Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 17.

Union County Ticket.

For President Judge of the District Court.
MOSES HAMPTON.

For Assembly.
i. JOHN P. GLASS.
II. ALFRED BLACK.
III. HANS B. BREEON.
IV. WM. H. DENNISTON.
V. THOS. J. BIGHAM.

For Clerk of Courts.
WM. A. HERRON.

For County Treasurer.
DAVID AIKEN, Jr.

For Recorder.
ABDIEL McCLURE.

For Register.
WM. J. RICHARDSON.

For County Commissioner.
GEORGE HAMILTON.

For Director of the Poor.
JOHN F. DRAVO.

First Fruits.

Well, the teachings of the *World*, and *Herald*, and *Daily News* are beginning to yield their legitimate fruit in the works of their apt disciples of the Five Points. Murder and rapine are let loose in the haunts of treason, and the millionaires of the Fifth avenue—the speculators in gold, and stocks, and merchandise—who trembled at the victories of Gettysburg and Vicksburg, as their card-palaces began to tumble to pieces under the concussions of our guns, and hoped to effect a diversion in favor of JEFF. DAVIS by a resistance to the draft, have been visited in their brown stone mansions by the wild beast which they have been petting and pampering for other purposes. We thought it would come to this. When the Fifth avenue and Five Points, the opposite extremes of New York society, locked hands, verifying the old apophthegm, that extremes do sometimes meet, it just occurred to us that the association might lead to a rather uncomfortable familiarity hereafter. The Patricians of the avenue have fed the Dantons, and the Murats, and the Robespierres of the press with the blood which they have distilled into treason for the *plebeians* of the purlieus, forgetting the while that an ignorant and depraved populace like that of New York—the mere scum, and sweepings, and refuse of the sewers of foreign capitals, although useful at an election, and a good *servant*, like fire, in its place, is like it, a terrible *master*. And now they find to their confusion—these very purse-proud fools—who are interested, above all others, in preserving the good order of society, and keeping down this fearful element—that the devil, whom they have conjured up with so much assiduity, is no respecter of persons or of property, and but a hungry undiscriminating fiend, who has a taste for nick-nacks and *bijouterie* as well as them, and licks his chops with ineffable delight, as he measures their own carcasses and speculates how *they* will cut up into roasts, and how *they* will "tallow in the kidneys." Poor, rich men! who buy libraries that you never read, and know no Bible or Constitution but your stock ledgers, history is but repeating itself in you, but will not the events of the last few days stir you into unwonted thought, and admonish you of the volcano upon which you have been sleeping in fancied security, and the dangerous character of the tools which you have been so carelessly handling? A little more of the scenes you have just been witnessing, and you would have been startled into consciousness and conservatism, as with a galvanic shock. Is it possible that you can *want* another lesson? Must you *burn*, yourselves, before you can make up your minds to put your incendiary newspapers into the fire?

And SEYMOUR, too, the apostle of liberty, who stood so bravely pledged to protect the people of New York against the tyranny of the General Government, how feeble and tremulous is he in the presence of his own hounds as they bay open-mouthed around him, and with uncomfortable visions, no doubt, of the unhappy fate of Actæon flitting over his disordered brain! "Good friends! Sweet friends! Let me assure you that I am *your* friend. You have been my friends. To prove my friendship, I have sent my Adjutant to Washington to have the draft stopped. When he returns *you shall be satisfied*. Separate, now, and you can assemble again whenever you please." But SEYMOUR was no ANTONY to exorcise the devil he had helped to raise, and seems to have incurred the risk of sharing the fate of those who undertook to expel such spirits without authority. "Send away those bayonets!" was the hoarse and ferocious answer, but the Governor was non-plussed at this turn of affairs, and concluded that it was the better part of valor to take *himself* away. And now he waits the return of his Adjutant.

Well, let him wait. The crisis—the turning point in our history—is just now reached, and we wait, too, anxiously, but confidently, to hear whether the Government is equal to the occasion. It cannot falter here. It has already once hesitated in a like case in that State. The draft must now go on at once in that city, although it should necessitate its destruction. The people are well disposed everywhere to submit to the exigencies of the times. If our rulers should prove so weak as to give an inch under the menace of a New York mob, it may prove the signal for a general revolt. The people will aid the Government, if necessary, in enforcing the law in that city. Paris gave law to France in the era of her great revolution, because Paris *was* France. New York, thank God, is not America, and cannot be allowed to give the law to this great country. Woe to her, if there is not conservatism enough in her midst to save her from her own canaille! And woe to the Government, if it should flinch in such an extremity, with so many millions ready to rally to its support!

Pursuit of Lee.

The newspaper correspondents are already preparing excuses for an obviously expected failure on the part of Gen. MEADE to pursue the retreating rebels. The roads are so bad, they tell us, as to render it impossible. This is but a rehearsal of the old story on the Peninsula, where our army could move but one mile a day, while the rebels could accomplish six, or even more.

If the roads are bad, we should think that the difficulty of moving a large army, with immense baggage and ammunition trains, and at least *seven* thousand wagons, around the arc of a circle was much greater than that of moving another army, with comparatively trifling incumbrances, along merely the chord of that arc.

No; we cannot agree that Gen. MEADE should halt now until the fugitives are able to take shelter in Richmond. It is enough that he should have allowed them to cross the river, and make a clean thing of it, without knowing a word about it until afterwards, although it was an operation of nearly two whole days. He should at least hang upon their skirts and rear, giving them no rest whatever, if he cannot absolutely head them. If he refuses he should be removed at once, and with him all the Division Commanders who are so cowed as to be afraid to strike them. Now is the time to finish up the rebel army of the Potomac. If it gets back again, there is no Copperhead who will not be ready to swear that there are at least 200,000 of them.

THE dispatch sent by the Associated Press agent in New York, yesterday, stating that "*the retreat of Lee now becomes a rout*," and which we thought a rather high-coloring of the fact referred to, rested, it now seems, on a dispatch from Secretary STANTON to Mayor OPDYKE, which was copied word for word.

Letter of the King of Siam to Admiral Foote.

HIS OPINION OF THE SLAVEHOLDERS' REBELLION AND SLAVERY.

It is well known that Admiral Foote was in the habit of receiving letters from the second King of Siam, with whom he became acquainted when in command of our fleet in the King's waters. The letters are autograph, and evince much intelligence especially with regard to our affairs. This is apparent in the letter which we are able to present to-day. Considering its date, we may be surprised at the clear appreciation which it shows of the relations of Slavery to the war. The King does not hesitate to speak of the forces of the enemy as "Rebel forces;" and he "earnestly wishes success to the United States Government, and the complete suppression of the reckless Rebellion." Then again, mark how clearly he sees the fatal consequences of a failure to deal with Slavery. "If Slavery," he says, "remain unimpaired, you will be exposed to all the perplexing difficulties of the past." He then declares himself for "the complete annihilation of Slavery."

It is interesting to read such generous words of sympathy from a foreign sovereign. No such words have come from England or France; but then they are civilized.

This letter had been submitted by Admiral Foote to the President and his Cabinet, all of whom read it with much satisfaction; but he hesitated to communicate it to the public. Only a few days before leaving Washington, on his way to his honorable command at Charleston, he gave a copy of it to Senator Sumner, with authority to use it as he should think proper. Now that the excellent Admiral has been removed by death, it has seemed that the letter ought to be generally known on his account, as well as from its intrinsic value, and the Senator has consented to its publication.

PALACE OF THE SECOND KING.
BANGKOK, Siam, May 24, 1863.

Commodore A. H. Foote, Flag officer of the Mississippi Gunboat Fleet:

DEAR SIR: I look with intense interest for American intelligence. I see by the papers that you are honored with an important and critical post. Recent intelligence announces your brilliant successes on the Tennessee, Cumberland, and Mississippi rivers in the taking of Forts Henry, Donelson, and the town of Columbus—the strong positions of the rebel forces. We earnestly wish success to the United States Government, and the complete suppression of the reckless rebellion; and at the same time I deeply regret that any of the Southern States have placed themselves in a position where the maintenance of the United States Government must be attended with such sad consequences to them. The alternate successes and disasters indicate that the struggle must be a bloody, and we sometimes fear a protracted one. We wish and we expect your triumphant success; yet we confess that the intelligence received sometimes suggests the possibility that the United States may become two republics, which to us is a startling and exceedingly repulsive prospect.

Should the United States Government be successful in the present contest and slavery remain unimpaired, you will again be exposed to all the perplexing difficulties of the past. The complete annihilation of Slavery alone will put an end to the disturbing elements which have lomented the present rupture, and which unchecked must initiate still more fatal ones in the future.

I have learned with pain that you have received two wounds in your recent engagements, and am thankful that they were so slight as not to prevent you from vigorously prosecuting your all-important work.

I think of you much while you are contending with a stubborn foe, and wish for you and your glorious country such triumphs and such success as will bring back every State to its allegiance, and place the peace and prosperity of the whole and unimpaired Union upon a lasting basis. I wish, too, the universal prevalence of the human principles of your celebrated Declaration of Independence—equal freedom to all in the pursuits of life, liberty, and happiness.

For months past my health has been frail, but is now improving. My palace, too, has been undergoing repairs, but is nearly completed. Write when you can. Kind regards to all the members of your family.

Yours truly,
S. P. PAWAREWDUENNSSR,
Second King of Siam, &c., &c.

Mr. Seward and the British Trade with Matamoras.

A short time ago Earl Russell stated in the House of Lords that representations had been made to the Federal government of the feeling in this country, that the governments intended systematically to interfere with the legitimate trade of Matamoras, and intimation had been given that this country, while submitting to the severest interpretation of the law of nations, would not allow hostilities to be carried on under pretext of that law against a lawful branch of her commerce.

Earl Russell's dispatch to Lord Lyons, giving instructions to the effect above stated, is dated April 24, and Mr. Seward having been made acquainted with the contents, replies on May 12. He says that "sudenly, and quickly, as palaces, cities, States or empires rise in the tales of "The Arabian Nights" under the waving of a wand, or the utterance of a spell," the trade of Matamoras rose from a pretty barter to a commerce that engaged the mercantile activity of Liverpool and London. It was really a contraband trade, and the Peterhoff was among the first caught. Since then interested persons, most of them his own countrymen, had exerted themselves to produce the impression in England that the United States government intended the systematic interruption of a lawful branch of commerce. He denies this emphatically, and states that Federal cruisers have no other instructions than those with which our government have been made acquainted. He points out that no complaint has yet been made to him of the decisions of the American prize courts. In conclusion, Mr. Seward says: "Happily, the operations of the army and the navy on the Mississippi seem now to be likely to break up the inland way over which the unlawful trade in question was intended to be carried, and to remove the remunerative temptations to a continuance of that injurious and forbidden commerce.

The New York Rioters.

In an editorial on the riot and the rioters, the New York *Tribune* says:

It is absurd and futile to attribute this outburst of ruffianism to anything else than sympathy with the rebels. If, as some pretend, it results from dissatisfaction with the $300 exemption, why are negroes indiscriminately assailed and beaten almost or quite to death? Did *they* prescribe this exemption? On the contrary, are they not almost uniformly poor men, themselves exposed to the draft, and unable to pay the $300. What single thing have they done to expose them to this infernal, cowardly ruffianism? What can be alleged against them, unless it be that they are generally hostile to the slaveholders' rebellion? And how are the drafting officers responsible for the $300 clause?

We may just as well look the facts in the face. These riots are "a fire in the rear" on our country's defenders in the field. They are in purpose and essence a diversion in favor of Jeff. Davis and Lee. Listen to the yells of the mob, and the harangues of its favorite orators, and you will find them surcharged with "nigger," "Abolition," "Black Republican," denunciations of prominent Republicans, THE TRIBUNE, &c., &c.,—all very wide of the draft and the exemption. Had the Abolitionists, instead of the slaveholders, revolted, and undertaken to upset the Government and dissolve the Union, nine-tenths of these rioters would have eagerly volunteered to put them down. It is the fear, stimulated by the recent and glorious triumphs of the Union arms, that slavery and the rebellion must suffer, which is at the bottom of all this arson, devastation, robbery and murder. And this fact should arouse every devotee of Liberty and Law to oppose to the rioters the sternest resistance.

The Attack on Charleston.

An officer who was sent down to Port Royal by the Stimer's Court of Inquiry, writing on Tuesday, 7th inst., to a friend in New York, says:

"Before I can communicate with you again the fire of the war will have concentrated around the city of Charleston. Admiral Dahlgren sends to-morrow the advance guard of the attacking squadron, which contains among other vessels, some machines intended to remove river obstructions, to the rendezvous off the bars. The following is an estimate of the ships and force to be engaged:

Names.	Tons.	Officers and Guns.	Men.
Iron-clad New Ironsides	3,486	20	400
Steam frigate Wabash	4,200	40	400
Steam sloop Powhattan	2,415	12	300
Iron-clad Weehawken	816	2	100
Steam sloop Housatonic	1,240	12	200
Steam gunboat Paul Jones	863	9	100
Steamer South Carolina	1,153	8	250
Steam gunboat Conemaugh	860	9	250
Iron-clad Montauk	844	2	100
Steam gunboat Conemaugh	855	9	250
Iron-clad Patapsco	844	2	100
Do. Nahant	844	2	100
Steam gunboat Sebago	838	3	90
do Huron	507	4	100
do Ottawa	507	5	100
do Seneca	507	4	100
do Wissahickon	507	4	100
do Marblehead	507	4	100
Total	17,095	156	3,240

Screw ships, barques and smaller craft are attached to the fleet, but the above is probably all the Admiral will put under fire. The iron clads are in excellent condition, workmen having been sent South from New York to put them in trim. The fight will not be a rapid one, as it was supposed here, from inklings gathered from the Admiral, that the "job" is to be handled carefully and finished well."

Free Thought and Free Speech at any Cost.

The New York *Tribune*, of Wednesday, says:

One of THE TRIBUNE Editorial Corps called on Admiral Paulding, at the Navy Yard yesterday morning, to solicit a number of shells, to be used as hand-grenades, for the defence of our office in the contemplated attack upon it. The Admiral cheerfully furnished them, when the gentleman remarked that he hoped to return them all unused. "No, sir," the Admiral very energetically replied, "I hope you will not! You must not return one of them! Their place is among the rioters. Plant every one of them in Printing-House-Square to-night. We must have free thought and free speech, at any cost."

AMERICAN agents are reported to have been busily engaged in South Staffordshire, England, hiring miners and puddlers to work in Pennsylvania.

MILITARY NOTICES.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
2D DISTRICT OF PENN'A.
Allegheny City, July 15th, 1863.

SUBSISTENCE OF DRAFTED MEN.—Proposals will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 22d, 1863, at 1 o'clock p. m., for Boarding and Lodging Drafted Men, from the time of their reporting at these Headquarters until they are discharged or transferred to the Rendezvous about to be established here.

Bidders will state the number of men they can subsist and the price of Boarding and Lodging separately.

Payment will be made monthly, through the Provost Marshal General's Office.

The aggregate cost for Boarding and Lodging must not exceed Forty Cents per day, or for Boarding alone, Thirty Cents.

J. W. KIRKES,
Capt. and Provost Marshal, 23d Dist. Pa.
jy14:4d

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
23d District of Penna.
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 13, 1863.

MAINTENANCE OF DRAFTED MEN.—Proposals will be received at this office until FRIDAY MORNING, July 17, 1863, at 10 o'clock, for BOARDING AND LODGING drafted men, from the time of their reporting at these headquarters until they are discharged or transferred to the rendezvous about to be established here.

Bidders will state the number of men they can furnish, and the price of boarding and lodging separately.

Payment will be made monthly by the Provost Marshal General.

The aggregate cost for board and lodging must not exceed forty cents per day, or for boarding alone thirty cents.

J. HERON FOSTER,
Captain and Provost Marshal,
23d Dist Penna.
jy13:6td

BOARD OF ENROLLMENT,
23d District Pennsylvania,
95 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

SUBSTITUTES.—Substitutes will be examined at this office between the hours of ten and one o'clock daily, *up till the day* when the person drafted is ordered to report.

Drafted persons desirous of presenting substitutes must *give notice in writing* to the Board, stating the day they will appear, and giving the substitute's name, residence, age, and whether an alien or citizen.

When the substitute is passed and sworn in, the drafted man will receive a certificate that "he is not properly subject to do military duty during the time *for which he was drafted*, by reason of having furnished an acceptable substitute."

PAYMENT OF $300.

The payment of three hundred dollars to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in this district, will, on presentation of his duplicate receipts at this office, *on or before the day* on which the person drafted is ordered to report, will entitle the person to a certificate that he is "*discharged from further liability under this draft*."

OVER OR UNDER AGE.

The following is published from the regulations of the Provost Marshal General, for information of all concerned:

The character and amount of evidence requisite to decide the question of disqualification on account of age must be determined by the Board of Enrollment. Such disqualification should be clearly and fully proved to the Board, before exemption is granted under this plea. The following rules should be carefully regarded, viz:

The affidavit of the person claiming exemption must, in all cases, be required, supported by as much of the following testimony as can be obtained, or may be deemed requisite:

1. By an authenticated extract from the legal registry of births, if there be any such registry.

2. By any other authenticated documentary evidence relating to establish the fact of age.

3. By the affidavit of the parents.

4. By the affidavits of such other respectable persons (not less than two) heads of families, as are most likely to be informed on the subject.

The amount of evidence herein required to establish a claim to exemption is the least which the Board should accept; and if in any case the Board has reason to doubt the character or sufficiency of the evidence presented, it should decline granting the exemption, unless such additional proof as it may require be produced in time to be considered, without delaying the business of the draft.

The witnesses should in all cases swear they are heads of families, and are residents of the county.

DRAFTED MEN REPORT

from the various Districts on the days mentioned below, viz:

SATURDAY, JULY 18—Those from the First, Second, Third and Fourth wards, Pittsburgh.

THURSDAY, JULY 23—Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards, Pittsburgh.

MONDAY, JULY 27—Lawrenceville, Temperanceville, West Pittsburgh, Mosongahela Borough, South Pittsburgh, Birmingham, East Birmingham, M'Keesport, Elizabeth, West Elizabeth, Pitt township, Collins, Fleming and Feeling.

TUESDAY, JULY 28—Wilkins township, Patton, Versailles, Elizabeth, Mifflin, Jefferson, Snowden, Baldwin, Lower St. Clair, Union, Scott, Upper St. Clair, Chartiers, South Fayette, North Fayette, Findlay, Robinson, Moon, Crescent and Neville.

J. HERON FOSTER,
Captain and Provost Marshal 23d District.
jy13:tjy23dw.

APPLICATIONS

FOR EXEMPTION,

For other than physical disability, in writing, accompanied by proper evidence, will be heard by the Board of Enrollment of the 23d District of Pennsylvania, between the hours of two and five o'clock daily, until Saturday, at 95 Fourth st., Pittsburgh.

Applicants will hand in the evidence in writing, in the front office, *endorse* their names and residence, when it will be numbered, and the applicants called strictly in the *order of their number*, when they can appear, with one or more witnesses, before the Board.

By order of the Board of Enrollment.

J. HERON FOSTER,
jy13:2t Capt. and Provost Marshal, 23d Dis. Pa.

RECRUITS WANTED, for the 9th Regiment Pa. R. V. C., or any other Pennsylvania Regiments now in the field. Each recruit will receive one hundred dollars bounty. Twenty-nine dollars will be paid in advance as soon as sworn into the Uni ed States service.

For other information inquire at No. 78 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Post Office.

L. B. RICHARD,
First Lieut. and Recruiting Officer, 9th Regiment Penna. Reserve Corps.
jy10:1moed

SOAP STONE—50 bbls. powdered, for sale by
jy14 HENRY H. COLLINS.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The President, Managers and Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, have this day declared a Dividend of One Dollar and Fifteen Cents on each share of the Original Stock of the Company, which will be paid to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 11th inst.

WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1863. jy2:4td

U. S. LOAN AGENCY.—I am authorized to continue to receive subscriptions for the $20 Six Per Cent. Bonds, until the 1st of August next. All Agents who have been aiding will please continue until the above date.

JOSHUA HANNA, Loan Agent,
At Hanna, Hart & Co's,
Corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh.
jy9:1w

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY,
July 13th, 1863.

DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, on the capital stock of the company, payable forthwith to stockholders or their legal representatives.

JAMES M. CHRISTY,
jy14:3t Treasurer.

OFFICE OF WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Pittsburgh, May 29th, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Subscribers to the Stock of the Western Transportation Company that an assessment of FIVE DOLLARS ($5 00) PER SHARE has been levied upon the stock subscribed, payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Pittsburgh, on or before the 12th day of June, 1863, and a like amount every thirty days thereafter, until otherwise notified

By order of the Board.

A. J. SCHOWELL, Secretary.
jy2:2m

OFFICE ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, July 6, 1863.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of the Allegheny Insurance Co. have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS ($2 50) per share out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on and after Monday, the 13th inst.

D. M. ROSE, Secretary.
jy7:2w

ELECTION.—The Stockholders of the little Saw Mill Run Railroad Co. are hereby notified that an Election will be held for President and Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, on MONDAY, the 27th day of July next, at the office of the Company, in Temperanceville, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock p. m.

WM MARSHALL, President.
jy6:1tim

DIVIDEND.—The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Allegheny Bridge Co. (at Hand street), are hereby notified that a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. has this day been declared, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.

FRANK S. BESSELL, Treasurer.
jy4:2w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OAKLAND PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A lot of ground containing two acres and twenty-six perches, a most adjoining property of John Young, Esq., on the north, and W. E. Imbrie, Esq., on the west, on corner of Niagara and Charles streets. This lot is beautifully located, is sufficiently far from the brow of the hill, and yet overlooks the course of the river. Is well fenced, and stocked with fine fruit and shrubbery. Apply to

E. McGAIN & Co., 102 Fourth st.
jy17

AT WILKINSBURGH—A two-story Brick Dwelling House, of seven rooms, for sale, with lot 50 feet front by 250 deep; a well of good water, fruit trees, grape vines, shrubbery, etc., situated at the corner of Main and Centre streets, five minutes walk from the Station. Also the adjoining lot, same size, with a brick house of four rooms.

For prices and terms apply to

jy17 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—The undersigned is prepared to contract for future delivery HUNTINGDON COUNTY GLASS SAND ROCK, in large or small quantities.

References—Messrs. Phaelps & Bell; H. F. Bauman, Esq., of the firm of B. L. Fahnestock & Co.

I can be seen at the St. Charles Hotel during Friday, the 17th inst.

A. H. BAUMAN,
By mail, address
jy16:3t Mapleton, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

WM PENN.....TRUE MITCHELL.

WM. P. BECK & CO., No. 185 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in COUNTRY PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BACON, LARD, BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, FISH, &c.; PRODUCE, FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS, &c.; SALT and LIME. jy16

CHEESE BUYERS ATTENTION!

200 boxes Western Reserve Cheese;
100 do choice Dutting do;
20 do Hamburg do;
20 do extra large Cream do;
150 do common do;
300 bush. choice sun-dried Apples;

In store and for sale by

WEBB & WILKINSON,
jy15 127 Liberty street.

I AM NOW PREPARED to supply drafted men with substitutes. Any number of substitutes applying will be taken.

M. K. ROLAN,
jy13:1w Fourth St., 1st door above Smithfield.

C. G. TAYLOR will attend to preparing the
CLAIMS OF DRAFTED MEN
For exemption, at his office,
jy14:10t No. 73 GRANT STREET.

AUCTION NOTICE

Important and peremptory weekly trade sales of

HATS,

IN THE CITY OF BROOKLYN, L. I.,

Commencing THURSDAY, July 16th, and ending December 17th, 1863.

JAMES H. PRENTICE

Will sell by Auction, at his Warehouse, corner Raymond and Willoughby streets, Brooklyn, L. I., every Thursday during the season, the entire production of his manufactory, commencing on THURSDAY, July 16th, 1863, at 11 o'clock, when he will offer a full line of

FUR AND WOOL HATS,

Of every description, in lots to suit purchasers. In calling the attention of the trade to the above announcement, the undersigned begs to state that in the sale for this season the same principles that have characterized those of the past will be strictly observed. They will not only embrace his entire product on, but those of other manufacturers of well-known reputation, thus securing to each sale a varied and complete assortment of styles adapted to the season.

Orders will be received from those not able to attend, and will be filled satisfactorily.

The Hats will be prepared for inspection by Catalogues on the morning of the sale.

The entire offering will be sold without reserve.

JAMES H. PRENTICE, Auctioneer.

Consignments of Hats, Hatters' Trimmings, and Straw Goods, are solicited, and will be sold on favorable terms.

jy7:tjy20

PENSIONS, BOUNTY & BACK PAY.

T. WALTER DAY,
GENERAL GOVERNMENT AGENT,
No. 103 Fifth St., third door below the Cathedral.

All wounded Soldiers, who have been in the military or naval service, are entitled to $100 Bounty and Pension. All soldiers who have served two years are also entitled to the $100 Bounty. Soldiers discharged by reason of disease, are entitled to pension. Widows of soldiers who die or are killed in the service are entitled to pensions and the $100 Bounty, &c., &c.

Officers' Claims, of every description, promptly attended to. No charge made in any case until the money is collected.

jy9:1yms is

NEW GOODS.—Having just returned from the East, we have now in store an extensive assortment of scarce and desirable

BOOTS AND SHOES

Adapted to the season.

Dealers can be supplied with LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S GOATS, GAITERS and FANCY SHOES, at a slight advance for cash, at

GEO. ALBERS, SON & CO.'S,
jy14 No. 71, corner Wood and Fourth sts.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE,

Corner Ohio and Federal Streets, Allegheny.

GEO. A. KELLY, Proprietor.

SPARKLING SODA WATER,
PATENT MEDICINES, &c.

Physicians prescriptions accurately compounded.
jy6:3rpm

ESTRAY.—Taken up, running at large in the city, by one of the Night Watchmen, on the night of July 5th, 1863, ONE BLACK MARE, with a white star on the forehead; from 13 to 15 years old. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold according to law.

R. ROGUE, Chief of Police.
jy10:2t

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, July 14th, A. D. 1863.

REWARD.—I will pay TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who have been setting fire to the property of my fellow citizens of Pittsburgh.

D. G. SAWYER, Jr.,
jy14:1w Mayor.

REVENUE STAMPS.—A full assortment of Revenue Stamps is kept on hand at the Internal Revenue Office, No. 67 Water street, Allegheny. Persons purchasing in quantities *will be allowed the Government discount.*

DAVID M. WHITE,
my29 Collector of the 23d District, Penn'a

NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us E. S. MORROW, in the manufacture of Fine Glassware. The style of the firm, in future, will be MORROW & BROTHERS.

REUBEN MORROW,
WM. A. MORROW.

Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1863. jy11:3t

PANSIES.—Handsome designs in Oak, Rosewood and Walnut Papers, at 107 Market street.

JOS. R. HUGHES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT TO AN ORDINANCE entitled "An Ordinance authorizing the issue of Bonds to be exchanged for Bonds issued in payment of subscriptions to Railroad Companies," passed 27th October, 1863.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the ordinance to which this is a supplement be and the same is hereby so amended as to authorize the issue of Bonds bearing five per cent. interest, in like manner as Bonds bearing four per cent. interest, which five per cent. Bonds may be exchanged for the old Bonds and the interest thereon, at the rate of eighty-six per centum of the amount of the old Bonds and accrued interest in cases where the holders prefer this arrangement to the four per cent. Bonds for the whole amount.

SEC. 2. That Bonds in less sums than one thousand dollars each, bearing either four or five per cent. interest, may be issued for the arrears of interest of the old Bonds, to be exchanged on the same terms as the Bonds for the principal, and may be made payable at any time, not less than twenty years as may be authorized and directed by the Finance Committee.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 14th day of July, A. D. 1863.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

JOHN M. KILLEN,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy16:3t

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the Grading and Paving of Pasture alley, from Logan street to Fulton street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Recording Regulator be and he is hereby directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and setting with Curb, Pasture alley, from Logan street to Fulton street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance of Councils, passed August 31, 1857.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 14th day of July, A. D. 1863.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

JOHN M. KILLEN,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy16:3t

WHEREAS, Several destructive fires have recently occurred in the city, under circumstances which strongly indicate that they were the work of incendiary spirits in our midst; and WHEREAS, the public safety and the security of private property require that these incendiary spirits be discovered and punished; therefore,

Resolved, By the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That the Mayor of the City be and he is hereby authorized and instructed to offer, in the name of the city, a reward of Five Hundred Dollars for the discovery and conviction of the persons or persons who set fire to the buildings recently destroyed.

In Select Council, July 15, 1863, read three times and passed.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

In Common Council, July 14, 1863, read three times and passed.

JOHN M. KILLEN,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH M'MASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy16:3t

ARE YOU EXEMPT?

The complete official edition of the CONSCRIPTION LAW is sold at only 6 cents, at

HUNTS.

The NEW YORK DAILIES are received regularly, at

HUNTS.

Revised edition of the U. S. ARMY REGULATIONS, at

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All MILITARY BOOKS, at

HUNTS.

SOLDIERS' WRITING DESKS and STATIONERY, POCKET INKSTANDS, PORTFOLIOS, &c., at

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The official list of DISEASES EXEMPTING PERSONS FROM THE DRAFT, only 6 cents, at

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NOVELS, for Camp Reading, at

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SONG BOOKS, of all kinds, at

HUNTS.

The CONSCRIPTION LAW and LIST OF DISEASES EXEMPTING PERSONS FROM THE DRAFT, sent post-paid, on receipt of price.

ADDRESS,

JOHN P. HUNT,
MASONIC HALL, FIFTH STREET.
jy15

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT,

CONTAINING 61 ACRES,

All under fence, and in a good state of cultivation.

The improvements consist of a new BRICK DWELLING, containing 10 rooms; large FRAME BARN; TENANT HOUSE, with 8 rooms; and good orchard of young trees. COAL under the whole farm. Situate in Baldwin township, about five miles from the city. Inquire of

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
jy16 No. 139 Fourth street.

ELIZABETH FEMALE SEMINARY,

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.

[CHARTERED IN 1857.]

REV. B. M. KERR, A. M., Principal.
MISS M. A. KERR, Associate Principal.
MISS ANNA E. INGLES, Teacher of Instrumental Music and Ornamental Branches.

The next Session will commence TUESDAY, September 1st, 1863.

TERMS—Per Session, 5 mos., (20 weeks,) one-half in advance:

Boarding.....$50 00

BOARD SCHOLARS:

Preparatory Class.....$ 8 00
Junior Class.....10 00
Senior Class.....12 00

For further particulars send for circular.

Address the Principals, or

Dr. JOHN B. SHAFFER,
jy11:8tsod Sec'y Board of Trustees.

GOLD BORDERED

WINDOW SHADES,

GREEN, BROWN AND LIGHT COLORS,

New and elegant patterns, just received at the

NEW CARPET STORE

OF

McFarland, Collins & Co.,

FIFTH STREET,

Between the POST OFFICE and DISPATCH BUILDINGS.
jy8:3mw

JUST OPENED.

NEW CARPETS.

By purchases made in the recent depression of the Eastern Markets, we are receiving the newest patterns in BRUSSELS and INGRAINS, and are able to offer a complete assortment of

Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Matting, &c.,

With a very large reduction in prices.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
jy6 88 FIFTH STREET.

LIGHTNING FLY KILLER kills flies instantly, without danger to anything else.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

BURNETT'S PREPARATIONS still selling at 50 cents; and articles such as BOSSHAVE'S BITTERS at something like half their former prices.

jy14

STILL A CHANCE!

Another arrival of

GENT'S FINE FRENCH CALF SQUARE TOED

BOOTS.

Call and get a pair, at

JAMES ROBB'S,
jy14 No. 59 MARKET STREET.

YET GOOD TIME TO SOW BUCKWHEAT.—We have in store 100 bushels New York Seed Buckwheat. Send in your orders to

L. L. VIGOT & CO.
jy14

TWO COPPER STILLS FOR SALE,

A. HALLOU,
jy11:3t 140 Water street.

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS!

Mantles,	Ecrasey,	Swiss Muslin,
Sacques,	Organdies,	Domes to "
Circulars,	Lawns,	Table Cloths,
Fano Shawls,	De Leinas,	Damask Linen,
Tribet "	Cashmeres,	Napkins,
Stella "	Challies,	Doylies,
Lace "	Crape D'Espragne	Towels,
Silk "	Bombazine,	Linens,
Black "	Alpacas,	Diapers,
Figured "	Grimd'e Berages	Linen Lawns,
Dress Goods,	Corsets,	Crash,
Barzouni,	Hoop Skirts,	Cloths,
Mozambiques,	Balmoral Skirts,	Cassimeres,
Lenos,	Children's Ral's,	Tweeds,
Valencias,	Umbrellas,	Jeans,
	Parasols,	Nankeens,
	Sun Shades,	Cottonades,
	Lace Curtains,	Shect'g Muslins,
	Counterpanes,	Flannels,
	Nottingh'm Lace	Marcellas,
	Emb'd Wind'w "	&c., &c.
	Vestibule Lace,	
	Spotted Swiss,	

AT

ALEXANDER BATES',

21 FIFTH STREET.

Country Merchants supplied at reasonable prices FOR CASH. jy17

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!

AT

J. M. Burchfield's,

SELLING AT

REDUCED PRICES!

FANCY SILKS, very cheap;
SUMMER DRESS GOODS, very cheap;
SILK SACQUES, very cheap;
LACE MANTILLAS, very cheap;
SHAWLS! SHAWLS! very cheap;
WHITE CRAPE SHAWLS!

A large assortment of goods SELLING CHEAP, at

N. E. COR. FOURTH AND MARKET STS.
jy16

AT REDUCED PRICES!

To close out our

SUMMER STOCK.

To avoid carrying over any portion of our SUMMER STOCK, we have determined to

Reduce Prices to Such a Point

As will make it an object with purchasers to BUY.

Our stock is now quite full, fresh purchases having been lately added. We are also in daily receipt of

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS

By Express, so that customers may rely on finding almost everything they need in our line.

Merchants and Dealers who buy for Cash

Will find our prices as low as in any Eastern house.

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
jy11 No. 17 FIFTH STREET.

JULY 6TH.....1863.

BARGAINS

AT

77 and 79 Market Street.

SUMMER GOODS

Closing out at

COST AND LESS THAN COST.

PARASOLS, SU