THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY ERASTUS BROOKS & Co.

PITTSBURGH:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 2, 1848.

☞ THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE is published Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.—The Daily is Seven Dollars per annum; the Tri-Weekly is Five Dollars per annum; the Weekly is Two Dollars per annum, *strictly in advance.*

☞ ADVERTISERS are earnestly requested to hand in their favors before 5 P. M., and as early in the day as practicable.

FOR LATEST Commercial Intelligence, Domestic Markets, River News, Imports, Money Markets, &c., see third page.

Editorial Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PEACE PROPOSALS.

Washington, Jan. 28, 1848.

The Peace rumors are revived to-day, and come in a less questionable shape than before. What has been foreshadowed *for* so many days, is no doubt true. The basis of a treaty *has been* agreed upon by Mr. Trist and a body of Mexican Commissioners appointed for that purpose. What has been done, however, is to be regarded as little more than "Peace Proposals," and these proposals are, that the Rio Grande shall be the Boundary to the line of New Mexico, and that a line West shall be drawn from that point to the Pacific. This gives to the United States Upper California and all of the country east of the Rio Grande to the New Mexico line. There are ample reasons why even this unprincipled Administration should not demand this surrender. The people of New Mexico would prove more troublesome to the Government than almost any other portion of the Mexican people, and they are withal among the most loyal to the Central Government. The country is not worth the smallest fraction of the cost, and it will hardly cause a single heart burning for the Americans now in New Mexico to leave it. California is much more valuable, though, excepting a Port on the Pacific, entirely undesirable to us, with room enough already in our own undisputed territory for a population of three hundred millions of people.

The hope of Peace awakens in my own mind considerations that make all other questions secondary. The Peace party in Congress is strong also, and if the question was put to either or both of the two Houses, they would advise it even without the territory proposed to be secured to us on the payment of fifteen millions of dollars. If more territory we must have, it is better to buy it than to steal it,—and a treaty of peace upon such a basis must be much more mutual and lasting than one of force. The sum of money named is a large sum, but better to spend it so than in arms and munitions of war, in raising men to be slain in battle, or to die of diseases contracted in the camp, or from a climate uncongenial to our People.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Whig members of Congress, in their meeting last evening, after a spirited discussion, and something of a breeze,—a gentle one though, which neither ruffled the temper nor disturbed anybody's equanimity or good feeling,—resolved *that there should be a Whig National Convention.* Some of the friends of General Taylor, esteeming him as a good Whig, and believing that no party nomination was necessary, and others believing that he would be nominated, the Convention were opposed to its being held with a view of naming there a candidate for the Presidency. All these were overruled, and the largely preponderating and finally controlling sentiment was that a Convention should be held for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States. The time and place, which were immaterial to the great issue, whether there should be a Convention of not, were left for a future day, probably next week. The Old Whig Guard have done well so far, and guided those who would have made an innovation upon one of the most sacred usages of the Whig party.

SUPREME COURT.

The Rhode Island case was closed in the Supreme Court to-day, with an argument for the Plaintiff. Alas, that the high law officers of the Government,—the Attorney General,—should ever be found advocating the Government of the Mob.—Though the whole Bench of Judges received their places by the appointment of Democratic Presidents, I have no doubt of the issue. They will decide in favor of Law and Order, and against those who participated in the rebellion which ended in the Court Martial complained of by the Plaintiff.

HENRY CLAY, it is thought, may argue his case on Monday, as the Bar have all kindly given way to him, but his associate or opponent in the case, Reverdy Johnson, of Maryland, is not present, and as you may have heard, is the party to a threatened duel between himself and Robert J. Brent, of Baltimore.

CONGRESS.

Some few Private Bills were passed to-day in the House of Representatives, and notice given of a Bill to render more secure the lives of passengers sailing on our Western waters.

Mr. Phelps closed his speech upon the Ten Regiment Bill in the Senate, arguing the expense, wrong and folly incident to such a war as that in which the country is now engaged. He showed that Mexico was incapable of supplying the means of carrying on the war with Mexico, and that reliance upon any such means would not only fail, but starve our soldiers,—that the aggrandizement of territory was contrary to the spirit of our free Republican Institutions, that war led to despotism,—to a dangerous increase of Executive power, as seen already in the multitude of Executive officers, in the levying of contributions, and making war without the authority of Congress, in the enactment of tariffs for the collection of foreign duties. War, too, was contrary to the spirit of the Institutions of the country, and its moral effects disastrous. It was impossible, too, that the Castilian race could amalgamate with the Anglo Saxon race,—so discordant were the elements. The descendants of the Puritans could not unite with the Spanish race, and if thisty stars were *to be* added to the Union from this portion of *the Continent*, it must destroy other portions of the Republic. Decay, decrepitude, dissolution were consequences certain to flow from the course we had marked out, and unless we put a stop to our wars, returned to the pursuits of Peace, we endangered the welfare of the Republic. At the time of the treaty of Ghent, it was proposed that the old Canadian French line should be the one adopted between the United States and Canada, and had this been done he and a portion of his constituents would now have been subjects of Queen Victoria. The very mention of such a surrender of territory created a feeling of indignation throughout the land. How then could we ask Mexico to surrender one half of her territory, or declining to do this, threaten to take the whole of it from her. *How would the United States receive such a proposal from any human power?* E. B.

Commerce—Postages—Manufacturing. Washington, Jan. 28, 1848.

The Committee on Commerce have under consideration the subject of the Internal Commerce of the country, and will probably report bills at an early day for all necessary public works, perhaps dividing the Lakes from the Rivers by reporting two bills, or perhaps testing the sincerity and good faith of the Executive by presenting a single Lake harbor and a single Western river, where the justice of the appropriation is so obvious as to be indispensable. This done, it is probable that all other items of appropriation will be embodied in a single bill. I doubt not the whole again will be doomed to the Executive Veto, since it is deemed just and necessary by "the powers that be," to absorb the energies of the Government in the prosecution of a foreign war. The Dead Sea and the Gulf of Tehuantepec are deemed legitimate objects of expenditure, but not a cent is allowed for our own Rivers and Harbors.

The Post Office Committee have not yet acted upon the various popular memorials sent them from various sections of the country, in regard to the removal of postage on county newspapers, and the equalization of postage on transient newspapers,—and the Press must speak one voice upon this subject, if they would be heard. The taxing of transient newspapers three cents postage, with a pre-payment upon the same, is an unjust law, and confers no benefit upon the Department whatever. It is a high tax upon intelligence, and the effect is to keep the people from possessing information which would otherwise be brought home to their doors. I have just been urging this subject home upon the Post Office Committee, and hope for one. The cheap postage system is working admirably just now, and with a more efficient Post Office Department, and faster mail service, the Department could boast of a still further reduction. A [illegible] cent postage would [illegible] of two [illegible] of the [illegible] passage [illegible] country [illegible] uniform, [illegible] country.

"FLOURISHING MANUFACTURES."—Messrs. A. Robeson & Co., extensive calico printers and cotton manufacturers, of Fall River have failed. The affairs of the concern have been conducted in a prudent manner. The payments of this firm to their help amounted to $12,000 per month. The withdrawal of such a large monthly sum from the town, at this season of the year, must be fraught with injury to many laboring men and their families.

THE GENERAL MANUFACTURING LAW OF NEW YORK.—This important bill has received its third reading, and a strong vote in the House. It will be immediately sent to the Senate, where it will receive prompt action.

WHIG NATIONAL CONVENTION.—The day for the meeting of this body will be named at Washington, on Thursday of this week.

Local Intelligence.

GREAT CLAY MEETING.

The meeting last night in spite of the postponement, and the malicious stories, diligently put afloat that the room was unsafe, was one of which the Whigs of old Allegheny may well be proud. The spacious room was crowded in every part and the greatest enthusiasm shown throughout the whole meeting. The old Whig fire burns brightly as ever and November next will show from this district a Whig majority that will throw our past well doings in the shade.

All the Resolutions adopted are Whig through, out, and the man who cannot go into the fight with them for his creed will look in vain for a political chart. The proceedings showed the strongest determination on the part of the friends of Mr. Clay to urge his claims to the nomination for the Presidency, while the determination was as fully expressed on all hands to go for the nominations of the National Convention, whoever they may be.

The meeting which was called to assemble at the old Court House on Saturday evening and postponed to the Assembly Rooms, was held last night. The meeting came to order at 7½ P. M., and WM. J. HOWARD, Esq., called to the Chair.

The following gentlemen were then nominated as Vice Presidents:

Geo Singer, city; John B Sheriff, Lower St Clair Township; John Sampson, Manchester; Levi Gregg, Sen., Fayette; Joseph McKnight, Birmingham; H Rowland, McKeesport, Fauntly Muse, Versailles; Uriah Applegate, Elizabeth; Allen Cordell, city; John D Day, Allegheny; Uriah Applegate, city; James Graham, Wilkins; Robert Davis; Ephraim Jones, Lower St Clair.

Secretaries.—James B. Murry, S. F. Von Bonhorst, Sam. B. Marsh, Robinson Township; W. M. Hersh.

Mr. Howard after the organization, stated that the meeting was called by the young Whigs, but he though not young, yielded to none in the ardor with which he stood forth in support of Henry Clay.

On motion of Robt. McKnight Esq., a committee of seven were appointed to draft resolutions. The Chair named, Joshua Hanna, James M. Cooper, Charles B. Scully, R. E. Sellers, David Simms, W. W. Wilson.

The committee then retired to prepare resolutions and C. O. Loomis Esq. was called upon to address the meeting.

Mr. Loomis in the clearest manner enumerated the many claims of Mr. Clay to the suffrages of the people for the Presidency. In no part of the State had there been a distinct nomination made for that high office and it was most proper to make the first movement here in the Iron city, and he would therefore nominate HENRY CLAY. Here the Speaker was interrupted by the most enthusiastic and long continued cheering. Mr. Clay, he said was the first choice and after him the man who should receive the nomination from a national convention, no matter who it was, so he was a whig.

Mr. Knox was then called for and made a brief address, when the committee on resolutions made their report. The resolutions we will publish tomorrow, and can only say that the Whig who cannot find upon them a platform broad enough to sustain him in the coming contest, may look for it in vain elsewhere. After these resolutions were read another was read as follows.

Resolved, That a committee of twenty-five be appointed to invite Mr. Clay to partake of a public entertainment in the City of Pittsburgh, at such time as may be most convenient and pleasant to him. Making it as early a day as will suit him, which was adopted with an unanimity, and a heartiness that only Clay Whigs give.

After this resolution was adopted, Charles B. Scully, Esq. took the stand and made a speech that called out the most hearty applause.

John B. Sheriff Esq., rose and said as the committee on resolutions had not named the tariff he would supply the deficiency, and read a series of resolutions in favor of the principle of the tariff of 1842 in all its length and breadth, supporting his resolutions with a pertinent speech.

Robt. McKnight Esq. was then loudly called for and addressed the meeting at length, but our limits forbid a detailed report.

WM. PENN FIRE CO.—This efficient company belonging to our sister city, on Saturday night are to have a festival supper to which we acknowledge the reception of a polite invitation. We doubt not the company will prove as hospitable as they are efficient when duty calls them to the aid of their fellow citizens.

HABEAS CORPUS.—A counterfeiter named Hurd was brought before Judge Irwin, yesterday, upon a writ of habeas corpus. His honor demanded bail in the sum of two thousand dollars, in default of which he was remanded to prison.

FREE LECTURES.—Mr. Allen will deliver the next Lecture before the citizens of the sixth Ward on Friday evening next. Subject, *The University.*

"THE LIFE OF MACURDY," to be had at the Bookstore of Elliott and English, Pittsburgh, and at the Drug store of Elliott and Beckham Allegheny.

SUFFERING FAMILIES OF THE VOLUNTEERS.—The Committee appointed by the War meeting, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 4th of December last, to ascertain what families or individuals are suffering, by the absence of those serving in the war with Mexico, report that the amount of money collected in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, has been $399,75.

Of this sum the committee have paid,	$283,83
Leaving in the hands of the committee,	$115,91

There were *thirty-eight* persons who applied to the committee for relief. The sums paid to each were from 5 to 10 dollars, according to their necessities. Many of the persons who have received aid have presented themselves to the committee a second time; and unless the relief fund is speedily increased, there will only be about 3 dollars to give to each of those who have already applied, leaving out of view a large number who are doubtless in want, but who have not, as yet, made known their situation to the committee.—*Post.*

A LETTER FROM JUDGE MCLEAN.—All the truly great and patriotic men of the country, aroused by the present fearful condition of our public affairs, are coming out in condemnation of the President's abuse of his war with Mexico and in favor of bringing it to a just and honorable close as soon as possible. As a general rule it is not well that the supreme judges should take part in the discussion of the questions that agitate the nation, yet the present crisis, is a crisis that involves not only the prosperity but the very life of our republic, demands the intervention of every citizen, whatever his station, who owes allegiance to the country. It would be the duty of a judge to start from the bench, even in the midst of the trial of an important cause, for the purpose of saving the life of a person in imminent peril; and shall not a judicial officer, without incurring the charge of being unmindful of the dignity of his ermine, be permitted to step forth to save the period existence of the Republic.

This letter of the venerable McLean will have great weight with the people of the United States.—*Louisville Jour.*

Washington, Jan. 7, 1848.

MY DEAR SIR: To all human appearance, the termination of this miserable war with Mexico is more remote than when the first blow was struck. In my judgment it was unnecessarily and unconstitutionally commenced, by marching our army into disputed territory in the possession of Mexico. And, I think, that Congress, who, unquestionably, have the power, should put an end to the war on just and honorable principles.

After agreeing upon the terms on which a treaty should be made, they should call upon the Executive, by resolution, to offer a peace to Mexico upon that basis; and during the negociation hostilities should be suspended. If the President shall refuse to do this, in the military appropriation bills, the amount should be required to take such positions as are strongest in the views of Congress. These bills the President could not veto, and he would be bound by their requirements. This may be done by the House.

I hope Congress will refuse to issue any more Treasury notes. The notes demanded, in addition to those already in circulation, would flood the country with that description of paper. Such an emission would constitute a Government bank, controlled and managed by a party administration. We have now fifteen millions of Treasury notes in circulation, and authority to issue five millions more. I would not increase this circulating dollar, but reduce it as speedily as possible. Such a system would be incomparably more dangerous to the public morals and the public liberty than any other system of banking that could be devised.

To meet any deficiency of the revenue to pay the current expenses of the war, I would authorize loans at par, paying not more than six per cent, interest, and, if loans cannot be made at this rate, let the administration resort to a system of taxation, which shall cause the people to feel the expenses of the war. All wars should be accompanied by a system of direct and internal taxation. Nothing short of this can show, in addition to the sacrifice of life, what we pay for military glory. This was the policy in the better days of the Republic.

The late war with England was nobly sustained by the people, not only in the field, but by the payment of taxes. And they will sustain every just war in which our country shall be involved. But I risk nothing in saying that an attempt to adopt such a system of taxation would wind up this Mexican war in sixty days. And this shows that the war should be put an end to. This may be done by Congress in ninety days, and I pray God they may do it.

Very truly yours, JOHN MCLEAN.

PROGRESS OF DEMOCRACY.—PRENTICE, of the Louisville Journal, says pointedly:—A little over forty years ago, Aaron Burr was brought to trial on a charge of treason for undertaking to raise within the limits of the United States the means of wresting Mexico from the dominion of Spain. It was treason *then* to dream of the conquest of Mexico, but it is *now* the height of patriotism to undertake it* Prentiss is right, for the conquest of Mexico, and not the dismemberment of the Union, was Burr's real object.

THE DELEGATES already elected to the State Convention which meets at Harrisburgh on the 4th of March next, stand as follows on the presidential question: for Buchanan, 31; for Dallas, 23; for Van Buren, 2; for Clay, 2.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Correspondence of Pittsburgh Gazette.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1, 1848.

SENATE.—The proceedings of the Senate were generally unimportant in their character.

The Bill allowing an extension of time to satisfy the claims for Bounty lands awarded for military service during the last war with England, was taken up, and Mr. Rusk to make it more in accordance with the feelings of the Senate, offered an amendment which compromised the affair as to an extension of time. He made a speech of some length in support of his amendment the benefits of which he strongly urged. After much discussion the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Miller's resolution calling on the President for information relative to the law which levies duties on goods shipped from the United States to Mexico was then taken up and adopted.

The Senate then laid aside the morning business and proceeded to the discussion of the Ten Regiment Bill.

Mr. Douglass defended the Bill at much length as being the most proper course to adopt. We should in passing the bill sooner procure a speedy and honorable peace.

At the close of the remarks of Mr. Douglass, Mr. Bell, of Tenn., obtained the floor, when on motion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—After the organization and the usual morning business, on motion of Mr. Goggin the House went into Committee of the Whole in reference to the President's message. Several speeches were made by Locofoco members that were very severe upon Messrs. Ritbett and Beddinger.

Mr. Morse followed in a speech defending Mr. Polk and the war.

The question was then taken on referring parts of the message relative to the supplies, to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Wilmot moved to amend by instructing the Committee of Ways and Means, to report a bill raising five millions of dollars annually, by direct taxation until the close of the war, which was adopted, yeas 93, nays 29. The Committee then rose and reported.

Mr. Colamer then obtained the floor and reviewed the War question, at the close of his remarks. Mr. McKay obtained the floor, when on motion of Mr. Cobb, the House adjourned.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1, 1848.

The Hon. John Davis, Senator from Massachusetts died in this city to-day. I have also to announce the death of the Hon. John W. Jones of Tennessee formerly speaker of the House of Representatives.

The death of Honest John Davis will cause regret throughout the United States, and his place will not soon be filled.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1, 1848.

General Quitman and family are here to-day.

The state Treasurer is paying the February interest on the state debt at the Pennsylvania Bank.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1, 4 P. M.

All the Eastern markets are entirely quiet; and dealers generally holding off for the foreign news.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1, 6 P. M.

Flour—Nothing is doing,—dealers are holding off for the foreign news.

Wheat—Limited sales of Prime Red, at 85c p bu.

Oats—Sales at 27@28c p bu.

Groceries—The market is less firm, but I notice no change in prices.

Whiskey—Sales at 17½c p gal.

Killed Hogs—Sales of 463 at 375@2971 p 100.

Lard—Sales at 6@6½c p lb.

Cheese—Sales of W. R. at 7c p lb. Market quiet.

PITTSBURGH WEEKLY GAZETTE.

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War and our duty in regard to it—Peace, War and President Making—Boundaries—From Mexico—The outrage upon Gen. Scott—Presidential Ticket—The Tax on Ground Rents—Mixed Races in Spanish Mexico—Canal Receipts of New York—Statistics of the Western Country—Rail Road Route—Slavery in a new Form—Branches of the Central Route—From New York—Pittsburgh Banks—Treasury Department—Expedition to the Mines in Mexico—Number of Steamboats Built St. Louis—Western Water Ways—Monopoly—Eastern Rail Road—Suspension of Gen. Scott—Supreme Court—National Convention—The Fremont Court Martial—Newsitems.

Latest Telegraph news, Foreign and Domestic. Commerce; A carefully compiled Review of the Markets for the past week; The prices in the local city markets; The Cattle Market; The prices of American produce in various parts of the Union; Amount of Flour, Wheat, Corn, &c., received since the opening of the Canal; Canal business and movements of produce; Market in London.

City News; Spirit of the Press; Copious Extracts from the leading journals on the interesting topics of the day.

For sale at the desk, singly or in wrappers. Price 6 cents single copy.
Subscriptions $2 a year in advance.

☞ THE CLIMATE is strangely destructive to the human cuticle, (or skin) the sudden change from heat to plethora. Then it is required that the skin should be kept open—that their mouths should be freed from impurity—then has the ancient Roman Pilloso plers cured all diseases—they powerful skin opens the pores of the skin, than any other outlet of the body. Disease and unhealthy impurities upon feel through the skin, therefore, to keep the pores open, all humors are dispelled from the skin from the pores, when they wash Jones' Italian Chemical Soap, we have seen it cure the worst and oldest cases of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Old Sores, Barber's Itch, Sore Head, Ringworm, when every other internal and external remedy had failed—its effect rendering the skin smooth, clear and soft, though it be yellow and coarse, is wonderful—it removes Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Morphew, and disfigurement of the skin—but persons must be particular and ask for JONES Soap—to be had in Pittsburgh at WM. JACKSON'S, sign of the Big Boot, 59 Liberty st. Price 50 cents. nov19dkwtf

☞ TO STEAMBOAT MEN AND OTHERS.—Connelly's Magical Pain Extractor—It is now conceded by medical men that Connell's Magical Pain Extractor, manufactured by Comstock & Co. 21 Courtland st. N Y, is the greatest wonder of the 19th century. Its effects are truly miraculous. All pains are removed from burns, scalds, &c., and all external sores, in a few minutes after its application; healing the same, leaving no deleterious skin, leaving no scar. It is equally beneficial in all kinds of inflammatory diseases, such as sore Nipples and Eyes, Sprains, Rheumatism, Piles, Felons and Ulcers, Bruises, Burns, Chilblains, Erysipelas, Piles, The Bolorexar, &c. We might add as proof to all we say, the names of many eminent physicians who use it in their practice, and hundreds of the clergy who praise it to their people. Kind parents keep it constantly on hand, in cases of accident by fire, life may be lost without it, but by its use all burns are subject to its control, unless the vitals are destroyed. Caution—Remember and ask for Connell's Magical Pain Extractor, manufactured by Comstock & Co. N Y, and no other.

Sold by WM. JACKSON, Agent for Pittsburgh, 59 Liberty st., head of Wood. nov15dkwtfeoT

☞ BALM OF COLUMBIA—HAIR TONIC.—To the bald and Grey—If you wish a rich, luxuriant head of hair, free from dandruff and scurf, do not fail to procure the genuine Balm of Columbia. In cases of baldness it will more than exceed your expectations. M. who have lost their hair for 20 years have had it restored to its original perfection by the use of this balm. Age, state or condition appear to be no obstacle to its use, also causes the fluid to flow with which the delicate hair tube is filled, by which means the diseased (whose hair was grey as the Asiatic Eagle) have had the hair restored to its natural color by the use of this invaluable remedy. In all cases of fever it will be found the most pleasant wash that can be used. A few application only are necessary to keep the hair from falling out. It strengthens the roots, it moves dandruff, gives a rich glossy appearance, and as a perfume for the toilet it is unequalled; it holds three times as much as other unscented hair restorative and is more durable. Sold by the proprietors from sole manufactory, 21 Courtland street, New York.

Sold in Pittsburgh, only genuine, by WM. JACKSON, 59 Liberty st., head of Wood; in Washington, Pa., by Sweeny & Son; in Brownsville, by Bennet & Crocker; in Canonsburg, by Dr. Youtz; also, by our agents in every town in Pa., Ohio and Md. nov15dkwtf

☞ Yellow Teeth and putrid breath,
Spongy gums like rotten death,
Is repulsive and disgusting.
All could have teeth as white as pearl,
Sweet breath—hard gums—man or girl,
Why delay?—say, quickly logic
And use a box of Jones' Tooth Paste.
It costs but 25 cents, and is really a beautiful article. It gives the teeth a fine enamel. Sold in Pittsburgh at 59 Liberty st.

☞ Does your hair fall off, does your hair turn gray it is harsh, is it dry, or dirty, I pray?
If so then you can make it soft, silky and fine,
Dark and healthy, and beautiful as the hair of mine
And to have this, you have but three shillings to give
For a bottle of Jones' Hair Restorative.
Reader, if you have had hair you could really be astonished at the lovely effect a three shilling bottle of Jones' Coral Hair Restorative has on it; it needs but one trial. Sold at 59 Liberty st.

☞ Don't have yellow dark Teeth—they can be made nearly white by one time using a box of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste. It hardens the gums, sweetens the breath, &c. Sold at 59 Liberty st. nov19dkwtf

☞ PILES, PILES, &c.—The Genuine Hays' Liniment is an article more justly celebrated as a cure for the above than any or all others. Its cures are almost incredible. Sold by WM. JACKSON, Agent for Pittsburgh. nov15dkwtoT

☞ Ladies who use Jones' Spanish Lily White, have always a fine white transparent skin. Give it a trial, it will satisfy any one. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at 59 Liberty st. nov19dandwly

☞ Don't have a Foul Breath—If you have, use a two shilling bottle of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste. That will make your breath sweet, whiten your teeth, &c.—Sold at 59 Liberty st. nov16dkwly

☞ TO THE HALT AND LAME.—Comstock's Nerve and Bone Liniment and Indian Vegetable Elixir is the most effectual cure for Rheumatism. Sold by WM. JACKSON, Agent for Pittsburgh. nov15dkwtoT

DIED.—On Tuesday, 1st inst. THEODORE F., son of Hezekiah and Matilda Anne Rutan, aged 16 months and two days.

The funeral will take place this afternoon, at three o'clock, from the residence of Mr. Alex. Hays, Federal st Allegheny city. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

☞ Notice to Contractors—Proposals will be received at the office of the Youghiogeny Navigation Company, in the Borough of West Newton, until Wednesday, the 23d day of February next, for the construction of Dams and Locks upon the Youghiogeny river improvement. Plans and specifications of the work may be seen at the Company's office any time after the 15th of February next, and any information in regard to the work may be obtained from J. E. Day, Engineer at Pittsburgh. The proposals will be addressed to the President of the Company.

ALEX. PLTMER, Pres't Y. N. Co.

WESTMORELAND, Jan. 31, 1848. feb2w3T
(Post copy.)

☞ Notice—In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga county, in the State of Ohio, made at the November term of said Court, 1847, the uncollected assets of the Estate of Robert Colwell, deceased, will be sold by the subscriber, at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in Cleveland, in said county, on the 6th day of March, 1848, at 10 o'clock A. M.

T. W. BINGHAM,
Admid. of Estate of Robt. Colwell, dec.

CLEVELAND, Jan 29, 1848. feb2dkwtwlmT

Union Cotton Mills,
Pittsburgh, Feb. 1, 1848.

OWING to alterations and improvements making at the Union Mill, the Proprietors offer for sale at low rates, some extra Heavy Heel wheel gearing and shafting, cards and other second hand machinery, all worthy of attention. Call and see, or address

MOORHEAD, COPELAND & CO
feb2dtaw

Monongahela Bridge.
PITTSBURGH, February 1st, 1848.

An Election for President, Managers and Officers of the Company for erecting a bridge over the river Monongahela, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny will be held at the office of said Company, on Monday the 6th day of March next, at 3 o'clock P. M.

JOHN THAW, Treas.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, Feb. 1, 1848.

AN Election for President, Managers, and Officers for the Company for erecting a Bridge over the river Allegheny, opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny will be holden in the Toll House, on Monday the 6th of March next, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN HARPER, Treas.
feb2dtdmkwtT

SOUSE—1 keg country cleared, a prime article, for sale by [feb2] WICK & McCANDLESS.

VINEGAR—14 bbls Cider Vinegar, for sale by feb2 WICK & McCANDLESS.

MAPLE SUGAR—5 tubs for sale by feb2 WICK & McCANDLESS.

BACON—A small lot of prime country cured Bacon, just received and for sale by feb2 HROWN & CULBERTSON 145 Liberty st.

BROOMS—70 doz just received and for sale by feb2 BROWN & CULBERTSON

LEAD & SHOT—Kept constantly on hand and for sale by feb2 BROWN & CULBERTSON

BACON SIDES—Suitable for sale by McGILL, BURKFIELD & ROE, 194 Liberty st.

HOPS—for sale by feb2 McGILL, BURKFIELD & ROE.

COTTON—25 bales just received per steamer Brooklyn and for sale by FRIEND RHEY & Co, 57 Water st.

LARD—50 bbls No 1 Leaf Lard, 5 do No 2 do, for sale by [feb2] FRIEND RHEY & Co

FEATHERS—5 sacks for sale by feb2 FRIEND RHEY & Co

BACON—6 sacks Sides, 2 do Hams, 2 do shoulders, for sale by [feb2] FRIEND RHEY & Co

AUCTION SALES.

County Convention.

AT a meeting of the County Committee of Correspondence held at McMasters' hotel in Pittsburgh, on the 22d January, 1848, the following call was agreed upon: That the Whig and Antimasonic voters of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny county are invited to meet at their usual places of holding primary meetings, within said districts, on Saturday the 12th February next, to appoint delegates to meet in County Convention at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on the succeeding Wednesday, to appoint delegates to the State Convention to be held at Harrisburgh to nominate a Canal Commissioner, Senatorial Electors and Senatorial delegates to the National Convention. The said county convention will also appoint a delegate from this district to the Whig National Convention and an elector for this district upon the State electoral Ticket.

The primary meetings in all the Townships except Pitt, will be held at 2 o'clock, P. M., and in the Wards and Boroughs including Pitt, at 7 o'clock, P. M. of said day.

DANL. MCCURDY, Chairman.
H. PALMER, Sec'y pro tem. jan29

Farm for Sale.

I WILL sell at public sale, on the premises, on Thursday the 9th of March, 1848, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain plantation and tract of land situated in Versailles township, Allegheny county, late the property of William Perry McCullough, deceased, containing about 80 acres, from 50 to sixty acres of which is improved and in a high state of cultivation, on which is erected a comfortable stone Dwelling House, and frame Barn, with other outbuildings, also, an orchard of select fruit. This property is about 13 miles from Pittsburgh, and the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh turnpike passes through it. This tract of land contains a large quantity of stone coal and limestone, of an excellent quality, and the Central Railroad, as at present located, passes near the same. Terms, one half in hand, and the other half in one and two years, with interest, to be secured by Bond and Mortgage.

ROBT. CAROTHERS, of Plum.
feb2-d2w&w1d* Executor.

Store To Let.

THIS Store is situated on Liberty street, below Ferry, and next door to the grocery store of John B. Bell. It has two fronts, running through to Ferry st., is large and convenient, and is well adapted for a Grocery Store. There is a good cellar connected with which the tenant can re-let, if he chooses, as it has an outside entrance. These premises will be rented for a good tenant.

Inquire of the subscriber, who can be seen at the office of the Gazette, every forenoon, between the hours of eight and ten, and at other times at his rooms at the Mansion House, Robinson's new row, Federal st. Allegheny City.

D N WHITE,
feb2tf Agent for the owner.

Desirable Lots of Ground for sale.

A NUMBER of beautiful Lots, fronting on the Allegheny turnpike road, and on the Allegheny river, and intermediate between the 5th Ward, Pittsburgh, are now offered for sale on the most reasonable terms.

For their private residences, business and manufacturing establishments, these lots present situations not surpassed, if equalled, by any now for sale. The regularity with which the streets are laid out, and the level character of the ground, render the lots convenient, and available at once for building purposes. The title is indisputable. Apply to HAMMAR DENNY, 34 st, or ROBT. MCKNIGHT.

feb2-dlm Attorney at Law, 4th st near Grant.

JOHN QUINN. D. H. TOONY.
WM. P. M'BRIDE. THOS. ALGEO.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY.
Warehouse Commercial Row, Liberty st.
PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscriber having erected large and extensive Works on Pennsylvania Avenue, are now manufacturing from new and improved patterns, every variety of Coal and Cooking Stoves, Hollow-ware, Plough Castings, Wagon boxes, Fancy Fire Grates and Fenders, together with every thing in the house furnishing line, such as Conductors, Basins, Scrapers, Vault-rims, Lintels for door frames, Door sills, railings, &c., on hand or made to order. Machinery orders carefully and punctually attended to.

feb1-dtm QUINN, M'BRIDE & Co.

TOBACCO—4 hhds Mason county Leaf Tobacco, in store and for sale by JAS HUTCHISON & Co.
feb2 45 Water st

HEMP—50 bales Ky dew rotted hemp, 20 do Manila do, in store and for sale by
feb2 JAS HUTCHISON & CO

FEATHERS—1000 lbs prime Feathers, for sale by
feb2 JAS HUTCHISON & Co

LEAD—1100 pigs Galena Lead, in store and for sale by [feb2] JAS HUTCHISON & Co

MACKEREL—65 bbls No 3 large Mackerel, for sale by [feb2] JAS HUTCHISON & Co

SHOT—12 kegs asst'd Nos, for sale by
feb2 JAS HUTCHISON & Co

PRODUCE—Received per steamer Ludlow, 12 bbls Clover Seed, 8 do Flax Seed, 6 do Roll Butter, 3 do White Beans, 17 do Lard, 65 kegs do 4 sck Wool, 1 do Feathers, for sale by feb1 BAGALEY & SMITH

BACON & HEMPSEED—261 Shoulders; 218 Hams; 8 bbls Hempseed; per Sinr. Fairmount. For sale low to close Consignment.
feb1 CARSON & McKNIGHT.

SPADES & SHOVELS—Ilsy's and Maurer Forks manufactured by John Purvis & Co. For sale by
ja31 GEORGE COCHRAN, sole agt.
No. 20 Wood st.

FEATHERS—12 sacks prime for sale by
feb1 WICK & McCANDLESS

BACON—200 lbs Hoground for sale by
feb1 WICK & McCANDLESS

TOBACCO—30 kegs 6 twist for sale by
feb1 WICK & McCANDLESS

POTASH—3 cdks prime for sale by
feb1 WICK & McCANDLESS

CIGARS—20,000 Common for sale by
feb1 WICK & McCANDLESS

SUNDRIES—375 lbs Roll Butter; 25 bu Clover Seed; 15 bu Dried Peaches; 5 do Dried do; for sale by
feb1 POINDEXTER & Co

MOULD CANDLES—20 box just received and for sale by [feb1] WOOD & JONES & Co

SOAP—20 bxs No 1, on hand and for sale by
feb1 ATWOOD, JONES & Co

RICE—10 Tierces, received per sim'r Mt Vernon, for sale by feb1 BAGALEY & SMITH

BUTTER—8bbls Roll Butter, just received and for sale by feb1 WICK & McCANDLESS

SUGAR & MOLASSES—25 bbls N. O. Sugar; 25 bbls do. Molasses, landing from simr. Mt. Vernon, and for sale by ja31 JAMES DALZELL.

LARD—12 kegs No 1 Leaf Lard, just received and for sale by feb1 WICK & McCANDLESS

COAL AND CORK—Orders for Coal or Coke will be thankfully received and promptly filled by the subscriber at his office, corner of penn and water sts.

ja31-d3w&3t A. KIRK LEWIS.

STUCCO and Plaster of Paris from the mill of H. W. Cunningham, for sale by GEO W JACKSON,
ja30dkwdkw3m 4th st near liberty.

PORK—100 bbls mess pork, 1s do Rump do, in store and for sale by [ja29] SELLERS & NICOLS.

FAMILY FLOUR—70 bbls for sale by
ja29 SELLERS & NICOLS.

TANNER'S OIL of the best quality always on hand and for sale by WM YOUNG & Co.

CASH FOR RAGS—John H. Mellor 81 Wood street, will pay the highest market price for country rags, either in cash, or goods at cash prices. ja29

Desirable Varming Land at Auction.

On Friday, Feb. 4th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., will be sold at the Commercial Sales Room, corner of Wood and 5th streets, the following valuable property, viz:

57 acres of land well known as part of the celebrated Hamilton Farm, of which about 50 acres are cleared and under good fence, pleasantly situated on the south bank of the Monongahela river 12 miles above Pittsburgh, opposite Lock No 2, on which there are three Dwelling Houses, Stables, an Apple Orchard and a variety of other Fruit Trees. There is also an excellent site for an extensive Vineyard, pronounced by competent judges to be equal to any situation in the country. Also a good mill stream supplied by a large stream of water running through the whole length of the farm, at present occupied by Wm. Fritz, who will show the property.

Also—That Valuable Tract of Land, No 1218, in Rockdale Township, Crawford county, Pa., containing 200 acres.

Also—That Tract of land No 1200 in township No 2, range 15, of the Ohio Company purchase in Lawrence county, Ohio. Terms at sale.

JOHN D DAVIS, Auct'r.
ja27

Houses and Lot at Auction.

Will be offered at public auction on the premises, on Saturday the 5th day of February, at 3 o'clock, P. M., a Lot of ground situate in the 9th ward of the city of Pittsburgh, fronting 19 feet on the Allegheny river and 100 feet deep, on which is erected a neat and substantial two story Brick House in front and on the rear a small Frame House, this property fronts on two streets 40 feet wide; is in the heightborhood of glass and iron works and foundries. Title unexceptionable. Terms at sale. [ja29] JOHN D