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For LATEST Commercial Intelligence, Domestic Markets, River News, Imports, Money Market, &c. see third page.

Whig and Anti-Masonic Nomination,
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
NER MIDDLESWARTH,
OF UNION COUNTY.

The territory acquired by Conquest.
UPPER CALIFORNIA—OPINIONS OF TRAVELLERS.

We have given from the best sources we could find, an account of the country between the Rio Grande and the Nueces, and of New Mexico, one or both the fruits of the conquest, acquired at the price of the proposed treaty of Peace. Since our writing, this branch of the subject has been alluded to in the very able speech of Mr. Webster, whose concurrence we have in full, sustaining all the opinions we have expressed of the worthlessness of the people and the territory. We add a single extract only of what was said by the Senator of the country and people of New Mexico. Speaking of this Province, he says:

It does not belong anywhere. It has no belonging about it. Sir, at this moment, it is absolutely more retired, and shut out from communication with the civilized world, than the Sandwich Islands, or most of the Islands in the Pacific ocean. It presses hard on Typee, and the people are infinitely less elevated in mind, and condition, than the inhabitants of the Sandwich Islands—far less worthy are they than the better class Indians in our neighborhood. Commend me to the Cherokees, the Choctaws—if you please, to speak of the Pawnees, the Blackfeet and the Snake Indians, and the Flatheads—any thing except the ——— Indians, and I am satisfied with them, instead of the people of New Mexico. They have no notion of our institutions, or of any free institutions. They any notion of popular government! Why, not the slightest—not the slightest on earth. And the question is asked, what will be their constitution? It is farcical to talk of such a people making a constitution. They do not know the meaning of the term. They do not know its import, they know nothing at all about it. And I can tell you, sir, that when we have made it a territory, and wish to make it a State, such a constitution as the Executive power of this government thinks fit to send to them, will be sent and adopted. The constitution of our fellow-citizens of New Mexico will be framed in the city of Washington.

The condition of Upper California was not brought up in detail in this speech, and the general remarks made in reference to it we have before quoted. Borrowing them from the best means of information before us, as we write at the capitol with the public documents at command, we say that the ceded territory (ceded by the treaty if the ratifications shall be exchanged) is in a very great degree without value. We are to possess the space between the 32d or 33d and 42d parallel of north latitude, about four hundred thousand square miles. Of the territory on the Colorado resting on the river Gila and ascending to the Rocky mountains, with high mountains on the North East and West, it is said, (see Farnham and Dr. Lyman) that after crossing the Colorado, the waters become brackish or slimy, or so very salt as to have unfavorable and sometimes fatal effect upon man and beast. Then again there are vast plains without a blade of grass, with very occasionally a draught of pure water sometimes found surrounded with the coarsest vegetation. We give the following extracts generally descriptive of the country.

"Occasionally wild sage is met with, but almost destitute of foliage, this, and the barren stems of other equally naked bushes, constitute the only food of wayfaring animals on these wastes.—There are a few spots in this region where nature has attempted to checker its desolation with greenness."—"Ponds of salt water occasionally occur, around which there is a scanty supply of coarse vegetation. Over these dreadful wastes—scathed of God—is however, every where found a scanty supply of wild squash, which serves only to tantalize the perishing traveller with the remembrance of fruitful fields and pleasant homes."

"Dr. Lyman," says Farnham, "suffered so many hardships while travelling down the Colorado, that he, as well as his animals, barely lived to reach the green fields and pure waters of the Californian mountains. He found the country around the mouth of the river as dry as salt, and as uninviting, in every respect, as any he had traversed."

Col. Emory whose reports are printed gives no more favorable report of the country. We give a few extracts from his journal which has all the interest of romance. Colonel E. accompanied General Kearney and crossed the Arkansas for California in the autumn of 1846. He proceeded to the Rio Grande, which he crossed in the parallel of 33 north latitude. He immediately crossed the mountains to the Gila, descended this to San Diego, on the Pacific. Of the country he says:

November 13, 1846. At 12 o'clock, after giving our horses a last watering, we started off in a south west direction to turn the southern foot of the range of hills pointing to the Salt river. Five miles brought us into a grove of the pitchya, which had yielded a plentiful supply of fruit to the Indians.

Our way was over a plain of granitic sand, ascending gradually and almost imperceptibly. After leaving the pitchya, there was no growth except the larrea Mexicana, and occasionally, at long intervals, an acacia or inga. We travelled till long after dark, and dropt down in a dust hole near two large green-barked acacia. There was not a sprig of grass or a drop of water, and during the whole night the mules kept up a piteous cry for both.

There was nothing but the offensive larrea, which even mules will not touch when so hungry as to eat with avidity the dry twigs of all other shrubs and trees.

November 14. We went on briskly to the Gila, whose course, marked by the green cotton-wood, could be easily traced. It looked much nearer than it really was. We reached it after making forty miles from our camp of yesterday. Our poor brutes were so hungry they would drink no water, but fell to work on the young willows and cane. After letting them bite a few minutes, we moved down the river five miles further, to a large and luxuriant patch of paspalum grass, shaded by the acacia and prosonis.

November 15. In the morning the General found the mules so much worsted by the forty-five miles journey without food or water, that he determined to remain for the day. Most of the mules belonging to our party have travelled eighteen hundred miles, almost continuously. Two or three times they all have appeared on the eve of death, but a mule's vitality seems to recuperate when life seems to be almost extinct; so I am in hopes the day's rest will revive them sufficiently to undertake what will be the most distressing part of the journey. From information collected from the Indians and others, it appears that we shall meet with no more grass from this spot to the settlements, situated three hundred miles distant.

November 16. The valley on the south side continues wide, and shows continuously the marks of former cultivation. On the north side the hills run close to the river.

After making ten miles, we came to a dry creek, coming from a plain reaching far to the south, and then we mounted the table land to avoid a bend in the river, made by a low chain of black hills coming in from the southeast. The table land was strewed with fragments of black basalt, interspersed with agate, chalcedony, vitrified quartz, and carbonate of lime.

We descended into the broad valley of the Gila, skirted on the south side by the table land, black with basalt pebbles, resting on a stratum of carbonate of lime, upon which the river impinged at every flood, and widened its valley. The hills on the north side were of red and grey rocks, probably granite, irregular in form, varying from 600 to 1000 feet. Finding no grass, we loosened our mules among the willows and cane.

November 17. The route to-day was over a country much the same as that described yesterday. Wherever we mounted to the table lands to cut off a bend in the river, found them dreary beyond description.

We wish we had room for all the Journal. The heart of the reader will often be touched for the poor animals, as well as men suffering for want of water.

Again, Nov. 29, Col. E. says:

We followed the dry sandy bed of the Carrizo nearly all day at a snail's pace, and at length reached the Bayou Citon 'little pools,' where the grass was luxuriant, but very salt. The water strongly resembled that at the head of the Carrizo Creek, and the earth, which was very tremulous for many acres about the pools, was covered with salt.

This valley is at no point more than half a mile wide, and on each side are mountains of grey granite and pure quartz rising from 1000 to 3000 feet above it.

We rode for miles through thickets of the centinal Agave Americana, and found one in full bloom. The sharp thorns terminating every leaf of this plant were a great annoyance to our dismounted and wearied men, whose legs were now almost bare. A number of these plants were cut by the soldiers, and the body of them used as food. The day was intensely hot and the sand deep. The animals, inflated with water and rushes, gave way by scores, and although we advanced only sixteen miles, many did not arrive at camp until ten o'clock at night. It was a feast day for the wolves, which followed in packs close on our track, seizing our deserted brutes, and making the air resound with their howls as they battled for their carcases.

The water comes to the surface in pools at this place, it is a valley surrounded by high bleak mountains, destitute of vegetation; the mountains are of a micaceous granite, seamed with volcanic matter. The grass, which is coarse, extends for a mile or two along the valley.

Colonel Fremont gives a corresponding opinion of the … country … Of … great Desert which is a part of our recent purchase, at the price of a long war, many lives, and …000,000, he says:

"The ideas of such a desert, and such a people, is a novelty in our country, and excites Asiatic, not American, ideas. Interior basins, with their own systems of lakes and rivers, and often sterile, are common enough in Asia; people, still in the elementary state of families, living in deserts, with no other occupation than the mere animal search for food, may still be seen in that ancient quarter of the globe."

Again, hear Colonel Emory, whose remarks apply to a region of country extending over a space of 1400 miles:

"The country, from the Arkansas to this point, more than 1,200 miles, in its adaptation to agriculture, has peculiarities which must for ever stamp themselves upon the population which inhabits it. All of North Mexico, Chihuahua, Sonora, and the Californias, as far north as the Sacramento, and as far as the best information goes, is the same in the physical character of its surface, and differs but little in climate and products.

In no part of this vast tract can the rains from Heaven be relied upon to any extent for the cultivation of the soil. The earth is destitute of trees, and a great part also of any vegetation whatever. A few streams flow in different directions from the great mountains which in many places traverse this region. These streams are separated sometimes by plains and sometimes by mountains, without water and without vegetation, and may be called deserts, so far as they perform any useful part in the sustenance of animal life."

We come now to Upper California proper—the Alta California on the Pacific—where there is some good land, but the accounts from which differ widely. A letter from Captain Walker, who commanded the Exploring Expedition, and bearing date as recently as the 28th of February, 1848, is before us. It is mainly descriptive of the country on the borders of the coast. We give a few paragraphs from the letter.

"The coast south of the entrance of San Francisco is less high and rugged, and, gradually proceeding south, forms hills of moderate elevation; which become perpendicular to the line of coast, forming valleys, through which small streams flow, affording many advantageous spots for small settlements; these are generally the site of the missions, and, from the rapid descent of the valleys, afford the means of irrigation. There is however a large part of this that is incapable of any use;—and were it not for the resort to irrigation, this country would be a barren waste for many months during the year.

The valley of the Buena Ventura, from the Butes to the mouth of the Sacramento, including that portion of it through which the lower part of the San Joachim flows, with the valley of the San Juan, at the southern end of the bay of San Francisco, is the best part of California, comprising some 5,000 square miles; the southern part of the Buena Ventura valley is very much occupied by the spurs of the California range, and is little fitted for cultivation, and the climate is represented to be that of the torrid zone.

Allowing for the coast south of San Francisco bay to San Diego, an extent of 7,000 square miles, susceptible of agriculture, making in all 42,000 square miles, and I think we shall have a large allowance for this part of California. When I speak of agriculture in this country, I do not mean land which is capable of tillage after our fashion, but after the mode in use in the country, viz: by irrigation, for the quantity would be much reduced, if it was brought to our standard. Although the general character of the country is barren and unproductive, yet, with its fine climate and irrigation, many spots are made to yield abundantly, and only could be made to produce by this means. However this may be adapted to the character and pursuits of the Mexicans, yet it will be doubted whether our countrymen would look upon it in the light of an agricultural country, or one entitled to be considered as such, and so different from these United States.

Connected with the agriculture is the climate—although this may be extolled for its salubrity, yet it is by no means favorable to agriculture. The year is divided into two seasons, the wet and the dry; the first is from December to March, and the last the remainder of the year. During the wet season rain at times falls in deluges, but in the dry season not a drop is looked for, or experienced, and drought consequently comes more or less, annually, and sometimes lasts during the whole year. At the time of my visit, one had then continued for eleven months, and I have been informed that it lasted for six months longer, in all seventeen months. Under such a state of things, it was to be supposed that every thing would suffer; such was the case, the cattle were absolutely dying on the plains by hundreds,—the staple of the country—the cattle being too lean to slaughter. It is needless to say that every thing not in a situation of being irrigated, was dried up and destroyed.

Again, agriculture has to contend with the floods which overflow the low bottoms, and destroy the crops, and add nothing to the fertility of the land; the evidences of the floods are seen along the hills that border these bottoms, in well defined lines of drift, deposited at their bases. Between the two, the crops suffer more or less every year; yet it is not to be denied that the parts exempted from these incidents yield abundant and extraordinary returns, and, will, if properly attended to, render the population free from famine."

It is supposed there are 30,000 people in Upper California, Spaniards, Indians, and adventurers, including large landed proprietors. These large proprietors live upon their haciendas, and their flocks and herds roam at large upon their estates, watched by the Mexicans and Indians. The hides and tallow are sold for barter. Gaming is alike the vice and amusement of the people. The people have neither energy nor industry, and the whole country, according to Captain N. is entirely over-estimated. Compared with Oregon it is altogether an inferior point, though the shores of the Pacific in no respect compare with the Atlantic coast. The mountains on the Pacific are higher, more numerous, and more distinctly defined in their range—The elevations are even higher than the loftiest peaks of the Alleghenies. The California range, directly east of the Bay of San Francisco, rise 10,000 feet, and extend south to the 34th parallel, making the construction of a rail road across the country to this point impossible; and there is no point in Upper California, adds the same intelligent writer, suitable for the terminus of a road which would accommodate the commerce of the two hemispheres. Mr. Truman Smith, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, in a very able speech on this subject, supposes that not more than two hundred thousand persons can be accommodated in this part of California. The only business communication we can have with the country will be by sea; and, for all practical purposes, he supposes that the annexation of the Sandwich Islands would be quite as useful.

We ask the friends of the Administration, if this territory, with all the vast expenditure of blood and treasure, offers either "indemnity for the past or security for the future." Is it worth the five or six millions of dollars to be paid in the recognition of American claims, or the fifteen millions, in addition, as purchase money? Do we need it? Is it even desirable for any purpose, that we should have it, with all the accruing expenses of protection from invasion? Have we not superior demands for our own older borders, for our rivers and harbors, for our Lake and Atlantic coast, for the Union under which we have so long lived and prospered, without the annexation of a miserable soil and a worse people, to our present Government and boundaries.

SCENE IN THE FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.—The appeal made by the Duchess de Orleans, to the Chambers, came near ending with a tragedy.—

"It was at the close of the speech of M. Lamartine that the Duchess d'Orleans, seeing that there was no hope for her, turned to withdraw, but this was no longer easy. The Duchess was separated from her children, and the children from each other. A workman broke the sword of the Duc de Nemours in his face; and a man in a blouse seized the Comte de Paris by the throat as if to strangle him, but was thrown off by a young National Guardsman, Alfred Mary, who, placing himself between the child and the mob, whose guns were leveled at him, told them to fire if they would, but they must take his life first. Then, hurrying the Comte through a side door, he leaped from the window to the pavement beneath. A friend handed down the child, and Mary ran with him in his arms to the Hotel des Invalides, outstripping the carriage which brought the Duchess and her other child to the same place. The heroic conduct of Mary touched the heart of the royal unfortunates, and the Duc de Nemours taking off one of his epaulets gave it to him as a souvenir of the day, and as a token between them.

RESOURCES OF LOUIS PHILIPPE.—The editor of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser has seen a letter from London which says:

"I am glad to learn that the ex-King had just invested about a million of dollars in New York. I believe that he has nearly three millions of pounds sterling here. If so, he will not be badly off."

The same paper adds:

"It is generally understood, but with how much reason we cannot say, that the ex-King has property enough on this side of the Atlantic to make himself and his family comfortable—but we have heard that he sold out his English funds and employed the money in the improvement and decoration of Versailles.

One of the worst things done by the Provisional government is the confiscation of the private property belonging to the various members of the Orleans family, but we suppose that a more just and generous arrangement will be made when reason and conscience resume their sway. The Duke de Montpensier has something, we suppose, in Spain, and the Prince de Joinville in Brazil. But the main dependence of the family will probably be on what the ex-King has "salted down" in foreign countries and on what the justice of the new Republic may think proper to restore of their private wealth remaining in France.

A SMALL CARGO.—The Havre packet for April 1st, took in her first and only article of cargo day before yesterday. It was a half barrel of crackers.—*Jour. of Com.*

From the Baltimore American.
Baltimore and Pittsburgh Railroad.

As "Directors" may be too much engaged, permit me to answer "Enquirer."

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company disclaim all opposition to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad; even though any friend of the road may on his own responsibility have ventured to oppose the passage of a law authorizing the construction of a railroad from Cumberland to the Pennsylvania line.

It is well known to the public that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company are in favor of this and all other *Branches* calculated to bring trade and travel to their roads. In evidence I would beg leave to refer "Enquirer" to the action of the Board some time since, upon the recommendation of its able head, agreeing to furnish a large sum on the part of their Company towards the construction of this same Pittsburgh and Connellsville road.—Has the "Enquirer" forgotten that demonstration of their desire to bring this branch road into connexion with the main stem of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad? I would also inform him that the Company knew there was no necessity for a law, as they already possessed in their charter all the required authority to make a railroad to the Pennsylvania line; and will not only be glad to see speedy construction of this branch, but, if required I fell well assured are still ready and will cheerfully and promptly lend their aid.

The President is fully aware, and in his last report has informed the public of his apprehensions in regard to the withdrawal of the trade and travel by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad when completed, and has given it as one of his stronger reasons why the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad should be urged onward to a connexion with the Ohio river; and as this branch may be constructed and completed in less probably, by good management, than eighteen months, all must agree that it will be a valuable feeder, and auxiliary aid, in the prosecution of the main stem to Wheeling, the adopted route. But as the line for the main track is formidable, and as it is of vast importance that it be well located, and will necessaryly require much time to construct, who will object to aid in making a feeder or branch that can be finished at small expense and in a very short time, and will produce a large revenue? The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company will readily advance their proportion, if the citizens of Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Connellsville, Cumberland and other thriving towns along the line will come forward and aid in constructing this branch, which we are willing with "Enquirer" to agree is all important. This can easily be done by unity of action; and hearty and honest co-operation, if undertaken in the right spirit.

"Enquirer" need feel no apprehensions for the distraction of attention of the West as to the termination of the main stem—as this is a settled matter and will be prosecuted as soon as the best route is fully ascertained and discovered to its terminus at Wheeling on the Ohio river.

OBSERVER.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR'S WILL.—The following account of the Will of the great millionaire is from the New York Journal of Commerce:—

The great features of the will and its codicils, are ample provision for all the relations of Mr. Astor and their children—his son, Wm. B. Astor, being the great residuary legatee.

There are no trusts created for the benefit of relatives; though in quite a number of cases, only income, or a sum per annum, is to be paid to the present generation, with a reversion to their children, or other heirs, who succeed to unrestricted possession.

The only important bequest for the public benefit, is one of $400,000, by the codicil of Aug. 20th, 1839, for erecting suitable buildings, and establishing a library in New York, for free general use.

For this purpose he appropriates a plot of ground on the southerly side of Astor Place, 65 feet front by 125 feet deep, for the building; or, if the trustees of this bequest think it more expedient, a plot of like size on the east side of Astor Place. The building is not to cost over $75,000, and the land is estimated at $33,000. Then $120,000 are to be expended in books, maps, statuary, &c.; and the remainder to be placed at interest, to defray the expenses of management, purchase of books, or the establishment of lectures, as the trustees, may think best. The trustees are the Mayor of the city and the Chancellor of the State, ex officio, (and now named as a mark of respect,) Messrs. Washington Irving, Wm. B. Astor Daniel Lord, jr., James G. King, Jos. G. Cogswell, Fitz Greene Halleck, Henry Brevoort, jr., Samuel B. Ruggles, Samuel Ward, jr., and Charles Bristed, who are to appoint their successors. The trustees are to have no pay; nor is any one of them to hold any office or employment under the Board.

There is a bequest to the poor of Waldorp, by establishing an institution for the sick or disabled; or for the improvement of the young, of $50,000.

The other public bequests are as follows: but most if not all of them, we believe, were paid in advance, during the life of the testator.

The German Society, $20,000; Institution for the blind, $5000; Half Orphan Asylum, $5,000; Lying-in Asylum, $2,000.

The personal estate of Mr. Astor is worth from seven to nine millions of dollars, and his real estate perhaps as much more; so that the aggregate is less than twenty millions, or half the sum we put down the other day. Either sum is quite out our small comprehension; and we presume that with most men, the idea of one million "is just about as large an idea as that of any number of millions.

MEXICO.—We subjoin a letter from our correspondent in the city of Mexico, dated the 14th inst. It came by the British steamer *Great Western*, which arrived at Cat or Ship Island, the day before yesterday from Vera Cruz, the 17th inst., *en route* for Havana and England. We have learned nothing new of Mexico or Mexican affairs, by this arrival, except what is recorded in the communication of our friend X:

MEXICO, March, 14, 1848.

Mr. Doyle, the British Charge has emphatically stated in public, that he has not the smallest doubt but that the treaty will be ratified by the Mexican Congress in less than two weeks after its arrival from Washington. It is said that two millions of dollars have been advanced by a certain capitalist in this city, to the Mexican Congress, for the purpose of bringing that body together, and carrying out the objects of our Commissioner.

Mr. Trist has taken up his quarters in the house of a certain Mr. L. D., and who has the control of millions in both hemispheres. This, to say the least looks more ominous of peace than anything I have yet seen or heard of. Politicians may talk as they will in the United States in reference to this treaty of peace, as to its being a fortunate event for our country. I am of quite a different opinion and predict that greater evils will befall us, by withdrawing our troops from the positions we now occupy, and thereby giving up the country that we have shed so much blood and treasure in gaining possession of, to an irresponsible Government without the power and means to hold the reins for a single month after our departure. I would be a strong advocate for peace, did I see any advantages accruing to our country, by entering into this precipitate treaty, but when we take into consideration that the Mexicans are decidedly more hostile toward us than ever, what advantages do we expect to derive from concluding a treaty of peace with a nation who are proverbial for their want of good faith, and who will be now more than ever, in consequence of their many defeats?

The members of the Court of Inquiry have arrived here, and proceeded to business. I learn that most of the principal witnesses are in the United States, and that the old hero expects to be on his way home thither towards the middle of next month. Every tongue is loud in his praise, and of the course he pursued toward those who accused him. There is not a doubt existing here as to the results of this investigation redounding much to the credit of General Scott, and to the utter discomfiture of all concerned in this plot.—*N. O. Times, 22d ult.*

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.—A correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser, writing from Mazatlin, Feb. 1st, gives the following glowing account of affairs in California:

This important place is now strongly garrisoned by about five hundred seamen from the Independence and Congress frigates, while the ships lie moored in the harbor to protect the garrison and maintain the defence of the city. Outside, within twenty miles, are nine hundred Mexican troops, and they effectually destroy all trade with the interior. Skirmishes are taking place occasionally, and hitherto the result of those skirmishes has been in our favor.

The Californians are far from being "in quiet possession" of the United States, and lower California is now in a state of actual hostilities, while Col. Stevenson is daily expecting an attack in Upper California. A launch arrived to-day, from St. Joseph's and La Paz, (Lower California) reporting that eight men—among them two officers—had been surrounded at St. Joseph's by 150 mounted Californians, and taken prisoners.

This was done in sight of the little band of about eighty men garrisoned at St. Joseph's, under Lieut. Haywood, of the Independence frigate; so that the Lieutenant can only defend himself, and does not feel safe to venture his little band among five times his number who now surround him.

Yesterday two volunteer officers arrived at this place from La Paz under arrest, having been sent over by Col. Burton for disorderly and unofficer-like conduct, and are on their way to Upper California, to be tried there. They were sent from a place closely besieged by the enemy, and within the last six weeks three several times attacked, and at this moment held, with the enemy, four times their number, daily in sight, and only kept at bay by the Cyane sloop of war remaining moored there.

And yet these men Colonel Burton finds it his duty to arrest and send away. One of them is a Lieut. Lemmon (a dentist formerly) the other's name I do not know, but he is the "correspondent of the Herald."

Gen. Shields leaves Washington to-day for the west. It is understood that he is appointed governor and commander at Tampico; and if the war continues, a new road for distinction will be opened before him for enlarging still more the brilliant reputation which he has won, under the eagles of his country.

Col. John Garland, another of the distinguished heroes of the war, is now in Washington; but leaves it on Monday for Missouri, to take command of the third military department, where the movements of the Indians will require his energies to repress them.—*Wash. Union.*

TIN ORE has been discovered in the northern part of New Jersey. Only one other locality in the United States has furnished enough of this ore to yield any metal, and at this (Jackson, N. H.) the quantity of ore has not been yet found sufficient to justify the expenses of mining. It is thought that the quantity is greater at the New Jersey locality.

CAMPAIGN PAPER.
WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Every thing at present indicates that the coming Presidential campaign will be the most exciting ever fought. Upon all sides we see preparations making by the administration press to sustain the executive by the cheap circulation of the usual statements with which they gull the public ear on the eve of election.

To spread the antidote where yet they may leave their poison, we shall issue a campaign paper at a price so moderate as to place it in the hands of every good Whig in this region, as well as in the hands of all those who love their country with an enlarged heart, and who desire to see our glorious constitution, for which our Fathers fought and died, preserved from the danger of being torn into a thousand fragments by an unprincipled and misguided faction, whose entire and devoted object is to obtain power and the spoils incidental thereto, and for the sake of which they are ready and willing to sacrifice every principle of right and justice as well as of Law and order.

The "Gazette" has never yet been found wanting, in its duty and devotion to the great interests of Western Pennsylvania, (with which it has been, identified for nearly three quarters of a century and we trust to be found in the foremost ranks, during the coming campaign. When the National Convention composed of the chosen patriots of the republic shall decide upon the man who is to bear our Presidential banner, we shall enter into his support with all the energy and industry we possess, and throwing away the scabbard fight for the good old cause, so long as the enemy keeps the field.

We shall put upon our banner, as one of the cardinal principles for which we contend, A PROTECTIVE TARIFF, one that shall secure to those living on American soil, the labor requisite to produce our own iron, our own cotton, our own glass, our own salt and in short all that is requisite for our comfort or convenience that can be made at home. We shall go for the good farmers policy of buying nothing that we can produce ourselves.

We shall demand too from the next administration appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, and shall insist that a part of the revenue we contribute in raising, shall be expended for our benefit and not all be given to support useless wars, and greedy, lazy, worthless officeholders, and contractors of the government.

We shall go for those who will give us a government administered upon the most economical scale consistent with honor to the position we occupy among the nations of the earth.

We shall go for non-interference in all European politics either by direct action or the most remote implication, believing that our true destiny is to mind our own business, within our own boundaries, and recommend the virtues and advantages of our form of government by our example and not by arms or diplomacy.

We shall oppose the acquisition of any more territory, and shall insist that, no means shall be spared to restore us to an honorable peace with our sister republic.

To those who approve the declarations we have made, we now appeal and ask them to aid us in the dissemination of the creed we lay down.

The Weekly Gazette of the 10th of June will contain the National Nominations. We will commence on that day and send the Gazette until the the result of the Presidential election is known upon the following terms:

To one address,	
Ten copies	$5,00
Fifteen copies	7,00
Twenty "	9,00
Fifty "	20,00
One hundred copies	35,00

No package will be made up containing less than five copies, for which $2,50 cts. will be charged and so in proportion, for additional copies.

We would solicit the attention of the present patrons of the Gazette to this matter and ask their aid.—The extremely low rate at which we offer the campaign paper leaves but a small margin over the actual expense of publication to us, and all orders must be attended by cash. The money can be sent to us through the post masters.

ERASTUS BROOKS, & Co.

THE JACKSON BLUES celebrated the 22d at San Angel, a village eight miles from Mexico. Captain Denny acted as Chairman, Lieut. Woods as Vice President, and Sergeant Morton as Secretary. Col. Wynkoop was present on the occasion, and made a speech. The following are among the toasts drank on the occasion:

By Capt. Denny—The 22d of February; now having double claims to the esteem and regard of all Americans. First, being the birth day of the great patriot and statesman Washington, and second, being the day of the memorable victory of our unconquerable army at Buena Vista. Long may the virtues and bravery of Washington and Taylor be imitated by Americans.

By Lieut. C. Woods—Lieut. Col. S. W. Black, the gallant and fearless commander of San Jose, Puebla, during the seige of twenty-eight days. Although every day opposed by ten times his number, he stood as a tower of strength and a monument of courage, fearless and unshaken. He was as much feared by the greasers as he was loved and respected by his command. "When our country contributes to distinguished gallantry its appropriate reward, whose jewels can or will be bright like his?"

By F H Coolley—Lieut Ferguson; he always presents a broad front to the enemy.

By Lieut. W. A. Charlton—Our guest, Lieut. J. W. Hague, of Company K, 1st Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By the Company—Thanks to our friends at home who send us papers.

By Sergt. J F Morton—Capt T O'H. Denny—may he return to his home with his command in good health, and enjoy for many years the laurels he has won.

By C T Kirby—The types of the army—always ready to press forward in the hour of danger. May a Mexican *form* has been knocked into *pi* by their *shooting sticks*.

By the types present: The printers who celebrated Christmas eve in the Iron City, they will not except our thanks. … *entiende!*

FOREIGNERS AND PROPERTY.—If we mistake not, there is a law of Pennsylvania, which limits the amount of real property that can be held and devised in this State by foreigners who have not resided here sufficiently long to obtain their naturalization papers. This restriction, as it seems to us, should at once be abolished, especially as the troubles in Europe are likely to induce hundreds to seek this country, and invest their means in our lands, houses, stocks, &c. Let us not only extend a cordial welcome to such, but afford them every facility with regard to the security and permanency of their means. New York has already pursued this liberal policy, and Pennsylvania should not be behind-hand.—*Phil. Inquirer.*

MR. BUCHANAN.—The *John Donkey* has Pennsylvania's Favorite Son, so shockingly hard, that the dullest mind can appreciate its severity, and be inclined to pity the victim: at the same time a sight of the caricature will cause a smile in defiance of all the efforts to repress it. Mr. B. is represented as a Thimble Rigger, or as a French Gentleman, on the Race Course, with his cups on his thigh, marked '46 and '42 while he says: "Now its under the Tariff of '42 and now its under the Tariff of '46. Now you see it, and now—you don't see it; and I'll bet twenty-five thousand dollars a year that he can't tell where the little joker is."

WE deeply regret to learn from the Philadelphia Ledger of Monday, that Rev. J. B. Benham and lady, just returned from the Liberia mission of the Methodist Episcopal Church, have been seized with fever, produced by their residence on the coast of Africa, and are now under treatment by two eminent physicians in Philadelphia. Their illness is of such kind as to awaken serious apprehensions as to their recovery.

RESTELLISM.—Dr. John Stevens, said to be of long standing and some eminence in his profession, has been arrested in Boston on a charge of causing the death of a young woman by a criminal practice made frightfully familiar to the public by the annals of our criminal tribunals.

The Congress Sugar Refinery, corner of Duane st. and West Broadway N. Y. was burned on Sunday last. The worst feature connected with the catastrophe, is the destruction of two firemen, who, while performing their duties most fearlessly, and striving to save some dwelling houses adjacent to the refinery, were killed by the falling of the walls. Three or four others were severely injured from the same cause.

MISSOURI LOCO FOCO NOMINATIONS.—The State Convention of Missouri have nominated A. A. King for Governor, and on the 4th ballot, Thomas J. Price for Lieut. Governor.

No instructions for the Presidency were given to the delegates to the Baltimore Convention. Missouri however, is for Woodbury.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.—The Foreign Missionary Society of New York and Brooklyn (auxiliary to the American Board,) held its anniversary Wednesday evening. From the report it appeared that in these cities $11,534 had been contributed the past year to this Society, which now sustains in foreign lands 500 missionary laborers.

THE FRENCH MINISTER.—Mons. de Tracy is the new Minister appointed by the French Republic to the United States. He is a prominent member of the Chamber of Deputies, connected by marriage with the Lafayette family, and has always treated Americans with marked civility.

A NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE of Agriculture is to be published at Harrisburg, the first number to be issued in April. The work will be devoted to Pennsylvania farming, and the information it contains will be adapted to the climate, soil and seasons of this State. It is to be under the editorial care of Dr. T. Foster, and a number of eminent agriculturalists and corresponding editors.

SAL AMMONIAC.—A lump of this article, almost entirely pure, may be seen at the drug-store of Messrs. Fahnestock. The specimen was found in a coal mine, near the iron works of Messrs. Spang & Co, on Pine Creek, where the article is said to have been discovered in considerable quantities. It is rarely met with in any part of this country.

JUDGE DEFEATED.—The Senate of the State have rejected the nomination of Judge Burral for President Judge of the Tenth Judicial District. Yeas 14, nays 15.

THE DEMOCRATS of New York have nominated William F. Havemeyer as their candidate for Mayor. The Whig oppose him with their present able Mayor, Wm. V. Brady.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Correspondence of Pittsburgh Gazette.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.
CONGRESS.
Washington, April 3, 1848.
OBSEQUIES OF MR. BLACK.

The Senate, in accordance with previous arrangements, proceeded in a body to the Hall of the House of Representatives, to attend the funeral of the Hon. J. A. Black, of South Carolina.—The President and his Cabinet were present, and an appropriate discourse delivered by the Rev. Mr. Gurley, from John xi—23.

Massachusetts Congressional Election.
Boston, April 5, 1848.

The special election held in the district lately represented by the Hon. John Q Adams, has resulted in the choice of Horace Mann, the regular Whig candidate.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.
Philadelphia, April 5, 1848.

It is with much regret that I announce the death of one of the leading citizens of Pennsylvania, Gen. C M Reed of Erie.

P. S. Upon inquiry, we learn that the above is contradicted at Philadelphia. As the rumor has been widely circulated, we give it for the purpose of making the correction.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.
PHILADELPHIA, April 5, 3 P. M.

Provisions—Sales of Western Lard at 6½.

Groceries—Molasses and Coffee are offered at a little decline, but without important sales. No change in Sugar.

Cotton—The market is heavy.

Grain—The market is unchanged.

The markets generally are without change, dealers holding off for foreign news.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette
BALTIMORE MARKET.
Baltimore, April 5, 3 P. M.

Flour—Sales of 2,000 barrels Howard Street at $5 75; and of 900 bbls City Mills at $6. The market is firm, with good Eastern and home demand. City Mills is now held at $6 12½.

Corn Meal—Sales of 300 barrels at $2 43½c.

Grain—Sales of prime red Wheat at $1 33—of prime white Corn at 39@42 cts.

Provisions—The market is heavy for Pork, but I hear of no sales. Lower offers would be accepted.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.
NEW YORK MARKET.
New York, April 5, 3 P. M

Flour—The market is steady, but not active.

Grain—The market for Wheat has a downward tendency, but there is a steady demand for Corn. Oats are dull.

Provisions—The sales of Pork are to a fair extent, but the market is a little easier.

Groceries—Sugars are active, but rather heavy. Coffee and Molasses without change.

FRANCE AND LIBERTY.

The citizens of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, are requested to meet at the Old Court House, on Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of expressing their sympathies for the French people, in their revolutionary movement to overthrow monarchy, and secure for themselves a Republican form of Government.

It is the right, as well as the duty of the American people, to give countenance and encouragement to an oppressed people, struggling for their liberty. Let us meet, as we should meet, like brothers, in a good and noble cause.

H Beelen,	Charles Shaler,
A Nardi,	W H Lowrie,
James Laubie,	Benjamin Patton,
Andrew Burke,	David Ritchie,
A W Loomis,	James Watson,
O Metcalf,	J R M'Clintock,
Andrew Wylie, Jr.,	Thomas M Marshall,
Wilson McCandless,	Charles Kent,
John B Guthrie,	L Elliott,
Wm Larimer, Jr.,	Charles H Paulson,
John Anderson,	George P Hamilton,
David Lynch,	James P Stuart,
G L B Fetterman,	G Adams,
Sam'l Walker,	W E Austin,
Rody Patterson,	James Callan,
A B M'Calmont,	R H Hawkins,
A Bonnafon,	James B Sawyer,
Jos C M'Kibben,	Hiram Kaine,
C B M Smith,	Clarence Shaler,
Henry S Magraw,	Victor Scriba,
Geo S Selden,	John G Backofen,
H W Williams,	S Jones,
Alex'r Black,	James S Craft,
Wm W Guthrie,	Robert Woods,
R Morrow,	C O Loomis,
Henry Schneck,	James A Ekin,
Geo W Layng,	Robert Snyder,
John Harper,	James Gray, 4th st,
Robert Arthurs,	James May,
Thomas Hamilton,	L Harper,
Thomas Williams,	John A Wills,
Charles B Scully,	Luke Taaffe,
Samuel Haight,	Chambers M'Kibbin,
Samuel Snowden,	Thomas Donnelly,
Leonard S Johns,	David M'Clelland,
John J Mitchell,	Robert Porter,
John Ferral,	James A Gibson,
L V Carron,	R C Stockton.

The Telegraphic wire sometimes make sad mistakes. One occurred, not long since, in a telegraphic communication from Mobile to New Orleans.—The words to be sent were "Mr. Sevier is confirmed." They were duly reported, "Mrs. Sevier is confined."

SIR JOHN RICHARDSON and party will arrive in the next British steamer, on their way to the Falls of St. Mary, where he will join his canoe men and voyagers, and commence his search after Sir John Franklin, the Arctic explorer, who has not been heard from in a long time.

A daily paper in Philadelphia got out a pretended likeness of Lamartine, the great French leader, which proves to be a likeness of Washington Irving, slightly altered!

DEATH OF SERG'T. H. P. KENNEDY.—Some doubt having been cast upon the death of this soldier, we copy the following from the North American:

DIED—On the 30th inst., H. P. Kennedy, co. A, 1st Pa. Volunteers, of congestive fever, at San Angel.

☞ Does your hair fall off, does your hair turn gray, is it harsh, is it dry, or dirty, I pray?
If 'tis thus, you can make it soft, silky and fine,
Dark and healthy, and beauteous as this hair of mine.
And to have this, you have but three shillings to give
For a bottle of Jones' Hair Restorative.
Reader, if you have bad hair you would really be astonished at the lovely effect a three shilling bottle of Jones' Coral Hair Restorative has on it; it needs but one trial. Sold at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&w1y

☞ You foolish, silly old fellow, read this, and be no longer bald, whiskerless and hairless. Mr. W. Jackson, of 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa, certifies on the 1st of February, 1847, that Mr. Thos. Jackson's head, on the top, was entirely bald for 15 years, and that by using two 3s bottles of Jones' Coral Hair Restorative, the hair is growing fast and thick.
Sold in Newark by S. OLDS & SON, 279 Broad st, R. VAN BUSKIRK, corner of Broad and Nantucket st. mar20

☞ PILES, SORES, &c.—The Genuine Hays' Liniment is an article more justly celebrated as a cure for the above than any or all others. Its cures are almost innumerable. Sold by WM. JACKSON, Agent for Pittsburgh. nov18d&w6mT

☞ Don't have yellow dark Teeth—they can be made pearly white by one time using a box of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste. It hardens the gums, sweetens the breath, &c. Sold at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&w1y

"That whiter skin of hers, than snow,
And pure as monumental alabaster."
All females have skin like the above, who use Jones' Spanish Lily White. It maketh pure snowy, yet naturally white. Sold at 82 CHATHAM street. mar18

☞ Don't have a Foul Breath—If you have, use a two shilling bottle of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste. That will make your breath sweet, whiten your teeth, &c.—Sold at 89 Liberty st nov19d&w1y

☞ TO THE HALT AND LAME.—Comstock's Nerve and Bone Liniment and Indian Vegetable Elixir, is the most effectual cure for Rheumatism. Sold by WM. JACKSON, Agent for Pittsburgh. nov18d&w6mT

☞ Ladies who use Jones' Spanish Lily White, have always a fine white transparent skin. Of this a trial will satisfy any one. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&w1y

BOARD OF TRADE.—The members of the Board of Trade Association are requested to meet at their Rooms on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
C. S. PORTER .... Manager and Lessee.
THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1848, will be presented the new Farce of the
MAN WITH THE CARPET BAG.
Grimes .... Mr. Dunn.
DANCE, by Miss Anna Malvina.
To conclude with the successful Drama of the
BOTTLE!
Richard .... Mr. Oxley.
Coddle .... Mr. Dunn.
Ruth .... Miss Porter.
Kitty .... Miss Petrie.
Friday, Benefit of Mr. Dunn.

CUBA TOBACCO—78 bales ½ wrappers and ½ fillers, just rec'd on consignment, and for sale by ap6 MILLER & RICKETSON

COTTON—69 bales prime, just rec'd and for sale by ap6 BROWN & CULBERTSON

FAMILY FLOUR—60 bbls extra, for sale by ap6 BROWN & CULBERTSON

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—300 hhds N O Sugar; 600 bbls N O Molasses; in store and for sale by ap6 BROWN & CULBERTSON, 145 liberty st

LOAF AND CRUSHED SUGARS—150 bbls prime, in store and for sale by ap6 BROWN & CULBERTSON

LARD OIL—10 bbls Brown's best, a very fine oil for retailing; for sale by ap6 J SCHOONMAKER & Co, 24 wood st

HEMP SEED—6 bbls just received and for sale by ap6 BRAUN & REITER

SODA ASH—10 casks in store and for sale by ap6 J C BIDWELL, Agt, water st

GERMAN CLAY—80 casks for sale by ap6 J C BIDWELL

HOOP POLES—25,000 landing and for sale by ap6 JOHN S DILWORTH, 27 wood st.

HAMPTON, SMITH & CO.
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS DEALERS,
No. 31 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
ARE now opening their Spring supply of desirable goods, bought at New York, Philadelphia, and at low cost point private sale of the past thirty days, which they will offer at as small advance as can be had East or West. In their assortment may be found—
3000 pieces American, English and French Prints;
1000 ps American, Scotch and French Ginghams;
500 ps Paris Lawns, Organdies, Gingham Lawns;
100 ps Linen Ginghams, a new article;
100 ps Spring and Dark Laines and Cashmeres;
200 ps Plaided and Watered Alpacas, entirely new styles;
400 ps Plain Black and Silk Warp Alpacas;
3000 ps Pantaloonery, every variety;
300 ps Summer Cloths, Croton Coatings, Plaid Gambroons;
500 ps Tweeds, Cassinets and Summer Cassimeres;
100 ps English Riding and Bangup Cords and Fustians, &c;
400 ps Satinetts, all colors and grades;
100 ps Spring and Summer Woollen Cassimeres;
200 ps American, Yorkshire and Belgium Cloths;
300 ps Steubenville Jeans;
500 ps Apron Checks and Shirting Stripes;
500 ps Tickings, best make;
Irish Linens, Colored Cambrics, Printed and Marseilles Vestings, ditto, newest styles fine Cashmere, Figured and Plain Satin Vestings, great variety patterns. Silk and Worsted Serges, plain, barred and figured Dress Silks and Satins, Linen Diapers, newest styles Spring and Summer Shawls, all prices, ditto, Dress Handkerchiefs, silk and cotton Hdkfs, Hosiery, silk and cotton Cravats, all kinds Gloves, Suspenders, Crapes, Threads, Buttons, Variety Goods, &c.
Latest style Ribbands, an unusually large assortment at low prices.
Also, Cap Stuffs, plain and figured Nets, Jaconets, Muslins, Laces, Edgings, &c.
300 bales Muslins, for cash at Eastern Net Rates.
70 cases American and English bleached Shirtings, brown Drills, Jeans, Flannels, Osnaburgs, Umbrellas, Parasols, &c. &c.
City buyers, and the neighboring towns, will find our stock always well supplied by frequent purchases, and they can buy right for cash.
☞ Butler Whig, Mercer Whig, New Castle Gazette, Beaver Argus, Youngstown paper, Ohio, Palladium, New Lisbon, Patriot, Wellsville, Gazette, St. Clairsville, Intelligencer, Marietta, Gazette, Parkersburgh, Times, Wheeling; insert to the amount of $3, and charge this office. ap6:1y

NOTICE TO GILDERS AND DENTISTS.
HAVING disposed of all my right, title and interest in the Gold Beating business to Mr John B Dunlevy, I beg leave to recommend him to the patronage of my former customers.
April 3, 1848. ANN UFFINGTON.
It will be seen by the above notice, that the subscriber has purchased Mrs. Uffington's interest in the above business, which will be continued at the old stand, No 120 Wood street, where he will be pleased to serve all who may want Gold Leaf, Foil, &c., and he hopes by strict attention to his business and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage. ap6:1m JOHN B. DUNLEVY.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
HOUSE, SIGN AND STEAMBOAT PAINTERS and Glaziers.—Persons wishing to have painting or glazing done with neatness and despatch, will please give us a call. They will find it to their advantage, for we are fully prepared to do work as low as any house in the two cities can or will do it, at No. 5 Wood street.
N. B.—We wish it to be understood that we have not quit the painting and glazing, as some of our most zealous friends have been telling the public generally that we were going to retire from that branch of our business. We are more fully prepared to transact the painting and glazing than we ever were.
ap6 J & H PHILLIPS.

WINES, &C.—20 hhds Marzeilles Claret;
15 cases Bordeaux Claret, "St. Estephe;"
5 cases do do "Jno Durand;" } very
5 do do do 'Pintz,' 'Chatau Latour;' } sup
10 pipes Catilogne Wine;
5 cases Levies Absinthe; just received and for sale by ap6 MILLER & RICKETSON.

Rag Warehouse.
THE highest price in cash paid for good clean rags; also, canvass, bale rope, grass rope, bagging, woolen rags, &c., by I. W. CHADWICK, ap6 wayne st, bet. penn & liberty

LOUISVILLE LIME—Just received and for sale at retail, by JOEL MOHLER, ap6 cor. wood and 6th sts

SOAPS—Hall's Almond; do Rose; do Palm, just received and for sale by ap6 JOEL MOHLER

RICE—30 tierces strictly prime, just rec'd and for sale by ap6 MILLER & RICKETSON

TOBACCO—10 cases S. Myers' sunev ½ lb lump; 3 do J Thomas' nectar ½ lb do; just rec'd and for sale by ap6 MILLER & RICKETSON

POTASH—A first rate article at retail, by ap6 JOEL MOHLER

JUST RECEIVED—5 gross Allen's Nerve and Bone Liniment, and for sale by ap5 J KIDD & Co

GUM COPAL—3 cases for sale by ap5 J KIDD & Co
Chronicle copy.

LARD—40 bbls No 1 Lard, in store and for sale by ap5 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co, 107 Front st

DRY PEACHES—800 bush in store and for sale by ap5 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co

COTTON—112 bales in store and for sale by ap5 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co

BEANS—200 bush small white for sale by ap5 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co

HICKORY NUTS—50 sacks will be sold very low to close the lot, by ap5 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co

FEATHERS—Of good quality, for sale constantly by ap5 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co

BEANS—30 bbls small white, landing from steamer Mingo Chief and for sale by ap5 J C BIDWELL, Ag't, water st

G. SALTS—20 bbls on consignment and for sale by ap5 J C BIDWELL

OATS—37 sacks in store and for sale by ap5 J C BIDWELL

CORN—100 bush in store and for sale by ap5 J C BIDWELL

TALLOW—10 bbls in store and for sale by ap5 J C BIDWELL

PEACHES—29 sacks in store and for sale by ap5 J C BIDWELL

SCORCHINGS—5 bbls on consignment, and for sale by mar23 J D WILLIAMS

BEANS—100 bushels small white, for sale by mar23 J D WILLIAMS

WANTED—A stout Boy, to feed a Power Press. Enquire at this office. ap5

TAR—100 bbls Tar, of prime quality and in good condition, on consignment and for sale by ap5 TAAFFE & O'CONNOR

LACE GOODS—30 cartons of Cotton and Thread Laces, just received and will be sold cheap by ap5 SMITH & JOHNSON, 46 market st

JUST RECEIVED—1 case Turkey Opium, and for sale by ap5 J KIDD & Co

JUST RECEIVED—75 bxs Hyde's ass'd Soaps, and for sale by ap5 J KIDD & Co

JUST RECEIVED—75 lbs pow'd Ipecac, and for sale by ap5 J KIDD & Co

CASSIMERES—A full assortment of black and fancy Cassimeres, just received by ap5 SHACKLETT & WHITE, 99 wood st

GINGHAMS—A large assortment of Domestic, English and French Ginghams, just opening and for sale by ap5 SHACKLETT & WHITE

LARD—7 kegs for sale by ap5 GEO COCHRAN, 26 wood st

PIG IRON—250 tons, Allegheny, for sale from the wharf, by J & R FLOYD, ap4 corner wood and liberty sts

SUGAR—225 hhds N O Sugar, for sale by ap4 J & R FLOYD

MOLASSES—300 bbls Plantation Molasses; 50 do S. House do
For sale by ap4 J & R FLOYD

COFFEE—200 bags prime Rio, for sale by ap4 J & R FLOYD

LARD—10 bbls No 1 Lard, for sale by ap4 J & R FLOYD

LOAF SUGAR—50 bbls assorted, for sale by ap4 J & R FLOYD

COURT PLASTER—20 gross black and flesh colored, for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS, 57 wood st

ALCOHOL—A few bbls just received and for sale by ap3 JOEL MOHLER

CREAM TARTAR—2 bbls for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS

M'ALLISTER'S OINTMENT—7 gross for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS

BOTTLE CORKS—3 bales just rec'd and for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS

SNUFF—1 tierce Garrett's Scotch, just rec'd and for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS

OVAL PILL BOXES—100 gross for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS—5 gross, warranted genuine, for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS

QUININE—100 ozs for sale by ap3 R E SELLERS

LINSEED OIL—5 bbls for sale by ap3 JOHN D MORGAN

ALCOHOL—5 bbls Alcohol for sale by ap3 JOHN D MORGAN

COPAL VARNISH—3 bbls for sale by ap3 JOHN D MORGAN

SPANISH BROWN—1 cask for sale by ap3 JOHN D MORGAN

CLOVES—1 bal Cloves for sale by ap3 JOHN D MORGAN

SOAP—5 boxes Rosin Soap, for sale by ap3 JOHN D MORGAN

WINDOW GLASS—550 bxs 8x10; 150 do 10x12; 50 do 7x9; just received and for sale by ap3 S F VON BONNHORST & Co, 55 front st

DRIED FRUIT—100 bbls Dry Apples; 20 do do Peaches; for sale by ap3 S F VON BONNHORST & Co

WHITE BEANS—18 bbls just rec'd and for sale by ap3 WICK & M'CANDLESS

HERRING—114 boxes, for sale by ap3 WICK & M'CANDLESS

COTTON YARNS—4000 Union Mills, assorted Nos, for sale by ap3 WICK & M'CANDLESS

NAILS—200 kegs Nails, for sale by ap3 WICK & M'CANDLESS

GLASS—163 boxes 8x10; 78 boxes 10x12 Glass; for sale by ap3 WICK & M'CANDLESS

GROUND NUTS—8 sacks Tennessee Ground Nuts, for sale by ap3 WICK & M'CANDLESS

LIME—220 bbls Louisville Lime, just received and for sale by ap3 POINDEXTER & Co

S. H. MOLASSES—30 bbls St. James Refinery, just received and for sale by ap3 POINDEXTER & Co, 41 water st

BACON—43 casks St Louis city cured, a prime article, landing from stmr. Germantown, on consignment and for sale by mar30 D T MORGAN & Co, 10 wood st

WINTER WHALE OIL—10 bbls bleached Winter Whale Oil, for sale by mar30 BAGALEY & SMITH

NAILS—100 kegs assorted sizes, for sale by ap1 WEST BOWEN, 78 front st

TOBACCO—20 kegs twist Tobacco, for sale by ap1 WEST BOWEN

N. O. SUGAR—100 hhds prime N O Sugar, landing from steamer Gennessee, and for sale by mar31 BAGALEY & SMITH

PICKLED HAMS—5 hhds extra sugar cured Hams, landing from steamer North Alabama, and for sale by mar31 BAGALEY & SMITH

WINDOW SHADES—Transparent window shades of different patterns, at all prices; Buff Linen and Oiled Chints for shades; Shade and Blind Trimmings of all kinds, for sale by F H EATON & Co, mar30 63 market st

TEAS—450 packages fresh Teas, comprising Young Hyson, half chests and catty boxes;
Imperial do do
Gunpowder do do
Pouchong do do
For sale by mar29 BAGALEY & SMITH

AUCTION SALES.

By John D. Davis, Auctioneer.

Steamboat Wreck at Auction.
ON Saturday, the 8th inst, at 3 o'clock P M, at the warehouse adjoining H B Waterman's, will be sold for account whom it may concern, the entire stock of cabin furniture and outfit of the steamboat Sunbeam, among which are mattresses, comforts, chairs, tables, lamps, queensware, iron safe, blocks and rigging doors, shutters, fixtures, &c. &c.
Terms, all sums under $100, cash currency, $100 and upwards, 60 days credit for approved endorsed notes. ap6 JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct'r.

Public Sale of Lots on Wylie street, in the Sixth Ward of the City.
ON Saturday the 15th inst, at 3 o'clock P M, at the Commercial Sales Room, corner of wood and 5th sts, will be sold 8 Lots, situated on the southerly side of Wylie street, adjoining and westerly from Logan street being a subdivision of lots Nos 77, 78, 79, 80, 81 and 82 in Irwin's plan; two of which are each 19 feet front by 124 feet in depth to alley 28 feet 5½ inches wide, the remaining six have each 20 feet in front by 124 feet to the aforesaid alley.
A plan may be seen at the office of H B Wilkins, Esq, 5th street, or at the auction room. Terms at sale. ap6 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct.

Great Sale of Fashionable Clothing—5000 Spring Garments on a credit of three months.
ON Tuesday morning, the 11th instant, at 10 o'clock, and at 2 o'clock P M, on same day, will be sold at the Commercial Sales Room, corner of wood and 5th sts, the largest and best assortment of ready made clothing ever offered at public sale in this city, being the entire stock of a clothing merchant from Chestnut street, Philadelphia, who is declining business, which will afford an opportunity to all disposed to purchase great bargains, as the goods must be sold without reserve.
The assortment consists of superfine black and fancy colored British and Belgian cloths, dress and frock coats, drap d'ete, queen's, cloth, cassimere and gingham coats of every description, vests, double and single breasted, Paris Brilliantes, Turkerie, gros de rhine, poult de soi, bombazine, cassimere, marseilles, blk and fig'd satin, &c. pants; black and fancy cassimere, linen plaid, gingham, drap d'ete, white linen, corderoy, cottonade, &c; fine and superfine shirts, made in French style, with linen bosoms and collars, white muslin, fancy and drilling drawers, &c.
Catalogues will be ready and the goods open for examination on the morning of the sale, to which the attention of dealers is particularly requested. ap6 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct

Match Horses for Sale.
ONE pair large size Iron Grey Horses, five years old and very gentle. Apply to JOHN D DAVIS, ap6 corner of wood and 5th sts

Sale of Dry Goods, &c.
ON Thursday morning, April 6th, at 10 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Room, corner of Wood and Fifth sts, will be sold, without reserve, to close a consignment, an extensive assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, among which are, cloths, cassimeres, satinetts, French summer cassimeres and vestings, bleached and unbleached muslin, white, red and yellow flannels, linen drillings, summer stripe, super 4-4 French chintz, English and American prints, French and Scotch lawns, Earlston and Manchester ginghams, linen and cotton check, ticking, nankeens, furniture prints, jaconet and cambric muslins, cashmeres, mous de laine, balzarines and lustres, Irish, French and German linens, merino, cashmere, crape and mous de laine shawls, handkerchiefs, silk and velvet, dress silks, black satin, sewing silk, ribbons, colored crapes, alpaccas, merinos, Swiss and book muslins, gloves, hosiery, laces, insertings, reticules, &c. &c.
At 2 o'clock, p. m.
Groceries, glassware, queensware, window glass, 2 hf pipes French brandy, 10 bxs of Virginia tobacco, segars, confectionary, 12 bbls N O molasses. A large assortment of new and second hand household furniture, carpeting, feather beds, mattresses, bedding, looking glasses in great variety, mantel clocks, cooking stoves, &c.
At 7 o'clock, p. m.
Ready made clothing, gold and silver watches, hardware, cutlery, boots, shoes, umbrellas, variety goods, &c. ap6 JOHN D DAVIS, Auct'r.

POSITIVELY FOR 3 DAYS ONLY!
RAYMOND & WARING'S
GRAND MENAGERIE.
WILL BE EXHIBITED on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, April 11th, 12th and 13th, for three days only, under their mammoth pavillion, to be erected in front of the American Hotel, Penn street; and also in Allegheny city on Friday, April 14th.
Raymond & Waring would respectfully announce to the public, that on this occasion they will have an opportunity of witnessing the novel and daring performances of
M'LLE. CYBELLE.
who, for her courage and intrepidity, has gained the name of THE LION QUEEN, and will appear with the renowned
HERR DRIESBACH
in his unparalleled performances, with his Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Cougars, &c., and will signalize herself by driving an AFRICAN LION harnessed to a triumphal car, thus showing that even a woman may learn to control the MONARCHS OF THE FORESTS.
☞ Doors open each day from 1½ to 4½, and from 7 to 10 o'clock, P. M.
Admission, 25 cents—children under ten years of age, 15 cents. ap4

NEW STORE.
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF GOODS.
THE subscribers have taken the store, No. 46 Market street, 3d door above Third street, where they are now opening a choice stock of Linen, Cambric and Silk Handkerchiefs.
Straw Goods, Hosiery,
Ribbons, Gloves,
Artificial Flowers, Combs,
Laces, Buttons,
Embroideries, Threads,
Umbrellas, Needles,
Parasols, Jewelry.
To which they would invite the attention of Milliners, Country Merchants and others. The above goods have been purchased for Cash of the Eastern manufacturers, and at the recent package sales, and will be sold for cash as low as can be bought of either New York or Philadelphia jobbers.
mar28d&w SMITH & JOHNSON.

PRINTS ONLY.
44
CEDAR ST., NEW YORK.
LEE & BREWSTER
Established a warehouse in the year 1846, for the purpose of supplying the City and interior Trade with PRINTED CALICOES EXCLUSIVELY, at low prices—and exhibiting, at all seasons of the year, the Largest Assortment in
THE WORLD.
They are now opening Several Hundred Packages, comprising every new style of Foreign and Domestic production, many of which have just been purchased, and are offered for sale for Cash and short credit, at PRICES REDUCED FROM
ONE TO FIVE CENTS
per yard below the prices of April and May, as per printed Catalogues, which are corrected daily, for the information of buyers.
PRINT WAREHOUSE,
New York, June, 1847. jy3d6m

Jaynes' Expectorant.
SALEM, Columbiana Co., O., Apr. 24, 1841.
DR. D. JAYNES: DEAR SIR—I feel bound to you and the afflicted public, to avail myself of this opportunity of giving publicity to the extraordinary effects of your Expectorant on myself. Having been afflicted for several years with a severe cough, hectic fever and its concomitant diseases, and seemed only doomed to linger out a short but miserable existence, until the fall of 1839, when, being more severely attacked, and having resorted to all my former remedies, and the prescriptions of two of the most respectable physicians in the neighborhood without deriving any benefit, or the consolation of surviving but a few days or weeks at farthest—when the last gleam of hope was about to vanish, I had recommended to me your Expectorant—and blessed by that Being who does all things in the use of the means—and contrary to the expectations of my physicians and friends, I was in a few days raised from my bed, and was enabled by the use of a bottle, to attend to my business, enjoying since better health than I had for ten years before.
Respectfully yours, &c., JAS. W. ESTILL.
For sale in Pittsburgh, at the Pekin Tea Store, 72 Fourth street. mar29

LAST COTILLION PARTY.
A. BONNAFFON, respectfully informs his patrons that his last Party will take place on Friday, the 7th inst. On that occasion he will exhibit to the parents his method of teaching and the progress of his pupils. The Polka and Polka Quadrille will be performed by some of his pupils (six years old), which will satisfy the company present that A. B. is capable of teaching young children as well as other teachers or teacheresses who have taught in this city. Parents are respectfully invited and requested to attend and see the improvements of their children. Those ladies who have season tickets are particularly invited, and will be admitted with the same tickets. Tickets for gentlemen will be ready on Thursday, the 6th inst., to be had of A. B. himself. The dances will take place at 10 o'clock. ap3:3

WHITE GOODS FOR DRESSES—Open this morning, at W R MURPHY'S Dry Goods House, north east corner of 4th and Market sts, a full assortment of white Goods for dresses, such as Swiss Muslins, plain and fig'd; Mull Mull do; barred Jaconets; plain Mulls and Jackonets. Also, various styles of goods for Evening Dresses, including a few patterns of entire new styles Embroidered Muslin Robes.
☞ New goods will be receiving daily for a week to come, including newest styles Dress Goods, Lawns and French Ginghams, Prints and Chintzes, very low.
Merchants are invited to examine the goods and prices in wholesale rooms, up stairs. The assortment large and prices very low. ap3

THE UNDERSIGNED, doing business under the name of Arthurs & Nicholson, at their Foundry on Third street, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved their co-partnership. All those knowing themselves indebted to the firm, are requested to call at their warehouse on Liberty street, opposite head of Wood, and settle; and all having claims against them will present them at the same place for settlement.
JOHN ARTHURS,
JOHN NICHOLSON.
April 1, 1848. ap5-3t

A DESIDERATUM TO ALL WHO WRITE—Marks' India Rubber Fluid, for preventing pens corroding in ink; also for adapting them to write on parchment without the aid of pumice, and to facilitate the ink flowing free. To students, conveyancers and mercantile men, it is invaluable. By merely adding a few drops of this Fluid to the ink in use, it will be found to be the best auxiliary ever offered, as it neutralizes the acid, precipitates the sediment, causes a free flow of the ink, and dispenses with the trouble of wiping a pen. Just received and for sale by JOHNSTON & STOCKTON, Stationers, mar21 cor market and 3d sts

NEW BOOKS, just received by Express—Germany, England and Scotland, or Recollections of a Swiss Minister; by J H Merle D'Aubigne, D. D., Author of History of the Reformation, Life of Cromwell, &c.
A Practical Exposition of the Gospels of St. Matthew and St. Mark, in the form of Lectures, intended to assist the practice of domestic instruction and devotion; by John Bird Sumner, D. D., Bishop of Chester.
For sale by ELLIOTT & ENGLISH, feb23 56 market st, bet 3d and 4th.

SHACKLETT & WHITE,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, No. 99 Wood street, have on hand, and are constantly receiving during the business season, a large and extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, which they offer to merchants at low prices, and reasonable terms, believing that they can give entire satisfaction, they confidently invite all merchants visiting the city to give them a call. ap4

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.
WE have taken an office immediately opposite to our burnt warehouse, for the present, where we will transact business as usual, until a new house can be erected, arrangements having already been made for that purpose. Boats will always be in readiness at our wharf to receive freight.
ap4 C A M'ANULTY & Co., Canal Basin, Liberty st.

REMOVAL.
R. ROBINSON & CO. have removed to the warehouse formerly occupied by Messrs. J & T Floyd, No 162 Liberty street, 4 doors below Hand st. ap4

Steam Engine Wanted.
ANY person having for sale, a small Steam Engine, can hear of a purchaser, by application at the Counting Room of the Gazette. ap4

PRINTERS' INK—30 kegs Printers' Ink, spring and summer, just received and for sale by mar31 B A FAHNESTOCK & Co, wood & 1st sts

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—800 hhds N O Sugar; 1600 bbls N O Molasses, in store and for sale by mar29 BAGALEY & SMITH

STEAMBOATS.

CINCINNATI & PITTSBURGH
DAILY PACKET LINE.
THIS well known line of splendid passenger Steamers is now composed of the largest, swiftest, best finished and furnished, and most powerful boats on the waters of the West. Every accommodation and comfort that money can procure, has been provided for passengers. The Line has been in operation for five years—has carried a million of people without the least injury to their persons. The boats will be at the foot of Wood street the day previous to starting, for the reception of freight and the entry of passengers on the register. In all cases the passage money must be paid in advance.

SUNDAY PACKET.
The ISAAC NEWTON, Capt. A. G. Mason, will leave Pittsburgh every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Sunday evening at 10 P. M.
May 29, 1847.

MONDAY PACKET.
The MONONGAHELA, Capt. Stone, will leave Pittsburgh every Monday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Monday evening at 10 P. M.

TUESDAY PACKET.
The HIBERNIA No. 2, Capt. J. Klinefelter, will leave Pittsburgh every Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Tuesday evening at 10 P. M.

WEDNESDAY PACKET.
The NEW ENGLAND No. 2, Capt. S. Dean, will leave Pittsburgh every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Wednesday evening at 10 P. M.

THURSDAY PACKET.
The BRILLIANT, Capt. Grace, will leave Pittsburgh every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Thursday evening at 10 P. M.

FRIDAY PACKET.
The CLIPPER No. 2, Capt. Crooks, will leave Pittsburgh every Friday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Friday evening at 10 P. M.

SATURDAY PACKET.
The MESSENGER, Capt. S. Reno, will leave Pittsburgh every Saturday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Saturday evening at 10 P. M.

BEAVER PACKETS.—NEW ARRANGEMENTS.
The steamer CALEB COPE, will leave for Beaver, Glasgow and Wellsville, on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, of each week, at 9 o'clock A. M. returning on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. She has a boat at the landing between Wood street and the bridge, prepared to receive freights at any time.
S. & W. HARBAUGH, Agts. oct12 No 23 Wood st.

BEAVER AND WELLSVILLE PACKET.
The fine steamboat BEAVER, Charles T. Clarke, master, will, during the coming winter season, make daily trips to Beaver and Wellsville; leaving Pittsburgh every morning at 9 o'clock, and Wellsville at 3 o'clock, P. M. dec10 G. M. HARTON, & CO. Agts.

1848. PITTSBURGH & BROWNSVILLE 1848
Daily Packet Line.
FEBRUARY 1st, 1848. FEBRUARY 1st, 1848.
LEAVE DAILY AT 8 A. M., AND 4 P. M.
The following new boats, complete the line for the present season: ATLANTIC, Capt. James Parkinson; BALTIC, Capt. A. Jacobs; and LOUIS M'LANE, Capt E. Bennett. The boats are entirely new, and are fitted up without regard to expense. Every comfort that money can procure has been provided. The Boats will leave the Monongahela Wharf Boat at the foot of Ross st. Passengers will be punctual on board, as the boats will certainly leave at the advertised hours, 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. jan31

FOR ZANESVILLE.
The fine steamer COMET, Boyd, Master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports this day, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board. ap3

FOR ST. LOUIS.
The new and magnificent steamer NORTHERN LIGHT, B F Hutchinson, Master, will leave for the above and intermediate Ports on Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board. mar31

FOR CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.
The fine steamer NEW ENGLAND, Ebbert, Master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on Saturday, April 1, at 10 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. mar31

FOR WHEELING AND BRIDGEPORT.
The neat and substantial low water steamboat HUDSON, Andrew Poe Master, has resumed her regular trips between Wheeling, Bridgeport and Pittsburgh, leaving Pittsburgh on Mondays and Thursdays. mar25

FOR WABASH RIVER.
The new and splendid light draught steamer EUREKA, R J Thomas, Master, will leave for La Fayette and intermediate ports on Saturday, the 1st of April, at 4 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to mar29 J NEWTON JONES, Mon'g'a House.

REGULAR PACKET FOR SUNFISH.
The new and fast steamer WELLSVILLE, Barnes, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week. For freight or passage apply on board or to feb16 GEO B MILTENBERGER, Ag't.

PITTSBURGH & WHEELING PACKET.
The swift steamer CONSUL, Dorsey P Kinney, master, will leave regularly for Wheeling, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock precisely. Leave Wheeling every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, a m, precisely.
The Consul will land at all the intermediate ports. Every accommodation that can be procured for the comfort and safety of passengers has been provided. The boat is also provided with a self-acting safety guard to prevent explosions. For freight or passage apply on board or to DAVID C HERBST, corner of 1st and Smithfield sts.

McKEESPORT, ELIZABETH AND MONONGAHELA CITY PACKET.
The new steamer DESPATCH, Nelson, master, will run as above, leaving Pittsburgh every Monday Wednesday and Friday, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and Monongahela City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, a. m. For freight or passage apply on board.

FOR FRANKLIN.
The new and light draught steamer ARROWLINE, A D Miller, Master, will leave for the above port every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board. mar1

JEWELRY.
NEW and splendid variety, at ZEBULON KINSEY'S, 57 Market street.
50 gold lever Watches; 48 silver lever watches, English; 20 silver detached lever watches; 20 silver L'Epine watches; 25 silver quartier watches; 12 fine gold chains; 1 doz new style ear rings; 6 doz plain gold hoop rings; 6 doz assorted rings; 8 doz steel slides, all sizes.

FANCY GOODS.
5 doz fine Fans, silk and paper; 50 doz common Fans; crotchet bead bags, new styles; 10 doz fine crotchet bead bags, new styles; 25 doz fine parasols, assorted sizes; tassels, fringes, gilt and silver, for regalias; 10 doz fine flower vases, assorted; 1 doz fine steel screw pin cushions; 1 doz fine ivory screw pin cushions. A fine assortment of new Toys, &c. &c. mar29

TRIMMINGS.
NEW and splendid variety of Trimmings of the latest styles, just received at ZEBULON KINSEY'S, No. 57 Market street; among which are:
50 gross daisy buttons, assorted colors;
100 gross plain covered with net, assorted colors;
150 gross plain small, assorted colors;
50 gross cotton, a new article, will wash, ass'd col's.
Also, a large variety of fringes, ass'd widths and col's.
GLOVES.
A very large stock of the above article.
6 doz ladies' open worked silk gloves;
8 doz gents' heavy silk do
7 doz ladies' net silk and white do
25 doz do fancy top lisle thr'd do
20 doz ladies' do
30 doz ladies' raw silk do
20 doz gents' raw silk do
12 doz childrens' cotton do
Shaded twist, steel and gilt beads, purse rings and tassels, bead bags, steel and velvet, fine fans, parasols, accordeons, &c. &c. mar29

F. C. ELLMAKER. CHARLES ECKY. ROBT. WATSON.
ELLMAKER, ECKY & CO.,
FLOUR FACTORS,
And General Commission Merchants,
No. 13 SOUTH WATER STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
REFERENCES—Henry Graff & Co., Pittsburgh; Rodgers & Sherlock, S. Schooley & Son, } Cincinnati; A. M. January, Maysville; Charles Basham, Jr., Louisville; Detilh, Humphreys & Co., Mercer, Bro. & Co., Reed & Brother, } Phila'a; Detilh & Consinery, New York. ap1dly

KING & MOORHEAD,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, corner of the Diamond and Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
REFERENCES—Dr. P. Shoenberger, Richard Bard, } Pittsburgh; Hon. Jos. Morrison, Rich. S Elliott, Esq, } St. Louis; Simon Drum, Esq., Greensburgh; T. Gemmill & Co., Philadelphia; J. Milliken & Sons, Lewistown, Pa.; J. Reamer, Hon. Wm. J. Dougherty, } Bedford; Mulhollan & Ray, Blairsville. ap5&w6mT

A DESIDERATUM TO ALL WHO WRITE—Marks' India Rubber Fluid, for preventing pens corroding in ink; also for adapting them to write on parchment without the aid of pumice, and to facilitate the ink flowing free. To students, conveyancers and mercantile men, it is invaluable. By merely adding a few drops of this Fluid to the ink in use, it will be found to be the best auxiliary ever offered, as it neutralizes the acid, precipitates the sediment, causes a free flow of the ink, and dispenses with the trouble of wiping a pen. Just received and for sale by JOEL MOHLER

PITTSBURGH FEMALE INSTITUTE.
THIS Institution, under the supervision of Mr. and Mrs. Gosborn, is still open for the reception of pupils, and will be continued at the same place on Liberty street. In consequence of some changes having taken place, a few vacancies have occurred, and those desirous of placing their daughters under their care, would do well to make an early application. For terms see circular, or apply to the Principal. ap3

SUNDRIES—Thompson's Eye Water; Jaynes' do do; Jew David's Plaster; Orris' Tooth Wash; Chlorine do; Chlorine Tooth Powder; Rousel's do do; Hazel's Tooth Paste; in store and for sale by JOEL MOHLER, ap3 corner wood and 5th sts

REMOVAL.
R. TANNER & CO, No 86 Wood street, 4 doors above the St. Charles Hotel, wholesale dealers in Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, Palm Leaf, Leghorn and Panama Hats, French and American Artificial Flowers. A large stock of all the above goods just received and for sale low. ap3

REMOVAL.
THE subscribers have removed to No. 53 Water and 106 Front street, in the warehouse formerly occupied by Young, Ihmsen & Plunkett. ap3 S & W HARBAUGH

LOAF SUGARS, &C—400 bbls Loaf Sugars assorted numbers; 20 bbls Sugar House Molasses; in store and for sale by mar29 BAGALEY & SMITH

NO. 3 MACKEREL—400 bbls large No 3 Mackerel; for sale by mar29 BAGALEY & SMITH