THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PITTSBURGH:
THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 3, 1848.

PHILADELPHIA NORTH AMERICAN.—Advertisements and Subscriptions to the North American and United States Gazette, Philadelphia, received and forwarded from this office.

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We will receive and forward free of expense, advertisements and subscriptions for this paper.

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☞ THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE is published Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.—The Daily is Seven Dollars per annum; the Tri-Weekly is Five Dollars per annum; the Weekly is Two Dollars per annum, *strictly in advance.*

☞ ADVERTISERS are carefully requested to hand in their favors before 3 P. M., and as early in the day as practicable. Advertisements not inserted for a specified time will invariably be charged until ordered out.

FOR LATEST Commercial Intelligence, Domestic, Markets, River News, Imports, Money Markets, &c. see third page.

Democratic Whig Nominations,
FOR PRESIDENT,
ZACHARY TAYLOR,
OF LOUISIANA.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.

ELECTORAL TICKET.
SENATORIAL ELECTORS.
THOMAS M. T. M'KENNAN, of Washington.
JOHN P. SANDERSON, of Lebanon.
DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. Joseph G. Clarkson,
2. John P. Wetherill,
3. James M. Davis,
4. Thos. W. Duffield,
5. Daniel G. Hiner,
6. John Bright,
7. John D. Steele,
8. John Landis,
9. Joseph Sanmaker,
10. Charles Snyder,
11. William G. Hurley,
12. Francis Tyler,
13. Henry Johnson,
14. William Calder,
15. William M'Ilvaine,
16. Charles W. Fisher,
17. Andrew G. Curtin,
18. Thos. E. Davidson,
19. Joseph Markle,
20. Daniel Agnew,
21. Andrew Loomis,
22. Richard Irvin,
23. Thomas S. Bell,
24. Saml A. Purviance.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
NER MIDDLESWARTH,
OF UNION COUNTY.

Antimasonic and Whig Nominations.
FOR CONGRESS,
MOSES HAMPTON,
OF PITTSBURGH.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
LEWIS C. NOBLE, of Indiana.
CHRISTIAN SNIVELY, of Wilkins.
M. SWARTZWELDER, of Pittsburgh.
HENRY LARGE, of Mifflin.

RECORDER,
HEZEKIAH NIXON, of Lower St. Clair.]

REGISTER.
JOHN SCOTT, of Ross.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.
DANIEL M'CURDY, of Elizabeth Borough.

ATTORNEY.
JOHN K. FOSTER, of Baldwin.

THE PEOPLE'S PLATFORM.

"I have no private purposes to accomplish, no party purposes to build up, no enemies to punish—nothing to serve but my country."

"The power given by the Constitution to the Executive, to interpose his veto, is a high conservative power, which should never be exercised except in cases of clear violation of the Constitution, or manifest haste and want of consideration by Congress."

"The personal opinions of the individual who may happen to occupy the Executive chair, ought not to control the action of Congress upon questions of domestic policy, nor ought his influence to be interposed where questions of constitutional power have been settled by the various departments of government, and acquiesced in by the people."

"Upon the subjects of the tariff, the currency, the improvement of our great highways, rivers, lakes, and harbors, the will of the people, as expressed through their representatives in Congress, ought to be respected and carried out by the Executive."

"War, at all times, and under all circumstances, is a national calamity, to be avoided, if consistent with national honor." "States are untrammeled in the exercise of their labor, any attempt on the part of Pennsylvania ALONE to reduce the hours of labor, would have a most destructive tendency on a great, growing and important branch of industry, conducive alike to the comfort and prosperity of our Commonwealth.

"*Resolved*, Therefore, that from necessity, we must continue to employ our machinery twelve hours per day, as heretofore, and in conformity with the provisions of the law, adopt a system of special contracts with the operatives."

A common desire on our part, and amongst a respectable, industrious and orderly portion of the operatives of both sexes, to resume our labors as usual, induced us, not to evade the law, as has been reported, but to comply with its terms and requirements, by making the special contracts for 12 hours. In this attempt of the employer and employed, to execute their lawful business, in the only way in which the Pennsylvania Mills can be saved through the provisions of the law, the violence of the mob is known to the public, and if approved and acquiesced in by them, has effectually suspended operations, until such legislation shall prevail in Pennsylvania, or be adopted in other States as may place the Cotton Manufacturing interest of this great Union on one common footing as regards labor, which is only another term for wages.

We have no desire to advert to the personal violence, the abuse of our property and of our common rights as citizens, which have all been outraged. We allude to these proceedings with regret tally, and only because we fear and regret that the effect produced may be to prejudice the good will cordially and friendly feelings, that happily has heretofore existed between the proprietors and the operatives of the Allegheny Mills, and which need not be impaired—and cannot be destroyed—if they are left to control and adjust their own concerns, and consult their own interests.

We hope, therefore, that we may be correctly understood by the public in reference to the position we now occupy—not through any choice of our own, but by reason of the necessity that is laid upon us.

First, That whilst in other States they run their machinery 12 *or more* hours per day, we cannot successfully compete with them, working 10 hours per day.

Second, That the mills must and will remain suspended until we are placed on a common platform with other States, of which we are now deprived, unless we can operate under the special contract provision of our Pennsylvania law.

Third, That we are ready and willing to resume our business whenever we can do so, with no greater burdens, restrictions and dangers, than what are common and incident to the business elsewhere.

BLACKSTOCK, BELL & Co., Pitt Cotton Mill.
P. McCORMICK, Hope Cotton Mill.
KING, PENNOCK, & Co., Eagle Cotton Mill.
MOORHEAD, COPELAND & Co., Union Cotton Mill.
KENNEDY, CHILDS & Co., Penn Cotton Mill.
N. VOEGTLY & Co, Star Cotton Mill.
JAMES A. GRAY, Allegheny Cotton Mill.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1848.

GEN. CASS'S LAND SPECULATIONS.—The St. Louis Republican publishes the following communication from a 'respectable citizen' of that city, in corroboration of the statement in the Louisville Journal, in reference to Cass's Land Speculations:

"GOV. CASS AND THE LAND SPECULATION.—In the Louisville Journal is a statement respecting an association entered into by Governor Cass, Senator Hubbard, and others, in the year 1836. The writer of this was at Barnum's Hotel, in Baltimore, in 1836, with a friend from New York. The gentleman was called out of our room, by another, then a high functionary of the United States Government, and a general outline of the Cass, Hubbard, & Co. proposed speculation was made, and an offer to participate was made to my friend, who consulted me as to the prospect of entering government mineral lands, then under the direction and control of the War Department—General Cass being Secretary, was supposed to be advantageous for such a purpose. My advice was not to enter into the speculation, for if any advantage arose from high functionaries of the United States being of the association, they would be unfair or surreptitious. My advice was followed. How the matter ended eventually, I do not know.

M. T.

July 26th, 1848.

WELL PUT.—The editor of the Oswego Times thus sums up his reasons for supporting Gen. Tay lor:

Simply, we go for Gen. Taylor because he will administer the Government according to Whig Principles. Because he will sign harbor appropriations. Because he will not thwart the will of the people on the territory question. Because in the language of Washington, he would 'not quit our own to stand on foreign soil.' Because he will not lead the country into disastrous, useless war. Because he is honest, capable and faithful to the Constitution.

UNION.—General Cass recently made a journey to Ann Arbor, to attend the commencement exercises of the University. The very day he arrived, the Washentaw Democrat, the leading Locofoco organ in that part of the State, hauled down the Cass and Butler flag, and run up that of Van Buren.

THE MEXICAN NEWS.—Now that the details of the Mexican news has arrived, a synopsis of which was received by telegraph, it is difficult to tell whether Paredes whipped Bustamente, or Bustamente defeated Paredes—both are affirmed. The accounts are so contradictory that our readers would not be any wiser for reading the details.—We will, therefore, wait for a further arrival, when the mystery may be solved.

Our old and respected subscriber, WM. WOODS, Esq., called upon us yesterday, and paid for the *fifty-third* year of his subscription to the Pittsburgh Gazette, *we admire!* How forcibly does this speak in favor of the punctuality and permanent habits of our aged friend.

Mr. Reid, the Locofoco candidate for Governor in N. Carolina, says that Gen. Taylor is a Roman Catholic and being so, he let the Mexicans off at

THE FACTORY QUESTION.
STATEMENT OF THE MANUFACTURERS.

The undersigned, proprietors of the various cotton mills, situate in the city of Allegheny, having in view a decent respect for public opinion, and to shield ourselves from the obliquy and reproach endeavored to be cast upon our characters, by various and oft repeated misrepresentations of our motives and business, in connection with what is called the ten hour law, have judged that the time has arrived, when a simple and temperate exposition of facts, might be proper and useful in directing the public mind to just and equitable conclusions.

The profits of manufacturing yarn and coarse cotton goods, has been greatly overrated in the U. States for a long time. It has had its seasons of prosperity, with alternate periods of depression and adversity—while public estimates appear all to have been predicated upon the bright and sunny side of the picture. That the general and aggregate result has not been at all adequate to justify the risk and trouble incident to its pursuit, is the experience of nearly all who have been long engaged in the business,—at the present time it is laboring under considerable adversity, of which the suspended establishments in the North, and the reduction of wages in that favored region, are unmistakable evidences. Nor is the future free from strong and gloomy apprehensions—these arise principally from the immense importations under low duties—the scarcity of money—and the vast increase of machinery and its productions in the United States, which has reduced the domestic fabric to a small, regular, and net profit. In this active home competition, the manufacturer in Pennsylvania is required, by the late law, to meet the enlightened and energetic New Englander in a common market;—the one with the product of twelve hours' labor—the other with the product of ten hours' labor—a difference of one sixth, or nearly 17 per cent. of a discriminating duty, enacted by Pennsylvania, AGAINST the labor of her own citizens and operatives. Surely no argument is necessary to convince an enlightened and calculating public, that however desirous the owners of mills may be to get their machinery in operation again, they are completely shut out from the exercise of that right under the late law—unless it be by adopting the proviso it contains, that special contracts may be made for twelve hours' labor.

Some time previous to the late law taking effect, the undersigned had a meeting, to compare their experience, and form a judgment as to their ability to adopt the ten hour system;—the result of our deliberations was then recorded, and from the minutes we extract the following—viz:

"At a meeting of the proprietors of Cotton Mills, held in Pittsburgh, on 23d of May, 1848—the subject of the late law of Pennsylvania, regulating the hours of labor in Cotton Mills, after the 4th of July next, being under consideration, it was unanimously

"*Resolved*, That we cordially approve of the benevolent action of the Legislature, in excluding children under twelve years of age from employment in Factories, and believe that at no time was it the interest of them or their employers: but that the practice originated through the entreaties of indigent parents, whose wants were supplied by their earnings. We at the same time sympathize with many widows and others, in afflictive circumstances, in being thus deprived of their ordinary supply of the daily necessaries of life.

"*Resolved*, That the extensive and enterprising competition in the various states of the Union, in producing coarse cotton goods, has reduced the business to an estimated and small profit, and that, whilst other manufacturing communities, both in the *free* and *slave* states, are untrammeled in the hours of their labor, any attempt on the part of Pennsylvania ALONE to reduce the hours of labor, would have a most destructive tendency on a great, growing and important branch of industry, conducive alike to the comfort and prosperity of our Commonwealth.

"*Resolved*, Therefore, that from necessity, we must continue to employ our machinery twelve hours per day, as heretofore, and in conformity with the provisions of the law, adopt a system of special contracts with the operatives."

We, the undersigned, proprietors of the following Cotton Mills, situate in the city of Allegheny, do hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the minutes of a meeting held by us on the 23d of May, 1848.

BLACKSTOCK, BELL & Co., Pitt Cotton Mill.
P. McCORMICK, Hope Cotton Mill.
KING, PENNOCK, & Co., Eagle Cotton Mill.
MOORHEAD, COPELAND & Co., Union Cotton Mill.
KENNEDY, CHILDS & Co., Penn Cotton Mill.
N. VOEGTLY & Co, Star Cotton Mill.
JAMES A. GRAY, Allegheny Cotton Mill.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1848.

"THE FIRST PRAYER IN CONGRESS."—This is the title of a splendid engraving on steel, by H. S. Ladd, from a painting by T. H. Mattison, a proof copy of which has been laid on our table. The incident which first led Mr. Mattison to form his beautiful design, is the following touching narration, which will both delight and instruct our readers. It is from the pen of the venerable JOHN ADAMS.

Beautiful Reminiscence of the first Congress in Philadelphia,

FROM THE PEN OF THE VENERABLE JOHN ADAMS.

When the Congress met, Mr. Cushing made a motion that it should be opened with prayer. It was opposed by Mr. Jay, of N. Y., and Mr. Rutledge, of S. C., because we were so divided in religious sentiments, some Episcopalians, some Quakers, some Anabaptists, some Presbyterians, and some Congregationalists, that we could not join in the same act of worship. Mr. Sam'l. Adams arose and said, 'that he was no bigot, and could hear a prayer from any gentleman of piety and virtue, who was at the same time a friend to his country. He was a stranger in Philadelphia, but had heard that Mr. Duche (Dushay they pronounced it,) deserved that character, and therefore he moved that Mr. Duche, an Episcopalian clergyman, might be desired to read prayers to Congress to morrow morning." The motion was seconded, and passed in the affirmative. Mr. Randolph, our President, waited on Mr. D., and received for answer, that if his health would permit, he certainly would. Accordingly next morning he appeared with his clerk, and in his pontificals, and read several prayers in the established form, and then read the Psalter for the seventh day of September, which was the 35th Psalm. You must remember this was the next morning after we had heard of the horrible cannonade of Boston. "It seemed as if heaven had ordained that Psalm to be read on that morning."

"After this Mr. Duche, unexpectedly to every body, struck out into extemporary prayer, which filled the bosom of every man present. I must confess I never heard a better prayer, or one so well pronounced. Episcopalian as he is, Dr. Cooper himself, never prayed with such fervor, such ardor, such correctness and elegance of style, and in language so great and sublime for America, for Congress, for the province of Massachusetts Bay, especially the town of Boston. It had excellent effect upon every body here. I must beg of you to read the Psalm. If there is any faith in the sorties Virgilianæ, or Homericæ, or especially the sorties Bibliceæ, it would have been thought providential."

Here was a scene worthy of the painter's art. It was in Carpenter's Hall, in Philadelphia, a building which still survives, that the devoted individuals met to whom this service was read.

Washington was kneeling there, and Henry, and Randolph, and Rutledge, and Lee, and Jay, and by their side there stood, bowed in reverence, the Puritan patriots of New England, who at that moment had reason to believe that an armed soldiery was wasting their humble households. It was believed that Boston had been bombarded and destroyed. They prayed fervently "for America, for the Congress, for the province of Massachusetts Bay, and especially for the town of Boston;" and who can realize the emotions with which they uttered imploringly to heaven for divine interposition and aid? "It was enough," says Mr. Adams, "to melt a heart of stone. I saw the tears gush into the eyes of the old, grave, pacific Quakers of Philadelphia."

The plate is 20 by 25 inches, printed on fine paper, and contains 36 figures, mostly portraits of great men, in great circumstances. Every American and every Christian should delight to have this fine historical engraving in his house. A more appropriate or beautiful ornament, cannot well be procured. Mr. Mattison is in town with a few copies for sale.

LETTER FROM ROME.

You doubtless expect a description of the Vatican and its treasures—but you will be disappointed. To conceive its galleries of art, imagine a *forest* (a western forest, if you please,) of beautiful statuary. But, indeed, it must be *seen* to be appreciated. I can only tell you that the entire building is 1151 feet long, and 767 feet wide; that it has halls, chambers and galleries, almost *ad infinitum*; that there are 8 grand staircases, 200 smaller ones, 20 courts, 4422 apartments. The details would require a volume. It is hoary with age, as well as with sin. The library contains 30,000 volumes, and 23,580 manuscripts.

It is equally impossible to describe the various palaces, with their magnificent paintings. They can interest no one but the beholder. The Capitol is a very fine building, standing on the site of the old one—it was designed by Michael Angelo, and has also a gallery of paintings and statuary. Here is the famous Dying Gladiator. Near by, are the famous Mammertine prisons, in which, it is said, both Peter and Paul were confined. A fountain is still shown, that sprung up from the floor to refresh Peter, and a large indenture in the side of the wall, said to be caused by a miracle: the keeper once attempted to smite his head against the wall, the solid stone gave way to prevent contusion, and left the impression of the Apostle's face in the solid rock

The "seven hills" of the old city are mostly built over. The Tarpeian rock still stands, and is sufficiently high to break the neck of the unlucky wretch who should be pitched down it; but a garden is on its top, and houses of various descriptions built close to it—so that one might hunt a long time without suspecting this to be the Tarpeian rock of Roman history. Indeed, this is the difficulty with most of the spots the classic traveller hastens to find. The ruins themselves have almost disappeared, and the modern use to which the places are applied, contrasts so widely with their ancient one, that he is disappointed at every step. The truth is, one must depend upon his own enthusiasm, and let imagination fill up the picture to which only the merest outlines are furnished. As he stands on this rock, the Forum is below, and the seven hills in sight. Indeed, with these objects of thrilling interest around him, it needs no very great imagination to become excited. The solitary columns that rise before him—the ruins of the Cæsars' palace, and the mighty Coliseum standing in view—bring back the "stirring memory of a thousand years," and he exclaims:

Is this the rock of triumph! the high place
Where Rome embraced her heroes? This the steep
Tarpeian—fittest goal of Treason's race!
The promontory where the traitor's leap
Cured all ambition! Did the conquerors heap
Their spoils here! Yes! and in yon field below,
A thousand years of silvered factions sleep;
The Forum, where the immortal accents glow,
And still the eloquent air breathes, burns with Cicero!

Yes, it is all immortal ground. Come down from the "steep Tarpeian," and tread the Forum with me. Horace used to walk up here with his nose turned up sarcastically to the world—for he says in one of his satires—

"Ibam forte via sacra, sicut meus est mos,
Nescius quid meditans nugarum et totus in illis."

Here Cicero stood and thundered, and the Senate sat on the fate of the Empire—but of this we have spoken before. There is an arch at the farther end, built for Titus on his return from the conquest of Jerusalem. It is said that the Jews to this day scrupulously avoid passing under it. How changed has everything become! Then, the naughty victor marched to the sound of music along this way, with the spoils of the Holy City carried before him, and a weeping train of Judah's captives following his triumphal chariot. Then, the palace of the Cæsars rose in its glory beside the Forum, and the capitol looked down upon them, laden with the spoils of a hundred victorious battles. Now, solitary and lonely it stands amid the surrounding ruins. Stretching away from its triumphal curve, were *ropewalks*, with the unconscious spinners leisurely weaving their lines in the setting sun. Titus and the Jewish captives rest together. The triumph of the one, and the sufferings of the other, are alike forgotten. The ropespinner owns the Via Sacra, and the Forum is a cow market! Thus centuries go silent by, carrying with them man and his triumphs—writing out, in every ruin, a satire on human pride. But who reads it to grow better!—*N. E. Puritan.*

HOW TO ENLARGE VEGETABLES.—A vast increase of food may be obtained by managing judiciously, and systematically carrying out for a time the principle of increase. Take, for instance, a pea. Plant it in a very rich ground. Allow it to bear the first year, say half a dozen pods only: remove all others. Save the largest single pea of these—sow it the next year, and retain of the produce three pods only; sow the largest one the following year, and retain one pod. Again select the largest, and the next year the sort will by this time have trebled its size and weight. Ever afterwards sow the largest seed. By these means you will get peas (or anything else) of a bulk of which we at present have no conception

Local Affairs.

REPORTED FOR THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

Proceedings in Council.
SELECT COUNCIL.

AUGUST 1st, 1848.

Select Council met: Present, Messrs. Aikins, Black, Caskey, Coyle, Denny, Drum, Kincaid, Layng, Murray, Simpson, and Mr. Shipton, President.

On motion of Mr. Black, the reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

Mr. Black presented an Ordinance, entitled an Ordinance authorizing the issue of City Bonds in favor of James Mackerell and William Wilson, which was read three times and passed. Sent to C. C.

Mr. Murray presented the Report of the Committee on City Property, which was read and accepted. Also, the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Mayor be, and he is hereby authorised to draw his warrant on the City Treasurer in favor of C. Doran, for the sum of $150, which shall be payment in full of all damages against the city by the said Doran, provided the said Doran shall execute an assignment of the lease of the property he now occupies.

Read three times and adopted. Sent to C. C.

Mr. Denny offered a resolution authorizing the Street Committee to examine the property of Mrs. Nolan, on Webster street, and ascertain what damages she has sustained by grading said street, and report to next meeting of Councils. Read three times and adopted. Sent to C. C.

Mr. Denny in the Chair.

The Resolution relative to the removal of the turnpike gate, on the Greensburgh Road, was then taken up and amended, by requiring the removal of said gate within ten days after the meeting of the Board of Managers of the Company.—Read a third time and adopted. Sent to C. C.

Mr. Murray offered a resolution authorizing the appointment of arbitrators to ascertain the amount of damages sustained by Mathew Riley, by the grading of Second street. Read three times and adopted.

The following business, acted on in the Common Council, was then taken up, and the action of that Board concurred in.

A Resolution providing for a sluice gate at the canal. In C. C., May 22. Read three times and adopted.

A Resolution appropriating $15 for the payment of expenses of special election in the 3d Ward.—In C., July 31. Adopted.

A Resolution in favor of E. F. Pratt for $75, for services as Messenger of Committees of Council, up to the time of the passage of the ordinance creating that office: in C C, July 31. Adopted.

A Report of the Committee on Canal.

Also, a resolution authorizing the Mayor to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in favor of the 1st and 2d District Commissioners for the sum of $222 50 cts—amount of cost for clearing out Canal, and charge to Aqueduct fund—In C C, July 31. Report accepted, and resolution adopted.

A Report of the Committee on Streets—accepted.

Also, a Resolution authorizing the 2d District St. Commissioner to improve Mayer Street, in the 8th Ward, and appropriating $300 for that purpose. In C C, July 31. Adopted.

Also, a Resolution authorizing the appointment of arbitrators to ascertain the amount of damages sustained by Mrs. Elizabeth Leonard, by the grading of 2d St., and to report the damages sustained. In C C, July 31—adopted.

Also, a Resolution authorizing the Mayor to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in favor of the first District St. Commissioner for $52.37, for work done in repairing sewer on Hay St., and charge Ap. 3d Ward fund. In C C, July 31. Adopted.

A Petition for grading Factory street, from Pike street to the river—in C. C. July 31. Read and referred to the Committee on Streets.

Two Bills of M'Millin & Sorycck for printing—in C. C. July 31. Referred to Committee on City Printing.

A Petition of citizens of the 5th Ward for a sewer in Spring alley—in C. C. July 31. Read and referred to Committee on Streets, with power to act.

A Report of the Committee on Streets, relative to streets in the Sixth Ward—accepted. Also, a Resolution appropriating $1800 for grading Penn street, from Wylie to Caldwell sts., and Henry street to Pennsylvania Avenue—the work to be done under the supervision of the Committee on Streets and the Street Commissioner. In C. C. July 31. Adopted.

An Ordinance entitled an Ordinance authorizing the building of a bridge in Diamond alley—in C. C. August 1. Read three times and passed.

A Petition of citizens of the 3d Ward, remonstrating against the grading of Webster street—In C. C. July 31. Referred to Committee on Streets, with instructions to suspend the work until Committee report.

An Ordinance entitled an Ordinance changing the name of Henry st —sent to C C July 31 read 3 times and passed.

A Report of the Superintendent of the Water Works—accepted.

Also, the following Resolution:

Resolved, That the Water Committee be, and they are hereby authorized, to have the requisite length of pipe, of thirty inches diameter, for an additional rising supply, made and laid down without any delay, and that payment of the same be made in the same manner as is provided for the new rising main. In C. July 31, adopted.

Also the following resolution

Resolved, That the thanks of the Corporate authorities of the City of Pittsburgh, be and they are hereby respectfully tendered to the city of Cleveland, for their courtesy in presenting us with a copy of a Directory of their beautiful city.

In C. C., August 1,—read three times and adopted.

The following business, from Common Council was then taken up, and action of that Council concurred in.

An Ordinance entitled an Ordinance relative to Hogs. In C. C. August 1.—read 3 times and passed. Read twice and laid over.

An Ordinance entitled an Ordinance authorizing the issue of 40,000 City Scrip. In C. C. July 31—read twice and laid over. August 1, Read third time and passed.

The Ordinance was taken up and read twice, and the third reading and final passage called for, when Mr. Murray called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows

AYES.—Messrs. Aikins, Kincaid, Simpson—3.

NAYS.—Messrs. Black, Caskey, Coyle, Denny, Drum, Layng, Murray—7.

Adjourned.

HEAVY ROBBERY.—On Tuesday last a robbery, to a pretty heavy amount, was committed at the boarding house of Mr. James Lynch, on St. Clair street, under the following circumstances. Mr. James McKadden, an Irishman, a boarder, had about $1500, in English money, mostly sovereigns, deposited in his trunk, in his bed room, which contains several beds. In the same room another boarder, a Mr. James Ilefe, an Englishman, also lodged. On Tuesday, between nine and ten o'clock, A. M., Ilefe procured pen, ink and paper, and retired to his room, for the purpose, as he stated, to write a letter, and fastened the door on the inside, where he remained some time. When he came down stairs, he appeared in a great hurry, asked for his bill, and paid it, and said he must hasten, or the stage would leave him. About two o'clock on the same day, McFadden went to his room, where he found his trunk was broken open, and his money gone. No doubt it was abstracted by Ilefe. A reward of $200 is offered for the detection of the thief, and the recovery of the money.

We are astonished that any body should be so careless as to keep so large a sum as fifteen hundred dollars, in so unsafe a place as a trunk.

SUICIDE.—The Dispatch states that the inquest held by the Coroner on Tuesday morning last, was upon the body of Mrs. Sarah Gordon, who resided in South Pittsburgh, near the toll gate. The deceased, on Monday night, between eleven and twelve o'clock, jumped from a third story window, and in half an hour after died from the injuries received. This unfortunate woman is said to have been driven to the rash act of self destruction by intemperance.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, published to day, is an excellent number, containing all the important news of the week, various interesting communications, and political matters, *Mr. Corwin's great Speech in full*, a complete history of the proceedings on the Compromise Bill, various Editorials, Riots in Allegheny, &c., &c., together with a complete Price Current, and Review of the Market.—For sale at the counter. Price 5 cents.

ALL the Diplomatic Agents of the German Courts are to be recalled, in consequence of the dissolution of the German Diet, and they will be replaced by a representative of the German empire or nation, to be appointed by the national executive, the Archduke John.

It is just in God to deprive us of those enjoyments by which we have suffered ourselves to be deprived of our enjoyment in Him.

County Convention.

The Antimasonic and Whig voters of Allegheny county are requested to assemble in primary meetings, at the usual places, in the several election Districts, on Saturday, the 19th of August, 1848, to elect Delegates to a County Convention, to assemble at the Court House, on Wednesday, the 23d of the same month, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to appoint Delegates to a Whig State Convention at Harrisburgh, for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, and also to nominate a candidate for Commissioner, in place of Thos. Fairman, deceased.

The primary meetings, in the Wards and Boroughs, will assemble at 7½ o'clock, P. M.—and those of the Townships, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

ROBERT CAROTHERS,
Chairman of the Committee of Correspondence.
JOHN E. PARKE, Secretary.

☞ Yellow Teeth and putrid breath,
Spongy gums like rotten death,
Is repulsive and disgusting.
All could have teeth as white as pearl,
Sweet breath—hard gums—man or girl.
Why delay?—say, quickly haste
And use a box of Jones' Tooth Paste.

It costs but 25 cents, and is really a beautiful article to cleanses the teeth a fine enamel. Sold in Pittsburgh by Liberty st. nov19d&wly

☞ Ladies who use Jones' Spanish Lily White, have always a fine white transparent skin. Of this a trial will satisfy any one. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&wdly

Dr. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.—When the proprietor of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no medicine which deserved the name, for the cure of Liver and Bilious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and whose operation could in no wise prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, as has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved beyond a doubt, that Dr. M'Lane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the liver complaint.

☞ Purchasers will please beware of counterfeits, and invariable ask for Dr. M'Lane's celebrated liver pills, and take none else, as there are other pills purporting to be liver pills, now before the public.

☞ USE THE PROPER MEANS.—If you wish to be successful in any undertaking, you must always "use the proper means." Therefore, if you have a cough, use JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT and be cured, for it is the proper means. Have you Asthma or difficulty of breathing, then the only efficient means to cure you is to use Jayne's Expectorant, which will immediately overcome the spasm which contracts the diameter of the tubes, and loosens and brings up the mucus which clogs them up, and thus removes every obstruction in a free respiration, while at the same time all inflammation is subdued, and a cure is certain to be effected. Have you Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Pleurisy, or in fact any Pulmonary Affection, then use Jayne's Expectorant and relief is certain, and you will find that you have used the proper means.

For sale in Pittsburgh at the Pekin Tea Store, 73 4th street near Wood. jan17

☞ Citizens are honorably assured that the following are the actual qualities of a 3s. bottle of JONES' Coral Hair Restorative. If they doubt our word, they cannot these highly respectable citizens, who have tried it:

Mr. Geo. Beckett, 41 Elm st. New York.
Mrs. Matilda Reeves, Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn.
Mr. Wm. Tompkins, 92 King st. New York.
Mr. Thomas Jackson, Montour's island.
H. E. Cullen, late barber steamboat S. America.
And more than a hundred others state, though this must suffice, that it will force the hair to grow on the head or face, stop it falling off, strengthen the roots, removing scurf and dandruff from the roots, and making light, red or gray hair assume a fine dark look, and keeping dry, harsh or wiry hair moist, soft, clean and beautiful, a very, very long time. Sold at WM. JACKSON'S 89 Liberty st. ap18

☞ The soft, Angelic expression of some females is grateful to view, while the repulsive, coarse, muddy, yellow face of others, excites disgust the same with males. Could such people be induced to try a cake of the true Jonxs' Italian Chemical Soap, they would be enraptured with the change. They would have a delicate, clear, white skin, while every disfigurement or eruption would be removed and cured.

FLORENCE & NORTH.—Persons who have bought cheap counterfeits and imitations of this, and have had no effect produced, must try this, the original. Mind, ask for Jones' Soap. For sale at WM. JACKSON'S, 89 Liberty street. mar24

☞ Does your hair fall off, does your hair turn gray is it harsh, is it dry, or dirty, I pray?
If this thus, you can make it soft, silky and fine,
Dark and healthy, and beauteous as the hair of mine!
And to have this, you have but three shillings to give
For a bottle of Jones' Hair Restorative.
Reader, if you have bad hair you would really be astonished at the lovely effect a three shilling bottle of Jones' Coral Hair Restorative has on it; it needs but one trial. Sold at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&wly

WORMS! WORMS!—A great many learned treatises have been written, explaining the origin of, and classifying the Worms generated in the human system.—Scarce any topic of medical science has elicited more acute observation and research, and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It must be admitted, however, that after all, a mode of expelling these worms and purifying the body from their presence, is of more value than the wisest disquisitions as to the origin. The expelling agent has at length been found—and in offering to the public M'Lane's Vermifuge—the proprietors are confident that it will only require to be used, to prove itself superior to any now in use

For sale at the Drug Store of J. KIDD & Co. 60 wood street aug2

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—We would call attention to this excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Having several times within a few years past had occasion to use a medicine of this kind, we have by experience tested—to excellent qualities, and are prepared to recommend it to others. Ministers or other public speakers afflicted with bronchial affections will find great benefit from its use. It is prepared by a scientific physician, and all classes will find it a safe and efficacious medicine in the diseases for which it is recommended.—Columbus (Ohio) Times and Journal.

For sale at the Pekin Tea Store, No. 70 Fourth street. my25

☞ The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, as Publishers of the Pittsburgh Gazette, under the firm of Ernastus Brooks & Co., by this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be closed by Saml. Haight.

ERASTUS BROOKS.
SAML. HAIGHT

Pittsburgh, June 30, 1848.

☞ Don't have a Foul Breath. If you have, use a two shilling bottle of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste. That will make your breath sweet, whiten your teeth, &c.—Sold at 89 Liberty st. jy18-d&wly

The Bankers' Magazine.

THE BANKERS' MAGAZINE, and State Financial Register, devoted to the dissemination of Bank Statistics, sound principles of Banking, utility and principles of Life Insurance and Savings Banks. English and American Joint Stock Companies in reference to the business of Banks and Bankers, &c. Edited by J. Smith Homans.

Particular attention will be given as heretofore to the completion of recent decisions respecting Banks, Brokers, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Usury, Bonds, Notaries, Damages, &c., in the Courts of Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina, Ohio, Louisiana, Tennessee, and other States. This will be one of the most important features of the work, and will in itself claim the attention of Presidents, Cashiers, Tellers, Notaries and others. Among other details of importance to bankers and others, the work will contain statistics of the Banks in every State of the Union; biographical sketches of prominent Bankers of Europe and America; Official Tables showing the debts, business, expenditures, and financial condition of the several States of the Union.

Published monthly, 64 pages octavo, at Three Dollars per annum.

ELLIOTT & ENGLISH, 79 Wood st.
Agents for Bankers' Magazine. aug3

An Ordinance,
Authorizing the Building of a Sewer.

BE it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That the Committee on Streets, Grading and Paving, be and are hereby authorized to contract for the building of a Sewer in Diamond alley, from Decatur street, to connect with one about to be built from Ferry to Hay street, providing the same shall no cost more than One Hundred Dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated for that purpose, and charge the same to appropriation. No —

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this first day of August, A. D. 1848.

[ATTEST,] MORGAN ROBERTSON, Pres't C. C.
S. VON BONNHORST, Clk. pro tem. C. C.

JOHN SHIPTON, Pres't S. C.
JOHN MAJOR, Clerk S. C. aug3

An Ordinance,
Changing the name of Henry Street.

BE it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That from and after the passage of this Ordinance, that Henry street, in the Sixth Ward, shall be known and designated by the name of Logan street.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this first day of August, A. D 1848.

[Attest] MORGAN ROBERTSON, Pres't. C. C.
S. VON BONNHORST, Clk. pro tem C. C.

JOHN SHIPTON, Pres't S. C.
JOHN MAJOR, Clerk S. C. aug3-3t

For Rent.

THAT commodious brick dwelling house and large lot, the residence of Mrs. Jane Magee, on Webster street, near the head of Seventh street, on which are a stable and carriage house, out houses, hake oven, and a variety of shrubs and grape vines. Possession will be given on the 1st of October, or sooner if required. Enquire on the premises, or on Wylie, near Washington street, of M'B LOWRIE.

aug3-dlt

WANTED—An experienced Book Keeper, and one who can come well recommended, and devote his attention exclusively to business. Address Box No. 279. aug3

TURPENTINE—20 bbls Spts. Turpentine, just rec'd and for sale by J KIDD & Co jy31

PIANOS TO HIRE—Several good second hand Pianos for rent on the 1st of August, by JOHN H MELLOR, 81 wood st jy31

COFFEE—253 bags Rio and 10 bags Laguayra Coffee, arriving by canal and for sale by L S WATERMAN, 31 water and 62 front sts jy31

SALERATUS—23 casks Cleveland Saleratus, for sale by WICK & M'CANDLESS jy31

LARD—25 kegs Lard, just rec'd and for sale by JAMES DALZELL my26

LARD OIL—50 bbls Lard Oil, just rec'd and for sale by SELLERS & NICOLS my26

MOSQUITO NETTS—A A Mason & Co. have just rec'd 600 pa of Mosquito Netts, of various qualities and widths. jy20

LARD OIL—25 bbls Burkhardt's, on hand and for sale by J KIDD & Co jy24

MACCABEAU SNUFF—Just rec'd and for sale by J KIDD & Co jy24

TOBACCO—100 dos Fine Cut Tobacco, (chewing,) on hand and for sale by J KIDD & Co jy24

OATS—100 bush Oats, just rec'd and for sale by WICK & M'CANDLESS jy5

COTTON YARNS, &c.—50,000 lbs assorted Nos; 150 b