thomas E. Cochran,	David Cooper,
Robert Tridell,	Lei Benson,
Washington Townsend,	William H. Seibert.
John C. Kunkel,	Joseph Paxton,
James Fox,	Geo. V. Lawrence,
Benjamin Matthias,	John Penton,
George Lear,	D. A. Finney,
Thomas J. Watson,	L. D. Wetmore,
Gadfrey Espy,	John Harrison,
B. R. Estes,	H. W. Patrick,
Paul S. Preston,	Samuel W. Pearson,
E. C. Darlington,	Alex. W. Taylor,
David W. Patterson,	State Central Committee.

N. B. All papers throughout the State, friendly to the election of Taylor and Fillmore, will please copy and publish till day of meeting.

See next page for Telegraphic News.
See First Page for Miscellaneous News.

Western University.

It will be seen from an advertisement in another column, that the next session of this Institution will open on Monday, the 4th day of September.

We take this occasion to say a few words with regard to the University. This Institution has been long in operation, but until lately, under adverse circumstances. By the memorable fire, its building, library and apparatus, were all consumed. For eighteen months after it had no suitable rooms in which to hear recitations, and consequently the classes which had been previously formed were disbanded, and the students were scattered. Two years since, however, its present building was completed, and made ready for use. But just at this juncture, it was called to sustain another serious loss, in the death of Professor Stone.

The first session in the new building opened with fifty students, mostly of the Preparatory Department. This number has steadily increased, until at the end of the last session, as appears from the catalogue, there were *one hundred and seventy one*. This increase we regard as very great, and as affording unmistakable evidence of the confidence and interest felt in the Institution.

A library of some six or seven hundred well selected volumes has been commenced, and the Laboratory has been supplied with new apparatus suitable for experiments in Chemistry and Natural Philosophy. Arrangements have been made for having the German and French Languages taught, and also for instruction in Technology, Machine Drawing and Civil Engineering. The Preparatory Department, we are informed, will be under the charge of Mr. Daniel C. Holmes, who has for some time been at the head of the Sixth Ward School. Mr. Holmes is well known in this city, and it is but simple justice to say that no teacher here has a higher reputation for discipline and sound teaching. We consider the Institution as exceedingly fortunate in procuring the services of such a man.

One word more. We feel that our citizens are under many obligations to the University, and that they ought to make some decided effort to increase its Library and apparatus and to endow one or more Professorships. We hope the Trustees will soon devise some plan for presenting its claims to the community.

THE 31ST CONGRESS.—The Western elections decided fourteen Congressional Districts for the 31st Congress, viz—Illinois, 7; Missouri, 5; Iowa, 2. The result is, 12 Locos and 1 Whig, the same as in the present Congress. The new members are as follows:

ILLINOIS.

I. Joseph H. Bissel,	IV. John Wentworth,
II. J. A. McClernand,	V. W. A. Richardson,
III. Thos. R. Young,	VI. *Edward D. Baker,
	VII. Thomas L. Harris.

*The only Whig elected, a gain, but we lose the 7th district, now Lincoln's district.

MISSOURI.

I. James B. Bowlin,	III. James S. Green,
II. Wm. V. N. Bay,	IV. Willard P. Hall
	V. John S. Phelps.

IOWA.

I. William Thompson.	II. H. Leffiord.

We take pleasure in directing the attention of the public to the advertisement of Mr. CATON, whose English and Classical Academy has been in operation in this city for the last three months. The high testimonials brought with him by Mr. Caton, and the evidence he has already afforded here of his fitness for the responsible situation of an instructor of youth, give ample assurance to our citizens that his school is well worthy of patronage. Some persons have objected to a school for both boys and girls, but we are informed that they are in separate rooms, and have separate playgrounds. The objection is therefore of no force.

THE widow of the late Roger M. Sherman died at Fairfield on the 3d inst. She has bequeathed her library, house and homestead, to the first Ecclesiastical Society of Fairfield, and a fund of $2500 to keep it in repair; the law library of her husband to the county of Fairfield; $4000 to the Corporation of Yale College, on condition that they pay an annuity of $200 to one of her nephews during his life; $2000 to the Theological Institute at East Windsor; $4000 to the American Home Missionary Society; $4000 to the Colonization Society; $4000 to the Retreat of the Insane at Hartford; $500 to the Female Beneficial Society of Hartford.

Late from Yucatan.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 18.

By an arrival from Yucatan, we have Campeachy dates to the 5th inst. The Whites have defeated the Indians in several engagements, and most of the towns that had been captured by them have been recovered and the Indians driven off.

THE WHIG TICKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17, 1848.

The news by the Cambria is received to-day. The Iron trade, is reported under the [illegible] Masters and operatives are disagreeing about wages, from which it is fair to infer that the present English prices are not remuneration, and that wages or labor must suffer. Be this as it may, of one thing there can be no doubt—present English prices are fatal to our iron interest, and a change is needed in our Tariff. To show the great increase of importations under the new tariff, the following figures are given:

	IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.				
	1845.	1847.	1848.	Ches. tax.	old tax.
Bar, tons,	6,149	13,457	18,707	30 p. c.	88,39
Pig, "	9,169	21,383	23,778	30 p. c.	67,07
Sheet, hoop & bandles,	23,950	79,167	99,002	30 p. c.	48,58

The period of time in which these imports were made, was from January 1st to July 31st, of each year. Tables have appeared in the leading free trade papers of Pennsylvania lately, trying to prove that our imports of iron are decreasing, and that the iron interest of this State has nothing to fear.—These tables are not honest, for they do not include the present year, when the tariff begins to show its full venom. Let us contrast the imports of 1846 under the old tariff, with those of 1848, under the new. We find the reduction of 58,99 per cent. on bar iron has allowed an increase of near two hundred per cent. on the import. On Pig Iron, the reduction of 37,07 per cent. has increased the import near five hundred per cent, and in Hoop and Sand Iron about the same. These are the facts and figures not to be explained away. The imports continue, and slowly but surely the work of cheap laborers in iron is stealing away the markets of the Pennsylvania iron men. Our labor must give way, unless we again raise the barrier of specific duties, and secure the home market.

Money continues easy, but some stocks have fallen to nearly the old point of depression. Treasury Notes have raised, and a quarter of a million sold to-day at 104@104½. Specie continues to accumulate, and with the accumulation comes a restoration of confidence on the part of money lenders. The city has begun to fill with country merchants, and the streets wear the usual active appearance. Buyers are rather cautious, and a safe, rather than a large business will be done this fall.

Politically, matters are looking rather brighter, and the "conscience Whigs" are [illegible] scarce. Loud as are the praises of Mr. Van Buren on the part of the "Buffaloes," they did it hard to answer the plainest questions. When asked would you have supported Mr. Van Buren as the nominee of the Philadelphia Convention, they hesitate, and talk about the necessity of nominating a "Free Soil man," and nothing else. In making all your calculations, set down the Empire State at the head of the list, all for Taylor by a majority not often reached. The honesty of Old Rough and Ready, and his freedom from all party prejudices, have raised for him friends in every quarter.

Vespasian Ellis, who has secured the monopoly of the navigation of the Orenoco, has left the city to join the steamer built at Pittsburgh, the Pioneer of the line, that cannot fail to yield him a fortune, and open a wide market for Pittsburgh manufactured steamboats. In no respect does Pittsburgh resemble New York more than in the extent of her steamboat building. Here we build the crack boats of the Atlantic coast, without a rival, with a few for Oregon and California. We monopolize the Salt Water Commerce as closely as the builders of your district have secured the construction of the immense fleet that flies upon the rivers of the mighty West.

As every stranger who comes to New York fancies we have a fire under way at all hours, perhaps the statistics of our Fire Department may be of interest. We have 44 engines, 35 hose carriages, 47,800 feet of hose, 40 ladders and 40 hooks, and a body of firemen 1600 enrolled. This machinery, aided by the Croton Water power, has kept our losses by fire down to half a million of dollars for the year, an amount which is a trifle compared with former years.

In the markets all is dullness. Flour and Grain have lost much of their activity, and close a shade lower. Coffee has improved 1 cent for best Rio, and closes firm. Teas are in moderate request, and sell at full prices, but on a whole, all sorts of groceries are dull of sale.

ORGANIZE!—ORGANIZE!

We adopt the following from the North American, and press it upon the attention of our readers. We must work, *work*, WORK, incessantly, until November, if we wish to enjoy the reward of victory.

WHOSE ARE YOU ORGANIZED?—Within two months our State election will be decided, and before three months a President will be chosen to preside over our destinies for the next four years. We have all the elements of success within our reach, if we will ourselves of them by active and efficient organization. Are our friends throughout the State preparing for the contest, by taking measures to counteract the desperate efforts of a desperate party, which clings to the spoils of office with the tenacity of a death grip? We must remember that the great personal popularity, superior claims and exemplary character of our candidates, are not sufficient of themselves to secure success, while an ever active foe is in the field, ready to dispute every inch of ground, and armed with weapons which carry a political poison with them, unless counteracted by such antidotes as truth will furnish.

The friends of Taylor feel confident of success, and rely on the justice of their cause. This feeling animated the victors of Buena Vista and Cerro Gordo, but they took active measures, nevertheless, to secure success. Their ranks were thrown out, their guards placed, their pickets inspected, and their ammunition examined. Although there was a firm and abiding trust in the bravery of our soldiers, still nothing was left to chance, and every obstacle to success was removed. The same caution should animate the Whig party. We feel assured of victory, under a leader who has never been defeated, and under a flag that has never been dishonored, but we must *make all certain* by energetic organization.

The Locofocos are active, through their State and National Committee, in disseminating political information, and in sowing, broadcast, misrepresentations, slanders, and inuendoes, against General Taylor. A few months since not a tongue was wagged but in his praise; now, he is the subject of the most bitter vilification, because a portion of his fellow citizens have nominated him for the Presidency. This course may have its effect, if not counteracted. Let us organize then, and fully to the support of one who will make his administration conform to the glorious model of George Washington—who declares that the Constitution shall be his sole guide—who is untrammelled by partizan obligations, and free to act solely for the country at large, and for the greatest good to the greatest number.

There must be organization, complete and perfect, in every election and school district. Committees and sub committees must be appointed; the lukewarm must be cheered, and the doubtful made certain. We have a great duty to perform; we must redeem our government from its present tyrannic dynasty of rulers, and place some wise battery in the Presidential Chair. The Whigs will not be unaided: there are thousands who were duped into the support of Polk and Dallas, who bitterly repent their course, and will never sustain Cass while pledged to "follow in his footsteps." The Locofoco fabric, reared upon misrepresentation and sustained only by strict party drill, is crumbling; hundreds of thousands in New York, and tens of thousands in Ohio, are deserting it, and will either vote for Taylor and Fillmore, or manifest their disapproval of the Cass Baltimore platform by throwing their votes for a third candidate. Organize then, friends of free speech, territory, thought, and action; Organize, and victory is assured.

NORTH CAROLINA—FINAL RESULT.—The Raleigh Register of the 16th instant precedes the returns of the recent election with the following gratifying remarks:

"We give below the returns from all the counties in the state, with the exception of Cherokee and Currituck. It will be seen that Mr. Manly's present majority is 844; which result cannot be materially altered by the returns yet to be received.

North Carolina, therefore, is as ever, a staunch and decided Whig State. The diminution in the gubernatorial vote, and the decrease of our majority in the Legislature, are entirely attributed to general lethargy, local causes and a shameful multiplicity of Whig candidates in strong Whig counties.

Our Whig friends abroad may rest assured that if there is a Whig State in the Union, that State is North Carolina. If, distracted as the Whigs have been, by the local concerns of the County Elections, weakened in their efforts for want of efficient organizations, misled by a wily stratagem of their opponents, and lulled into a false security by confidence in their strength, we have yet carried the election of Governor by a sufficiently decided majority now, we will, under more favorable circumstances, support the Hero of Buena Vista, by a vote at least equal to that by which, in 1844 we manifested our confidence in Henry of the West. *On this, our friends throughout the Union may confidently rely.*

The Whig majority in the Legislature will be 2, on joint ballot."

MOVEMENTS IN CANADA.—Some of the New York papers speak of the formation of "Irish Emigration Societies," to invade Canada when the Irish revolution breaks out. The following paragraph may have some reference to these movements:

Spreading the Germs.—A Quebec correspondent mentions that some of the guns in Wolfe's battery were discovered to have been spiked a day or two since; 12 of the pieces were served in this way.—We are told that the Repealers in Quebec have organized a club, named after Emmet, and that they have been drilling and practising with ball near one of the Martello towers.

Speech of Mr. Stanton, of Kentucky, on the Wilmot Proviso, Slavery, Oregon and the Mexican Territories.

[Continued from the Gazette.]

President Polk having signed the proclamation for the organization of Oregon, Congress assembled on Monday last. The opening was signalized by the reading of a message from President Polk, in which he informs Congress (after its adjournment) giving the very gratuitous information that *he would have vetoed the bill had it applied the Anti-Slavery principle to any Territory, South of the Missouri Compromise Line!* The Message is quite lengthy, but all of it that is material is contained in the following extract:

The Missouri question had excited in the agitation of the public mind, and threatened to divide the country into geographical parties, alienating the feelings of attachment which each portion of our Union should bear to every other. The Compromise adopted by eminent statesmen, tranquilized the popular mind, and restored confidence and fraternal feeling. Its authors were hailed as public benefactors.

I do not doubt that a similar adjustment of the questions which now agitate the public mind would produce the same happy results. If this legislation of Congress on the subject of the Territories shall not be adopted in a spirit of conciliation and compromise, it is impossible that the country can be satisfied, or that the most disastrous consequences shall fail to ensue.

When Texas was admitted into the Union, the same spirit of compromise which guided our predecessors in the admission of Missouri, a quarter of a century before, prevailed without any serious opposition. The joint resolution for annexing Texas to the United States, approved March the first one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, provides that such States as may be formed out of that portion of said territory lying south of thirty-six degrees thirty minutes north latitude, commonly known as the Missouri compromise line, shall be admitted into the Union with or without slavery, as the people of each State asking admission, may desire. And in such State or States as shall be formed out of said territory north of the Missouri compromise line, slavery or involuntary servitude (except for crime) shall be prohibited."

The territory of Oregon lies far north of thirty-six degrees thirty minutes, the Missouri and Texas compromise line; its southern boundary is the parallel of 42, leaving the intermediate distance to be three hundred and thirty geographical miles.

And it is because the provisions of this bill are not inconsistent with the terms of the Missouri Compromise, if extended from the Rio Grande to the Pacific Ocean, that I have not felt at liberty to withhold my sanction. Had it embraced Territories south of that Compromise, the question presented for my consideration would have been of a far different character, and my action upon it must have corresponded with my convictions.

Ought we now to disturb the Missouri and Texas compromises? Ought we at this late day, in attempting to annul what has been so long established and acquiesced in, to excite sectional feelings and jealousies; to alienate the people of different portions of the Union from each other, and endanger the existence of the Union itself?

From the St. Louis Republican, Aug. 16.

Terrible Steamboat Calamity—Conflagrating of Sues.

The fine steamer Edward Bates was towed into port yesterday morning, by the Lucy Bertram, having collapsed two flues of her larboard boiler, at the head of West Port chute, one mile below Hamburg, Illinois, at 4 o'clock in the morning of the 12th. She was on her way to Keokuk. Captain Johnson had not long retired before the accident occurred. She had been running under a pretty good press of steam, but as she was at the time in shoal water, the engineer was letting off steam, and the boat was going at a slackened rate.

This is the representation of passengers in the cabin, some of whom were awake at the time of the explosion. Two of the flues of the larboard boiler were collapsed, carrying everything fore and aft, and dealing death to every one within the reach of the steam, and of the missiles which were scattered on the lower deck. The destruction of life on the deck and among the crew was appalling—numbering over twenty persons, and the wounding of about thirty others. We have been furnished with a list of the killed and wounded, so far as the clerk of the boat, in the hurry and confusion on board at the time of her arrival, could make it out.

List of Deck Passengers Dead and Missing.—Wm. Chamberlain, Mr. White, Mr. Mayhew, Mrs. Haines, Pike co, Mo; Mrs Bowen and nephew, Hamburg, Ill., blown overboard: Mrs Jno Bowen and child, St Louis; Mrs Susan Bowen, Mrs Earle and two children, Kanx co, Mo, blown overboard. Master Eads, blown overboard.

Deck Passengers Scalded—Geo Blackwell, Ill; T B Ewing, Ind, slightly; D E Cameron, Ill, badly; Samuel Simpson, Ill, Preston Leaper, Clarksville, Mo, Le Roy Jenkins, Ind, slightly; E Morrison and wife, Ohio, M Vansel, Ill, James Cook, Ill, badly; H Simpson, Mo, slightly; Master Bowen, Ill, badly, Mr Eads, Mo, slightly, E T Hudson, Ill, badly; H M Sweny, Iowa, slightly; J Rehter and friend, Marion co, slightly.

Missing and dead of the Crew.—John Brown, colored fireman, Quincy, blown overboard; Andrew Hatfield, colored fireman, Ill. do; Eli Delany, first cook, St Louis, do; Geo. Matson, fireman, do., do. John Lennon, deck hand, do. do; Henry Thomas, do. do.; William Parks, ditto, do; G. W. Lyons, do. Quincy, do.; ——Holliday, do. do.; Wm. Amnet, do, St. Louis, died of wounds; Fred. (Frenchman) cook, do, do, Isaac Doxier, deck hand, Ala. Four missing names not known.

Crew Scalded—James Donahoe, 1st Engineer, St. Louis, slightly; William Wells, deck hand, St. Louis, slightly; John Montague, deck hand, St. Louis, badly; Silas Bowman, fireman, ill. slightly; Samuel Ferguson, deck hand, New York, badly; T. M. McDonald, do. St. Louis, do; James Morrison, do. Ills, do; Jacob Andrews, do., St. Louis, do; J. Turner, colored fireman, do. slightly; John Swan, 4th cook, Ills, do; Wm. Robison, deck hand, Mo, do.

Mortally Wounded—George Wall, colored fireman, St. Louis; Samuel Dorsey, 2d cook, do.

Total killed 25; do wounded 30.

Died since the boat got in port—Mrs. Simon Bowman, Leslie Doxier.

The Edward Bates is a new boat, and great care was taken in the construction of her boilers and engines. Both the first and second engineers were on watch at the time, and Mr. Donahoe, the fire engineer, is said to be an experienced and careful man in his profession.

The boat, between decks, is injured the cabin, as well as the passengers in it, entirely escaped the effects of the explosion. The flues of the collapsed boiler were brought together, by the power of the explosion, as close as if they had been pinched together. All of the boilers, on the deck every thing in the range of the flues was swept away, and, apart from the destruction of life, presents a most dismal appearance.

The wounded were at once placed in the cabin of the boat, and every attention paid to them by the officers of the steamer. The dead, 25, were interred at Hamburgh, while the boat lay at that place.

Others died shortly after the boat landed at our wharf. As soon as it could be done, the Mayor with praiseworthy alacrity, ordered the removal of the dead and wounded, except such as were to the Charity Hospital. In the afternoon, as we learned from the attending physician, the wounds of those at the City Hospital had all been dressed, and they were in a comfortable condition, with a prospect of their recovery.

TEN HOUR MEETING.—A Ten Hour Meeting was held in this Borough, on Friday evening last ostensibly for the purpose of sympathising with the Factory Operatives of Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities, which was addressed by a Mr. Campbell and a Mr. Young, and a third person whose name we did not hear; all from Philadelphia. It was well that the bills calling the meeting declared the purpose for which it was held, for most certainly no person would ever have given it credit for much "sympathy" by listening to the proceedings and speeches. From the opening to the close, it was a continued tirade of the Whigs, and particularly of Governor JOHNSTON and Mr. MIDDLESWARTH, our candidate for Canal Commissioner. Mr. Young was particularly sympathizing, and in the goodness of his heart took particular notice of our friends of the *Daily News* and the *Delaware County Republican*.—*Norristown Herald.*

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT, [illegible] with the advice and consent of the Senate.

James Shields, of Illinois, to be Governor of the Territory of Oregon.

Kintzing Pritchett, of Pa., to be Secretary for the Territory of Oregon.

Wm. P. Bryant, of Indiana, to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States for the Territory of Oregon.

James Turney, of Illinois, to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the U. States for the Territory of Oregon.

Peter H. Burnett, of Oregon, to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the U. States for the Territory of Oregon.

Isaac W. R. Bromley, of New York, to be Attorney of the United States for the district of Oregon.

Joseph L. Meek, of Oregon, to be Marshal of the United States for the district of Oregon.

John Adair, of Kentucky to be collector of the port for the district of Oregon, in the Territory of Oregon.

A PREVENTIVE OF THE FLY IN WHEAT.—The Pennsylvania Cultivator, publishes a communication from Jonah Oglesby, of Darphin county, stating that the best, indeed the only preventive against the Hessian fly, is to destroy by fire the wheat, oat and rye stubble. He affirms that he never had any fly in any wheat which was sown in a field which had been just before fired over.

THE "DIVINE RIGHT" EXPUNGED.—Among the features of the new constitution of Prussia, not the least important is that the royal title is to be altered from that of Konig von Prussien, (King of Prussia) to Konig der Prussia (King of the Prussians,) like the royal title of France in 1830. The formula, "by the grace of God," is to be expunged altogether. He is to be King by the grace of the People.

Later from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 15.

An arrival here to-day brings Vera Cruz dates to the 3d inst. The revolutionary attempt of Paredes has been completely suppressed. The Indians have been disarmed, and an amnesty declared towards the prisoners of war, who have been discharged after pledging themselves to support the government.

Most of the Americans left in Mexico at the departure of our troops have since gone to Yucatan to aid in the contest with the Indians.

Local Affairs.

[Continued from the Gazette.]

[illegible] Speech, on [illegible] night last [illegible] evil [illegible] Pittsburgh [illegible] could [illegible] like [illegible] great [illegible] speak [illegible] victory [illegible] over the British veterans of Waterloo and other European Continental fields of carnage. Yes! [illegible] Hon. H., you behold the British Lion rolling in the dust, *pierced by the claws of the American Eagle, hurled by the hand of General Jackson!!* The fancy of the General's, taking the poor American bird in hand, boldly, and plucking into the British beast, after such a fashion, was rather original, though somewhat ludicrous; but the Democracy liked the jingle of glory and laudation of old Hickory about it, and they did shout most gloriously, when this figure was enunciated. 'Warn't that great,' said a fellow with a mouth of dangerous dimensions, wide agape, who stood near us.—'Go it, Houston'—'Hurra for San Jacinto,'—'You're the boy for us!' We saw it a moment, that the thing was fixed—General Houston is to follow in the footsteps of his illustrious predecessor, Jackson, and the Eagle will yet annex the *Owl* of Sierra Madre.

Messrs. Joseph & W. F. Jordan, late Bacon Dealers, were brought before Judge Lowrie on Saturday, on a bench warrant, issued in behalf of Morgan Robertson, of the firm of Messrs. Curtis, Robertson & Co., on his affidavit of defalcation. Messrs. Jordan had property fraudulently concealed from their creditors, among the number of whom Messrs. C. R. & Co. had suffered by the late failure of Messrs. Jordan. Messrs. Shinn & Williams appeared for the respondent, John A. Wills for the relators. Judge Lowrie quashed the whole proceedings on the ground of imperfection in the affidavit of Mr. Robertson, which neither distinctly set forth the fact of indebtedness on the part of respondents to the prosecutors, nor the amount and character of such indebtedness, as required by Act of Assembly. A large number of witnesses were in attendance, and it is understood that the case will shortly be argued again, on its own merits.

BURGLARY.—The store of Messrs. Smith & Sinclair, on Wood, near Fourth street, was visited by a thief on Sunday night. The rascal got into the establishment, it is supposed, by getting first upon the roof of the building at the corner of Third and Wood streets, walking over the roofs of the adjoining houses, and entering the store through a dormer window. He found a trifling sum of money in the pockets of Mr Sinclair's clothing, cut open a couple of trunks, in which he found nothing—and then left. It is believed that he had visited the place before, and taken a pair of Mr. Sinclair's pantaloons.

ROBBING ON A STEAMBOAT.—Robberies were committed on board the steamboat Lewis Wetzel, both on Saturday and Sunday nights. On Saturday night, between 11 o'clock and daylight, while on her way to this city, the barkeeper was robbed of a valuable gold lever watch. Search was made among the passengers and crew, but without avail. On Saturday night, while lying at the wharf, a number of passengers having remained sleeping on board, one of the passengers was robbed of seventy five dollars. He had laid the money under his pillow, and it was taken, it seems, without waking him. No clue has yet been obtained of the robber.

"OLD WHITEY."—The foreshortening of the figure of Gen Taylor's horse in the picture now being exhibited at Apollo Hall, is admirably executed. One fancies himself looking on the noble animal itself, proudly bearing the gallant master, whose face so well expresses the simplicity and kind frankness for which the General is distinguished.

The Whigs and Antimasons of old Pittsburgh are to hold a meeting at Mrs. Murray's, on Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock. The Glee Club will attend, and Messrs. C. D. Darragh, Moses Hampton, and others, will deliver addresses.

A detachment of U. S. Dragoons, belonging to the command of Capt. Arnold, arrived on Sunday evening, on the Oswego, en route for Carlisle, where they will be trained and prepared for the California service. A numerous body of men we have never seen.

THE CAPT. WALKER, Capt. Shorts' new ferry boat, answers admirably. She makes her trip every half hour, up and down, between Pittsburgh and Manchester, with perfect ease, and will be yet faster, when her machinery becomes smooth.

COINCIDENCE.—It is not certain that there was any connection between the riot and rescue on Saturday night, and certain attempts at burglary, but it is a fact that two establishments in the city—on Market, near Fourth, and the other on Liberty street—were visited about the time of the riot, and an attempt to enter had been made.

ANDREWS is again conducting with the Eagle Saloon. His fame as a provider of ice cream, and other nice things, cannot fail to attract visitors to this well known palace of entertainment.

MANCHESTER BOROUGH.—DELEGATES to the County Convention—JOHN E. PARKS and DAVID LAPSLEY.

NATIVE RESPECTABLE.—We would call attention to this excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Having several times within a few years past had occasion to use a medicine of this kind, we have by experience tested its excellent qualities, and are prepared to recommend it to others. Ministers or other public speakers afflicted with bronchial affections will find great benefit from its use. It is prepared by a scientific physician, and all classes will find it a safe and efficacious medicine in the diseases for which it is recommended.—Columbus (Ohio) Cross and Journal.

For sale at the Pekin Tea Store, No 70 Fourth street.

Don't have yellow dark teeth—they can be made pearly white by our toothpaste, called the Amber Tooth Paste. Durable to the gums, sweetens the breath, &c. Sold by S. P. Liberty st. nov19d&w1y

Ladies who use Jones' Spanish Lily White have always a fine white transparent skin. Of this article will daily say one. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at Liberty st

The stock of Goods of the late Jas. Cavanaugh, deceased, will be continued at McKenna's Auction Rooms, No. 114 Wood street, 2 doors from 6th, this day at 10 o'clock, commencing at No. 121 of the catalogue. The pedlar's wagon, watches, jewellry, piece, and yards are to be sold

FRIENDS OF IRELAND.—An adjourned meeting of the Pittsburgh Irish League, will be held on this (Tuesday) evening, at Temperance Hall, Smithfield street, for the purpose of receiving communications sent by the Irish in their struggle for freedom. Come one, come all.

J. B. MITCHELL, } Secretaries.
JNO. WYNNE, }

The Executive Committee of the Hough and Ready Club will meet this (Tuesday) evening, in the room adjoining the Mayor's office.

Punctual attendance by all the members earnestly requested. aug22-1t T. J. BIGHAM, Chm

CARPETING, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

W. M'CLINTOCK'S BAZAAR, 57 & 59, No. 75 FOURTH STREET.

ONE of the largest and the most choice stock of CARPETING in the market, embracing all the usual qualities from the most superfine manufactory down to that been used for durability in fabric and uniform.

Tapestry Velvet Carpeting,	
do do Brussels do	
Brussels carpeting,	Extra Ch ch'll Rugs,
Extra sup 3 ply do	Tufted do
Sup Ingrain do	Willton do
Fine do do	Brussels do
Common do do	

Manufactured to order in new patterns, adapted to halls, churches and chambers.

Painted Oil Cloths, for dining rooms, churches, saloons, kitchens, &c.

Straw Matting, Stair Rods, Window Shades and Fixtures.

Cotton and Woollen Hosiery, from one third to three yards wide. Door Mats, &c. &c. to which the attention of purchasers at wholesale and retail is respectfully invited. Wareroom, one door from Wood st.

aug22 W M'CLINTOCK

AT W. M. M'CLINTOCKS, No. 75 Fourth street, can be seen a splendid variety of rug Royal Velvet and Tapestry Carpets, latest styles. Wool Drugets, 3 plys and sup and fine Ingrain Carpets, of sup styles and qualities, and in connection can always be found Table Linens, Cloths, Diapers, Damasks, Napkins, Oil Cloths, &c. &c., to all of which we call the attention of the public. aug22

DR. G. O. STEVENS, Dentist,

OFFICE at Miss Heinck's, on Fourth street, a few doors above Wood street, until the completion of the house nearly opposite. Teeth in blocks, with artificial gums, after the manner now universally preferred at the east, manufactured, to suit each particular case. Teeth, from a full set down, to a single one inserted on a suction plate, thus avoiding injury to the natural teeth. Specimens of blocks of suction plate may be examined at the office.

All operations incident to the profession performed with care and faithfulness. aug22-3m

PROPOSALS will be received by the Street Commissioner of the 2d District, until Saturday, the 26th instant, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for grading and paving Wylie street, from Elm street to Fulton street, and further for the purpose of receiving communications as to the best mode of paving Fulton street, Wylie street will be bid for separately, and Fulton street together. The work when completed, to be paid for in Bonds bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable in 10 years.

WM. S. THOMPSON
aug22 2d District Commissioner.

American copy.

FLOUR—167 bbls superfine Flour, just received per steamer Hudson and for sale by

aug22 JOHN S DILWORTH

ALOES—300 lbs Cape, just rec'd and for sale by

aug22 S & A FAHNESTOCK & Co

INDIGO—2 ounces Caracca, just rec'd and for sale by

aug22 S & A FAHNESTOCK & Co

BRIMSTONE—5 bbls just rec'd and for sale by

aug22 S & A FAHNESTOCK & Co

SODA ASH—12 casks double refined Sal Soda, 1 do do Warranted equal to any in the city. For sale by

aug22 P GRANT, Hiwater st

LOUISVILLE LIME—Constantly on hand and for sale by

aug14 CH GRANT

ROSIN—30 bbls for sale by

aug14 CH GRANT

English and Classical Academy.

MR. CATON respectfully informs his friends and the public that his Academy will be opened on the 1st of September, when he will be prepared to receive a limited number of pupils, in the Latin, French, Greek, Spanish, Mathematics, and the English branches.

Since attention will be paid to the physical education of the pupils, and the moral training of inmates of this school.

The principal, in addition to his own personal attention to the duties of his classes, will be aided by any number of competent Male and Female Teachers that may be necessary.

It is very desirable that students should enter the school at the commencement of the session, in order that the various classes may be systematically and harmoniously organized. L. CATON, Principal.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22, 1848.

REFERENCES:

Rev. D. Riddle, D.D.	Mr. Richard Edwards.
" A. T. M'Gill, D. D.	" Luke Loomis.
Hon. A. W. Loomis.	" W. W. Wilson,
Mr. George Albree,	" H. Wilkeson.

Circulars can be obtained the bookstore of Mr. Luke Loomis, No. 99 Wood street, and also at Messrs. McDonald & Beeson's, No 90 Market st. aug22 d&w

Western University.

THE next session of this Institution will open on Monday, the 4th day of September.

Tuition—For the common English branches, and the Preparatory Latin Books, $30 per annum. For the higher branches, $40.

Students entering the University will be charged for the whole session according to the above rates, except in cases of protracted sickness, or when a special arrangement is made with the Principal.

Arrangements have been made for instruction in the German and French languages, and in Architectural and Mechanical Drawing, for which moderate extra charges will be made. H DYER, Principal

aug22-edtf

Valuable Real Estate.

THE undersigned, desirous of settling his business and devoting himself to the restoration of his health, will dispose of his interest (being one fourth) in about 70 acres of ground nearly opposite this city, in south Pittsburgh, in and above Birmingham, comprising some of the handsomest and most convenient locations to the city for residences, and most advantageous for manufacturing.

I will sell either one of the plats by the acre or in single lots, to suit purchasers. This property has improved rapidly in value, since being opened out for sale within the past few years, and that it will continue to do so, I will guarantee to the purchaser an advance of at least fifty per cent. on his payments within the next five years, by his giving me the privilege of repurchasing or selling at any period within that time, by paying him an advance proportionate to the above.

Those wishing handsome and convenient sites for residences or the most advantageous for manufacturing, will please apply immediately.

If not disposed of at private sale, prior to Monday, the 18th day of