Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 27.

Union State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

ANDREW G. CURTIN, of Centre.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT:

DANIEL AGNEW, of Beaver.

Union County Ticket.

For Presiding Judge of the District Court.
MOSES HAMPTON.
For Assembly.
I. JOHN P. GLASS.
II. ALFRED BLACK.
III. HARE R. HERRON.
IV. WM. H. DENNISTON.
V. THOS. J. BIGHAM.
For Clerk of Courts.
WM. A. HERRON.
For County Treasurer.
DAVID AIKEN, Jr.
For Recorder.
ABDIEL McCLURE.
For Register.
WM. J. RICHARDSON.
For County Commissioner.
GEORGE HAMILTON.
For Director of the Poor.
JOHN F. DRAVO.

A Cunning Device--How to Circumvent it.

And so you think, Messrs. WOODWARD and LOWRIE, that while you are both good voters, and fit either to govern or judge a State, the men who are out fighting your battles and ours, are not to be trusted with the privilege of even expressing their own opinions in relation to yourselves! Well, that was a cunning arrangement; certainly, to muzzle the watch dogs, and tie them up, before you turned out to prowl about the habitations of our sleeping people, and capture them for the benefit of JEFF. DAVIS & Co. And it was a cunning device, too, on the part of your Convention, to keep you in a position where you could hold them by the chain, until your object was accomplished.

We give you notice, however, that we intend to take the opinions of the soldiery, in spite of you, and that we shall challenge your right to disfranchise them for your own benefit, and then to sit in judgment upon the question, whether they have the right to say who shall rule over them; or in other words, whether you shall impose yourselves upon the people, by deciding who shall vote and who shall not vote. We know that you are wise men, and learned men—you being the judges—but we cannot quite agree that you shall elect yourselves.

You have three brethren, it is true, who have kept company with you so long as to leave it uncertain how much farther they may be trusted than yourselves. One of them, however, was elected by the Republicans, and the others are said to be War Democrats, as you are not. If either of the two latter is a believer in the war, he will appreciate the sacrifices of the volunteer, and restore him the citizenship and the privileges, of which you have robbed him. If he does not, he will have an account to settle with these men "when this cruel war is over," and they are back amongst us once more to assist in the punishment of the traitors here, who, without the courage of the Southern rebel, have been aiding his cause, by pettifogging quibbles about the Constitution, and all the ingenious acts of profitable chicane.

We concede too much, perhaps, in supposing any jurisdiction in your Court in the case either of a Governor or a Supreme Judge, any more than in that of a member of the Legislature. We will examine this point, however, at our leisure when you shall have "marked and inwardly digested it."

A COMPANION-PIECE TO THE GREAT O'CONNELL LETTER.

Secretary Chase's Reply to the Irish Repealers--Admirable Condensation of Anti-Slavery Argument and History.

[Concluded.]

HOW THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT WAS DIRECTLY IMPLICATED IN SLAVERY.

But it was not enough to repress the disposition in favor of abolition in the States. It was necessary to make the General Government itself the patron of the detestible institution.

The first step toward this end, was to induce Congress to pass an act continuing in force the laws of Virginia and Maryland, within the district ceded by those States for the seat of the National Government. This act embraced all the provisions of the State slave codes, and of course at once engrafted the system of Slavery upon the National Legislature. It was a flagrant violation of the implied compact at the formation of the Government, that Slavery should never exist under the legislation of Congress. It was also a plain transgression of the letter and spirit of the Constitution, which not only did not confer on Congress any power to establish or continue Slavery by law, but expressly declared that no person should be deprived of liberty without due legal process.

A mere signal proof of this growing ascendency of the slaveholding interest, and of the perversion of the National Administration to the purposes of the slaveholder, was exhibited a few years afterward in the purchase of Louisiana from France. Upon the acquisition of that territory, the Congress instead of emulating the example of the Congress of 1787, and consecrating that vast region to imparitial liberty, instead of hastening to redeem the pledge which the nation had given to the world by the adoption of the ordinance, that Slavery should never be extended beyond its existing State limits—did not scruple to provide for the continuance of Slavery therein by legislative enactment, in shameless violation of good faith and constitutional obligation. Several slave States have since been created out of this territory, and the representatives of slaves from these States, chosen by masters, have taken their seats in Congress by the side of the representatives of non-slaveholders from the free States.

The precedent of acquiring territory for the purpose of extending the limits of slavery was thus established. It was not surprising, therefore, that it should be followed up when occasion required by the purchase of Florida from Spain, and by a fresh outrage on the Constitution by the continuance and extension of slavery in that territory by legislative provision.

RESISTANCE TO THE AGGRESSIONS OF SLAVERY DEFEATED—THE MISSOURI COMPROMISE.

These successive violations of the Constitution, resulting in a prodigious extension of the limits, and in an enormous accession to the power of slavery, attracted little attention from politicians, who consulted their interests by rivalling each other in devotion to the slave power. A few philanthropists and statesmen may have mourned over the progress of an evil which they dared not openly and manfully oppose.

At length, however, the public mind was excited by the claim of Missouri, which was part of the district acquired from France, to be admitted into the Union as a slaveholding State. This claim was resisted. The advocates of the restriction and the friends of the extension of slavery divided the country. The struggle was severe. In the result, however, victory declared itself on the side of the slaveholders, and Missouri was admitted as a slave State. Since the termination of this contest, until very recently, there has been no organized opposition to slavery. The political parties of the country have submitted to the sway of the slave power, and the taint of pro-slavery has fastened itself upon every department of the national administration.

PERVERSION OF THE NATIONAL AUTHORITY IN THE INTEREST OF SLAVERY.

Thus we see that the original error of providing for the partial representation of slaves, which amounts to the same thing as conferring peculiar political power on masters, has led to encroachment after encroachment, and aggression after aggression, until the true construction of the Constitution has been subverted. It is now boldly claimed that the Constitution guarantees property in men, and that slavery is a National Institution.

We have seen our National Executive, in conformity with this false construction, pressing upon foreign governments claims of indemnity for the loss of persons alleged to be slaves, who were constitutionally as well as of natural right free, the moment they were afloat on the high seas in an American ship. We have seen our National Legislature employing the sanctions of law for the protection and extension of slavery, while it has insolently denied a hearing to the remonstrances of the friends of liberty. We have seen—oh, shame! our National Judiciary solemnly deciding that a slaveholder may, in a free State, seize any person claimed by him do be his fugitive slave, and drag him into a slave State, without process and without trial, subject only to legal responsibility, should the person thus kidnapped ultimately succeed in establishing his right to freedom.

BEGINNING OF PRACTICAL ANTI-SLAVERY MOVEMENT.

These and similar outrages perpetrated in the absurd name of the Constitution, have at length aroused the attention of the people. They enquire at length whether the Constitution of the country was in reality designed—not to establish justice and secure liberty—but to establish despotism and secure immunity to oppression. They scrutinize the power of Congress to see if indeed there be among them an authority to create or continue the condition of Slavery. They investigate the records of history to ascertain what were the injunctions laid upon their posterity by the acts and the precepts of the Fathers of the country.

We who address you and our fellow-citizens whom we represent, have been astonished by the results of these enquiries. We find that the construction of the Constitution, which has been imposed upon the people of the country is merally speaking a base forgery. We find that all power to create or continue Slavery has been carefully withheld from the National Legislature. We find that our fathers have left on record their solemn censure of the inquitous system, and their sacred pledge that it should not be perpetuated or extended. We find also, and we feel in our bitter experience that free labor is dishonored, and its wages rendered insecure throughout the whole land by a system which exacts labor without wages, and degrades the laborer to the level of the beast. We are taught also that our own rights and liberties are endangered by the spirit of despotism—endangered by slaveholding, which has so fearfully manifested itself in the denial of the right of petition and of trial by jury, and in the desperate attempts to suppress investigation by mob violence, by ecclesiastical servilism, by legislative enactments and by party ostracism.

We have, therefore, "come out from among" the patrons, the advocates and the apologists of Slavery. We have resolved to vote for no man and to act with no party not fully committed and pledged against this enormous evil and wrong. We avow an eternal hostility against despotism and oppression in every form, whether manifested in crushing the black man or in depressing and impoverishing the white man.

SYMPATHY BETWEEN AMERICAN ANTI SLAVERY MEN AND IRISH REPEALERS.

From the inmost recesses of our hearts we thank you and the Irish People for your sympathy with us in our great struggle. You have our sympathy in yours. You demand the repeal of a statute which makes Ireland the political vassal of England. We demand the abrogation of laws which makes millions the chattel property of thousands. You demand the repeal of the Union Statute, because it was carried by fraud and has been perpetuated by force. We demand the abrogation of our national man-chattelizing legislation, because it is repugnant alike to the Constitution of our country and to the code of Heaven. You seek to accomplish your great object by peaceful and legitimate means. We, like you, appeal to the people and put our trust in Him who holds the hearts of all men in His hands. Your triumph, we believe, is secure and nigh at hand; ours may be deferred to a somewhat more distant date, but it will come!

We are aware that the energetic and uncompromising hostility of the Liberator to every form of oppression, has drawn upon him the bitter hate, and subjected him to the calumnious attacks, of the partisans of Slavery in this country. At a public meeting held in New Orleans some three years since, he was denounced as a "political renegade entitled to the execration of all sober, upright and enlightened American citizens, and to be regarded with no feeling but abhorrence." About the same time he was stigmatized by a writer in the State of Mississippi as "that detestable agitator Daniel O'Connell," and as "that unprincipled Irish incendiary." More recently the Irish Repeal Association of Baltimore denounced the speech delivered by the Liberator on the 10th of May last, as "a base calumny against the humanity and the purest sense of human obligation that are the characteristics of the Southern people." Even now, unless it has been removed since the summer of 1840, there hangs on the walls of a slave dealer's office, in the District of Columbia, a filthy caricature representing Abolitionists and blacks together, among whom a conspicuous position is given to Daniel O'Connell, as a fit subject for the obscene witticisms of scoundrel traffickers in human flesh.

THE PRO-SLAVERY IRISH REPEAL ASSOCIATION OF CINCINNATI, AND THE REFUSAL TO RECEIVE OR PUBLISH O'CONNELL'S LETTER.

These things were, however, to be expected from the bigoted devotees of slavery in the slave States; but it required the evidence of our senses to convince us that the apologists for the "peculiar institution" who have assumed the leadership of the Irish Repeal Association in this city, would venture upon any open denunciation of the illustrious champion of Irish Liberty, or dare to draw an invidious distinction between the Irish people and their liberator. But the resolution of the meeting held in July last, which asserted that the declarations of Mr. O'Connell were "slanderous of the American people," and that it was the duty of the meeting "to repel the calumny and hurl back the charge with scorn;" the letter prepared and addressed in behalf of the Cincinnati Society to the National Association, and the recent conduct of the Association here in refusing to the scathing and overwhelming reply of your Committee the common courtesy of reception, on the pretense that the Constitution of the Society prohibited all reference to questions of a sectarian or political character, (a pretense demonstrated to be frivolous by previous action on the subject of abolition, and by the passage of a resolution on the same evening "to repel the coarse and unjust language of the great Irish leader,") these things have satisfied us that these men, relying on the cruel and wicked prejudice against persons of color, which, though constantly abating, still too generally characterizes the American people, are ready to proceed as far in their defamation of the Liberator, as they have heretofore gone in their scurrilous abuse of the friends of freedom at home.

But can these men imagine that true-hearted Irishmen will long endure their shameful conduct toward a man enthroned in every honest Irish heart, as the truest and the noblest friend of his country? Can they imagine that the sons of Ireland who have sought in this Western world a refuge from oppression for themselves, will long consent to be used as the instruments of oppressing others? If they do, we think they deceive themselves.

Not many weeks ago, at a National Convention of the Friends of Liberty, assembled at Buffalo, in the State of New York, an Irish laborer, distinguished by his warm heart and clear understanding, declared that the first vote he ever gave in his life, was for Catholic emancipation in Ireland, and the next was for liberty in America; and he never meant to give a different vote so long as God should spare his life. There are other Irishmen like him; and the number, we trust, will rapidly increase.

What do these men mean by asserting that "the people of Ohio have never had any connection with Slavery in any form?" They know that the votes of representatives of Ohio sustain Slavery at the seat of the National Government and in the Territory of Florida. They know that if the unconstitutional laws of the General Government which sanction slaveholding were repealed, and its influence and patronage arrayed on the side of Liberty, Slavery could hardly long exist. They know, too that if the people of Ohio would elect to Congress the right kind of men, this object could almost certainly be accomplished.

These men say that fifteen millions of whites owe it to freedom and the world to maintain and perpetuate Republican institutions—by which term they somewhat facetiously designate American Slavery. Now, of these fifteen millions, at least thirteen million are positively injured by the existence of the system. Of the rest of the whites, the greater number probably, think themselves interested in sustaining it, though even among slaveholders, there are not a few who detest the system and desire its overthrow. The happines of two and a half millions of enslaved and a half million of free colored people is beneath the consideration of these champions of "Republican Institutions" and revilers of O'Connell.

CATHOLICITY AND PATRIOTISM OF THE ANTI-SLAVERY MOVEMENT.

These men charge the anti-slavery men with being unfriendly to the cause of repeal and bitter enemies of Roman Catholics.

Both charges are false. Among the anti-slavery men are very many ardent friends of repeal. Some of them, too, are members of the Catholic church.

Differences of religious creed or of national origin are not suffered to divide our ranks: We prefer to contend with each other, Protestants and Catholics, native born with foreign born—in honest zeal for the Liberty of all and the Rights of all.

They charge us also with enmity to our country and to our National Constitution. We may justly retort the charge. They—they are the enemies of the country, who stain its honor, degrade its character, and waste its resources in fostering Slavery, our greatest curse. They—they—shame upon them—are the enemies of our National Constitution who have by violence and false construction, blotted out all the guarantees of personal freedom and individual right, and have held it up to the world as a compact for the perpetuation of crime and the extension of despotism.

But it is useless to expose the inconsistent sophisms or foolish calumnies of these men. It has already been done in a manner they will never forget, by the Liberator himself.

Again, in behalf of the oppressed in the land; in behalf of all who are struggling to restore to them their rights; in behalf of the friends of freedom everywhere, we thank you for your sympathy.

Our hearts throb with anxiety as we await the issue of the pending trials, though we cannot doubt what the result may be. Would that they might be abandoned. Would that England might cover herself with glory by a sublime act of justice to Ireland!

We rejoice to learn that the friends of freedom in England are disposed to make common cause with the Repealers. It is an auspicious omen. May it be fulfilled! And may God send the people of Ireland and their noble champion a safe deliverance!

We remain, with the highest regard,

Your friends and the friends of Liberty,

[Signed,] S. P. CHASE,
JOHN TOBIN,
JOHN B. KRAUTH,
P. McCABE,
G. BAILEY, Jr.,

Committee of the friends of Liberty of Ireland and Repeal, in Cincinnati.

John Brodhead, the Locofoco Correspondent of Jeff Davis.

A western journal lately published several letters from persons in the North to Jeff Davis, which were found in the library of that arch-traitor in Mississippi. Among these was the following rather brief epistle:

PHILADELPHIA, March 7, 1860.

MR. JEFFERSON DAVIS—*My Dear Sir:* Can you tell me if Gen. Learmon is likely to remain much longer in Nicaragua? I should like to go to that country and help *open it to civilization and niggers.* I could get strong recommendations from the President's present friends in Pennsylvania for the place, were the mission vacant, and I think I would prove a live minister.

I am tired of being a white slave at the North, and *long for a home in the sunny South.*

Write to me here from you when you have leisure. Mrs. Brodhead unites with me in sending kind remembrances to Mrs. Davis and yourself.

Sincerely and gratefully your friend

JOHN BRODHEAD.

It has been a question with many, since Mr. BRODHEAD's production saw the light in the manner aforesaid, as to the identity of that gentleman—a question we had not met with anybody able or willing to answer. Some, indeed, hastily said that the correspondent was no other than the ex-Senator, who hails from Easton; but *Richard* and not *John*, should have been the signature, had that been the case. Now, however, at length we may cry, *Eureka!* The right man is found at last. A Philadelphia paper of Tuesday noticing the locofoco aspirants for office in that city, says:

Among the aspirants for office before the Copperhead Convention, which meets tomorrow, is Colonel John Brodhead, who asks to be nominated for City Treasurer. The gallant Colonel, some years since, declared that he was tired of being a slave in the North, and desired to emigrate for the purpose of propagating "the nigger." John ought to be nominated, and we trust he will. His principles affiliate so nearly to those of Jeff. Davis, that he will make a first-rate representative of "the universal nigger" on the Copperhead ticket.

CANDIDATES.

FOR SHERIFF.—HENRY H. LEWIS, of Sharpsburg, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the nominating Convention, which will meet on Thursday, september 24. au26:td

FOR SHERIFF.—JOSEPH ROSS will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. au20:td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—On Sunday, somewhere near Duquesne borough, a BUNCH OF KEYS. The finder will heliberally rewarded by leaving them at THIS OFFICE. au26:2t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between C. GREGG and R. S. WARING, doing business at No. 85 Market street, under the style of GREGG & WARING, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. S. WARING retiring. C. GREGG is authorized to use the name of the firm in settling the business.

C. GREGG.
au24:3t R. S. WARING.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Hugh McGeiry, late of the Ninth Ward, City of Pittsburgh, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to

J. B. McKELVY,
W. M. McKELVY,
au18:lawdw Administrators.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SELECT PICNIC, to be given at McKEE'S ROCKS, on FRIDAY, Aug 28th, 1863. The boat will leave Jones Ferry Landing at 8½ o'clock. au27:1t

ATTENTION! COLORED MEN. A chance is now offered to the Colored Men of Pittsburgh and the surrounding country to volunteer in the United States service, to join in fighting the battles for Liberty and the Union. The rooms are under Lafayette Hall, where all are respectfully invited to call and hear for themselves as the subscriber will be found ever ready to give all information. Come one, come all, and all will hear examples of those who fought at Port Hudson, Milliken's Bend and Fort Wagner.

Capt. THOS. H. BELO Esq., Recruiting Officer for Western Pa. and Ohio au20:2w

NOTICE.—PITTSBURGH GYMNASTIC ASSOCIATION.—Those members claiming the Private Boxes in the Dancing Room of the association are hereby notified to make good their claims to the Secretary before the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, or they will be sold or the benefit of the Association.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

au19:1d J. HYBALL, Secretary.

TAKE NOTICE.—$42 BOUNTY is offered to men who have served as Soldiers for a term not less than nine months with choice of Regiment or Company.

For further information inquire at No. 76 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

J. B. BIGHAM,
1st Lieut 9th Regiment P. R. V. C.
au3:3mdtf

OAKLAND SELECT SCHOOL.—The Fall Session of MISS M. HERSHMAN'S SELECT SCHOOL, at Oakland, will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 1, 1863.

Circulars giving information relative to tuition, &c., may be obtained at the Book Stores. au22:4t

OFFICE OF WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., Pittsburgh, May 25th, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Subscribers to the Stock of the Western Transportation Company that an assessment of FIVE DOLLARS ($5 00) PER SHARE has been levied upon the stock subscribed, payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Pittsburgh, on or before the 12th day of June, 1863, and a like amount every thirty days thereafter, until otherwise notified

By order of the Board

jel2:3m A. J. McDOWELL, Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—500 bbls. Crude Oil in bulk. Enquire of

H. P. HILAND,
au27 Ferry Block, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, of all widths and patterns, cut to suit any hall or room, which will be sold at prices to suit the times, at the Oil Cloth Depot of

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
au 7 88 and 88 St. Clair street.

CHEAP HOUSE AND LOTS FOR SALE IN ALLEGHENY CITY.—35 Robinson street, 5 rooms, corner lot $1,800. 58 Anne street, 5 rooms and cellar, $700. Corner Sheffield and Sulton streets, house 9 rooms, 2 lots $2,200. South canal street, 5 rooms, hall and cellar, $1 400. North Canal st., dwelling and large lot, $1,000. Apply to

R. CUTHBERT & SON, 81 Market st.
au27.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals are invited and will be received by the Committee on Streets of the City of Allegheny, until FRIDAY, 28th August, for the Grading and Paving of Ohio Lane, from Pasture Lane to Vermont street, together with the necessary Sidewalks and Curbstones. Payment will be made to the Contractor as soon as the money can be collected off the property. Proposals to be left with A. HOBSON, South Commons, or

JOHN WRIGHT, Chair'n of Com.
au19:td

MONONGAHELA WATER COMPANY.—At a meeting of the Commissioners of the Monongahela Water Company, held August 24th, at the Birmingham Council Chamber, James Salisbury was appointed Chairman, and John P. Fears, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Chambers, it was resolved that that the books of the Monongahela Water Company be re-opened to receive subscriptions to the stock of said company, commencing on THURSDAY, the 27th day of August, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m., continuing open until further notice, at the following places: At the office of Esquire Ammon, East Birmingham; at the office of Esquire Salisbury, Birmingham; and at the office of James Miltenberger, South Pittsburgh. According to the charter, one dollar per share will be paid on subscribing. au24:4t

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary have this day been granted to the undersigned on the last Will and Testament of Adam Wilson, late of the City of Pittsburgh, deceased, all parties knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them without delay to

JOHN WOODSIDE, Philadelphia;
JOHN R. McCURE, Pittsburgh;
WM. WALKER, Allegheny City;
au26:1t&d4w Executors.

NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing between ADAM WILSON and JOHN WILSON, under the name of A. WILSON & CO., has been dissolved by the death of ADAM WILSON. The undersigned has this day purchased the interest of his late partner from his Executor, and will continue the Soap and Candle Business, at the corner of Rose and Third streets, under the old firm name of A. WILSON & CO. All persons indebted to the firm are hereby requested to settle their accounts.

JOHN WILSON
August 24, 1863 au26:6t&4d&w

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner 9 and 22d streets, Washington, D. C., August 25th, 1863.

PUBLIC SALE OF CONDEMNED ANIMALS will take place at the Corral, near the Observatory, in this city, on the 1st, 5th AND 8th WEDNESDAYS OF SEPTEMBER, 1863, the 2d, 16th and 30th days of the month. The property is condemned as unfit for public service.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. of each day, and be continued from day to day until the number on hand shall be sold.

Terms cash, in Government Funds.

C. H. TOMPKINS,
au25:4tm&3t Capt. and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

FARM WANTED.—A Farm of land, on any of the railroad lines, not over 40 miles from the city and not over two miles from a station. It must be first quality soil, with good buildings and other improvements, and may contain from 50 to 150 acres, more or less. Any person wishing to sell such a farm, may find a purchaser by addressing "M. S., Gazette Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.," stating particulars about quality of soil, location, number of acres, improvements, price, &c. au22:tf

VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—Containing 11 acres, beautifully situated on the Ohio river, and adjoining Courtney's station. This place is fenced, greater portion in meadow, and well watered, convenient to the city, and offered at a low price and easy terms

Also, A THIRD OF LAND adjoining the above, containing 10 acres. From this place one has the most extensive view of the railroad and Ohio river. The ground is rich and just the place for a country seat. Apply to H. KOLBIN & CO.,

au27 102 Fourth street.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of Andrew Kirkwood, deceased, late of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, have been granted to the subscribers. All persons indebted to said estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them to

JOSEPH W. KEBR,
ROBERT KIRKWOOD, } Executors.
au26:6t&w Residing in Allegheny City.

SALE OF STEAMBOATS.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 21, 1863.

I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following steamboats, wrecked in the Cumberland river, with machinery and other appurtenances, as they lay in the river: (1) STEAMER "W. H. BIBB," near head of Harpeth Shoals; (2) STEAMER "CHARTER," five miles above Harpeth Shoals. Sealed bids will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., SUNDAY, Sept. 13th, 1863.

Bids will be received for each boat separate, and the boats will be sold separate to the highest bidder. A bond to the amount of 25 per cent. of the amount offered for each boat, signed by two responsible sureties, to be forfeited on neglect or refusal of paying the amount bid, (if the bid is accepted,) will accompany each bid

Bids will be addressed to the undersigned endorsed "Proposals for Steamboats."

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids

F. A. WISELOW, Capt. and A. Q. M.
By order of Col. THOMAS WORSHAM,
au27:td&td A. Q. M. Gen. U. S. A.

MCGREGOR'S MARBLE WORKS, 355 LIBERTY STREET.

A beautiful and varied assortment of

MARBLE MANTELS, Monuments and Grave Stones

ALSO,

PLASTER PARIS, ROSENDALE AND PORTLAND TOWN CEMENT.

fy30:1ywe

BOERHAAVE'S BITTERS, BOERHAAVE'S BITTERS, BOERHAAVE'S BITTERS,

The great cure for Dyspepsia,
The great cure for Dyspepsia,
The great cure for Dyspepsia,

Selling at half price, by

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Corner Fourth and Smithfield streets.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE only 50c. au26

MR. A. H. ENGLISH respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh, that he has been appointed sole agent for the sale of Myers & Son's original CURRENT ANTI-CORROSIVE PEN. They are recommended by the largest houses in the city, among which are

GRAFF, BENNETT & Co., | SINGER & Co.,
McCORMICK & Co., | IRON CITY TRUST Co.
KIDD, PAINTER & Co.,
and others. jel6:1y

28,000 BEAVER FIRE BRICK

For sale at the

EXCELSIOR COAL AND LIME YARD,

MARION AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY

au18:lawtwth JAS. RENIE.

LEATHER BELTING, of the best manufacture, always on hand, at Nos. 86 and 88 St. Clair street.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE FAIR

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL

EXHIBITION

OF THE

PENNA. STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,

WILL BE HELD AT

NORRISTOWN, MONTGOMERY CO., PA.,

September 29th and 30th and October 1st and 2nd 1863.

Norristown is about seventeen miles west of Philadelphia, on the Schuylkill river and is accessible by railway to every portion of the State.

The grounds are beautifully situated, containing 25 acres of ground, with fine large buildings thereon erected, together with large amount of stalls, &c. The track is said to be one of the best half mile tracks in the state. The premiums are the heaviest ever offered by the Society, amounting to about $7,000. The premiums for all grades of cattle exceed $1,000, five of which are $30 each, 19 from $25 to $15, others running down to lower rates. Best herd not less than 10 head, 1st premium, $40; 2nd premium, $15.

Horses for all grades the premiums exceed $1500. The highest $100; 25 between $50 and $20, and others ranging from $15, $10 and $5. For Sheep and Swine the premiums range from $10 to $5 and $3.

For Poultry there is a long list of premiums from $2 to $1 each. In the following classes most liberal premiums are offered: Ploughs, Cultivators, Drills, Wagons, Reaping and Mowing Machines, Cutters, Corn Shellers, Cider Mills, Pumps, Buckets, Tin Ware, Leather and its Manufactures, Gas Fixtures, Marble Mantels, Butter, Flour, Grain and Seeds, Vegetables; and also for Domestic and Household Manufactures, Cloth, Carpets, Satinet, Shirting, Sheeting, Blankets, Flannels, Shawls, Knit Goods, needle-work, &c., Bread, Cakes, Preserves, Jellies, &c.

Large premiums are offered for every variety of Fruit and Flowers. The Floral Tent will be the largest ever erected by the Society, and will contain one of the most attractive features of the Exhibition. Fruit, Grapes and Wines will be exhibited in this Department.

The Pennsylvania Railroad and Norristown Railroad have arranged to carry articles for exhibition to and from Exhibition freight free, requiring the forward freight to be prepaid, which will be repaid shipper when goods are returned to the station whence shipped. It is hoped to effect the same with other important roads.

Excursions at reduced rates will be run on all the leading railroads.

Entry can be made at the office, in Norristown, after the 4th day of September. All articles must be entered on the books on or before Tuesday evening Sept. 29th. Exhibitors must become members. Membership $1 00, with four coupon tickets, each of which will admit one person to the Fair ones.

SINGLE ADMISSION.....25 CENTS.

A list of Premiums and Regulations can be had by addressing the Secretary.

THOMAS P. KNOX, *President.*
A. BROWER LONGAKE, *Sec'y.*
Norristown, Pa. au27:tf

NEW FALL GOODS.

1863.

New	WHITE, ORR & CO., No. 25 FIFTH STREET, Have now in store one of the best selected stocks of Domestic & Housekeeping Goods Ever offered in this market, comprising Linen and Cotton Sheeting; Pillow Linen, Pillow Muslin; Dimity Quilts, Marseilles Quilts; Turkish Quilts; Table Linens, Table Napkins; Towelings, (Huck and Diaper); Summer Blankets; French Twills and Cassimes; Table and Piano Covers; Turkish Bath Blankets.	Goods.
New	WHITE, ORR & CO., No. 25 FIFTH STREET, Have for sale a large line of HOSIERY, among which are Ladies' White Cotton Hose; Ladies' Unbleached Cotton Hose; Ladies' White Lace Hose; Ladies' Unbleached Hose; Ladies' Black Lace Hose; Ladies' Slate Lace Hose; Misses' White Lisle Hose; Misses' Unbleached Cotton Hose; Misses' Merino Cotton Hose.	Goods.
New	WHITE, ORR & CO., No. 25 FIFTH STREET, Have a varied collection of HOOP AND BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, Plain and Striped Goods for SKIRTING. au22:tf	Goods.

GOOD BOOKS, Containing

Sixty-eight New and Popular Songs,

FOR SIX CENTS. Mailed, post-paid, on receipt of eight cents, by

JOHN P. HUNT.

Photograph Albums.

The best, the strongest, the neatest and the cheapest in the city, at S. HUNT'S.

CARTES DE VISITE,

From 50 cents to $1 a dozen, all kinds, at

HUNT'S.

All NEW BOOKS, all LATE PAPERS, all LATE MAGAZINES, at

HUNT'S.

STATIONERY AND BLANK BOOKS, WALLETS AND POCKET BOOKS, PORTFOLIOS AND POCKET INKSTANDS, at

JOHN P. HUNT'S

Wholesale and retail

Book, Stationery, Magazine and News Emporium,

MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.

au17

LLOYD'S STEEL PLATE TELEGRAPH, EXPRESS AND RAILROAD

MAP,

OF THE

United States, Canadas & New Brunswick,

SIZE, 5 BY 6 FEET.

Accompanying each main Map is an independent MAP OF THE EASTERN STATES, in a scale ten times as large as the main Map—size, 4 feet in dimensions. The two Maps together show no less than 60,000 RAILROAD STATIONS.

Sold only by subscription. Subscription Books now open.

J. W. PITTOCK, Sole Agent,

OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE.

au21

$10 REWARD.—A reward of TEN DOLLARS, and the reasonable EXPENSES INCURRED, will be paid for the apprehension and delivery of any DESERTER at the Headquarters of the nearest Provost Marshal, and the same reward for any

DRAFTED MAN,

not exempt from Military Duty, who *fails to report after having been duly notified.*

All persons are warned against HARBORING OR GIVING EMPLOYMENT TO A DESERTER, under the penalties prescribed by act of Congress of May 3d, 1863.

By order of the Provost Marshal General.

J. HERON FOSTER,
Provost Marshal, 2d District, Pa.

Provost Marshal's Office, 2d Dist., No. 90 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

August 24, 1863. au27:2t&d&3t&w7t

CLOTHES WRINGERS.—The "Universal Clothes Wringer" is the only one that will give perfect satisfaction. It saves time, labor, money and patience. Every woman should have one in her house, as it will pay for itself in the saving of clothes. For sale by

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
au24 88 and 88 St. Clair street.

DRY GOODS.

SECOND ARRIVAL

OF

NEW FALL GOODS,

AT

J. M. Burchfield's.

NEW FANCY SILKS;
BLACK FIGURED SILKS;
PLAIN BLACK AND COLORED SILKS;
FRENCH MERINOES, colors;
BARATHEAS, a new style;
PLAID CASHMERES.
FIGURED MOUS DE LAINES;
PLAIN GOLD ALPACCAS;
FANCY SHIRTING FLANNELS.

A full assortment of

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS

Just received. Call soon and examine the stock.

au26

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

SILKS.

AT

BARKER'S,

59 MARKET STREET.

A REDUCTION OF

50 PER CENT.

IN BLACK AND COLORS.

ALL NEW SHIRTING MUSLINS,

12½c. Per Yard.

au26

LAWNS,
BERAGES,
ORGANDIES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
BERAGE GRENADINES,
SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
SUMMER SACQUES,
SUMMER MANTLES,
SUMMER SHAWLS,
FRENCH LACE POINTS,

ALL OUR SUMMER GOODS MARKED DOWN

VERY CHEAP!

To make room for our NEW STOCK, at

Alexander Bates',

21 FIFTH STREET.

Country Merchants supplied at reasonable prices.

CLOAKS, of every description, manufactured daily. au22

INDUCEMENTS ARE OFFERED TO

PURCHASERS OF

HANDKERCHIEFS,

AT

JOS. HORNE & CO.'S.

Having always made our

HANDKERCHIEF DEPARTMENT

a speciality, we are enabled to offer BARGAINS in

PLAIN LINEN, EMBROIDERED, HEMMED & HEMSTITCHED,

HEMS.

A large stock always on hand.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

au19

INTERESTING TO THE LADIES!

We are selling at a REDUCED PRICE

Cotton Hosiery,
Gloves,
Lace Mitts,
Embroideries,
Veils,
Sleeves,
Waists, &c.

Hoop Skirts, slightly soiled, at half price.

We are receiving the latest styles of HEAD-DRESSES, NETS, new Fall DRESS TRIMMINGS, belts, buckles, &c.

WHOLESALE ROOMS up stairs.

MACRUM & CLYDE,

NO. 78 MARKET STREET,

au19 Between Fourth and Diamond.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS WILL FIND AT

BARKER'S,

No. 59 Market Street,

Just what they need for

REPLENISHING THEIR STOCK,

And at the

LOWEST EASTERN CASH PRICES.

au17:tf

BEAD AND BUGH TRIMMINGS, FINE BOSTON KNITTING YARNS, All colors PARIS TRIMMINGS, ALEXANDER'S KID GLOVES,

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
au22 No. 17 Fifth street.

GENTLEMEN'S FINE SHIRTS, SHIRT COLLARS AND TIES, HALF HOSE AND SUSPENDERS. Choice colors of fine FLANNEL TRAVELING SHIRTS at

EATON, MACRUM & CO.'S,
au22 No. 17 Fifth street.

BELTS AND BELT CLASPS.—A choice lot of FINE STEEL, GILT AND JET BELT CLASPS, BLACK AND FINE COLORS OF ALL SILK BELTING, received by express this day.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
au22 No. 17 Fifth street.

HAIR NETS AND HEAD-DRESSES. A full assortment of INVISIBLE, BRAID & BRAID NETS; CHENILLE, RIBBON & FANCY HEAD-DRESSES, received and sold wholesale and retail by

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
au22 No. 17 Fifth street.

JUST RECEIVED—An elegant lot of REAL MALTESE LACE COLLARS, A fresh importation, the newest patterns, prices ranging from 50 cents to $4 00.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
au22 No. 17 Fifth street.

PLANT SEED.—50 bbls Calcinet Plaster.

HENRY H. COLLINS,
au20

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. M. H. HARDING WILL AND DAY SCHOOL for young ladies and children reopen on the first of Sept. No. 23 Hancock street. Pittsburgh. Circulars may be obtained at the Principal, au25:2w

PENN INSTITUTE, Aug. 27, 1863. Pittsburgh.

The undersigned desire to inform their friends and the public generally that they have entered into partnership for the purpose of conducting the above Institution. The next Session will commence on MONDAY, September 14th. Terms, $50 per quarter of twenty weeks. Circulars can be had at the school, Penn and Hancock streets, or at our rooms, Fifth street.

Rev. J. B. SMITH, A. M.,
au24:2w A. H. WILLIAMS, A. M.

W. H. WARNHAM'S