Pittsburgh Gazette.

S. RIDDLE & CO.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING:—OCT. 21, 1863.

The Right Reverend Bishop Hopkins.

This reverend coadjutor of the fighting Bishop Leonidas, who has been doing up the theology of the Copperheads on the subject of slavery, has got himself into trouble, as well as his friend WOODWARD. Report says that he has written a very unbrotherly epistle to Bishop POTTER, in which he threatens him and the world with—another book. We hope he will re-consider the matter, and spare us this additional infliction. If we were the Pennsylvania Bishop, we would be almost disposed—like Captain SCOTT's coon—to "come down," rather than be instrumental in bringing such a calamity upon the world, as another book from Bishop HOPKINS. We can imagine no greater *bore*—unless it be one of his own sermons.

But *apropos* of the Bishop of Vermont. The public is not, perhaps, generally aware—although it may, perhaps, explain some of his eccentricities—that he began his career as a lawyer, in this city, and although not deficient in genius, and with a decided turn for the fine arts, was so proverbial for trick and finesse—for sharpness and cunning, and *hardness* of heart—as to have earned a reputation as a collector, that any *bumbailiff* in the land might have envied. Circumstances,—compunctious visitings, perhaps—ambition, possibly—led him into the church, where he was soon after taken by the hand and lifted into a Bishopric, which drew from one of his associates at the Bar—who is still amongst us—the witty remark that "in making him a Bishop, the Church had, at one stroke, secured also an *Arch*-Bishop."

We inquired a few days ago of a friend, who had read the Bishop's Book on Slavery and the Bible, what it was like? "Just like himself,—cold and hard, and inexorable—inhuman and unchristian," was the ready answer. We have not read it ourselves, and do not intend to, unless we should find ourselves shut up with it on some rainy Sunday in a country tavern. The Christianity that would justify slavery either on Bible, or mere moral or social grounds, is not to our mind. We should as soon think of going to an insane asylum to hear a sermon, as to look for either sense or logic in such a book.

Kentucky Dealing with the Rebel Guerrillas.

We are glad to see that the guerrilla scheme of operations—(which another article in this paper shows to be a repetition of an old game of the rebels, to alarm our generals for their lines of communication, and so cause them to withdraw their forces from points where their presence is peculiarly disagreeable and dangerous to the enemy)—is about to be effectually met in Kentucky. Adjutant-General BOYLE has issued an order, and a circular, in which the first step in the right direction is firmly taken, and if followed up, as we have every reason to believe it will be, the rebel game will be at once and completely blocked. The following is the order:

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Frankfort, Oct. 9th, 1863.

General Orders No. 3.—The State of Kentucky is infested in many quarters with armed guerrillas, outlaws at once to their country and humanity. Every day brings tidings of the enormities they commit; of murders of innocent citizens and disabled soldiers, of robberies of banks, sacking of towns, and wholesale destruction of property, yet the citizens of this Commonwealth, disregarding the exhortations of the military authorities, and unmoved by the destruction of the lives and property of their neighbors, view, with a sthetic indifference, the occurrence of these horrors, accumulating every day.

It is therefore proclaimed and ordered, that, unless at least one volunteer company is organized under the provisions of the State Guard Law, as directed by General Order No. 1, from these headquarters, and reported to this department within fifteen days, from each county in the State, a draft will be immediately enforced. The State *shall be free* from its murderous foes, even though every may be required to aid in their destruction.

Some friend to his country in each county will materially assist the execution of this order by sending at once to these headquarters names of gentlemen who will act as Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel, under the State Guard Law, and commissions will at once issue for them.

By order of the Governor.

JOHN BOYLE,
Adjutant General of Kentucky.

The circular, published a day or two later, prescribes certain regulations by which the above general order will be carried out. The recent dispatches from Tennessee have brought the gratifying intelligence that our cavalry have utterly routed WHEELER's raiders, and left not a man of them north of the river, except as a prisoner, the prompt action of the State military authorities in Kentucky will soon dispose of BUCKNER, who, as we have been informed, had the temerity to think that he could extend his raid even to the Ohio.

Not Degenerate.

As we often compare the present and the past—the men of our own time with the men of the heroic age of the Revolutionary period of our history—a humiliating sense of degeneracy is not unlikely to come over us, and the proportions of the whole contemporary generation with WASHINGTON, FRANKLIN, ADAMS and the rest of the men of that epoch, become enlarged by the contiguity of the halo-glory around those everliving names. There may be some dissilusion for us on this subject, when we hear the testimony of those whose memory can recall the more exact condition of affairs in those days. In this connection, we may quote the following remarks by Secretary CHASE, in his recent speech at, Columbus:

I recollect hearing Gen. Scott say that the people would be unanimous at first in supporting the war, and that they would become cold even to open opposition. Just so he said it was in the Revolution. The people were united for, about two years, and then the coldness almost forbid the recruiting of the army. So it was under that great man Gen. Washington; but what do we see to-day, after three years of war unparalleled in its extent and the size of the armies and the expenditure of men and treasure?

We find the glow of patriotism running still through every heart, strengthening every hand, and the people are as unanimous and just as much resolved, and feel just as certain of carrying it through as when the war first broke out. You have thus given a pledge to the whole world that our people know how to, and will govern their own affairs in this struggle. You are glorifying the Republican form of government through the world. There is not a struggler for freedom anywhere on the face of the globe who will not bless God and take courage from what you have done.

The discouragement you send throughout all the ranks of rebeldom, and the support you give to all the friends of freedom, all over the world, will contribute wonderfully to the progress of free institutions. Oh! is not this enough to pay us for all our efforts? You have very much helped in the struggle by what you have done at the polls. By thus strengthening the means of prosecuting the war, you have greatly abbreviated the contest.

Suppose you had given a majority of but 5,000 or 1,000, it would not have given such a thrill of patriotism and courage to the country. Your majority is so large that the encouragement afforded by it will terminate the war in half the time and with half the expense that would have been required had you given but a small majority.

The English Criticism on President Lincoln.

The following ably-written and interesting criticism on the character of President LINCOLN appeared in the Liverpool *Post*, of October 1. It will be seen that it was immediately suggested, or called forth, by Mr. LINCOLN's letter to HACKETT, the celebrated actor:

Perhaps no leader in a great contest ever stood so little chance of being a subject of hero worship as Abraham Lincoln, the President of the United States. That he was once a rail-splitter would be pardoned if it could be proved that he were now a "swell." But there is nothing of the swell about "Old Abe." Every visitor that goes to Washington has something disrespectful to say of his very long legs, and consequently very long pantaloons of his shambling figure; of his awkward speech, and doubly awkward silence; of his general unfitness in appearance and manners to mix in high society. Those who only know him from his exertitations in print conceive but a little better opinion of him. His grammar is decidedly self-taught and, perhaps, not quite remembered; his style is no style at all; his arguments seem sometimes to have been written rather on the principle of Samson, making sport for the Philistines, than as at all adapted to advance his cause; and some of his metaphors are voted decidedly below par *by the crowd of arrogant pretenders* to taste, who never admired a saying that was timed with vulgarity, *and never said one that could be suspected of vigor or originality.* When the enemies of the North have nothing else to say they deride the President, and when they feel the point of his homely jokes, they bitterly denounce him as a sort of Nero fiddling away to a ribald tune, while the empire he rules is in flames of civil war. Scarcely any one has a good word to say for him; and even his own party in the States seem too ready to remain silent about his merits, and to base their defence of the administration on any grounds rather than confidence in its head.

Yet *a worshipper of human heroes might possibly travel a great deal farther and fare much worse* for an idol than in selecting this same lanky American—the personification of free-soil principles—the representative of the idea that slavery, without being forcibly interfered with, must not be allowed to spread itself over the North American continent—and the impersonation, also, of the victory of that idea—a victory, which, as it were, stands on the defensive against those who would turn it into a defeat. Absolute truth, stern resolution, clear insight, solemn faithfulness, courage that cannot be dashed—these are qualities that go a long way to make up a hero, whatever side the possessor of them may take in any lawful conflict. *And it would not be easy to dispute Mr. Lincoln's claim to all these.* He has never given up a good servant or a sound principle. He has never shut his eyes to facts, or remained in ignorance of them. *He has never hesitated to do his work, or faltered in doing it.* No resolution has remained *in nubibus* with him because it was a strong one. No measure has been adopted merely because "something must be done." The exigencies of a fanatical war have never betrayed him into fanaticism, and the sharp stings of satire have never drawn from him an exclamation of ill humor, or even an imprudent rejoinder.

Depend upon it, the whole history of the war proves that this quiet, unpretending, awkward man is on the whole a fitter subject for respect than ridicule even as a public man, leaving altogether aside the consideration once a favorite one in England—that he has raised himself literally from nothing. But it is not from the history of the war that we draw to-day an illustration of this conspicuous man's honest, generous, and thoughtful character. We derive it from what little private life he has had while he has been at the wheel—where he must have been a very Ixion—of the great American ship. Last winter or spring—Mr. Lincoln does not well remember which—he went to the theatre and saw Hackett, *an excellent actor, as few even in England need to be told.* Some time after, Mr. Hackett sent the President a book with a complimentary note. But, having something more serious in hand, Mr. Lincoln omitted for some time to use the player after his own honor, and did not acknowledge the present. At length, however, in August, the acknowledgment was sent. Now let us see in what terms Mr. Lincoln, the rough, uneducated, empty-minded President, as some think him, addressed the actor, whose Falstaff, after delighting tens of thousands, had chanced to be played before him:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, August 17, 1863.

My Dear Sir—Months ago, I should have acknowledged the receipt of your book and accompanying kind note, and I now have to beg your pardon for not having done so.

For one of my age I have seen very little of the drama. The first presentation of "Falstaff" I ever saw was yours here last winter or spring. Perhaps the best compliment I can pay is to say, as I truly can, I am very anxious to see it again. Some of Shakspeare's plays I have never read, while others I have gone over perhaps as frequently as any professional reader. Among the latter are Lear, Richard III., Henry VIII., Hamlet, and especially Macbeth. I think none equals Macbeth. It is wonderful. Unlike you gentlemen of the profession, I think the soliloquy in Hamlet, commencing, "Oh, my offence is rank," surpasses that commencing, "To be or not to be." But pardon this small attempt at criticism. I should like to hear you pronounce the opening speech of Richard III.

Will you not soon visit Washington again? If you do please call, and let me make your personal acquaintance. Yours truly,

A. LINCOLN.

Now, to us this letter speaks for itself as favorably as any letter ever spoke. Its simplicity and candor are as fresh and delightful as new mown hay. *Only a statesman, a President, confessing thus frankly that he had never read Shakspeare through! How many British M. P.'s would have confessed it?* And yet how many of them there are who would have to own as much if they were put to it? We meet around intellectual, or quasi-intellectual dinner tables. We talk as familiarly of Shelley as of sherry. We affect to languish at the thought of Pascal, and chuckle hypocritically over a reference to Montaigne. We laugh consumedly at a quotation from Juvenal if the quoter looks humorous, and pretend to be otherwise occupied if the expression of his countenance is not very readable. We talk as familiarly of Rabelais as of last week's *Punch*; comment on the transcendentalism of "Sartor Resartus" without the faintest idea of the tenor of the book; and narrowly escape denouncing Thomas Carlyle downright, under the impression that he is Richard Carlile, the infidel who outraged the orthodoxy of our fathers and mothers. There is no more abundant source of shame and pretension than the affectation in society of being well read in the "works which no gentleman's library should be without." Depend upon it, there is much good truth and honesty in any man, and especially in a public man, who admires and respects Shakspeare, *and yet voluntarily says he has not read all his works.*

But we are more pleased still with Mr. Lincoln for having read several of the plays many times over. *It is far better for a man to read one play twenty times, because he loves it, than to read twenty plays once because they constitute the author's works and must be gone through.* There is much indication of character, too, in his selection of favorites. "Lear," "Richard III," "Henry VIII," "Hamlet," and "Macbeth," would not be a bad library for any man who would make himself really master of them, and *for a ruler of men, who, at the same time, is a lover of human nature and a quaint humorist, they may well prove a continual feast.* The choice of "Macbeth" as principal favorite, and the preference of the less popular of Hamlet's soliloquies, also indicate that incisive use of his own wits, which is one of the surest indications of a man of power.

Long may Mr. Lincoln be able to find solace and enjoyment thus pleasantly and profitably, and may he never lack moral courage and graceful courtesy to do honor to those who, by illustrating the great dramatists, do almost all that is done officially to keep them popularly alive. *In Mr. Hackett's case the honor is doubly due*, as many of our readers are aware. Not only is he a brilliant and unctious *Falstaff*, but a thoroughly estimable man. Once an opulent merchant, and afterwards unfortunate, he went on the stage, and paid every creditor in full out of the new fortune he had made in his new avocation. He is an honor to a noble profession, the credit of which is too often inadequately sustained; and his distinguished correspondent is a man whose simple truth and cultivated intelligence will not forever be concealed by the unwieldiness of his frame or the uncouthness of his manners. *A contrast was wanted to the suave, deceitfulness and emptiness of James Buchanan, and we was found in Abraham Lincoln.*

How Rosecrans was Reinforced—Wheeler's Raids—Hooker's Rapid Movements.

A recent letter contains the following very interesting statement:

"Whoever planned the recent reinforcements of the army of the Cumberland saved the country from a great disaster." So said a distinguished General yesterday, and his words had all the weight of truth. Gen. Bragg made a desperate effort to prevent the arrival of these reinforcements, and to compel the evacuation of Chattanooga, from want of supplies. But he failed in both, though the execution of his plans did not fail for want of energy, but because we moved faster than he did. A portion of Gen. Hooker's force accomplished the distance of *thirteen hundred miles in five days!* This promptitude saved the army of the Cumberland, and the peril was past. Wheeler's cavalry, numbering, perhaps, 5,000, crossed the Tennessee river at Washington, forty-five miles east of Chattanooga. Entering the Sequatchee Valley, they moved down to Anderson's Cross-roads, where they struck the water, pursued by trains from Stevenson to Chattanooga, demolishing four hundred wagons. They then moved direct upon McMinnville, which place they easily captured—its garrison of 500 men making no resistance of any consequence. Wheeler's movements were then accelerated somewhat by an attack upon his rear guard, before he got out of the Sequatchee Valley, by Gen. Mitchell's Federal cavalry, which followed in close pursuit.

At McMinnville the rebel force divided, one part going to Murfreesboro, and the other to Elk River Bridge, near Decherd station. They destroyed a small bridge at each place, and at Christiana torn up some of the track, but the accumulation of troops upon the road compelled them to leave without accomplishing any further destruction. A few venturesome rebels went to the top of the mountain at Cowan Station and threw rocks down the ventilators of the tunnel, which they declared on their retreat would disable the road for a month, but which our men removed in an hour. The rebels then fell upon Shelbyville, which they robbed because it is a strong loyal town. But hardly had they got through before General Mitchell fell upon them, whipped them soundly and sent them rushing southward in great haste. I learn to-day that Wheeler's force finally crossed the Tennessee at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, minus all his plunder, four pieces of artillery, and some six hundred less men than he started with.

General Hooker had arrived at Stevenson but a day or two before Wheeler struck the road. But he at once sent General Butterfield up the road, with orders to take all the troops he could find, drive the rebels off, and open the road, and before Wheeler got back to the south side of the Tennessee River the railroad was again in operation. Thus the raid failed. It might have amounted to something, but it didn't.

MAJ. GEN. JAS. S. NEGLEY.—The numerous friends of this gallant officer will be gratified to learn that he arrived in this city last evening on a thirty days' sick leave. The General's health has been considerably impaired, since the movement from Bridgeport; after the fatigues of the battle of Chicamauga, he was entirely prostrated, and was given a brief leave of absence, at his own request. His health has much improved since leaving Tennessee; and a few days of our sulphurous atmosphere will, no doubt, fully restore the General to his wonted health.

THE REMOVAL OF GEN. ROSECRANS.—The telegraphic rumor in regard to the probable removal of Gen. Rosecrans does not create so much astonishment in circles conversant with the army under his command. We deem it quite probable that the rumor will prove true, and that Gen. Grant will be his successor. The rumored visit of Secretary Stanton and Gen. Halleck to the West, at this particular juncture, adds to the probability of these rumors.

PRUSSIA.—The *Independance Belge* says that information from various parts of Prussia "indicates that the elections about to take place in that country will have the effect of forming a second chamber even more hostile to the ministry than that which has just been dissolved. The organs of the Government, and of the feudal party are themselves so convinced of this, that they already ask for a *coup d' etat*, a suspension of the Constitution, a royal decree, &c. What the supreme authority will decide upon is still the subject of much controversy."

THE St. Louis *Union* says that the rebels, during their occupation of Boonville, Mo., stole indiscriminately from Union men and secessionists, carrying away property to the amount of $200,000 from the town and the adjacent county. The County Treasurer had $80,000 in his office, but managed to carry it away before the thieves reached the place. They failed also to break open the safe of Mr. Stephens, a Rebel, which contained about $15,000. He, however, lost about $500 in horses.

NEGRO SOLDIERS IN MISSOURI.—A letter from St. Louis says:

A sensation was caused here yesterday by the appearance of a negro soldier doing provost guard duty at the headquarters of the Governor and Provost Marshal General, both of whom are known to be violently opposed to arming negroes. It is barely six months since Governor Gamble refused permission to raise a regiment of blacks in this city, although he subsequently consented.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Oct. 15th, 1863.

☞AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, November 16th, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 3d, at 10 o'clock a. m.

oct6:3tdaitwF JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

IRON CITY BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 15th, 1863.

☞AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, Nov. 16th, 1863, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m.

The annual meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 3d, at 11 o'clock a. m.

oct6:1m J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

MECHANICS BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 15th, 1863.

☞AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 16th day of November, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m.

The regular annual meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 3d, at 10 o'clock a. m.

oct5:3tm GEO. D. MCGREW, Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 15th, 1863.

☞THE ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, November 16th, 1863, between the hours of eleven a. m. and 2 p. m. The annual meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, November 3d, at 11 a. m.

oct5:1m H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, Oct. 16th, 1863.

☞AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Counting House on the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on the 3d day of November next, at 12 o'clock m.

oct5:1m J. W. COOK, Cashier.

CITIZENS BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 15th, 1863.

☞AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, November 16th, at ten o'clock a. m.

The regular annual meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, Nov. 3d, at 11 o'clock a. m.

oct5:1m GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK,
Pittsburgh, Oct. 15th, 1863.

☞THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 16th day of November next, between the hours of ten a. m. and two p. m.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, the 3d day of November, at ten o'clock a. m.

oct5:1m JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GLAZED WALL PAPER, at 25 cents per roll, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL.

CRUDE OIL—125 bbls. to arrive and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

OIL BARRELS, for Crude and Refined Oil, for sale by JAS. DALZELL & SON, oct7 69 and 70 Water street.

TOILET SOAPS.—A large and full assortment of Toilet Soaps, of Lowe, Son & Co., Cleaver's, Batin's and Colgate's manufacture, received and for sale as lowest prices by JOHN A. RENSHAW, oct20 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP WALL PAPERS.—Beautiful Wall Papers, at 15 cents, for sale by oct20 1:2 W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

WANTED.—APPRENTICES TO THE BRASS FINISHING BUSINESS. oct9:2w DAVIS & PHILLIPS, 110 Water st.

BASKET WILLOWS.—30 bdls. Kentucky Basket Willows to arrive by rail, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

WANTED—1,000 bush. Cloverseed; 500 do Chestnuts. oct20 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

BUY YOUR BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS at BORLAND'S, 98 Market street. oct17

STORAGE, for Crude and Refined Oil, and other merchandise, by JAS. DALZELL & SON, oct17 69 and 70 Water street.

GIRL WANTED—One who understands cooking, and other house-work. Address BOX 301, City of Allegheny Post Office, with reference as to qualifications and character. oct20:tf

REFINED OIL—A pure article on hand and for sale by JAS. DALZELL & SON, oct17 69 and 70 Water street.

CHAMPAGNE CIDER—25 barrels Champagne Cider just received and for sale at No. 120 Second street. oct15 FRANK VAN GORDER.

LARD WANTED.—The highest cash price paid for Country Lard, at all times. JAS. DALZELL & SON, oct21 69 and 70 Water street.

LUBRICATING OILS.
100 bbls. Duck Creek Oil;
50 " Franklin "
For sale by JAS. DALZELL & SON, oct17 69 and 70 Water street.

MESS PORK—1,000 bbls. in store and for sale by McDONALD & ARBUCKLES, oct19 242 and 244 Liberty street.

CARPET BROOMS.—20 dozen extra quality Eastern made Carpet Brooms just received; also, Hearth Brooms and Brushes, a full assortment, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of oct20 JOHN A. RENSHAW.

JAPANESE TEA.—Just received, a lot of the finest Japanese Tea that has been imported into this country. For sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, oct20 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

WANTED.
100,000 A No. 1 WHITE OAK STAVES, For Oil Barrels.
Address HENRY PEMBERTON,
Supt. Penna. Salt Manufacturing Co.,
oct20:2w Natrona, Allegheny Co., Pa.

400 BBLS. PEACH BLOWS, WHITE MERCER, and other varieties of POTATOES, from New York State.

Also, a lot of choice APPLES, of different kinds, such as were sold by the undersigned last winter.

oct19 EDW'D HEAZELTON, 18 Diamond.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.'S Sight Bills on every important town in Germany, France, Switzerland and Italy, for sale in sums to suit purchasers, by WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO., an20:6m Wood street, corner of Third.

BOARD WANTED,
BY A GENTLEMAN, WIFE & TWO CHILDREN.
Private family preferred.
Address LOCK BOX No. 128, Pittsburgh P. O. oc20:1w

OPENING.—MRS. M. KITCHIN will open, on SATURDAY, 24th instant, an elegant assortment of WINTER BONNETS, LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c., The newest styles of the season.

No. 123 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City. oc20:1w

MANCHESTER PROPERTY FOR SALE, 50 feet front on Locust street by 150 deep on Preble street. A well built and conveniently arranged two-story brick dwelling house, portico in front, hall seven feet wide, two parlors, four chambers, dining-room, kitchen, finished attic, and good dry cellar. Carriage house, stable, fruit and shade trees, grape vines and shrubbery.

For price and terms apply to oct1 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

TO FLINT GLASS BLOWERS.
WANTED,
12 good CHIMNEY MAKERS.
Also, 12 good CHIMNEY BLOWERS.
To good, sober workmen, of the above class, we will pay liberal wages.
Apply to WILLIAM T. GILLINDER & CO., Cor. Oxford and Howard streets, Philadelphia. oct13:1w

FOR SALE.
TWO SECOND-HAND ENGINES.
One 12 inch cylinder, 4½ feet stroke.
One 7 inch " 3½ " "
Four set of Boring Tools, new and very good.
Cheap for cash. H. M. BOLE,
sel2:tf near the Point.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BALMORALS AND GUMS,

Just received and will be sold at the lowest prices to be found in the city. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, at BORLAND'S, 98 Market st., oc17 2d door from Fifth.

IF YOU WISH to preserve your CIDER procure the PURE SULPHITE of LIME, used to arrest fermentation in Cider, and thus to preserve its sparkling properties. For sale in bottles containing 10 oz. each, with full directions for using, at GEO. A. KELLY'S, Central Drug Store, oc7 in Market House, Allegheny.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER.
800 lbs. very nice fresh Roll Butter.
100 boxes prime Goshen Cheese;
150 " " prime Cream Cheese;
100 " English Dairy "
In store and for sale by H. RIDDLE,
oc19 No. 183 Liberty street.

ANOTHER RICHMOND IN THE FIELD.—We are now prepared to furnish Captains and owners of Steamboats with STEAM ENGINES, of any size and stroke. We will furnish all the machinery of a boat, and second in point of excellence to none. We hope, by our promptness in coming up to time, and the quality of our work, to share the patronage of our own river men.

H. M. BOLE,
se12 Bank of Allegheny River.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS.—Received this day—150 bbls. Green Apples;
33 do Cranberries;
35 do White Beans;
32 do Jersey Sweet Potatoes;
200 bags Neshannock do;
10 bbls. Cider;
4 do Roll Butter;
6 do Eggs;
30 bags Onions;
Now in store and for sale by
oc20 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

R. S. WARING,
Broker in
CRUDE, REFINED, MACHINERY AND PAINT
OILS,
And dealer in Refining Materials.
oc21:1d: No. 33 MARKET ST., Pittsburgh.

AND NOW, OCTOBER 17th, 1863, H. P. MUELLER, Assignee of H. Hollinger, having filed his final account, voluntarily, the Court order and direct the Prothonotary of this Court to give public notice of the exhibition and filing of said account, for three consecutive weeks, in the *Daily Gazette* and *Freedom's Friend*, setting forth therein that the said account will be allowed by the Court on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1863, unless cause be shown why such account should not be allowed.

BY THE COURT.

The above notice is hereby given.

H. EATON, Prothonotary.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 19th, 1863. oc20:1td:8trwF

HATS AND CAPS!
Of every style.
LADIES' FURS!
Of every kind and quality.
LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS!
To suit all tastes.
BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT
McCORD & CO.'s,
oc17 131 WOOD STREET.

EYES AND EAR.
DR. BAELZ
Pays particular attention to the treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES, the EYE and EAR; operates on CATARACT, SQUINT EYES, for ARTIFICIAL PUPIL, inserts ARTIFICIAL EYES, and treats all INFLAMMATORY EYES; also HARD HEARING, and all diseases affecting the Ear and leading to Deafness.
Office, 100 FIFTH STREET. my22:1yls

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS,
CADMAN & CRAWFORD,
Manufacturers of every variety of finished
BRASS WORK FOR PLUMBERS, STEAM OR GAS FITTERS, MACHINISTS, AND COPPERSMITHS.
BRASS CASTINGS, of all descriptions, made to order. STEAMBOAT WORK, STEAM AND GAS-FITTING, and REPAIRING promptly attended to.
Particular attention paid to fitting up REFINERIES FOR COAL AND CARBON OILS.
Also, Sole Agents for the Western District of Pennsylvania for the sale of MARSH, LAUDELL & CO.'S PATENT SYPHON PUMP, the best ever invented. Having no valves it is not liable to get out of order, and will throw more water than any pump in twice its size. se18

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELEVENTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS for selling Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office up to October 9th, 1863:

Cox & Dean,	tavern,	1st ward,	Pittsburgh.
Elizabeth Mullen,	do,	do,	do;
Louis Hager,	do,	do,	do;
Davidson Meanor,	do,	do,	do;
Adam Werner,	do,	do,	do.
James Moran,	do,	do,	do.
Julia Lee,	other goods,	do,	do,
Michael Foley,	do,	do,	do;
Louisa Perry,	tavern,	2d ward,	do.
Drennan & Reisinger,	do,	2d ward,	do.
Patrick Burke,	do,	do,	do;
John Mulberron,	eating house,	do,	do.
Jos. Muchenberger,	do,	5th ward,	do,
Bothwell & Little,	oth'r g'ds,	6th ward,	do.
Robert Donoly,	do,	8th ward,	do.
Fred'k Kapplan,	eat'g house,	do,	do.
Tiernan & Getty,	other goods,	3d ward,	Allegheny.
William Beeney,	eating house,	4th ward,	do;
Adolph Wenzel,	do,	do,	do.
Sebastian Venteran,	other goods,	East Birmingham;	
Wm. Ahrenhols,	tavern,	do	do.
Michael Herbster,	do,	Lawrenceville,	
B. Miller,	do,	South Pittsburgh;	
P. Garvey,	eating house,	Sharpsburg;	
Fred'k Zurney,	tavern,	Tarentum;	
Michael McAlevy,	do,	Collins tp.,	
M. Shireman,	eating house,	do;	
Peter Cassiday,	tavern,	Chartiers tp.	
David Lord,	do,	Mifflin tp;	
Wm. Weinhart,	other goods,	Reserve tp;	
Thomas Alderson,	tavern,	Scott tp;	
Jacob McDonald,	tavern,	Wilkins tp;	
Peter Mayer,	do,	Versailles tp;	

The Court will meet on WEDNESDAY, October 28th, 1863, at 10 o'clock a. m. Remonstrances must be filed on or before that day. Applicants will bring their bonds to my office before the day of hearing.

oc17:3td W. A. HERRON, Clerk.

LATEST NEW BOOKS, AT
HUNT'S,
MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.

The Army of the Potomac behind the Scenes, by Castleman.
Border and Bastile, by the author of Guy' Livingstone.
Martin Pole, by author of Able Drake's Wife, &c
The Ring of Amasis, by E. Bulwer Lytton.
The Shadow of Ashlydyat, by Mrs. Wood.
Freedom and War, by Henry Ward Beecher
Plain Guide to Spiritualism.
Social Condition of the English People.
Three Years in Japan, by Alcock.
The Soul of Things, by Wm. and Elizabeth Denton.
Our Home, by Hawthorne.
The Old Merchants of New York: second series.
The Dead Shot Marksman.
Beesley, a story of to-day.
Eleanor's Victory, by Miss Braddon.
The Rattlesnake, or the Rebel Privateer.
Jo. Davies' Client—Dime Novel No. 60.
Dime Tales No. 2. *Contents*—Big Joe Loyston's Great Indian Fight; Deborah, the Maiden Warrior; Johnston's Boys Killing their Captors; Gen. Morgan's Prayer.
Ghost of Wellden—No. 1; Irwin B. Beadle's Ten Cent Stories.
Beyond the Lines, or a Yankee Loose in Dixie. Another large lot of this thrilling work received.
Headley's History of the Great Rebellion, the best work published.
Hunt's Penny Song Books. Nine numbers out.
All new Books, late Papers, Magazines, &c., can be had at JOHN P. HUNT'S,
oc19 Masonic Hall, Fifth street.

ELECTION RETURNS.

How the Ladies have Voted.

We are enabled, through our "special," to give the public, even at this early date, the result of the Ladies' vote on a very important question, a result, too, while showing the soundness of their judgment, speaks louder than words for the popularity of the WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE.

The three leading Sewing Machine Companies in the country are the "Wheeler & Wilson," "Singer & Co.," and "Grover & Baker," and their sales for the quarter ending June 10, which we subjoin, show how the ladies voted:

Wheeler & Wilson	7,137
Singer & Co.	4,211
Grover & Baker	3,673

Showing that the Wheeler & Wilson Company sold, during the quarter named, nearly double the amount made by either of the others.

Over 121,000 of these Machines have been sold, and the demand for them is greater than ever. This should be regarded as a test by those who desire to buy the BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

☞ Office, 77 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
oc14:3mdawF AGENTS.

DURYIANCE'S
PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS,
CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS.
(2d and 3d stories, over Richardson's Jewelry Store,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PHOTOGRAPHS,
Of every size and style, plain or colored, from the popular Carte de Visite to Cabinet and life size.
Mr. DURYIANCE would particularly call the attention of the AGED AND INFIRM to the easy accessibility of this establishment, being reached by a single short flight of stairs. Prices moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed. my26:1ydawTfs

NEW BOOKS.
The Old Merchants of New York. 2d series.
The Blackman: his antecedents and his genius.
Squire Trevlyn's Heir. By Mrs. Wood.
Eleanor's Victory. By Miss Braddon.
Our Old Home. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
Gala Days. By Gail Hamilton.
The Amber Gods. By Miss Prescott.
Agassiz's Method of study in Natural History.
Heart and Cross. By Mrs. Oliphant.
Mendelssohn's Letters from Italy and Switzerland.
Leaves from the Diary of an Army Surgeon.
The Light and Dark of the Rebellion.
The Young Parson.
Classic Quotations—a Thought Book. By J. Elmes.
The Children's Garland. Arranged by Coventry Patmore.
The Golden Treasury of Songs and Lyrics.
The Dead Shot. A new book for Sportsmen.
For sale by KAY & CO., 65 Wood street.

MANHOOD! HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!—Just published, in a sealed envelope. Price Six Cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book, &c. "A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps, by DR. CH. J. C. KLINE,
se16:2mdawF-ly 127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4586.

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Corner Ohio and Federal streets, Allegheny.
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SPARKLING SODA WATER.
PATENT MEDICINES, &c.
☞ Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded.
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PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,
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No. 59 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, and No. 127 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. sel5

CEMENT.—100 bbls. N. Y. Cement for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANALYSIS—

Silica	49.50
Alumina	31.50
Per Ox. Iron	2.30
Lime	.01
Magnesia	.01
Water	16.40
	100

TEMPLE CLAY. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Having accepted the Agency for the sale of the TEMPLE CLAY, mined near St. Louis, Mo., I invite the attention of Glass and Steel Manufacturers to the Analysis given above, as reported by Profs. A. A. Hayes, of Boston, and J. C. Booth, of Philadelphia, which, together with the test of actual experience by manufacturers in Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis, determines it to be the purest and most valuable Clay now known, whether Foreign or American. Pots made from it have stood in the Glass Furnaces from six to ten months.

The Analysts is of the Clay as taken from the mine, without any washing or preparation whatever. It possesses great adhesiveness and plasticity qualities, which are not shown by the Analysis, and which admit of the mixture of a large proportion of shell or burned clay.

I am now prepared to fill orders for the above Clay to be shipped from St. Louis or delivered here.

ALEX. GORDON.
No. 121 SECOND STREET,
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STEEL COLLARS!
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Nos. 17 AND 19 FIFTH ST