THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:
FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1848.

PHILADELPHIA NORTH AMERICAN.
Advertisements and Subscriptions to the North American and United States Gazette, Philadelphia, received and forwarded from this office.

NEW YORK EXPRESS.
We will receive and forward free of expense, advertisements and subscriptions for this paper.

COMMERCIAL LIST AND PHILADELPHIA PRICE CURRENT.
Subscriptions to this valuable paper will be received and forwarded from this office.

☞ THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE is published Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.—The Daily is Seven Dollars per annum; the Tri-Weekly is Five Dollars per annum; the Weekly is Two Dollars per annum, *strictly in advance.*

☞ ADVERTISERS are earnestly requested to hand in their favors before 5 P. M., and as early in the day as practicable. Advertisements not inserted for a specified time will invariably be charged until ordered out.

FOR LATEST Commercial Intelligence, Domestic, Markets, River News, Imports, Money Markets, &c. see third page.

Democratic Whig Nominations,

FOR PRESIDENT,
ZACHARY TAYLOR,
OF LOUISIANA.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.

ELECTORAL TICKET.
SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
THOMAS M. T. M'KENNAN, of Washington.
JOHN P. SANDERSON, of Lebanon.
DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. Joseph G. Clarkson,
2. John P. Wetherill,
3. James M. Davis,
4. Thos. W. Duffield,
5. Daniel O. Hitner,
6. Joshua Dungan,
7. John D. Steele,
8. John Landis,
9. Joseph Schmucker,
10. Charles Snyder,
11. William G. Hurley,
12. Francis Tyler,
13. Henry Johnson,
14. William Colder,
15. William M'Ilvaine,
16. Charles W. Fisher,
17. Andrew G. Curtin,
18. Thos R. Davidson,
19. Joseph Markle,
20. Daniel Agnew,
21. Andrew Loomis,
22. Richard Irvin,
23. Thomas S. Sill,
24. Sam'l A. Purviance.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
NER MIDDLESWARTH,
OF UNION COUNTY.

Antimasonic and Whig Nominations.

FOR CONGRESS,
MOSES HAMPTON,
OF PITTSBURGH.
FOR ASSEMBLY.
LEWIS C. NOBLE, of Indiana.
CHRISTIAN SNIVELY, of Wilkins.
M. SWARTZWELDER, of Pittsburgh.
HENRY LARGE, of Mifflin.
RECORDER,
HEZEKIAH NIXON, of Lower St. Clair.
REGISTER,
JOHN SCOTT, of Ross.
CLERK OF THE COURTS.
DANIEL M'CURDY, of Elizabeth Borough.
AUDITOR,
JOHN K. FOSTER, of Baldwin.

See next page for Telegraphic News.

AS WE were unable yesterday to supply the demand for our paper, containing the statement of the Factory Proprietors, we re-publish it, together with our editorial remarks on the same subject.

The Tariff of '46.

The injurious effects of the Tariff of 1846, are beginning to be seriously felt in every department of business, especially in the manufacturing and mechanical, and through them in the agricultural branch. The eastern manufacturers of Iron, Cotton, Woolen, &c., are very much crippled, many of them are idle, and others are running at reduced wages. Some of the Lowell Factories have reduced their wages twice within six months, and many of them are idle.

Its effects upon the staple manufacture of Pennsylvania, are no less disastrous, and they are beginning to be severely felt by the manufacturers of the raw material. Nearly every vessel which arrives from England, brings more or less Iron. An instance—a vessel which arrived at Philadelphia last Saturday, brought as part of her cargo, 270 tons pig, 4225 bars, 429 bundles of bar, and 173 bundles of hoop and axe iron. This is but a mite of the weekly aggregate on all the Atlantic ports.

This continual foreign influx overstocks the market, without much cheapening the price of the article, as the British Manufacturer keeps up his price just within, or at the American scale, so that without benefiting the *consumer*, the American *producer* finds his market taken from him, and his ability to produce cheap goods lessened every day! Such are the disastrous influences of the Tariff of '46—influences which will produce wide spread ruin in Pennsylvania, if the same policy is persisted in, as it surely will be if Gen. Cass is elected President. That the country will return to the Protective system, there can be no doubt; the danger is that the delay will ruin thousands, and impoverish the country. The effects of the present policy are strikingly depicted, in the following extract from the N. Y. Tribune

> We believe the country is now silently but rapidly approaching a crisis, wherein a return to the Protective Policy or universal prostration & bankruptcy is inevitable. At this moment half the manufactories in the country are running at a loss, many have stopped, and more *must* stop if some decided change is not effected. Our Iron Works, hitherto manufacturing for railroads are closing up, while British rails fill our ports and are spreading over the country. As an inevitable consequence, our Agricultural Produce tends steadily downward, our specie floats away, and our Banks are compelled to curtail their discounts, and look out for breakers.

The Factory Question.

We give, in another column, the calm and sensible statement of the Factory proprietors of Allegheny City, and ask for it the unprejudiced attention of every citizen. The reasons given for not agreeing to deduct two hours daily from their running time, appear to us reasonable and conclusive; and those who know the men, will feel assured that the resolution they have adopted, compelled as it is by necessity, will not be swerved from. The only result then, of the turn out, will be to impoverish the operatives, by depriving them of the produce of their labor, and to injure the proprietors very seriously. These are the present results—the prospective are, to prevent the establishment of any further factories in this State, and to drive away, finally, those which are here.

If the operatives are not under the control of bad advisers, they will agree to go to work at once, as holding out can do no possible good. They must know that the proprietors, who are all men of the highest character, have only told the plain truth, and have only stated their firm resolution. If they cannot run ten hours a day, without loss, no long resistance, or manifestations of mob spirit, can compel them to yield. The operatives then must make up their minds to submit, or to seek some other employment, until some general plan can be arranged, on which the factories in all the States can run ten hours a day, an object greatly to be desired, and which we would exceedingly rejoice to see obtained.

The law itself, as far as it is for the purpose of regulating the hours of labor for adult persons, is very injudicious, and calculated greatly to injure the prosperity of the State, without doing any possible good that we can see. We can hardly conceive how such a law passed an intelligent Legislature. If it is desired to show the world that Pennsylvania favors the ten hour system, or the eight hour system—for if there is any virtue in the *ten* hour plan, there is more in the *eight*—let the law be made contingent on the doings of other States, whose manufactures come into direct competition with ours. Let the law go into operation whenever other States shall agree to the same system.—There would be sense in such an arrangement, whereas the present law is perfectly suicidal in its operations.

* * *

The Post lately stated, under the head of 'Taylorism in Western Virginia,' that the Wheeling Times had lowered the name of Taylor; and when we denied the truth of the statement, the editor reiterated his former assertion. The Times thus answers the Post:

> 'The editor of the Pittsburgh Post persists in the assertion that we have lowered the Taylor flag.—That is a beautiful state of things. We raised the flag when there were not a half dozen Taylor men in the city. We would hardly lower it when there is nothing else but Taylor men here or elsewhere. We do not whipple round as the Post did about the tariff 1842. We never shall lower the Taylor flag until he is ensconced in the White House.'

* * *

THE SPIRIT IN PENNSYLVANIA.—A large mass meeting, of the friends of Taylor and Fillmore, was held in the Tenth Congressional District, in this State, at the Borough of Easton, on the 25th July, Henry Maxwell presided. Alexander E. Brown, Delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, and Hon. E. J. Morris, addressed the meeting. The meeting was enthusiastic, and gave cheering indications of the success of the Whig cause in that quarter. Among the resolutions is one recommending PETER T. MICHLER, as Whig candidate for Governor.

* * *

Rev. Joshua Monroe is appointed Presiding Elder of the Allegheny District, in the Methodist Episcopal Church, in place of Rev. J. W. Miner, deceased.

* * *

CAST IRON SADDLES have been invented by a

Montgomery's Patent Steam Boiler.

We had the pleasure, the other day, of making the acquaintance of Mr. James Montgomery, the inventor of a new steam boiler, which has been favorably noticed in New Orleans and New York, and which is already in operation quite extensively in those cities. Mr. Montgomery was passing through the city hastily, and we had but a short interview with him, but from his description of his new boiler, and the certificates he placed in our hands testifying to its value, by gentlemen who have tested its properties, we infer that it is one of the most important discoveries of the age, and calculated to produce an almost total revolution in steamboat and other business, where steam power is used. Several steamers on the Mississippi, as Mr. Montgomery informed us, have adopted his boiler, and the new line of Ocean Steamers, building at New York, intend to use them. The saving of fuel, and the security, are desiderata, the importance of which can scarcely be estimated. As our city is as much interested in the manufacture and use of steam-boilers as any place in the Union, we doubt not this invention will soon be thoroughly examined and tested by our enterprizing mechanics and steamboat men. The following description of this invention, we take from the "Farmer and Mechanic," published in New York city.

IMPROVEMENTS IN STEAM BOILER MACHINERY.

Among the numerous inventions and improvements that have been recently made or attempted there are few which promise to be of greater public advantage than the steam boiler which has been patented by Mr. James Montgomery, and which is already in successful operation in different manufactories in this city and elsewhere. Its merits have been sufficiently tested to establish its superiority above all others that have ever been employed, and there is little doubt but it will speedily come into general use. In some of our principal foundries and machine shops, boilers which were well arranged, of the ordinary make have been taken down, and those of Mr. Montgomery have been substituted in their place, and like alterations are still going on in others, and those too, the most extensive establishments amongst us. The first engineers and the most experienced and practical mechanics in this country, who have seen and examined this boiler, give it their decided approbation and preference, and it must, most unquestionably, create an entire revolution in the mode of making boilers. It seems, in fact, to unite every advantage, economy in time, fuel, and space for generating steam. It requires on an average not more than 60 per cent. of the amount of fuel, space, weight or quantity of materials, and time required, to produce any given head of steam, and that without the annoyance or danger from sparks, soot, incrustations of salt or lime in the boiler or sediment from the water, and with the safety guard attached it is an effectual preventive. And incredible as this statement would appear, the most satisfactory and ample testimonials from the most respectable and competent sources, and such as are entitled to the most implicit confidence, have been received, and are published, that this is actually the case. We may well wonder that one individual has been able by his ingenuity and skilful contrivance to obviate at once so many of the objections that were applicable to the old fashioned boiler, and by a method of construction peculiarly his own, to concentrate such a variety of valuable and useful properties. The article of fuel alone, which it will save, will be of the most incalculable benefit not only to manufacturers, but to the public generally. Then also, nearly, if not quite one half the quantity and weight of iron will hardly be necessary to answer the same beneficial results. Boilers of this description, on ship board or in boats propelled by steam, will take up only one half the space, leaving much more room for freight, or for the accommodation of passengers, and buildings of less size will be required where steam is employed for manufacturing purposes. To say nothing of the saving of time, which it will take to raise a sufficient head of steam, which will be equal to such an amount of wealth acquired, the safety that it will ensure to travellers, to property, to manufacturers, the bare mention of its numerous advantages; cannot fail to gain for it unequal celebrity, and its inventor is destined to reap as he is justly entitled, corresponding emolument and advantage. This boiler is of a tubular form, and so constructed as to cause a rapid circulation of water over the fire surface, so as to protect the tubes from burning, and prevent sediment or incrustations from adhering, and will be best understood by a reference to the patentee, and a personal inspection, where it is already in use.

After the above was in type, Mr. Armstrong, of the firm of Armstrong & Darragh, of this city, called upon us, with a model of the above noticed boiler, and described, very intelligently, its advantages. Mr. Armstrong has been in the Belle View Iron Works, at New Orleans, during the past winter, where several of these boilers were constructed under his supervision, and where he had opportunities of seeing them in daily use. He also informed us, that an extensive Tow Boat Company in that city, after trying the boiler, and testing its advantages, had concluded to adopt it on their boats, and were constructing them for that purpose. Mr. Armstrong will take pleasure in exhibiting this model, and in describing it to Engine builders steamboat men, &c.

"Preparing the Hearts of the People for War."

This most iniquitous and destructive sentiment uttered deliberately, and in cool blood, by General CASS, has not sufficiently been brought to the attention of the people. One more shocking, more demoralizing, more opposed to the spirit of Christianity, more dangerous to the State, to public weal and private happiness, can scarcely be conceived.—War has always been the scourge of our race, the foe of liberty, the destroyer of morality, the chosen engine of the Prince of Darkness. To prepare the peoples' *hearts* for War, is to arouse their worst passions,—to promote a thirst for blood, for rapine, for conquest, regardless of the woes and calamities which follow in its path. It is to eradicate humanity, justice, and Christian principles from the heart, to be replaced by the most unlovely and degraded passions. This is what Gen. Cass would do. He would prepare the hearts of his countrymen to kill, to murder, to destroy—not to promote peace and good will among men.

Mr. Cass, we say, expressed this sentiment in cool blood, with marked deliberation, and with emphasis, as the following history of the circumstance, as related in the New York Express, will show:

> "On the 15th of December, 1845, a debate arose in the Senate on the prospect of a war with England, growing out of the then existing state of the Oregon question; in the course of which Mr. Allen, of Ohio, (the well known "gong,") made the extraordinary declaration that one of the best modes of preparing for war is *to prepare the hearts of the people for it.* So startling an exclamation very naturally excited some attention at the time, among the few who did not know the speaker; to all others it seemed only a new and appropriate outbreak from the source whence it sprang. On the 14th of January, however,—about a month afterward,—*Mr. Cass* made an elaborate speech in the Senate, in support of Mr. Allen's resolution, directing the President to give Great Britain a most summary "notice" of the termination of joint occupation, etc.; and in the course of it, he availed himself of the occasion to ENDORSE the sentiment of Mr. Allen respecting the necessity of preparing the hearts of the people for war. He desired, he said, that his own country should be aware of her true position, and prepared to meet her responsibility; "*prepared* in *head*, in HAND, in HEART." "Yes, sir," said he, "notwithstanding the severe commentaries which a casual expression of the honorable Senator from Ohio has encountered from a portion of the public press, *I will repeat the expression*, PREPARED IN THE HEART."

If Mr. Cass, from his high place in the Senate, could promulge such sentiments, what may we not expect, should the country be so unfortunate as to see him promoted to the high office of President? Will he not use every means possible to carry out his shocking sentiments? to degrade the nation to the level of an association of robbers and cut-throats! Such would be the result could his views be carried out.

What a delightful contrast is presented by the veteran Taylor. His humanity and love of peace are as well known as his great abilities as a soldier and Commander. In his Allison Letter, he says—"War, at *all times*, and under *all circumstances*, is a national calamity, to be avoided, if compatible with national honor." He would prepare the hearts of the people for *peace*. He would check the lust of conquest, the pride of military prowess, and the unhallowed thirst for military glory. Like the good WASHINGTON, he cherishes the arts of peace, and finds more true pleasure in tilling God's earth, than in wading to victory through rivers of blood.

* * *

DECREASE IN THE REVENUE AT BOSTON.—The Boston Traveller gives the amount of revenue at that port for the quarter just ended as $1,114,756, being a decrease of $304,069, compared with the same quarter last year. In the first quarter of the present year, there was an increase. The total duties paid for the first six months of 1848, were $2,416,440 14; for the first six months of 1847, $2,464,159 56. Decrease in the first six months of 1848, $18,719 42. The number of foreign arrivals in the first six months of 1848, was 1292; same time in 1847, 1025. Increase of arrivals in 1848, 267. The Traveller says:

> "Thus it will be seen that with an increase of foreign arrivals, the revenue is decreased. The reason of this probably is that a large quantity of goods which were brought here last year in the English steamers for New York account, now go directly to that city. Deduct this item, and the revenue will be found to have materially increased for the past six months."

* * *

ANOTHER BOLTER.—There was a Barnburner meeting on Friday evening, at Taunton, Mass., at which Marcus Morton made a speech against Cass and Butler.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, August 1, 1848.

The Volunteers and the Morning Post.

I observe in the Morning Post, of the 27th of July, an article full of hard names against the Whigs, and some of the mildest of which are 'villains' and 'scoundrels.' The hard names may pass for what they are worth, though it is clear enough that the Editor of the Post has no belief in the maxim, that 'easy blows kill the devil.' I notice the article, however, for the great injustice done to the Whigs in Congress, in a single statement. The Post says:

"Two years ago, owing to the war in Mexico, twenty or thirty new clerks were needed to attend to the business then pressing upon these branches of the civil service. The wants of the Department are now no less than they were then; but on the contrary, are probably much more pressing: yet, notwithstanding such is the fact, we understand that a Federal majority in the House, while they do not increase the force in either Department by a single clerk, have actually passed a bill, cutting off four clerks from the office of the Second Auditor of the Treasury. Thus must the poor soldier wait for his pay, his extra allowance, perhaps even for his land warrant, for a year, and it may be longer; while these Federal patriots! are squandering thousands of the public money daily, in attempts to villify the administration; bolster up their rotten cause, under the name of General Taylor; and *defraud* the People of the United States."

There is not the shadow of truth in one word here uttered of the House of Representatives. Though the Whigs were in a majority, they have reported favorably upon every recommendation of the Secretary of War and the Commissioner of Pensions. I have seen some forty or fifty new clerks sworn in by the Chief Justice of the District, within the last eight months. They were authorized by a Whig House of Representatives, and the President appointed them all of his own party, and some of them have shown themselves to be incompetent and worthless. With wisdom in the selection of clerks, and activity in the discharge of duties much more might have been done.

But the Post, which can use such hard words and manifest so fierce a spirit, may not choose to credit my own denial of its statement. I have, therefore, requested from the Clerk of the House an official record of the number of clerks authorized by law, since the meeting of Congress.

CLERK'S OFFICE, H. R. U. S.

I hereby certify that the following items of appropriation are contained in the 'act further to supply deficiences in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year, ending the 30th of June, 1848.' Approved March 27, 1848.

'For extra clerk hire for the settlement of the increase of business in the office of the Secretary of the Navy, occasioned by the Mexican War, $6,000.

'For per diem compensation for clerks employed in the Adjutant General's Office, $1,000.

'For per diem compensation of clerk employed in the Ordnance Office, $1,095.

'For per diem compensation for eight clerks employed, and such additional number of clerks as the exigencies of the public service may require to be employed temporarily by the Commissioner of Pensions, with the approbation and consent of the Secretary of War, during the present fiscal year, on bounty land business in the Pension Office, at a rate not exceeding three dollars and thirty three cents per day, $15,690,96.

'For compensation for such additional number of clerks as the exigencies of the public service may require, to be employed temporarily by the Secretary of the Treasury, in the offices of the Second and Third Auditor, and in the office of the Second Comptroller, at a rate not exceeding one thousand dollars per annum, and for contingencies, $17,000 00.

'For compensation to eight additional clerks to be employed in the General Land Office, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum each, $2,000 00.'

THO. J. CAMPBELL,
Clerk House of Representatives.

Nor does this record stop here. In the House of Representatives, the Civil and Diplomatic Bill has passed, and is now pending in the Senate, with authority to appoint *twenty three additional clerks.* What now becomes of the statement, and especially when it is known, that the House, long ago gave all the clerks asked for the offices particularized in the above extract.

I undertook a month since to devote my leisure time to correct, in a form not to be controverted, the more palpable and injurious misstatements of the Loco Foco Party. Misstatements from ignorance may some times be excused, if corrected when pointed out, but the *Post publishes the Laws of the United States, and has in its own columns given the best answer to its own misrepresentation.*

E. B.

P. S. The House yesterday passed the three months' extra pay bill, for the Volunteers, and it has become a law. Also, three months' extra pay for the Ordnance and Marine Corps engaged in the War.

* * *

From the National Intelligencer.

New Schemes of Conquest and Annexation of Territory!

Though every one must have foreseen the danger to be apprehended from the idle swords and evil examples which are the residuary consequences of the Texan-Mexican War, the Public is not, we believe, aware how *near at hand* is the moment when those words are to find employment, and the example of first seizing territories of Mexico by an armed force, and then "annexing" them to the United States, is to be exactly followed out.

Near at hand, did we say? *The moment has already arrived!* We give notice of it to Congress' who are kept in ignorance of it, and to the People of the United States, who are not dreaming of it, except the few, very few, we trust, in proportion to the whole, who are in the secret of this conspiracy against the peace, the honor, and the reputation of our country—not to speak of possible consequences more appalling than the loss of all these, which have been already sufficiently compromised by the wilful and wanton National war, just brought to a close, with results anything but auspicious to the public weal.

Without further preface, we place before our readers, in the precise language of our authority, information upon which we place entire reliance:

"Arrangements are nearly completed for the contemplated new Republic, to consist of the Mexican Provinces on the Rio Grande, with San Luis as the capital, and Tampico and Matamoras as the seaports. Gen. Shields is at the head of the movement, and is now propably at San Luis in general council to make the final arrangements. Many have already gone from New Orleans to meet him: the American force will not be less than five thousand men. Our Government [the Executive] were consulted; but they said that they would neither *aid* nor *oppose* it. They *will* aid it, notwithstanding their declaration. They can leave arms, ammunition, &c., at Tampico, and on the Rio Grande, and let the invading force *take* them. Further *annexation* is the object, after the new Republic of 'SIERRA MADRE' has declared its independence of Mexico."

'I have a perfect horror'—adds our informant, in whose sentiment we entirely concur—'of this Annexation System. Texas and the recent Treaty Territory have been and will be the greatest curse that ever befell the country. We have only taken the first draught of the bitter cup, to the extent of the loss of twenty thousand lives and the expenditure of two hundred millions of dollars.—Would to God that that were all that the affair is to cost us! It is, however, only the beginning.—*This new Republic* is to be the *second* act in the drama: but which may God in his mercy defeat!"

Our own warning and protestations against the combination of speculators and politicians to bring Texas into the Union, and against the rapacious purposes of the authors of the late war with Mexico, proved unavailing. Onward they marched to the completion of their designs, trampling down all barriers of the Constitution which stood in their way. May *this* warning not be disregarded by either Congress or the People, but means be taken effectually to put a stop to this projected violation of our National Faith, this scheme of National dishonor!

What! after a ruthless invasion, a bloody conquest, a prescription of the terms upon which we would renew relations of Peace with Mexico, will this Nation, before yet three moons have filled their horns since Peace has been sworn between us, connive at expeditions from the United States to invade the remaining territories of Mexico, with arms of the United States in their hands? Forbid it Justice! Forbid it Honor!

* * *

A NEW PROJECT.—The Washington correspondent of the North American mentions a new project, in regard to the new territories, as follows:

'Mr. Hannegan gave notice in the Senate yesterday, of his intention to introduce a bill respecting the territories of California, New Mexico, and Oregon. His plan is one which has for some time been discussed over the country, in connexion with this question—it is to admit these territories as states forthwith. Serious as are the obstacles to the admission of States wholly unfitted for the enjoyment of our political rights, they sink into comparative insignificance when contrasted with the danger of disunion, whether it be remote or immediate.'

* * *

INDIAN WAR.—The Lake Superior News of the 24th ult. mentions a sanguinary encounter between a party of Chippeways and Sioux in the vicinity of Sandy Lake. The Chippeways, about eighty in number, were out on a fishing excursion, and unarmed, when they were surprised by a war party of the Sioux, who massacred some seventy of their number, among whom was young Hole-in-the-day. The Chippeways at the Point seemed bent on the most summary vengeance.

THE FACTORY QUESTION.

STATEMENT OF THE MANUFACTURERS.

The undersigned, proprietors of the various cotton mills, situate in the city of Allegheny, having in view a decent respect for public opinion, and to shield ourselves from the obliquy and reproach endeavored to be cast upon our characters, by various and oft repeated misrepresentations of our motives and business, in connection with what is called the ten hour law, have judged that the time has arrived, when a simple and temperate exposition of facts, might be proper and useful in directing the public mind to just and equitable conclusions.

The profits of manufacturing yarn and coarse cotton goods, has been greatly overrated in the U. States for a long time. It has had its seasons of prosperity, with alternate periods of depression and adversity—while public estimates appear all to have been predicated upon the bright and sunny side of the picture. That the general and aggregate result has not been at all adequate to justify the risk and trouble incident to its pursuit, is the experience of nearly all who have been long engaged in the business;—at the present time it is laboring under considerable adversity, of which the suspended establishments in the North, and the reduction of wages in that favored region, are unmistakable evidences. Nor is the future free from strong and gloomy apprehensions—these arise principally from the immense importations under low duties—the scarcity of money—and the vast increase of machinery and its productions in the United States, which has reduced the domestic fabric to a small, regular, and net profit. In this active home competition, the manufacturer in Pennsylvania is required, by the late law, to meet the enlightened and energetic New Englander in a common market;—the one with the product of twelve hours' labor—the other with the product of ten hours' labor—a difference of one sixth, or nearly 17 per cent. of a discriminating duty, enacted by Pennsylvania, AGAINST the labor of her own citizens and operatives. Surely no argument is necessary to convince an enlightened and calculating public, that however desirous the owners of mills may be to get their machinery in operation again, they are completely shut out from the exercise of that right under the late law—unless it be by adopting the proviso it contains, that special contracts may be made for twelve hours' labor.

Some time previous to the late law taking effect, the undersigned had a meeting, to compare their experience, and form a judgment as to their ability to adopt the ten hour system;—the result of our deliberations was then recorded, and from the minutes we extract the following—viz:

"At a meeting of the proprietors of Cotton Mills, held in Pittsburgh, on 23d of May, 1848—the subject of the late law of Pennsylvania, regulating the hours of labor in Cotton Mills, after the 4th of July next, being under consideration, it was unanimously

"*Resolved*, That we cordially approve of the benevolent action of the Legislature, in excluding children under twelve years of age from employment in Factories, and believe that at no time was it the interest of them or their employers; but that the practice originated through the entreaties of indigent parents, whose wants were supplied by their earnings. We at the same time sympathize with many widows and others, in afflictive circumstances, in being thus deprived of their ordinary supply of the daily necessaries of life.

"*Resolved*, That the extensive and enterprising competition in the various states of the Union, in producing coarse cotton goods, has reduced the business to an estimated and small profit, and that, whilst other manufacturing communities, both in the *free* and *slave* States, are untrammeled in the hours of their labor, any attempt on the part of Pennsylvania ALONE to reduce the hours of labor, would have a most destructive tendency on a great, growing and important branch of industry, conducive alike to the comfort and prosperity of our Commonwealth.

"*Resolved*, Therefore, that from necessity, we must continue to employ our machinery twelve hours per day, as heretofore, and in conformity with the provisions of the law, adopt a system of special contracts with the operatives."

A common desire on our part, and amongst a respectable, industrious and orderly portion of the operatives of both sexes, to resume our labors as usual, induced us, not to evade the law, as has been reported, but to comply with its terms and requirements, by making the special contracts for 12 hours. In this attempt of the employer and employed, to execute their lawful business, in the only way in which the Pennsylvania Mills can be saved through the provisions of the law, the violence of the mob is known to the public, and if approved and acquiesced in by them, has effectually suspended operations, until such legislation shall prevail in Pennsylvania, or be adopted in other States as may place the Cotton Manufacturing interest of this great Union on one common footing as regards labor, which is only another term for wages.

We have no desire to advert to the personal violence, the abuse of our property and of our common rights as citizens, which have all been outraged. We allude to these proceedings incidentally, and only because we fear and regret that the effect produced may be to prejudice the good will, cordiality and friendly feelings, that happily has heretofore existed between the proprietors and the operatives of the Allegheny Mills, and which need not be impaired—and cannot be destroyed—if they are left to control and adjust their own concerns, and consult their own interests.

We hope, therefore, that we may be correctly understood by the public in reference to the position we now occupy—not through any choice of our own, but by reason of the necessity that is laid upon us.

First, That whilst in other States they run their machinery 12 or more hours per day, we cannot successfully compete with them, working 10 hours per day.

Second, That the mills must and will remain suspended until we are placed on a common platform with other States, of which we are now deprived, unless we can operate under the special contract provision of our Pennsylvania law.

Third, That we are ready and willing to resume our business whenever we can do so, with no greater burdens, restrictions and dangers, than what are common and incident to the business elsewhere.

BLACKSTOCK, BELL & Co.,
Pitt Cotton Mill.
P. McCORMICK,
Hope Cotton Mill.
KING, PENNOCK, & Co.,
Eagle Cotton Mill.
MOORHEAD, COPELAND & Co.,
Union Cotton Mill.
KENNEDY, CHILDS & Co.,
Penn Cotton Mill.
N. VOEGTLY & Co,
Star Cotton Mill.
JAMES A. GRAY,
Allegheny Cotton Mill.
Pittsburgh, August 2, 1848.

* * *

Map of Pennsylvania.

Mr. R. L. Barnes, of Philadelphia, has lately republished, under the authority of an Act of the Legislature, a State Map of Pennsylvania, from the plates belonging to the Commonwealth, with all the modern improvements. This map was originally published by the State, and constructed from the country surveys, authorized by the State, and from other original documents; and is now published, as stated above, under a resolution of the Legislature, revised and improved under the supervision of Wm. E. Morris, Civil Engineer, upon data procured in each county, and has been approved by the County Board of Philadelphia, as provided for in the Act authorizing the publication.—Provision is made for its introduction into the Common Schools, and it is recommended by all the authorities of the State. Its size is 6½ by 4½ feet, handsomely colored, and mounted on rollers. It is indeed a splendid map, and is invaluable to every citizen who wishes to inform himself correctly in relation to the Chorography of our Ancient Commonwealth. Every township is distinctly marked out and colored, and it is worth the price of it to a citizen to become acquainted with his own county, so cut up as ours is. Mr. J. B. Hayes, the general Agent of the publishers, is now in town, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, and appointing local agents. He brings testimonials of undoubted respectability, and we take pleasure in recommending him to the favorable notice of our citizens.—We should be pleased if he could succeed in leaving a map in every house, and office, and store, in the city.

* * *

THE DEAD SEA EXPEDITION.—From letters which have been shown to the editor of the Boston Transcript, it appears that the Dead Sea Exploring party have successfully and satisfactorily completed their task, and returned to Jerusalem, where they were on the 19th of May. They have sounded the sea in all its parts, to the depth of 600 fathoms, and found the bottom crystalized salt. The pestilential effects attributed to the waters turn out to be fabulous. Ducks were seen skimming over the surface, and partriges abounded along the shore. The party were upon the sea in their boats, or encamped on its borders, for some two months, and their researches and estimates have been of the most thorough and interesting character. All were in excellent health and spirits, no sickness nor accident having occurred. By the Arabs they have been received, and uniformly treated with the utmost kindness and attention. The Syrians consider "the men of the Jordan," as they call them, the greatest heroes of the day. Lieutenants Lynch and Dale will visit, under the most favorable circumstances, all the places made memorable in Scripture history, and we expect from them a highly interesting account of their explorations of the Dead Sea, and their adventures in the Holy Land.

The News from Mexico.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 23d of July, acknowledges the receipt of papers from the city of Mexico to the 14th July, three days later than before received. These were brought by the steamer New Orleans.

The Supreme Court of Mexico has pronounced its decision on the question of the late Treaty with the United States, declaring that it was not necessary that it should be submitted to the Legislatures of the different States for their approval.

As regards the recent movements of the antagonist forces in the vicinity of Guanajuato the Picayune has the following:

"We are still left in much uncertainty as to the result of the actions between Paredes and Bustamente. The papers in the interest of each claim the victory for their side. In the Monitor Republicano, of the 14th, there is a kind of diary of each day's events, from which it appears that on the 7th every thing was quiet. On the 8th Bustamente attempted to carry by assault the fort El Tajo, but was repulsed after desperate fighting. Some deserters went over this day to Paredes. On the 9th some troops of the third regiment of Allende went over to Paredes. There was little fighting this day. On the 10th tranquillity reigned, but there is a report that this day Bustamente retired from Marfil, but the Government newspapers refused to believe it. Even from this enumeration, we think it manifest that Paredes had the best of it down to the 10th. We have a letter from a very intelligent foreigner in Vera Cruz, who writes that the report is current there that Bustamente had fallen back, in consequence of his reverses, to Celaya, about half way between Guanajuato and Queretaro, and that most of his troops had deserted. Bustamente confesses, in a despatch dated the 8th instant, that the division of Cortazar had been repulsed, and that many of his troops dispersed, but he affects to treat it as a light affair.'

THE POTATO ROT.—The potato rot is spreading to an alarming extent in the vicinity of Boston, the Traveller says, and threatens to make this esculent even scarcer than it was the past season.—Many farmers in alarm, have commenced digging, and the supply of new potatoes in the market is unusually large, which has tended to bring down prices for the moment. It has been stated that the cutting off of the top stayed the progress of the rot, but this remedy is not always effectual.

FATHER MATTHEW is yet a martyr pecuniarily to the cause. In a letter he communicates the distressing fact that not a shilling of the pension, (£300 a year) granted to him by the Government, can be appropriated to his own use; it having been assigned to pay a premium of insurance on his life for £6000—the amount of the balance of a debt which he had contracted in his zeal to promote temperance.

We understand that Cotton Factories in the vicinity of Philadelphia, which had commenced work on the ten hour system, with a proportionate reduction of wages, have again stopped—the hands having turned out for the old wages. The new law works only evil—evil to all, proprietors and operatives—and that continually.

The Philadelphia Bulletin has a Despatch from Washington, stating that a letter has been received there from General Cass, pledging himself to veto the Wilmot Proviso, if he be elected.

WE ask the earnest attention of every friend of the Union, and of the country, to the article from the National Intelligencer on the "new schemes of conquest, and annexation of territory."

AN ANIMAL UPSTART.—A negro boy was driving a mule in Jamaica, when the animal suddenly stopped, and refused to budge. "Won't go, he?"—said the boy. "Feel grand do you? I s'pose you forget your fader was a jackass!"

☞ We would remind our readers, particularly the ladies, of Signor Vito Viti & Son's great catalogue sale of splendid unique marble and alabaster antique vases, urns and ornaments, which will take place, according to advertisement on Tuesday next, 8th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M.

☞ PROGRESSIVE DEMOCRACY "Or a Review of Locofocoism, from the commencement of the Administration of James K. Polk, down to the nomination of Gen Cass In Rhyme By E. S Ainsworth." This very amusing work, which has lately been published in this city, is for sale at all the Book Stores
aug4-2w

☞ THE VIRGINIA SERENADERS.—This talented company give their tenth concert this evening, at the Apollo Hall. They have been the theme of universal admiration since their sojourn among us, and it is our opinion, should they remain as many nights more, it would not decrease, but on the contrary improve their houses.

☞ USE THE PROPER MEANS.—If you wish to be successful in any undertaking, you must always 'use the proper means.' Therefore, if you have a cough, use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT and be cured, for it is the proper means. Have you Asthma or difficulty of breathing, then the only efficient means to cure you is to use Jayne's Expectorant, which will immediately overcome the spasm which contracts the diameter of the tubes, and loosens and brings up the mucus which clogs them up, and thus removes every obstruction to a free respiration, while at the same time all inflammation is subdued, and a cure is certain to be effected. Have you Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Pleurisy, or in fact any Pulmonary Affection, then use Jayne's Expectorant and relief is certain, and you will find that you have used the proper means.

For sale in Pittsburgh at the Pekin Tea Store, 72 4th street near Wood. jan17

☞ THE CLIMATE is strangely destructive to the human cuticle, (or skin) the sudden change from heat to cold, and the smoke causes yellow, dark, coarse complexions. Then it is requisite that the pores of the skin should be kept open—that their mouths should be freed from impurity—'twas thus the ancient Roman Philosophers cured all diseases—they computed that more diseases and unhealthy vapors left through the the pores of the skin, than any other outlet of the body. It is necessary, therefore, to keep the pores open—all humors are dispelled from the skin from the pores, when they wash with Jones' Italian Chemical Soap. I have seen it cure the worst and oldest cases of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Old Sores, Barber's Itch, Sore Head, Ringworm, when every other internal and external remedy had failed—its effect rendering the skin white, clear and soft, though it be yellow and coarse, is wonderful—it removes Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Morphew, and disfigurement of the skin—but persons must be particular and ask for JONES Soap—to be had in Pittsburgh at WM. JACKSON'S, sign of the Big Boot, 89 Liberty st. Price 50 cents. nov19d&w1y

---

☞ Citizens are honorably assured that the following are the actual qualities of a 3s bottle of JONES' Coral Hair Restorative. If they doubt our word, they cannot these highly respectable citizens, who have tried it:

Mr. Geo. Beckett, 41 Elm st, New York.
Mrs. Matilta Reeves, Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn.
Mr. Wm. Tompkins, 92 King st, New York.
Mr. Thomas Jackson, Montour's Island.
H. E. Cullen, late barber steamboat S. America

And more than a hundred others state, though this must suffice, that it will force the hair to grow on the head or face, stop it falling off, strengthen the roots, removing scurf and dandruf from the roots, and making light, red or gray hair assume a fine dark look, and keeping dry, harsh or wiry hair moist, soft, clean and beautiful, a very, very long time. Sold at WM. JACKSON'S 89 Liberty st. my18

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—We would call attention to this excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Having several times within a few years past had occasion to use a medicine of this kind, we have by experience tested its excellent qualities, and are prepared to recommend it to others. Ministers or other public speakers afflicted with bronchial affections will find great benefit from its use. It is prepared by a scientific physician, and all classes will find it a safe and efficacious medicine in the diseases for which it is recommended.—[Columbus (Ohio) Cross and Journal.

For sale at the Pekin Tea Store, No. 70 Fourth street.
my25

☞ Men never attempt to counterfeit a worthless article, hence valuable medicines are frequently imitated. The knave who counterfeits a medicine commits as great a crime as if it were a bank note or the coin of the United States. B A Fahnestock's Vermifuge, which is the only safe and certain cure for worms, has been counterfeited in many sections of the country, and persons should be on their guard when purchasing to get the genuine article, prepared at Pittsburgh, Pa.
ap21

☞ Ladies who use Jones' Spanish Lily White, have always a fine white transparent skin. Of this a trial will satisfy any one. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at 89 Liberty st nov19dandw1y

The First Prayer in Congress, 1774.

ENGRAVED on steel by H. S. Sadd, from an original picture painted by T. H. Matteson, expressly for the publisher, with an engraved key to the portraits, and a graphic description from the pen of the elder Adams. The plate is 20 by 25 inches, painted on fine paper 24 by 32. Proofs $3, or a few copies on India paper, $5.

J. NEALE, Publisher,
56 Carmine street, New York.

☞ Orders may be left at the Exchange Hotel, cor Penn and St. Clair streets, where copies can be seen. The agent will remain in this city 10 or 12 days, and call on gentlemen at their stores and offices with copies of the engraving. aug4-3t*

TEACHERS WANTED.—Notice is hereby given, that the Board of School Directors will meet on Saturday, the 19th day of August, at the house of Mrs. Sarah McFarland, in Robinson township, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of examining any teachers who may wish a situation as teacher in the Public Schools, in said township. There are 9 teachers wanted, and liberal wages given. Schools to commence on the first of September next. By order of the Board.
aug4-w3t*S JOHN M'CLUSKEY, Sec'y.

DRESS BONE.

TO SOUTHERN AND WESTERN MERCHANTS.

J. G. & G. W. CARR, Manufacturers of Umbrella, Parasol and Dress Bone, No. 135 North THIRD street, above Race, PHILADELPHIA, invite the attention of Merchants and Dealers to their extensive assortment of the above articles, which they offer at reduced prices. An examination is solicited.
aug4-d2w

BACON—50,000 lbs Hams, Sides and Shoulders, in smoke house and store; for sale by
aug4 R ROBINSON & Co, 192 liberty st

PORK IN BULK—55,000 lbs Sides; 15,000 do Hams, 22,000 do Shoulders, in prime order; for sale by
aug4 R ROBINSON & Co

GREASE—5000 lbs Grease, suitable for machinery; for sale by aug4 R ROBINSON & Co

RIO COFFEE—150 bags green Rio Coffee, just rec'd and for sale by aug4 R ROBISON & Co

SUGAR—80 hhds N O Sugar; 20 bbls Loaf do, in store and for sale by aug4 R ROBISON & Co

MOLASSES—150 bbls Plantation Molasses; 25 bbls Sugar House do; in store and for sale by
aug4 R ROBISON & Co

RICE—20 tierces Rice, rec'd and for sale by
aug4 R ROBISON & Co

PIG IRON—200 tons Pig Iron, Shade and other furnaces, suitable for foundry and rolling mills; for sale by aug4 R RIBISON & Co

WANTED—An experienced Book Keeper, and one who can come well recommended, and devote his attention exclusively to business. Address Box No. 279. aug3

EPSOM SALTS—5 bbls Epsom Salts, (Eagle works) just received and for sale by
aug2 JOHN D MORGAN, Druggist, wood st

BLACKING—50 doz Mason's Challenge Blacking, for sale by aug2 JOHN D MORGAN

GUM SHELAC—1000 lbs Gum Shelac, (orange) for sale by aug2 JOHN D MORGAN

CORKS—2 bales large Corks, rec'd and for sale by
aug2 JOHN D MORGAN
Chronicle copy

VEN[illegible]ED—50 bbls just rec'd and for sale by
B A FAHNESTOCK & Co.
corner 1st and wood sts

A[illegible]UM—40 bbls just rec'd and for sale by
aug2 B A FAHNESTOCK & Co

ROSIN—25 bbls "soap makers," just rec'd and for sale by aug2 B A FAHNESTOCK & Co

RED LEAD—2000 lbs Red Lead, (superior,) just rec'd and for sale by aug1 J KIDD & Co

CARB. SODA—500 lbs sup Carb. Soda, just rec'd and for sale by aug1 J KIDD & Co

COBALT—200 lbs Cobalt, just rec'd and for sale by
aug1 J KIDD & Co

COFFEE—150 bags prime Rio; 10 do Laguayra, 10 do old Gov Java, for sale by
aug1 J D WILLIAMS, 110 wood st

RAISINS—50 bxs ¼ and ½, for sale by
aug1 J D WILLIAMS

WASH BOARDS—50 doz Rice's Patent Zinc, at manufacturer's prices, for sale by
aug1 J D WILLIAMS

POT ASH—8 casks receiving from stmr Lake Erie and for sale by aug1 JAMES DALZELL

LARD OIL—15 bbls Lard Oil, for sale low to close consignment, by aug1 JAMES DALZELL

VINEGAR—25 bbls Cider Vinegar, for sale by
aug1 JAMES DALZELL, 24 water st

WOOL—23 sacks on consignment; for sale by
aug1 J & R FLOYD, Round Church

SEED—53 bags Timothy Seed, 20 bbls Clover do, for sale by aug1 J & R FLOYD

MACKEREL—50 bbls No 3 large Mackerel, 20 half bbls do do, for sale by aug1 J & R FLOYD

BUTTER—45 kegs and 5 bbls on consignment; for sale by aug1 J & R FLOYD

BARLEY—35 sacks Barley on consignment; for sale by aug1 J & R FLOYD

TOBACCO—50 kegs 6 twist Tobacco, for sale by
jy31 ATWOOD, JONES & Co

SCORCHINGS—5 casks Scorchings, just rec'd and for sale by jy31 ATWOOD, JONES & Co

TOBACCO—60 hhds Ky Leaf Tobacco, for sale by
jy31 ATWOOD, JONES & Co

COTTON—75 bales Tenn Cotton, for sale by
jy31 ATWOOD, JONES & Co

MOLASSES—40 bbls Sugar House, a prime article, for sale low to close consignment
jy31 ATWOOD, JONES & Co

LADIES WROUGHT COLLARS—A A Mason & Co, 60 Market st, have just rec'd 30 doz Wrought Collars, which they are selling at the low price of 12½ cents. jy31

MORE CHEAP CALICOES—A A Mason & Co have received another lot of those very cheap Calicoes, 25 yards for one dollar. jy31

BLEACHED MUSLINS—A A Mason & Co are now opening 10 cases of Bleached Muslins, comprising the best brands of pillow case and sheeting muslins
jy31

BACON—14,000 lbs, hog round, on consignment, for sale by jy31 J D WILLIAMS, 110 wood st

SUGAR—100 hhds prime N O Sugar, for sale by
jy31 J & R FLOYD, Round Church

FLOUR—20 bbls fresh ground Wheat Flour, and 25 bbls Rye Flour, just rec'd and for sale by
aug1 L S WATERMAN

S. SALTS—30 casks S Salts, in store and for sale by
aug1 L S WATERMAN

BACON AND FLAXSEED—5000 lbs Bacon, 9 bags Flaxseed, just received and for sale by
aug1 L S WATERMAN

STARCH—25 bxs Fancy Starch for sale by
aug1 L S WATERMAN

TURPENTINE—20 bbls Spts Turpentine, just rec'd and for sale by jy31 J KIDD & Co

PIANOS TO HIRE—Several good second hand Pianos for rent on the 1st of August, by
jy31 JOHN H MELLOR, 81 wood st

COFFEE—253 bags Rio and 10 bags Laguayra Coffee, arriving by canal and for sale by
L S WATERMAN,
jy31 31 water and 62 front sts

SALERATUS—23 casks Cleveland Saleratus, for sale by jy31 WICK & M'CANDLESS

LARD—25 kegs Lard, just rec'd and for sale by
my26 JAMES DALZELL

LARD OIL—50 bbls Lard Oil, just rec'd and for sale by my26 SELLERS & NICOLS

MOSQUITO NETTS—A A Mason & Co have just rec'd 500 ps of Mosquito Netts, of various qualities and widths jy20

LARD OIL—25 bbls Burkhardt's, on hand and for sale by jy24 J KIDD & Co

MACCABEAU SNUFF—Just rec'd and for sale by
jy24 J KIDD & Co

TOBACCO—100 doz Fine Cut Tobacco, (chewing,) on hand and for sale by jy24 J KIDD & Co

OATS—120 bush Oats, just rec'd and for sale by
jy6 WICK & M'CANDLESS

COTTON YARNS, &c —50,000 lbs assorted Nos, 150 bales Candle Wick, 160 do Batting, Carpet Chain, &c, Twine, for sale at manufacturers lowest prices
jy22 FRIEND, RHEY & Co

CORN MEAL—25 bbls Anshutz's kiln dried Corn Meal, both white and yellow, in store and for sale by jy22 S & W HARBAUGH

FLOUR—100 bbls fresh ground Flour, just rec'd and for sale by jy22 S & W HARBAUGH

MACKEREL—60 bbls No 3 Mackerel, in store and for sale by jy22 S & W HARBAUGH

CORN—250 bush Yellow Corn, in store and for sale by jy22 S & W HARBAUGH

CHEESE—50 bxs Cream Cheese, a fine article, in store and for sale by jy22 S & W HARBAUGH

WOOL WOOL!—The highest market price paid in cash for Wool, by
jy22 S & W HARBAUGH

HOME-MADE FLANNELS—W R Murphy has received a few pieces white, brown and barred Home-Made Flannels. Also, Home-Made BLANKETS, a good article, and at a low price, at northeast corner 4th and Markets sts. aug1

BLUE AND ORANGE PRINTS, and blue Merrimack do, constantly on hand at lowest prices, at wholesale room of W R MURPHY,
aug1 cor 4th and market sts, 2d story

CHEESE—6 bxs extra prime Cheese; 104 do W R do; just received and for sale by
aug1 WICK & M'CANDLESS

FEATHERS—4 sacks prime Feathers, for sale by
aug1 WICK & M'CANDLESS

WHITE BEANS—72 bbls Small White Beans, for sale by aug1 WICK & M'CANDLESS

BROOMS—108 doz Corn Brooms, for sale by
aug1 WICK & M'CANDLESS

LARD OIL—20 bbls Lard Oil, prime order, in ¼ and ½ bbls, received and for sale by
aug1 J KIDD & Co

OIL—1500 gallons bleached Sperm Oil; 1800 do natural colored do do; 900 do bleached Whale do do, 750 do brown Tanners' Oil, in casks, 10 bbls Strait's do do, 10 do Brown do do, just rec'd and for sale by jy27 MILLER & RICKETSON

FISH—300 bbls No 3 Mackerel, 5 do No 2 do, 100 half do No 3 do, 20 do No 2 do, 10 do No 1 do, just received and for sale by
jy27 MILLER & RICKETSON

MUSTARD—120 kegs Long Island Mustard, 180 bxs do do ½ and ¼ lb cans, 5 cases do do 60, 5 lb cans, just rec'd on consignment, and for sale at Eastern prices, by jy27 MILLER & RICKETSON

MACKEREL—75 bbls large No 3; 10 half do do No 2; 10 Qtls do do No 2; 20 kitts do do No 2. Salmon, in store and for sale by
jy28 O BLACKBURN & Co

BACON—5 hhds Bacon Sides, for sale low to close by jy28 O BLACKBURN & Co

LARD OIL—25 bbls pure Lard Oil, in store and for sale by jy28 O BLACKBURN & Co

REFINED SUGARS—5 bxs D R large Loaf, 600 bbls 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 small do; 230 do crushed; 180 do powdered, in store and for sale by
JAMES A HUTCHISON & Co.
jy24 Agents of St. Louis Steam Sugar Refinery

S. H. MOLASSES AND GOLDEN SYRUP—30 bbls St Louis S H Molasses; 5 do do Golden Syrup, 10 hf do do do; 20 ten gallon kegs do do, for sale by
jy24 JAS A HUTCHISON & Co

TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA—Just rec'd and for sale by JOEL MOHLER,
jy17 Post Buildings, cor wood and 5th sts

NORTH CAROLINA TAR—110 bbls N C Tar, in good order, for sale by BAGALEY & SMITH
jy25 18 and 20 wood st

NO. 3 MACKEREL—100 bbls for sale by
jy28 JAMES DALZELL

STRAIGHTS OIL—25 bbls for sale by
jy28 JAMES DALZELL

PRIME RIO COFFEE—180 bags landing and for sale by jy28 O BLACKBURN & Co

FLOUR—100 bbls fine Flour, for sale by
jy25 JOHN S DILWORTH

SHORTS—75 bush Shorts, for sale by
jy25 JOHN S DILWORTH

OATS—400 bushels Oats, for sale by
jy25 JOHN S DILWORTH

BUTTER—30 kegs Butter, for sale by
jy25 JOHN S DILWORTH

BACON—2000 lbs Bacon, just rec'd and for sale by
jy25 JOHN S DILWORTH

SAFETY FUSE—5 bbls Safety Fuse, for sale by
jy25 JOHN S DILWORTH

N. O. SUGAR—60 hhds N O Sugar, for sale low to close consignment, by
jy24 JAS A HUTCHISON & Co

HEMP—163 bales dew rotted Hemp, 28 do Manilla do; in store and for sale by
jy24 JAS A HUTCHISON & Co

SHOT—44 kegs, ass'd Nos, for sale by
jy24 JAS A HUTCHISON & Co

LEAD—530 pigs Galena Lead, for sale by
jy24 JAS A HUTCHISON & Co.

SCOTCH SNUFF—500 lbs just rec'd and for sale by
jy24 J KIDD & Co

WOOL—22 sacks in store and for sale by
jy17 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co, front st

SHOULDERS—19 casks prime bacon Shoulders, just received and for sale by
jy28 BROWN & CULBERTSON

COFFEE—100 bags prime Rio Coffee, receiving and for sale by jy29 JAMES DALZELL

MACKEREL—50 bbls No 3 Mackerel, in store and for sale by jy29 S & W HARBAUGH

BARLEY—800 bush Barley, in store and for sale by
jy29 S & W HARBAUGH

RYE FLOUR—8 bbls in store and for sale by
jy29 ENGLISH & BENNETT

PEPPER—100 sacks Pepper, in store and for sale by
jy20 POINDEXTER & Co

TEAS—250 half chests Y H, G P, and Imperial Teas;
50 " " " " "
For sale by jy20 POINDEXTER & Co

SODA ASH—20 casks "Tennant's" double refined, for sale by jy20 POINDEXTER & Co

SPTS. TURPENTINE—35 bbls in prime order, just rec'd and for sale by
B A FAHNESTOCK & Co,
jy20 corner 1st and wood sts

AUCTION SALES.

NEW YORK.

By Wilmerdings, Priest & Mount.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 8

Peremptory Sale of Five Thousand pcs. of Woollens

Being the stock of the BURLINGTON WOOLLEN Co., comprising,

2800 pieces of	Wool Dyed Black Cassimeres.	
700	do	Piece do do do
700	do	Black, blue and mixt Doeskins.
[illegible]	do	Blue and mixed Cassimeres,
700	do	Fancy Cassimeres and Doeskins.
600	do	6-4 Coatings, of various colors,

BROADCLOTHS—2000 pieces of wool dyed black, indigo blue, and col'd Cloths, of a superior manufacture.

BRITISH GOODS—250 packages fresh imported seasonable Dry Goods, comprising a desirable assortment.

DOMESTIC GOODS—250 packages American manufactured Woollen and Cotton Goods, comprising a desirable assortment.

Catalogues and samples will be ready on Monday, 7th inst. jy31-5t

By James M'Kenna, Auctioneer.

Signor Vito Viti & Son's great catalogue sale of splendid Unique Marble and Alabaster Antique Vases, Urns, Ornaments, &c.

On Tuesday next, August 8th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by catalogue, at the new store of Charles Brewers, Market street, one door below the corner of Second st. an extensive and splendid collection of the most RECHERCHE ornamental and useful articles ever offered at public sale in this city, consisting, in part, of superb Mosaic centre tables, large bardigho agate, yellow ofsiana Gothic etruscan hebe vases, silver and gilt candelabras, rich Bohemian candlesticks, vases, card receivers, fruit stands, parlor vases, cologne bottles, optical vases, rich French china vases, sauce tureens with projecting flowers, inkstands, candlesticks, segar lighters, richly ornamented painted candlesticks, bronze figures, magic bells, paper weights, and a great variety of useful and ornamental articles.

This choice collection was selected by Signor Vito Viti & Sons, at the most celebrated manufactories of Europe, and opened for the first time in this city, where every article will be sold to the highest bidder. The rooms will be opened to the public on Monday morning, August 7th. The ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh and vicinity are respectfully invited to call and examine the above splendid collection of useful and fancy articles. aug4-4t JAMES McKENNA, Auct

By John D. Davis, Auctioneer.

Dry Goods, &c., at Auction.

On Monday morning, Aug. 7, at 10 o'clock, at the commercial Sales Room, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold, without reserve, a valuable invoice of seasonable Dry Goods, consisting of a great variety of calicoes, Manchester ginghams, lawns, balzarines, de laines, drillings, tweeds, lawn bonnets, patent thread, &c

At 2 o'clock,

FURNITURE AND GROCERIES.

Heavy plaited linen and cotton fly netts, 10 West's band boxes, axes and hatchets, young hyson and gunpowder tea, cavendish tobacco, patent medicines, hardware, cutlery, tinware, queensware, &c., the balance of a country store. Fine transparent window blinds, tables, dressing and plain bureaus, fancy and common chairs, window sash, new quilts, &c

At 7½ o'clock.

Cutlery, jewelry, musical instruments, dry goods, clothing, Cass and Taylor hdkfs, letter and cap paper, slates, quills, steel pens, &c.

aug4 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct

Books, Pens, &c. at Auction.

ON Saturday evening, the 5th inst. at 8 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Room, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold a large collection of valuable miscellaneous books, embracing standard works on theology, history, poetry, arts, sciences, music, &c. Also, fine letter and cap writing paper, family and pocket Bibles, blank books, piano music, gold and steel pens. A quantity of engravings on various subjects, &c. &c. Books can be examined on the afternoon of sale

aug4 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct

Buggy at Auction.

Will be sold on Friday afternoon, 4th inst. at three o'clock, in front of Davis' commercial sales rooms, corner of Wood and 5th sts, 1 superior light eastern manufactured Buggy, with falling top, in good order

aug4 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct

One Thousand Dollars City Bond for sale at Auction.

Will be sold on Monday evening, August 7th, at 8 o'clock, at the commercial sales rooms, corner of wood and 5th streets, a bond of the city of Pittsburgh for One Thousand Dollars, redeemable on 1st May, 1859; interest payable semi-annually

Terms cash, par funds.

aug4 JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct.

AMUSEMENTS.

EAGLE SALOON, WOOD ST.

ETHIOPIAN SERENADERS'

GRAND GALA WEEK!!

BENEFIT OF MR. NELSON KNEASS THIS EV'G.

ENGAGEMENT OF THE ETHIOPIAN SERENADERS, in connection with the former Troupe, for one week, beginnidg this (Monday) evening, July 31st.

The evening's entertainment will consist of a Grand Concert by the Tyrolean Vocalists; after which the justly celebrated band of Ethiopian Serenaders will make their appearance and give a series of their inimitable entertainments, consisting of Negro Songs, Glees, Overtures, Extravaganzas, &c

Change of programme nightly

For particulars see small bills.

Admission only 25 cents

☞ A great quantity of the best Ice Cream served up to visitors

☞ The best order and decorum preserved throughout the entire establishment. jy31

Apollo Hall, 4th street, near Wood.

THE ORIGINAL VIRGINIA SERENADERS.

J R. Myers, G A Harrington,
L V H Crosby, G. Kunkel,
F Solomon, E. Horn.

Will continue their unique Ethiopian Concerts at the above named place until further notice, with a change of programme every evening. During the week the company will produce the Burlesque Indian Dance; Negro Statuary, &c., which was received at the Chestnut St. Theatre, with immense applause

Doors open at ½ past 7—to commence at ½ past 8.

☞ Cards of admission, 25 cents.

jy29:tf WM. HORN, Agent.

Greenwood Garden.

THE public are respectfully informed that WHITE'S BAND will perform in this Garden on Friday evening, August 4th, where several new pieces of music will be introduced. The steamer Greenwood will make her regular trips until 11 o'clock, P. M. Good music and many other good things may be expected. Should the evening prove unfavorable, it will be postponed until further notice. aug2-3t

Multum in Parvo.

IT is a great satisfaction to us to be able thus publicly to announce, that the great demand for our superior and splendid preparations of our "FAMILY MEDICINES," far exceeds our most sanguine expectations, particularly our Indian Expectorant and Compound Carminative Balsam, which for beauty of appearance, superiority of ingredients, and the compounding of them, together with the immense disparity in the size of our bottles over any others—the beautiful and ornamental engravings, and the taste displayed in the putting of them up, is a further incitement to the purchaser. And as many of my old friends who knew me ("B. GRAVES LOUDEN,") when in the employment of Dr D Jayne, I now beg leave respectfully to inform them that I am one of the firm of LOUDEN & Co, No. 84 Arch street, below Third, PHILADELPHIA, where I shall be happy to see them; who, aided by his brother, a regular graduate of the "Philadelphia College of Pharmacy," make, put up, and compound, with our own hands, every article comprising our "Family Medicines," viz: Indian Expectorant, Compound Carminative Balsam, Compound Tonic Vermifuge, West Indian Sanative Pills, and Oriental Hair Tonics.

We further beg leave to remark, (and we do it with a confidence that cannot be shaken,) that we have discovered and made an improvement on our Oriental Hair Tonic, that far exceeds any thing ever offered to the public. Give us a call at No 84 ARCH street. Our terms alone are an inducement, and we are sure of the result. aug1:3m

The Bankers' Magazine.

THE BANKERS' MAGAZINE, and State Financial Register, devoted to the dissemination of Bank Statistics, sound principles of Banking, utility and principles of Life Insurance and Savings Banks, English and American Law Decisions in reference to the business of Banks and Bankers, &c. Edited by J Smith Homans.

Particular attention will be given as heretofore to the compilation of recent decisions respecting Banks, Brokers, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Usury, Bonds, Notaries, Damages, &c. in the Courts of Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina, Ohio, Louisiana, Tennessee, and other States. This will be one of the most important features of the work, and will in itself claim the attention of Presidents, Cashiers, Tellers, Notaries and others. Among other details of importance to bankers and others, the work will contain statistics of the Banks in every State of the Union; biographical sketches of prominent Bankers of Europe and America, Official Tables showing the debts, business, expenditures, and financial condition of the several States of the Union.

Published monthly, 64 pages octavo, at Three Dollars per annum.

ELLIOTT & ENGLISH, 75 Wood st.
aug3 Agents for Bankers' Magazine.

New Publications.

HISTORY OF CONGRESS, Biographical and Political, comprising memoirs of the members of the Congress of the U S By H G Wheeler. Illustrated by numerous steel portraits, &c. &c. Vol 1, octavo.

The Writings of C M Clay, including speeches and addresses, with steel portraits. Edited by H Greely 1 vol, 8 vo

What I Saw in California: By Edwin Bryant.

Barnes' Notes, Vol 10, on James, Peter, John and Luke.

Charms and Counter-Charms: By Miss M'Intosh, author of "To seem and to be," "Conquest," &c. &c.

Mary Grover, a Domestic Temperance Tale: By C. Burdett.

Kings and Queens, or Life in the Palace; consisting of historical sketches of late and reigning sovereigns: By J. S. C. Abbott.

A First Book in Spanish, or, a practical introduction to the study of the Spanish Language: By J Salkeld.

The Dying Robin and other tales: By Rev. Dr. Alden.

Just rec'd by R. HOPKINS,
Apollo Buildings, 4th st,
aug1 (Successor to J L. Read.)

An Ordinance,

Authorizing the Building of a Sewer.

BE it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That the Committee on Streets, Grading and Paving, be and are hereby authorized to contract for the building of a Sewer in Diamond alley, from Decatur street, to connect with one about to be built from Ferry to Hay street, providing the same shall not cost more than One Hundred Dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated for that purpose, and charge the same to appropriation. No. —.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this first day of August, A. D. 1848.

[ATTEST.] MORGAN ROBERTSON, Pres't C C
S. VON BONNHORST, Clk pro tem. C. C.
JOHN SHIPTON, Pres't. S. C
JOHN MAJOR, Clerk S. C. aug3

An Ordinance,

Changing the name of Henry Street.

BE it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That from and after the passage of this Ordinance, that Henry street, in the Sixth Ward, shall be known and designated by the name of Logan street.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this first day of August, A D 1848.

[Attest] MORGAN ROBERTSON, Pres't. C. C.
S VON BONNHORST. Clk. pro tem C. C.
JOHN SHIPTON, Pres't. S C
JOHN MAJOR, Clerk S. C. aug3-3t

263 Acres Coal Land for Sale,

SITUATED on the Monongahela river, about 16 miles from Pittsburgh and 3 miles above third Lock, in the immediate neighborhood of Messrs. Lyon & Shorb, and Mr. John Herron's purchase. This fine body of Coal will be sold at the low price of $33 per acre—one third in hand, balance in five equal annual payments, without interest. Title indisputable. Location very good—cannot be surpassed. For further particulars enquire of S. BALSLEY, who has a draft of said property. Residence 2d st, below Ferry, Mr. Adams' Row.

N B. There is another seam of coal on this tract, about 60 feet above the lower, of excellent quality.

jy28:dtf S. B.

For Rent.

THAT commodious brick dwelling house and large lot, the residence of Mrs. Jane Magee, on Webster street, near the head of Seventh street, on which are a stable and carriage house, out houses, bake oven, and a variety of shrubs and grape vines. Possession will be given on the 1st of October, or sooner if required. Enquire on the premises, or on Wylie, near Washington street, of M B LOWRIE

aug3-dtf

STEAMBOATS.

CINCINNATI & PITTSBURGH

DAILY PACKET LINE.

THIS well known line of splendid passenger Steamers is now composed of the largest, swiftest, best finished and furnished, and most powerful boats on the waters of the West. Every accommodation and comfort that money can procure, has been provided for passengers. The Line has been in operation for five years—has carried a million of people without the least injury to their persons. The boats will be at the foot of Wood street the day previous to starting, for the reception of freight and the entry of passengers on the register. In all cases the passage money must be paid in advance.

SUNDAY PACKET.

The ISAAC NEWTON, Capt. A G. MASON, will leave Pittsburgh every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Sunday evening at 10 P. M.

May 29, 1847.

MONDAY PACKET.

The MONONGAHELA, Capt. STONE, will leave Pittsburgh every Monday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Monday evening at 10 P. M.

TUESDAY PACKET.

The HIBERNIA No. 2, Capt. J KLINEFELTER, will leave Pittsburgh every Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Tuesday evening at 10 P. M.

WEDNESDAY PACKET.

The NEW ENGLAND No. 2, Capt. S. DEAN, will leave Pittsburgh every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, Wheeling every Wednesday evening at 10 P. M.

THURSDAY PACKET.

The BRILLIANT, Capt. GRACE, will leave Pittsburgh every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Thursday evening at 10 P. M.

FRIDAY PACKET.

The CLIPPER No. 2, Capt. CROOKS, will leave Pittsburgh every Friday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Friday evening at 10 P. M.

SATURDAY PACKET.

The MESSENGER, Capt. S. RENO, will leave Pittsburgh every Saturday morning at 10 o'clock Wheeling every Saturday evening at 10 P. M.

NEW LISBON AND PITTSBURGH DAILY LINE OF CANAL AND STEAM PACKETS,

1848.

(VIA GLASGOW.)

Leaves Pittsburgh daily, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and arrives at Glasgow, (mouth of the Sandy and Beaver Canal,) at 3 o'clock, and New Lisbon at 11, same night.

Leaves New Lisbon at 6 o'clock, P. M., (making the trip canal to the river during the night,) and Glasgow at 9 o'clock, A. M., and arrives at Pittsburgh at 3 P. M.—thus making a continuous line for carrying passengers and freight between New Lisbon and Pittsburgh, in shorter time and at less rates than by any other route.

The proprietors of this Line have the pleasure of informing the public that they have fitted up two first class Canal Boats, for the accommodation of passengers and freight, to run in connection with the well known steamers CALEB COPE and BEAVER, and connecting, at Glasgow, with the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati and other daily lines of steamers down the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. The proprietors pledge themselves to spare no expense or trouble to insure comfort, safety and dispatch, and ask of the public a share of their patronage.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS.

G M. HARTON, } Pittsburgh.
S. & W. HARBAUGH,
R. HANNA, & Co. } New Lisbon.
my11:tf J. HARBAUGH & Co.

NOTICE—The steamer BEAVER, C. E. Clarke, master, will leave after this notice, for Wellsville punctually, at 9 o'clock in the morning. je13

1848. 1848

PITTSBURGH & BROWNSVILLE

Daily Packet Line.

FEBRUARY 1st, 1848 FEBRUARY 1st, 184

LEAVE DAILY AT 8 A. M., AND 4 P. M.

The following new boats complete the line for the present season: ATLANTIC, Capt. James Parkinson; BALTIC, Capt. A. Jacobs; and LOUIS M'LANE, Capt E. Bennett. The boats are entirely new, and are fitted up without regard to expense. Every comfort that money can procure has been provided. The Boats will leave the Monongahela Wharf Boat at the foot of Ross st. Passengers will be punctual on board, as the boats will certainly leave at the advertised hours, 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. jan31

PITTSBURGH & WHEELING PACKET,

The swift steamer
CONSUL,

Dorsey P Kinney, master, will leave regularly for Wheeling, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock precisely.

Leave Wheeling every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, a m, precisely.

The Consul will land at all the intermediate ports.—Every accomodation that can be procured for the comfort and safety of passengers has been provided. The boat is also provided with a self-acting safety guard to prevent explosions. For freight or passage apply on board or to DAVID C HERBST,
feb4 corner of 1st and Smithfield sts.

FOR CINCINNATI.

The fine steamer
NEW ENGLAND,

A J M'Clure, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports this day, at 10 o'clock, in place of the Clipper

For freight or passage apply on board. aug4

FOR CINCINNATI.

The fine steamer
RIO GRANDE,

Gonley, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage apply on board. aug4

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The splendid passenger steamer
ROSCOE,

Javens, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage; apply on board. aug4

FOR CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

The fine steamer
WYOMING,

Fowler, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. aug4

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The splendid steamer
PARIS,

Maratta, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on this day.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
aug4 D WILKINS, Agt

REGULAR CINCINNATI PACKET

The fine steamer
HIGHLANDER,

Parkinson, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. aug3

FOR CINCINNATI.

The splendid steamer
FAIRMOUNT,

Ebbert, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage, apply on board. aug3

FOR CINCINNATI.

The splendid new steamer
VISITOR,

Jacobs, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. aug1

FOR CINCINNATI.

The new steamer
HIGHLAND MARY,

Burke, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage apply on board. jy31

FOR CINCINNATI.

The new and splendid steamer
ZACHARY TAYLOR,

Lucas, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy31

FOR CINCINNATI.

The new and light draught steamer
MT. VERNON,

Kountz, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage apply on board. jy29

FOR CINCINNATI.

The fine new light draught steamer
PHILIP DODDRIDGE,

Moore, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy29

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The fine new steamer
SHENANDOAH,

Bowman, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy28

FOR ST. LOUIS AND ILLINOIS RIVER.

The fine steamer
SWISS BOY,

Davidson, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy29

FOR CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

The elegant steamer
RINGGOLD,

Cope, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy28

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The fine new light draught steamer
LEWIS WETZEL,

Thompson, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy27

FOR CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

The fine steamer
COLORADO,

Gormly, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports this day.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy26

FOR ST. LOUIS.

The fine steamer
JEWESS,

Bougher, master, will leave for the above & intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage apply on board. jy19

FOR CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

The splendid steamer
AMERICAN EAGLE,

Atkinson, master, will leave for the above & intermediate ports regularly

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy19

FOR CINCINNATI.

The light draught steamer
FRIENDSHIP,

Davis, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage apply on board. je19

FOR CINCINNATI.

The splendid steamer
NIAGARA,

Jacobs, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage apply on board. jy18

FOR CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

The fine new passenger steamer
GERMANTOWN,

Bougher, master, will leave for above and intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage, apply on board. jy15

REGULAR MONDAY PACKET FOR CINCINNATI.

The fine steamer
PENNSYLVANIA,

Gray, master, will leave regularly hereafter as above, in place of the steamer Monongahela.

For freight or passage, apply on board. je26

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND SUNFISH.

The neat and substantial low water steamboat
HUDSON,

Andrew Poe Master, has resumed her regular trips between Bridgeport, Sunfish and Pittsburgh, leaving Pittsburgh on Mondays and Thursdays.

jy7

REGULAR PACKET FOR SUNFISH.

The new and fast steamer
WELLSVILLE.

Barnes, master, will leave for above and all intermediate ports on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week. For freight or passage apply on board or to

feb14 GEO B MILTENBERGER, Agt.

FOUND—On the 24th inst., on Water street, between Water and Wood streets, a sum of MONEY, which the owner can have by calling on Mr Sims, on Third street, above Wood—proving property and paying for this advertisement. aug3-3t