Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY MORNING.....JUNE 15, 1863.

Union County Ticket.

For President Judge of the District Court.
MOSES HAMPTON.

For Assembly.
I. JOHN P. GLASS.
II. ALFRED SLACK.
III. HANS B. HERRON.
IV. WM. H. DENNISTON.
V. THOS. J. BIGHAM.

For Clerk of Courts.
WM. A. HERRON.

For County Treasurer.
DAVID AIKEN, Jr.

For Recorder.
ABDIEL McCLURE.

For Register.
WM. J. RICHARDSON.

For County Commissioner.
GEORGE HAMILTON.

For Director of the Poor.
JOHN F. DEAVO.

The Tamnderer's Puzzle.

The London *Times* is lost in wonderment at the condition of things which it finds in the North, in the very midst of the reverses of what it is pleased to consider a hopeless and eminently unsuccessful war. It finds, according to its own statement, that the people of the Northern cities are joyous and hopeful, and extravagant—giving no apparent heed to the operations of the war, although but one uninterrupted series of disasters to its arms, and pursuing their rounds of pleasure and of business, as though they were unconscious of the terrible struggle in which they are engaged. But that is not all. It is still more amazed, if possible, to learn that there is an absolute material progress in a case where, by all the rules of calculation and experience, it was to be expected that we must sit down and weep and wring our hands, and stagnate in utter and irremediable despair. Its logic and philosophy are confessedly at fault. It cannot understand why it is that a nation which has (by rebel accounts) sustained a loss of at least half a million of men, should not bewail the bereavement, while the slaughter of only two hundred thousand, which it puts down, upon the same authority, as the maximum of rebel loss, has sent mourning and sadness throughout all Secessia. And it invents a theory to account for a phenomenon which is only a marvel with those who reject the truth and prefer to believe a lie. If it had occurred to it, as it would to any honest or sensible man, that this condition of Northern society was in itself conclusive evidence of the falsity of its statement in regard to Northern losses, it would have been a much more obvious and philosophical way of disposing of this knotty question, than its miserable attempts to reconcile two conditions that are in the very nature of things entirely incompatible with each other. It was utterly impossible that we could have been as light-hearted and as prosperous as we are admitted to be, if we have been beaten in every engagement and lost 500,000 men, while we had only destroyed 200,000 of the enemy, and equally improbable that the rebels would have mourned so deeply if they had been so invariably successful.

It might have occurred to the *Times*, however, that if the Northern States are able to spare 500,000 men without even missing them, and continue to be as hopeful and prosperous as ever, in spite of all these supposed reverses, the chances for the disruption of this government, which it has so often announced as an accomplished fact, were rather of the slenderest, against a power so unimpaired by such a sacrifice and with a spirit so entirely unbroken by such an interrupted train of disasters. If another 200,000 of the chivalry should perish in the next two years, we greatly fear that they will be not only missed and mourned, but that the only consolation and the only hope left of posterity to their wives and daughters will be the capture of their conquerors by *arts*, when *arms* have failed, as Greece is said to have captivated her barbarian victor, Rome.

There is another way, moreover, in which a philosopher might have accounted for the assumed levity or stoicism of the still money-making North. No rebel horde, with the exception of the hasty visit of a predatory troop at Chambersburg, has yet pressed its vandal foot upon the virgin soil of the Free States, while the Northern horse—neither Hun nor Cossack, but with his head still in the direction of European conquest—has bathed his flanks in the James, and the Cumberland, and the Tennessee, and swept like a whirlwind from the Potomac to the Gulf. If the London *Times* will still insist, in the face of contemporaneous history, that all this career of conquest without even a refluent wave, is nothing but a series of uninterrupted disasters to our arms, it might perhaps find a reason for Northern jollity, in the fact that no home has been invaded and no pursuit or branch of industry disturbed by the breath of war, and a reason for Southern sadness in the reflection that the wicked-ness of the perjured scoundrels with whom it sympathizes, has drawn down upon their heads the lightnings of Heaven's vengeance, which have desolated their dwellings and blasted their fields, as with a hurricane of fire.

Patriotic Financial Movement.

A few of our prominent citizens, representing the monetary and mercantile interests of this city, inaugurated a very commendable movement, on Saturday, which will result in a loan to the Government of $500,000 to meet the expenses of the departmental troops, ordered to be raised for the defence of our city and vicinity.

The Banks and Bankers propose loaning the sum of half a million of dollars, to supply the military chest of Gen. Brooks. A committee of prominent citizens was appointed to procure a guarantee from the property holders, to refund the sum subscribed, in case Congress should fail to pass an appropriation to refund the sum thus expended.

The movement is highly patriotic and commendable. Our monied men, it will be seen, are not backward in contributing to the public defence. Now that it is guaranteed that the volunteers who may enroll themselves for the defence of our homes will be paid for the time they may be in the service, the same as regular volunteers, we hope that the knowledge of this fact, together with the fact that Gen. Brooks is authorized to accept volunteers under the State militia laws, will induce our citizens to enroll themselves in some of our local military organizations, for the defence of our homes, without delay.

The assessed valuation of the taxable real estate of St. Louis amounts to $66,187,225.

Signs of Action.

The N. Y. *Times* of Saturday says:

We think there are signs that the armies of Hooker and of Rosecrans are not likely to remain long inactive. Precisely what all these signs are, it may be as well not to publish. In both of the armies on the Rappahannock things look unsettled and stormy. Hooker's late infantry movement to the other side of the river, just below the rebel lines, and his cavalry movement to Culpepper Court House, in the opposite direction, show that he is closely watching the enemy, either with designs upon him or to learn his designs.

The movement of a heavy rebel force to Culpepper Court-house, consisting of detachments of two arms of their service and the whole of their cavalry arm,—and the reconnoissances of the rebels toward the Potomac, indicate their projects if not their plans; while the fact that all the able-bodied citizens of Pennsylvania have been summoned to arms by Gen. Couch, shows the deep and pervading apprehension of invasion. Gen. Rosecrans, in the West, has received some newspaper censure for remaining so long inactive, while Grant was waging his heroic battles around Vicksburg. It is altogether unjust, as those who gave it would admit, if they comprehended Rosecrans' position and his assigned duty. His half-year's inactivity, however, is likely to be broken very soon, and that, too, by his own act. The month of June may yet prove as stirring a month for Rosecrans as May was for Grant.

The Siege of Vicksburg--Complaints About Delay.

A correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat*, writing from Grant's army, says:

I have been astonished to hear persons complaining that Grant is doing nothing. They seem to imagine that Vicksburg is to come down like Jericho, at a flourish of trumpets. The truth is, the army could hardly be more active or on the qui vive. On the 22d of May, in order to silence that cry, Grant hurled the whole column of the army upon those breastworks, and it broke as the surge breaks upon the rock. The army has now simply changed its tactics. It has for the time dropped the bayonet and taken up the spade. In the double gloom of the night and the mine, the army is creeping stealthily forward. A few evenings since, in company with an officer of Gen. Benton's staff, I threaded the length of one of these approaches. From previous accounts I had imagined them like those of Leyden, as deep caverns where foes half entombed grappled in the subterranean darkness. In these anticipations I was disappointed. The famous mine of my family and of rumor turned out to be simply a trench, covered with cross pieces and earth, in plain view from the enemy, and simply answering as a protection against muskets and cannon of small calibre. It was not designed as a secret bed of gunpowder, but as a simple approach to the enemy's works.

From Tennessee — Gloomy Prospects of the Rebellion--Mutinous Tennesseeans in Bragg's Army.

A dispatch of the 11th from Murfreesboro says: A lady who came within our lines states that well-known rebels in Chattanooga and Shelbyville are selling off their goods and property to non-combatants at great sacrifices, in anticipation of our speedy occupation of those places. Cheatham's division is three miles this side of Shelbyvile, and Cheatham appears to be very uneasy. The rebel Tennessee regiments are utterly demoralized. Bragg ordered one to go south to reinforce Johnston, when the men and some of the officers mutinied. Bragg then ordered out a brigade to surround the mutinous regiment, and swore he would hang ten men a day until discipline was restored. Bragg also said, in the hearing of the whole brigade, that he wished these Tennesseeans were all in hell. There is excitement over the affairs in the vicinity of Bragg's army.

Precedence of Rank.

At invitation of the Secretary of War, General Fremont has addressed that official a well-written letter in reply to General Butler's demand to be considered the ranking officer of the national army, which General Butler makes as a point of etiquette, resting his argument upon the assumption that it was the President's intention to make him the senior general in consideration of meritorious service. The President did not carry out any such intention; and General Butler belonged to the volunteer army, to rank as major general from the 16th of May, 1861, the date of his commission, whereas Generals McClellan and Fremont were appointed major generals of the regular army, ranking from the 14th May.

The Rebels on the Rappahannock.

A Washington correspondent, writing on Friday, says:

On our extreme left the rebels have manifested increased force by doubling the picket lines. All day yesterday they were running trains from their depot on the railroad near town, southward, and about a mile from the depot and out on the Port Royal road, they had a large force drawn up in line of battle, as though they expected us to attack them.

Our troops across the river still assume the offensive, while the enemy directly in front show themselves in numbers, and yesterday uncovered twenty-six guns, which can be seen in their works with the aid of glasses.

COL. WYNDHAM, the gallant English officer, who was wounded in the late brilliant cavalry fight, is now in Washington. The *Star*, of that city, says:

"He was shot through the leg on Tuesday, and rode forty miles afterwards, never leaving his command until yesterday morning. He led the left wing and captured Brandy Station and the hill on which Gen. Stuart's headquarters were located, and then got orders to fall back, which he did in good order, the enemy not attempting to follow. He will be fit for duty in a short time, his wound not being serious. He considers the enemy much demoralized by the attack upon them, and has no idea that they will attempt any advance, at present, northward."

—We see by the English papers that the gallant Colonel's mother, Lady Leconfield, died quite suddenly, in London, recently.

OUR FORCES SOUTH ON THE RAPPAHANNOCK.—A private letter from the Army of the Potomac, dated the 9th inst., informs us that two full divisions of our troops were then on the south side of the Rappahannock, where they were making arrangements to remain some time. The troops commenced on Sunday evening the construction of a line of rifle pits two hundred yards in advance of the line occupied in the last battle, and our correspondent writes that, having on the 8th walked the whole length of the works, already extending over a mile, he is confident they can be held by the force now occupying them, with the aid of the batteries on the heights on the north bank of the river, against ten times their number. The works will be extended a considerable distance beyond the points now occupied, and Lee may before long find it impossible to shake off the uncomfortable neighbors who have so cooly sat down in immediate contact with his lines.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

MOSBY'S FORAY INTO MARYLAND.—There are indications that the foray of Mosby into Maryland was intended to be contemporaneous with that of Jeb. Stuart. Mosby was to act as the advance, and by threatening one point, induce a withdrawal of our forces to defend that point and thus weaken the defenses at the ford intended to be used by Stuart. Mosby operated East of the Bull Run and Katoctin mountains, while it is probably intended that Stuart should cross to the west of those ranges. Now that the movements of the main body under Stuart have been frustrated, Mosby will relinquish his part of the programme and retire, before, by a rapid movement of our cavalry, he is cut off from retreat.—*N. Y. Commercial.*

MILITARY NOTICES.

ATTENTION, BATTERY A!

The company will meet at Wilkin's Hall, third story, THIS AFTERNOON at two o'clock, TO MAN THE GUNS!

Wm MCCALLY,
Lieut. Commanding.
Je15

HOWE BATTERY.—A meeting will be held THIS EVENING at Washington Hall Belmont street, to organize a Battery of Light Artillery for State Defense. All persons wishing to join are invited to be present. The roll can also be signed at Braun's Drug Store, St. Clair street.

Je15:1t* G. L. BRAUN.

ATTENTION ARTILLERISTS!

By authority from the Executive Committee of Public Safety of Allegheny County.

I request all men who are acquainted with Artillery Practice, and especially those who have served in the field, to meet at Wilkin's Hall, third story, from nine a. m. TO-DAY, when I will proceed to enroll them in companies.

The emergency is great and I appeal to every man to come without delay and enroll for the defence of his family and fireside.

W. W. WARD,
Chairman Battery Committee.
Je15.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 3RD DIST. OF PA., PITTSBURG, June 15, 1863.

MEN WANTED FOR THE INVALID CORPS.—Only those faithful soldier who, from wounds or the hardships of war, are no longer fit for active field duty will be received in this Corps of Honor. Enlistments will be for three years unless sooner discharged. Pay and allowances same as officers and men of the United States Infantry; except that no pecuniary or bounty for enlistment will be allowed. This will not invalidate any pension or bounties which may be due for previous service.

The following uniform has been adopted for officers and men of the Invalid Corps:

FOR OFFICERS—Frock coat—of sky-blue cloth, with dark blue velvet collar and cuffs; in all other respects, according to the present pattern for officers of infantry.

Shoulder straps—According to present regulations, but without an dark blue velvet

Pants'ooons—Of sky-blue cloth, with double stripe of dark blue cloth down the outer seam, each stripe one-half inch wide, with space between of three-eighths of an inch.

Forage Cap—Present regulation.

FOR ENLISTED MEN—Jacket—Of sky-blue kersey, with dark-blue trimmings, cut like the cavalry jacket, to come well down on the abdomen.

Trowsers—Present regulation, sky-blue.

Forage cap—present regulation.

Men who are still in service unable to perform effective field duty, may be transferred to this Corps.

Medical Inspectors, Surgeons in charge of Hospitals, Military commanders, and all others having authority to discharge, under existing laws and regulations, are forbidden to grant discharges to any men under their control who may be fit for service in the Invalid Corps.

For the convenience of service, the men will be selected for three grades of duty. Those who are most efficient and able bodied, and capable of performing guard duty, etc., etc., will be armed with muskets, and assigned to companies of the First Battalion. Those of the next degree of efficiency, including those who have lost a hand or an arm, and the least effective, including those who have lost a foot or leg, to the companies of the Second or Third Battalions; they will be armed with swords.

The duties will be chiefly to act as provost guards and garrisons for cities; guards for hospitals and other public buildings; and as clerks, orderlies, etc. If found necessary, they may be assigned to forts, etc.

Acting Assistant Provost Marshals General are authorized to appoint officers of the regular service, or of the Invalid Corps, to administer the oath of enlistment to those men who have completely fulfilled the prescribed conditions of admission to the Invalid Corps, viz:

1. That the applicant is unfit for service in the field.
2. That he is fit for the duties, or some of them, indicated above.
3. That, if not now in the service, he was honorably discharged.
4. That he is meritorious and deserving.

For enlistment or further information apply to the Board of Enrollment for the district in which the applicant is a resident.

By order of the Provost Marshal General.

J. HERON FOSTER,
Captain and Provost Marshal, Twenty-Second District of Pennsylvania. je15:3m

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, June 9th, 1863.

ORDER.—(EXTRACTS.)

1. The Department of the Monongahela will embrace that portion of the State of Pennsylvania West of Johnstown, and the Laurel Hill range of Mountains, and the counties of Hancock, Brooke and Ohio, in the State of Virginia, and the counties of Columbiana, Jefferson and Belmont, in the State of Ohio.

Brigadier General WILLIAM T. B. BROOKS is assigned to the command of this Department, Headquarters at Pittsburgh.

2. A Departmental Army Corps of Volunteer Infantry, Artillery and Cavalry, to be designated the Army Corps of the Monongahela, will be enrolled and organized in accordance with regulations of the U. S. service, for the protection and defense of the public property within that department, and will be mustered into the service of the United States, to serve during the pleasure of the President or the continuance of the war.

The company and Field officers of the Departmental Corps will be provisionally commissioned by the President.

They will be armed, uniformed, equipped, and while in active service, subsisted and supplied, as other troops of the United States.

Cavalry volunteers may furnish their own horses, to be turned over to the United States at their appraised value, or allowance will be made for the time of actual service at the rate authorized by law.

The Government will mount picked Cavalry to the extent that horses can be furnished.

The Departmental Corps will not be entitled to bounty, and cannot be paid until Congress makes an appropriation for that purpose.

3. Volunteers in the Departmental Corps may, at their own request, be transferred and mustered into the service for three years or during the war, and upon such transfer and muster they will be allowed to pay and bounty authorized by the Act of Congress to volunteers for three years or during the war.

Volunteers in the Departmental Corps will remain subject to enlistment and draft for general service. The enlistment, re-enlisting and organizing of volunteers, for three years or during the war, is to be administered and conducted, the officers to be appointed and commissioned by the Governors of the respective States.

The enlistments herein specified and transfers from the Departmental service to the three years' service, must be reported to the Provost Marshal General, in order that the respective States and Congressional Districts may receive appropriate credit under the Enrollment Act of Congress.

4. All the troops within the Department not will be under the command of the General commanding the Department, with the usual Departmental staff.

* * * *

6. The operations against the enemy are not to be limited by the geographical lines of the Department, but may extend to adjacent territory, as the exigency of the commanding General may be expedient to resist or pursue the enemy.

Volunteer companies and regiments organized in places not within the Department of the Monongahela, may be attached for temporary service to the Army Corps of the Monongahela, and mustered into service upon special application and order of the War Department.

* * * *

By order of the President.

(Signed,) EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF THE MONONGAHELA,
Pittsburgh, June 11th 1863.

The undersigned hereby assumes command of the Department.

The staff of the Department will be announced in subsequent orders.

All communications for these Headquarters will be directed to "Assistant Adjutant General," Department of the Monongahela. W. T. B. BROOKS,
Major General.
je11:6tms

PITTSBURGH BATTERY.—The undersigned is authorized to recruit a Company of FIELD ARTILLERY, for present State Defense, and to continue in service during the war. This company will be armed and equipped as Light Artillery, and all others desiring to serve their country in this most attractive branch of the military service, are invited to join the company. Bounty of $100 will be paid to each enlisted man, and full pay, subsistence, clothing, &c., will be allowed from the date of enrollment. Arrangements have also been made for furnishing subsistence and quarters immediately, if desired.

Remember, conscripted men are allowed no bounty, and all the advantages of the service are in favor of the volunteer.

Apply at WILKINS HALL, third door, Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN P. GLASS,
Commanding.
je13:tf

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOURTH WARD (Allegheny,) NATIONAL UNION LEAGUE meets THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Every member of this Council is earnestly requested to attend, as business of special importance will be before the meeting.

J. C. PATTERSON,
Secretary.
je12:1t

OFFICE OF THE CITIZENS INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, June 11th, 1863.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE DOLLARS ($3.00) PER SHARE, free of U.S. TAX, payable to the Stockholders forthwith.

SAMUEL ERA, Secretary.
je13:1w

STATE MEDICAL BOARD.

HEADQUARTERS PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA,
Hospital Department,
Harrisburg, June 10th, 1863.

A STATE MEDICAL BOARD has been organized at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, for the examination of applicants for appointments as Assistant Surgeons.

The Board will meet on the SECOND FRIDAY IN EVERY MONTH during the summer, and arrange for holding examinations as frequently as the demands of the service may require.

Physicians furnishing the requisite testimonials of industry, sobriety and loyalty will be notified of the time when they may attend.

By order of A. G. CURTIN, Governor of Pennsylvania.

JAS KING,
Surgeon General Pennsylvania.
je12:2t

OFFICE OF THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
Pittsburgh, June 11th, 1863.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Trustees of this Institution have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. (exclusive of United States duty,) out of the earnings of the last six months, ending June 1st, payable on demand. Will bear interest from 1st instants if not drawn.

D. E. MCKINLEY,
Treasurer.
je12:2t

THE DIRECTORS of the Birmingham, East Birmingham and South Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst., at the Commercial Bank, No. 66 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

By order of the Board.

D. ROBINSON, Treasurer.
Birmingham, June 1, 1863. je12:6t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER WANTED.—An active, energetic newspaper publisher is wanted to engage in the publication of a new "Union" paper (weekly) in a flourishing town in Eastern Ohio. If desirable, a press and materials will be furnished, and the expense of the paper guaranteed for one year. A practical printer is preferred. Address,

D. B. FERGUSON,
Box 501, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Je15:3t

FINE STOCK FARM FOR SALE, containing 192 acres, 175 acres cleared and fenced situate on the Pan-Handle, Hancock county, Va., near the Penna. line, five miles from Florence, Pa., and five miles from New Cumberland. The improvements are a frame cottage dwelling, bank barn and orchard. This farm is well calculated for sheep raising, and can be bought low and on easy terms

B. BOLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth st.
Je15

$60 AN ACRE.—Valuable Farm of 70 acres 102 perches for sale, situate 8 miles from the city, one mile beyond Perrysville. Farm house of four rooms, attic and cellar; well of water and good springs; new barn and stable 70 by 40 feet; two orchards of choice fruit, large garden, grape vines, small fruits, etc., enclosed with a good fence; about eleven acres of timber of best quality; remainder of the land in excellent state of cultivation; a 6 foot vein of coal under the whole farm. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.
Je15

KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS.—Just opened this week a choice supply of these beautiful instruments, of a quality beyond a doubt the finest in the country. This fact is now almost universally conceded. For some months past we have not been able to fill *one-half* of our orders. *WARRANTED FIVE YEARS.*

HAINES BROTHERS' EXCELSIOR PIANO-FORTES, the best cheap Pianos made. For sale by

CHARLOTTE HUME, 43 Fifth street.

Sole Agent for HAINES BROTHERS' PIANOS and PRINCE'S MELODEONS. je13

DUTCHER'S

LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER

Supplies a want felt by every good housekeeper. Every sheet will kill a quart where flies are thick. Remember that it is DUTCHER'S that does this, and refuse the base imitations that are offered. The real article is for sale by all respectable druggists.

B. A. FAHNESTOCKS, SON & CO.,
corner of First and Wood streets,
Pittsburgh.
je13:8wd

TO PAPER MANUFACTURERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Superintendent of Public Printing, for supplying the paper used by the State for the year commencing July 1st, 1863. Said paper to be Book Paper, measuring 26 by 40 inches, and to weigh, respectively, 40 and 50 pounds to the ream. Also, Double Flat Cap, measuring 17 by 26 inches, weighing 28 pounds to the ream. Bids will be received for each kind separately.

Bids can be handed in up to WEDNESDAY, July 1, at 10 o'clock a. m., and must state specifically the price per pound of paper.

Samples of paper required will be sent to any parties upon application to the undersigned, and can also be seen on the day of letting.

L. R. FUNK,
Superintendent Public Printing.
je13—13-20-27 75 Market St., Harrisburg.

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BALMORALS, SLIPPERS, BUSKINS, OXFORD TIES, BROGANS, MONROES,

Also CHILDREN'S SHOES, of every description, price and quality, at the

Masonic Hall Auction House,

55 FIFTH STREET.

Je11

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE AND GREAT CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.—The undersigned being engaged in business occupying his entire attention, wishes to dispose of THE FRANKLIN GLASS WORKS, situated immediately upon the line of the Atlantic & Great Western Railway, so that coal and all the materials used in the manufacture of glass can be delivered at the Works without additional size tracks or cartage.

To those unacquainted with the facilities for the manufacture of glass at this point, I take the liberty to express an opinion that they are fully equal to any in the country. The sand is pure and nearly white, and I am assured by experts in the business that the quality is suitable for the manufacture of Flint, Plate, Double Strength Sheet or Window Glass, or any kind of Glass made; and with first class workmen there is no doubt but that an article fully equal to the imported French or English Glass can be made.

I invite an examination into the facilities here for making Glass, as well as for the opportunity for making the investment profitable.

I will exchange the Glass Works for other good property, or, if not sold, will rent the same for a term of years on favorable terms.

MARVIN KENT.
Franklin Mills, Portage Co., O. je15:3t

PUMPS!

BRASS FORCE PUMPS,
ANTI-FREEZING PUMPS,
IRON WELL PUMPS,
LEAD PUMPS,
ENGINE WELL PUMPS,
YARD WELL PUMPS,
FEED PUMPS,
ALKALI PUMPS,
RAILROAD FORCE PUMPS,
ENGINE FORCE PUMPS,
LIQUID MANURE PUMPS,
LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS,

And many other PUMPS manufactured by Gowing & Co., Seneca Falls, N. Y., such as OUT-DOOR PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns, which can be used with any kind of pipe.

For sale by

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
my13 No. 129 Fourth street.

RECEIVED AT

98 MARKET STREET.

LADIES' MOROCCO SLIPPERS, only..... 50.
Do. KID HEELED BOOTS, only..... 75.
Do. CONG. HEELED GAITERS, only 1.25.
MEN'S CALF BALMORALS, only..... 2.00.
CHILDREN'S GOAT BOOTS, only..... 25.
BOYS' AND YOUTH'S BALMORALS; MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CONGRESS GAITERS AND BALMORALS. Call and secure a bargain to-day.

je6 J. H. BORLAND, 98 Market street.

OHIO

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

This well known watering place will be formally opened on the 1ST OF JUNE.

The Springs, this year, will be under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor, who will be assisted by Messrs. JOSEPH A. SWAYNIE and G. G. MITCHEL.

It is the intention to make the house, in all respects, equal to the best watering places in the country, and to provide generally for the comfort and accommodation of the guests.

For terms or other information address

A. WILSON, Jr.,
Je10:1m Lewis Center P. O., Delaware Co., O.

LIQUID STOVE POLISH.

Reasons why it is better than Dry Polish:

1. It is already mixed.
2. It has no smell whatever.
3. It produces no dirt or dust.
4. It stands the most intense heat.
5. It preserves from rust.
6. It is the most economical polish.
7. It is not one-fourth the labor.

For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.
je9

NEW BOOKS.

Frank Warrington. By the author of "The Sutherlands."

Leaves from the Diary of an Army Surgeon. By T. T. Stiles.

The Races of the Old World. By Chas. L. Brace.

Etze's Excise Tax Laws. 1 vol., 8 vo.

Life in the Open Air. By Mal. Winthrop. [8 vo.

Life of Christopher North. (John Wilson.) 1 vol.

Invasion of the Crimea. Vol. 1. By W. Kinglake.

Annual Scientific Discovery, for 1863—'64.

The Two Pictures. By Maria J. McIntosh.

Tales and Sketches. By Hugh Miller.

For sale by E. AIR & CO., 55 Wood street.

BLAST FURNACE FOR SALE, situated at Canal Dover, Tuscarawas county, Ohio, on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad and Ohio Canal. Can be put in blast at a small expense. Persons wishing to examine the property can do so upon application to Mr. GEO. B. DEARDORFF, Canal Dover.

For terms, &c., address or apply to

DAVID THOMAS, Catasauqua, Pa.;
or, THOS. STURGES, No. 8 Broad St., N. Y.
je8 eMtu4

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Corner G and 22d streets,
Washington, D. C., June 8th, 1863.

WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th of June inst., at the Coral near Observatory, a lot of condemned HORSES AND MULES, the property of the United States.

Terms cash, in Government funds.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

C. H. TOMPKINS,
Capt. A. Q. M., U. S. A.
Je11td

FURNITURE AND SHADE OIL CLOTH, in imitation of Walnut, Oak, Rosewood, Mahogany and the Printed Goods, for sale at 28 and 32 St. Clair street.

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CHEESE!—200 boxes prime W. R. Dairy, Cream and Hamburgh, just received and for sale low, at 217 Liberty street. Call in soon.

WEBB & WILKINSON.
Je15

DRIED FRUIT.—300 bushels choice sun-dried Apples, for sale low to close out lot. Call soon, at 217 Liberty street.

WEBB & WILKINSON.
Je15

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, for six months ending May 30th, 1863:

LIABILITIES.

Amount due Depositors, Dec. 1st 1862	$693,186 78	
Amount received from Depositors during last six months	328,129 26	
Amount paid to Depositors during last six months	107,882 49	
		920,446 77
Amount of Contingent Fund, Dec. 1st, 1862	20,853 09	
Amount of Interest and Exchange for last six months	19,621 18	
		40,474 27
		$960,407 80

RESOURCES.

Bonds, Mortgages and Loans	$378,798 40	
Real Estate	40 738 18	
Stock in Pittsburgh Banks	76,976 63	
U. S. 6 per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness	247,403 64	
U. S. 6 per cent. Coupon Bonds, 1881	50,043 75	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds	75,703 00	
Bills Receivable	22,794 94	
Cash on hand and in Banks	64,653 26	
		$956,407 80

The Trustees have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT., out of the profits of the last six months, free of Government Tax, payable forthwith. If not drawn, will bear interest from June 1st, 1863.

CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, June 12th, 1863.

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's Report for the last six months, ending May 30th, 1863, and that they have examined the Assets of the Bank, consisting of Bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Bank Stocks, Bills of Exchange, U. S. Securities and Cash on hand, and find the same to be correct and to correspond with the said Report.

ISAAC WHITMER,
J. G. BACHOFEN,
C. YEAGER.

Pittsburgh, June 12th, 1863. Je15:2tdAltwT

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Corporators of the Allegheny Cemetery, held on the 11th inst., the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—Thos. M. Howe.

Managers—Wilson McCandless, John Bissell, John H. Shoenberger, Jas. B. Speer, J. K. Moorhead, Francis G. Bailey.

N. DIKE, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

And the following Statement of Accounts was presented to the meeting by the Treasurer, and ordered to be published:

STATEMENT of the Accounts of the Allegheny Cemetery, on the 1st of June, 1863, as presented to the Annual Meeting of the Corporators, at their Annual Meeting.

DR.

Cemetery Grounds	$ 82,655 56
Stock and Tools	1,538 64
Improvements, permanent	25,976 73
Do., temporary	1,005 18
Interest	11,150 74
Expense	56,838 07
Bills Receivable	8,578 50
Labor	71,605 73
Bonds and Mortgages	24,552 70
Cash	5,493 37
Mausoleum	7,021 10
New Office	523 76
New Lodge	535 00
Accounts Receivable	4,584 28
	$305,089 74

DR.

Cemetery Lots	$259,800 77
Interments, &c	41,504 40
Shrubbery	2,257 22
Repair Fund	1,025 00
Accounts Payable	302 35
	$305,089 74

je13:3t

STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR

THE CHEAPEST AND THE BEST.

THE GREAT REBELLION!

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Tuition, (in advance,)—$10 for a full course.

The Fifth Session will commence MONDAY, July 6th, and close FRIDAY, August 28th. The Principals will be assisted by an efficient corps of Teachers, among which is Prof. J. T. WAMELINK, Organist to St. Paul's Cathedral, a master of Sacred and Secular Music; Prof. ALEX. COWLEY, of Iron City College, the best Writer in the Union, who excels all competitors in Writing Flats and Ornamental Penmanship; and Prof. ROBT. KIDD, of Cincinnati, the distinguished American Elocutionist.

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For particulars call at Excelsior Institute Hall, Iron City College Building, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, or send for circular.

Address, REV. W. S. GRAY,
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BILIOUS.....49.50.
ALUMINA.....31.50.
PER CT. OX. IRON.....2.50
LIME.....01.
MAGNESIA.....01.
WATER.....16.40.

100

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Having accepted the Agency for the sale of the SEMPLE OLAY, mined near St. Louis, Mo., I invite the attention of Glass and Steel Manufacturers to the Analysis given above, as reported by Profs. A. A. Hayes, of Boston, and J. G. Booth, of Philadelphia, which, together with the test of actual experience by manufacturers in Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis, determines it to be the purest and most valuable Clay now known, whether Foreign or American. Fots made from it have stood in the Glass Furnace from 6½ to 9 months.

The Analysis of the Clay as taken from the mine, without any washing or preparation whatever. It possesses great adhesiveness and plasticity qualities, which are not shown by the Analysis, and which admit of the admixture of a large proportion of shall or burned clay.

I am now prepared to fill orders for the above Clay, to be shipped from St. Louis or delivered here.

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18 kegs Country Lard;
200 dozen Brooms;
74 boxes W. R. Cheese;
75 bush. Ohio Dried App'es;
50 d'o choice halves Peaches;
6 kegs Maple Molasses.

L. H. VOIGT & CO.
je13

SEED BUCKWHEAT.—Received this day, from Genesee Valley, N. Y., 300 bushels White Buckwheat, a superior article for seed, for sale by L. H. VOIGT & CO.

DRY GOOD