THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

BY ETHERIDGE BROOKS & CO.

PITTSBURGH:
SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 28, 1847.

☞ The Pittsburgh Daily Gazette is published daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.—The Daily is Seven Dollars per annum; the Tri-Weekly is Five Dollars per annum; the Weekly is Two Dollars per annum—all to be paid in advance.

☞ Notice for Advertising.—Advertisements, to secure insertion, should be handed in by five o'clock in the afternoon. Attention will be paid to no communications, except from the editor of some responsible newspaper, or on business.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GEN. JAMES IRVIN,
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JOSEPH W. PATTON,
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

[Ticket with 20 names]

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

[Committee of 21 names]

Rates of Canal Tolls.—By a Report from the Auditor General of Ohio, we learn that the taxes and tolls on public improvements for the three quarters ending on the 15th of August, will pay the interest upon their State debt, after deducting $308,000 for repairs; and at the end of the year there will be a surplus fund in the Treasury of $230,000.

The Tolls received for the first quarters of the last three years, ending on the 15th of Aug. are as follows:

For the 15th of August, 1845,	$927,498
" " " 1846,	947,131
Increase from 1845 to 1846,	19 per cent.
" 1846 to 1847,	50 per cent.

The several funds paid into the State Treasury during the quarters of the present year are as follows:—

Canal fund, for the payment of interest on the State debt, and repairs of Public Works,	$1,477,691 45
General revenue for the support of State Government and Institutions,	233,603 49
Common School Fund,	193,212, 20
Sinking fund applicable to payment of State debt,	46,936 83
Principle of surplus revenue paid by the counties and applicable to the redemption of turnpike bonds and 7 per cent. stocks,	119,395,73
Total,	$2,054,941 90

Foreign Items.

Edward Ashtroft, the largest manufacturer in the world, having in his employ six or seven thousand persons, fell dead while addressing the people in reference to the election for Parliament.

Forged notes upon the Bank of England, have recently been discovered.

The London correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial, discredits the reported marriage of the Duke of Wellington with Miss Coutts. This lady has recently given £20,000 for the erection of a church, to accommodate 1000 persons and to have a school attached for 230 boys and 170 girls. This is a noble charity and worthy of the richest woman in the world.

Mr. J. Walter, elected to Parliament from Nottingham, is the son of the late proprietor of the London Times. He was taken up by the people at the moment they heard of the death of the father and what is more singular, he was not before thought of in connection with that office.—His father had been often a candidate, and always defeated.

Miss Jane Harvey, nuptials of Toronto, Canada, has obtained a verdict of $5000, against Thomas Johnstone, a surgeon of the navy, for a breach of promise of marriage.

The Admiralty have ordered an addition to the Navy on the coast of Ireland, to prevent piracy. One vessel, cast Indian, was wrecked a few days since near Innisbon, but the inhabitants were driven off with the loss of one killed and several wounded.

The "Last Cliff," Pittsburgh is some times called; rather be called the "Smoky City," judging from the amount of talk done in the neighborhood of the market house, of a market night. The steam was up last night, with politics upon one side of the street and religion upon the other. One was discovering fluently of St. James and St. Peter, and from the other we heard that Thomas Jefferson and the Democracy, established the liberty of the American people. All this is harmless enough we suppose except to those who can teach and believe such a falsehood. For, magis, however, the fellow believed that Thomas Jefferson was the first man after Adam.

New Books.

J. L. Read, 4th street, has received the following new books, from the Publishing house of the Messrs. Harper:

Miss Warren and Books, by Leigh Hunt, in one volume,—a book which we have before had occasion to commend, and which is still give the reader no Pokeasons to read.

Louis the XIV, or the Court of France in the XVth Century, by Miss Pardoe, Author of the Sultan, &c., part 24.

Power of the Soul over the Body, by George Moore, M. D.

Pictorial History of England, No. 37,—a work which we commend as a history, and beautiful for its typography.

The Good Genius that turns every thing into Gold.

Dr. Stanley Hall—The New York Commercial advertiser says he was "the President of the Union" when he was a student at Yale College. We think Hall's memory must be at fault.

SENTIMENTS OF THE PUBLIC MEN OF THE UNITED STATES.

BY PHILIP HONE, ESQUIRE.—NO. 21.

RUFUS CHOATE

Is one of the most eloquent men of New England. At the bar, as an advocate, he is without a rival in the influence of his appeals upon the jury, and in the learning of the law he is so well read that there are but few men who can equal him in an argument. At a late session of the Supreme Court in Washington, he was complimented as having made one of the most brilliant and powerful appeals that had ever been heard. The case was the long contested one so recently decided after many years conflict, of the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Mr. Choate is always a skilful pleader, a happy orator, and has just that pleasing division between the intellect and the affection, which produces a deep impression upon all hearers. In the pulpit, Mr. Choate would sway the multitude to and fro as the forests are moved by the breeze. His mind is a fountain of beautiful thoughts, and metaphors gush forth as from a cascade of foaming waters.—Words flow space, and they sparkle and adorn wherever they flow. The listener is charmed as his ears catch the tones, which though they come not from a voice at all sweet or well modulated, nevertheless impart in what is uttered the most pleasing effect. There must be some resemblance between the oratory of Mr. Choate and that of Patrick Henry. Henry had more fire and more genius, and probably, more heedlessness of consequences. He never counted the cost of anything and sometimes rushed madly on

"Where eagle feared to tread."

But Choate resembles him in his brilliancy, in his quick perceptions, and in the great power of imparting pleasant and startling emotions. He has more learning, and a greater command of all the appliances of learning. Indeed, Mr. Choate is a book-worm—a walking Bodleian library—a mall, whom the librarians about Congress will tell you reads more books,—and more good books—books of law, literature, history and politics—than all the members of Congress from any half dozen States in the Union. I have seen them carted to and from his house in quantities that no one man could carry, and these journeyings were very frequent during a session of Congress. The character of the books read always also showed the purest taste. With more passion for poetry than for prose, more love of literature and art, than for science and the heavier studies necessary to drill the mind into a state of well balanced judgment; with a taste more for the beautiful than the useful, Mr. Choate, nevertheless, is a ripe good scholar and a profound thinker. His industry is unexampled, even among the perpetual plodders of New England; and no man, probably, has sacrificed more of the blessings of health for the attainment of the pleasures of knowledge. The sacrifice, too, in his case, has been an evil which probably may never be remedied, for among all the nervous men I have ever seen, he is the most nervous of all.

Such a man, I have thought must dwell, in his mind's eye, at least, rather in the realms of fancy than amidst the sober realities of life. With him knowledge is power,—the power not alone of imparting wisdom to others, but a perpetual well spring in himself, keeping alive the soul within, and forever sending forth its healing waters to sources beyond. Is it not strange that a frame so physically frail, so certain to become as the dust and ashes upon which it moves, should bear with it truths that shall never die. We have sometimes, however, thought in the presence of Mr. Choate, that what Solomon wrote had a literal truth, when he says "the that increaseth in knowledge increaseth in sorrow," or as Byron has written

knowledge is sorrow,
They who know the most most mourn the deepest,
The tree of knowledge is not the tree of life."

Costly are the gems purchased at the price of health, whether they come in the gold and silver won from busy toil or from the harder workings of the brain.

Mr. Choate is a man all nerves. Even Mc-Duffie, the impassioned, the mind body intense almost a practical perpetual motion, is a sober patient man by far. But both of them give painful evidences of health enfeebled to an ardent love of study on the one hand, and a temper not easily controlled upon the other. "Trimming the midnight oil" is no fiction with Mr. Choate. From his chamber, at all hours of the night, there may be seen the gleaming of that small physical light which is shedding its beams, as it were, through books and thought, upon the intellectual world around.

Mr. Choate has a marked countenance, and though not of a commanding person, you would not him down in a crowd of great men as one of the bright particular stars of the assembly. When he speaks at the bar, or at the forum, or in the Senate Chamber, (he is now no longer a Senator having been succeeded by Mr. Webster, whose place he took after Daniel Harrison made Mr. Webster Secretary of State,) a crowd will always be found in attendance. It was not an easy matter to keep a quorum of members in the House of Representatives when he made his speeches in the Senate. No matter what the subject, whether of Commerce, or Trade, or Art, or touching our foreign or internal relations, he was always eloquent and always interesting. Mr. McDuffie and he have often measured lances in Congress, and Mr. McDuffie, upon one occasion, during the last Congress, so far forgot himself as to be personal. Mr. Benton and Mr. Choate have also had some hard battles, and particularly for years of the Oregon question. Against Texas they fought together, hand in hand, against Mr. McDuffie, and until Mr. Benton was forced into a measure which, it was too plain, never received his heart's support.

Mr. Choate is not without fault of manner. There is a whining intonation in his voice which, apparently, he cannot well control, as it appears to arise more from the earnestness of his feelings than from any other cause. His mind is absorbed in the occasion, and he jumps at once from the threshold into the heart of his subject. The chief attractions of his speeches are the abundance of beautiful images that adorn them. They illustrate and illuminate and beautify every subject upon which he speaks, and are very seldom faulty.—They follow each other, too, in such quick succession, that the mind of the hearer is often excited and charmed with delight they give. Sometimes they are poetic, and sometimes rhetorical—sometimes a pearl of the ocean, a star in the heavens, or "a green spot in memory's waste." All are not always pleased with this style of speaking, but the multitude are generally delighted, and equally so whether the subject is familiar or lofty, for even to dullness he gives a spiritual life, and a deep thought to an exuberant imagination. His oratory, indeed, is that of a man burdened with thought. He is not conscious of his power, and is, therefore, more powerful than if he was; and no man, to my mind, so well illustrates the remark of Bishop Whately, who says that that man is the best orator who, while speaking, is deemed no orator at all.

Mr. Choate graduated at Dartmouth College, New Hampshire, in 1819, and is, perhaps, forty-seven years of age. That old institution still takes pleasure in recollecting that Daniel Webster and Rufus Choate—two of the greatest men of Massachusetts—make this their Alma Mater. In College, Mr. C. is remembered favorably for his attainments, and since then he has been growing expand and upraised in public estimation. For merly he resided in Salem, but for years he has taken a residence in Boston, where he has a large law office and more business than one man can well attend to. He is certainly more skilful as a lawyer than successful as a Statesman, and has a power of producing a profound impression upon the Judges as well as the Jury. His last efforts in Congress were to procure the passage of two bills, one of which has since passed, and both ought long since to have been laws of the land. One of these was a provision for the payment of French Spoliations committed prior to 1800, and the other bill was to establish the Smithsonian Institute. A good bill was framed at his suggestion, which passed the Senate, but failed in the House of Representatives, along with many other excellent measures, which were sacrificed to that great mankiller, Politics, and to that greatest destroyer of all, Old Time.

Gen. Scott's Letter.—A Western paper calls attention to the fact that the letter purporting to be from Gen. Scott to the Hon. M. Fillmore, upon the subject of the discharge of a soldier who had been guilty of some scurvy conduct while performing military duty, is not dated. This would cast formality suspicion on the letter, but such suspicions are needless, for the N. Y. Courier and Enquirer learns that Mr. Fillmore had received no such letter.

Ex-Governor Marcy, Secretary of War, is at Saratoga.

The Governor of New Hampshire has appointed Thursday the 25th as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer in that State.

Mr. Clarkson Nott has entered into a copartnership with Messrs. [illegible] for the publication of a [illegible] Mr. Nott is a [illegible]

CONNELLSVILLE CHARTER.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

In view of the meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Rail Road Company, to be held on the 31st August, it would be well that a proper understanding of the different reliefs should be had. From all appearance it would seem that Mr. McLane is determined to go with the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road to Wheeling, by first making his road fifty-five miles on to the head waters of the Youghiogheny, and then "by sections" until, I suppose, he reaches the Monongahela River, about Fairmount, to which point it is understood (by an arrangement with Mr. McLane,) the Monongahela Slack-water Navigation Company, are to complete their improvement. All that is now required to make the Rail Road is to quit negotiating and go to work. Why depend on Mr. McLane? Negotiations with him will never make a foot of Rail Road. Let the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Rail Road Company determine at their meeting on the 31st inst., to put five, ten, or fifteen miles of the Road under contract immediately,—go to work, and my word for it, the Rail Road will be made in less time than we have been negotiating. There are already some four hundred thousand dollars subscribed.—This would make at least twenty miles of Road. Show the people that you are in earnest,—let the people of Baltimore see that you are determined to do all you can, and I'll warrant they will leave Mr. McLane, and join you in a measure which they have so much at heart.

To procure a charter of their own from Cumberland to the Pennsylvania line, would be of great importance to Baltimore. This looks, on the part of the citizens of Baltimore, like doing something,—throwing off the *paternalship* of Mr. McLane, and *setting up for themselves.* All that this matter requires is a cordial union between the citizens of Pittsburgh and the citizens of Baltimore, to insure a speedy completion of this all important work. This done, and we may well leave our modern Rail Road Sisyphus to roll away at the huge stone which he has promised his admiring friends is to go on in its resistless course until it reaches his *formerly discarded and vilified, but now cherished city of Wheeling.*"

Harvey Birch.

RAIL ROAD MOVEMENTS.

An Error.—We mentioned yesterday the prosecution of the work upon Wellsville and Cleveland Rail road via Wheeling. The mistake was in obvious one to the reader, and we correct it, both for the purpose of stating that no such route is contemplated, and secondly, that the Gazette is committed to no route west, but the *best one*, and this to be decided by competent surveyors. We have much more faith in their judgment than our own, and trust that all parties will acquiesce in what they shall advisedly recommend.

The citizens of New Lisbon held a meeting on the 17th,—Decrane Brooks in the chair. Spirited resolutions were adopted in favor of the enterprise of a Western Road from Pittsburgh to Massillon, and that notwithstanding many present were stockholders in the Sandy and Beaver Canal, with which, it is said in one of the resolutions, the Rail Road will run parallel for 30 miles. A large number of Delegates were appointed to the Canton Convention, among whom were some of the most enterprising citizens of the town.

A meeting was held at Glasgow on the 7th, and the practicability of a Rail Road from Pittsburgh to Beaver,—thence up the valley of Little Beaver Creek to New Lisbon, Salem, Canton Massillon, &c. defended. An address was made by Dr. Gamble in favor of the route, and Resolutions adopted in the spirit of the meeting. Two Delegates were appointed to attend the Canton meeting.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Political.

From the North American.

Mr. Shunk has proclaimed in support of the National Administration *in all things.* He is a part and parcel of Mr. Polk's policy. No print in his support will dare to contradict this assertion. No citizen who has read the Administration papers can doubt its truth. The questions, then, which every Pennsylvania voter is called upon to answer at the polls, are these:—Are you in favor of extending slavery over a territory now free? Are you in favor of giving political separation to the Canadian Provinces, in a subsequent war with Mexico the power of controlling our national elections?" Upon these issues, frankly and fairly stated, the election must be determined.

From the Boiler Democrat.

Gen. Irvin by his own exertions has shown his capacity for the faithful discharge of any duty his country may be disposed to impose upon him in an official capacity, and when every duty is performed, untarnished, to the hands which gave it he can, Cincinnatus like, return, without thinking it a disparagement, to the occupation of his youth, hard, laborious toil. The industry of his own hands has procured for him something of the goods of this life, and what is more to the purpose for them—his own sweat was expended, for their attainment, and not that of another. "The laborer is worthy of his hire," is the language of the good Book, and why should it be withheld from Gen. Irvin. Those who have labored in his employ bear willing testimony to the spirit of the Press—Opinion, in manner and his intercourse honor, and to what better source can we apply for the evidence of his worth, than to those who have spent years in connection with him!

From the Westmoreland Intelligencer.

If the working classes are to be ground down—placed upon a level with the paupers of Europe—if they are to be compelled to work "ten hours a day," it is accomplished through the agency of a "veto letter"—the "cat itlants of one of Polk's near neighbors," and the deceitful motto of "Polk, Dallas and Shunk, and the Tariff of 1846," accompanied with the fascinating imagery of the poet,

"O, pear every Whig,
What a mess we've got him in,
We will send Shunk and Dallas,
To get us out again."

How deceitful were the President's boasting about the acquisition of Texas! "It was a bloodless achievement—no arm of force was raised to produce the result—the sword had no part in the victory, *and we have not sought to extend our territorial possessions by conquest, or over republican institutions over a reluctant people.*"—The jurisdiction of the United States has been peaceably extended to the Del Norte!!!—*Vide President's Message, December, 1845.*

How false, pusillanimous and contradictory have been the reasons offered by the administration, from time to time, for the Mexican war! In the first place Mexico was unable to pay her bills—then she had attacked us, and the war was defensive—shortly afterwards it was because the Mexican government had refused to receive Mr. Slidell as minister,—and upon the "sober second thought," we were engaged in the humane effort of "conquering a peace"—next, the ostensible object was to set up a republican government under Santa Anna, and pull down the monarchist Paredes—but it was discovered that in "conquering a peace," we had expended a great deal of money, then it was a matter of pure justice to procure "ample indemnity for the expenses of this war."

Telegraphic.—H. Downing, Esq., has been chosen President of the New Jersey Magnetic Telegraph Company, which is now engaged in constructing a trial line between Philadelphia and New York, under the charter passed by the last session of the *New Jersey* Legislature, and which had been purchased of the original parties. The line will be run up to West Point, where it is to cross the river at a height above the reach of most vessels, and thence run down on the East side of the Hudson to the city. Howe's printing instrument is to be used instead of Morse's.

Inquest.—Coroner Richardson was called upon on Friday afternoon, to hold an inquest on the body of John Hogan, who died in the county Jail. The deceased was committed for vagrancy, and was sensibly affected with the *delirium tremens* at the time he was arrested. The verdict of the Jury was that the deceased came to his death by intemperance and exhaustion.

The Sheriff rendered every attention which the situation of the prisoner seemed to require. Dr. Armstrong was consulted, and every ordinary means used to restore the man to health. The sum of twenty dollars was found in his pocket book.

The Poor is disposed to make Matthew stand godfather to Robert Dale Owen's infidelity. It is all a mistake about the authorship, but Owen or Matthew as you please. Are you willing to adopt either as an exponent of your Democracy?

Magnetic Telegraph.—All the preparatory steps have been taken for the speedy completion of the Buffalo and Detroit Telegraph line. The line from Buffalo to Erie, in this state has been called off, and contracts for the immediate setting of the posts have been made.

The Fourth of July in New York, and what was left—and of the number were shaken

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Correspondence of Pittsburgh Gazette.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE ARMY HAS TAKEN UP ITS MARCH FOR THE CAPITOL—GEN. GAINES AND MIDSHIPMAN ROGERS ESCAPED FROM MEXICO—GUERRILLA FIGHTS—GEN. PEARCE ARRIVED AT PUEBLA.

Philada, Aug. 27, 10 1-2, P. M.

The steamship Galveston has arrived at New Orleans, bringing dates from Puebla to 6th of August, being one week later than has been before received.

Gen. Scott was at Puebla on the 6th, but the army was to take up its line of march the next day, for the city of Mexico.

Gen. Twiggs' Division would move forward towards the Capitol on the 7th of August, General Quitman's on the 8th, Gen. Worth's on the 9th and Gen. Pillow's on the 10th.

Col. Childs remains in command of the forces left to garrison Puebla.

Gen. Pearce arrived at Puebla on the 6th inst. without having lost a single soldier, notwithstanding he had another severe battle with the Guerrillas.

The most interesting and agreeable news by this arrival, is the escape of Major Gaines and Passed Midshipman Rogers, from the City of Mexico, and their safe arrival at Gen. Scott's Headquarters.

Letters received by Gen. Scott, mention a battle between the Rifle Company of Capt. Ruff, and a Guerilla party, in which the latter was entirely routed.

Mr. Kendall of the Picayune writes that Lieut. Hall of the 2d Dragoons, and Dr. Hamer of the South Carolina Regt. are dead.

The train of wagons and army stores which left Vera Cruz on the evening of the 6th inst. were attacked by a party of Guerrillas about twenty miles from the city. Indeed, we may say the attack commenced shortly after the march from Vera Cruz commenced.

The escort for the train is under command of Maj. Lally of the 9th Infantry, Col. Wilson being down with the Yellow fever.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

Exclusive Correspondence to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Richmond Aug. 27, 8 P. M.

The Steamer Galveston touched at Tampico on the 14th and at Sisaco on the 19th of August.

The correspondent of the New Orleans Picayune writing from the camp of the American train and escort, at the bridge twenty-four miles from Vera Cruz, gives the particulars of the attack upon the train by the Guerillas on the 10th inst. The attack was made on Maj. Lalla's command, about three o'clock P. M. one mile in the rear of the camp.

The Guerillas came in force, and made an assault upon the front, centre and rear of the train, but were repulsed at all points. Our forces advanced to the encampment, but the loss is severe. Two officers were dangerously wounded, Captain James H. Caldwell, of the Voltigeurs, and Capt. Arthur C. Cummings of the 11th Infantry; the former a native of Maryland and the latter a native of Virginia.

Of the non-commissioned officers and privates, there were ten wounded but none killed; eight have since died of their wounds. Hopes are entertained of the recovery of the two Captains.

They think they will make their way through to the army securely, although much fighting is anticipated. The writer says "we are about twelve miles from the National Bridge, and shall move on some miles to-day.

The Anahuac Sun says that eight of our men were killed, among whom was Capt. Loyalls, of the Georgia mounted men. The enemy had twenty-five killed. Gov. Wilson immediately ordered reinforcements to come to the relief of the escort.

Verbal reports state that the American had thirty men wounded, and so many horses killed.

Serious fears were entertained for the safety of the trains, as the Mexicans had made extensive preparations to cut it off. They were under the impression that it contained a million of dollars in specie.

A report obtained at Vera Cruz that the Mexican Guerillas had destroyed a part of the National Bridge, and erected fortifications and defensive works for the purpose of cutting off the train at that point.

The Anahuac Sun says the Guerilla forces number about 4000 men.

Col. Wilson is convalescent, and the health of the city of Vera Cruz is said to be improving.

The Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs was expected to arrive at Vera Cruz on the 25th, from Mexico, *en route* for Spain.

Kendall of the Picayune, writing from Puebla, states that Capt Ruff and a party of Guerillas, and defeated them in an action at San Juan De Los Elenos, in which 43 Mexicans were killed, and some 50 wounded. The Diario's account of Ruff's advantage is fully confirmed from other sources.

Maj. Gains thinks that Santa Anna's forces number 15,000 men, rank and file, of regularly disciplined troops, besides the raw recruits, who add but little strength to the army.

There are a hundred conflicting rumors afloat in Puebla relative to the strength and movements of the Mexicans. One is that Gens. Valencia is to attack our advance guard with 12,000 men, while Gen. Alvarez at the head of 5,000 men is to make a demonstration at another point.—Another rumor states that Santa Anna disarmed 9000 national guards, who were discovered plotting against him.

It is also reported that another revolution had broken out in Mexico, against the administration of Santa Anna, and that all was confusion at the capitol.

Another of the many reports states that Puebla is to be attacked after our army has left the garrison, and the remaining citizens and soldiers put to the sword. All the Mexicans who have shown acts of kindness to Americans are to be severely punished. Yankee, believe there is not the slightest foundation for any of these rumors.

Gen. Scott accompanied the division of Gen. Quitman, in the order of march for the Capitol. The sickand convalescing soldiers are left at Puebla. The whole army will probably be concentrated at some point on this side of the city of Mexico.

Gen. Pearce's men, though jaded and travel-worn, made a fine and soldier-like appearance, as they marched into Puebla on the morning of the 6th.

Gen. Twiggs was to move forward on the morning of the 7th with his division towards the Capitol.

Reports up to the time of writing, came into Puebla that large bodies of the enemy were prowling around in the neighborhood—a force of about one thousand had been seen at El Pinol.

The correspondent of the New Orleans Delta, writing from Vera Cruz, says a letter from Puebla dated 11th inst., says the commanding General about one thousand men.

The Yellow Fever was raging at Vera Cruz, and was of the most malignant type. Among the victims were Lieut. Col. Wilson, Major Lally, Capt. Ruff, Lieut. Hall, Dr. Hamer, Capt. Loyall, Capt. Santa Anna—Real Estate of Pittsburgh—Lesson of Wisdom—Something from the Army—Internal Improvements—Sketch of the life of Rufus Choate—Connellsville Charter—Sub Treasury—Thirtieth Congress—The Wheeling Bridge and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road—First Atlantic Steamer—Mr. Clay's Movements—Mexican Congress—Another letter from Gen. Taylor —General Elections to take place—Internal Improvements—Lord Palmerston and Relief—Imperial Parliament—The Queen's Speech—Foreign Miscellany—More of the 8th Tariff Veto—Berkeley's Springs—Moral of the late Elections—The Senate Consumption—Agricultural Statistics—Fire in New York and Philada.—Liberty Ticket Latest Telegraphic news, Foreign and Domestic. Commercial matter, carefully compiled Review of the Markets for the past week—The prices in the local city markets—The Cattle Market—The prices of American Produce in various parts of the Union —Arrival of Flour, Wheat, Corn &c. &c. received since the opening of the Canal—Canal business and movements of produce—Market in London.

City Items—Speech of the Prince Consort—Extracts from the leading journals on the interesting topics of the day.

Parents at the desk, singly or in wrappers.

Price 6 cents single copy.

Subscriptions two dollars a year in advance.

☞ No Card No Pay! Pilot Pilot!—Dr. Jackson's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine that will cure the very worst cases of Scrofula and Syphilis disease. If not only immediately allays pain and inflammation, stops all bleeding, subdues the inflammable tendency, but eventually cures, in a very short time. Persons whose lives have been rendered miserable for years—in spite of mercury—have in a few days, found relief from pain and pleasant sensations. If persons afflicted will call at the office of the agent, they can see a number of cases that have been cured, they will be assembled, if desired, at this city, who had been under the hands of the surgeons for years—some three times been bed ridden, and during 8 bottles of the Embrocation, been creditably cured. It calls beyond precedent!—Phil. Saturday Courier.

Sold by the Proprietors at the FRUIT TREE STORE, 70 Fourth street, near wood, and also at the Drug Store of H P Schwartz, Federal st Allegheny city.

☞ Sailor's Grieving Furniture Mosaic Tapestry.—We beg leave to call public attention to the following, from Dr. Wm. Dana, of Williamsville Clermont Co., and one of the very first practitioners in the county in which he resides, and late Senator in the State Legislature. It is cheering than to see the leading men of the profession, barering the bonds of professional prejudice, and giving merit its due:

"Sir: I have in my presence been using some of your Ginseng Panacea, and, so far, am well pleased in its effects in Catarrhal and Bronchial Complaints. Please send me half a dozen bottles—put them as low as you can; as I expect if it continues to result as general as hitherto, it will sell itself. Respectfully, reply Wm. Dana, M. D.

☞ A Secret, which baffles the Ingenuity of the most skilful chemist in the Dissolution of Gum Elastic.—The many excellent merits of this valuable soap in removing grease from the face, tan, sunburn, pimples, blotches, pustules, curing effectually Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Nettle Rash or Prickly Heat, has induced chemists in all parts of the Union to attempt to analyze its properties, but the scientific researches of the whole country has set at defiance all their attempts. No matter how repulsive in nature the complaint is that may be, the genuine Rodway's Chinese Medicated Soap never fails in removing all excrescences, and rendering the skin soft, smooth and fair, pure, sweet and healthy. Sold by the best retail small cakes 12½ cents, by Wm Jackson 89 Liberty st, Pittsburgh, J E R GRADWAY, 9 Cornhill st, Boston.

☞ Fall Fashion.

S MOORE has received from New York, the Fall styles of hats which he will introduce to the public on Sat. 28th. All those in want of a neat and elegant hat would do well to call at No. 72, Wood Street, 3d door above 6th. aug 26 tf

EDWARD A. SCHELING,
(SUCCESSOR TO GOODMAN & SEARS,)
Receiving, Forwarding, Commission Merchant, and Coal Dealer.
Main-st, 1 door South of Farmers' Bank, Memphis.
Refer to—M Allen & Co, King, Fennock & Co.

CARD—To Dry Good Buyers.

W. E. MURPHY, North East corner of 4th and Market street, has commenced receiving his first Fall supply of Goods, and invites the calls of his customers and buyers generally. aug

GINGHAMS—Opened yesterday, a handsome lot of dark style dress Ginghams, suitable for the season. A'so, Oregon and Victoria Plaids for Ladies' Dresses; for sale at the dry goods house of aug 26 W R MURPHY

SILKS—Ladies are invited to look at the assortment of plain and figured black and fancy Dress Silks just received at the dry goods house of aug 26 W R MURPHY

JUST ARRIVED—One splendid Rosewood 6½ Octave Semi-Grand Piano Forte from the celebrated factory of Henri Herz, Paris, equal to the one used at his Concerts, which for richness of tone and durability of workmanship, cannot be surpassed. To be sold low for cash at JOHN H MELLOR'S aug 26 2d wood st

FRENCH HAIR SKIRTS—A small assortment of black, white and mode colors just received from the importer; for sale by F KEATON aug 27 83 market st

COLLARS—A fresh lot of French Worked Collars of new style, and a lot of low priced just coming in for sale by F KEATON aug 27 83 market st

BRANS—16 bbls small white Beans, a prime article on hand; for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS, aug 26 cor wood & water sts

CHEESE—16 kegs prime cheese (Ohio) for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug 26

MAPLE SUGAR—5 bbls for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug 26

SWEET CIDER—4 bbls for sale by WICK & McCANDLESS aug 26

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Philadelphia, Aug. 27, 10 P. M.

Flour—Sales of Western $5,75 a 5,87½. Demand limited.

Corn Meal—$3,25, no change.

Rye Flour—$3,50 per bbl.

Wheat—Prime white Southern 3000 bs. at $1,25 per bu.

Corn—Prime yellow, 75c per bu.

Oats—42 a 43c per bu., and from that to 50 for old and prime.

Rye—1000 bushels Rye at 75c per bu.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HALTIMORE MARKET.

Baltimore, Aug. 27, 8 p. m.

Flour—Howard street brands are selling at $5,68½ per bbl.—Sales of City Mills brand at $5,87½ per bbl.

Wheat—Sales of prime White at 120a123c per bu.—Prime Red is selling at 112a118c per bu.

Corn—Prime White is selling at 71c per bu.

Oats—Sales of oats at 38c per bu.

Whiskey—Moderate sales at 23c per gal.

Beef Cattle—Sales at $1,87½a3,25 per 100 lbs. gross.

Provisions—Dull, with less inqury in the market.

Groceries—Are without change, with a good supply in market.

Lard—Firm at 9½a10¾c per lb.

Exclusive Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette

NEW YORK MARKET.

Aug. 27, 9 p. m.

Flour—Sales of 5,000 bbls at 5,50a5,62½c per bbl.

Wheat—Sales 13,000 bu. of wheat at 130 per bu.

Corn—Sales of White not strictly prime at 77c per bu.—3,000 bu Prime yellow at 77c per bu.

Oats—Moderate sales of oats at 53c per bu.

Lard—Western 10½c.

No change in Groceries or Provisions, and the market generally quiet for the close of the week.

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CINCINNATI MARKET.

Aug. 27, 9 P. M.

Flour—Sales of Flour have been moderate today at $4,31½.

Wheat has sold for 75c per bu.

Corn brought 30c per bu.

Oats brought 22c per bu, sacks extra.

Rye—Sales were made at 45c per bu.

Whiskey comands 16½a17c.

Provisions are without change, and no alteration in Groceries.

Hogs—Twelve thousand, deliverable in October and November, sold for $4,46,35 per cwt.

It has been raining most of the day in the city.

Deaths of Freemen.—The murderer of the Van Ness family died on the 21st inst. in the Jail at Auburn, N. Y. Many persons called to see him during the three or four weeks preceding his death, and all agree that whatever may have been his mental faculties at the time the crime was committed, he was at that time a perfect idiot.

Effects of the Tariff of 1846.—The Boston Iron Company have closed a contract for 50,000 tons of *Nova Scotia Coal*, to be delivered this fall and winter.

Hon Albert Gallatin, of New York, and Hon. Simeon Baldwin, of Connecticut, are the oldest living ex-members of Congress—both being 80 and 90 years of age.

Within six months, the German Benevolent Society of New York has expended $2,010 24 in aid of their distressed countrymen. Over two thousand strong proofs of goodness of heart.

Pittsburgh Gas Works.—The following gentlemen were yesterday elected Trustees by the Stockholders, for the ensuing year:

Thos. Bakewell, Geo. W. Jackson, Jas. Thomas, Wilson McCandless, C. Anshutz, and Geo. Ogden.

Hon John P Kennedy has been nominated for Congress by the Whigs of Baltimore.

PITTSBURGH WEEKLY GAZETTE.

August 28—CONTENTS IN PART.

Robert Dale Owen—Electrized Iron—A Western Rail Road—Wool Manufactures—Letter from a young Artist in Italy—Gen. Scott and Gen. Santa Anna—Real Estate of Pittsburgh—Lesson of Wisdom—Something from the Army—Internal Improvements—Sketch of the life of Rufus Choate—Connellsville Charter—Sub Treasury —Thirtieth Congress—The Wheeling Bridge and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road—First Atlantic Steamer—Mr. Clay's Movements—Mexican Congress—Another letter from Gen. Taylor —General Elections to take place—Internal Improvements—Lord Palmerston and Relief—Imperial Parliament—The Queen's Speech—Foreign Miscellany—More of the 8th Tariff Veto—Berkeley's Springs—Moral of the late Elections—The Senate Consumption—Agricultural Statistics—Fire in New York and Philada.—Liberty Ticket Latest Telegraphic news, Foreign and Domestic. Commercial matter, carefully compiled Review of the Markets for the past week—The prices in the local city markets—The Cattle Market—The prices of American Produce in various parts of the Union —Arrival of Flour, Wheat, Corn &c. &c. received since the opening of the Canal—Canal business and movements of produce—Market in London.

City Items—Speech of the Prince Consort—Extracts from the leading journals on the interesting topics of the day.

Parents at the desk, singly or in wrappers.

Price 6 cents single copy.

Subscriptions two dollars a year in advance.

☞ No Card No Pay! Pilot Pilot!—Dr. Jackson's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine that will cure the very worst cases of Scrofula and Syphilis disease. If not only immediately allays pain and inflammation, stops all bleeding, subdues the inflammable tendency, but eventually cures, in a very short time. Persons whose lives have been rendered miserable for years—in spite of mercury—have in a few days, found relief from pain and pleasant sensations. If persons afflicted will call at the office of the agent, they can see a number of cases that have been cured, they will be assembled, if desired, at this city, who had been under the hands of the surgeons for years—some three times been bed ridden, and during 8 bottles of the Embrocation, been creditably cured. It calls beyond precedent!—Phil. Saturday Courier.

Sold by the Proprietors at the FRUIT TREE STORE, 70 Fourth street, near wood, and also at the Drug Store of H P Schwartz, Federal st Allegheny city.

☞ Sailor's Grieving Furniture Mosaic Tapestry.—We beg leave to call public attention to the following, from Dr. Wm. Dana, of Williamsville Clermont Co., and one of the very first practitioners in the county in which he resides, and late Senator in the State Legislature. It is cheering than to see the leading men of the profession, barering the bonds of professional prejudice, and giving merit its due:

"Sir: I have in my presence been using some of your Ginseng Panacea, and, so far, am well pleased in its effects in Catarrhal and Bronchial Complaints. Please send me half a dozen bottles—put them as low as you can; as I expect if it continues to result as general as hitherto, it will sell itself. Respectfully, reply Wm. Dana, M. D.

☞ A Secret, which baffles the Ingenuity of the most skilful chemist in the Dissolution of Gum Elastic.—The many excellent merits of this valuable soap in removing grease from the face, tan, sunburn, pimples, blotches, pustules, curing effectually Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Nettle Rash or Prickly Heat, has induced chemists in all parts of the Union to attempt to analyze its properties, but the scientific researches of the whole country has set at defiance all their attempts. No matter how repulsive in nature the complaint is that may be, the genuine Rodway's Chinese Medicated Soap never fails in removing all excrescences, and rendering the skin soft, smooth and fair, pure, sweet and healthy. Sold by the best retail small cakes 12½ cents, by Wm Jackson 89 Liberty st, Pittsburgh, J E R GRADWAY, 9 Cornhill st, Boston.

☞ Fall Fashion.

S MOORE has received from New York, the Fall styles of hats which he will introduce to the public on Sat. 28th. All those in want of a neat and elegant hat would do well to call at No. 72, Wood Street, 3d door above 6th. aug 26 tf

EDWARD A. SCHELING,
(SUCCESSOR TO GOODMAN & SEARS,)
Receiving, Forwarding, Commission Merchant, and Coal Dealer.
Main-st, 1 door South of Farmers' Bank, Memphis.
Refer to—M Allen & Co, King, Fennock & Co.

CARD—To Dry Good Buyers.

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