Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY MORNING:::SEPT. 30, 1863.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the *Gazette*, by G. R. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	00	51
12 " M.	00	54
6 " P. M.		49
Barometer		29 4-10

Sixth Ward Union Meeting.

A large meeting of the citizens of the Sixth Ward was held last night in a lot on Wylie street near Towndson. The meeting was organized by electing the following officers:

President—Rev. Mr. Bear.

Vice Presidents—Captain Cooper, Charles Rounds, Jas. Chambers, Mr. Thompson, Jno. Scott, and Mr. Black.

Secretary—J. R. Newman.

The President returned his thanks for the compliment. He said that in all our efforts, there should be but one great idea kept in view—that is, sustain the men who are engaged in proper efforts to sustain this great nation.

Hon. T. J. Bigham was introduced. He spoke of the great issue at stake in the coming election—whether we have a country and constitution. He referred to the articles in the Richmond papers, which say that Gen. Lee must turn politician, and make a fall campaign into Pennsylvania, for the purpose of electing George W. Woodward. He said it was well understood by the people of the South, that the triumph of the so-called Democratic nominees, for Governor, in Pennsylvania and Ohio, would be the triumph of the cause of secession. It is this, which, to us, renders the present political question of transcendant importance. In reference to the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus he wished that Abraham Lincoln had more of the old Jackson style of exercising authority. He referred to the suspension of that writ by Washington, during the Revolutionary War, and the Whisky Insurrection, and by Jackson at New Orleans in the War of 1812. He said that now, men in the South do not exercise one-tenth the liberty men exercise in the North; that no man in the South would dare to speak in favor of a candidate placed in the same position to the rebel government, as George W. Woodward is to our National Administration. He wanted any fellow, who was tired of taxation here, to go down to Jeff Davis' dominions. (Here an Irishman in the crowd says, "I will go down with a gun in my hand.") Mr. B. also referred to a historical fact, that, during Jefferson's administration, when Gen. Wilkinson arrested Aaron Burr at New Orleans for conspiring against the Government, he brought Burr to Washington, and on his arrival there, the Senate of the United States passed a resolution asking the President to suspend the writ of habeas corpus—not knowing how large a rebellion was on foot. It was sent to the House, but being laid over for a few days, it was found that no organized rebellion existed, and consequently was not passed. This shows that in 1805 or 1806, Thomas Jefferson and the United States Senate understood what was necessary to be done to arrest rebellion.

Hon. John P. Penny was then introduced. He said as he formerly lived in the South he knew something about the institution of slavery. This contest is between two ideas: one, based upon labor as the subservient class, fit only to be enslaved, owned, tasked and driven, having a governing class above them whose sole duty and privilege is to manage the politics and government of the country, making it subservient; the other idea is ours. We have a Constitution which says that every man has equal rights—has the same voice with his fellow-man in the Government to which he is a subject. We should now know but two parties—those who sustain the Government, and those who are opposed to it. The man who opposes the Government, in any of its acts, whether by resisting the draft, opposing the taxation or counseling words against the administration, is as much to be opposed as the man who marches manly up on the field of battle with a bayonet against our bare breasts. The Government goes down when the President goes down. Abraham Lincoln was elected in a Constitutional manner. He is the President of the country and is entitled to our allegiance. If the President is put down how are we to support the government?

He well illustrated the right of the President to take the negroes of the South by supposing a row of houses stood between our army and the enemy—whether in that case, there should be a delay in order to have a jury to ascertain the value of the property before it was battered to pieces. Mr. P. referred to the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus and said that when the Constitution is attacked, no true, loyal man can throw impediments in the way of the Constitutional Executive of the country in his attempts to administer the government, and enforce the laws of the land to put down rebellion.

Dr. McCook was then called for and introduced. He delivered one of his usual cutting speeches against the Democratic party of the present day. In respect to the conscription act, he said that Abraham Lincoln should not be charged with a crime, when Jackson was justified in doing the same thing.

Hon. J. K. Morehead being observed in the crowd, was loudly called for. He came forward and delivered a short but effective speech.

A vote of thanks was returned to the speakers.

Iron City College.

This institution has been so long before the public, and its character for thoroughness and efficiency is so well known, and so generally admitted, as to render it unnecessary, and almost impossible to say anything, that would add to its well-earned reputation. From the first its constant aim has been to elevate the educational standard of the business community; how well it has succeeded in its efforts, is best shown in the universal preference given by business men to the graduates of this school. By insisting on a higher standard of qualification than that required by other commercial schools, and by persistently refusing diplomas to all but thoroughly qualified accountants, it has not only obtained the confidence of the business community as a first class institution, but it has secured a patronage which makes it the most largely attended Commercial College in the United States. The young man who is so fortunate as to be able to obtain its diploma, if industrious and possessed of good habits, is certain of success.

Accident to a Lady.

A young lady named King, residing in Allegheny, fell into a cellar way in one of the new buildings being erected on St. Clair street, on Monday evening, and was very severely injured. A delegation from this city was passing along the sidewalk, on their way to a meeting in Allegheny, and the lady, in stepping back to let them pass, fell into the cellar. The contractors are responsible for damages sustained under such circumstances, and should be held to a strict accountability. The Street Commissioner should keep an eye on all such dangerous places, and remind those who may become negligent of their duties.

CHARITY BALL.—A grand ball will be given at Lafayette Hall, on Monday evening, October 5th, for the benefit of the widows and orphans of Jerusho Lodge, I. O. B. B. The affair is in excellent hands, and we have no doubt the reunion will prove pleasant and agreeable. Messrs. H. Rosenbach, G. Grafner, J. Adler, A. Mayer, L. Fleishman, and M. Kraus, compose the Committee of Arrangements.

SEVENTH WARD UNION MEETINGS.—There will be a Union mass meeting on Thursday evening at the corner of Green street and Centre Avenue. Some of our eminent local speakers will deliver addresses.

There will also be a meeting in the Seventh Ward Public School House. Prominent speakers will be in attendance.

ANOTHER DEATH.—Martin Connor, one of the men who was injured by the late accident on the line of the Steubenville Railroad, died yesterday from the effects of his injuries. This makes the third death from that terrible casualty. Coroner McClung held an inquest, and a verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Distressing Accident—Woman Killed

On Tuesday afternoon, between three and four o'clock, a most distressing accident occurred at the Federal street depot of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, resulting in the instant death of Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson, wife of Joshua Robinson, Esq., a well known and highly esteemed citizen of Allegheny. It would appear that Mrs. Robinson had left her residence, corner of the East Common and Shannapin street, in the Third Ward, in company with her daughter, a young woman, for the purpose of taking the cars to visit some friends residing in the vicinity of New Brighton. The Alliance Accommodation had backed in to the station, but before it had entirely checked up Mrs. Robinson stepped upon the platform of one of the cars, in doing which she lost her balance and fell between the two cars. She was caught between the bumpers and injured considerably, after which she fell upon the track, and the wheels of one of the trucks was backed over her, breaking both legs, and almost disembowelling her. The body was taken from under the cars in a very short time, but life was extinct, and she had evidently expired instantly. The deceased was in the fifty-third year of her age, and was a most estimable lady. Her sudden and violent death has filled a worthy family with the most intense grief, and has cast a painful gloom over a very large circle of relatives and friends. Coroner McClung held an inquest in the evening, and after hearing the statement of Miss Robinson, the jury found a verdict of accidental death.

Discharged Soldiers.

And be it further enacted, That any alien of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who has enlisted, or shall enlist in the armies of the United States, either the Regular or Volunteer forces, and has been, or shall be hereafter honorably discharged, may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States upon his petition, without any previous declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and that he shall not be required to prove more than one year's residence within the United States, previous to his application to become such citizen, and that the court admitting such alien, shall, in addition to such proof of residence and good moral character, as is now provided by law, be satisfied by competent proofs of such person having been honorably discharged from the service of the United States, as aforesaid.

Sad Death of a Student.

A most distressing accident happened in Meadville on Sunday afternoon last. A student of Allegheny College, Clark T. Lindley, was shot by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of a fellow student. The accident occurred in Mr. Lindley's room, the load (of shot) passing through the fleshy part of the inner side of the right thigh, severing the femoral artery and causing death in less than an hour. Medical aid was promptly summoned, but was unavailing. Mr. Lindley was a young man of fine talents, highly commended by the faculty and his fellow students, and respected by a large circle of acquaintances. He was a son of Dr. L. Lindley of Connellsville, Fayette county, Pa., and was about twenty years of age. His remains were forwarded to his friends.

Meeting at Wilkins Hall.

There was a spirited meeting in Wilkins Hall last evening. William M. Shinn, Esq., delivered an able address, in the course of which he proclaimed himself to be a military, political and moral Abolitionist, and this, too, although born in a slave State and perhaps nursed with slave milk. He was followed by Hon. Thomas J. Bigham, who pitched into the *Post*, Woodward, Lowrie, and the Copperheads, generally, with a will, and advised all who complained of their liberties being restrained, and their taxes being enormous to try Dixie for a few months. The last speaker was A. M. Brown, Esq. Mr. Brown made an able argument on the Constitutionality of the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, and the right of the soldier to vote.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY CASES.—In the following assault and battery cases before Alderman Taylor, on Monday and yesterday, the parties were each held in $300 to answer at Court:

Sarah Paul, charged with having attacked Barbara Scholerer, and threatened to strike her on the head with a brick-bat.

Barbara Rubert, charged with attacking Rebecca Paul, the infant daughter of Sarah Paul, and beating her severely.

SALES OF STOCKS at the Commercial Sales Room, No. 54 Fifth street, Tuesday evening, September 29th, by Davis & McIlwaine, Auctioneers:

Exchange Bank	$71 50
Bank of Pittsburgh	63 50
Pittsburgh Insurance Company	31 75
Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R. Co.	8 75

SKULKERS.—The Wheeling *Intelligencer* states that there are not less than twenty drafted men in that city—men who being absent from their homes in Pennsylvania at the time of the drawing, have concluded not to go back. In case they are arrested they claim that they cannot be considered as deserters, having had no notification that they were among the lucky ones.

SQUIRREL HUNTING.—A squirrel hunt took place in Sadsbury township, Crawford county, last week, between two companies of seven men each. Capt. Miller's squad brought in 185 head—Capt. Bush's 245. The largest number killed by any single hunter was 73, by Henry Adest, of Capt. Bush's squad. The time stipulated was ten hours.

INFORMATION is desired of the whereabouts of William Davis, who was recently engaged as a Colporteur in Crawford and Erie counties. Any one who knows of his present location will confer a favor by sending his address to the office of the Crawford *Journal*, at Meadville.

CAMILLE.—Matilda Heron has consented to give one more representation of her great character of "Camille," which will be produced this evening. She will not again appear in this role during the present engagement. Those who would witness it, therefore, must attend the theatre to-night.

THE GHOST.—We understand that Manager Henderson will soon announce the great sensation play of the "Ghost." The sight-hunters will all be anxious to see his ghostship.

DISORDERLY.—David McKelvy, J. Hamill and James Rodgers were, yesterday, arrested and fined three dollars each, by Mayor Alexander, for disorderly conduct.

WRIGHT KELLEY, son of Brig. Gen. Kelley, is now recruiting a cavalry company in Wheeling.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. P. CHATONY, General Agent.
No. 18, Fifth street.

THOMAS FARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8:6m

Opinions of the Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine.

There is but one Sewing Machine, and that is Wheeler & Wilson's.—*Judge Meigs, of American Institute, N. Y.*

The Wheeler & Wilson Machine has no rival.—*Scientific American.*

It is the machine for family use—*Advocate and Journal.*

It is eminently superior.—*Dictionary of Mechanics.*

Every one should call at Wheeler & Wilson's rooms, No. 27 Fifth street, and examine specimens of work done on these machines.

Wm. Sumner & Co., the Western Agents for Wheeler & Wilson, have now on exhibition a fine stock of machines, in Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut cases.

STARTLING! BUT TRUE.—The volunteers are braving the dangers of Fever, Scurvy, Wounds and Cholera. Many a gallant fellow will leave his home to bleach, who, by the use of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, would have returned to his family strong and healthy. Soldiers, try them! Only 25 cents per box or pot. 236

OF INTEREST TO LADIES.—Every one regards the Sewing Machine as a blessing to woman. It has been the saving of much toil, misery, and probably of life itself. The "Song of the Shirt" is now obsolete; the more enlivening ballad, "The Song of the Sewing Machine," has taken its place. We had heard, through our lady friends, of machines that would stitch, sew, hem, and of one that could make a perfect button-hole in a garment. We had supposed that perfection had almost been reached, knowing that these instruments performed all the necessities in sewing. But it seems they still had the "accomplishments" to learn. We are led to make these remarks, having recently seen some ladies' cloaks elaborately embroidered with this Sewing Machine. The work seemed to excel anything executed by hand labor. Beside being more rapidly and cheaply executed, the work has a more regular, and consequently a much more beautiful appearance. What is most remarkable about this novelty is that the machine which executes this wonderful workmanship is the most perfect in all other respects—the embroidering quality being only an *addition* to its many other abilities of stitching, hemming, &c. These of our lady readers who wish to view the instrument engaged in its charming accomplishment, can do so by stepping into Neustr, Grover & Baker's establishment.—*New York Home Jour.*

See Advertisement.

JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST.—The undersigned would most respectfully call the attention of their friends, and the public in General, to their Fall and Winter stock of Goods. They consist of all the very latest styles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, English Beaver Beavers, Trico and Pilot Cloth and Overcoatings. Also, a large assortment of French Chinchilla Overcoatings of the very finest quality, all of which is selected from the latest importations, and will be made in the most fashionable manner, and at a price lower than any other merchant tailoring establishment in the city. Give us an early call.

SAMUEL GRAHAM & Co.,
Merchant Tailors, No. 54 Market st.
SAMUEL GRAHAM, GEO. MCCANDLESS.

FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.—The summer is past, and by the morning's frost, we begin to apprehend, that fall and winter will be shortly upon us, and we must provide ourselves with the material to keep us comfortable. A nice fall suit, or a good and well-made overcoat are the very thing, and we do not know of any place where our readers would suit themselves better than at Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co.'s clothing establishment, corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny. They have also received a complete assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, and a great variety of new patterns for waistcoatings, &c.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS!—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weier & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready-made clothing, got up in the best manner.

THOSE beautiful lots on Nunnery Hill, which overlook the City of Allegheny, at the head of Federal street, are to be sold at A. Leggate's Auction House, 159 Federal street, on Tuesday evening Oct. 6th, at 7½ o'clock. Plans can be had from the Auctioneer, and the grounds will be shown by Wm. Stedeford, who lives near the premises.

REMOVED HIS AGE.—Rev. B. C. Smith, Prattsburg, N. Y., writes: "My gray hair is turned as black as when I was a young man by using Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum." These preparations have been used and approved for twenty years.

OMNIBUS and carriage calls will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 410 Penn street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance.

FOUR DOLLARS, four dollars.
Four dollars, four dollars.
Dental Institute, Dental Institute.
Best cheap Dentistry, best cheap Dentistry.
No machine work, no machine work.

FLAGS.—All sizes flags, at all prices. Flags for horses, flags for buildings, flags for company parties, at the Pittsburgh Flag Manufactory, Pittock's, opposite the Post-office.

MASS MEETINGS, BUY YOUR FLAGS.—Just received, a large supply of United States flags at the manufactory, Pittock's, opposite the Post-office.

BUNTING and muslin flags made to order, from six feet to fifty feet, of the best material, at the manufactory, Pittock's, opposite the Post-office.

STARRED.—The extensive rope works of Irwin, Fulton & Co. Those in want of manilla, hemp or hay rope, twines, oakum, &c., will do well to call at 57 Water street. 1w

C. Stitz, Dentist, 168 Penn street, attend to all business of his profession.

MARRIED:

FLOYD—ARMSTRONG—In Vicksburg, Miss., on Thursday evening September 17th, by Hon. L. S. Benton, Judge of the Probate Court, HENRY M. FLOYD, late of this place, to Miss AMELIA ARMSTRONG, of Vicksburg, Miss.

DIED:

CLARK.—On Tuesday morning, 28th inst., BENJAMIN CLARK, aged 61 years.

Funeral will take place WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, Frankstown road, opposite Homewood Station. Carriages will leave Moreland & M'Intosh's Stable, Liberty street, at 12½ o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

ATTENTION, THIRD WARD, ALLEGHENY.—The following names have been added to the Vigilance Committee, and are requested to attend a meeting to be held at Col GEO. STE'S, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 30th inst, at 7½ o'clock:

Alexander A G	Gleb Christian	Mowry Dr R B
Alaien John	Grotman Charles	Owens William
Armstrong A D	Gray W K	Orr William
Armstrong Robt	Hastings Samuel	Park James Jr
Anderson Thos	Holmes John	Patterson Benj
Allshafter Fred	Hastings Robt	Patterson James
Barr John U	Hastings David	Robinson Johns
Barr Alex	Hastings John	Robertson S
Bell Robert	Herron Geo	Ray Robt A
Beckhart Fred	Hackwelder S	Rawle Henry
Bierley Philip	Hamilton Wm	Sawyer Henry
Boyd William	Hess Christ	Baighter Bich's
Baird James	Keour John L L	Stewart David
Bierley Thomas	Jones Patterson	Stewart John
Broff William	Sopplis Adam	Schimpler Chas
Book Henry	Lindsay L B	Schaub John
Campbell Jas H	Lacy Frederick	Schanett Geo
Duncan Rentel	Marshan V B	Stedeford James
Dorhart John	McBrier James	Steel Rev J C
Ewner John	McNaughter J	Smith S B
Ensor Robert	Mason W J	Shoals Jas
Eibel Gust	McCordy James	Sauter Chas
Ernin A W	McKinnes S W	Thorn Jas S
Glen Peter	Meyers John	White John
Gerwig Henry	McConkle M	White John A

By order of County Committee for the Ward.

GEO. GERST,
CASPAR GANG,
J. BECKADORN,
ARTHUR HUBSON,
Dr. JAS SCROGGS,
B. COBNELICS.

MILITARY NOTICES.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 22D DISTRICT OF PENN'A, 98 Fourth-St., Pittsburgh, Sept. 19, 1863.

EXEMPTED FROM DRAFT.—In accordance with orders, I publish the following list of persons exempted from draft by the Board of Enrollment in this District, to this date, with the reasons of their exemption:

BY REASON OF FURNISHING ACCEPTABLE SUBSTITUTES

Name.	Residence.	Substitutes.
John Mitchell,	East Birmingham.	Henry C. Johnson

Capt. and Provost Marshal, 22d Dist. Pa.
se30:1td

MANHOOD; HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!—Just published, in a sealed envelope. Price Six Cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the *Green Book*, &c. "A Boon to Thousands of Suffering," sent in a sealed envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps, by

DR. CULVERWELL'S MUSEUM,
121 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4586.
se16.2mdawF is

THE LATEST WONDER,
The all exciting
HYPE INCOMPREHENSIBILITY,
At Masonic Hall to-night,
se27:tf by Prof. Anderson.

CHEESE.—200 bxs. Western Reserve;
100 do Hamburg;
Received and for sale by
se27 JOHN D. CAMFIELD.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept. 29, 1863.

GENS. M'COOK AND CRITTENDEN RELIEVED.

It is stated that Gens. M'Cook and Crittenden are relieved of their commands in the Army of the Cumberland, and ordered before a Court of Inquiry to investigate their conduct in the recent battles on the Chickamauga. General Rosecrans is understood to have made serious complaints against them in his dispatches.

ARMY CORPS CONSOLIDATED.

The twentieth and twenty-first army corps have been consolidated, and now constitute the fourth army corps, under the command of Gen. Gordon Granger.

DEPARTURE OF GEN. HOOKER FOR THE WEST.

Gen. Hooker left Washington yesterday to enter upon active service. It is understood that Gen. Butterfield continues as his chief of staff. Gen. Hooker went west.

THE AUTHOR OF THE TEXAS EXPEDITION.

It seems pretty well ascertained now that Gen. Halleck is to be regarded as the author of the Texas expedition. The Navy Department did not favor it.

THE MISSOURI DELEGATION.

The address of the Missouri delegation to the President will be printed to morrow in pamphlet form, and for distribution after its presentation. The President has appointed ten o'clock to-morrow to receive the delegation.

The delegation from Missouri had a reception at the Union League rooms to-night The hall was crowded to overflowing. A speech was made by Ex-Gov. Bell, of Ohio, welcoming them, giving them assurances of sympathy, declaring there was no half way ground for loyal people, and that slavery must die.

Judge Hallt, of St. Louis, stated the wrongs of the citizens denouncing General Schofield as a Copperhead—uniting with Gov. Gamble to keep this loyal people down. Senator Lane made a characteristic speech—full of fierce, invictives and extreme views. Speeches were also made by Mr. Jackson, of Missouri, and others.

ADDRESS TO THE PRESIDENT FROM THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The President received an address from the Sons of Temperance organization this afternoon, and replied briefly by saying, that since a long time before the organization of the Sons of Temperance, while quite a young man he had made four temperance speeches, and had tried ever since to support it by the example and principles he then advocated. He regretted there was so much drunkenness in the army, and had done all he could to prevent it, but it might be a consolation that there was some on the other side, too.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

The rebels have been trying to force us into an exchange of prisoners, by representing that they have no means of making our prisoners in their hands comfortable through the approaching winter.

PROMOTED.

Lieut. Col. Cahill, of Cincinnati, has been promoted to a colonelcy in the Invalid Corps.

European News.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The City of Washington, from Liverpool on the 16th, via Queenstown the 17th, arrived at 10:30.

The Emancipation Society has written to Russell, thanking him for stopping the rams on the Mersey, and begging him not to lose sight of the movements on the Clyde.

The *Times* editorially expresses satisfaction that the Ironclads in the Mersey will not be allowed to leave until something more is known of their ownership and destination.

The Paris *Moniteur* explains that the Florida is not a privateer, but forms part of the Confederate marine, duty commissioned, and has all the character of an ordinary vessel of war.

Part of the crew of the Florida had arrived at Liverpool in a state of destitution, and say the report that they received large sums in wages and prize money are fabrications. The men were mostly pressed from the Confederate army. At Brest they boldly demanded their wages, when they were all discharged, with notes on the Confederate agents at Liverpool for sums varying from $100 to $130. These claims were repudiated.

It is reported that two federal war vessels were en route to Brest to prevent the departure of the Florida.

Paris, Sept. 16—Rumors say the new Emperor of Mexico has recognized the Confederates in obedience to instructions from Napoleon. Also that Lincoln's government will not throw difficulties in the way of the French schemes, but will quietly watch events.

The *Times* lectures the Canadians on annexation to the States, and says they are free to do as they like, but argues they have nothing to gain, but everything to lose by such a course.

The Russian replies to the Western Powers have been delivered. They indicate that the Czar is immovable on the Polish question. The six points are agreed to, and further consultation is superfluous—Russia assuming the full responsibility of her acts.

LATEST—*Liverpool Sept. 17.*—Cotton quiet; the advance was partial at about ¼d. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions dull. Produce steady. Consols, 93⅝@93¾. Illinois Central, 13 discount. Erie, 75.

Vessels Captured—Advance in Gold.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The schooners Ireland and John Houseman were captured by the rebels, in Chesapeake Bay, previous to the 23d, and plundered and set adrift. The Alexandria was captured and plundered and run ashore. The Government schooner Alliance, laden with provisions and sutler's stores, valued at $30,000, was also captured. The crews of the other vessels were put aboard of her, and she was last seen off Sands' Shoals, bound South.

The *Commercial* says gold has advanced to $1 41¼@1 41½ last evening, after the regular business hours, and has gone still higher to-day, partly under the failure of a heavy speculator, said to be nearly half a million short in his deliveries, and partly under reports of adverse private intelligence from Rosecrans. The price opened $1 41¼, but advanced to $1 44 by 11 o'clock, from which it receded to $1 42¼, stiffening up again to $1 43@1 43¾. Sales at the board of about $100,000 at $1 42½@1 43½, and at 4 o'clock, $1 43.

Gen. Robert Anderson to Retire from Service—From Morris Island.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Brig. Gen. Robert Anderson, now in the city, has been ordered before the Army Retiring Board, and it is expected that he will be retired from active service, as, since the bombardment of Fort Sumter, he has not been equal to the fatigue and excitement incidental to the service in the field.

A gentleman direct from Morris Island says: A few days before he left, seven deserters arrived there from Sullivans' Island. Their story is that after the blowing up of the Magazine in Fort Moultrie, and fully expecting a continuance of the shelling on the following day, the rebels made preparations for the removal of their best guns, with the intention of evacuating the Island, but finding the next morning that the shelling was not renewed, they concluded to wait.

Baltimoreans Arrested.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 29.—The proprietors and editors of the *Gazette*, formerly known as the *Exchange*, and then the *News* sheet, were arrested to-day for the publication of disloyal sentiments. A guard was sent to seize the establishment. Only one of the proprietors, Mr. Edward Carter, was found there, who was arrested. Mr. Nielson was not found. Mr. Wm. K. Carpenter, editor of the paper, was also absent, and neither have yet been arrested.

Michael Kelly and M. D. Pist were arrested to-day, by the military authorities for selling the publication entitled, "Fourteen Months' Experience in the American Bastile," by Francis Key Howard.

ANOTHER DRAFT CONTEMPLATED,

The Missouri and Kansas Delegation.

NO UNFAVORABLE NEWS

CABINET MEETING.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—A correspondence of the *Post* dated Washington, Sept. 29, says: The reverse in Northern Georgia compels the Government to raise more troops than it had contemplated. The present draft will not give the Government over 75,000 men, and it is said in some quarters that this is too high an estimate by 25,000 men. Another draft will undoubtedly take place very soon, except in those districts which prefer to raise their full quota by volunteering. Nearly all the Western States will raise their quota by volunteers, as the Government offers a bounty of $300. The next draft will probably be for 600,000 men, and the expectation of the Government, under the new instructions, is to obtain one third of the men drawn as soldiers. The two drafts and the volunteering, it is estimated, will give about 300,000 men by the first of January.

A committee from the Missouri and Kansas delegation called on the President this morning. He agrees to receive the entire delegation at ten o'clock to-morrow morning. It is believed here the administration will change its policy in Missouri.

Unfavorable rumors respecting Burnside's situation were afloat last night, none of which are true. There is no unfavorable news from any quarter.

The Cabinet held a meeting to-day.

Western Items.

ST. LOUIS, September 29.—The *Democrat's* Leavenworth special says: Authentic advices were received there from Washington, to the effect that Kansas will be made a separate department, under the command of General Curtis.

Col. Moss' men are disarming the loyal enrolled militia in Platte county. Several Union men were killed yesterday, and a perfect state of terrorism exists there.

Five day's later advices from Western Arkansas, state that the rebels Coffee and Hunter are encamped on Cowskin Prairie, Mo., with a thousand men.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 29.—The *Democrat's* Springfield special says that it is stated and believed among army men there that Maj. Gen. Pope will be assigned to the command of the Department of Missouri.

Gov. Yates leaves to-night for Ohio, where he will speak to the Union men.

Gen. Pope is now in St. Louis.

Kirby Smith is at Arkadelphia with the main body of the rebel army, said to number 25,000. Gen. Cabell, with Texas troops and Arkansas conscripts joined him.

The powder mill at Arkadelphia, containing upwards of one hundred thousand kegs of powder, exploded on the 16th. This loss is regarded by the rebels as most fatal.

Great dissatisfaction exists against Kirby Smith.

Gen. Cabell is regarded as the best man in the State.

Gen. Blunt is at Fort Scott organizing new Kansas regiments, which he expects to lead into Texas in a few days.

Negroes are arriving here in large numbers, to join the Kansas colored regiments.

Vessel Wrecked---Repulse of the British Fleet at Kago Sinia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept 29.—The war steamer Norwich, just from Hakadi, was wrecked north of the entrance to this harbor on the night of the 26th. The officers and crew were saved.

They report according to the Japanese accounts received at Hakadi, August 20th, that the British fleet had been repulsed from Kago Sinia before it had demanded from Prince Satsuma the surrender of Richardson's murderers. As the fleet entered the inner harbor an armed Japanese decoy boat drew towards the shore and was pursued, attacked and speedily sunk. Masked batteries then opened on the fleet from the shore, riddling the advanced vessels before they could get out of range. The Japanese claim to have destroyed the greater portion of the fleet, and the balance retired from the contest.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 29.—A dispatch from the Atlanta of the 26th says: There was no fighting yesterday. Gen. Rosecrans sent in two flags of truce, asking permission to bury his dead and relieve his wounded. Gen. Bragg rejected both of them.

The flag of truce boat arrived from City Point this evening with 300 Union soldiers.

The news in the Richmond papers is meagre and of no importance. The editorials are hopeful, but urge the most strenuous efforts to redeem Chattanooga, and repel the advance of Meade.

Charleston, Sept 25—All is quiet this morning.

Arming Rebel Soldiers in Missouri --Unionists Driven from the State --Citizens Murdered.

LEAVENWORTH, September 29.—Gov. Gamble having authorized Col. Moss, of Liberty, Missouri, to arm the men in Platte, Clay and Clinton counties, he has armed mostly returned rebel soldiers, and men under bonds. Moss and his men are now driving the Union men out of Missouri. Over one hundred families crossed the river to-day. Many of the wives of our Union soldiers have been compelled to leave. Four or five Union men have been murdered by the Moss men.

Reception of the Russians.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The Russians are to have a grand reception on Thursday. The Committee of the City Council waits on the Admiral and presents the resolutions of welcome, and will be accompanied on their return by the Admiral and his officers. They will land at some point up town and will pass down Broadway to the City Hall, escorted by the entire division of the State Militia. The affair promises to equal the Prince of Wales' reception.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Cotton excited and prices advanced 2@3c at 82@83c for Middling Uplands. Flour opened at 10c higher, but with the decline in the grain market became heavy, and buyers generally refused to pay the advance, at $6,75@$6 90 for Extra State, $6,00@$6 35 Extra Round Hoop and Ohio, $6,40@7,65 for Trade Brands—the market closing heavy and declining. Whisky dull and heavy at 53½c for Western. Wheat opened more active and full 2c better, but closed dull, quiet at 62@73½c for Western. Pork more active and firm at $18 25 for Old Mess, $18 for New Mess, $10 25@10,50 for New Prime, and $13,25@14,00 for New Prim Mess. Beef dull. Lard firmer and in good demand at 9¾@10—closing at 10¼@11c. Cheese firmer at 10@12.

Twenty-five thousand cons of Coal sold by auction to day at $5,05@7,05 per ton.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—Flour dull; sales of 1,000 barrels Superfine at $5. Wheat dull; sales of 4,000 bushels Red at $1,25@1,40, White $1,45@1,70. Corn firm; sales 1,000 bushels at 95@97c. Oats, 87; Rye, 68. Whisky firm at 54@55½.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 29.—Flour firm; Extra State at $6,25@6,37. Wheat heavy. Corn steady and in better demand; Yellow 95c@$1. Whisky steady; Ohio at 53.

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Money easy at 6 per cent. Sterling firmer; first class bill and nominal at 157@157½. Gold firmer, but market very irregular and unsettled, opening at 41¾, advancing to 44, declining to 41, and closing quiet at 43.

Government stocks firm—U. S. 6s, 1881, Coupons, 107; 7-30s, 106¾@107¼.

Stocks irregular and dull

C H & S	109	D	30
M & P D O	67¼	Michigan Central	118¾
A & T H	79¾	C & P	100
Chicago & A	80	Galena & Chicago	109¾
M & O, 1st	87½	N Y C	135
Illinois C Scrip	135¾	Pacific Mail	610
M C	105¾	Cumberland	180¾
Erie	76½	American Gold	143¾
Hudson	133	Tr asury	104¾
Harlem	141	U S 6s '81 Coupons	107
Reading	112¾		

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29—Receipts of Beeves 7,071; Cows and Calves, 105; Veals, 694; Sheep and Lambs, 16,522; Swine 20,244. Bacon Sides were active. Beef, extra, at 10@11; medium to good 8@9½; common 6¾@7¾; inferior 5¾@6. Average of all sales about 8. Veal Calves in plenty and good demand. Prices are maintained at 5@7c for inferior, 6@8½ for common to good, 7@7¾ for choice and extra. The market opened a little more for speculative but increased supply. A moderate demand and the warmer weather have all produced a heavy feeling and at the close prices are not well sustained. Lambs are also dropped. Sheep live, 4½@5¼; a few very good at 5¾; and common 4¼. Lambs worth from $4 to $5,50 a head. In Swine the supply is again very heavy, and only a moderate demand. The market is weak and a large number remain on sale. Corn fed, live, 4½@5¼; still fed 4½@5¼.

BABBITT'S SOAP POWDER, for cleaning painted or washing clothes, has no superior, is put up in one pound papers, and for sale by the box or at retail at the Family Grocery store of JOHN A. RENSHAW,
se28 corner Liberty and Third streets.

BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, August 5th, 1863.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 5th day of August, 1863.
HUGH MCCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.)

CAPITAL, $400,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c., receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pitt