Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 28.

CITY AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS for the Gazette, by C. E. Shaw, Optician, No. 55 Fifth street—corrected daily:

	IN SUN.	IN SHADE.
9 o'clock, A. M.	80	76
12 " M.	113	80
6 " P. M.		72
Barometer		29 5-10

Union County Ticket.

For President Judge of the District Court.
MOSES HAMPTON.

For Assembly.
I. JOHN P. GLASS.
II. ALFRED SLACK.
III. HANS B. HERRON.
IV. WM. H. DENNISTON.
V. THOS. J. BIGHAM.

For Clerk of Courts.
WM. A. HERRON.

For County Treasurer.
DAVID AIKEN, Jr.

For Recorder.
ABDIEL McCLURE.

For Register.
WM. J. RICHARDSON.

For County Commissioner.
GEORGE HAMILTON.

For Director of the Poor.
JOHN F. DRAVO.

Pittsburgh Sanitary Committee.

The following donations have been received at the rooms of the Sanitary Committee, No. 59 Fourth street, during the week ending Saturday, July 25th:

Soldiers' Aid Society, Coolspring, Mercer county, Pa.—32 pillows and cases, 6 sheets, 30 towels, 24 shirts, 17 pairs drawers, 31 handkerchiefs, bandages and rags, 6 sheets paper and envelopes, soap, large lot dried fruit, 8 cans fruit.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Sharpsburg, Mercer county, Pa.—9 shirts, 6 pairs drawers, 4 towels, 2 pairs socks, 2 dressing gowns, 2 cushions, lot dried fruit, soap, 12 combs, 2 musquito nets, 12 fans, 11 sheets paper, 1 package envelopes, 1 bottle ink, bundle bandages.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Freeport, Pa.—Large lot papers, books and pamphlets, 7 sheets, 26 towels, 10 handkerchiefs, 76 pads, 6 cans fruit, lint and rags.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Espyville, Pa.—8 shirts, 1 pair slippers, 2 pairs drawers, 1 roll linen, 5 pads, 2 bed-gowns, 1 bottle plum wine, 2 pillows, 1 paper herbs, 1 paper hops, 2 packages dried fruit, 1 package pepper, 1 package tea, 1 package catnip, 1 paper pins, 1 firkin butter, bandages, papers.

J. Adler & Co.—1 keg whisky.

Ladies of Union township, Jefferson county, Pa.—178 pads, 3 neckties, 19 handkerchiefs, 37 bandages, old flannel and muslin, 4 sheets, 10 towels, lint, 1 old linen coat, 6 packages dried fruit, 1 pair drawers, 1 pillow case, 3 pillows, 2 coats, 1 can fruit.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Uniontown, Pa.—50 pairs drawers, 21 shirts, 25 handkerchiefs, 18 sheets, 1 pillow case, 13 pads, 4 pairs old pants, 4 coats, 1 vest, 1 pair socks, 3 pairs linen drawers, muslin, linen, bandages and lint, 10 sacks dried fruit, 3 cans fruit.

S. A. S., Sharon, Pa.—9 cans jelly, 4 cans fruit, 10 sheets, 12 towels, 1 can maple molasses, 2 shirts, dried fruit, lint and bandages.

Mrs. Whitmore—13 handkerchiefs.

W. McClintock—1 roll carpet.

S. A. S., West Newton, Pa.—18 old shirts, bandages and rags, 3 pounds tapioca, 4 pounds arrow root.

Mrs. Jas. Caddy, Shanly Station—11 lemons, 3 handkerchiefs, 6 cans fruit, large lot reading matter.

L. A. S., Clarion, Pa.—2 quilts, 2 sacks dried berries, 4 cans fruit, bandages, muslin, 1 flannel shirt, 13 muslin shirts, 7 dressing gowns, 11 pairs drawers, 11 handkerchiefs, 3 old shirts, 1 bolster.

Mrs. James H. Logan, Coal Bluff, Pa.—2 cans blackberry jelly, 3 cans fruit, 1 can tomatoes, 5 old shirts, 2 bottles elderberry wine, 1 bottle blackberry cordial.

Hebrew L. A. S.—75 pairs drawers, 6 muslin shirts, 2 flannel shirts, 9 pairs socks.

Miss Marks, Economy, Pa.—3 bottles fruit, 7 jars fruit.

Miss Louisa Mellor—5 handkerchiefs, 2 prs socks, 2 shirts, 2 pairs drawers, 1 vest, 1 linen coat, 1 pair slippers, literature, old linen.

J. G. McKnight—3 cans tomatoes, 2 papers corn starch, 3 papers farina, 3 bars toilet soap, 3 papers ginger, 2 papers pepper, 1 box mustard, 1 sack table salt, 3 papers alspice, 3 qts dried peaches.

S. A. S., New Brighton, Pa.—12 dressing gowns, 24 pairs drawers, 11 sheets, 22 shirts, 13 bed ticks, 4 linen coats, 1 vest, 126 handkerchiefs, 10 hop pads, 3 pillows, 25 cravats, 54 towels, 1 pair socks, papers, books and stationery, old muslin, 8 bottles currant shrub, 5 bottles vinegar, 3 bottles wine, 1 bottle catsup, 3 jars fruit, 7 packages dried fruit, 1 bag beans, 4 papers corn starch, 10 cans fruit.

Soldiers' Aid Society, East Liverpool, O.—24 pillow cases, 12 sheets, 12 towels, 32 shirts, 3 coats, 4 pairs drawers, 3 pads, 48 cans fruit, 25 pounds dried fruit, bandages, lint, and reading matter.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Allegheny, Pa.—2 blankets, 4 pads, muslin, linen and shirt, 2 pairs pants, 2 summer coats, 1 musquito net, 19 shirts, 37 pairs drawers, 3 pairs socks, 43 handkerchiefs, 3 neckties, 7 pillows, 7 pillow cases, 57 cans fruit, 1 glass jar fruit, 1 bottle blackberry wine, 3 bottles catsup, 1 sack dried fruit, 16 dozen eggs.

Miss Mary E. C. Herron—A lot of reading matter.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Sewickly, Pa.—10 musquito nets, 1 pillow case, 3 towels, bandages, old muslin, 12 shirts, 10 old shirts, 3 undershirts, 45 handkerchiefs, 3 pairs drawers.

Soldiers' Aid Society, West Liberty, Pa.—3 pillows, 18 sheets, 33 handkerchief, 48 towels, 21 shirts, 10 pairs drawers, 13 pillow cases, large lot bandages, lint and muslin, 11 pads, 13 sacks dried fruit.

Fackiner and Irwin—1 office desk.

Baker and Henries, Economy, Pa.—7 boxes each containing 3 dozen bottles currant shrub.

Charles Spang—1 barrel vinegar.

Ladies' Aid Society, Brownsville, Pa.—7 woolen shirts, 1 bottle cherry syrup, 35 handkerchiefs, 4 muslin shirts, 2 packages sugar, 6 old shirts, 1 pound rice, 3 towels, 1 arm sling, 1 sack potatoes, 5 dressing gowns, 6 coats, 1 musquito net, 6 vests, 3 pairs drawers, 3 pillow cases, rags and bandages, 1 package soap, 2 pounds rags, 6 jars fruit, 1 bottle raspberry vinegar.

Mrs. David Bruice—3 pairs slippers, 1 linen coat, 3 bottles currant wine, 2 jars jelly, old muslin.

Soldiers' Aid Society, Waynesburg, Pa.—18 cans fruit, 5 bottles catsup, 3 cans currant jelly, 1 package nutmegs, 14 pounds starch, 3 boxes sahres, 5 sacks dried fruit, soap, 12 coats, 2 vests, 1 pair pants, 7 shirts, 15 old shirts, 5 pairs drawers, 85 handkerchiefs, 16 towels, 8 fans, 3 packages stationery, 9 sheets, 9 pillows, 38 pillow cases, 8 quilts, 23 pads, bandages, lint and rags.

The following donations of money have been received by James Park, Jr., Treasurer of the Pittsburgh Sanitary Committee, since last report:

From a Friend	$12 63
Citizens of Lawrenceville, per Capt. C. A. Dravo, Coll.	50 50
	20 00
Mrs. L. P. Hitchcock	50 00
S. A. S., East Liverpool, Ohio	79 89
Friends in Hancock, Va	
Citizens 4th ward, Pittsburgh, per Messrs. Horne and Porter	1164 75
Citizens 1st ward, Pittsburgh, per Fitzsimmons and Getty	110 00
Thos. McKee	25 00
Jos. McKee	25 00
Mrs. Ann Underwood, Greensburg	50 00
August Ammon, for Birmingham Lodge	20 00
Citizens 5th ward, 2d precinct, per Messrs. J. Felix and Jos. French	249 00
Manchester, per John R. Parks	94 88
James Reed	5 00
Baker & Henries, received July 11th, omitted in previous report	345 55
Total	$2465 93

ATTENTION! YOUNG MEN—Lieut. A. J. Gilson, of the Light Battery, Mississippi Marine Brigade, has arrived in this city on recruiting service, for his battery of artillery. Those wishing to connect themselves with a battery that has seen service in the Southwest—particularly at Vicksburg, may find Lieut. Gilson at the office of J. W. Moffit, Esq., 4th and Grant streets. Lieut. Gilson was formerly a well known printer of this city. The Lieutenant wishes it distinctly understood that he has a *fighting* battery, and for it wants only firstrate men.

GREAT BARGAINS in Summer stock of boots, shoes and gaiters, this week, at McClelland's Auction House, 55 Fifth street.

Meeting of City Councils.

The regular monthly meeting of City Councils was held on Monday evening, July 27th.

In *Select*, present, Messrs. Allen, Herdman, Miller, McCarthey, Morrow, McClintock, Phillips, Quinn, Rees, J. Reed, D. Reed, Wills, Young, McAuley, President.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

Mr. J. Reed presented a petition asking for the paving or repairing of Second street. Read and accepted.

Mr. Phillips submitted a petition signed by nearly all the members of the Night Police, asking for an increase of pay from $1,25 to $1,50 per night, in consequence of the increased cost of living. They also agree to waive all right of fees, in case this increase of pay is granted to them. Read and accepted.

Mr. Allen, a petition from property holders of Union alley, between Logan and Elm streets, calling attention to its obstructed and filthy condition, and asking that it be graded and paved. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Morrow, a petition from citizens of the Eighth Ward, asking that the grade of Linden street, between Chestnut and Boyd, be fixed by ordinance. Referred to Street Committee.

Communication from the City Controller, covering bill of T. H. Rabe for $38,00; and Thomas Lemon, $21,50. A resolution was adopted authorizing the bills to be paid.

A bill of R. H. Hartley, for hose, was read and referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Rees offered the following, which was read and adopted:

WHEREAS, The ordinance relative to huckstering is daily violated by persons engaged in the retail grocery business, by purchasing vegetables at and during market hours, for the purpose of re-selling the same, therefore,

Resolved, That the Superintendent of Markets, be instructed to return the names of such persons as may violate such ordinance, to the Mayor, for prosecution.

Mr. ——— presented the following:

Resolved, That the City Solicitor be instructed to proceed, without delay, and use all lawful measures to prevent the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from appropriating to their own use and benefit any of the streets, alleys and sidewalks in the Fifth and Ninth wards of the city, until the proper and legal consent of the councils may be first obtained, and a fair remuneration may be agreed upon.

Resolved, That the Select and Common Councils, in the name and on behalf of the citizens, whose interests they as Councils represent, do hereby solemnly protest against the unwarrantable conduct of the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in appropriating streets, alleys and sidewalks within the city limits, to their own use and benefit, without proper authority or remuneration, and that we, on behalf of our citizens, warn the said company that the time may come (and may be brought about speedily, by the action of said company, when "patience may cease to be a virtue," and when the people, in their assembled might, may insist upon their rights being respected by *corporations* as well as individuals.

Resolved, That the City Solicitor be requested to address a note to Gov. Curtin, asking for information as to the reasons why an act passed by the Legislature during its last session, having reference to the grading, paving and sewering of Pittsburgh, has not been signed by him, and asking also for information as to what unseen influences, if any, have been brought to bear to prevent the said act from becoming a law. For this information we have a right to ask and will expect an early and respectful reply.

On motion, the resolutions were considered separately.

Mr. Phillips moved to strike out of the second resolution, all after the words "without proper authority or remuneration." Agreed to.

The first resolution, and the second resolution as amended, were adopted.

On motion of Mr. J. Reed, the clause in the third resolution, "asking for information as to what unseen influences have been brought to bear to prevent said act from becoming a law," was stricken out.

The yeas and nays were called upon the final passage of the third resolution, as amended, and resulted as follows: Yeas, 10; nays, 4. The nays were Messrs. Allen, Morrow, Wills and Young.

In Common Council, the resolutions were read, and a motion to postpone further action was made. The yeas and nays were called, and resulted—yeas, 9; nays, 11. Further action was barred by adopting a motion to adjourn.

Mr. McCarthy submitted the following preamble and resolution, which were adopted without a dissenting voice:

WHEREAS, This community has been deeply grieved to hear that persons holding disloyal sentiments have been, and are now, employed in the Allegheny Arsenal; and believing that the policy of making no distinction on the part of the Commandant of said Arsenal, between sound unconditional Union men and those who have no party and sincere opposition to the unholy and iniquitous attempt to destroy this Government and build upon its ruins, one whose corner stone, as declared by Alex. H. Stephens, is founded upon Slave labor, is unwise and calculated to shield treasonable conduct from the odium and detestation which properly belongs to it. Therefore,

Resolved, That a Committee of five—two from the Select and three from the Common Council—be appointed to investigate the facts of the case, and lay them before the Secretary at War for his action.

Mr. J. Reed offered an ordinance for the grading and paving of Second street, from Wood to Market, which was adopted. In C. C., referred to Street Committee.

Mr. D. Reed offered the following:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be authorized to examine all the cases under the general grading and paving assessment of May 8th, 1858, which may be referred to them by the City Solicitor, and they are hereby authorized to release the whole, or any part, of any such assessment, in such cases where they may be satisfied that justice and equity require such release.

Read three times and passed.

Mr. D. Reed, the following:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to take legal means for the suppression of all stands or tables upon the streets for the purpose of selling cakes, apples, jewelry, and other articles, without paying therefor license to the city.

Read three times and passed. C. C. non-concurred.

The President read the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Trustees of the Gas Company be requested to extend a gas main from Penn street down Scott's alley to the lower line of the row of buildings lately erected by Thomas Scott, deceased; and also that said company be requested to erect one or more public lamps in said alley. In C. C., laid over.

Mr. Allen offered the following:

Resolved, That the sum of $1,000 be transferred from Appropriation No. 10, and $5,000 from Appropriation No. 11, to Appropriation No. 8—(Water Works)—for the purpose of laying 1,200 feet of four inch pipe on Locust street, in the Eighth ward. Adopted.

In *Common Council*, present, Messrs. Ardray, Armstrong, Bailey, Barckley, Coffin, Colville, Duffy, Feely, Holmes, Jeremy, Mackey, McVay, McTighe, Montgomery, McCandless, McClelland, McGowan, O'Neill, Steel, Sullivan and Killen, President—21 members.

Prayer by Dr. McCandless. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Armstrong offered an ordinance to authorise the grading, paving and setting with curbstone Morton street, from the Allegheny Valley Railroad, on Butler street, to the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The ordinance was read three times and passed.

Mr. O'Neill presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Finance Committee be and are hereby requested to inquire into the expediency of raising a temporary loan of $5,000, to be applied towards the maintainance of the families of drafted men within the city limits, who may in reality stand in need of relief, and the said committee are further requested to report at the next regular meeting of Councils.

Mr. McCandless moved to strike out "$5,000" and insert "$10,000."

The amendment was accepted, and the resolution as amended was read three times and passed.

Mr. McCandless offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, be instructed to refuse any warrant to the Vigilant Fire Company, for the balance of the appropriation for the current year, and that no steamer receiving appropriations from the city, be allowed to leave the city for the purpose of making a visit, without obtaining permission from the Councils.

Mr. McCandless called for the yeas and nays on its final passage, which were ordered and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ardray, Armstrong, Bailey, Barckley, Coffin, Colville, Coward, Hays, Holmes, Jeremy Mackey, Montgomery, McGowan, McCandless, McClellan, McVay, McGowan, O'Neill, Steel, Sullivan, and Killen, President—20.

Nays—Messrs. Duffy and Feely—2.

So the resolution was passed.

Mr. O'Neill offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and is hereby requested to use stringent measures for the enforcement of the ordinances prohibiting the running at large of hogs and unmuzzled dogs within the city limits.

Mr. Baily moved to lay the resolution on the table and called for the yeas and nays on the motion. The vote was as follows:

Yeas, Ardray, Bailey, Barckley, Colville, and Killin, President—5.

Nays, Armstrong, Coffin, Coward, Duffy, Hays, Holmes, Jeremy, Kearns, Montgomery, Mackey, McCandless, McClelland, McVay, O'Neill, Steel, and Sullivan—16.

So the motion was lost.

Mr. McCandless moved to strike out the word "hogs," which was agreed to.

The question on the resolution as amended, the yeas and nays were ordered and were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Armstrong, Bailey, Barckley, Coffin, Hays, Holmes, Jeremy, Mackey, McCandless, McClelland, McVay, O'Neill—12.

Nays—Ardray, Colville, Coward, Duffy, Kearns, Montgomery, Steel, Sullivan, and Killin, President—9.

So the resolution was passed.

Mr. O'Neill introduced an ordinance to increase the pay of the night police. It increases each man's pay from $1,00 to $1,50 per night, and cuts off all perquisites for arresting vagrants, disorderly and drunken persons.

The ordinance was read three times and passed.

In Select Council, the ordinance was discussed at considerable length, and finally amended by striking out $1,50 per night for the watchmen, and inserting $1,25, and striking out $1,75 for the Captain and Lieutenants, and inserting $1,50. In this shape the ordinance passed, and will have to go back to the Common Council.

The President appointed Messrs. Mackey, Kearns, and Hays as the Committee on the part of the Common Council, to investigate the charges of disloyalty preferred against certain persons at the Arsenal.

In all action not otherwise noted there was a mutual concurrence when Councils adjourned.

The Capture of Morgan.

In our account yesterday of the operations of the Pennsylvania three months' regiments, in the capture of Morgan, we inadvertently ignored Col. Jas. R. Porter's very efficient regiment, from Indiana, Clarion and Jefferson counties. This regiment was the first to leave the city for the scene of action, and took part first in Portland, (Warrenton Ford) fourteen miles below Steubenville, and afterwards at Island creek, six miles above that city—at both of which places they guarded the roads conveying to fordings, and at both they intercepted Morgan and his band, and compelled him to turn back.

None of the Pennsylvania regiments either gave or received a fire during the operations, but all alike performed well the parts assigned to them by Gen. Brooks, and contributed largely to the final result.

It is but just to so fine a body of men as that commanded by Col. Porter, that they should share in the praise due to the Pennsylvania boys, for the part they took in the heading off and capture of the famous rebel chief.

RETURN OF ARTILLERY.—The detachment of one hundred and fifteen men, with two guns and one hundred muskets, which left the city last Friday to help look after Morgan, returned last evening from New Cumberland, West Virginia. During their stay at the town they were treated with great respect and hospitality by the citizens. The detachment returned in the steamer Cottage No. 2.

DISCHARGED.—Thos. Williams who was arrested last Saturday for furnishing Peter Mack, a soldier, with citizen's clothing and harboring him, had a hearing yesterday before United States Commissioner Sproule. J. J. Barry testified that Williams believed Mack to be a discharged soldier. Williams was then discharged.

SPECIAL LOCAL NOTICES.

GROVER AND BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.
A. F. CHATONY, General Agent.
No. 18, Fifth street.

THOMAS PARRY, Plain and Ornamental Slate Roofer, and dealer in Pennsylvania and Vermont slate of the best quality at low rates. Office at Alex. Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap8:6m

CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK AT COST.—Sam'l Graham, merchant tailor, is selling off his Spring and Summer stock of goods at cost. They consist of all the latest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, of which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable manner, and at cost price. The public should not neglect to avail themselves of this rare chance and save money by giving him an early call.

Also, a large assortment of plain and fancy cassimeres, well adapted for boys' wear, which he will sell by the piece far below cost. Mothers should not neglect to call early.
SAM'L GRAHAM, Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 Market street.

ATTENTION, RETURNED VOLUNTEERS.—The attention of our country's brave defenders recently returned from the seat of war, and of the public in general, is again directed to the very extensive and handsome assortment of the latest styles of French, English and American piece goods, for pants, coats and vests, lately received by Messrs. John Weiser & Co., Merchant Tailors, No. 128 Federal street, Allegheny. A tasteful selection of gentlemen's furnishing goods will also always be found on the shelves of the establishment, together with a lot of ready-made clothing, got up in the best manner.

NEW ARRIVAL OF SUMMER CLOTHING.—Often we are asked, where can we buy a neat and comfortable summer suit, made to order, thus having the chance of selecting our own goods? To all these inquiries we can answer, go to Messrs. W. H. McGee & Co., corner of Federal street and Diamond Square, Allegheny, and you will be suited according to your taste. They have just received their summer goods, and for elegance of styles they cannot be surpassed, and for fitness they are the very persons, as their work is all done under their own supervision. Give them a call, and you cannot fail to be satisfied.

CHEAP DENTISTRY.—At the Dental Institute, No. 251, Penn street, sets of teeth for four dollars, better than those at five dollars at the other dental establishments. All persons are requested to call at the Institute after having ascertained the lowest prices at the other cheap places. All work done at the Institute is guaranteed superior to any cheap Dentistry in the city.

OMNIBUS and CARRIAGE CALLS will be taken at the Omnibus office, No. 405 Liberty street, day or night. All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to. All calls must be paid in advance. 6m.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY HOLDERS, AGENTS AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.—For repairs or alterations to stores or dwellings, new roofs, or anything else in the Carpenter line, call at Cuthbert's Carpenter Shop, Virgin alley, above Smithfield streets. All orders promptly attended to. †

ALL sizes, makes and styles of Hoop Skirts, at McClelland's Auction House, 55 Fifth st.

C. SILL, DENTIST, 246 Penn street, attend to all business of his profession.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton dull at 61@62. Flour a shade better, but the demand is not very active; $5@5 15 for extra state, $7,50@7,80 for extra Ohio and $7,15@7,25 for trade brands, the market closing dull. Whisky dull at 45@45½. Wheat 1@2c better, the demand limited, and confined chiefly to good and choice parcels; $1,01@1,18 for Chicago Spring, $1,12@1,22½ for Milwaukie Club, $1,23@1,27 for Winter Red, western, $1,36@1,40 for White western, $1,40 for White Ky. Corn about 1c better, with only a very moderate demand at 65@69 for shipping mixed western. Oats plenty and dull at 71@77; the latter price was above the market at the close. Wool quiet and nominally unchanged. Sugar greatly unsettled under the news from Havana at 9¾@10½; Muscovado, 11½. P. R. pork heavy, but prices are without a decided change. Bacon and lard dull and nominal. Lard more active and firmer at 9½@10c, including very choice at 10½. Money steady; 6 per cent. sterling firmer, with a moderate business at 139¼@140½. Gold firmer, opening at 28¼, advancing to 29½, declining to 27½, and closing steady at 27½. Government stocks are steady with a moderate business. Stocks dull and irregular, and generally better. C. & R. I., 104½; M. & P. D. C., 69; P., Ft. W. & C., 77¼; C. & T., 118; G. & C., 93½; C. & P., 95; M. & P. D. C., 108; Illinois scrip, 118; Michigan scrip, 86½; M. C., 118; Harlem, 117; Hudson, 150; Erie, 104; Reading, 110; Erie, 99½; Mo. 6s, 90½; U. S. one year certificate, 99½.

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.
WASHINGTON, July 27, 1863.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

The following dispatches from E. A. Paul, the *Times'* correspondent with the army of the Potomac, has been received here:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, July 25—6 P. M.

The positions of the rebel army are as follows: On Friday at 6 o'clock a. m., the advance of Hill's and Longstreet's corps reached Culpepper. The columns were well closed up, and their entire corps must be concentrated there before this time.

Of this retrograde movement there can be no question. For two days I had a favorable opportunity to take a bird's eye view of both Hill's and Longstreet's commands, and on one occasion was quite as near them as was prudent for a non-combatant. Ewell's corps, it is understood here, still occupies the Shenandoah Valley, where it is guarding the fords on the Shenandoah and the rear of the rebel army.

This fact is supposed to explain the recent alarm about the alleged movements, indicating that Lee was not retreating, and was indeed preparing to return to Maryland.

The Excelsior Brigade had a fight yesterday at Ashby's Gap with the enemy, where the latter had both infantry and cavalry. After a brief, but severe contest, the enemy were repulsed, and a large number of prisoners captured. Among the wounded is Brig. Gen. F. B. Spinola.

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY DIVISION, AMISSVILLE, VA., July 25.—Yesterday, Gen. Custor, with three regiments of a Michigan brigade, under the command of Col. Gray, Col. Town, the senior officer being sick, advanced from this place to Newley's Cross Roads to reconnoitre the enemy's position. The 5th Michigan, in advance of the enemy's pickets, were met within a half mile of the Cross Roads, when the advance guard was dismounted and deployed as skirmishers, and one section of Pennington's battery, under Lieut. Clark, was placed in a position on the crest, at the left of the road, supported by the First Michigan, Major Brewer. For half an hour or more, a lively skirmish was kept up, when the advance skirmishers were reinforced by three squadrons from the 5th Michigan, and also the balance of these regiments acting as a reserve.

The men thus thrown forward steadily drove the enemy before them, until the crest of a hill was reached, near Cross Roads, when the enemy opened a brisk fire with artillery, firing shells, grape and cannister, and our advance was checked. This position was held for at least an hour, when, much to the astonishment of all, a regiment of the enemy's infantry appeared in the rear of the First Michigan, which was supporting the artillery above referred to. The whole section of country in this vicinity is so cut up that it is almost impossible for cavalry to operate effectually, and particularly difficult at the point where the enemy first made their appearance in our rear, as it was covered not only with trees up to within 20 rods of the regiment, but the intervening space was covered with undergrowth of pine trees and stubble. Gen. Custor, when made aware of this flank movement, at once ordered a charge to be made—practicable under ordinary circumstances, but just at this point an impracticability, which he very speedily discovered. Major Brewer fortunately started when ordered to charge, and the result was a change of the order. The section of artillery which was exposed rapidly moved to the right, while the 1st Michigan remained in position until the enemy fired one volley, and then wheeled to the right into a good position. A rapid retrograde movement brought them to the rear, and in a place of comparative safety.

While this movement was being executed on the left of the road, the enemy advanced two pieces to the crest of the hill in front, previously occupied by our skirmishers, and opened a galling fire upon our troops with grape and canister, at the same time advancing a column of infantry in the same direction. A portion of the right was forced still further to the right, and the left was forced back into the road, where the extreme left had preceded it. The retreat on the right was skilfully conducted by Col. Gray, who, notwithstanding the excitement of the moment, did not forget to extend protection to the artillery then within the enemy's grasp, and it was consequently saved. The enemy, after this, were held in check at every point, while the command, having felt the position, fell back to Amissville.

From information obtained from reliable sources, it was ascertained that a column struck the rear of A. P. Hill's command.

The advance of Longstreet's corps passed through Thornton's Gap and Sperryville on Thursday, and on Friday morning, at 6 o'clock, reached Culpepper. Hill's command was immediately in his rear.

To-day the cavalry moved up to Gaines' Cross-Roads, where the enemy's pickets were encountered and driven in, but the main command was beyond reach.

As Gen. Custor's orders were solely to ascertain the position of the enemy, in obedience to orders he fell back to Amissville.

Our loss in the two days' reconnoissance will probably not exceed six killed and thirty wounded.

Lieut. Sabin, of Gen. Custor's staff, was severely wounded in the side by a shell, and was left on the field. The enemy saw, but neither to parole or take him away, and this forenoon he was brought in.

During the most exciting time yesterday a horse in front of Col. Gray was killed, and Col. Gray's horse fell over the disabled animal, and before the Colonel could regain his feet he was run over by a whole squadron of the lead horses belonging to the skirmishers. His escape from fatal injury is attributed to the fact that many of the horses were bare-footed.

DECISION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that the certificate of exemption for those who have been drafted, and have furnished substitutes under the conscription act, being expressly required by law to be issued by the Board of Enrollment, is exempt from stamp duty. Any certificate which may be issued by a magistrate in connection with the proceedings under the conscription act, is subject to a stamp duty of five cents.

PERSONAL.

Secretary Chase left this morning at eleven o'clock in a special car for Philadelphia, New York and Newport. This evening's *Republican* reports that while absent he is to give away his oldest daughter in marriage to U. S. Senator and ex-Gov. Sprague.

MAJ. GEN. FRANKLIN

Has been ordered to New Orleans to report to Gen. Banks.

The returns of the enrollment under the conscription law for this city and Georgetown. The enrollment in this District show about 20,000 names in the classes, of whom nearly one-fourth are negroes. It need scarcely be added that there is not as much objection here to negro soldiers as there used to be.

A CONTRADICTION.

The announcement made in the telegram to the Associated Press, in the morning papers that 900 men of Gen. Morgan's command, who were lodged in Camp Chase prison yesterday, 26th inst., will be kept there in confinement until the officers of Col. Straight's brigade are released, is officially contradicted. No such orders have been given. The enlisted men will be kept at Camp Chase until arrangements for their exchange have been completed.

RETURN OF GEN. HOOKER.

Gen. Hooker has returned. It turns out that his visit west only extended as far as a country residence of a friend near Harrisburg. The rumor of his being sent to the Department of Missouri turns out, as we originally intimated was probable, to be groundless.

GEN. S. A. MEREDITH

Is ordered to Fortress Monroe to relieve Lieut. Col. Ludlow of the duties as agent for the exchange of prisoners.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The following dispatch was received to-day:

Flag Steamer Dinsmore, off Morris Island, July 21.—To Gideon Welles—SIR: I have the honor to inform the Department that on the night of the 19th inst. a large side-wheel steamer, trying to run into Charleston, was chased by the Canandaigua and other outside blockaders, and finally headed off and driven upon the shoals by commander Geo. W. Powers, of the Catskill, then anchored abreast of Fort Wagner on picket duty. The steamer was fired by her crew, and is now a total wreck.

The chances of success to such enterprises are materially lessened by our occupation of the main ship channel.

J. A. DAHLGREN, Rear Admiral.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.
PHILADELPHIA, July 27, P. M. 1863.

The emergency in Pennsylvania being over, three regiments arrived in this city this evening, on their return home. They had a grand reception both military and civic. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

The draft in the 2d and 3d Wards, of the 1st Congressional District, passed off to-day with entire satisfaction to the people. At the close of the proceedings, the Star Spangled Banner was sung by B. Parvin, the blind man who drew the names from the wheel. Over one thousand men joined in full chorus.

Substitutes are obtained at sums ranging from 80 to 130 dollars.

The secesh feeling in this city is far below par. The Union cause goes bravely on.

The dispatch as to the course of Louis Napoleon declaring Mexico an Empire, and placing Maximillian on the imperial throne in the Halls of the Montezumas, meets with the just indignation of the Union men of Philadelphia.

A public meeting is talked about to give the expression of popular feeling on the subject. It has staggered the rebel sympathisers in Philadelphia. Some think it is a hoax.

No news from the Army of the Potomac.

Southern News.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The following extracts are taken from the Richmond *Dispatch* of this morning:

Charleston, July 24—9 p. m.—The bombardment was renewed early this morning with rapid and continuous firing until a flag of truce went down at 9 o'clock. The attack was renewed this evening, the enemy occasionally firing at Cumming's Point, and Sumter replying heavily. The firing is still going on.

We sent down to the fleet to-day 105 paroled prisoners and received 40.

A physician just from Hilton Head says that 27 of our regulars took the oath of allegiance last Wednesday.

The casualties this morning were 3 killed and 6 wounded.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

Charleston, July 25.—Regular firing from Sumter and the battery on Wagner at the batteries on Morris Island was kept up all night and continued all to-day. The Yankees occasionally responded from their batteries on Morris Island.

The monitors and ironclads lying outside took no part.

The Yankees have two batteries on Morris Island, and have strengthened their position.

No casualties are reported to-day.

Another monitor arrived to-day, making six in all.

Morton, Miss., July 24.—The enemy evacuated Jackson yesterday morning. Capt. Wirt Adams' cavalry dashed in and captured a few stragglers.

Canton has also been evacuated.

Grant's entire army has gone to Vicksburg.

An attempt to blow up the State House failed, although it is badly damaged.

Our cavalry are pursuing.

They have destroyed all the machine shops, rolling stock and track between Jackson and Vicksburg.

Mobile will no doubt be the next place attacked.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

Morton, July 24.—An officer from Vicksburg says that McPherson's entire corps left that place on the 21st, moving up the river. Their officers stated that they were going to Richmond. Transports from above are constantly arriving. Nearly all the rolling stock and cannon were sent up to Grenada, and were consequently saved.

Jeff. Davis has issued a proclamation appointing August 21st as a day of humiliation and prayer.

Proclamation by Gov. Parker.

TRENTON, N. J., July 27.—Gov. Parker has just issued a proclamation stating that no draft has as yet been ordered in New Jersey; that thirty days would be allowed for the purpose of raising the required number of men by volunteering; that whatever may be raised in that time will be credited, should a draft be made; that there will be no draft for the old deficiency claimed to be due from the State. The proclamation closes by calling on the people to aid in raising the quota for this State, so as to avoid any necessity for a draft.

Veto of the Appropriation for Conscripts in New York City.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Mayor Opdyke to-day vetoed the ordinance, passed last week, to pay conscripts three hundred dollars, on the ground of vagueness and illegality. Other objections are also urged. He holds that the Common Council has had time since last March to remedy any supposed inequalities of the draft, but that they did not do anything until the ordinance was passed, thus appearing as a propitiatory measure to appease the mob.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 27.—The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 27th, has the following:

Atlanta, Georgia, July 23.—Gen. Rosecrans is organizing a force to attack the Western Georgia Railroad. Active preparations are being made for the defence of the City and railroad to Chattanooga.

The rebel Gen. Bowen died on the 16th.

From Gen. Herron's Division.

CAIRO, July 27.—Passengers, who arrived from Vicksburg on the 24th, state that Gen. Herron's division had returned from Yazoo river, and were preparing to go to some point farther South.

Sherman's old corps still occupied Jackson, but it was understood that it would soon fall back this side of Black river.

All quiet along the river.

Correction—Gen. Pillow.

NEW YORK, July 27.—A special dispatch from Cincinnati to-day says that on the authority of Major General McCook, General Stanley took only some 500 horses at Huntsville, Alabama, not 3,000 prisoners, as stated. Some 300 negroes followed General Stanley on his return.

General Pillow, with a large number of conscripts, was found on the opposite side of the Tennessee.

The Rebel Conscription Act.

New York, July 27.—The *Post's* Washington special says that returned prisoners from Richmond state, that in less than 24 hours after the issue of Jeff. Davis' conscription, a wholesale commenced there. It is believed that a general exchange of prisoners will soon be effected.

Sale of Five Twenties.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—The subscription agents reports the sale of $1,695,600 worth of "Five Twenties" to-day, by the various agencies.

Fight near Manassas Gap.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Advices from the Army of the Potomac say that large numbers of horses have been found in the mountain gorges and appropriated by our troops.

Our cavalry held the line of the Rappahannock on Saturday between Kelly's ford and Waterloo.

The *Star* says: On Thursday last while the Third and Fourth army corps of Gen. Meade's army were lying at the mouth of Manassas Gap on this side, information was received that Gen. Longstreet was sending a brigade of his corps forward, in order to possess himself of the Gap. Gen. Spinola, commanding the Excelsior brigade, with 800 men, were at once ordered forward. The commanding General supposed the rebels were only in small force on and behind the crest of a hill, about one mile from the Gap, between it and Front Royal, and they supposed this brigade was sufficient to dislodge the enemy. About a quarter of a mile from the crest of the hill was a stone wall, and behind it there was a small rebel force. Gen. Spinola at once took an observation of the ground, and after pointing out to his regimental commanders the work they would have to perform, he ordered his gallant brigade forward, and with fixed bayonets they rushed forward when the rebels quickly fled from the hill, and took refuge behind the stonewall. Up to this the brigade rushed also from behind bushes, and a whole brigade of Georgians and two regiments of North Carolina sharpshooters, all under the command of Gen. Anderson; but our troops heeded them not, and amid a shower of rifle bullets and artillery fire in the front and the flank, pushed forward, and with the bayonet drove the rebels from their protection, and sent them scampering over the field. The rebel loss was not less than 500 killed, wounded and missing. We had no artillery, while the rebels had at least seventeen pieces.

That night our army bivouacked on the battle ground, and the next morning marched into Front Royal. In this fight it is the opinion of military men that the rebels outnumbered us at least six to one, but they appeared to be completely fagged out, and after being dislodged from the stonewall they could not move up a hill on their way in an upright position, but crawled upon their hands and knees, thus giving our men an opportunity of pouring in an effective fire, of which they eagerly availed themselves.

In this fight Gen. Spinola received two very severe wounds—one in the right foot, which tore open the heel for two or three inches, and one through the fleshy part of the right side.

Movements of Troops—From Mexico and Havana.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The 8th regiment of regular infantry, and the 5th regular battery, moved their quarters to-day from City Hall Park to the Battery, where they will keep prepared for the mobites of this city.

By the Roanoke, we have City of Mexico dates of the 10th. It appears the council of notabilities declared that the Mexican nation through them select an Empire as the form of Government, and proclaim Maximilian of Austria, Emperor. Should he decline the throne, they implore the French Emperor to select a person in whom he has full confidence to occupy the throne. This proclamation was immediately made public, and a courier posted to Vera Cruz, whence it was sent by a French steamer to Havana.

The British consul at Havana has furnished the Diario with news via New Orleans, that Lee had whipped Meade on the 13th instant.

A large fire occurred at St. Domingo early in the month, destroying half a million worth of property.

The neutral English steamers Fannie Allen and Alabama, with cotton from Mobile, had arrived at Havana, and the steamer Isabel, from St. Marks, had also arrived with cotton.

Affairs in the Southwest.

MEMPHIS, July 26.—Billis and Jesse Forrest are reported to have again crossed the Tennessee river, and gone towards Jackson, Tennessee. Gen. Dodge has sent a force to meet them.

One of Gen. Hurlbut's scouts arrived last night, and reports that Pemberton and staff, and some of his officers, have gone to Richmond. His army has shattered in every direction. Pemberton said it was impossible to keep them together.

The rebels are pressing every body into their ranks. The excitement is intense. The rolling stock on all the railroads is all being run towards Mobile. Large quantities of cotton are going in the same direction.

The bulk of Johnston's army is reported at Martin, 30 miles east of Jackson. His force is estimated at 30,000. All surplus stores are being shipped to Mobile.

Gens. Hardee and Forrest passed through Meridian, on the 18th, going to Johnston. Forrest is suffering from a wound and is not fit for duty. Hardee's corps is reported going to Johnston, but had not passed Meridian up to the 22d.

A dispatch dated Martin, Miss., the 20th, states that all the generals and field officers taken at Vicksburg had been exchanged, but their men had straggled so that they were without commands.

From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—Hon. C. A. Wickliffe, anti-administration candidate for Governor, addressed a large and enthusiastic crowd, at the Court House, this evening, opposing strongly what he called the abolition policy of the government.

Gen. Hobson was serenaded at the Galt House, to which he briefly responded, saying that his mission was to fight rather than to talk. Hon. Robert Mallory followed, denouncing the views of Wickliffe, and arguing earnestly in favor of the government. Col. Mark Mundy closed the meeting with a speech combining both patriotism and humor, which, together with those of his predecessors, was warmly applauded by an enthusiastic audience.

Our City Councils are taking measures to attend the funeral of Hon. John J. Crittenden in a body, on Wednesday.

The Central Committee has called a convention of the Union citizens at Lexington, to nominate a candidate for Congress, vice Crittenden, deceased.

Vessels Captured by a Pirate.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The Boston papers announce the capture and destruction of the bark Good Hope, from Boston, for Cape of Good Hope, and the capture of the bark J. W. Seaver, from Boston for Hong Kong, by the pirate Georgia. The Seaver was bonded for $15,600.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Capt. Hart, Assistant Quartermaster at this post, was arrested this morning by order of Gen. Burnside, charged with irregularity in his accounts and appropriating the funds to his own use.

DIED:

WAGLEY—On Sunday evening, July 26th, 1863, SAMUEL WAGLEY, in the 33d year of his age.

Funeral on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, Beaver street, West Manchester. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

COME NORTH.—Brig. Gen. Shepley, Military Governor of Louisiana, arrived in New York, on Sunday, on the steamer Columbia, from New Orleans. He goes to Washington on business.

A LIVERPOOL paper says that there were, at the date of writing, forty ships en route from India to that town, with no less than 166,525 bales of cotton on board.

MILITARY NOTICES.

BOARD OF ENROLLMENT,
23d DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,
96 Fourth st., Pittsburgh, Pa., July 18 1863.

THE BOARD WILL MEET THIS MORNING, at 9 o'clock, and examine Substitutes until 10 o'clock, when the roll of Drafted Men for the Third Ward will be called at which time the persons drafted from that ward may—

1st. Produce the receipts of the Collector of Internal Revenue.
2d. Present an able-bodied Substitute, acceptable to the Board.
3d. Satisfy the Board that he is exempt by law, by reason of Physical Disability or otherwise.
4th. Ask and receive further time to procure a Substitute, or pay the commutation money.
5th. Receive his uniform, &c., and remain at the rendezvous until transferred to the camp about being established near this city.

DRAFTED MEN who report from the several districts on the days following will not be considered deserters for not reporting previously. Any who report before will be retained at these headquarters until their cases are reached.

Drafted Men are requested to bring with them the notices served upon them by the enrolling officer.

[illegible]

EXEMPTIONS.

For payment of $300 must be handed in the Office at any time. The exemption will be heard when the applicant is called before the Board.

IN SERVICE MARCH 3, 1863.

Those who were in service March 3, 1863, are exempt, on producing their discharges and evidences of identity.

ALIENS.

By order of the War Department, dated July 19, 1863:

Any person claiming exemption, on the ground of alienage, shall file before the Board an affidavit stating—

1st. That he is an alien, and setting forth the Government of which he claims to be a subject.
2d. The time when he came into the United States and where he resided since that date.
3d. That he has never declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and has not exercised the right of suffrage by voting at any election in any state.
4th. That he claims to be exempted from military service on the ground that he is the subject of a foreign Government and has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and has never voted in any State.

The affidavit to be supported by any proof the party may offer.

If the Board be satisfied that the party claiming exemption is fully entitled thereto, under the act of Congress, they will discharge him from draft. But if not satisfied they shall report the case, with the affidavit, through the Provost Marshal General, for decision by the Department of State, in the meantime suspending any action on the case until the decision of the Department shall be made. The certificate of the State Department shall in such case be considered evidence of the fact whether the person is, or is not, subject to military duty.

THREE DAYS' GRACE.

The Board of Enrollment will in pursuance of orders, allow any drafted man, giving proper notice of a substitute, (on the printed form) before producing him, THREE DAYS, after his examination (provided he answers to his name and appears the same when his name is called from the roll for his district,) to produce an acceptable substitute. Any drafted man, answering to his name, may have the same time to pay the three hundred dollars.

By order of the Board.
J. HERON FOSTER, President,
Capt and Provost Marshal 23d Dist. Pa.

jy18:tf

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
23D DISTRICT OF PENN'A,
96 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, July 27th 1863

EXEMPTED FROM DRAFT.—In accordance with orders, I publish the following list of persons exempted from draft by the Board of Enrollment in this District, to this date, with the reasons of the exemption:

BY REASON OF FURNISHING ACCEPTABLE SUBSTITUTES.

[illegible]

John W Painter, Peebles. [illegible]
Lewis Frank, 11th ward. [illegible]
Robert Lowe, Birmingham. [illegible]

PAID THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Geo C Smith, Baldwin. [illegible]
Jas B McFadden, 4th w'd. [illegible]

UNSUITABLENESS OF AGE.

Edward Sweeney, 4th ward—over 35 and married. Witnesses—James Sweeney, Edward Sweeney.
William Lee, alias Abner, mulatto colored 4th w'd; under 21. Witnesses—George Bailey, Jane Abercrombie, of Greensburg.
William Gee, colored, 3d ward; over 35 and married. Witnesses—J T Dunsane, Hiram Pollock.

ONLY SUPPORT OF AGED PARENTS.

John W Ruble, 6th ward. Witnesses—Nicholas Schorr, Margaret Rahe.
Wm J. Donnelly, 4th ward. Witnesses—Catharine Donnelly, Mary Ann McShane.

ALIENS WHO HAVE NOT DECLARED INTENTIONS.

John George Huffman 3d ward. Witnesses—Andrew Gerlach, Fred Miller.
Jno J Kelly, 3d ward. Witnesses—John Hamill, Wm Langton.
Patrick Kearns, 4th ward. Witnesses—M Connelly, John Timmony.
Wm Elliott, 4th ward. Witnesses—Owin Hamill, Wm Graham.
Henry Wagoner, 4th ward. Witnesses—Jno Basbert, B Freshborn.
Jno Woodward, 3d ward. Witnesses—John Garrett, W Longden.
Robert Johnston, 4th ward. Witnesses—Jno Linton, Robert Arthurs.
William Long, 4th ward. Witnesses—John Baker, Adam Johns.
Jno Schontag, 4th ward. Witnesses—John Kelvan, John Wingler.
Richard Tener, 4th ward. Witnesses—Isaac W. Tener, H Wylie.
Wm Richardson, 3d ward. Witnesses—Harry Chiris, John Wiley.
Jas Parkinson, 6th ward. Witnesses—Jno England, Samuel Abbott.

EXAMINED BY SURGEON AND REJECTED.

Michael Betts, 4th ward—no teeth in upper jaw.
Abraham [illegible], 4th ward—fracture of left femur.
[illegible]
Jacob B Long, 4th ward—defective teeth.
Jeremiah Boland 4th ward—defective teeth.
Henry Blobol, 4th ward—apoplexy of left leg.
E A Kirsmiller, 6th ward—deficiency of chest and chronic diarrhœa.
John J Vetzer, Birmingham—deficient in stature and wounded in right shoulder at battle of Williamsburg.

IN SERVICE MARCH 3, 1863.

John Schmelts, Peebles, Co E, 155th P V.
Hiram J Hamilton, Birmingham, Co F, 8th P R C.
Owen McLaughlin, Penn, Co G 9th P R C.
John A Jones, Versailles, Co I 123d P V.
Martin V B Gruber, Penn, Co H, 155th P V.
Wm [illegible], Mansfield, Co B, 13th Pa Cav.

ONLY DEPENDENCE OF MOTHERLESS CHILDREN UNDER TWELVE YEARS.

B Curry, teacher, 4th ward. Witnesses—Rev Jno Davis, A T Douthett.

J. HERON FOSTER,
Captain and Provost Marshal 23d District, Pa.

JOHN LINDSAY

J. S. LIGGETT & CO. CITY FLOURING MILL, corner Liberty and Adams streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Capacity, 400 bbls. per day.

BONDS, to export Spirits or Oil; INVOICES, to export Spirits or Oil. MANUFACTURERS' MONTHLY RETURNS; And other blanks under the Excise Law, printed and for sale by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
57 Wood street.

RETURN BOOKS AND BLANKS, to Coal Oil and Whisky Distillers, and Brewer printed and for sale by
WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.,
57 Wood street.

OIL CLOTHS—everything in that line for sale cheap, at the great Oil Cloth Depot
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Pittsburgh, May 29th, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Subscribers to the Stock of the Western Transportation Company that an assessment of FIVE DOLLARS ($5 00) PER SHARE has been levied upon the stock subscribed, payable at the office of the Treasurer, in Pittsburgh, on or before the 12th day of June, 1863, and a like amount every thirty days thereafter, until otherwise notified. By order of the Board.
A. J. McDOWELL, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.—An Election will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms, in the City of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, the 25th day of August next, at 10 o'clock, m., to elect Seven Directors of the Pittsburgh Grain Elevator Company, to serve for the ensuing year.
SPRINGER HARBAUGH, WM BINGHAM,
JOHN R. GARFIELD, J. McCOOTT,
W. McCREERY, and others,
Corporators.

MEETING OF THE UNION COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—There will be a meeting of the Union County Executive Committee, at 10 o'clock a. m. on WEDNESDAY, July 29th, at the office of Marshall & Brown, Fifth street. As the State Convention meets on the 5th of August, there will be business of great importance laid before the Committee, and every member is urged to be present.
J. H. STEWART, Secretary.

NOTICE.—Moneys deposited with the Collector of Internal Revenue will be returned on return of the duplicate receipts, properly certified by the Board of Enrollment.
JOHN HERR [illegible], Collector.
Pittsburgh, July 27th, 1863.