THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY ERASTUS BROOKS & Co.

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☞ THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE is published Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.—The Daily is Seven Dollars per annum; the Tri-Weekly is Five Dollars per annum; the Weekly, Two Dollars per annum, *strictly in advance.*

☞ ADVERTISERS are earnestly requested to hand in their favors before 6 P. M., and as early in the day as practicable.

FOR LATEST Commercial Intelligence, Domestic Markets, River News, Imports, Money Markets, &c., see 3rd page.

Whig and Anti-Masonic Nominations.

FOR MAYOR OF PITTSBURGH,
GABRIEL ADAMS.

FOR MAYOR OF ALLEGHENY,
HENRY CAMPBELL.

See First Page for Miscellaneous News.

Editorial Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HENRY CLAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7, 1847.

The appearance of this great Statesman in the city, which has been the scene of so many distinguished services in behalf of the country, has excited an enthusiasm which no other name could awaken, not even General Taylor, I believe, whom thousands would flock to see, because rarely a visiter here, and personally altogether unknown to the multitude. When it was whispered that Henry Clay would visit the Capitol, upon business before the Supreme Court, all inquired when he would come, and the time being named, all were impatient to see him. He was expected in the cars on Tuesday evening, though it was not certain he would come, I yet rowds assembled there to welcome his arrival. The first person who left the cars having said that Mr. Clay was among the passengers, a shout went up which made the welkin ring. "Nine cheers" were given for Mr. Clay before the story of his arrival was unfeamed. The next evening, Wednesday, a larger crowd assembled, and a more enthusiastic reception awaited the great Statesman of the West, and the most popular Civilian of the Union. A second disappointment only gave the more interest to the final coming.

Now, who will explain the reason why such a man,—whose very name thrills the hearts of the people, whose very presence subdues his enemies, whose services have been eminent for more than half the time since the Declaration of Independence, whose Patriotism has ever been pure, and whose intellect shines as an ever beaming light,—is not now, or was not long ago, the President of the United States. To some, it may be a problem more difficult to solve then the riddle of the Sphinx, but to others it seems not strange. Military enthusiasm is the pervading sentiment of a country like this, and there is always enough of it in time of war to eclipse all civil service, no matter how exalted. There is, too, a mistrust of the popular strength of Civilians, and thousands do great injustice to mankind, and to their country, by doubting that that which in itself is right will ultimately prevail. "When we all pull together," said General Taylor to his companion in arms, (Gen. Wool,) after the battle of Buena Vista, "we can't be beaten," and if this was in truth the unanimous sentiment of the Whig party now, it would be an easy matter to place HENRY CLAY in the Executive chair upon the fourth of March next. By every fair means he was placed there on the 4th of March 1845, and it was only the frauds upon the Ballot Box in New York which deprived him of his election. There were other causes which produced the same result, but this of itself was sufficient to elevate Mr. Polk to the office which he has so unworthily filled, and in which, for his usurpation of power, he deserves impeachment. Such, indeed, is the verdict of the People's Representatives, by the vote given, that by his own act he was brought on "*an unnecessary and an unconstitutional war.*"

E. B.

THE CHARTER ELECTION.—It must not be forgotten that to-morrow is the day upon which the citizens of Pittsburgh are to say whether the city shall be continued under the present able and honest whig officers, or whether it shall be surrendered into the hands of the loco focos, who seek the charge not for its honors or the public good, but for the salaries, than which nothing can be more attractive to them. Neglect to return our present efficient Mayor and the whig nominees, may appear to some a small matter, but the years experience will teach them better. The end of all city legislation is to secure good order, and to carry out with economy all measures adopted for the public good, looking as well to the future as the present wants of the city. With regard to the former, there can be no two opinions; order has been preserved by Mayor Adams, and the offenders have received justice measured by their crimes, and not by their outward appearance.

The state of the city finances speaks equally well for his sagacity in that department, & assures the tax payer that his burdens have not been increased by official extravagance and careless attention to the public good for loco foco negligence, will abandon Mr. Adams, and regret it when too late. Our present Mayor deserves a vote of thanks for his past services, and in no way can approval be expressed so appropriately to him, and so creditably to the city as by voting that he shall be Mayor for another term, which we hope to be able to announce.

THE WHIG MEETING.—The report in another column will show clearly the feeling that exists in relation to the action of our member of Congress upon the Ashmun amendment, and his own resolutions. The debate grew very exciting, not because of difference of opinion among the whigs as to the vote and resolutions, but as to the course proper to be pursued. There was no disposition shown by the whigs of this city to recede from the position they hold in common with the whigs of the Union; that the war was "annecessarily begun and unconstitutionally declared." There was a stern determination shown to have a satisfactory explanation of the causes that made it necessary for Mr. Hampton to differ from his constituents; from his whig associates in Congress; from whig Statesmen, and the great whig party of the country, which, with one voice responds to the justice of the late vote. The pertinent question was asked, "are all other whigs wrong, and Mr. Hampton alone right," and shall we not have an explanation?

The result of the meeting has been alike honorable to the whigs and considerate towards Mr. Hampton. Strong and unmistakable dissent has been expressed at his course, and the stern censure that is demanded, should the fears of the whigs prove true, has been suspended—not abandoned. The unanimous feeling of the meeting was, that he should have full time to explain his strange action, while a doubt was as freely expressed that he could not do so satisfactorily.

MESSAGE BUSINESS.

In justice to the parties who *paid* for the late Message of Governor Shunk, sent by telegraph, we submit the following explanation, to place the papers who *issued* it upon the proper footing. We give the close of the contract upon which the document was sent to Pittsburgh:

"The parties desiring the Message on these terms, will leave their names up to 12 noon of the 1st January, and the arrangement then closed or abandoned as the signers may decide."

JAMES D. REID, Superintendent.

Signed, ROBERT M. RIDDLE, for Commercial Journal.
ERASTUS BROOKS & Co., by S. T. CLARK, for the Gazette.
L. HARPER, for Morning Post.

Governor Shunk, upon a pledge given by the Telegraph Company, furnished a copy in advance, which was transmitted to Pittsburgh over the wires, the labor closing at 4½ A. M. on Wednesday morning. Copies were made by the Gazette, Post and Journal, which were, by agreement, given in charge of Mr. Brooks, the Manager. At eleven o'clock on Wednesday, the copies were returned to the papers named, upon the word of those who represented them, that no publication should be made until 4 P. M. Copies of the Message were furnished by the Gazette a few minutes after four o'clock, and were issued regularly in the Gazette of Thursday. The Post anticipated its Thursday publication, and distributed their paper of that day at 4 P. M. of Wednesday. The Journal also issued the document at the time agreed upon, 4 P. M.—Thus it will be seen that three papers, which paid for the Message, issued it in accordance with their contract. A simultanous publication was agreed upon, and if a copy from the Gazette, Journal or Post appeared before four o'clock, it was not honorably obtained.

We are indebted to Messrs. Noble Lewis and others, for early copies of the Governor's Message, Auditor General's Report, and other documents.

Whig Meeting.

A very large and spirited meeting of the Young Men's Whig association, was held in the Hall on the corner of Diamond Alley and Smithfield St., on Saturday evening the 8th inst, S. F. Von Bonnhorst, Esq., in the chair.

The object of the meeting, as stated by the President, was for the purpose of thoroughly organizing for the approaching election.

On motion, the reading of the minutes of the last meeting were dispensed with.

The following resolution, offered by Mr. Weaver, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we heartily approve of the nomination of Gabriel Adams, Esq., for Mayor, and call upon the Whigs to stand *united* for his support.

On motion, Joseph Knox, Esq., was called upon to address the association.

Mr. Knox thanked the association for the honor conferred on him, and made a few pithy remarks, excusing himself.

He would offer a resolution, which would have the effect of bringing remarks from somebody else. We were now upon the eve of our municipal election, and he sincerely hoped every Whig would vote for the regular nominees. He hoped that no Whig would be actuated through feelings of friendship, or other reasons to vote for an enemy of the party. Let all unite upon our worthy and excellent candidate for the Mayoralty, he had fairly received the nomination and would receive the support of every true Whig.

Mr. K. stated that he was not about to introduce a subject to which exceptions could be taken. He did not intend to censure any person for a vote given in Congress; he was not in favor of cutting a man's head off without giving him a chance to be heard. He would read his resolutions.

Resolved, That this meeting, cordially approve of, and heartily join in, the following resolution, now pending in Congress:

Resolve, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress are due, and they are hereby tendered to Major General Zachary Taylor, and through him to the officers and soldiers of the regular army, and of the volunteers under his command, for their indomitable valor, skill, and good conduct, conspicuously displayed on the 22d and 23d days of February last, in the battle of Buena Vista, in defeating a numerous Mexican army, consisting of four times their number, and composed of chosen troops under their favorite commander, General Santa Anna, and thereby obtaining a victory over the enemy which, for its signal and brilliant character, is unsurpassed in the military annals of the world, while engaged in a war unconstitutionally begun by the President of the United States.

Mr. K. stated that he had copied the resolution verbatim from the proceedings of Congress. He would also offer the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is decidedly the opinion of this meeting (locos included) that President Polk, acted at all events prematurely, in that "master stroke of policy" by which he appointed Santa Anna, to be commander-in-chief of the Armies of Mexico—in as much as Mexico was not then, and is not yet admitted into the confederacy, of these States—and is therefore without the jurisdiction of his Excellency the President.

Mr. McKnight stated that he had attended the meeting of the association, having heard that resolutions would be offered, denouncing our representative in Congress, Moses Hampton. He thought such a course would be precipitate in the extreme and had even proposed to offer resolutions on the subject, of a milder and gentler nature. He would therefore offer the following resolutions.

Resolved, As the voice of this meeting; that the preamble and resolutions relative to the annexation of Mexican territory, recently offered in Congress by the Hon. Moses Hampton, the Representative from this county do *not* correspond with the views nor meet the wishes of the Whigs of his District.

Resolved, That the negative vote of Mr. Hampton on the Ashmun Amendment—viz: "that the war (with Mexico) was unconstitutionally and unnecessarily begun by the President of the United State, does not shadow forth the sentiments of those who elected him, and is *not* indorsed by the whigs of his district.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the Hon. Moses Hampton.

The question being called upon the first resolution offered by Mr. Knox, Mr. Franklin stated that he was opposed to its passage at the present time, and expressed his objections warmly, and at some length.

Mr. Knox replied to the remarks of Mr. Franklin, and the debate became exciting and interesting. Mr. E. wished to know if our representative in Congress had expressed an opinion, if that was any reason why we, his constituents, in public meeting assembled, dare not express another? Mr. K.'s reply was animated, and to the point.

Mr. Franklin did not wish to intrude his opinions upon the meeting. If it was necessary he could pass a eulogy upon General Zachary Taylor for his indomitable courage and noble conduct during the present war; he could eulogise Scott, Harding, Clay and their gallant compatriots; but would it be consistent at the same time to tell them they had been engaged in a war which was unnecessary and unconstitutional!

The passage of this resolution was passing an implied censure upon our representative in Congress, without giving him a chance to be heard. Let us either be for the war or against it—let us adopt no half way measure. What was the necessity of saying the war was unconstitutional, when voting it supplies. Mr. F. was a whig through and through; if the whig party passed this resolution it ought to be ashamed of itself.

Mr. WEAVER called for the vote on the resolution.

Mr. BOYD was in favor of laying the matter over for one or two weeks—it was highly precipitate to act upon it at the present time.

Mr. WEAVER—Are we afraid to pass the resolution because Moses Hampton voted against it in the House of Representatives?

Mr. McKnight rose for the purpose of replying to the remarks made by Mr. Franklin. He (Mr. M'K) came here to-night, not for the purpose of censuring, but to raise his voice in opposition to any censure which might be applied to Mr. Hampton. His resolutions did not imply censure upon that gentleman; he had offered them merely for the purpose of letting him know that he differs in opinion from the whigs of this county, and for the purpose of giving him a chance to explain himself, and he sincerely hoped he would be able to do so. He did not believe that Moses Hampton had the least idea of going over to the enemy, and that he would repudiate with scorn and contempt the intimations made in the Morning Post of this city.

The question coming up in the second resolution offered by Mr. Knox, it was adopted.

Mr. Buckmaster wished to make a motion in relation to the resolution now pending. The question had taken a wider range than had been anticipated. His friend, Mr. McKnight had became animated, Mr. Knox eloquent, and Mr. Franklin pathetic. If Mr. Hampton was right, he was in favor of giving him a chance to show it; but for his part he did not know how he was going to do it. If he intended to go over to the enemy, he hoped this meeting should speak in thunder tones, that we might never again have a traitor thrust upon us.—He would therefore move that the resolution be laid upon the table, which motion was carried.

The question was taken on the resolutions offered by Mr. Knight, and they were unanimously adopted.

On motion, the association adjourned to meet at the call of the President.

S. F. VON BONNHORST, Pres't.

W. M. Murray, W. J. Howard jr., Louis A. Clarke, } Secretaries.

ALLEGHENY ELECTION.—We cannot but regret that Mr. Alexander, the gentleman who contested the Whig nomination with Mr. Campbell, has consented to run for Mayor in Allegheny, against the regular nominee. After trying his strength with Mr. Campbell in the primary meetings and failing he ought, as a good and consistent Whig, and in justice and fairness, have yielded to the decision of the people. If he had never submitted his name to a Whig Convention, he would have been at liberty to do as he pleased, but having done so, to refuse to submit to its decision, makes him ineligible for the support of any true Whig.

News Items.

Mr. Bennett, of the N. Y. Herald, has prepared a call for a meeting, to be held at the Tabernacle on the 22d of February, to nominate Gen. Worth as the Democratic candidate for President.

COL. WEBB, of New York, is making himself actively engaged in getting up a Taylor mass meeting. In so large a city, Gen. Taylor must have many friends.

THE TRIAL of Martin Hare, the person who eloped with Miss Fox, last Spring, has commenced in the city of New York. The wife of Hare was in Court beside her husband. Miss Fox was in the Hall. The question will turn upon the Prosecutors being able to establish the legality of the first marriage.

THE New York money market has been improved since the arrival of the last Steamer, and banks discount with more freedom. There is no excitement about uncurrent money, and the Brokers are desirous of obtaining it at 1 to 1½ per cent. The announcation of the re-establishment of the Corn laws of England, has slightly improved the demand for breadstuffs for immediate shipment, as all that arrives before the first of March, will be admitted free of duty.

THE INTEREST on United States Stock, is being paid at the Bank of America, in specie if required, but the recipients prefer paper—a severe commentary on the Sub treasury, which ought to pay in nothing but gold and silver. U. S. 6's, of '62, have improved ¼; Morris, ¼; Canton, ¼; Harlem declined ¼; Long Island ½ per cent, since the day previous.

EXCITING AFFAIRS.—The Bank of England had over fifty millions of specie in her vaults just prior to the sailing of the last Steamer. Stocks were consequently greatly improved and the rate of interest lowered. Many of the London Bankers who, for some time past have refused to offer their credit are now beginning to move in arrangements for the regular course of trade.

IN New York there are plenty of orders for flour for shipment, at $5,75, for the English market. Cotton has declined a shade.

MADAM RESTELL.—The Court of New York, (all the Judges concurring,) decided against receiving bail for Madam Restell, after conviction, and pending a writ of error. The court admitted their power to do so, but said there must be good and sufficient cause for the exercise of this discretion. Such did not appear in the case.

TROOPS.—Some 500 troops were at Urbana, Ohio on Saturday and Sunday last, on route from the State of Michigan, to the seene of operations in Mexico.

WARM WEATHER.—On the 1st instant [illegible] River was open from New York [illegible] between which points, boats were running [illegible]

☞ Yellow Teeth and putrid breath, Spongy gums like rotten death, Is repulsive and disgusting. All could have teeth as white as pearl, Sweet breath—healthy gums—man or girl Why delay?—nay, quickly haste And use a box of Jones' Tooth Paste. It costs but 25 cents, and is really a beautiful article. It gives the teeth a fine enamel. Sold in Pittsburgh at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&wly

☞ Does your hair fall off, does your hair turn gray Is it harsh, is it dry, or dirty, I pray? If this thus, you can make it soft, silky and fine, Dark and healthy, and beauteous as this hair of mine. And to have this, you have but three shillings to give For a bottle of Jones' Hair Restorative. Reader, if you have bald hair you would really be astonished at the lovely effect a three shilling bottle of Jones' Coral Hair Restorative has on it; it needs but one trial. Sold at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&wly

☞ Don't have yellow dark Teeth—they can be made pearly white by one time using a box of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste. It hardens the gums, sweetens the breath, &c. Sold at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&wly

☞ Don't have a Foul Breath—If you have, use a two shilling bottle of Jones' Amber Tooth Paste. That will make your breath sweet, whiten your teeth, &c—Sold at 89 Liberty st. nov19d&wly

☞ TO THE HALF AND LAME.—Comstock's Nerve and Bone Liniment and Indian Vegetable Elixir, is the most [illegible] cure for Rheumatism. Sold by WM. JACK[illegible] for Pittsburgh. [illegible]

☞ Lily White, [illegible] vin. Of this a trial [illegible] Pittsburgh, at 89 [illegible] nov19d&wly

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Correspondence of Pittsburgh Gazette.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADA., Jan. 9—8 P. M.

The steamer Portland arrived at Orleans, bringing Vera Cruz dates to the 25th.

Gen. Scott was actively engaged in advancing a column against Quaretaro,

There was a ridiculous rumor prevalent near Quaretaro, that Mr. Trist had met the Mexican Commissioners, and negotiated a treaty of peace. The rumor is, however, unwarranted by facts.

The Mexican Congress is not now in session at Quaretaro.

PHILADA., Jan. 8—1 P. M.

The Governor of the State of Maine has appointed Wyman Moore U. S. Senator, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Senator Fairfield.

Mr. Erving, of Tennessee, one of the students of Yale College, has been indicted for an assault and battery, with intent to kill the Tutors in the late attack made by him upon them in conjunction with another student.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 9, 9 P. M.

The Democratic Convention of the members of the Ohio Legislature at Columbus, yesterday, nominated J. B. Weller, late M. C. as their candidate for the next Governor.

In reference to the Presidency therewas no expression of opinion. The convention adjourned until Monday next.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8, 4 P. M.

Flour—The market is steady, but not active; and I hear of moderate sales only at $6,37½c ⅌ bbl.

Fruit—The market is dull, and I hear of no sales worth reporting.

Wheat—Prime Red is selling to-day at $1,32@1,35@1,40c ⅌ bu. Sales of prime White, at 140@146c ⅌ bu.

Molasses—Sales of N. O. at 27½c ⅌ gall.

Provisions—I hear of no sales to-day in any article worthy of report. Lard is selling to a moderate extent at 8c ⅌ ℔.

Groceries—Fine grades are firm and in demand. Coffee and Molasses are without change. Sales of N. O. Sugar are done at 4½@6½c ⅌ ℔ as in quality.

Wool—The transactions of the week amount to 55,000 ℔s at 33c ⅌ ℔, for common, and 43 for full blood.

Tobacco—The market is quiet, with limited sales at previous prices.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8, 1848.

The Southern mail is in, and brings no news from the seat of War.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 8, 3, P. M.

Flour—Howard Street brands are selling at $6 ⅌ bbl. Sales of City Mills brands at $6,12½ ⅌ bbl. The market is steady, but not active.

Wheat—Sales of prime Red at $1,32@1,35c ⅌ bu.

Corn—Prime White is selling at 56@58c ⅌ bu. Sales of prime Yellow at 56c ⅌ bu.

Provisions—There is nothing doing excepting in Lard, of which I hear of sales at 7½@7½c ⅌ ℔.

Coffee—Sales of Rio at 7½@7½c ⅌ ℔.

Molasses—New Orleans is selling at 25½c ⅌ gall.

Sugars—Not much landing, sales moderate. Coffee and Molasses without change.

Wool—The market is unsettled, and prices have declined.

Whiskey—Moderate sales at 25c ⅌ gall.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8, 3 P. M.

Flour—Sales of Genesee at 6,25@6,31; Western brands are quoted to-day at 6,06½@6,18¾ per bbl. There is no marked change from yesterday, but the market is if anything duller.

Grain—There is a good shipping demand for Wheat, but Corn is neglected, and Oats are steady. There is a good inquiry for Wheat for milling purposes, but other grains are quiet. Sales of prime White Wheat are effected at 140c; prime Red is quoted at 130c per bu; prime White Corn, new, is selling at 65c; old at 67c per bu.

Provisions—The sales of Provisions are only intended for the supply of the regular trade demand. Lard, however, is firmer, and held higher. With regular sales at 8c per ℔.

Whiskey—Is selling to a moderate extent at 26c per gall. Prices are on the decline.

The market presents no change in other articles not quoted above.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

CINCINNATI, MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 8, 6 P. M.

Flour—The market is dull, with moderate sales at previous prices.

Whiskey—Sales are quoted to-day at 17½c ⅌ gall.

Corn—Sales of prime Yellow at 30@33c ⅌ bu, in bulk.

Groceries—Molasses and Sugar, are very dull and declining. Prime N. O. sugar is selling at 4½c ⅌ ℔. Sales N. O. Molasses at 22½@23c ⅌ gall. Rio Coffee is selling at 7½c @8c ⅌ ℔.

Provisions—Of Killed Hogs—sales to moderate extent are effected at $2,50 ⅌ 100; on which figure an advance is demanded. Lard is firm with moderate sales at 5½@5½c ⅌ ℔. Sales of 20,000 ℔s Shoulders in bulk, at 2½c ⅌ ℔.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 1, 1848.

Cotton—Lousiana is selling at 6½@7c ⅌ ℔.

Sugar—Sales at 3½@3½c ⅌ ℔.

Molasses—Sales at 17½c ⅌ gall.

Flour—Western is quoted at $4,50@4,62½ ⅌ bbl.

Circular of Brown, Shipley & co.—Per Caledonia.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 17, 1847

The money market has not materially changed since it continued, to improve, while the curtailment of business operations has lessened the demand for discounts of commercial paper, so that bills of the first class are readily cashed at the rates of 5@5½ per cent, but there have been farther commercial failures, and the continued fall in the value of produce to an extent ruinous, particularly of Colonial produce, and the difficulty of realizing so great, that the utmost distress and gloom still prevail in our markets very generally.

The Government has intimated that the act of Parliament suspending the operations of the Corn Law, which expires on the 1st of March next, will not be farther renewed. Consequently, on and after the 1st of March, Wheat and Flour will be subject under the Sliding Scale, the minimum being 4s. and the maximum 10s per quarter, until the law itself expires on the 1st of February, 1849. The first general average of Wheat is 52s 7d per quarter, so that duties remain about as they now are, the duty on wheat will be 4s per quarter, and the duty on Flour 2s 4½ per bbl, but it will be remembered that for each farthing decline in the average below 52s, the duty is advanced a shilling, until it reaches 10s per quarter, being the duty on Wheat when the average falls to 45s

☞ BALM OF COLUMBIA—HAIR TONIC—To the Bald and Grey—If you wish a rich, luxuriant head of hair, free from dandruff and scurf, do not fail to procure the genuine Balm of Colombia. In cases of baldness it will more than exceed your expectations. Many who have lost their hair for 20 years have had it restored to its original perfection by the use of this balm. Age, state or condition appear to be no obstacle whatever, it also causes the fluid to flow with which the delicate hair tube is filled, by which means thousands (who's hair was grey as the Asiatic Eagle) have had their hair restored to its natural color by the use of this invaluable remedy. In all cases of fever it will be found the most pleasant wash that can be used. A few applications only are necessary to keep the hair from falling out. It strengthens the roots, it never fails to impart a rich glossy appearance, and as a perfume for the toilet it is unequaled; it holds three times as much as other miscelled hair restoratives and is more delicate. The genuine manufactured by Comstock & Co., 21 Courtland street, New York.

Sold in Pittsburgh, only genuine, by WM. JACKSON, 89 Liberty st., head of Wood; in Washington, Pa., by Sweeny & Son; in Brownsville, by Bennet & Crocker; in Canonsburg, by Dr. Vosburgh; also, by one agent in every town in Pa., Ohio and Md. nov16d&w6m T

☞ THE CLIMATE is strangely destructive to the human constitution, (or skin) the sudden change from heat to cold, and the smoke causes yellow, dark, and muddy complexions. Then it is requisite that the pores of the skin should be kept open—that their mouths should be freed from impurity—(was thus the ancient Roman Philosophers cured all diseases—they computed that more the pores of the skin, than any other outlet of the body, diseases and unhealthy vapors left through it. It is necessary, therefore, to keep the pores open—all humors are dispelled from the skin from the pores when they wash with Jones' Italian Chemical Soap. I have seen it cure the worst and oldest cases of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Old Sores, Barber's Itch, Sore Head, Ringworm, when every other internal and external remedy had failed—its effect rendering the skin white, clear and soft, (which is the yellow and coarse, is wonderful—it removes Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Morphew, and disfigurement of the skin—but persons must be particular and ask for Jones Soap—to be had in Pittsburgh at WM. JACKSON'S, sign of the Big Boot, 89 Liberty st. Price 50 cents. nov16d&wly

☞ Tetter and Ringworm—Comstock's Tetter and Ringworm Ointment, is a certain cure for the above disease. Sold by WM. JACKSON, 89 Liberty st. nov16d&wly

☞ Cough, Cough, Cough—Comstock's Cough Lozenges, are a certain cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Pain in the Breast, Spitting of Blood, and Consumption in its early stage. Sold by WM. JACKSON, 89 Liberty st. nov16d&wly

☞ Pain in the Side, Back, Breast, Bowels, Limbs, Joints, Head, Face, Teeth, Ear, Throat, Stomach, Bowels, Piles, Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gravel, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Cramp, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, Head, Face, Stomach, Bowel, Side, Back, Breast, Limb, Joint, Muscular Ache or Pain, Spasms, Nervous Affections, Fever and Ague, Fever, Inflammation, Congestion, Fever, Mumps, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Deafness, Toothache, Piles, Gravel, Stone, Urinary Diseases, Female Complaints, Menstruation, Sterility, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Fits, Epilepsy, Palsy, Paralysis, Mortification, Mania, Insanity, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Fever, Ague, Fever and Ague, Intermittent, Remittent, Typhus, Typhoid, Bilious, Scarlet, Yellow, Black, Spotted, Congestive, Inflammatory, Nervous, Malignant