Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 25.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by G. R. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	60	70
12 " M.	105	85
6 " P. M.		87
Barometer	29 0-10	

Important to Sharpshooters.

The First and second regiments, United States Sharpshooters, are to be filled up to the maximum number at once from drafted men and veteran volunteers, who can do the shooting required by General Orders for this branch of service, viz: A "string" of five consecutive shots, not exceeding twenty-five inches, with a target rifle, distance two hundred yards, at rest, or the same string, with open sights, one hundred yards, at rest. Drafted men who are desirous of joining this arm of the service can do so upon furnishing an affidavit, made before a justice of the peace, that they have made the target specified above, and presenting the same to the commandant of the rendezvous on their arrival. Men who have been not less than nine months service, and received an honorable discharge, desiring to enlist in the sharpshooters, can do so by applying to the Provost Marshal of their District, or to the authorities designated by the Governors for recruiting veteran soldiers, and furnishing the affidavit of shooting above. They will be mustered in as sharpshooters, and receive the $402 bounty allowed by the Government, and will be accredited to the quotas of their respective States as specified in General Order 191, War Department, current series. All recruits, whether drafted man or volunteers, will address Col. H. Berdan, New York, who has been ordered from the field to superintend this work. They furnish a copy of the affidavit required, their address, and the probable time when they will arrive in the rendezvous and the place of the rendezvous, that proper steps may be taken to forward them to their regiments. The Sharpshooters are armed with splendid breech loading rifles, costing $43 a piece, and the above affords a fine chance for men who desire to join a corps where their skill with the rifle will be appreciated and made effective by a good weapon.

Pittsburgh Female College.

We direct attention to the advertisement of this most excellent institution, found in another column. We have so often spoken of the claims of the Pittsburgh Female College, now stronger than ever, that we need not advert to them at this time. The trustees have manifested the same liberal policy as heretofore, in the employment of a large, able, and accomplished faculty of nine-teen teachers. These are not mere novices, but persons who have devoted their life-time to teaching, and many of them have had from ten to twenty years experience in their profession. While the solid branches, as they should, are deemed of most importance, the facilities in the ornamental branches, such as vocal and instrumental music, drawing, painting and needle work are unsurpassed. The French and German languages, too, are taught by most able and accomplished native teachers.

Our design, however, was not to dwell upon these matters, but to call attention to the extensive alterations and additions now in progress, for the accommodation of the pupils of the college. These additions, made at a heavy expense, will make the College in size, what it already is in every other respect, one of the first institutions in the land. A largely increased number of boarders can be accommodated, and we are pleased to learn that nearly all the rooms have already been engaged. The Chapel will no doubt in size, standing in one of the largest to be found in any similar institution. There will also be an additional recitation room, a beautiful hall for the Literary Society, and a magnificent room for the Art Gallery and Cabinet. The College has grown into magnificent proportions, and is in every way worthy of the astonishing patronage it is receiving, both at home and from abroad. We wish it all possible success in its grand and glorious mission.

Pittsburgh Regular Baptist Association.

The minutes of the twenty-fourth anniversary of the Pittsburgh Regular Baptist Association, held at Mars Hill Baptist Church, Westmoreland county, in June last, have been printed, and a copy forwarded us for perusal.

There are nineteen churches in the Association, attended at which number 2,125 church members. Their Sunday Schools contain 1,640 scholars and 158 teachers, with 4,560 volumes in the libraries.

Total amount of contributions received during the year $1999.89, of which $659.20 was to the Sunday School.

The Committee on the state of the country reported a series of six resolutions, which were unanimously adopted. The following are two of the resolutions:

Resolved, That the authors, aiders, and abettors of this slave-holders' rebellion, in their desperate efforts to nationalize the institution of slavery, and to extend its despotic sway throughout the land, have themselves inflicted on that institution a series of most terrible and fatal and suicidal blows, from which we believe it can never recover, and they have themselves thus fixed its destiny and hastened its doom; and that, for thus overruling what appeared at first to be a terrible calamity, to us the production of results so unexpected and glorious, our gratitude and adoration are due to that wonder-working God, who still "maketh the wrath of man to praise him: the remainder of that wrath he restrains." Psalm 86: 10.

Resolved, That we have behold with joy and gratitude the earnest and manly efforts which the hitherto neglected if not despised colored man is now putting forth upon the field to secure his freedom, proving undeniably his fitness both for its privileges and enjoyments.

The Drought.

The dry season, which has continued in this region for over two weeks, was most happily interrupted yesterday afternoon by a very short, though very heavy and refreshing shower. The earth had been completely parched by the excessive and long-continued heat, and all kinds of vegetation were suffering from want of rain. The pasture, which is exceedingly coarse throughout the country, had become almost insufficient for the support of cattle, and many springs had dried up in the farming districts. Indeed, there was a universal cry for rain, and the long-expected blessing was received with thankful delight. We have not experienced so severe a drought for many years—the showers for the past four or five weeks having been scanty and few in number. The fall crops have suffered severely in consequence, and in this section of country the yield is expected to fall below the average. The prices of all kinds of feed for horses and cattle will doubtless rule very high during the winter.

A NOVEL SUIT.—A singular case of disorderly conduct came before Alderman Donaldson yesterday. Mrs. Catherine Hanley, having been blessed with twins, was made the subject of a most odious comparison by Mr. Thos. Conway and his wife and daughter—who compared her to a very useful, though at the same time a very prolific animal, easily distinguished by its grunt. Mrs. Hanley did not like the compliment of the Conways, which it is alleged was passed upon the public street, and hence the suit. Several witnesses have already been examined, and the case will be continued until to-day.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.—Yesterday afternoon a man named George Hanning, entered the store of Mr. Parker (alias "Cheap John") on Fifth street, and asked to see some caps. While the boy was waiting upon him, he took a pair of drawers from the counter and secreted them under his cloak. Mr. Parker happened to see the thing, and (singularly enough) other Hanns just then chanced to pass by the store. He was called in, and took Hanning into custody—finding the stolen property in his possession. He was held for trial.

Our Book Table.

SHOULDER-STRAPS. A Novel of New York during the Army. 1862. By [illegible] Pittsburgh: For sale by J. P. Hunt, Wayne Hall, Fifth street; W. A. Goldsmith, 55 Fifth street; and Henry Miner, next door to Post Office. 382pp. 12mo.

Mr. Morford holds the pen of a ready writer. As editor of the New York *Atlas*, and as the contributor of some exceedingly piquant articles to magazines, his name is already well known in literary circles. If we remember rightly, his friend Dr. Shelton McKenzie, to whom he inscribes this "novel of New York and the Army," some months ago took occasion to suggest to him the writing of a story dealing with the manner of man, and the men and manners, of the days—evil or otherwise—on which we have fallen. Hence, perhaps, "Shoulder-Straps"—concerning which the same good-natured and accomplished critic, gratified, no doubt, with the fruitfulness of the hint he had thrown out, thus writes:

"This is the first attempt of any importance, to produce a novel out of the war, events connected with it, and characters involved in it. In the delineation of these characters, Mr. Morford has been very successful, and he has been successful, also, in contrasting their lights and shades. The hero and heroine of the story are a certain Tom Leslie, who have traveled, studied, seen life, and wasted wealth, but, by energy and ability, has reached a respectable position on the New York press, and Josephine Harris, a very uncertain but charming hoyden, with a large heart and brusque manner, who fall in love with each other almost at first sight. The villain of the tale is one Col. Egbert Crawford, representing a class of men who abounded in New York at the beginning of the war, pretending to raise regiments, showing mock muster rolls, drawing rations for imaginary companies, and generally cheating, under the mask of loyalty and patriotism. This man is a murderer at heart, also, and when foiled in his evil purpose, finally plunges into the war in earnest, and finds a soldier's grave at Antietam. The author shows much judgment in leaving him the virtue of valor, for, as Byron said, "None are *all* evil." There are four or five distinct love-plots in this story: Leslie and "Joe" Harris; Harding and "Bell" Crawford; Frank Wallace and Emily Owen; Richard Crawford and his cousin Mary; Dexter Ralston and Marion Hobart. Seldom has any one volume contained more love scenes. There is mystery, too, as well as fortune-telling, and many incidents which may as it they actually had occurred. The quiet humor of the visit of a couple of civilians to a "Camp Lyon," near Brooklyn, showing the system and discipline of recruiting, even in last summer, shows that Mr. Morford can amuse his readers without running into farce.

Characters well drawn, adventures full of interest, yet not strained to improbability, and a general success in pulling the strings by which several parties are brought into relation with each other, are the good points of this tale."

This is high praise,—and speaking of the work simply as a *story*, no doubt every word of it may be well deserved; but if any reader should be so weak as to accept some of Mr. Morford's statements as *history*, we have only this correct to enter—that no competent critical authority, however friendly, has yet pronounced a judgment on that point. But it comes to us as a story, and as a cleverly written story of great interest, dealing with events so recent that they have not yet arranged themselves into artistic, or any other kind of perspective, we accept it for its mission—which we take to be, the amusement of that great nondescript, the reading public.

CARLISLE BARRACKS TO BE REBUILT.—We learn that the United States Barracks at Carlisle, recently destroyed by the rebels, are to be rebuilt during the coming autumn. Capt. E. G. Wilson, A. Q. M., advertises for proposals for two hundred and fifty thousand feet of white pine or hemlock lumber, and twenty-two thousand feet of yellow pine flooring material. Proposals will be received until 4 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday. The lumber to be delivered at Carlisle Barracks, on or before the 10th day of September.

EAST BIRMINGHAM LOTS.—This afternoon at two o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, the remaining eight lots in the plan laid out of property occupied as Redman's Lumber Yard. These lots occupy a position in the borough of East Birmingham, that will always make them valuable as homes, being situated at a convenient distance from several large manufactories, and the Passenger Railway. Parties looking for good investments need better attend this sale.

CAUGHT AT LAST.—The well known Patrick Russell, who keeps a drinking house on Washington street between Webster and Wylie streets, was about two months ago prosecuted for selling liquors without a license. He managed to escape to New York State, where he remained till within a week or two past, when he returned to this city. He was caught yesterday by officers Gleason and O'Donnell, and after attempting to escape, was safely placed in the lock-up.

DIED:

JACK.—On Monday, 24th inst., at fifteen minutes before nine o'clock, JOSEPH WILSON, youngest son of Alexander and M. J. Jack, aged 19 months.

The funeral will take place on TUESDAY AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LONG.—On Sabbath, Aug. 23, at 8 o'clock p. m., Mrs. SARAH LONG, consort of the late Joseph Long, Esq., in the 63d year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on TUESDAY AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 59 Ferry street. Religious services at 3½ o'clock.

LEWIS.—On Sunday, 23d inst., of cholera infantum, GEORGE F., youngest son of Joshua and Eliza Jane Lewis, aged 3 years and 6 months.

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

REV. J. G. PRESHING, D. D., PRESIDENT.

BEST SUSTAINED COLLEGE IN THE STATE.

The Fall term of the Pittsburgh Female College will commence on TUESDAY MORNING, Sept. 1. A large and able Faculty of eighteen teachers has been employed, and arrangements made for the accommodation of an increased number of pupils. During the vacation, important additions have been made, and the College now affords unsurpassed facilities for acquiring a solid and ornamental education. Native teachers have been employed to give instruction in French and German. Pupils received in the regular College classes, or in any of the ornamental departments.

A NORMAL CLASS

Will be formed at the commencement of the term, and also one in

TELEGRAPHING.

FORTY DOLLARS per term pays all expenses in the boarding department, except washing and fuel. Send to President PRESHING for a catalogue.

H. SIMPSON, Press'y Trustee.

aug25-7t

McCARGO'S MARBLE WORKS,

225 LIBERTY STREET.

A beautiful and varied assortment of

MARBLE MANTELS,

Monuments and Grave Stones.

ALSO,

PLASTER PARIS, ROSENDALE AND JOHNSON TOWN CEMENTS.

jy24:3mos

THE DRAFT.—Persons who are drafted, who are entitled to exemption for cause laid down in the Conscription Act of March 3, 1863, or who wish to be relieved by the payment of $300, *from this gross and draft* or who to procure a substitute to take their place *during the war*, will find it to their advantage to call on me, as I am fully prepared with blanks, &c.

J. K. HORNER,

No. 107 Fourth street, near Smithfield street.

jy15:3mos

BOLOGNA SAUSAGE, very choice, and will keep good to any weather, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. BENSHAW,

corner Liberty and Sand streets.

ROSES, VERBENAS, HELIOTROPES, &c.—Without exception the largest and best collection of Bedding Plants about the city, at

HULLOCK'S OAKLAND NURSERY

Call and look at them. av11

OIL BARRELS.—100 empty Crude Oil Barrels for sale by

HENRY H. COLLINS.

CEMENT.—100 bbls N. Y. Cement.

HENRY H. COLLINS.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14, 1863.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

From Richmond papers, of the 21st inst., we glean the following:

Gov. Letcher has ordered the rebel General Assembly of Virginia, elected in May last, to meet in Richmond in extra session on Monday, 7th of September next, for the purpose of devising means for public defence. He says it will require extraordinary exertions on their part to meet the advancing large levies of additional federal troops.

An editorial in the *Sentinel*, of the 21st inst., in discussing what the rebels lost by the fall of Vicksburg, asserts that the Federal Government was over one year in taking that stronghold, and that we lost in that time, in battle, by sickness and desertion, perhaps, one hundred thousand men, and that one hundred and fifty million dollars would not cover the costs to us in accomplishing the work.

It expresses the opinion that it will cost the Government one hundred thousand men and two hundred millions of dollars a year to hold and navigate the Mississippi River. It concludes that, while the rebels have lost much by the fall of Vicksburg, we have gained little or nothing, and are less able than before to subjugate the South.

The Raleigh *State Journal* says: A Yankee deserter, who entered our lines below Kingston on Wednesday, states that the Yankees have been receiving large reinforcements of cavalry and infantry at Newbern, and that the whole force has moved up to Deep Gully, twelve miles from Newbern. He further states that they were making preparations for a raid on Raleigh.

Gen. Beauregard has recently urged the departure of all non-combatants from Charleston, and prohibited the ingress of any more. There should be no mistake concerning the views, either as to the immensity of the danger at this point or as to the character of the defence that he will make. Let it be distinctly understood by everybody that Charleston is to be defended to the last extremity. If the harbor is taken, the city is to be fought street by street, and house by house, as long as we have a foot of ground to stand upon. It is high time that public attention should be directed to this subject. We were pleased to learn that the gentlemen comprising the Commission met yesterday. We trust that in their efforts to make Charleston ready forthwith to withstand shelling they will have the co-operation and assistance of the entire population. Nothing could save us and the country in the event of its fall but the most heroic and devoted exertions. Nothing can save Charleston but a desperate defence. One and all, let us bestir ourselves and make ready at once for the rapidly approaching struggle. Let none be caught napping, and no obstacles be thrown in the way of our military authorities.

THE SITUATION OF THE CONFEDERACY.

The *Sentinel*, in a long editorial on the situation of the Confederacy, argues that the South has no cause yet for despair, and that they can put 850,000 men, between the ages of 18 and 45 in the field, and that according to Mr. De Bow, who has compiled the statistics, in no event during a long war can the Confederate strength be reduced under 70,000, if the people are in earnest. The mail population between the ages of 18 and 45 is said to amount yet to 1,181,500. During the two years of the war not less than 120,000 males having passed from under to over 18 years of age.

The *Sentinel* and *Whig* are at loggerheads over the character of Jeff. Davis.

The *Whig*, in its issues of Thursday last, charges Jeff with wicked and unworthy motives, which the *Sentinel* promises to reply in its late issue.

The *Sentinel*, of the 21st, has a long editorial claiming that the federals have gained a loss by the capture of Vicksburg, at being a terribly unhealthy place.

ORDER IN RELATION TO THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

Hereafter, under orders, no prisoner of war, after having been reported to the Commissary General of prisoners will be discharged, except upon an order from the Commissary of exchange of prisoners. Merely offering to take the oath will not be good ground for his discharge, but cases where it can be shown that prisoners were impressed into the rebel service or can plead indiscreet youth, followed by open and declared repentance, may be specially reported.

Taking the oath of allegiance implies an assumption of all duties of citizenship.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Rebel guerrillas have, for some time past, disturbed business on the Ohio and Chesapeake Canal, by attacking the boats and stealing horses from them near Seneca.

On Saturday a party of Col. Baker's men, armed with repeating rifles, ambushed a party who were tampered by the halt of half a dozen boats, and after killing several, scattered the balance over the country.

The rebel report of the retirement of iron clads at half mast from the attack from Wagner and Sumter was caused by the signal of the death of Capt. Rodgers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24, 1863.

To-night I learn, from a reliable private source, that the present mission of Gov. Curtin in Philadelphia is to have an understanding with the military authorities here, with the view of establishing a thorough cavalry organization of many thousand strong, and to be organized particularly in the eastern counties of the State. There is much afoot in regard to the next raid of Gen. Lee's army North. That army will never make another raid this way; but Gov. Curtin has received reliable information that a cavalry raid is projected, and may come before the October election, thus throwing the State into confusion at a very important crisis.

Gov. Curtin is the man of the age. No alarms but cautious. It is contemplated to raise a cavalry force of 25,000 men to be held in readiness in case of a cavalry raid which is not at all impossible.

We have not yet received anything further from Fort Sumter, but it is generally conceded here that the old dag now floats over what is left of it.

The death of Rear Capt. Rodgers is greatly regretted. He was a brave and good man.

I have just learned that the first British steamer Hebe was captured at the mouth of New Inlet, North Carolina, on the 18th inst. She was running the blockade of Wilmington, N. C., when two of our gunboats gave chase. The Hebe was run ashore, but our boats succeeded in destroying the Hebe and her cargo, which was full and valuable. In consequence of the swamping of one of our boats about a dozen of our men were taken prisoners.

H. A. W.

From Newbern.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 23d.—A mail has just arrived from Newbern with dates from our correspondent [illegible], who writes as follows. The rebel papers in this state and Virginia clamor loudly for the suppression of the Raleigh *Standard*, the official paper of the state, which lets defence to Jeff. Davis and all his destructives in the Southern Confederacy. Its circulation is larger than that of any other journal in the South, and is rapidly increasing, which, together with the endorsement of its cause by public meetings in different parts of the state indicate conclusively that it but expresses the wishes of the people of North Carolina. Its columns are open to the ablest writers in the state, and their statesmanlike articles against secession are unanswerable.

The editor, W. W. Holton, who caned the rebel editor of the Raleigh *Journal* a short time since, threatens Jno. Mitchell, of the Richmond *Examiner* with like treatment.

The Holston, Tenn., *Journal*, speaking of the condition of affairs in East Tennessee, says: What is Bragg—we don't know the strength of his army, and if we did it would be improper to make it known—but we may say that, taking the present status of his antagonist into account, and his well-known adroitness, he will find his situation a most hazardous and perplexing one, unless there is greater energy and promptness shown than now seems to exist in this Department.

It is apparent that Rosecrans intends to flank him on both sides. He will no doubt throw into north-west Georgia a massive column, and another into East Tennessee, by way of Sparta. Suppose the former ensues, whatever security has Bragg taken to fall back to Atlanta, and if he does this what will become of East Tennessee.

Intelligence from Gen. Wild's African brigade, now in South Carolina, states that the colored troops are eager for the fight, and their discipline excellent. The health of the troops continues good.

Maj. Gen. J. J. Peck and his staff has arrived here, and takes command of the Union forces in North Carolina.

Latest Southern News.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 23.—The flag of truce steamer New York, arrived at 6 o'clock last evening from City Point, bringing down about three hundred released Federal prisoners. They also brought a large number of women and children from the South, seeking better homes at the North.

The Richmond *Whig*, of the 21st, says the loss of Vicksburg and the failure of Gettysburg, are the two events of the year which seems to render highly probable a long continuance of the war, apart from the victories to be may achieve in the field. There are but two means of counteracting the baneful effects of these events and bringing hostilities to an early close—these are either foreign intervention or a determined opposition by the conservative masses of the North to the abolition faction which has control of the Government at Washington. A long and protracted war will prove a great evil wholly unmixed with good, for the longer the war continues, the more thoroughly exasperated the Southern heart would become with the whole Yankee race and Yankee institutions. We want the aid of France, we are able to pay for it, and let us do it, we shall then have peace or the power to work a rich revenge on our foul foe.

Charleston, Aug. 20th.—The Yankees seem determined to incorporate as much of the negro element as possible in their attack on Charleston. A colored regiment one thousand strong, left Philadelphia on the 13th inst., for Charleston. The Staunton Va. *Spectator* says there is no truth in the statements of the Richmond papers, that there were conflicts between Gen. Imboden's troops and the enemy near Staunton last week.

Morton, Mississippi, Aug. 18th.—There is no further news from the Yankee raid on the Mississippi Central Railroad. The raid consists of 1,200 men, who started from Yazoo City, and intercepted the two trains at Durant. The latest heard of them they were taking the trains up the road, and Gen. Whitfield's cavalry in hot pursuit.

Lee Reported Reinforced.

New York, Aug. 24.—The *Herald's* Washington dispatch states that Lee has been receiving reinforcements the past week, and is evidently preparing to attack us. Our recent report that the enemy are making preparations for an early campaign, and contemplates movements similar to that made last August. Deserters corroborate this intelligence. Our cavalry were recently engaged on the enemy's flank.

Gentlemen who left Richmond on the 17th, state that nothing had been said about Capts Sawyer and Pilot being executed.

Three iron-clad gunboats are completed and three more are building in James river.

The James river is full of torpedoes.

Very gloomy feelings prevail regarding Charleston, and although confidence is felt in Beauregard, there was little hope of a favorable result, and the people are prepared for the worst.

Arrival of Gens. Grant and Thomas at Cairo

CAIRO, Aug. 24.—Gen. Grant and Adjutant General Thomas arrived yesterday from Vicksburg. Grant is on a tour of inspection through his Department. Both Generals are in excellent health and spirits.

The ammunition boat City of Madison blew up at the wharf on Tuesday last, from careless handling of percussion shell. Upwards of fifty persons are reported killed. No particulars.

Seventy-seven locomotives and six hundred cars have been destroyed, on the Mississippi railroads, since the first investment of Jackson, 5th.

J. P. Hawkins, Deputy Commander, has been promoted to Brigadier General of colored troops, at headquarters, Goodrich Landing, Louisiana. Several new colored regiments have been started by Gen. Thomas, and enlistments are progressing favorably.

The Draft in New York

New York, Aug. 24.—The drafting to-day in the First, Second and Third Wards was performed without any difficulty. Several merchants, bankers, members of the press and telegraphers were elected.

A small detachment of the 71st Militia was attacked by about 200 villains last evening, wounding two of the former. The arrival of the reinforcements found that the gang had gone.

Captured by the Florida.

New York, Aug. 24.—The ship F. B. Cutting, Capt. Maloney, arrived this morning, with 230 passengers, from Liverpool. He reports that the ship was captured by the pirate Florida in lat. 41° 10', long. 44° 20', on the 6th inst., but was bonded for $40,000, and allowed to proceed on her voyage. The pirate showed only the American flag, and when last seen, on the 6th, was in chase of another large American ship.

Important from Charleston.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 24.—The steamer Maple Leaf arrived from off Charleston on Thursday, at which time Sumter's guns were silenced, and several breaches made in the walls. No doubts are entertained but the rebels would soon surrender Sumter. The Monitors were close under the guns of Wagner, and by the aid of our sharpshooters had nearly silenced the enemy.

From the Army of the Potomac.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—A gentleman who returned from the Army of the Potomac, says the regiments are daily filling up with recruits.

Three privates from Rhode Island, who had just arrived, were shot while in the act of deserting.

Examination of Baggage Discontinued.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 24.—A military order has been issued discontinuing the examination of baggage of passengers over the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Postoffice Robbed.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—The Salem Postoffice was broken into last night, and every letter in it stolen.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—The Flour market continues dull, and only 500 barrels were sold at $5,12½ for Superfine up to $6,50 for fresh ground; Extra Family steady at $7,75@8. Corn Meal at $4. There is not much Wheat offering, and the demand is very moderate; sales of 3,000 bushels at $1,38 for old, and $1,10@1,20 for new; 500 bushels prime Kentucky white sold at $1,45. Sales of new Rye at 90c. Corn has advanced, and is in demand; sales of 8,000 bush. yellow at 81c, an advance of 1c. Oats lower; sales of 3,000 bushels new Delaware at 53c. Provisions more quiet; sales of Mess Pork at $14@14,25; 200 cases Hams sold at 11½@12½c. There is no change in Petroleum. Whisky is quiet; sales of 500 barrels Pennsylvania and Ohio sold at 47½c, and a drudge at 46c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Flour dull, heavy and 5 cts lower at $4 60@4 80 for extra State, and $4@5 40 for extra Ohio. Wheat dull; receipts 128,336; common 1@2c lower for winter red. Corn—receipts, 144,432; the market is 1@2c better with a limited supply at 71@72c. Oats lower at 80@84c. Pork and Beef quiet. Lard scarcely so firm at 9½@10½c. Whisky quiet.

Stocks very strong; sterling 109¾; U S 6s 81; coupons 107¾; Gas Trust Certificate 90¼; Gold 24; New York Central 185; Erie 120; Reading 107¼.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.

A. F. CRAWFORD, General Agent.

No. 18, Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8:6m

FOUR DOLLARS, four dollars.

Four dollars, four dollars.

Dental Institute, Dental Institute.

Best cheap Dentistry, best cheap Dentistry.

No machine work, no machine work.

CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.—Sam'l Graham, merchant tailor, is selling off his Spring and Summer stock of goods at cost. They consist of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, of which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable manner, and at cost price. The public should not neglect to avail themselves of this rare chance and save money by giving him an early call.

Also, a large assortment of plain and fancy cassimeres, well adapted for boys' wear, which he will sell by the piece far below cost. Mothers should not neglect to call early.

SAM'L GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,

No. 54 Market street.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS!—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weler & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 128 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready-made clothing, got up in the best manner.

NEW ARRIVAL OF SUMMER CLOTHING.—Often we are asked, where can we buy a neat and comfortable summer suit, made to order, thus having the chance of selecting our own goods? To all these inquiries we can answer, go to Messrs. W. H. Hobse & Co., corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny, and you will be suited according to your taste. They have just received their summer goods, and for elegance of styles they cannot be surpassed, and for fitness they are the very persons, as their work is all done under their own supervision. Give them a call, and you cannot fail to be satisfied.

BETTER THAN ANY OTHER.—REV. MRS. E. C. ANDRUS, *for many years Missionary to Hayti, now of Martinsburgh, N. Y.*, (the climate having seriously affected her hair and scalp, writes, "I have derived much benefit from the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. I have tried various other remedies, but never anything that *so materially and permanently benefitted me.*"

Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 193 Greenwich street, New York. dew

WEAR AN AMOUNT OF SUFFERING AND DISEASE among the volunteers would be prevented by the free use of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT. For Wounds, Sores and Scurvy, the Ointment is a certain cure, and for Bowel complaints, Fevers, Small Pox, &c, the Pills are the best medicine in the world. Only 25 cents per box or pot. 721

TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION.—Rev. H. V. Degen, Boston, Mass., writes—"That Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum promotes the growth of the hair where baldness has commenced, I have the evidence of my own eyes." Sold by Druggists everywhere. Depot, 198 Greenwich st., New York. dew

WE had the pleasure, to-day, of calling upon our young friend, J. B. Millikes, and found him flourishing as usual. Mr. Millikes is a young man with whom we would wish our readers to deal with. Always willing to accommodate, and always having a fine stock of Perfumery, Patent Medicines, and in fact anything in the drug line, and of the best quality, therefore don't fail to give him a call.

IRVING COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—A select classical school for ladies, corner of Beaver street and Stockton avenue, Allegheny city, Pa. The seventh semi-annual session commences on Monday, September 7th. For circulars or other information, as to tuition or board, call upon or address the Principal.

MRS. E. A. SMITH.

aug21:2wms

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, AGENTS AND ALL OWNERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Guthrie's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield street. All orders promptly attended to.

WESTERN UNIVERSITY.—The fall term of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next. For particulars see catalogue, to be had at any of the bookstores in the city.

Aug. 10th, 1863. eod:2w

CAUTION.—The public are hereby notified not to negotiate any notes or bills of exchange purporting to be endorsed by A. Fink, as such endorsements are forgeries.

A. FINK.

aug20:3t

GOOD NEWS FOR THE LADIES.—New silks, black and colored, at a reduction of fifty cts. per yard. Dress goods, &c., at the same rates. Skirting muslin, at 12½ cents per yard, at Barker's, 59 Market street.

OMNIBUS AND CARRIAGE CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance. 6m.

A. SILL, Dentist, 246 Penn street, attend to all business of his profession.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, Washington City, August 5th, 1863.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for its circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863 and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 6th day of August, 1863.

HUGH MCCULLOCH,

Comptroller of the Currency.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.)

CAPITAL, $400,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c., receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1854, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

DIRECTORS:

James Laughlin, Alexander Speer,
Robert S. Hays, Francis G. Hailey,
Thos. Well, Alex. Bradley,
Thos Wightman, Samuel Rea,
Wm. K. Nimick,

JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.

JOHN D. BUSLEY, Cashier.

August 5th, 1863. au10:6md

MATTINGS.

NEW PATTERNS, FRESH PIECES.

We are now receiving our fresh stock of a very large and well selected assortment of

Matts, Canvas and Fancy Mattings,

to which we invite the attention of our friends and the trade, as we are prepared to show them the finest and most extensive assortment of Mattings ever offered in this market, and at prices which will compare favorably with those of last year.

In every style and of a superior quality.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

jy6 59 FIFTH STREET.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

THE UNION COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE will meet at the Office of Marshall & Brown, corner of Fifth and Grant streets, on EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p. m. au14

POLITICAL NOTICE.—Persons desiring to hold meetings in the various Election Districts throughout the county, can procure HAND-BILLS AND POSTERS, ready printed, free of charge, by applying to D. S. FERGUSON, No. 84 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. au15

UNION CONVENTION.—Pursuant to the order of the Union Executive Committee, of Allegheny county, the undersigned hereby request the Delegates who represented the loyal citizens of said county in Convention on June 2d, 1863, to RE-ASSEMBLE IN CONVENTION, at the COURT HOUSE, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, September 3d, 1863, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of Sheriff.

A. H. BROWN, Chairman.

JOHN H. STEWART, Secretary. as20d4wts

RALLY! RALLY!!—All Loyal Citizens of Allegheny, City and vicinity, who are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war, and in sustaining the Administration in the suppression of the rebellion will meet on THURSDAY EVENING, August 27th, in the Allegheny Diamond. Distinguished speakers will be present and address the meeting.

By order of the Union Executive Committee.

au25-td

FREEMEN RALLY!

GRAND UNION MASS MEETING!

The freemen of Allegheny County, lovers of the Union and opponents of Copperheadism, will meet in

MASS CONVENTION,

ON

Thursday, September 3, 1863,

ON THE

WEST COMMONS, Allegheny,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK P. M.

Eloquent speakers have been secured and will be in attendance. Let us have a GRAND RALLY FOR THE UNION.

By order of the Union Executive Committee.

au22-td

THE UNION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CASPAR GANG, Third Ward, Allegheny;
RICHARD PERRY, Monongahela Borough;
D. D. FERGUSON, Lower St. Clair tp;
JOHN K. BROWN, Second Ward, Allegheny;
D. O'NEILL, Second Ward, Pittsburgh
SOL. SCHOYER, Jr., Esq., Fourth Ward, Allegheny;
SAMUEL BARCLAY, Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh;
JOSHUA RHODES, Fourth Ward, do;
M. B. MITCHELL, Penn township;
SAMUEL P. DARR, Lawrenceville;
D. H. PALMER, Jr., Peebles township;
F. C. SEGLEY, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh;
JOHN F. BRAVO, Mifflin township.
JAMES SAXTON, Reserve do;
FRANK MCCLELLAND, Crescent township;
JAMES DICKSON, Sewille township;
JOHN M. PORTER, Tarentum;
WILLIAM BRICKELL, Richland township;
H. O. MACKRELL, Esq., Sixth Ward, Pittsburgh.
A. H. BROWN, of Pittsburgh, Chairman.
J. S. STEWART, Collins tp., Secretary.

Finance—A. H. BROWN, D. O'NEILL and J. S. STEWART.

Printing—D. S. FERGUSON, D. O'NEILL and SAMUEL BARCLAY.

Organizing Meetings and Speakers—H. C. MACBRELL, 114 Fifth street; JAMES BAXTER, 117 Third St.; SOL. SCHOYER, Jr., 129 Fourth street; D. H. PALMER, Jr., Fifth tp; JOHN K. BROWN, 133 Federal street, Allegheny; D. S. FERGUSON, 84 Fifth street.

Persons desiring to hold Union Meetings in the various election districts throughout the county, will be furnished with Speakers by calling on any of the above named Committee. au20

MILITARY NOTICES.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 22D DISTRICT OF PENN'A, 88 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Aug. 24, 1863.

EXEMPTED FROM DRAFT.—In accordance with orders, I publish the