Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING, AUG 31.

CITY AFFAIRS

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by G. R. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	60	64
12 " M.	68	78
6 " P. M.	.....	69
Barometer	29 3 10	

A Good Move--Early Closing.

We announced some time ago, that the trimming and notion dealers of our city had entered into an agreement, whereby their places of business were to be closed during the summer months at six o'clock, p. m., after which hour, no business was to be transacted. This movement, though with some difficulty inaugurated with the public, has proved so highly satisfactory that the merchants have unanimously entered into an agreement, by which it is intended to continue the closing of their stores during all seasons at six o'clock, p. m., and to transact no business after that hour. To us it seems singular that all of our dry goods and other retail dealers do not adopt this praiseworthy system, as nothing is lost, pecuniarily, while much comfort and physical benefit may be derived from it, by not only themselves, but to the numerous clerks and salesmen in their employ. The trimming merchants have shown a good example and we trust, ere long, that we shall have the pleasure of recording similar movements among other branches of trade. Let us see who shall follow in the early closing movement, or if it cannot be made a universal one in our city.

Stabbing Affray.

On Saturday night between eleven and twelve o'clock, a man named John Kemp was severely stabbed in the left arm in an alley, near the corner of Washington and Webster streets, by a well-known individual named John McBride. The men had been drinking during the evening, and on the way home they had a quarrel, when McBride drew his knife and made a dash at Kemp. Somehow or other, whether from his own knife or not, we do not know, McBride received a bad cut in the hand. Both men had their wounds dressed yesterday morning. Information was made at the Mayor's office by Kemp's brother against McBride, charging him with assault and battery, with intent to kill. About ten o'clock yesterday morning, McBride was committed to jail.

NEWSPAPER OFFICE BURNED.—About twelve o'clock on Saturday night, a fire was discovered in the upper stories of the building, corner of Fifth and Wood streets, occupied by Messrs. Barr & Myers, publishers of the *Morning Post*. The prompt arrival of the steam fire departments, prevented the flames getting headway from the third and fourth stories where the fire is supposed to have originated from a defect in the flue. The loss, which is principally in the job office, has not yet been ascertained, but is fully covered by insurance. Through the kindness of Mr. Anderson, of the *Dispatch* building, Messrs. Barr & Myers are now to have their paper issued this morning, as usual.

THE "GREEN" OIL.—Considerable interest has been excited lately along the banks of the Ohio river, on account of the unusually green color which its waters have assumed during the past few weeks, particularly below the mouth of the Kentucky river. In some places the surface is covered with a greenish scum. The water has been microscopically examined, and it is pronounced that the coloring matter contained in it is purely vegetable, and that the supposition of some that coal oil produces the green color referred to has no foundation in fact.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Sunday, the 23d inst., Reuben McLymonds and Johns Snodgrass, two young men residing in West Salem township, Mercer county, betook themselves to a deep cut on the Jamestown and Franklin Railroad, to practice shooting with a revolver. While Snodgrass was loading the weapon, the charge exploded. The ball passed through the hand of Snodgrass, and lodged in the bowels of McLymonds, causing his death on the following day. The deceased was aged about twenty-three years.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—Miss Mary Souder, employed at Shober's paper mill, Lancaster, was instantly killed on Wednesday afternoon. Her dress came in contact with the gearing of the mill, and she was whirled around a shaft that was but twelve inches from the wall of the building, at the rate of fifty revolutions a minute, her body striking the building at each revolution.

AN EDITOR DRAFTED.—James C. Brown, Esq., editor of the West Greenville (Mercer county) *Argus*, says:—"On Friday last we had the exquisite pleasure of claiming that Uncle Samuel was in our personal services in the army for three years, or else a proper substitute, or else about $300. Uncle Samuel shall be accommodated in some way or other. He has been very kind to us hereto fore, and his draft shall not be dishonored."

OIL INTEREST SOLD.—Messrs. Phillips, Vannausdell and Kipp, have transferred their interests in the business of the firm of Phillips, Frew & Co., to Messrs. Frew & Lockhart, of Pittsburgh. Vannausdell's interest realized $52,000; Kipp, $40,000, and Phillips at $63,000.

HORSES STOLEN.—On Monday night, the 25th inst., a fine span of dark brown horses were stolen from the enclosure of Mr. R. A. Gates, on the Rynd farm, on Oil creek. A reward of $100 is offered for the recovery of the horses and the detection of the thief.

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—Counterfeit $2 bills, purporting to be on the Stroudsburg Bank, Monroe county, Pa., are in circulation. The vignette is the figure of a train of cars going to the right, and figure 2 in each corner. The paper is light and flimsy, and the whole note badly executed.

THE WHOLE FAMILY.—Mr. Ellis Brown, of Wolf township, Lycoming county, has lost two sons in the present war, he has three now in the service, and the sixth one was drafted on Saturday last. This is making a pretty clean sweep.

THE OIL PRODUCT.—The daily product of the oil wells in the Venango district is about 6,000 barrels. No new wells have been struck during the past week.

THE DUKE'S SIGNAL.—The great sensation play of the "Duke's Signal" will be produced at the theatre, for the first time, this evening.

DR. STILL, dentist, 160 Penn street, allows special attention to his profession.

THE *Chicago Post* has information that movements now in progress under the direction of Gen. Banks, will not only speedily restore the entire Red River district to his control, but that at an early day, operations will be commenced, having for their object, the occupation of Texas. The great movement, however, is in another direction. Thirty thousand troops, reinforcements to Gen. Banks' Department, are on the way down the river to be commanded by Gen. Grover, who has been one of the Generals commanding under Gen. Banks in all his recent operations. With this additional force all the towns on and near the Lake Pontchartrain coast will be occupied—Madisonville, Mandeville, Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Biloxi and Pascagoula—the latter place becoming the base of operations for a land attack against Mobile.

It is reported that the troops, now in New York, will, as soon as the draft is concluded in that city, be dispatched on an important expedition, steam transports and sailing vessels, to convey the force to its destination, will be procured as soon as possible. Says the New York *Sun*, "the Army of the Potomac having many times unsuccessfully attempted the capture of Richmond, is likely to be reorganized under another name; and, while Washington will not be left undefended, the warriors of the Potomac will obtain glory in another direction. Instead of spending the dog days in the Virginia swamps, those gallant soldiers will be transported at once to within a few miles of the scene of their operations, and capture Richmond by their exploits hundreds of miles away from the rebel capital."

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES AND JEWELRY, for sale at manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. OLIPHANT, General Agent.
No. 12, Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap2:6m

CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.—Sam'l Graham, merchant tailor, is selling off his Spring and Summer stock of goods at cost. They consist of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, of which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable manner, and at cost prices. The public should not neglect to avail themselves of this rare chance and save money by giving him an early call.

Also, a large assortment of plain and fancy cassimeres, well adapted for boys' wear, which he will sell by the piece far below cost. Mothers should not neglect to call early.

SAM'L GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 Market street.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS!—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weier & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 128 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready-made clothing, got up in the best manner.

NEW ARRIVAL OF SUMMER CLOTHING.—Often we are asked, where can we buy a neat and comfortable summer suit, made to order, that having the chance of selecting our own goods? To all those inquiries we can answer, go to Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co., corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny, and you will be suited according to your tastes. They have just received their summer goods, and for elegance of styles they cannot be surpassed, and for fitness they are the very persons, as their work is all done under their own supervision. Give them a call, and you cannot fail to be satisfied.

BETHLEHEM ACADEMY.—REV. MESS. E. O. ANDRUS, *for many years Missionary to Hayti, now of Marblehead, N. Y.*, (the climate having seriously affected her hair and scalp, writes): "I have derived much benefit from the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. I have tried various other remedies, but never anything that so *materially and permanently benefited* me."

Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 193 Green side street, New York. dew

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE, LANGUAGES AND COMMERCE, No. 110, Federal street, Allegheny. This institution, conducted by Rev. J. DAVIS, who is assisted by experienced and successful instructors, will commence its Fall Session on the 1st of September inst. Number of pupils limited. The English and Commercial Night School will commence on the 1st of October. au28 4t

IRVINE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—A select classical school for ladies, corner of Beaver street and Stockton avenue, Allegheny city, Pa. The seventh semi-annual session commences on Monday, September 7th. For circulars or other information, as to tuition or board, call upon or address the Principal.
au31:2wme MRS E. A. SMITH.

WHAT AN AMOUNT OF SUFFERING AND DISEASE among the volunteers would be prevented by the free use of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. For Wounds, Sores and Scurvy, the Ointment is a certain cure, and for Bowel complaints, Fevers, Small Pox, &c., the Pills are the best remedies in the world. Only 25 cents per box or pot.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, AGENTS AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Cuthbert's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield streets. All orders promptly attended to.

FOUR DOLLARS, four dollars.
Four dollars, four dollars.
Dental Institute, Dental Institute.
Best cheap Dentistry, best cheap Dentistry.
No machine work, no machine work.

OMNIBUS AND CARRIAGE CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance. 6m.

WESTERN UNIVERSITY.—The fall term of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next. For particulars see catalogue, to be had at any of the bookstores in the city.
Aug. 18th, 1863. sod:3w

EXCELSIOR INSTITUTE.—The sixth session commences Monday, September 7th. Send for circular, or call at the Institute, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

THE UNION COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE will meet at the office of Marshall & Brown, corner of Fifth and Grant streets, on EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p. m. au24

POLITICAL NOTICE.—Persons desiring to hold meetings in the various election Districts throughout the county, can procure HAND-BILLS AND POSTERS, ready printed, free of charge, by applying to D. E. FERGUSON, No. 84 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. au15

UNION CONVENTION.—Pursuant to the order of the Union Executive Committee, of Allegheny county, the undersigned hereby request the Delegates who represented the loyal citizens of said county in Convention on June 2d, 1863, to RE-ASSEMBLE IN CONVENTION at the COURT HOUSE, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, September 3d, 1863, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of Sheriff.
A. M. BROWN, Chairman.
JOHN H. STEWART Secretary. au26dawtd

FREEMEN RALLY!

GRAND UNION MASS MEETING!

The freemen of Allegheny County, lovers of the Union and opponents of Copperheadism, will meet in

MASS CONVENTION,
ON
Thursday, September 3, 1863,
ON THE
WEST COMMONS, Allegheny,
AT 1½ O'CLOCK P. M.

Eloquent speakers have been secured and will be in attendance. Let us have a GRAND RALLY FOR THE UNION.

By order of the Union Executive Committee.
au24:3

THE UNION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CASPAR SAUR, Third Ward, Allegheny;
BERNARD FERRY, Monongahela Borough;
D. B. FERGUSON, Lower St. Clair tp;
JOHN K. ESCHE, Second Ward, Allegheny;
D. O'NEIL, Second Ward, Pittsburgh;
SOL. SCHUYER, Jr., Esq., Fourth Ward, Allegheny;
SAMUEL BARCLAY, Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh;
JOSHUA RHODES, Fourth Ward, do;
M. S. HUTCHESS, Penn township;
SAMUEL F. BAER, Lowrysville;
R. H. PALMER, Jr., Peebles township;
F. C. NEGLEY, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh;
JOHN F. BRAUN, Millin township;
JAMES BAXTER, Reserve do;
FRANK MCMILLAN, Crescent township;
JAMES DUNCAN, Neville township;
JOHN M. FOSTER, Taylstown;
WILLIAM RUSSELL, Richland township;
H. G. MACKENZIE, Esq., Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.
A. MOTHERS, Third Ward, Pittsburgh;
ARTHUR HOBSON, Fourth Ward, Allegheny;
Capt. JAMES MILLER, Manchester;
GEO. W. BACKOFEN, Third Ward, Pittsburgh.
A. M. BROWN, of Pittsburgh, Chairman.
J. U. STEWART, Collins tp., Secretary.

SUB-COMMITTEES:

Finance—A. M. BROWN, D. O'NEILL and J. H. STEWART.

Printing—D. B. FERGUSON, D. O'NEILL and SAMUEL BARCLAY.

On Meetings and Speakers—C. C. MACKRELL, 116 Fifth street; J. ELDER BAXTER, 117 Third St.; SOL. SCHUYER, Jr., 139 Fourth street; R. H. PALMER, Jr., Fifth tp.; JOHN K. BROWN, 185 Federal street, Allegheny; D. B. FERGUSON, 84 Fifth street.

Persons desiring to hold Union Meetings in the various election districts throughout the county, will be furnished with Speakers by calling on any of the above named Committee. au20

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.
OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES
FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30, 1863.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Fortress Monroe, Aug. 29.—The Richmond *Dispatch*, of the 29th, has the following:

Charleston, Aug. 27.—The enemy's attack on our rifle pits, on Wednesday night, was made about 7 o'clock, by an overwhelming force. On Thursday the firing was slow, with no unusual incidents.

Charleston, Aug. 28.—The bombardment of Forts Sumter and Wagner proceeds sluggishly. The enemy is working hard in the trenches in front of Fort Wagner. No further attempt has been made to shell the city.

Fortress Monroe, Aug. 29.—The steamer C. W. Thomas has arrived from Newbern, with Lieut. Stirling, of General Peck's staff, as bearer of dispatches. A dispatch from the blockade fleet says:—On the morning of the 17th inst., a large sloop-of-war of ten guns, with a British flag flying, went past the blockading steamers, and immediately hoisted the rebel flag, and passed into Wilmington. This is the fourth rebel war vessel which has run the blockade within six weeks.

PEACE MEETINGS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Late North Carolina papers bring accounts of numerous peace meetings throughout the State. The Raleigh *Standard* still continues its denunciations of Davis' tyranny, and public speakers openly advocate a return to the Union. The counter-revolution in the old North State is rapidly assuming formidable dimensions, and will sweep everything before it.

FIGHT WITH MOSBY.

Mosby, the rebel guerrilla, was met near Upperville, on Wednesday last, by persons who know him. He was in a wagon accompanied by a guard of about sixty men. He was wounded by two shots in the breast and one in the back, in Monday's fight. He appeared entirely unconscious, and had all livid appearance of death. He was sheltered from the sun by umbrellas, and the cavalcade moved at a funeral pace.

CALL FOR REBEL TROOPS.

Rebel papers received at Morehead City, say that Jeff. Davis has decided, after conference with the Governors of the Confederate States, to call out half a million of black troops, who are to receive their freedom and fifty acres of land at the close of the war.

INDIANS IN CALIFORNIA.

Difficulties of no serious character have grown up between the settlers and the Indians in Butte county, California, that the Indian Bureau, as an act of humanity towards the Indians, has ordered their removal from the limits of the county.

DESERTERS SHOT.

Five deserters were shot in the Army of the Potomac, on Friday last, in presence of the Fifth Army Corps, to which they belonged. A number of conscripts were also present to witness the execution.

THE CAPTURED GUNBOATS

The report of the capture of the small gunboats Reliance and Satellite by the rebels, on the Rappahannock river, a week ago, is confirmed by advices received at the Navy Department.

SURGEON GENERAL HAMMOND

Leaves for New Orleans on the steamer Arago, this week. He is ordered to report to General Banks until further orders, which is understood to amount to exile.

SECRETARY SEWARD

Has returned to his post from his late Northern tour. Most of the diplomats are with him. Lord Lyons is still in Canada.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29, 1863.

The Pennsylvania soldiers in the convalescent camp, have issued a strong appeal to their friends at home in favor of Gov. Curtin. The paper is nearly twenty feet long, and was sent to-day to Philadelphia for publication.

J. V. PAINTER,
Member of the State Executive Committee for Armstrong county.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30, 1863.

As yet we have received no Union accounts of the shelling of Charleston. It is fully confirmed that Gen. Gillmore had at a distance of five miles, thrown a few test shells into the city, but no news as to whether the work has commenced in earnest has been received.

From a refugee from Richmond, it is learned that several Charlestonians had recently arrived at the former city, and that no hopes were entertained for the doomed city. Residents generally, were opposed to any resistance which would lead to its destruction, and as for barricaded streets, etc., of which Southern papers speak of, our information states that it is all moon-shine.

The strength of the rebels in and around Charleston is not known. The negroes are all armed and pressed into service.

A late Southern paper states that it is estimated that the whole number of soldiers now in the Confederate army and rapidly organizing for the field, is five hundred and seventy-five thousand, and that this does not reach one half the fighting population. These numbers are no doubt greatly exaggerated, or Davis would never have consented to call out half a million of negroes. This proposition, I learn, has long been spoken of in the South, and a majority of the people are greatly opposed to it, on the ground that the slaves, when armed, will turn against their own masters.

Great dissatisfaction still exists in Lee's army among the Alabama, Mississippi and North Carolina regiments, all of whom are tired of the war. Under the recent rebel conscript act but few men can be obtained. On this account Davis has determined to call on the blacks, all of the white fighting population having been exhausted.

The arming of the negroes is hailed with joy by Abolitionists and others of this city, who allege that the slaves will now fight their own way to freedom.

The United States steamer Bermuda, Capt. Smith, arrived to-day, seventy hours from Port Royal. She brings seventy passengers, but no further news from Charleston. Some of the passengers say the American flag was floating over the ruins of Fort Sumter.

H. A. W.

The Lawrence Massacre.

LEAVENWORTH, Aug. 29.—In behalf of the sufferers by the Lawrence massacre, we make this statement and appeal. The loss of life already reported by the press is substantially correct. The loss of property exceeds a million and a half. Hundreds are homeless and destitute. The business portion of the city is entirely destroyed, together with nearly a hundred dwellings. Leavenworth and the neighboring cities have already contributed largely, but much assistance is yet needed. All can be sent to Peter T. Redmon, Chairman of the Aid Committee at Lawrence.

J. M. Welder, M. J. Parrott, H. J. Adams, Nelson McCracken, Leavenworth Committee.

The *Sentinel*, published in Western Missouri, was destroyed on Thursday night by a party of Missouri enrolled militia. The paper was loyal, and had done much good for the Union cause in Missouri.

Large Meeting at Leavenworth

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 29.—The *Democrat's* Leavenworth despatch says: The largest meeting ever held here assembled last night.

Gen. Lane offered a resolution which was unanimously passed, calling all loyal men on the border that can be spared from home protection to assemble at Paola, on the 5th of September, with such arms and ammunition as they can procure, to be organized into companies of twenty men each under Captains of their own choosing. Lane spoke two hours, saying that the people of Kansas must depend upon themselves for protection, enlisting every man to be ready to meet at a moment's notice. Hon. A. C. Wilder offered a resolution in behalf of the Committee on Resolutions, stating that the tragedy of Lawrence, was directly chargeable to the imbecile and inefficient policy of the commander of this Department, and demanding the immediate removal of Gen. Schofield. Mayor Anthony offered resolutions that the counties of Platte, Clay, Buchanan and Andrew, in Missouri, be held responsible for any rebel outrages north of the river, the penalty to be the total devastation of the line, forty miles wide, along the frontier. All the resolutions offered were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted. Several speeches were made denouncing the Schofield Ewing policy of this Department. Ewing telegraphed to Lane to-day, saying that he would defend Lawrence and Kansas, and requesting him to use his influence to prevent a raid in Missouri and he replied that he would assemble with 5,000 men on the 5th of September, to tender their services to him, and if rejected, he would appeal to higher power. Ewing placed two companies of troops in Platte City, to protect the citizens against avengers from Kansas.

Large numbers of men are returning from Price's army, organizing into guerrilla bands in Clay and adjoining counties, preparing for raids on the border.

Affairs in the South.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—The *Post* has the following special dispatch, dated Washington, Aug. 27th:

The *National Intelligencer* of this morning contains a letter from one John Adams, who is vouched for as a loyal man and friend of the administration, and has just returned from a trip through Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Kentucky. He says he has conversed extensively with the people and with some of the leaders of the rebellion, all of whom regard their final defeat as inevitable, and express a willingness to accede to any terms that shall not degrade them. They affirm that it is not for them to beg for peace, but for President Lincoln to hold out the olive branch. They desire the leaders rebel to be held to strict accountability for their crimes. The writer urges a proclamation by the President after the fall of Charleston, offering protection to all who will at once lay down their arms.

The *Intelligencer* says that the statements of the writer are entitled to full credit as facts.

According to the Morris Island correspondence of the *Boston Herald*, Gen. Gilmore arrested, by order of Secretary Stanton, on Friday last, all the correspondents of the press on Morris Island, on the ground that the correspondence of the Baltimore *American* and New York *Tribune* had given to the public news of a contraband character. General Gilmore afterwards modified his order so far as to allow them to send forward such letters as he approved.

Advices from Bermuda

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A vessel with Bermuda advices of the 24th arrived to-day.

The rebel steamer "Gladiator" was going into Bermuda on the 20th.

The rebel steamer Robert Lee reports being chased by a Federal cruiser. She threw overboard 300 bales of cotton to escape.

The Florida was seen with a ship in tow, on the 25th, in lat. 35°, long. 67°.

The Bermuda *Gazette* gives an account of the proceedings in St. George, showing that serious troubles are occurring there relative to negro laborers, who have demanded higher wages for work in discharging rebel vessels. Several assassinations have occurred, and incendiarism was frequent. A large quantity of cotton had been burned, and was thrown into the bay to extinguish it.

The rebel steamers Corinthia and Eugenie were at the wharf when the fire occurred, and sent their crews to extinguish the flames. There was a meeting of the citizens, and a reward of £200 was offered for the arrest of the incendiary.

The steamers Fanny and Jackie, from Halifax, and the Florida, from Nassau, had arrived, consigned to Bourne, a well known rebel agent.

The rebel steamer Phantom, from Wilmington, with cotton, arrived on the 19th.

Skirmish with Mosby's Guerrillas.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—Official information was received to-day at General Heintzelman's headquarters, of a skirmish on Monday last between a detachment of the 2d Massachusetts cavalry (California regiment) and Mosby's men. This attack by Mosby was made at Coyle's tavern, on Little river turnpike, some few miles this side of Fairfax. Our men, numbering only twenty-five, were attacked front and rear at the same time, but fought nobly. Our loss was two killed, three wounded and nine prisoners, together with all the horses, fifteen of which, however, were afterwards recaptured. The loss of the enemy was one Captain and one Lieutenant killed, and a Lieutenant and three privates wounded. Mosby was himself wounded in two places in the side. His wounds are regarded as mortal. Colonel Lowell pursued the enemy from Centreville as far as Snicker's Gap, but they succeeded in making their escape by having fresh horses.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 28.—The steamer C. W. Thomas, has arrived from Newbern, with Lieut. Stirling, of Gen. Peck's staff, as bearer of dispatch. A dispatch from the blockading fleet says that on the morning of the 17th, a large sloop of war, with the British flag flying, swept past the blockading steamers and immediately hoisted the rebel flag and passed into Wilmington, which is the fourth rebel war vessel that has run this blockade within six weeks.

Rebel papers received at Morehead city say that Jeff Davis has decided, after a conference with the Governors of the Confederate States to call out 500,000 black troops, who are to receive their freedom and 50 acres of land at the end of the war.

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Charleston, Aug 28.—The bombardment of Sumter and Wagner proceeds sluggishly. The enemy is working hard in the trenches in front of Wagner. No further attempt has been made to shell the city.

Affairs in Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 29.—The Constitution's dates, from the City of Mexico, are only to the 24th of July. A portion of the united French and Mexican troops had moved sixty miles westward from the City of Mexico to Guernavaca.

The intentions of the Triumvirate to reorganise the Confederate states were continually foreshadowed by the Imperial press.

The recognition is to take place soon, as news reached Mexico that Maximillian accepts the crown.

The news from the Juarez Government is unimportant. It is understood that he was busying himself encouraging guerrilla expeditions, some of which were led by Americans.

Volunteering in New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 28.—Volunteering in the State of New Jersey is proceeding very briskly. About 5,000 men have been obtained since Gov. Parker's proclamation was issued. Three new batteries are complete and one regiment of cavalry and two of infantry will be completed during the coming week. Almost every county in the State is at work, and it is expected that in a few days the quota of New Jersey will be filled by volunteer enlistments, thus doing away with the conscription.

Spies Captured.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 29.—Two rebel soldiers recently made their way into Norfolk, Va., and after taking notes of everything of military interest in and about the city, attempted return to Richmond, but were captured before passing our lines. They are now prisoners in Fort Norfolk, and it is expected will meet their deserts in a few days.

Indian Commissioners en Route.

ST. LOUIS, Missouri, August 29.—Gov. Evans and Major Low, commissioners to treat with the Arapahoes and Cheyennes, are here en route for the treaty grounds on the Smoky waters of the Republican. The prospect is fair for getting the council together.

From the Army of the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Aug. 29, 1863.

The execution of the miserable deserters, sentenced to the penalty of death, in General Orders No. 84, took place to-day. More than ordinary interest was exhibited in this execution of military law, and it is estimated that not less than 25,000 persons were present. The ground was well selected, and every arrangement so complete, that no accident occurred to mar the solemnity of the proceeding. At the order to fire, 54 muskets were discharged, and instant death was announced by the Surgeon in attendance at the result. The spectacle was an unusual one. The Protestant, the Hebrew, and the Catholic stood side by side, each uttering prayers for the departed souls. The names, ages, residences, &c., of the deceased are as follows: Geo. Kuhne, Hanoverian, 22 years old, Pennsylvania, unmarried; John Keiane, Italian, 25 years old, Pennsylvania, wife and family; Chas. Walter, Prussian, 38 years old, wife and child; Geo. Reines, Italian, 24 years old, wife and child; Emile Lal, Prussian, 30 years old, wife.

From the Army of the Cumberland

Advance of the Army of the Cumberland

CHATTANOOGA, Aug. 29.—The Army of the Cumberland crossed the Tennessee River at four points to-day, with infantry and cavalry.

The 2d Kentucky Cavalry captured thirty pickets at the point opposite Stevenson.

General Reynolds captured a large force at Shellmound, and took a camp on Falling Water Creek. Among the captured are the notorious guerrilla Mayo, and the Tennessee rebel Congressman, Odmon Lutzie. There was no resistance made.

The rebels are reported in force at Rome, Cleveland and along the Georgia State Railroad.

Gen. Burnside is in the region of Kingston, and will attack that place before long.

Important Decision.

UTICA, Aug. 28.—The Governor has been informed by the Provost Marshal General that credit will not be allowed to towns for any excess of volunteers they may have furnished their quotas under previous calls. The Provost Marshal General has also decided not to allow credit for volunteers raised since June 15th, 1863, in districts where the draft has taken place, but in districts where the drawing has not taken place credit will be given for recruits sent to regiments in the field, and for volunteers enlisted in companies, which may have been raised in such districts and mustered into the service of the United States, between the 15th day of June, 1863, and the day preceding that fixed for the draft to take place. Men severely wounded will not be credited. They must be mustered into some organized company.

Washington Items.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says the farming of the 300-pounder gun near Charleston does not prevent the shelling of that city, as the shells thrown were from a 200 pounder Parrott. There is no information at either the War or the Navy Department, that one flag waves over Fort Sumter and Wagner.

Surgeon General Hammond has been directed to make his headquarters in the Department of the Gulf until further orders.

Additional rolls of rebels taken at Vicksburg, received at the War Department, swell the list to 33,000—5,000 in excess of published reports.

From Cairo.

CAIRO, Aug. 30.—Gen. Sheik is moving forward with Banks. The rebels are concentrating at Rome.

Gen. Lew Wallace, in the Department of Mississippi Department are organizing for the better control in advance.

Gen. Grant and Adjutant General Thomas left Memphis for Vicksburg on Friday.

The roost of the cotton, lying at the mouth of White river, was accidentally burned.

The Archduke Maximilian Accepts the Mexican Crown.

BOSTON, August 30.—The *Memorial Diplomatique*, of the 15th, says:

We are happy to be able to announce that his Imperial Highness, the Archduke Ferdinand Maximilian accepts, with the consent of his august brother, the Emperor of Austria, the crown of the new Mexican Empire.

From Charleston.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—The steamer Bermuda, has arrived from Port Royal on Wednesday morning, having stopped off Charleston. Her Captain reports that Fort Wagner has not been taken yet, and cannot be at present. He confirms the report that Sumter has been knocked to pieces. Further naval operations will be carried on, without regard to Fort Wagner, the capture of which, will be left to Gen. Gilmore.

Arrival of Troops.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The United States transport Baltic arrived to-day, from Alexandria, D. C., with the 29th and 66th Ohio, and 6th Michigan Volunteers, in command of Colonel Charles Cady, of the 66th Ohio, Acting Brigadier General.

Arrival of a Prize Steamer.

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—The prize steamer Cronstadt, has arrived with 600 bales of cotton, 200 barrels of turpentine, and 200 barrels rosin.

Progress in the Southwest.

The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Saturday, says: We have reports from two or three different sources that General Grant is to assume command at New Orleans—probably to have that district added to his present department. These rumors come to us from below, and they may have no other foundation than the military movements now in preparation in that quarter, of which there are visible signs; but outside observers are evidently ignorant as to the precise work to be undertaken. General Ord's corps of General Grant's army had arrived at New Orleans. Still another corps was on the way thither. General Franklin was at Baton Rouge. It is publicly stated that a grand movement is to be made against Mobile. This may be the meaning of the concentration at New Orleans. The rebels evidently so regard it. We will not discuss it. It is enough, however, for the public to know that there is to be prompt and vigorous action somewhere, and that another important blow against the rebels is impending in the Southwest. But the rest we must wait.

We received last and papers from New Orleans yesterday, dated by river, in eight days. This begins to look like old times.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Cotton dull at 66@67c. Flour dull and easy for old, and steady for fresh ground; $4.50@$4.85 for extra state; $5.90 for extra S. H. G.; and $6.30@$7 for trade brands—market closing quiet. Wheat less active, but firm at 95@96c. Corn one cent lower, for common, and is moderate demand; 75@81 for Chicago Spring; $1.03@1.10 for Milwaukee club; $1.13@1.15 for winter red western; $1.16 for common White Ohio. The demand for corn is moderate, but unchanged at 70@71 for Spring mixed and western; nearly all at inside price at 71 for prime white western. Oats firm at 59@60c. Western pork opened dull and closed heavy and lower at $11.25@$11.87½ for old mess, and $13.62½ for new mess; $10.50@10.75 for new prime; $13.25@15 for prime mess. Beef dull. Beans' sides and nominal. Lard quiet and unchanged; chiefly at 12½@13c. Money easy at 5@6 per cent. Sterling firmer and moderate for business doing at $1.77@1.77½. Gold firmer at 91½@1.32½, closing firm at 1.32½. Government stocks firm. United States 6s, 81, coupons $107½ 7-30s $106½@$107¾. Export of specie $1,055,144, to-day.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29.—Flour is dull and prices weak. Wheat dull and weak. Corn is scarce and in good demand. Oats firm. Whisky advanced to 46@47c.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 29.—Flour is dull; Ohio superfine $5.15@$5.25. Wheat firm. Corn quiet at 76@77. Whiskey steady.

Detroit Grain Market.

AUG. 27.—Received 8,132 bus wheat, 622 bus corn. Wheat—We quote No 1 red at $1.06@1.07, free on board. No 1 whites would probably bring over $1.08, but how much "over" we cannot say, perhaps "over the left" street rates $1.10@1.15 for good to choice white, 98c@$1 for red, and 85c for spring. Corn steady at 56@57c. Oats steady at about 80c, free on board. There are ready buyers on the street at 85c. Barley—Demand good at $1.80@1.90 ₩ cwt.

Cleveland Market.

AUG. 28.—Flour—Dull and prices unchanged; sales of 80 bbls XX white wheat at $5. 50 bbls XX red wheat at $4.80. Wheat—1 car red sold this morning at $1.03. Corn—Market quiet and not much inquiry; sales 1 car on track at 61c. Oats—Receipts light and stock in store is being much reduced; 45c is the ruling price. Rye—Nothing doing. Barley—has commenced shipping by rail from the interior, but there is as yet, no demand for it, and we have heard of no sales on which to base a quotation.

New Orleans Market.

CAIRO, Aug. 28.

New Orleans papers of the 19th, brought to-night by the Champion, quote cotton at 50@55 ₩ lb. Little or no trade. Groceries unchanged. Sugar—Sales of sugar at 10¼@10¾ old dairy 9@9¾ for new common refined; 11½@12 for new second; 12@12½ for old refined open. Flour—$7.25@7.50 per bbl.

MILITARY NOTICES.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
6th District of Penn'a
96 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Aug. 27, 1863.

EXEMPTED FROM DRAFT.

In accordance with orders, I publish the following list of persons exempted from draft by the Board of Enrollment in this District, to this date, with the reasons of their exemption:

PAID THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Louis Fix, Collins township,
John Forster, do
Lewis Fandis, do
Florence Roessing, McKeesport,
John Bratley, Collins township,
D A Kurr, do
John Fuer, Plum township,
James Day, East Birmingham,
James Davidson, Plum township,
John F Jones, Birmingham,
Marion Mitchell, McKeesport.

ALIENS WHO HAVE NOT DECLARED INTENTIONS.

G W Tweddle, Collins tp Witnesses, C Lockhart,
W Gourley,
Wm Pilsinger, Collins tp. Witnesses, Jacob Zenbel, Peter Diehl
Thomas Coleman, Collins tp. Witnesses Patrick Hopkins, John Hughes
James Nesbitt, Collins tp. Witnesses, Wm Taylor, John Davis.
Thomas Kelly, Collins tp. Witnesses, E McDonald, S Grant.
Michael Mooney, Collins tp. Witnesses, John Green, John Mahoney.

EXAMINED BY BOARD AND REXEMPTED.

John Mills, Collins tp; disability from wound received at Fredericksburg.
Richard Ramsey, Collins tp; disability.
Fred Lepp, do do
James Joyce, do do
John Boland, do do
Richard Lynch, do do
J G Rhebe, do do
James Rea, 2 P ua tp; disability, discharged from Co 1, 6th Reserves
Wm S Armstrong, Plum tp; disability.
Lewis Ribers, Pine tp; disability, from gunshot wound received at Fair Oaks.
John Hattsley, Plum tp; disability.
M G Swan, do do
William Wilson, Plum tp; disability; discharged from Co D, 77th P V.
NOTICE—The name of Wm L Donaldson, Collins tp, appears in last notice as exempt for disability. This was an error, as he was accepted.

UNNATURALNESS OF AGE.

Henry Cook, Collins tp; under 20. Witnesses, father and mother.
Thos