Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING.....NOV. 10, 1863.

# CITY AND SUBURBAN.

## Official Paper of the City.

### Adjourned Meeting of Coal Merchants.

On Monday afternoon at two o'clock, an adjourned meeting of coal merchants was held at the office of Messrs. A. D.Smith] & Bros., Water street. A. Miller, Esq. was in the chair, and N. J. Bigley acted as Secretary.

Mr. J. Walton, on behalf of the committee to procure legal advice in reference to the proposed tonage license on coal boats, barges, etc., reported that they had consulted with George P. Hamilton, Esq. That gentleman, however, declined to give a decision upon the merits of the question, but he informed the committee that the proper course to pursue would be to apply for an injunction against Captain Batchelor, as Surveyor of the Port, to restrain him from levying the tax. By this means the matter could be brought before the Court in a legal shape, and fully investigated.

The Chairman here read a letter from Captain Batchelor, in which he stated that he had not yet received any instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, as to the matter under consideration. He therefore recommended that the meeting adjourn until Tuesday afternoon, by which time he might have some official information for them.

Gen. Moorhead, on behalf of the Committee appointed to confer with Secretary Chase, reported that they had attended to that duty, and had obtained the following reply:

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—To Gen. J. K. Moorhead and others: I have instructed the Surveyor of Customs at Pittsburgh to apply my directions of October 2d, 1863, to the Collector at Philadelphia, to similar craft in his district.

Respectfully, S. P. CHASE.

The dispatch was not regarded as satisfactory, inasmuch as there are difficulties in construing the instructions of the Secretary to the Surveyor at Philadelphia.

Mr. J. F. Dravo remarked that the coal merchants, in the action they were now taking, might be understood as opposing taxation for government purposes. He wished to explain that they were not opposed to taxation, but they wanted the tax on coal levied so as to operate uniformly, and not discriminate in favor of railroad tonnage and against the coal carried by water. The licensing and enrolling of coal boats and barges, as common carriers, be regarded as unjust, and not contemplated in the act.

On motion, the Committee on Legal Advice was empowed, should the final decision be adverse to their interests, to apply for an injunction to restrain the Surveyor from collecting the tax.

Attention was called to the fact that, should a favorable decision be obtained from Secretary Chase, it would not protect our coal merchants effectually unless the Surveyors at other ports on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers should receive copies of the instructions. Otherwise the coal boats and barges might be seized at Cincinnati, Louisville, etc.

On motion, Messrs. J. K. Moorhead, J. F. Dravo, and Thomas Fawcett were appointed a committee to request Secretary Chase, in case he rendered a favorable decision, to issue similar instructions to to the Surveyors of ports below on the Ohio and Mississippi.

Gen. Moorhead here read Mr. Chase's letter to Mr. Thomas, of Philadelphia, and commented on it at some length. (We have already published the letter in our columns.)

The meeting then dropped the main subject, and entered upon the discussion of other matters.

Mr. Dravo alluded to the magnitude of the coal interest, and the importance of having some organization for the protection and furtherance of their interests. He advocated the formation of a Coal Exchange, believing that the interests of the business would be greatly promoted thereby.

Mr. Caldwell directed attention to the fact that the tax on anthracite and bituminous coal was equal, while it was well known that for manufacturing or smelting purposes anthracite coal was doubly valuable, and ought to be taxed at a heavier rate. He thought the Eastern Representatives in Congress had engineered the tax for the advantage of their constituents, and that the Representatives from the western section of the State had not understood the matter fully.

Gen. Moorhead, who was fully posted on this subject, stated that the bill, as it originally passed the House, discriminated largely in favor of bituminous coal, but in the Senate the tax was made equal, being fixed at one-eighth of a cent per bushel. This was not regarded as an onerous tax, and he did not understand the coal men as making objections to it.

Mr. Caldwell explained, that he did not wish to be understood as casting any reflections on our western Representatives. He believed they had discharged their duties faithfully. So far as Gen. Morehead was concerned, he could bear testimony to his zeal and fidelity as a Representative.

Gen. Moorhead did not understand the gentleman (Mr. C.) as finding fault, and he (Gen. M.) only rose to give some information on the subject.

Gen. Moorhead called the attention of the meeting to a very great evil—that of blocking up the locks when a rise came, so that boats, which were waiting and ready, could not be got through. The rules of the Navigation Company were such that boats were required to take their turn, and an act of assembly prescribed a penalty of $50 for any violation of the rule. Still there were men who, despite the law, would run past, get down against the lock, block up the entrance, and cause great delay and serious loss of time. The evil was one that called for correction, and he hoped the meeting would take some action thereon. The penalty was too light—$50 were nothing in comparison to getting out ahead of others with a pair of boats, and the penalty was not regarded by any body.

The Chairman suggested that the evil might be remedied by the Navigation Company purchasing or leasing the shore, for half a mile above the locks, and putting in posts for tieing up the boats—not allowing any man to tie up there who would not agree to await his turn. Private parties, who own the land, now exact five dollars from each boat, for the privilege of tieing to the shore, and there is no telling how much money they may have to pay for this privilege hereafter. If the company had control of the posts on shore, the evil could be remedied.

Gen. Moorhead was not prepared to make a favorable response to this proposition. Parties might or might not wish to sell or lease along the shore. He thought the evil might be corrected by charging the penalty from $50 to $500 for each offence.

A gentleman called attention to another cause of delay in getting through the locks. A fleet of boats lay close to the locks, having privilege to go through in turn. Night came, and they would not go through, neither would others, willing to drop down at night, be permitted to pass. Indeed, it was impossible for them to do so, the entrance to the lock being effectually blocked up. This evil should be corrected. Many men, willing to run through after night, were prevented doing so, and probably kept back until the river fell.

On motion of Mr. Dravo, Messrs. T. D. Horner, D. M. Smith, Addison Lyle, James O'Connor, and John F. Herron were appointed a Committee to organize a Coal Exchange.

On motion, Messrs. J. F. Dravo, D. M. Smith and W. H. Brown were appointed a Committee to memorialize the next Legislature to have the laws regulating the Monongahela Navigation Company so amended as to substitute a penalty of $1000, instead of $50, for dropping down against the lock at an improper time, and to procure such other legislation as will facilitate the passage of boats through the locks.

It was resolved that the Monongahela Navigation Company be requested to erect two or three abutments below Dams No. 1 and No. 2, which were greatly needed.

Gen. Moorhead remarked that they might consider that work done.

On motion of Mr. Walton, a vote of thanks was unanimously tendered to Gen. Moorhead for the interest which he had taken in these matters, after which the meeting adjourned to meet at the call of the Committee to organize a Coal Exchange.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE OHIO RIVER.—At a meeting of the Board of Trade yesterday afternoon, a committee, consisting of Messrs. Geo. H. Thurston, Wm. S. Bissell, Wm. S. Haven, Wm. McCreery, Geo. B. Jones, J. R. Hunter, and J. P. Anger, were appointed to take into consideration the best method to secure a prompt commencement of measures tending to an early improvement of the Ohio river. The committee will, we understand, go vigorously and at once to work to carry out the object of their appointment.

### Trial of James Stepleton for the Murder of Mary Burke.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.—Judges Mellon, Stowe and Brown.

On Monday afternoon the trial of this case was resumed. After considerable difficulty the jury was completed, and composed of the following citizens:

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| David Aughenbach, | Chas. Hausbeck, |
| Geo. M. Morrison. | Samuel Hound, |
| Robert Hilliard, | John Epley, |
| J. F. Cluley, | Wm. Mittenswi, |
| John Morrison, | Samuel Lindrey, Jr., |
| Thomas M. Bell, | Edward Parke. |

The prisoner was arraigned in regular form, and plead not guilty.

District Attorney Kirkpatrick then opened the case to the jury, recounted the circumstances of the murder, and defined the different grades of homicide, as they would be presented in the trial of the cause.

James McKee, husband of the deceased together with Belle Kelly and Fanny Smith, inmates of the house, testified to the facts connected with the murder. The meeting between Mary Burke and Stepleton, the subsequent quarrel, and the shooting, were narrated as they have already been described. Drs. M'Cook and Hopper testified that they had been called on before the death of the deceased, but she would not permit them to minister to her. John Lucas, a colored man residing in the neighborhood, testified to having seen Stepleton fire the fatal shot and walk off, but on cross-examination he admitted that he did not see the man's face, and could not describe his clothing. Three coal diggers, the only remaining eye-witnesses, are yet to be examined.

THE ILLUSTRATED ANNUAL REGISTER OF RURAL AFFAIRS.—This valuable Farmer's Almanac is too well known, both by the amateur farmers in town and the practical farmers in the country, to require more at our hands than the simple announcement that the Tenth Number, being for the coming year 1864, is now ready, containing the usual variety of well-arranged information, suitable and seasonable, illustrated with 130 engravings, just as its numerous readers have been accustomed to find—ahead of every competitor.—Published by Luther Tucker & Son, Albany, New York; and for sale by Henry Miner, Pittsburgh, next door to the Post-office.

THE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.—The regular quarterly meeting of the Firemen's Association was held last evening, but no business of importance was transacted. The regular quarterly report of the Chief Engineer, giving the number of fires, false alarms, etc., for the past three months, was read and accepted. The report of the committee appointed to make rules for the use of the fire plugs, during fires, was also read, after which the meeting adjourned. The crowded state of our columns prevents a full report.

NEW MUSIC.—Mrs. C. Blume, 43 Fifth street, has received from the publishers, W. A. Pond & Co., New York, "*The Pet Polka*," composed by Lysander S. Thompson and dedicated to Miss Charlotte Thompson, by her brother. A beautiful lithographic portrait of Miss Thompson forms the frontispiece, and will be acceptable to the friends of this accomplished and popular artiste.

ALF. BURNETT, the great humorist and elocutionist, will give a series of entertainments in this city, in a few days. We refer to his card in another column.

MISS CHARLOTTE THOMPSON commenced the second week of her engagement, last evening, and was honored with a large audience. She appears again this evening.

## SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS, just received at Sam'l Graham & Co.'s, Merchant Tailors, No. 54 Market street. It consists of all the very latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings; overcoatings of all kinds of the very finest quality, all of which is selected from the latest importations, and will be made up in the most fashionable and best manner. Gentlemen desiring a stock of goods to select from, that cannot be surpassed by any other in the city, and every garment warranted a perfect fit, would do well to give us an early call.

SAMUEL GRAHAM & Co.,
Merchant Tailors, No. 54 Market st.
SAMUEL GRAHAM, GEO. MCCANDLESS.

FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.—The Summer is past, and by the morning's frost, we begin to apprehend, that fall and winter will shortly be upon us, and we must provide ourselves with the material to keep us comfortable. A nice fall suit, or a good and well-made overcoat are the very thing, and we do not know of any place where our readers would suit themselves better than at Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co's clothing establishment, corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny. They have also received a complete assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, and a great variety of new patterns for waistcoating, &c.

JUST RECEIVED AND READY FOR SALE.—The fine assortment of Fall and Winter Clothing, lately received by Messrs. John Wier & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 146 Federal street, Allegheny. The stock of clothing consists of the finest variety of gents' pantaloons, vests, coats and overcoats. The style of patterns is tasteful and fashionable. We would invite all of our readers to give the above gentlemen a call.

TO KNOW IS TO APPROVE.—Rev. George Hewlings, Greenport L. I., writes: "You are at liberty to use my name, if you think proper, as a recommendation both of Mrs. S. A. Allen's Zylobalsamum and World's Hair Restorer for restoring the hair. Their virtue should not be 'hidden under a bushel.'"

Sold by druggists everywhere.
Depot 193 Greenwich street New York.

SMALL POX has already sacrificed some of our best and bravest troops. Soldiers listen to the voice of reason, supply yourselves with Holloways Pills and Ointment. The Pills purify the blood and strengthen the stomach, while the Ointment removes all pain, and prevents pitmarks. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 231.

EDGEWORTH SEMINARY.—Two places have become vacant, and may be obtained by applying immediately. Address the Principal, at Sewicklyville, Pa. See also new circulars, at Davis' Bookstore, Pittsburgh, and Cochrane's, Allegheny. 3t

FOUR DOLLARS, four dollars.
Four dollars, four dollars.
Dental Institute, Dental Institute.
Best cheap Dentistry, best cheap Dentistry.
No machine work, no machine work.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.—J. M. Roberts, No. 17 Fifth street, is now opening the most choice stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Silver ware and Fancy Goods ever displayed in this city, and is selling them at remarkably low prices.

CAPITALISTS, see advertisement of Baker's Excelsior Refrigerator, or call at No. 13, St. Clair street.

C. SILL, Dentist, 248 Penn street, will attend to all business of his profession.

### DIED:

KELLER.—On Sunday night, PETER KELLER, in the 76th year of his age.

His funeral will take place TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 10th instant, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, Lawrenceville. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BAIRD.—On Monday morning, 9th inst., at 6 o'clock, RICHARD KING BAIRD, youngest child of Th. H. Baird, Jr., and M. Louise Baird, aged 2 years and 4 months.

The remains were taken to Monongahela City for interment.

ANDERSON—On Monday morning, November 9th, at five o'clock, Miss JANE ANDERSON, in the 90th year of her age.

Funeral on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, from the residence of Mr. J. H. Abbott, Western avenue, Allegheny. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ONEIL & STONEMAN,
MANUFACTURERS OF WIRE WORK,
Have always on hand and make to order IRON AND BRASS SCREEN WIRE CLOTH; SIEVES, of all kinds; RIDDLES, for Foundry use; HEAVY WORK FOR WINDOWS, &c.; BIRD CAGES, ORNAMENTAL WIRE WORK, for Flowers, &c.
☞ All sizes of WIRE for sale, at
No. 80 FOURTH STREET

FISH.—50 half barrels White Fish received and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

# THE LATEST NEWS
## BY TELEGRAPH.

## OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9, 1863.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS CEASED.

The rebel authorities still persist in refusing to recognize officers of colored regiments in the system of exchanges. Our government demands that they be included in the cartel, and all exchange of prisoners has ceased until this difference is adjusted.

SALES OF FIVE-TWENTIES.

The sales of Five-Twenty bonds last week exceeded nine million dollars.

FROM THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 6th inst. says that Gen. Bragg out fought us at Chickamauga, but was out generalled at Chattanooga. M.

COLONEL RUSH

Has been relieved from the command of the Invalid Corps.

TAX DECISION.

Under the decision of the Solicitor of the Treasury, the tax on diposits in the National Banks are to be paid to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and the tax on circulation to the Comptroller of Currency—each in proportion to the length of the time of organization.

RATIONS AT LIBBY PRISON.

A letter from Libby Prison of October 13th, says there is no meat in the rations issued for prisoners. The people of Richmond are on the verge of starvation, and another bread riot has occurred.

ARIZONA.

An army officer writes from Arizona that the mineral resources of Rio Gila have been rendered, and it is estimated that they are as rich in gold as California, and that government should devote itself more to the development of the mineral treasures in New Mexico and Arizona.

THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER ON THE SITUATION AT CHATTANOOGA.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 6th inst., contains the following leading article:

The movements of the enemy at Chattanooga are still uncertain. Whether the occupation of Lookout Mountain indicates an advance, or is it like the crossing of the Rappahannock, at Fredericksburg, by Gen. Sedgwick's Corps, merely a feint to cover a retreat, has not yet transpired. But when considered in connection with the reported retreat from Loudon, and its occupation by our forces, we are inclined to believe that Gen. Grant is preparing a change of base from East Tennessee to some point more accessible for supplies. This supposition becomes more probable when it is remembered that from Lookout Valley to Bridgeport his retreat could be more expediently made than Chattanooga. But whether for advance or retreat, this occupation of Lookout Valley is of importance. If for the former it demonstrates that the enemy have recovered from their defeat at Chickamauga, and taken the initiative, which is always one of importance in military movements. It may be useless to enquire why the enemy were permitted to regain strength, morale and organization, and begin offensive movements in the immediate front and under the very nose of General Bragg. The vanquished and flying enemy whom Gen. Bragg reported to be pursued by our cavalry, have turned upon the pursuers, and have occupied a position upon the flank of the victors. The enemy were outfought at Chickamauga. Thanks to the army. But the present position of affairs looks pa If we had been out generalled at Chattanooga. We hope then our apprehensions may turn out groundless, and that the strategy of Gen. Bragg may prove equal to the prowess and gallantry of his army, but we must confess that the country will be as much surprised as pleased, should success attend our arms at Chattanooga.

If the occupation of Lookout Valley by the enemy has been made to cover a retreat, an opportunity for energy and perseverance will be offered Gen. Bragg, which, if promptly embraced, and efficiently pursued, will do much to reinstate him in the confidence of the army and country. As risk is to be taken under Gen. Bragg, we hope that every officer and private will exert his utmost endeavors to aid the General in overwhelming the enemy.

Whether Grant is preparing to advance or is preparing to retreat from Chattanooga, he must be defeated, either on the south side of the Tennessee river, or on his retreat to Nashville.

The approaching winter warns both armies that their present position may be their mutual destruction, and the spring of 1864 will open on the wasted and ruined remnants of both.

SKIRMISHING GOING ON.

Since sending my last dispatch news has been received that brisk cavalry skirmishing is going on to-day to the southwest of Culpepper, in the direction of Madison Court House.

NO REBEL FORCE THIS SIDE OF THE RAPIDAN.

It has been ascertained by a reconnoissance to-day that there is no rebel force this side of the Rapidan, except part of Stuarts rebel cavalry.

THE REBEL FORCE AT FREDERICKSBURG.

There is no considerable rebel force at Fredericksburg, and no guns are in position there.

FALLING BACK TO RICHMOND.

The information among army officers is that Lee's army is so greatly reduced that it has to fall back to Richmond, and that our advance will meet with no opposition this side of the rebel capital.

ADDITIONAL WOUNDED.

From the late engagement, have arrived here. They are as follows: Fifth Wisconsin—Albert Burbridge, Case Dallas, W. B. Ward, Edward Auge, E. P. Norton, Elliot Shadbold, Harvey S. Root, and Austin Zinttol.

APPOINTED BRIGADIER GENERAL IN THE REBEL ARMY.

Ex-Senator Iverson, of Georgia, has been appointed a Brigadier General in the rebel army, and is in command of a division of the State forces. His headquarters are at Rome or Kingston.

THE SITUATION.

No fighting is understood to have taken place yesterday or to-day, up to the latest advices. Our army had gone close to Culpepper last night, and to-day it advanced to the Rapidan without encountering the enemy. Every appearance indicates that the rebels are in too weak force to pretend to offer serious resistance, and the probability seems to be that Lee has been sending off still more of his forces in a western direction.

Saturday's fight was a handsome surprise, and the conspicuous valor of the Western troops has once more been signally illustrated.

DEPARTURE OF COMMANDERS.

It is reported that the Government is about to accept Burnside's resignation, tendered some time ago, and that General Foster, late of North Carolina, is to be sent to take his place. General Butler left to assume the command of Foster's old department to-night.

### The Draft in Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9.—The draft is progressing in this city to-day. The chances are about one in four. The best feeling prevails, and no disturbance has occurred.

## FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9, 1863.

George H. Stuart, Esq., President of the United States Christian Commission, received a letter to-day from Major John E. Mulford, assistant agent for the exchange of prisoners at Fortress Monroe, stating that twenty-one boxes of clothing, stores and medicines, recently sent forward by the Commission for Union prisoners in the Richmond prisons, have reached their destination. Major Mulford says: "I trust the goods have already made glad hearts of many of those for whom they were intended." The Commission has appealed for money to purchase additional stores to send to our suffering heroes in the Richmond prisons.

Rev. John Hussey, of Ohio, who was taken prisoner by the rebels on the battle-field of Chickamauga, while acting as delegate of the Christian Commission, has just been released from Castle Thunder, and has arrived at Annapolis, Md. M.

### Vote in the Fifth Wisconsin—Meat Rations Taken from the Union Prisoners at Richmond—Mudwall Jackson Routed by Generals Averill and Duffie.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The Fifth Wisconsin volunteers of the army of the Potomac cast 415 votes for the Union ticket of their State, and only one for the opposition.

The first snow of the season fell to-day, it was very slight and of short duration.

A government officer here, in high position, received a pencil note from a Union prisoner in Richmond to-day, saying that the rebel authorities have at length, altogether, stopped the very small meat ration heretofore allowed to our starving soldiers in their prisons. The excuse alleged is, that they have ceased to be able to furnish their own soldiers with meat.

One hundred and twenty-five officers are among the rebel prisoners just brought from the front. Those men represent that but few of their companions retreated across the river, and their General commanding had hardly time to escape on his horse. They seem to unite in regarding the movement on our part as having been one of the most brilliant and successful of the war.

Intelligence has been received here dated Clarksburg, Va., that Generals Averill and Duffie, commanding seperate forces, after several severe engagements, on Friday and Saturday last, succeeded in driving the enemy under Mudwall Jackson for several miles down the valley east of Greenbrier Mountain, into and through the town of Lewisburg, in Western Virginia.

After the first battle on Friday, fought by Gen. Duffie, the enemy was reinforced, but nevertheless they were totally routed on Saturday by the combined forces of Duffie and Averill. The rout was so complete that the enemy abandoned all their supplies, guns, colors, &c., and fled in dismay leaving their dead and wounded on the field.

Our men behaved splendidly, and the victory was one of the most brilliant of the war. The number of killed and wounded on our side is not stated. We hold Lewisburg.

### From the Potomac Army—Pontoon Bridge Captured—The Cannonading on Sunday Evening—Whereabouts of the Union Troops.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9,—Information from the Army of the Potomac to-night, mentions that an aid of Gen. Kilpatrick's arrived from the front late on Saturday night and reported that his officers encountered and fought with a body of rebel cavalry near Stevensburg late in the afternoon of that day.

The enemy's pontoon bridge over the river directly behind their work fell into out hands after Gen. Sedgwick defeated the rebels. The bridge consisted of only five boats, and those were the same which were abandoned by the engineers and bridge builders for want of transportation in the Chickahominy last year.

The cannonading on Sunday evening was probably General Buford's light batteries and some of the rebel cavalry, with guns, in the vicinity of the Yew Hills, northeast of Culpepper.

Nothing authentic has been received up to 10 o'clock from that quarter, at which time all was quiet.

The railroad and telegraph on the opposite side of the Rappahannock were found uninjured.

Our cavalry are reported at Culpepper.

At the latest accounts part of our forces were at Brandy Station, and another part was two miles the other side of Kelly's ford. Some of our troops were at other points.

### Heavy Firing Heard in the Direction of Culpepper—Two of Burnside's Advanced Positions Assailed and Captured—Our Loss in Saturday's Fight—Arrival of Prisoners.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Reports received today from the front represent that heavy firing was heard yesterday and this morning, as though occurring in the lower part of Culpepper, out from Kelly's Ford, at the junction of the Rapidan with the Rappahannock.

The *Star*, of this city, says: We hear that Gen. Grant has telegraphed hither that two of the most advanced positions of Gen. Burnside have been assailed and captured by the rebels, who made prisoners of one-half of two regiments that were holding them at the time.

It was reported to-day, on authority of the surgeons in the Army of the Potomac, that our losses on Saturday were about 400, as stated in the press telegrams last night, 260 of these are wounded. They arrived here this morning. The premises of the old capitol prison are densely crowded to-day.

One thousand seven hundred and thirty rebel prisoners, that were taken on Saturday forenoon, have reached here.

The officers from whom this information is derived, saw a few more on the way.

### Mexican News.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The steamers St. Louis and Moses Taylor arrived here yesterday from Panama, bringing dates from Mexico via Acapulco of the 21st of October.

The French were preparing for an expedition toward Quartero.

Gen. Forey left Mexico for Vera Cruz, on his way to France, on the 4th of October, having turned over his command to Gen. Varenie, who appears to be much more popular.

An agent of the rebel government arrived at Mexico on the 9th via Brownsville, with instructions, it was supposed, to make a treaty between the regency of Mexico and the rebels.

It is said that Juarez has reorganized the army of the Liberal party, and is marching towards Quartero, to meet the French. A conflict is expected shortly.

Minister Corwin has so far taken no active part in the mexican troubles.

### Return of the Texas Expedition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The *Post* has the following significant paragraph from New Orleans:

We learn that the Overland expedition to Texas has returned; and the army has before this set out in another direction. According to reports a part of the force is to go to Brownsville, on the Rio Grande, where their arrival will be hailed with joy by multitudes of loyal Texans, and where a small force will suffice to put a stop to an immense contraband trade. As to the other part nothing authentic is divulged, but it is not improbable, we trust to express the hope, that its destination is the city of Mobile.

### Cooper and Shelby Marching Against Blunt.

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 9.—Advices from Fort Scott say that a courier arrived there on Friday night, from Gen. Blunt, bringing information that the rebels, under Cooper and Shelby, have eluded our forces and crossed the Arkansas river, and were marching on Blunt, who has 1,800 cavalry as an escort to an immense supply train for Fort Smith, Blunt has curtailed his train, and made preparations for defence.

### The Missouri Election.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9.—The official returns from sixty-two counties, and soldiers' vote as far as heard from, give a conservative majority of four thousand and six-eight. Col. Pratt, radical, was elected State Senator from Linn county district, in place of Major McCullough, conservative, deceased.

### New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Stocks, second board, dull.

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| C. & I. R.R. | 105½ | M. C. | 122¾ |
| P., Ft. W. & C. | 82 | Harlem | 93¼ |
| O. & C. | 107½ | Erie | 105¾ |
| Ill. Cen. Scrip | 100 | N. Y. C. | 135¾ |
| M. S. | 88¾ | Pacific Mail | 226¾ |
| C. & T. | 115 | Quicksilver | 63¾ |

Money very firm with an active demand. Sterling dull and heavy. Gold regular and opening at 46⅞, advancing to 47⅛, declining to 46, and closing steady at 46⅝@46⅞.

Government stocks quiet and firm; U. S. (81) Coupons 110.

### Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton quiet at 85@87. Flour dull, the decline chiefly upon common grades; $6.10@6.15 for Extra State, $7.15@7.30 for Extra R. H. O., $7.35@7.25 for Trade Brands, the market closing dull with no buyers. Whisky a shade firmer at 61½@62½, chiefly 61½@62. Wheat dull and heavy, and 1 to 2c lower; $1.36@1.38 for Chicago Spring, $1.36@1.38 for Milwaukee Club, $1.39@1.40 for Amber Milwaukee, $1.43@1.42 for Winter Red, $1.51@1.52 for Amber Michigan. Corn a shade firmer and in moderate demand; Mixed Western, $1.08, in store $1.06@1.09½. Oats dull and lower at 84@83. Wool very firm with nothing of moment doing. Pork quiet; 1,000 bbls New Mess at sellers' option. Beef Cut Meats quiet and firm. Bacon Sides quiet and without material change; 2 hogs 6¾. City Lard quietand steady at 11½@11¾; 1,500 bbls, January and February, 12¼.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—Flour a trifle easier; Ohio Superfine $6.37½. Wheat firm and few sales; Southern firm, sales 5,000 bushels; old White abundant; New 86@91. Whisky dull.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.—Decrease in loans, $978,517; in specie, $653,500; do. circulation, $128,602; decrease in deposits, $11,677,061.

## RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

The river is still receding slowly at this point, with three feet eight inches in the channel, according to the pier marks last evening. The weather yesterday was cold and wintry-like, with a light snow falling at intervals.

Business at the wharf seems to be about suspended again, as the little "Oil City" was the only boat in port yesterday making any pretension toward doing business. She brought up over one thousand barrels of apples, and some other freight, and will leave again to-day for Wheeling.

The Brownsville packets are still making regular trips to and from that point, while the keel and flat-boats have it all their own way on the Allegheny river.

The Capt. John Brickell, from Cincinnati, is due here to-day, but as the water is getting low, she may not be able to get up until there is another rise.

The Julia, Capt. Colson's new boat, is almost completed, and will be ready in a very short time to take her place in the Pittsburgh and Zanesville trade.

The Leonidas, Capt. Anawalt's new steamer, is now receiving her outfit, and will be ready for business in a very few days.

Mr. E. H. Waring has resigned his position at the Custom House, and leaves to-day for Cincinnati, to take charge of the office of the Armonia, Capt. A. C. McCallum's boat.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WM. C. ROBINSON.....GEO. P. ROBINSON.
WM. REA.....HENRY ROBINSON.
☞ROBINSON, REA & CO., (successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,) WASHINGTON WORKS, FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, Pittsburgh.
Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS, of all descriptions; OIL TANKS & STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, FOR FEEDING BOILERS.

(CONSUMPTION.)
☞PULMONARY CONSUMPTION
A CURABLE DISEASE.
*A CARD—TO CONSUMPTIVES.*
The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a *sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.
Parties wishing the prescription will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings county, New York.
se25:3mdawF

☞N. HOLMES & SONS, DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BILLS OF EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES AND SPECIE, No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. apr22

PATENTED OCTOBER 8, 1861.
DITHRIDGE'S PATENT
OVAL LAMP CHIMNEYS,
MANUFACTURED OF
XX FLINT GLASS.
These Chimneys are intended for the flat flame, heating all parts of the glass equally, does not expose it to cracking.
E. T. DITHRIDGE,
Fort Pitt Glass Works, Washington street,
apl1 Pittsburgh, Penna.

JOHN HALL & CO.,
VALLEY FORGE PLOW WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers and dealers in all the different kinds of PLOWS, PLOW CASTINGS, SCOOPS, CUTTING BOXES, &c. With greatly increased facilities for doing business, we earnestly invite dealers to give us a call. Manufactory, Temperanceville. Warehouse, Cecilia alley and Liberty St., Pittsb'gh.
JOHN HALL,
T. J. HALL,
STEPHEN WOODS,
JAS. J. BROWN.
oc2:6m

McCARGO'S MARBLE WORKS,
535 LIBERTY STREET,
A beautiful and varied assortment of
MARBLE MANTELS,
Monuments and Grave Stones.
ALSO,
PLASTER PARIS, ROSENDALE AND JOHNSON'S TOWN CEMENTS.
jy30:1ymS

CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
*Corner Ohio and Federal Streets, Allegheny.*
GEO. A. KELLY, PROPRIETOR.
SPARKLING SODA WATER,
PATENT MEDICINES, &c.
☞Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded. jel:1ym

CHARLES L. CALDWELL,
(Successor to James Holmes & Co.)
PORK PACKER,
Dealer in BACON, LARD, SUGAR CURED HAMS, SMOKED BEEF, &c.,
CORNER MARKET AND FIRST STREETS,
se17:1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

GEORGE W PORCH
General Commission Merchant,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
☞CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. R. H. Jack & Co., Pittsburgh;
E. O. Knight & Co., and C. P. Knight & Bros., Philadelphia.
se5:3md

JAMES M BALPH,
ARCHITECT,
Prepares EXPLICIT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS, for all kinds of Buildings, and superintends their erection on reasonable terms.
Office on Anderson street, between Leacock and Robinson streets, Allegheny city. fe30

ANOTHER RICHMOND IN THE FIELD.—We are now prepared to furnish Captains and owners of Steamboats with STEAM ENGINES, of any size and stroke. We will furnish all the machinery of a boat, and second in point of excellence to none. We hope, by our promptness in coming up to time, and the quality of our work, to share the patronage of our own river men.
H. W. BOLE,
se17 Bank of Allegheny River.

PROPRIETARY AND REVENUE STAMPS, of all denominations. A full supply kept constantly on hand, at the Internal Revenue Office, No. 67 Water street, next door to City Treasury, Allegheny.
DAVID N. WHITE,
Collector of Internal Revenue, 23d Dist. Pa.
NOTE.—Letters should be directed to Allegheny, not Pittsburgh. oc24

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM and LAIRD'S BLOOM OF YOUTH, the only perfect and reliable articles now in use for beautifying and preserving the complexion, for sale at
GEO. A. KELLY'S Central Drug Store,
corner Ohio and Federal streets,
In Market House Allegheny.
no5

GLYCERINE CREAM, COLD CREAM, and highly perfumed GLYCERINE SOAP, for chapped hands, face and lips, for sale at
GEO. A. KELLY'S Central Drug Store,
In Market House, Allegheny.
no5

APPLES—41 barrels Rambows, Bellflowers, &c., for sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
no7

CLAIM AGENTS.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY.
T. WALTER DAY,
GENERAL CLAIM AGENT.
Licensed by the U. S. Government.
103 FIFTH STREET, 3d door below the Cathedral.
Pennsylvania Soldiers west of the mountains, Eastern Ohio Soldiers, and West Virginia Soldiers, can have their Pensions, Bounty and Back Pay secured at this office.
Circulars will be sent giving full information to the Soldiers, or to deceased Soldiers' Heirs, showing who are entitled to the Pension, Bounty and Back Pay, and the manner of securing the same, by applying to me by letter or in person.
☞No charge until collected. jy2:1ymS

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY.
H. C. MACKRELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND CLAIM AGENT,
NO. 114 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Collections in Allegheny and adjoining counties.
Prosecutes SOLDIERS CLAIMS, of every description; BOUNTIES for all discharged Soldiers, PENSIONS, for wounded officers and Soldiers; BOUNTIES and PENSIONS for Widows, Parents, Orphan Children, Brothers and Sisters, or other legal representatives of those who have died in the service, or have died after discharge from disease contracted in service.
☞No charge until collected, and no letter will be answered unless a stamp is inclosed. fe10:1ymS

MILITARY CLAIMS, BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, BACK PAY and MILITARY CLAIMS of every description, collected by the undersigned, at the following rates, viz: Pensions $10 00; all other claims $5 00.
C. C. TAYLOR, Attorney at Law,
No. 75 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B. No charges are made if the claim does not succeed, and all information given gratis. se4:1y

WANTS.

WANTED.
An Experienced Carpet Upholsterer
Is wanted immediately at
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.'S,
oc28:tf No. 23 Fifth street.

WANTED TO RENT—A Room suitable for recruiting purposes, in some prominent thoroughfare. Address,
Capt. JOSEPH B. BISPHAM,
3d Pa. Artillery, Pittsburgh Post Office.
no2:2t

WANTED.—$60 A MONTH.—We want Agents at $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our *Everlasting Pencils, Original Burners*, and thirteen other new, useful and curious articles. Fifteen articles sent *free*. Address,
SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Me.
se12:3mdawF

$75 A MONTH!—I want to hire Agents in every county at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing Machines.
Address, S. MADISON, Alfred, Maine
oc24:3mdawT

WANTED TO RENT,
A GOOD WAREHOUSE,
Situated in a business portion of the city.
Enqu